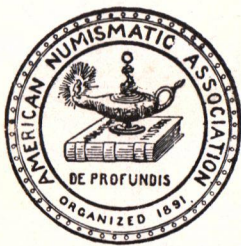


The Numismatist

**An Illustrated Magazine for
Those Interested in Coins,
Medals and Paper Money.**

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No. 1.

The Greek Spirit And Its Relation To Coinage

By PAUL PENNINGTON
Chicago, Ill.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Many have been captured by the charm of Greek coins, but I believe that more would be ensnared if their interests were once aroused to sufficient pitch so that a Greek coin would be more to them than just another lump of silver. There are many reasons why one may become deeply absorbed in this subject. Here I wish to discuss only one, but a powerful one, which is that this coinage is a true manifestation of the Greek spirit.

In "Dombey and Son" Paul floors his father by asking "What is money, after all?" Perhaps I shall be stumped in trying to get at the root of the Greek spirit; but this must be done, I believe, if we are to understand Greek coinage and enjoy it thoroughly. Before trying to tell, in fundamental terms, what this spirit was, some external effects of it may convince you that it is something worthy of study.

It was recognized as something fine by those who came into direct contact with it. Philip of Macedon secured the Greek Aristotle as tutor for Alexander; Alexander implanted Greek culture even as far away as India, which outlived his empire. The Romans, even the hard-headed, ever-practical Romans, got Greeks to teach their children, and Athens was treated by them more leniently than other conquered cities because of its preeminence as a center of learning. Greek civilization had more vitality than the Greek themselves, living on for centuries as no mean element in the lives of people who were not Greek. A Lincoln Memorial in Washington and a Madeleine in Paris bear witness to this.

Now to come to grips with the fundamentals. First of all, the Greek spirit was a pioneering spirit. This is shown by the remarkable strides made in so many different fields. In science the Greeks made notable progress; Aristotle showed a keen power of observation of animal life; medicine and surgery were highly developed; in fact, a school was established at Cnidus in the seventh century B. C., and this school did not teach mere medicine-man practice of savages. Mathematics was particularly suited

to the Greek mind; Euclid's work of 300 B. C. has been used as a school text into the nineteenth century. Mathematics was developed to a point just short of the calculus. Eratosthenes of Alexandria, about two hundred years before Christ, determined the diameter of the earth with a high degree of accuracy. The Greeks were irked by lack of knowledge and were stubborn in their attempt to learn and discover, and a high degree of intelligence is also indicated else these attempts to venture into the unknown would have been fruitless. Architecture and art were pushed forward rapidly and later people have not surpassed them in art, nor in the artistic phases or architecture.

Even in language the Greeks were pioneers; they talked of things never talked of before and had to develop the necessary vocabulary. How well they did their work can be seen from anything written which concerns something more complex than the thoughts of a child. These words bob up in Latin, and in French, German and English today.

The Greek spirit loved the beauty of simplicity. The epitaph of the Spartans who fell at Thermopylae,

"Stranger, tell the Spartans that we lie here, obeying their orders"

is brief and effective if we think fully of its meaning. Contrast this with Walt Whitman's "O Captain! My Captain!" which ends

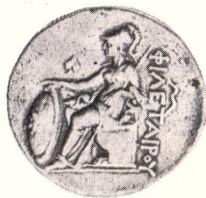
"Exult, O shores, and ring O bells!
But I with mournful tread
Walk the deck; my captain lies
Fallen, cold and dead."

This is perhaps an extreme comparison, but useful for making the point.

Or compare a paragraph from the "Congressional Record" with Socrates' speech after his condemnation as reported by Plato, from which the following is taken:

"The difficulty, my friends, is not to avoid death, but to avoid unrighteousness; for that runs faster than death. I am old and move slowly; and the slower runner has overtaken me, and my accusers are keen and quick, and the faster runner, who is unrighteousness, has overtaken them. And how I depart hence condemned by you to suffer the penalty of death—they too go their ways condemned by the truth to suffer the penalty of villainy and wrong; and I must abide by my award—let them abide by theirs." (Jowett's translation.)

Or if you prefer a numismatic illustration, compare the reverse of our current half-dollar with that of the tetradrachm of Philaetærus; note the absence of non-essential details and freedom from crowding on the Greek work. Then compare with the modern Italian coin, which shows no originality but is nevertheless beautiful because of its Greek simplicity.



Third Century B. C.
Tetradrachm of Pergamum.



Modern Italian Lira.

Greek simplicity may seem cold to us at first since we are so used to elaboration which leaves little for our brains to do.

The Greek spirit embraced the seeing eye. This characteristic can be illustrated profusely by Greek coinage. One comparison will be sufficient: The head of Zeus on the tetradrachm of Philip of Macedon, revealing the character of the subject portrayed, is contrasted with the conventional portrait of Theodosius on the Byzantine solidus. Untrammelled by tradition, the Greek artist could take full advantage of the seeing eye.

The Greek spirit could select the fitting. Some one has wondered why there are no Greek coins which show architectural subjects. I suggest that this is a manifestation of the power to choose the fitting. A building must

show great depth if more than a mere facade is pictured, and is not well suited to sculpture in limited relief and only one color. Perhaps a little Greek restraint would have eliminated the use of Jefferson's home on the new nickel with profit.



Fourth Century B. C.
Tetradrachm of Philip of Macedon.



Fifth Century A. D.
Solidus of Theodosius II
of the Byzantine Empire.

The Greek spirit could produce graceful work where such was required; the tetradrachm of Cyme shows this ability at its best. I confess that I cannot define "grace," but I think we all recognize it or its absence. Think of the Walnut Room of the Bismark Hotel in Chicago, and, regardless of the superb lighting effect achieved in an unusual manner, I doubt if anyone would characterize the room as graceful.



Second Century B. C.
Silver Tetradrachm of Cyme.

The Greek spirit could select the essential from a mass of detail. This can be seen on many Greek coins where everything has a meaning. A Corinthian-type stater is illustrated; the obverse has a figure of Pegasus and a small monogram of the state name, and the reverse a helmeted head of Athena and a small subordinate figure of a warrior, probably a control mark. The designs are not marred by masses of irrelevant detail.



Third Century B. C.
Silver Stater of Anactorium.

The Greek spirit was very modern; the Greeks have been called the first modern people. This statement in Wells' "Outline of History" turned my interest to this subject and my interest in Greek coins resulted from wishing to own relics of this civilization. However real this modernness may be, their being the first modern people may be more seeming than real, and the result of being the earliest people of whom we have a rather complete record of almost all phases of their life. The record left by coinage is by no means trivial and extends into the past almost as far as anything we have of Greek civilization.

Now the Greeks were not alone in possessing these qualities, but they were either developed to a higher degree, or at an earlier date, by them.

Nothing so far has been said of religion. Since religious types predominate on Greek coinage, this subject should not be overlooked. From a twentieth century viewpoint their religious ideas seem very childish, but it should not be forgotten that the interesting stories of Greek mythology which we read as children were truth to them and were a vital element in the life of the Greeks.

The defects of the Greek spirit should not be passed over, although they have slight bearing on coinage. All people not Greek were considered of a lower order of humanity. This is seen by their treatment of prisoners of war; Greeks were usually ransomed or exchanged, while "barbarians" were made slaves. Usually the loser of a war, if Greek, was not humiliated beyond the requirements for gaining the objects of the war; non-Greeks were not so generously treated. Many Greek states, while professing democracy, limited citizenship to a select few. Sexual morality is best treated by silence. The Greek mind never rose even to the level of the Roman in political affairs, and cooperation, except in the greatest necessity, as during the Persian invasions, was seldom found. No effective Pan-Hellenic spirit was permanently aroused. The so-called Athenian Empire was a rather loose confederacy operated finally high-handedly by the Athenian for their own benefit. In affairs of state they were vacillating and even the oratory of a Demosthenes did not prevent the domination of the Greeks passing to the king of a semi-barbarous Macedonia.

Taken all in all, the Greek spirit has much to commend it and was certainly one of the most influential factors in building our present-day civilization. Unfortunately, we have inherited the bad side as well as the good. The rate of increase in their civilization was very high, and in art was comparable, I believe, to our own period with respect to technology.

The Greek spirit is by no means dead, as a few of our modern coins show. The buffalo nickel, designed by James Earle Fraser, stands out as an embodiment of the Greek spirit, free from slavish copying.

The Coinage Of The Sommer Islands

By JOSEPH SILVERMAN
Brooklyn, N. Y.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

One of the most interesting series in early American coins is that of the Bermuda or Sommer Islands coinage. Bermuda is a group of 360 small islands of coral formation about 20 miles in length. It is situated in the Atlantic Ocean 677 miles southeast of New York City.

It was in the sixteenth century that these islands were discovered by Bermudez, a Spanish trader, who was on his way to the West Indies to deliver a cargo of hogs. Nearing the islands his ship grounded and was wrecked. The hogs succeeded in swimming to the mainland and in due time increased in number. What happened to Bermudez and his crew is a mystery. Historians claim that some were saved, but later on perished on the islands or escaped by some unknown means.

In 1591 Henry May, an Englishman, succeeded in landing. May was on his way to the East Indies, and when he returned to England he made his report concerning the possibilities of living on the islands.

It was in 1609 that Captain John Smith, who was also Governor of Virginia, commissioned nine ships with 500 English colonists to sail for the islands under the command of Sir Thomas Gates, Sir George Somers and Captain Newport. Nearing the islands the entire fleet suffered the same fate as did Bermudez. Nearly all were drowned and very little was salvaged. Somers was the only leader to reach shore alive, and there he set up a claim in the name of the Virginia company. In 1612 this claim was sold to England and the Somers Islands became a protectorate.

It was for these islands that the first coinage for American colonies was struck. Whether or not they ever reached the islands is not certain, but it

is a known fact they were never used there as currency. Very few of them are in collections today, and to possess an uncirculated specimen is indeed possessing a great rarity.

These pieces of brass, as they are sometimes called, were struck very crudely and imperfectly stamped. They were issued in twopence, threepence, sixpence and shilling denominations.

The obverse of the shilling shows a hog, standing, facing left, over which are the Roman numerals XII. Around this is the legend "Sommer Islands" with five-pointed stars between the words. The edges show a beaded circle.

The reverse shows a full-rigged ship under sail to the left, with a flag showing the cross of St. George flying on each of her four masts. The edges show a circle composed of larger beads than those upon the obverse. The twopence, threepence and sixpence all bear similar designs to the shilling, except that each denomination is represented by its Roman numeral.

Coins Of More Than Usual Interest

By **DAVID M. BULLOWA**
New York City

A SERIES: VIII—The Polish Knight Ducat

For more than three hundred years the Dutch provinces issued a series of gold ducats showing upon the obverse a knight standing in armor holding a sword and a sheaf of arrows. The inscription reads around the obverse: **CONCORDIA RES PARVAE CRESCUNT** (By concord small things increase). The date was in the field.

The reverse had an ornamental cartouche, with the four-line inscription: **MO: AUR. REG BELGII AD LEGEM IMPERII** (Gold money for Belgium by Imperial law). (The use of the name Belgium merely indicated the provinces of the Low Countries, which were successively under Spanish and Austrian rule.)



In 1831 a ducat similar to the above description was coined in Poland, according to the Dutch mint regulations, and which had as its symbol a small displayed eagle, the arms of Poland, at the upper right border at the beginning of the inscription, and a torch at the end.

In November, 1830, a series of reactions occurred throughout Europe following the Napoleonic period. In Poland this reaction manifested itself by a mutiny in Warsaw. The Tsar, Nicholas I, did not hesitate to use every means at his disposal to crush the revolt, and since the Poles did not receive the expected British and French aid, their cause was lost. The revolt was put down and Poland continued during the remainder of the century as a vanquished province.

This ducat was said to have been struck from the wedding rings of those who donated their gold to the Polish cause.

Why the Dutch type should have been used in this emergency coinage is not difficult to state. Special dies were cut, as is evidenced by the symbol (the Polish eagle) and the burning torch which follows the inscription.

Two silver coins were also struck by the Revolutionary mint, as well as a bronze piece.

It may be observed that the use of the ducat as a Polish coin had last been minted by Stanislas Augustus in 1795. The Duchy of Warsaw, which

Napoleon erected, also issued ducats with the bust of Frederick August of Saxony in 1812 and 1813, but it is quite likely that in view of the fact that the Russian Tsars had issued a special zlotych gold coinage for Poland under Alexander, and which was continued in the reign of Nicholas I, the Polish patriots felt that the coinage of a ducat was a reversion to their national gold coin, which their kings had issued as far back as the reign of Sigismund, in the early sixteenth century.

Whatever the reasons for this type may be, it is without doubt one of the interesting historical and numismatic records of the Polish revolt, which, because of its unusual and exceptional "borrowed" devices, makes it worthy of particular note.

A Good Beginning— And The Rest Is Easy

By JOHN L. DOOLEY
Topeka, Kan.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Being a numismatist is not just interesting and educational and profitable—prosaic terms that might apply to anything from collecting fishhooks to taking a correspondence course in saxophone playing. Coin collecting is actually fun. It's packed full of exciting adventure, of fascinating information and of lifelong friendships. There's a certain thrill in putting away a bright cent that has never been spent by anyone, in slipping in the last piece of a series in a rare set, or in finding a particular mint mark you've been aching to get for the past few months. There's a challenge in every tantalizing vacancy on your coin board; a self-satisfying victory in discovering the answer to that challenge in a pile of "odds and ends" you've picked up somewhere. Learning new facts about old money never fails to quench some inner thirst for knowledge; and even being able to "talk numismatics" is great sport. But one of the greatest thrills of it all is the feeling of satisfaction and worthwhileness in sharing your pleasure with another, in opening up for someone else this new world of adventure and excitement.

Coin collectors often do not realize their opportunity to attract new enthusiasts to their hobby or their business. They do not stop to think that more than likely it is their impression on the neophyte that induces him to burn the midnight oil in a boyish enthusiasm that makes him oblivious of everything except catalogues, coin boards—and coins to go in them; or to pass the whole thing off with a slightly forced "Yes, isn't it interesting!" The coin collector is the vital point of contact between numismatics and the individual prospective collector; and it is up to him to give evidence to the beginner that he can offer him something worthwhile.

One of the first "must do's" for the dealer who would popularize his collecting is to forget himself and all that he might know about his business and to remember the "other fellow" and the thousand and one questions that are probably on his mind. He might even anticipate the fact that the newcomer will probably be somewhat shy about asking them for fear of committing a "faux pas" in his first breath. The dealer can create by his friendliness and tactfulness an atmosphere of ease and comradeship that will be heartening and encouraging to his new friend, and wonderfully refreshing to himself.

Then there shouldn't be any hurry or rush to this coin collecting business. Let the newcomer take it "slow and easy"—and you do the same. Let him scrutinize two half cents for an hour or two if he wants to before deciding whether he wants, the fine or the uncirculated. Discuss with him, if you will, cheerfully and sympathetically, the relative values of both—and he'll love it. Little by little he'll feel that he really is learning something, and that he is at last beginning to understand why John Jones and Bill West spend their time "collecting coins." He might even surprise himself with a sudden impulse to join them.

Give the new collector a real break some time. Help him fill out his first set if you can. Let him look at the coins you have; tell him what they are and how you started collecting them.

The picture in the collecting field is quite different from that of a few years ago. Collecting has advanced. The dealer who relies upon his knowledge of coins alone may find his customers wandering to some other dealer who knows how to comprehend their wants and desires. An impersonal display of factual information, no matter how thorough or how correct, is not enough. There must be a personal interest in the customer, a definite effort to help him along.

The dealer is the channel through which most collectors receive their coins and at the same time judge the policies and ideals of the game. He must secure the sincere respect, good will and complete confidence of his clients and maintain a lasting spirit of friendly cooperation. He can either stifle or stimulate the art. Its success depends upon him.

Today's dealer emerges into a new world of enlarged opportunity. His task now is not only to sell coins but also to inform the collectors. He must have the information, and, even more important, he must know how to impart it to guide his clients successfully. The dealer of tomorrow is the one who sees his responsibilities in the large and who is able to carry them with satisfaction from himself and with confidence and respect from his customers. It is when this is accomplished that the dealer experiences the real thrill of being a numismatist and of sharing his pleasure with others.

The Story Behind The Tokens

**Mount Lowe Cable And
Electric Railway**

By B. MORGENTHAU, New York City



Obverse—MT. LOWE SCENIC RY. MT. LOWE, CAL. Reverse—1 FARE 35c.
4—\$1.00. Round, 18mm. Brass.
Same as above, square hole.
Same as above, aluminum, solid.
Same as above, aluminum, square hole.

The Mount Lowe Incline and Electric Railroad, of Altadena, California, was the brain-child of Professor Thaddeus S. C. Lowe, who first came into prominence as a national figure during our great Civil War, when, in some 300 ascents for the Union Forces, he demonstrated beyond doubt the value of observation balloons in time of war. He came to Pasadena in 1885 a wealthy man ready to retire from active life, and became interested in the possibilities of recreation and tourist attraction in the mountains which so closely walled that community on the north. With his private funds he financed a survey resulting in the Mount Lowe Cable Incline and Electric Railway, which was incorporated June 3, 1891, under the name Pasadena and Mount Wilson Railway Company, although it was popularly called the Mount Lowe Railway.

Construction began late in 1891. Work progressed so rapidly that on May 13, 1893, the first car was operated with regular equipment. Then, on June 21, 1893, the great cable was moved by electricity, the first event of its kind in history. The incline was 3000 feet in length, with a grade varying from 48 per cent. to 62 per cent. Exactly half way up was an automatic cutout, where the cars passed as they went up and down.

With the closing of the Chicago World's Fair in 1893, Professor Lowe

had its monster searchlight shipped to his city on the Mount, where it was installed in September, 1894. Its 3,000,000 candlepower light, projected each night to all points in Southern California, was visible for 150 miles. As soon as he was well established atop the mountain, he had constructed an observatory where was accomplished some famous work in the heavens.

On Tuesday, September 15, 1936, most of the buildings were burned to the ground, and on March 2, 1938, the railroad was so badly damaged by storm that the Pacific Electric Railway, owner for many years, asked and received permission from the State Railroad Commission to abandon the entire property.

Exhaustive inquiry fails to set the year in which the tokens were struck, or upon whose authority. Obviously they were never intended for actual use upon the road. Scarce as they are, your guess is as good as mine as to their collector value.

A Study Of Lincoln Cents

By LOUIS I. KANE
Los Angeles, Cal.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

The last six months has brought forth considerable comment and discussion on the subject of Lincoln cents. In some issues of current numismatic magazines there have appeared lists of varieties discovered by some of the more ardent collectors. In spite of criticism by the old-timers who insist that this new field is a fad, I think that we are seeing the beginning of another branch of numismatics that bids fair to become an everlasting game of hide and seek between the collectors and the U. S. Mint. Little by little as the reason behind the study of the small cents becomes known and as more collectors take serious interest in this special field they will find their efforts fully repaid if they will study the coins closely.

To the collectors who are interested in the American large cents, especially those who study varieties according to Doughty, Andrews, Hays or Newcomb, the field of Lincoln cents becomes very alluring. Though the smaller coins do not have the same kind of variations as the large cents—die breaks, heads or errors—and even though the Lincoln cents are not capable of measurement, there is enough mystery about the number of dies used in minting the Lincoln cents to challenge the collector's sense of adventure and tenacity.

The collecting of varieties of the Lincoln cents is developing more and more into an absorbing game, for nowhere is there available any list of the number of dies used by the several mints. The Director of the Mint does not issue a list for public information, so the study resolves itself into a contest between the collector who insists on finding the number of dies used and the Treasury Department that will not tell. And just to illustrate the point let me refer to the year of 1928. The San Francisco Mint used at least sixteen dies. The Denver Mint used at least twelve dies. I could cite the same condition for every year that the small cents were issued—from 1909 to 1939.

So far I have been talking about variations and the number of dies used. As a matter of information, let me tell you that the die is governed by the variation. The position of the mint mark in relation to the year is the variation that determines the different die. For your own amusement pick up a dozen cents, let us say 1920's; set them along side each other, and if I were a gambling man I would bet you that you will find at least three or maybe four, if not more, variations of the mint mark. Up to the present writing I have located over five hundred such dies.

Other variations may be found from a study of the die breaks. The history of a die is disclosed by the number of die breaks. I have found some dies that show anywhere from one to three breaks, and in one instance six die breaks. I do not classify freak coins as varieties. In my opinion, a variety of a coin is represented by a permanent die—a die from which quantities of coins have been struck.

Of course, the following are not included in varieties: Mis-strikes, imperfect dates, imperfect letters, off center minting, large head, small head, double rims, thin planchets or thick planchets. Nor do I consider die marks as varieties.

Of a certainty the study of Lincoln cents is interesting, even fascinating. But it is yet in its infancy. No authoritative source of comparisons is available and I am quite sure that no one has a complete collection of all the dies. And what makes the classification so difficult is the lack of a uniform method of measuring the coins; that is to say, a system of determining the

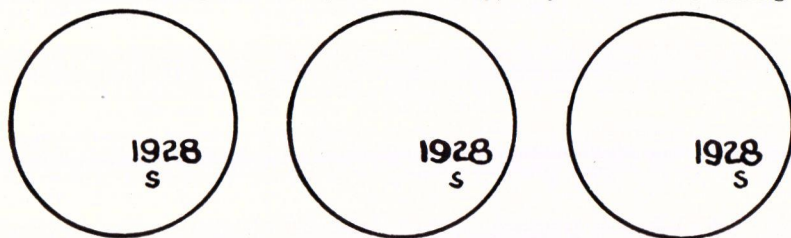


Chart No. 1—Horizontal Changes.

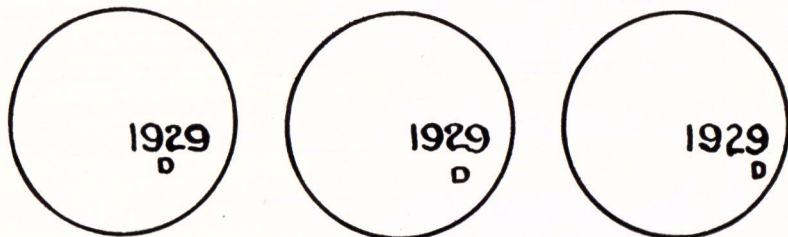


Chart No. 2—Zigzag Changes.

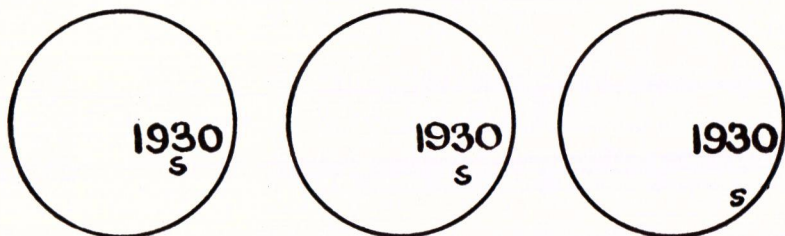


Chart No. 3—Vertical Changes.

Charts showing changes of mint marks that determine the varieties of dies.

position of the mint mark by actual formula that can be applied to all years. The mint marks seem to rove all along the year. In some years the mint mark starts from the extreme left and continues horizontally to the end of the date, then it may start from the extreme left and drop diagonally, or it will begin at some point under the second numeral of the date and zigzag about. Very interesting, No?

To me the study of the Lincoln cents is very exhilarating and recreative, and I am certain that it will prove so to other serious collectors. If I have contributed just a wee bit of happiness or information to my fellow collectors, I am satisfied.

The Cis-Alpine Republic, established by Napoleon Bonaparte in Northern Italy, coined only two denominations—the scudo and the 30 soldi, at the turn of the eighteenth century.

First Gold Notes Of America

By **TED R. HAMMER**
Burlington, Iowa.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

This is the story of America's first gold certificates. They were issued at Burlington, Iowa, 1856 to 1858, and were like other city scrip of the era, except that the notes were backed by gold deposited in local banks. Actually, they were issued for 15 to 18 months only, although in those three years. The city had issued scrip previously, and, like other paper of the times, it met with disfavor when getting some distance from "home" by being confused with "wildcat" currency and other paper of the period, which often was worth only a portion, if any, of its par value.

These notes are quite scarce today, although last available reports indicate \$7,000 worth of the scrip is outstanding. They were issued in denominations of \$1, \$2, \$3 and \$5—eleven dollars to a sheet. There is nothing to distinguish the "gold notes" of Burlington from other scrip of the time other than dates and mayors' signatures indicating the period of issuance while the gold was on deposit. So far as our month's research revealed, these notes never have been repudiated. The last one redeemed was a \$5 note in 1929. No cancelled notes are known, due to the fact they were burned as turned in. Old record books of City Council meetings contain numerous references to reports by the treasurer and finance committee that such redeemed scrip had been burned.

At the City Council meeting of May 16, 1855, it was decided to hold a special election to borrow \$25,000 for city purposes, and a week later the city voted to authorize a bond issue for the loan. The bonds were to be for not more than 20 years at an interest rate of not exceeding 10 per cent.

At a council meeting July 2 of that year the Mayor was "instructed to procure . . . \$5,000 of blank city scrip, said blanks to be of the best bank note paper." In the meantime the Mayor was negotiating by mail the \$25,000 loan with Eastern banks. On August 1 a claim of \$18.75 for "500 blank impressions of bank note paper" was approved. Soon after this date the Mayor reported to the Council that the loan had been floated and the money was on deposit in the banking house of E. W. Clark Dodge & Co., New York City, subject to the Council's order. Among claims approved shortly after this was one for \$2 for binding blank scrip books.

This resolution was adopted August 8, 1855: "Ordered, That the finance committee be and they are hereby authorized to loan the proceeds of the \$25,000 bonds of the City of Burlington . . . to the several (three) banking houses of this city upon approved security, provided said banking houses will agree to keep the city scrip at par." On November 26, 1855, one George Robertson's claim of \$25 for numbering, "filling" and dating scrip was approved. On December 3, notes of the banks were turned over to the City Treasurer for safekeeping.

Apparently, while the city and banks were getting together on the loan to the banks, the plan of backing the scrip by gold was agreed upon, so that the public would be informed it could collect gold at any time on scrip. What actually was done in the beginning was that the city redeemed the scrip itself in specie from either individuals or the banks, so that the gold was kept intact, apparently.

The banks paid six per cent. interest on the gold deposited there by the city. This all occurred only 11 to 12 years after Iowa attained Statehood, and there was little or no legislation dealing with banking. And the banks themselves did not amount to much as such. Actually, the "banking" facilities in Burlington were merely sidelines of grocers, realtors and other business men, early newspaper advertisements show.

In January of 1857 Iowa's second constitutional convention was held in Iowa City, and banking legislation was one of the important reasons for the meeting. J. C. Hall, 47, a Burlington lawyer, was one of the city's two delegates to the convention. On February 9, 1857, while banking legislation and bank notes were under discussion, James F. Wilson, of Fairfield,

charged that wildcat bank notes of other States were used extensively in Iowa. "Even the city of Burlington," he said, "has flooded the State with her shinplasters, which have no basis whatever; none in the world."

Delegate Hall was quick to answer this charge. "We (Burlington) have simply done this: We have borrowed \$25,000 in gold, which we have distributed among the three banking institutions in that town. Orders have been issued, but never such as they have of this gold (apparently meaning that less than \$25,000 in scrip had been issued). These orders have been taken and used among our citizens as currency. These banks hold this specie and pay six per cent. to the city as long as they have the gold in their possession. But there is not a dollar of that money out, and there has never been a time but what a man could take these orders to the treasury and get gold for them. I know something about this and I do not want my town slandered."

Wilson, the Fairfield delegate, then asked why the city did not issue the gold in payment instead of the notes, stating that if there were not something gained by it the town would have paid her bills in specie instead of gold-backed scrip. Other debates must have prevented Mr. Hall from answering. But there are two immediate reasons apparent.

This gold-backed scrip was issued in an era when towns were loaning money left and right to utilities and other business interests. On the same day the people voted the \$25,000 bond issue they approved by a big majority a plan to also borrow \$25,000 to be loaned to a railroad. The City Council no doubt desired to help its banks by loaning them this money. Still more important, the city received six per cent. interest on it from the banking houses, thereby reducing its own interest on the bonds to four per cent.—an important point. A second \$25,000 was issued by the city in 1857 and also was backed by gold.

Annual treasury reports list \$7,035 in this scrip as outstanding in 1878; \$7,030 in 1879; and it is not mentioned at all in the report of 1880 or thereafter. However, there is no record of an ordinance repudiating the money at about this time.

B. J. Hall who represented Des Moines county at the Constitutional Convention in 1857, was City Solicitor in 1871, and on February 23 of that year wrote to George Maulsby, of Philadelphia, who must have held \$54 in city scrip with \$30.04 interest due thereon, to send it "to either of our local banks for collection, and upon inspection it will be paid according to its terms if it is all genuine and correct. It may be that there will arise objections to pay interest on 'old city scrip'—our ordinance having called it in years since—and provided that unless presented for payment within a certain period, interest should cease."

COUNTERFEIT SYSTEM IN PHILADELPHIA BROKEN UP.

It is said that Secret Service agents in Philadelphia claim to have stopped distribution of between \$800 and \$1,000 a month in counterfeit 50-cent and 10-cent pieces with three arrests. William A. Landvoigt, in charge of the Philadelphia Secret Service office, identified the trio as William Reyes, Ramon Perez and Nicodemus Velezquez, all Puerto Ricans who came here from New York. The coins were distributed throughout eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland. Investigators confiscated a large quantity of metal.

Arthur W. Deas, President of the Collector's Club, a philatelist and president of the New York Numismatic Club since 1939, has recently been the subject of a medal by Jonathan M. Swanson, well-known medallist sculptor, who has executed the presidential series of the club's medals. Previous medals by Mr. Swanson include portraits of A. R. Frey, G. H. Blake, F. C. C. Boyd, Moritz Wormser, Howland Wood, Elliott Smith, E. T. Newell, F. C. Higgins, A. G. Heaton, D. W. Valentine and J. S. Saltus.

The East India Company coined the St. Helena copper halfpennies dated 1819. Patterns of other denominations are known.

THE NUMISMATIST

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OFFICIAL MAGAZINE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

TODAY'S NUMISMATIC CHALLENGE.

During the course of the past five years there has been a curious trend in numismatics. Perhaps this is best explained by observing that in former years numismatics was not the popular pastime it is today in thousands of homes.

The numismatist was for the most part an older person seriously delving into the subject in accordance with limitations of time and purse. In the later years there has come a marked change; numismatists, today (if we may call them that), are a younger lot, filled with enthusiasm.

Far more written material on the subject is available, and it has been popularized. To the penny board and its cousins, the nickel, dime and quarter boards, we have to express thanks for having wrought this change. It has placed numismatics on a simplified basis never before thought possible. It has made it a subject which anyone can master in its elementary phases. We ask, then, what does the numismatist of old then have before him?

We can answer that it is our mission. It is up to the numismatic generation of today to train these erstwhile penny-board collectors into numis-

matists. They must be shown the greater values in the hobby than the mere collecting of dates and mint marks from circulation. If the hobby had nothing but dates and insignificant letters to offer it would not be the fascinating science the real numismatist considers it to be.

National Coin Week, which the American Numismatic Association sponsors, is perhaps one of the best vehicles for the gradual molding of "board" collectors into true collectors. When once the "board" is filled, there is a collector, who is actually waiting to be shown the next step.

From Lincoln head and Indian head cents there are many natural developments which may be fostered through numismatic channels in preference to the search for a new hobby. The fact that the five-cent piece is now in its 75th year should be the signal point for the collection of this denomination by an ever-increasing number of collectors. From 1866 until the present time there have been coined nickel five-cent pieces in almost every calendar year. Only four major types have been coined—the shield nickel from 1866 to 1883, the Liberty head nickel from 1883 to 1912, the Indian head from 1913 to 1938, and the Jefferson type to date. The nickel has been coined at branch mints only since 1912.

In short, during 1941 it will be the mission of numismatists throughout the nation to develop those who are young collectors in the sense that they have not seen the broader vista of the hobby. It is during National Coin Week that this work of encouraging and unfolding the true value of numismatics will be particularly emphasized.

HAS NUMISMATICS DEGENERATED IN SOME SERIES?

We do not like to decry the sale of any coin. Nor do we believe that any dealer should be discouraged from placing coins in the hands of the numismatic public. Yet we must raise a voice of protest when we see coins of scarce vintage offered at seemingly high prices, when the coins are practically obliterated. Last week we saw the latest American rarity, the 1901-S quarter dollar. The specimen was so worn that the condition gradation of "very poor" would be overestimating it, yet it was appraised at several dollars. No coin, in our opinion, is worth a substantial premium that has obviously circulated steadily for 40 years. When a coin is so worn that its date and mint mark are its only qualities and its condition excused on the basis that "collectors want it for their boards," then numismatic boards have done an irreparable damage in the minds of American collectors. We feel certain that it is not possible for every collector to have uncirculated coins, yet their must be some middle ground of price adjustment so that a coin actually "worn to a frazzle" does not command a large premium, and that the collector who does acquire coins in "used" condition need not pay an exorbitant price for a badly worn coin, "merely because someone spent hours looking through many coins for it."

DANISH COINS EXHIBITED IN NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY.

An exhibit of Danish coins, in silver, iron, copper and aluminum-bronze, as well as Danish bank notes of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, were exhibited in Newark during the last week in November, and in New York City, at the Hotel Victoria, on Saturday, November 30, 1940, through the courtesy of Mrs. F. H. Brookes, of Newark, N. J.

The exhibit, made in connection with a Danish benefit bazaar, attracted much attention, as many persons viewing the exhibit had not seen such coins in many years. A special feature of the exhibit was the background of about 25 photographic plates of Danish coins, which illustrated coins from a famous Danish collection, of all periods and sizes.

P. T. BARNUM AND JENNY LIND ON BANK NOTE.

In 1852 the Pequonnock Bank, in Bridgeport, Conn., issued bills of the \$3 and \$5 values, which showed medallion portraits of P. T. Barnum and his famous singer, Jenny Lind. The central vignette was of P. T. Barnum's home, Iranistan. Barnum was the president of the bank.

1941 Before Us

With twelve glorious months of 1941 ahead of us, we swing into the fiftieth year of the American Numismatic Association. Founded quite incidentally in March, 1891, by a request for names of those desiring to join, the Association took form and has grown steadily.

Numismatics in the early 1890's was in a dull swing, as the big days of the 1880's had ended, which were days of active numismatics with lively sales in Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Almost a thousand miles away from these centers a Michigan doctor, who was also the local Mayor, issued a hobby sheet, first entitled: THE AMERICAN NUMISMATIST, in which he offered for sale miscellaneous duplicates from his stock. This was late in 1888. Three years later the idea of an Association of collectors came to him. With it, the magazine and the Association grew together.

The founder of the American Numismatic Association was a man who looked the world squarely in the eye. He wanted to get fun out of life, and yet give to his fellow-collectors what he could of the pleasures of sharing numismatics. He was a real humorist.

His earliest issue of The Numismatist are very rare, but to give some idea of his personal touch we reprint the following items selected at random:

Vol. I, No. 1—"There is nothing you can collect that will represent so much, if properly selected, or will cost so little, if properly bought, as a variety of fifty, one or two hundred coins."

"Of one thing all may rest assured. This paper has come to see its year out, and, although small and unpretentious, will, like the Irishman's flea, "get there just the same," and when least expected."

Vol. I, No. 3—. . . and yet, we verily believe a few more want this paper. So to accomodate this class who want something for nothing, with a chromo thrown in, we propose to give away two hundred more copies of this paper."

"We have our own good reasons for not collecting dates. We believe in collecting only distinct varieties. . . . Stop the foolishness. If you want varieties, we have them; don't ask us for dates, for we are not in the fruit business."

Vol. I, No. 4—"How does this number strike you? Is it not worth ten cents a year to you? If not, kindly inform us, and we will try to make arrangements to give it to you."

Vol. I, No. 5—"Geo. F. Heath, of Monroe, Mich., is responsible for this issue, and to him all communications of whatever nature must be addressed, and all suits for damages brought."

Vol. II, No. 9—"There is occasionally a letter sent to the Mayor of our city by some doubting Thomases, inquiring as to our reliability. Now we don't object to this, but we fear our friends will not be doing themselves justice in this way, for they are apt to get a prejudiced reply; for, fortunately, or unfortunately, we happen to be the Mayor of the City of Monroe."

In The Numismatist, Vol. III, No. 1, for January, 1891, Dr. Heath expressed the wishes for the New Year, which are worthy of repetition today:

"A Happy New Year to All Our Readers. May the New Year be neither "poor" nor "fair," but from "good" to "proof" for you all.

In 1891, when the American Numismatic Association was conceived as a practical idea, the goal was 500 coin collectors. We should like to see the goal for 1941 be 5,000 coin collectors. Let 1941 be a banner year! Make our Fiftieth Anniversary Year a memorable one. We should like to see our Life Members at the 500 mark! Do your share to promote numismatics. Don't just let yourself be carried on the tide. Make yourself a vital numismatic link in the American chain.

The complete story of the founding of our Association has been published in the 1940 Directory. It was written by Farran Zerbe, Historian of the Association, former President, Member of the Board, as well as one-time owner of The Numismatist.

National Coin Week 1941

MARCH 23 TO MARCH 29.

Plans for National Coin Week are now rapidly nearing completion. It is hoped that the cooperation of all members in the Association may be counted upon in making 1941 a memorable Coin Week.

Several co-chairmen have consented to cooperate by representing their districts. It is impossible, however, for these co-chairmen to make Coin Week a success unless the numismatists of this country will also contribute their share.

Each District Secretary has been asked to contact members and club groups which are interested in the work of the Association and who will arrange exhibits, have speakers on numismatic topics of general interest to the lay public, secure good radio and press publicity, and otherwise help to really make "America coin conscious."

Every club secretary is also particularly requested to present to the club members the plans for National Coin Week, so that the members will readily see the good effect which their participation will have not only upon their own group in recruiting new members but also in making a contribution to America's National Coin Week.

District co-chairmen who have been contacted are:

Geo. J. Patterson, Philadelphia, Pa. (Convention City).

J. H. Morris, Jr., Homewood, Ala., (and other Southern States).

Frank C. Ross, Kansas City, Mo., (Kansas and Oklahoma).

John W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio (and Indiana, Illinois and Michigan).

Norman B. Mason, Toronto, Canada (all of Canada).

Kenneth W. Lee, Glendale, Cal., (and Western States).

Julius Gutttag, New York, N. Y. (New York and New England).

The exhibits which you arrange may have a number of general items to attract the attention of the public. In the event that you are able to exhibit the 5-cent piece in nickel of the first type, you are urged to do so, in order that the 75-year span of the nickel's production may be plainly seen.

Have you any information on the use of nickel in coinage?

How long has it been used. How much nickel is there in a 5-cent piece? Who first had the idea of using nickel for American coins? Who was Feuchtwanger?

A good deal of information along these lines will be furnished to all District Secretaries, club secretaries and others requesting it. If your community does not have a coin club, try to organize one. Arrange in your bank or library for an exhibit during National Coin Week.

Clubs which have been in existence are offered the opportunity during National Coin Week of having an open meeting. Every member bring a non-member. Let them see what it is that makes us collectors.

Besides the use of the 5-cent piece in American coinage which has been noted, there is also the fiftieth anniversary of our American Numismatic Association to celebrate in 1941.

National Coin Week was founded in 1924 by Julius Gutttag, and has been sponsored by the American Numismatic Association. The founder of the Week suggests that Pan-Americanism themes be used in Coin Week exhibits—coins of places where the United States is securing new air bases for hemisphere defense. Coins, such as the Panama-Pacific and the Monroe Doctrine half dollars, which emphasize the New World versus the Old World.

The several chairman of National Coin Week only ask that you cooperate and that you arrange a talk, plan an exhibit, and interest some one in your hobby during National Coin Week. We hope for your support.

VICHY GOVERNMENT TO ISSUE COINS.

An issue of new French coins of the 5, 10 and 20 franc values, bearing a likeness of Philippe Petain, the Chief of State, are expected to be issued, as the Vichy Government has authorized the coinage. Details have not been furnished yet of the metal in which the new coins will be struck or where the minting is to take place.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Greece—A new issue of Greek coins, commemorating the restoration of the Greek monarchy in the person of H. M. King George II, on November 25, 1935, have recently been received in this country.



There are three specimens in the set, consisting of the 100 drachma gold, the 100 drachma silver, and the 20 drachma gold. This is perhaps the first time that any nation has ever issued two coins of the same denomination in different metals at the same time. The gold 100 drachma and the 20 drachma are of the same design, showing the bare head left of the King, with the inscription, "George II, King of the Greeks." Below the bust is the anniversary date, "25 November, 1935." The reverse has the value in the center within a crowned wreath.



The silver 100 drachma has the same obverse as the gold pieces, but the reverse reverts to the older type of silver 5 drachma design used by George I, showing the crowned arms of Greece on a mantle. The inscription above reads: "Kingdom of the Greeks," with the value below.

It is presumed that the coins were designed and struck in England.



Prior to the invasion of Greece the drachma was worth about .02 U. S., so that the silver coin was approximately its face value. The gold coins, are, however, souvenir issues, and are struck on the old Greek standard of the Latin Monetary Union. These are the first Greek gold coins since 1884. Very limited numbers of the gold coins were issued, and of the silver 100 drachma piece only 2000 specimens were coined, so that it is rarer than the American commemoratives, which caused such a flurry in late 1935.

MID-WINTER COIN MEETING IN CINCINNATI.

Arrangements are being made by the Cincinnati Numismatic Association for the mid-winter coin meeting to be held in that city January 25 and 26. The meeting will be held at the Hotel Netherland Plaza. The club has gone to a great deal of expense and time to make this a really worth while affair, and so far reservations have been received from New York City and as far West as Denver, Colo. The entire membership of the Cincinnati Numismatic Association is working hard on every detail, and suitable arrangements have been made for displays in local bank windows the week prior to the show, giving full details, in order to reach the local people. There will also be hundreds of letters sent out.

The program is as follows:

January 25.

- 1.30 P. M.—Registration. Display open.
- 2.30 P. M.—Auction, conducted by James Kelly, Dayton, Ohio.
- 5.30 P. M.—Visit to display room.
- 6.45 P. M.—Dinner. Address of welcome by Mayor James G. Stewart.
B. Max Mehl, principal speaker.
- 8.45 P. M.—Second section of auction. Display open to public until 10.30 P. M.

January 26.

Visiting display room, open all day to the public and visitors.

PAPER MONEY NEWS NOTES.

China—A new paper note of the 1 yuan value has been seen. The note is printed in green and shows at the left a facing vignette of Dr. Sun Yat Sen. The reverse is printed in blue and yellow, and has as the central device a representation of the silver yuan coin, with the Chinese junk in the center. The notes are dated May, 1936, and are printed by Thomas De La Rue & Son, of London. Chinese notes recently mentioned in *The Numismatist* were issued by the Central Bank of China. The present issue described above is issued by the Bank of China. The note measures $5\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{8}$ inches.

Malaya—A new series for Malaya issued by the Board of Commissioners of Currency has just been received. The first specimen noted is a ten-cent note, printed in brown, pink and blue. The notes are dated 15 August, 1940, and show at the left a facing bust of King George VI. Inscriptions are in English and Malay, the latter appearing in native script, and as a protective background for the note, translated into English equivalent letters. The notes were designed and printed on one side only by the Survey Department of the Federated Malay States. The 10-cent-value note, measures about $4 \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ inches.

NEW YORK HOBBY SHOW.

A hobby show, sponsored by the American Hobby Federation, 330 West 42nd Street, New York City, will be held at the Sachs Auditorium, on West 35th street and Eighth avenue, from December 26, 1940, to January 8, 1941. Exhibits will include items in every hobby field, and it is presumed that numismatics will be represented, as the Brooklyn Coin Club, Bronx Coin Club and International Emergency Money Club plan to be among the exhibitors.

The *Book of Knowledge Annual, 1941*, contains a very interesting and authoritative article by Vernon L. Brown, entitled "Coins and Coin Collecting," which explains about interesting coins and tells the advantages of the hobby. There are illustrations of the stone money of Yap, the denarius of Tiberius, the Spanish milled dollar, the Colonial Fugio cent, and Pine Tree shilling. It is an article which collectors should make available to young people in their vicinity.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES ON BANKS AND BANK ISSUES.

The word "bank" was frequently used in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries to indicate a mass of money.

The issue of paper money directly by a State was spoken of as "raising a Banke," for in Colonial Massachusetts the word "bank" stood for the money rather than the institution which placed it in circulation.

Banks in the early seventeenth century, did not issue bank notes, but as a rule merely issued receipts for coin received, which circulated, as they were payable on demand.

Four large Canadian banks issued tokens with the standing figure of a farmer or "habitant"—City Bank, Quebec Bank, Bank of Montreal and Banque du Peuple.

The transport notes of the Stockholm Bank, issued in 1661, to avoid the transportation of copper coin, are considered the earliest type of modern banknotes.

The first French bank of issue was created by John Law, a Scotchman, early in the 18th century, in the reign of Louis XIV, with the Duke of Orleans, regent.

When the Merchants' Bank of New Bedford, Mass., honored its president with a beautiful silver service for his faithful services for a quarter century, the president, John A. Parker, stated that during his twenty-five years in office he had not been idle, as he had signed his name 177,280 times on the banknotes of the bank since 1827.

BRYAN-TAFT TOKEN OF 1908.

A curious token, struck in nickel or nickel-silver, has recently been noted. The obverse shows a head of William Jennings Bryan, to right, with the inscription above, I'LL MATCH YOU. Below the bust is the date, 1908.



On the reverse is a head to left of William Howard Taft, President of the United States from 1908 until 1912, with the inscription I'LL TOSS YOU, and the date below, 1908. On the Bryan side, in small letters at the rim, is the faint lettering, PATENT APPLIED FOR.

The piece is the same size as a silver half dollar and has a reeded edge. Any information regarding this piece will be gratefully received by the editor.

THE CONFEDERATE HALF DOLLAR AND ITS RESTRIKES.

On December 4, Irving M. Page, of Annapolis, Md., a member of the A. N. A., entertained the Annapolis members of the Baltimore Coin Club. During the evening, in a talk, Mr. Page refreshed the memories of his guests with the details of the striking of the Confederate half dollars and the restrikes. He said:

"The United States Mint at New Orleans was taken over by the State of

Louisiana in February, 1861, and B. F. Taylor was designated as chief coiner. Mr. Taylor, wanting to do something for the Confederate cause, designed a half dollar and struck four pieces, using the regular 1861 O Mint obverse and the Confederate design for the reverse. One of these half dollars was sent to Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederacy, for his approval; one was presented to Prof. J. Biddle, of the University of Louisiana; one was sent to Dr. E. Ames, of New Orleans, and one was retained by Mr. Taylor. Nothing more was done with this coinage, due to the shortage of bullion, and in 1879 J. W. Scott, founder of the Scott Stamp and Coin Co., purchased Mr. Taylor's half dollar and the Confederate die, it having been retained by Mr. Taylor after the Confederate cause was lost.

"Mr. Scott decided to use the die for commercial purposes and had stamped several hundred white metal pieces the size of a half dollar with his name, address and business enterprise on one side and the Confederate design on the other side. These pieces were of practically no numismatic value, so Mr. Scott decided to make some restrikes of the Confederate half dollar. He obtained permission from the United States Government to use some of the regular 1861 O Mint half dollars, removed the reverse and substituted the Confederate design. After about 300 of these half dollars were struck the Confederate die broke, and that finished the process. The restrikes were sold at a considerable profit and eventually Mr. Scott sold the original half dollar, which changed hands several times until it was finally purchased by the American Numismatic Society for a large sum and is at present in their collection.

"Another one of the originals was found in circulation several years ago and although badly worn brought a very good price.

"What happened to the other two originals remains a mystery.

"The present value of the restrikes are from \$15 to \$25, depending upon condition.

"On the face of the obverse appears the Goddess of Liberty seated, surrounded by thirteen stars, denoting the thirteen States from which the Confederacy sprung; on the lower rim the figures, '1861.' On the reverse, a shield with seven stars, representing the seven States that seceded from the Union; above the shield a liberty cap, and entwining around the shield on the left a sprig of cotton; on the right, a sprig of sugar cane, representing the chief industries of the Southern States; on the outer rim, 'Confederate States of America' and 'Half Dol.' The dies were engraved by A. H. M. Peterson."

CUMULATIVE COINAGE REPORT FOR 1940.

Following is the cumulative United States coinage report (in dollars and cents) for the eleven months ended November 30, 1940. Figures include production at all three mints:

Half Dollars	\$ 5,120,432.00
Quarter Dollars	8,847,577.75
Dimes	9,438,711.20
Nickels	11,577,450.20
Cents	6,384,580.72
Total	\$41,368,752.07

COINAGE FOR NOVEMBER, 1940.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during November, 1940, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Half dollars	\$ 974,503.00		
Quarter dollars	1,317,251.50		
Dimes	1,149,100.60	\$ 931,000.00	\$390,000.00
Five cents	1,352,075.00	490,000.00	375,000.00
One cent	675,013.00	118,000.00	123,600.00

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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LOUISIANA—GEORGE SEXTON, JR., Box 1414, Shreveport, La.
MAINE—RALPH W. HAWKS, 40 Vernon St., Saco, Maine.
MARYLAND—PHILIP G. STRAUS, Stock Exchange Bldg., Baltimore, Md.
MASSACHUSETTS—WALTER P. NICHOLS, 212 W. Emerson St., Melrose, Mass.
MICHIGAN—RUSSELL W. STEHFEST, 4866 Newport Ave., Detroit, Mich.
MINNESOTA—DR. DWIGHT E. WARD, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn.
MISSOURI—HERBERT W. ROWOLD, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.
MISSOURI (Eastern District)—ARTHUR B. KELLEY, 4854-A Penrose St., St. Louis, Mo.
MONTANA—L. S. HAZARD, First National Bank and Trust Company, Helena, Mont.
NEBRASKA—RAYMOND MOULTON, 2647 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.
NEW JERSEY—CHARLES F. NETTLESHIP, JR., 456 Elmwood Ave., Maplewood, N. J.
NEW YORK CITY—JOSEPH BARNET, 2025 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
NEW YORK (Eastern District)—ALEX. R. SEYMOUR, 70 Pt. Watson St., Cortland, N. Y.
NEW YORK (Western District)—ROBERT H. LLOYD, 55 Falconer St., North Tonawanda, N. Y.
NORTH DAKOTA—VINE D. LORD, P. O. Box 26, Cando, N. D.
OHIO (Central District)—V. B. CHAMBERS, care City National Bank and Trust Company, Columbus, Ohio.
OHIO (Northern District)—JOHN W. GREGOR, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
OHIO (Southern District)—OTTO KERSTEINER, 122 Proffress Ave., Hamilton, O.
OKLAHOMA—JAKE B. SURECK, 130 W. 19th St., Okhaloma City, Okla.
OREGON—JOSEPH V. LA MORE, Home, 5616 N. E. Mallory St., Portland, Ore.; Business, P. O. Box 5608, Kenton Station, Portland, Ore.
PENNSYLVANIA (Eastern)—GEORGE J. PATTERSON, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.
PENNSYLVANIA (Western)—DR. PAUL MCBRIDE GILLIS, 243 Marguerite Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—GILBERT S. PEREZ, Care of Bureau of Education, Manila, P. I.
RHODE ISLAND—VICTOR H. FRASER, High Street Bank and Trust Company, Providence, R. I.
SOUTH CAROLINA—GAROLD W. TAPP, Greer, S. C.
SOUTH DAKOTA—ALBERT N. HANTEN, White Lake, S. Dak.
TENNESSEE—A. W. BRADLEY, P. O. Box 1484, Memphis, Tenn.
TEXAS—W. A. PHILPOTT, JR., Secretary Texas Bankers' Association, Dallas, Texas.
UTAH—NORMAN SHULTZ, Box 746, Salt Lake City, Utah.
VENEZUELA—P. K. ANDERSON, Apartado 35, Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela.
WASHINGTON (Eastern)—O. P. EKLUND, 711 Pittsburg St., Spokane, Wash.
WASHINGTON (Western)—PAUL M. FOUTS, 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
WISCONSIN—LILLARD W. CULVER, 2863 N. 40th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Report of The General Secretary

New Members to be Admitted January 1st, 1941.

- 8327a Le Roy Fishburne, 1425 No. Strand Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8328a Paul S. Edwards, 720 E First St., Storm Lake, Ia.
 8329a W. H. Buttram, 528 West 18th St., San Pedro, Cal.
 8330a Gladys Nelson, 2400 Kirkwood St., Burlington, Ia.
 8331a Levi Woodbury, Box 61, Main St., Salem Depot, N. H.
 8332a Charles Kabealo, 217 E. Maynard, Columbus, Ohio.
 8333a James H. Wilson, 155 W. Lake St., care All Nations Hobby Shop, Chicago, Ill.
 8334a Florence H. Summerill, 28 Prospect Ave., Middletown, N. Y.
 8335a A. W. Meynig, Box 644, Iraan, Texas.
 8336a Wayne Gunter, 1628 Hanover, Aurora, Colo.
 8337a Stanley C. Tarrant, 130 Broadway, Providence, R. I.
 8338a John R. Thetford, 3351 W. 65th Place, Chicago, Ill.
 8339a William R. Jones, 1112 Fifth Ave., Altoona, Pa.
 8340a Louis A. Salasek, 110 Smith Ave. N. W., Canton, Ohio.
 8341a W. E. Masterson, First Nat'l. Bank, Juniata, Pa.
 8342a William E. Pike, 2107 Pearl St., Santa Monica, Cal.
 8343a Charles M. Cooper, Route 1, Box 240A, Acampo, Cal.
 8344a Thomas M. O'Brien, 3124 Franklin Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
 8345a George B. Koch, 3030 Cabrillo St., San Francisco, Cal.
 8346a Harry Scott, Centralia, Wash.
 8347a Edgar D. Larkin, Box 244, Round Lake, N. Y.
 8348a Pat Padula, Route 2, Box 149T, Stockton, Cal.
 8349a Richard C. Todd, 3 Garnet Mine Rd., Boothwyn, Pa.
 8350a M. Warren Benton, 376 Highland Ave., Upper Montclair, N. J.
 8351a Harold O. Weise, 9 Pennsylvania Blvd., Bellerose, L. I., N. Y.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during November, 1940. If no objections are filed prior to February 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the February issue of The Numismatist.

- R. L. Moore**, 8352, 2400 Van Ness Ave., San Francisco, Cal. U. S. Coins. H. L. Hill, E. A. Parker, Hugo Landecker.
- Harold R. King**, 8353, 223 So. Orange Dr., Los Angeles, Cal. General. Kenneth W. Lee, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Geo. Klein**, 8354, 310 Allen St., Kelso, Wash. Small Coins. C. W. Elton, Lewis M. Reagan, Cowlitz Valley Bank.
- Cleveland O. Wilkinson**, 8355, 415 North Alice St., Dothan, Ala. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Roy V. Gavert**, 8356, 1178 Highland Rd., Sharon, Pa. U. S. Cents. Dr. A. A. Booth, Sam Kabealo, Lewis M. Reagan.
- Richard P. Germann**, 8357, 1045 14th St., Boulder, Colo. U. S. and Canadian Coins, Numismatic Literature. H. A. Davis, John B. Ekeley, Lewis M. Reagan.
- R. V. Ainsworth**, 8353, 1025 "Y" Ave., La Grande, Ore. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Garland C. Hughes**, 8359, 326 Norwood Ave. S. E., Grand Rapids, Mich. U. S. Coins. Dr. F. Stevens Epps, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Theodore W. Gottlieb**, 8360, 884 So. 20th St., Newark, N. J. U. S. General. Lewis M. Reagan, Dr. M. Fishbein, Jos. Carroll.
- Marvin E. Cox**, 8361, 1521 Sherwin Ave., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, I. T. Kopicki.
- H. J. Diamond**, 8362, P. O. Box 561, Houston, Texas. Gold and Silver. A. F. Miller, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Louis Shectman**, 8363, 43 N. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. General. A. H. Leatherman, George J. Patterson.
- Eugene D. Johnston**, 8364, 4333 41st St., San Diego, Cal. All U. S. Coins. Thomas Voetter, P. A. Nauman, Dr. Bruce Wallace.
- Sterling Coin Club**, 8365, W. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West 10th St., Sterling, Ill. Corporate Club. M. Vernon Sheldon, Elmer Laurent, G. A. MacLennan.
- Ben H. Kast**, 8366, Motor Route #3, Colorado Springs, Colo. U. S. Coins. Edgar Levy, R. M. Livermore, W. W. Foote.
- Ralph L. Baggs**, 8367, 303 Fifth Ave., New York City, N. Y. U. S. Coins, Half Cents to Half Dollars. David M. Bullowa, Charles M. Wormser.
- G. W. Pearson**, 8368, 722 Oak St., Chattanooga, Tenn. General. A. H. Leatherman, J. W. Bazemore, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- M. H. Thorsen**, 8369, 7222 Monroe Ave., Hammond, Ind. Commemoratives. Arthur Rutz, Rev. Elias Rasmussen, Bert Keller.
- Theodora M. M. Danecki**, 8370, 1410 "H" St. N. W., Washington, D. C. All Domestic and Foreign. Philip G. Straus, Edw. Plummer, Geo. Requard.
- Geo. A. Powers**, 8371, 3822 So. Howell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis. U. S. Uncirculated and Proof Dimes. Hubert L. Polzer, M. A. Powers.
- Vernon E. Trunde**, 8372, Yuma, Colo. Old U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Roy Shepherd, Earl Mustain.
- C. R. Van Luren**, 8373, 225 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Coins—General. C. Shirley Leachman, George Vanderwende, Frederic E. Hodge.
- Carl Neilson**, 8374, 603 South 13th St., Herrin, Ill. U. S. Coins and Medals. Arthur B. Kelly, Rev. Otto Horsley, W. Lewis, M. D.
- Harry L. Kneisly**, 8375, 1523 Palm St., Reading, Pa. U. S. General. Harry S. Boynton, B. Alexander.
- Ollie W. Mauzy**, 8376, 2543 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill. General. G. W. P. Cleary, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Harry C. Matthews**, 8377, 227 Woodlawn Ave., Jersey City, N. J. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, J. Hillmann, K. Cooley.
- Wm. A. Brandt**, 8378, 2714 N. Monitor Ave., Chicago, Ill. European and U. S. Commemoratives. I. T. Kopicki, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- E. G. Mitchell**, 8379, 9243 S. Hoyne Ave., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Proofs and Commemoratives. I. T. Kopicki, M. Vernon Sheldon.

Resignations.

Henry W. Mott, 6697, New York City, N. Y.
 R. E. Baker, 5809, Canton, Ohio.
 Walter H. Chase, 5547, Montreal, Que., Canada.

Deaths.

Albert Gutentag, 4089, Cleveland, Ohio.
 Herbert Wayne Walker, 3139, Warren Ohio (Past First Vice-President).
 Morgan H. Stafford, 2082, Newtonville, Mass.

Change of Address.

Jersey City Coin Club, 7615, from L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 2545 Boulevard, Jersey City, N. J., to L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.
 C. Edwin Aldrich, 6826, from 307 E. 40th St., New York City, N. Y., to 7 Booraem Ave., Jersey City, N. J.
 Robert M. Barrett, 5807, from 3038 Bartlett St., Oakland, Cal., to 3416 Maple, Oakland, Cal.
 A. P. Brugge, 3550, from 2121 Main St., Davenport, Ia., to care Palmer School of Chiropractic, Davenport, Ia.
 Paul F. Brumm, 6641, from 608 N. Mayfield Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 722 N. Mayfield Ave., Chicago, Ill.
 John Cingota, 6921, from 1043 Fifth Ave., New Kensington, Pa., to 240 Freeport Rd., New Kensington, Pa.
 Ralph J. Cornell, 5856, from 957 Lafayette Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 1090 Greene Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Robert H. Dodd, 8178, from 309 W. Jersey St., Elizabeth, N. J., to 1025 E. Jersey St., Elizabeth, N. J.
 James Duce, 7358, from 1048 Fourth St., Santa Monica, Cal., to 11935 Mayfield Ave., West Los Angeles, Cal.

- Maj. James E. Duke, Jr., 6936, from Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., to 27th Bomb Group, Municipal Airport, Savannah, Ga.
- C. B. Easton, 5613, from C. B. Easton, P. O. Box 351, Los Angeles, Cal., to C. B. Eaton, P. O. Box 351, Los Angeles, Cal.
- Oscar W. Enger, 7554, from 939 Chapman St., Roseburg, Ore., to 1105 North Jackson, Roseburg, Ore.
- A. Hepner, 7904, from 711 Bogg Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., to 809 Juniper St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
- Dr. Wallace A. Hill, 8039, from 213 W. Schiller St., Chicago, Ill., to Montague, Mich.
- James D. Hoey, 4028, from 371 Palisade Ave., Union City, N. J., to 404 Park Ave., Fairview, N. J.
- Dr. Wm. E. Kendall, 5661, from P. O. Box 6048, Bay Pines, Fla., to P. O. Box 4068, Bay Pines, Fla.
- Dr. Bruno Kisch, 8079, from 574 W. 114th St., New York City, N. Y., to 845 West End Ave., New York City, N. Y.
- Eugene Klein, Life No. 35, from 200 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa., to 212 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- M. E. LaBounty, 8152, from 1501 S. Dakota Ave., Sioux Falls, S. D., to 1819 W. Division St., Grand Island, Neb.
- Mrs. Theresa Lang, 7362, from 6539 Commodore Sloat Dr., Los Angeles, Cal., to 1812 Bagdad Pl., Glendale, Cal.
- J. F. A. Langlais, 8182, from 136 E. Walnut St., Lancaster, Pa., to 130 E. Walnut St., Lancaster, Pa.
- H. B. Lee, 8298, from 401 N. Broadway, Oklahoma City, Okla., to General Delivery, Lawton, Okla.
- Vernon D. Lesh, 8216, from 3654 E. Colorado, Pasadena, Cal., to 1303 N. Fair Oaks Ave., Pasadena, Cal.
- I. Lieberman, 1401, from 301 N. Main St., Independence, Mo., to 4266 Brunswick, Los Angeles, Cal.
- D. L. McCarthy, 5541, from 5529 Everett Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 5306 Blackstone Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- Bruce MacQueen, 7435, from 15501 Wisconsin Ave., Detroit, Mich., to P. O. Box 36, Bellaire, Mich.
- Irving Moritz, 5426, from 24-24 27th St., Astoria, L. I., N. Y., to 24-29 27th St., Astoria, L. I., N. Y.
- Kenneth L. Mott, 7307, from 3723 California Ave., Long Beach, Cal., to 3585 Brayton Ave., Long Beach, Cal.
- Stanley A. Nicholas, 5709, from 1636 Warren Rd., Lakewood, Cleveland, Ohio, to 1452 Elm St., Youngstown, Ohio.
- Ray S. Nordman, 5192, from 211 Central Park West, New York City, N. Y., to 2917 Grand Concourse, New York City, N. Y.
- B. M. O'Hea, 8252, from 1702 S. Adams St., Fort Worth, Tex., to care Nat'l. Bank of Commerce, Houston, Tex.
- Mrs. Evelyn M. Pierson, 7717, from 195 Claremont Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 540 West 122nd St., New York City, N. Y.
- Ed W. Plaugher, 8093, from P. O. Box 98, Bakersfield, Cal., to Box 1264, Bakersfield, Cal.
- William H. Rawlings, 8289, from 13 Condoover Rd., Pointe Clair, Que., Can., to 2451 Mayfair, N. D. G., Montreal, P. Q., Can.
- Joseph Reiss, 6043, from 6103 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C., or care Hampton, 512 Zuinton Pl., N. W., to 308 Taylor St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
- Lt. Col. David L. Robeson, 6543, from care Adj. Gen. State Capitol, Oklahoma City, Okla., to 305 N. 7th St., Oklahoma City, Okla.
- John L. Smith, M. D., 7792, from John L. Smith, M. D., to John Lawrence Smith, M. D., 126 North Ave. 63, Los Angeles, Cal.
- Raymond Soash, 8185, from Mason City Hospital, Mason City, Wash., to 811½ West Second Ave., Spokane, Wash.
- Frank M. Sternberg, 7782, from 30 Fairview Ave., Apt. 3A, New York, N. Y., to 65 West 68th St., New York City, N. Y.
- A. M. Tilseth, 8026, from 421 W. Third St., Duluth, Minn., to Singer Sewing Center, Cloquet, Minn.
- H. R. Turner, 5624, from 3200 Elgin Ave., Baltimore, Md., to 3702 Edgewood Rd., Baltimore, Md.
- F. E. Watson, 7504, from P. O. Box 1397, Amarillo, Tex., to 1202 Second Nat'l. Bank Bldg., Houston, Tex.
- W. C. Wilburn, 8303, from 659 Landis St., Memphis, Tenn., to 695 Landis St., Memphis, Tenn.
- Chester E. Wing, 7576, from Maderia, Ohio, to Route No. 3, Hastings, Mich.
- Lester S. Wright, 6925, from 110 E. Columbia Ave., Davenport, Ill., to 2944 E. 18th St., Davenport, Ia.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

THE A. N. A. LIBRARY.

Sixty-one books were borrowed from the A. N. A. Library by twenty-five different A. N. A. members in November, with works on commemoratives, patterns and tokens heading the list in that order. Several members wrote to ask for material on type collecting.

Additions to the Library included six priced catalogues of auctions, including the famous Mehl sale of October 29. David M. Bullowa donated a complete set (unbound) of the 1915 Numismatist. These are in demand in single numbers since publication of the Fifty-Year Index.

Other library additions were:

Fourteen miscellaneous copies of The Numismatist.

"Money and the Mechanics of Exchange" (A. N. A. Library No. J-7).

"A Treatise on Counterfeit, Altered and Spurious Notes" (W-50).

1938 Bound Numismatic Scrapbook.

Priced Catalogue of Pattern Coins.

Miscellaneous copies of The Numismatist now available to members include:

1895—January to November, inclusive.

1896—January to September, inclusive.

1897—January only.

1898—February only.

1899—January to December, inclusive.

1900—November and December.

1903—December.

1908—February.

1911—February.

1913—January, April and May.

1915—Complete.

1918—July, August, September, October and November.

1919—January, February and June.

TED HAMMER, A. N. A. Librarian.

Official Dates for Philadelphia Convention.

A cordial invitation is extended to all members of the A. N. A. to attend the Philadelphia Convention. The dates are **August 16 to 21, 1941.**

Convention headquarters will be at the Benjamin Franklin Hotel.

The dates are announced early so that you will plan to attend.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB,
IRA S. REED, Publicity Committee.

LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI TAX TOKENS.

According to a dispatch recently received here, there are major problems associated with the disposal of sales-tax tokens, as well as in securing them.

Mississippi is having difficulty getting the one and five mill tokens made, because defense demands have contracted for the current supply of aluminum and copper. Louisiana, however, does not know how to dispose of 70,000,000 tokens, which will not be used after December 31, when the 1 per cent. tax will become ineffective. Louisiana will redeem the tokens offered for \$91,000 and will have scrap metal for sale.

The possibility that Mississippi will acquire the tokens needed from Louisiana seems remote, and there is little likelihood of a countermarked issue.

The Scribner's Commentator issue of December, 1940, carried an article by Vernon L. Brown, curator of the Chase National Bank Collection of Moneys of the World, and member of the Board of Governors of the American Numismatic Association. The published article was based on the text of Mr. Brown's address from Columbia Lecture Hall on a coast-to-coast network, previously reported.

The December bulletin of the Iowa Numismatic Association was issued as a special tribute to Secretary-Treasurer W. M. Baker, of Davenport, Iowa. Started at Burlington, Iowa, the bulletin copy was prepared by presidents of the seven local clubs over the State, featured by local news, each adding one or more paragraphs.

Deaths.

MORGAN H. STAFFORD.

The Boston Numismatic Society, of which Mr. Stafford was elected president in January, 1940, was informed of the death of its president several days prior to its regular November meeting.

Mr. Stafford was one of the oldest active members of the American Numismatic Association, as he originally held Membership No. 124, issued in November, 1892, when he was 19 years old.

The memorial which follows was read at the Boston Numismatic Society on Monday, November 25, 1940, and a copy was transmitted to Mrs. Stafford by the secretary.



Morgan H. Stafford

In the uniform of a Captain of the Red Cross, overseas, World War, 1917.

It is with profound sorrow that the members of the Boston Numismatic Society have learned of the death on November 20, 1940, of the society's president, Morgan H. Stafford.

Elected to membership in 1917, his interest in the society was unflagging and, except for his period of service in Italy as a Captain in the American Red Cross, his attendance at our meetings was remarkable for its regularity. Yearly since 1929 Mr. Stafford held some office in the society, with the result that he was one of the extremely few members ever to have served in all four offices of president, vice-president, treasurer and secretary. He was also a member of the American Numismatic Association and the American Numismatic Society.

Mr. Stafford was truly a natural born collector, his interests ranging from French and Indian relics of the neighborhood of his native town, Marquette, Michigan, to Greek and Roman coins, postage stamps, fine books, and especially to Colonial and Continental paper money, of which he had assembled a noteworthy collection and on which he was a recognized authority.

Later his principal occupation was in the field of genealogy. For years a member of the New England Historical-Genealogical Society, he did much research for old Massachusetts families, working both in this country and England.

Mr. Stafford was for many years a member of St. John's Church, Newtonville, where he had served as vestryman and where he showed deep and continued interest in the men's organizations, especially the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. His fraternal activities were represented principally by an honorary membership in Norumbega Lodge, F. and A. M., in Newton. The long continued work done so cheerfully and modestly by Mr. Stafford for the Boston Numismatic Society is appreciated more than can be expressed in words, as is the esteem in which he was held. May the remembrance of his character and accomplishments be an inspiration to those of us who must carry on his work.

S. P.

GUSTAV KOEHLER.

The Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio, mourns the passing of its oldest member, Gustav Koehler, who died November 16 at the age of 78, after an illness of two weeks, though having been in failing health the last two years. He was one of the organizers of the club, having served as its president from 1935 to 1938.



Gustav Koehler.

During his early life his enthusiasm for travel took him to many parts of the world.

Having been a coin collector since his early boyhood days, he had accumulated a fine collection.

His musical talents have brought joy to thousands of music lovers, he having toured the country, playing at concerts in the larger cities.

S. S.

DR. ANDREW BROWNING BAIRD.

Dr. Andrew B. Baird, of Winnipeg, Canada, long a leader in the cultural and religious life of Western Canada, died at the Winnipeg General Hospital, where he had been for ten days, on Sunday, September 22. He was in his 85th year. He had returned to Winnipeg only a few days previously from a motor trip to Ontario, where he was born.

He was born on a farm in Motherwell, Ontario, on October 16, 1855. He

was educated for the ministry both in Canada and in England and in Germany, and while in the latter country was appointed missionary in the Canadian west. From that time his life was spent in religious work in Western Canada. In 1916 he was elected Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.

Outside the church he had been president of the Manitoba Historical Society. He had been a member of the American Numismatic Association for about 35 years, and was also a member of the Royal Numismatic Society of England. His collection of coins is said to be one of the most valuable in Western Canada.

His wife, who was Miss Penelope Cook, of Galt, Ontario, died in 1936. An only son, Andrew Stuart, was killed while fighting with the Fourteenth Battalion at Amiens during the World War. He is survived by three daughters—Helen, living in Minneapolis; Agnes, a nurse on the Winnipeg public schools staff, formerly attached to the Rockefeller Foundation hospital staff in China, and Marjorie, also a graduate nurse, living at home.

THE LATE HERBERT W. WALKER.

The death of Herbert W. Walker, of Warren, Ohio, which was announced in last month's issue, will be severely felt in several of the local numismatic clubs in the section of Ohio in which he lived. Some of the newer ones owed their origin to him. It was through his efforts that the Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club of Warren was organized, of which he was a charter member, and it was through the assistance he gave that the clubs in Canton, Dayton, Youngstown and Akron were formed.

He had been a member of the A. N. A. for several years, and for the last six years had taken an active part in its conventions until prevented by illness. For three years he had served as its First Vice-President.

His collecting activities included coins, stamps and covers, autographs, books, etc., as well as Lincolniana, all of which will be sold in the near future. Word comes from his friends in Warren that a special administrator of his estate has been appointed by the Probate Court.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Elks Club, 66 S. High St., Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. C. B. Anderson, Secretary, 401 Clark St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner St. S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in City Hall Basement, Boone, Iowa. Morris Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Saul Steinberg, M. D., Secretary, 11 Temple St., Boston, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. A. A. Gullian, 1803 Hertel Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets first and third Monday nights, time and place being decided at regular monthly meeting. William Hockstad, Secretary, Burlington Community Chest, Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month. Matt. J. Gazso, Secretary, 4206 W. 208th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Nicholas K. Sharp, 207 East 13th St., Columbus, Ohio.

Corn Belt Corn Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Cohagen Cabin at the "Y" Waterloo, Iowa. Marvin O'Connor, Secretary, 118 Sherman Ave., Waterloo, Iowa.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. Arnold E. Swanson, Secretary, 2100 E. 12th St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Wilfred Rowe, Secretary, 3154 Second Blvd., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. L. E. Grimes, Secretary, Box 1414, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Chas. B. Miller, Secretary, care the Connecticut River Banking Company, Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. Perry Swofford, Secretary, 1963 N. Fifth St., Kansas City, Kan.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Harry H. Garman, Secretary, 2241 Carrollton Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1352 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfner, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7:30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. N. J. Hoffman, Secretary, Thiensville, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis Mo. T. L. Moore, Secretary, 318 S. Clark, Ferguson, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. George E. Moore, Secretary, P. O. Box 355, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. James Benane, secretary, 250 Nicolett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N. Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Addison W. Wilson, Secretary, 600 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. Robert G. Efker, Secretary, 1029 W. Camille St., Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Harvey L. Hansen, Secretary, 1187 Kottenberg Ave., San Jose, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Belgravia, 1811 Chestnut St. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. H. D. Gibbs, Secretary, 1400 Belasco Ave., Beechview, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Marjorie L. Ankeny, Secretary, 218 Essex Lane, Davenport, Iowa.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. Arthur E. Jones, Secretary, 1203 S. Main St., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. Thomas Kline, Secretary, 1545 St. Paul St., Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearthstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa.—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce, Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada.—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth Slough, Secretary.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 309 South St., Waukesha. Ralph Wright, Secretary, 501 S. Grand Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society.—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Allerton Hotel. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel. W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB.—384th regular meeting and 33rd annual meeting of the New York Numismatic Club, December 13, Arthur W. Deas, president, presiding. Twenty-one members were present.

The topics for the evening: Ancient and Modern Coins of Greece; World's Fair Medals and Tokens of San Francisco and New York 1939 and 1940; United States Half Dimes and Five-Cent Pieces; New Acquisitions.

Harry Stein spoke on the gold laws of 1917 and 1933.

Exhibits were made by the following:

W. H. Arthur: With the exception of the 1800-1805 type half dime, a representative collection of all other types. A collection of Roman denarii, 140 to 217 A. D., and a Roman bronze of Maximinus, 235-238 A. D.

J. Barnett: An extensive collection of World's Fair 1939 medals and over-strikes on U. S. cents, nickels, dimes and \$2.50 gold pieces. The collection contained gold, silver, copper and nickel medals, rolled cents, etc., and consisted of 90 pieces.

O. T. Sghia: Four Ancient Greek Bronze coins. 21 modern Greek coins. Half dimes of 1792, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1800.

Mr. H. J. Erlanger: Medals on fairs and exhibitions held at Nuremberg: Medal on Hop Exposition of 1877; three medals on first Bavarian Industrial Exhibition, 1882; three medals on Metal Exhibition, 1885; six medals on second Bavarian Industrial Exhibition, 1896; medal on third Bavarian Industrial Exhibition, 1906.

M. Schumacher: Identification tag, N. S. M. C.

H. Stein: Drachm of Dyrrachium and Victoriates of Rome, both struck on same standard. Roman quadrigatus and half quadrigatus struck on same standard as the victoriates. The victoriates and quadrigati were regarded as commodities and not as coins.

W. L. Clark: 14 miscellaneous coins from Delhi, Bengal, Sicily, Trebizond, Armenia and Georgia.

Charles Wormser: Greece medallion four ducats, 1919, Venizelos.

Vernon Brown: Wooden nickels of Twin Falls, Idaho, July, 1940. Tokens of C. C. Camps, Ninth Corps Area, 5c.; 2 aluminum, 1 cardboard. Book of Knowledge Annual, 1941, that contains an article on "Coin Collecting."

Lieut. O. H. Dodson: Straits Settlements and Malay States, New issue, ten cents, paper.

D. M. Bullowa: 1901 Crete, 5 drachmae, George, High Commissioner; 1909 Hungary, bronze medal on Philatelic Congress; 1921 Book by Charlotte Hardin, entitled, Coins and Medals.

G. H. Blake: Essais of 2 and 5 francs copper coins of Napoleon II, made in anticipation of his ascension of the throne of France. Also essay of 5 francs of Napoleon IV and several of Henry V, none of whom became Kings of France. Photographs of the church of St. Louis des Invalides, where Napoleon I lies and where his son, "L'Aiglon, will rest beside him."

T. F. Morris: Early Notes of Union Bank of Canada and Halifax Banking Company. Canadian Government Bond, issue 1885. Province of Manitoba, Canada, bond, issue of 1885. Miscellaneous pieces scrip of railroads and cities of South during Reconstruction days.

W. Ray Carpenter: A collection of World's Fair medals, tokens and rolled cents of 1939 and 1940. Three coins of ancient Greece. Two follis of Carausius in mint condition, one struck in London, the other in Rouen. Consecration denarius of Pertinax. Denarius of Clodius Albinus, struck in Rome, C. 48.

O. G. Schilke: Medals of Pilgrim Jubilee Memorial in five different metals. Nine Political Medals of the 1868 campaign. Campaign medal of the evening showing on the obverse the portrait of Otto T. Sghia for president, and Thos. Morris for vice-president on the reverse.

M. Kusterer: 32 medals New York World's Fair; 35 types of rolled coins dated 1939; 6 types dated 1940; 13 medals of the Golden Gate Exposition at San Francisco.

M. Kortjohn: Seventy half dimes from 1794 to 1873.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the January meeting: Chinese in Numismatics since the Republic, 1912. Lieut. O. H. Dodson will read a paper on this topic. Patterns of United States \$20 Gold Pieces and Coins Issued Throughout the World." New Acquisitions. This report was adopted.

The Medallion Art Committee exhibited the model of the Deas presidential medal made by Mr. J. M. Swanson. This model was passed around, and all the members were very pleased with it. Our president, Arthur W. Deas, was particularly pleased and gratified with the model. The medals will be ready for delivery the early part of January and sent to all those who have ordered them.

The nominating committee's suggestion for officers for the year 1941 were then read. They are as follows:

President, Otto T. Sghia; vice-president, Thomas F. Morris; secretary-treasurer, F. C. Cl. Boyd.

Executive Committee—Vernon L. Brown, chairman; Leonard Kusterer, William H. Arthur, W. Ray Carpenter.

Membership Committee—Martin F. Kortjohn, chairman; Oscar G. Schilke, LeRoy E. Cox, Andrew C. Semple, Charles Wormser.

Publication Committee—Farran Zerbe, chairman; David M. Bullowa, Lewis M. Reagan.

Medallion Art Committee—Edward T. Newell, chairman; J. M. Swanson, B. Morgenthau.

The President asked for further nominations, and as there were none made from the floor, the secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for the unanimous election of these gentlemen for the various offices. The Secretary cast a ballot and the above mentioned officers were elected for the year 1941.

Mr. Deas then spoke of the five happy years he had spent as presiding officer of the New York Numismatic Club and of the close co-operation given him by all the officers and members during that period. He then introduced Mr. Sghia, the new president. Mr. Sghia made his acceptance speech and then called on Mr. Morris, who had just been elected vice-president. Mr. Morris spoke of his ten years as a member of the club and of his pleasure in accepting the office of vice-president. The new chairman of the executive committee, Vernon L. Brown, was then called upon. Mr. Brown expressed his pleasure at becoming chairman of this important committee.

BRONX COIN CLUB—November 27. Meeting called to order by the president. Seventeen members were present.

Mr. Dewey read a very excellent paper, entitled, "Coinage of Lord Baltimore," which was enthusiastically received. It was apparent from the reading that Mr. Dewey had done much research.

It was voted that the club send to Member Clark's son a gift during his recuperation in a local hospital.

It was announced that the American Numismatic Society would have a lecture on the 7th of December, at which Professor Ives would speak.

A nominating committee as follows was appointed: Messrs. Sghia, Dewey, Engel and Korenyi.

The topics for the following meeting were suggested: "The Use of Christian Symbols on Coins." Papers will be read by Messrs. Stein (on the Byzantine iconography) and by Mr. Erlanger (on the use of Christian devices and inscriptions pertaining to religion on the coins of Nurnberg). There may also be a topic pertaining to the Colonial series. The European topic, will be the Coins of the Balkans.

The December meeting will be held on the 18th, one week early, because of the Christmas holiday.

Exhibits of the evening were as follows:

D. M. Bullowa: Hungary bronze medal, 1909, on Philatelic Exposition.

W. S. Dewey: Selection of medals and badges of Admiral Dewey with flags.

Mr. Engel: 1806 cent, fine; 1805 cent, fine.

H. J. Erlanger: 1614 Gulden thaler, Nurnberg; thalers of Nurnberg, 1632, 1632 for Gustav II Adolph, 1768.

Mr. Gallo: Seventeenth century Papal scudi of Rome.

G. R. Kennedy: Mexico, Charles and Johanna, 4 reales, 1515-39.

Endre Korenyi: Holy Roman Empire: Talers: 1582, Archduke Karl; 1624, Ferdinand II; 1631, Ferdinand II; double taler, no date, commemorating the marriage of Leopold to Claudia; taler, 1721, Carolus VI.

Mr. Morgenthau: Gracie Allen medal; miniature spike of the railroad joining of 1869; four transportation tokens of the Star and Crescent Boat Co., and of the United Water Taxi Company, of San Diego, Cal.

Mr. Silverman: Standing Liberty quarters, 1916, 1917 D and S, 1921, all from circulation.

Mr. Stein: Denarius of Plautilla upon her marriage to Caracalla.

Mr. Vander Meer: 14 guilder of Holland, 1750; medal on the Nazi invasion of the Netherlands, May 10, 1940.

J. Wagner: Seven Belgian bronze medals, of the society.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—December 4, 262d meeting, R. L. McBrien presiding. Sixty-one members and two visitors present.

Applications of Chas. D. Vincent, Jr., Chas. R. Ryant, Jr., and Miss Dorothy Gough were accepted.

Lee Hewitt, chairman of the annual banquet committee, submitted a financial report on the banquet, which was accepted and his committee discharged.

The secretary was instructed to forward a letter of thanks to B. Max Mehl for his very interesting illustrated talk given at the annual banquet.

The president informed the members of the death of our member, Edward E. Holmberg, who died November 8.

The nominating committee submitted the following names for the ensuing year of 1941: For President, Edmund E. Lamb; first vice-president, Paul Pennington; second vice-president, Mrs. Helen Jackson; secretary-treasurer, I. T. Kopicki; board of directors, R. L. McBrien, Earl F. Barger, Charles E. Green. There being no further nominations the secretary was instructed to cast a unanimous ballot for their election.

After the meeting adjourned M. V. Sheldon demonstrated F. B. Newell's new process of projecting numismatic slides.

Exhibits were as follows:

Norton F. Stone: \$2 note of the Traders National Bank of Chicago, Ill.

Paul Pennington: Roman silver denarius showing the Trajans' column.

R. W. Smith: Sweden, 1625-26, klippes struck under Gustavus II and Adolphus during his war with Poland.

Fred Burnham: Carson City dollars, all except the 1870 and 1873, including the scarce 1871.

D. C. Keefer: Large bronze ransom money of the Hsia dynasty, B. C. 2252-2205, beautiful patina.

F. A. Leonard: Complete set of Federal Reserve Bank notes series of 1918: First issue of \$1 and \$2 notes; \$1, Science instructing Youth note; \$5 note of First National Bank of California; \$1 note, Martha Washington; \$5 note, Lincoln in red and blue seals; Confederate half dollar, 1861. Watch charm filled with gold nuggets and sand used as barter in the early days in California.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—87th meeting, December 12. Seventeen members and one guest were present. President Brown presided.

Mr. Wade read a number of items of numismatic interest.

The nominating committee for the annual election of officers proposed the following names: President, Mr. Husker; vice-president, Mr. Nelson; secretary, Mrs. Brookes. The secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for the proposed officers and to thank the outgoing officers for their excellent services of the past two years. Mr. Brown made a gracious response.

A copy of Webb's "Our Metalli: Money" was sent to our library through the kindness of the New Netherlands Coin Co.

The topic committee reported next month's subject will be "Oriental Numismatics."

The topic for the meeting was "My most interesting coin," and the exhibits follow:

Mr. Blaisdell: Various Masonic medals of the 1913 Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, at Denver, Colo.

Mr. Blake: English silver coins, George II to Victoria.

Mr. Brookes: Chopmarked 1858 U. S. half dollar; medal struck to commemorate the 100th Anniversary of the Seventh Regiment of New York; two transportation tokens—Del Ray to Washington, and A. B. & W. Rapid Transit.

Mr. Brown: Commemutation money of the Civil War period; wooden nickels of Twin Falls, Idaho, issued July, 1940; tokens now being used in CCC camps, Ninth Corps Area, 5c., one cardboard and two aluminum.

Mr. Duffield: Colombia, 50 centavos, 5 centavos; Panama, one Balboa, 1/10 Balboa; Venezuela, 5 centimos; Ecuador, 5 sucre note, devalued, 2 sucre, pre-devaluation; one sucre, 20 centavos, 10 centavos, 5 centavos, all devalued.

Mr. Hermeth: Papal: Julius II, guilo, 1503; Innocent XII, 1/2 scudo, 1697; Clement XI, 1/2 scudo, 1706; Pius VI, 60 baiocco, 1797.

Mr. Husker: Roman coins.

Mr. May: A collection of Italian orders, decorations, and war medals, including the Service medal in the Ethiopian war.

Mr. Nettleship: Second medal for 1940 of the Society of Medalists; half pound

in silver, Charles I, 1642, Oxford mint; token of Whitney Glass Works, thick flan; book, "Orders and Decorations of the German States," by Ruhl.

Mr. Purrrington: New Jersey cent, engraved obverse showing seal of Supreme Court of New Jersey, probably used by Justice John Cleave Symmes as a seal.

Mr. Spiro: Seven New Jersey cents, dated 1787, struck on Connecticut, Vermont and English coins from 1772 to 1788.

Mr. Wade: Annam, tu duc; Comora Islands, 5 fcs.; Egypt, 20 piasters; Ethiopia, talari; German New Guinea, 5 marks; Afghanistan, 5 rupees.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—December 9th. The election of officers for the year 1941 was held, as follows: Howard Hughes, president; John R. Townsley, vice-president; Stephen H. Bibler, secretary, and Hugh Ranken, treasurer.

Five new members joined the club at this meeting.
Henry Perry won the special coin prize for obtaining the most new members during the membership campaign.

The retiring treasurer, Mr. Hughes, gave a report of the finances, after which it was decided to make a payment to the Benson Hotel for use of club rooms and to the secretary for services.

Miss Cleo Loserth, vice-president of the Burlington (Iowa) Coin Club, gave a short talk on the recent Central States coin display and organizations of numismatic clubs in that area.

After the meeting, Mr. George Pipes acted as auctioneer at an auction.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—December 11, with seven members present.

The discussions of the evening centered around all types of emergency money of the world. The items covered were sales tax tokens, Ohio sales tax coupons, wooden nickels, depression scrip, sheepskin money and leather money of the United States. Of the foreign items there was quite an interesting exchange of knowledge and included kidskin, silk, linen, wood, aluminum, glass, porcelain, iron and zinc emergency money of the World War I. Also siege coins of Europe.

Among the items exhibited were the following:
Commemorative kidskin money from Osterwieck, Germany, 20, 50, 100 and 500 mark; silk and linen money from Bielefeld, Germany, 1921-23, 500 and 1000 mark; Aluminum foil money from Lauterwerk, Germany, 1922, 20, 50 and 100 mark. Silver siege pieces, Amsterdam, 20 stuivers, struck by the Spanish partisans who were besieged by the Dutch patriots in 1578; Brussels 36 stuivers, struck by the Flemish rebels besieged by the Spanish in 1579; an onca of 6 crusados struck in Mozambique in 1843. A set of proof blocks of the new 1940 issue of Ohio sales tax coupons on yellow paper (C-VII and C-VII), 1c. to 30c. values. Heppner sheepskin scrip. Raymond "oyster" money; Baraboo, Wis., scrip; Wallowa Co. and Multnomah, Ore., paper scrip. Set of Horton, Kan., wooden money (5-10-25c); Greenville, S. C., 1939 and 1940 nickels made from cotton.

Due to the coming holidays, the date of our next meeting has been advanced one week, to the evening of January 15th, 1941.

CANTON COIN CLUB—December 2, 65th meeting, with nine members and four guests present.

Officers were elected for 1941 as follows: President George Roy Caster; vice-president T. W. Brown; secretary-treasurer, W. G. Bruce.

Mrs. Wm. G. Bruce was given a vote of thanks for her work for the Canton Coin Club during 1940.

The Dell Trophy held by V. L. Stover during 1940, was returned by him to be reawarded for the year 1941 to the member who had contributed most to numismatics and to the Canton Coin Club during the year 1940.

There was a general discussion of the joint Coin Club and Stamp Club meeting to be held after the first of the year.

Displays were as follows:
Terry W. Brown: Political, mechanical eagle on the free silver issue. Roman and foreign coins.

George Caster: Canadian tokens.
S. J. Kabealo: Ohio Civil War tokens.

Wm. G. Bruce: Crowns.
An auction was held.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—Third meeting, November 27. Twenty-eight members and guests present.

The club enjoyed a talk by Mr. Cooperider concerning the various phases of coin collecting and personal reminiscences. Mr. Kasberg read an explanatory paper, by William Brimelow, entitled "The Science of Numismatics."

Mr. Wood read a paper concerning the early coinage of America based on the James W. Ellsworth collection.

An excellent exhibit of Presidential medals was displayed by Julius Braun.

Following the meeting an auction was held.

Due to the fact that our secretary, Richard Whitney, was called for military service, the board of governors has selected Harry H. Garman, 2241 Carrollton Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind., to fill his unexpired term.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—55th meeting, November 28, President Fouts in the chair. There were 20 members and visitors present.

President Urch and his wife, of the Tacoma Coin Club, as well as the secretary, Mr. Woodford, were present as guests.

President Fouts opened the meeting by giving a very interesting talk on the probable present monetary value of the thirty pieces of silver for which Christ was betrayed.

The meeting was then turned over to Mr. Wagner, whose subject for the evening was U. S. type coins. After an able presentation of his subject Mr. Wagner started considerable discussion as to when types taper off into varieties.

It was finally decided to carry this matter over until the next meeting so as to allow the members time to prepare an answer to this question.

The display of types was by far the best ever shown by the club, the specimens dating from 1793 to the present time. Many of the later dates were uncirculated and proof.

Mr. Urch's mountings drew considerable attention. His exhibits were mounted in lucite blocks drilled to fit the coins, with watch crystals to hold them in place. This made a very attractive display.

Lunch was served following adjournment.

BURLINGTON COIN CLUB—Regular meeting, December 2, with 11 members and 11 guests present.

Ted Hammer spoke on the origin of money and displayed a U. S. type set for the benefit of visitors.

It was decided to not hold the Dec. 16 meeting, in view of the holiday season. The annual election will be held at the meeting the night of Jan. 6 at the Chamber of Commerce. Dr. A. V. Eisenhart, president, will talk on coins of the Bible.

It was voted to suspend dues of all members leaving to serve in the army, navy or other branches of the service. B. B. Jeffrey, a charter member and lieutenant in the naval reserve, leaves December 16.

Stanley Smith, of the local club, is exhibiting a sword shaped from Chinese coins, given him by a friend who had it in his possession for 30 years.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—December 12. The sixty-sixth meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with thirty-five members and guests present.

Howard D. Egolf was elected to membership.

Richard T. Hooper presented a paper, illustrated with slides, "Denarii of the Twelve Caesars of Rome, 46 B. C. to 96 A. D.," which showed careful study and preparation and gave us much interesting information.

The greater part of the evening was taken up by the appointment of committees for the coming A. N. A. Convention. The exact dates for the Convention have been established—August 16 to 21, at the Benjamin Franklin Hotel.

Because Philadelphia and the vicinity contain so many historic points of interest to the tourist, it is suggested that all members plan to take their vacations at the time of the Convention and spend the balance visiting this area, including Atlantic City, Baltimore, Washington and New York.

An auction followed the meeting.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—33rd meeting, December 13, President John M. Carls presiding. Fourteen members and four visitors present.

Arthur Jones, Richard Yeoman and John R. Stewart gave an interesting report of the annual banquet and exhibit of the Chicago Coin Club which they attended on November 23.

Gale V. Highsmith, president of the South Milwaukee Numismatic Society, extended invitations to all our members to attend their annual banquet to be held the second Thursday of January.

President Carls urged a full attendance at the next meeting, because of the election of new officers.

Mr. Highsmith donated an 1878-S Trade dollar to the club.

Richard Yeoman, banquet chairman, urged all committeemen to be present at the next meeting so plans can be formed for the annual club banquet to be held in March.

Exhibits at this meeting were as follows:

Karl Borseth: 1937 King George VI Coronation set, brilliant proof gold.

Louis Wilczynski: 1855 cent pattern piece, proof. 1909 ¼, ½ and 1 dwt. short arm Alaska gold piece, Unc.

John R. Stewart: 1907-D \$20 gold piece, Unc.; 1923-D \$20 gold piece, Unc.

Joseph Martin: 1798 half Spade guinea George III, extra fine.

ONEONTA COIN CLUB—November 8. Seventeen persons attended the ninth meeting of the Oneonta Coin Club, which was held at the home of the secretary-treasurer, Mrs. Howard Wilson. There were eight members and nine guests present.

Marshall Hutchinson, president of the Oneonta Coin Club, introduced Edwin Van Kleeck, president of the Albany society. He exhibited a complete set of U. S. large cents, cathedral medals and Bryan dollars.

Willis J. McKinney, secretary-treasurer of the Albany club, showed a complete set of commemorative half dollars and commemorative gold pieces, giving the history of each commemorative.

Laurence Clough, past president of the Albany group, showed sales tax tokens.

Howard Kurth displayed ancient and odd pieces.

Howard Hardstock showed U. S. proof and uncirculated cents.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—236th meeting, November 13, with 27 members and four guests present. Judge Sawicki presided.

Mr. Spencer gave a most timely talk on the territory comprising the Balkan region, which was once known mainly as Dacia.

Judge Sawicki appointed two committees—the nominating and program committees. Members of the nominating committee are A. P. Spencer, chairman; H. J. Law, J. Simko, F. Hahlen and W. P. Beck. Program committee, F. A. Mellon, chairman; W. M. Jacka, Fred Roth, A. P. Spencer and O. C. Budde. They will arrange details for the forthcoming annual banquet.

Exhibits were as follows:

Ambrose P. Spencer: 15 Roman Republican coins, illustrating the early numis-

matic history of Rome as it related to its domination over the territory now known as the Balkans.

Joseph F. Sawicki: Crowns of Dalmatia, Ragusa; 50 dinara of Yugoslavia, Alexander I; 5 lei of Carol I of Rumania; 5 drachma of George I of Greece; crown of George Rakoczy of Transylvania.

Edgar G. Bell: A collection of crown-size and $\frac{3}{4}$ -crown size coins of the world.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—November 21. Sixteen members were present. Dr. Hepting presided.

Mr. Rehula and Mr. Gibbs reported on the annual meeting of the Youngstown Coin Club.

Notice was taken of the death of one of our members, Herbert W. Walker, of Warren, Ohio.

Discussion on the Penn-Ohio Association of Coin Clubs and the Pittsburgh Coin Club, it was voted to hold a meeting on Saturday afternoon and evening, April 26, at the Fort Pitt Hotel and arrangements were left to Mr. Gibbs.

Exhibits were as follows:

Dr. Gillis: Washington medals.

Mr. Kontrick: Chinese Bridge Coin, Ceylon fishhook money and Sprinzenstein dollar.

Mr. Kerr: Six Chinese silver coins.

Mr. Rehula: 1849 Moffatt Co. \$5 gold piece.

Mr. Gibbs: Thirty rare foreign crowns.

Mr. Leyton: Foreign gold, Columbia $2\frac{1}{2}$ pesos, Bremen ten mark.

It was decided that we would not hold an annual dinner meeting this year, but would have ladies' night on the evening of the regular January meeting.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—299th meeting, October 30. Sixteen members and six guests were present.

The Membership Committee reported one member ready for balloting.

The secretary advised that he had received a letter from Mr. Fogler stating that he had put the library items in order and put them under lock and key in Mr. Webb's office. He stated that, inasmuch as it appeared that Mr. Fogler was now permanently connected with Messrs. Webb and Parker, this would be the best way of preserving our property during Mr. Webb's absence. It was decided to leave the library in Mr. Webb's office until further action was taken by the society.

Harry Cutler was elected to membership.

Mr. Wilson reported the sixth anniversary meeting of the Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco.

The Secretary called attention to the fact that ANA and ANS memberships would make excellent Christmas presents.

Mr. Redfield, who was the speaker of the evening, delivered a most interesting talk on numismatic photography. He demonstrated with equipment which he owns and showed specimens of his own work in photographing coins, medals and paper money. He outlined his reasons for being interested in numismatic photography and complimented the photography which is the basis of the illustrations in *The Numismatist*.

An auction was held.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—November 11. Meeting called to order by President Bushnell. Eighteen members were present.

A. B. Kelley reported that after correspondence with Mr. Rowold, of the Heart of America Numismatic Association, it had been decided to postpone the visit of our society to Kansas City until next spring.

Arrangements were made for the program committee to convene shortly after Thanksgiving to plan programs for the next several meetings. Mr. Saab offered suggestions for bringing new members into the club.

An exhibition of Mr. MacCauley's French coins and medals from 1664 to 1920 will be sponsored by our society for two weeks in November, in the book department of Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney, Inc. This is an exhibit the club may well be proud of.

We were lucky in having two speakers for the evening. Mr. Saab gave a talk on gold coins of countries recently conquered by Germany, covering his exhibition of the evening. John H. Snow followed with a most interesting talk on Bryan Money or tokens in connection with his remarkable exhibit of the same. Mr. Snow is quite an authority on this subject and has had his collection for a number of years.

An auction was held.

BURLINGTON COIN CLUB—November 18, at the home of Misses Gladys and Lucille Nelson, in the form of a Thanksgiving party, marked by a display and paper on Colonial coins. James Wendlandt read a paper on Colonial coins. It was decided to have the December 2 meeting at the Chamber of Commerce open to the public, with each member pledged to bring a prospective member. After a talk on "The Origin, History and Romance of Money," there will be a forum period.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—November 21, at the Lehigh Valley Shrine Club.

Mr. S. Beal was awarded the door prize.

At our meeting in December we will have a coin quiz, H. N. Shepherd and Dr. Bortz to supply the questions and all members in attendance the answers. A new feature will be inaugurated namely, exchange night. All members to bring their duplicates they wish to exchange.

Mr. Stanley and Harvey Adams, of the newly formed Reading Coin Club, were in attendance, and Mr. Stanley gave an interesting talk on the organization of the Reading club about two months ago. Starting with three or four members, they now have a membership of twenty-two.

The return of the five per cent. auction fee was put in effect. This charge will be made to all members who sell coins at any of the auctions in the future.

The club wore the new identification badges for the first time. These badges have the name and address of the member and create good fellowship among the members.

The nomination of officers for the coming year were in order and the committee in charge submitted the following: President, H. N. Shepherd, Palmerton, Pa.; vice-president, Dr. John Bortz, Allentown, Pa.; secretary, John M. Gallagher, Allentown, Pa.; treasurer, Kenneth Lobb, Pen Argyl; curator, A. J. Smith, Palmerton, Pa.; board of directors, P. M. Ziegler, Palmerton, and E. A. Acker, Allentown.

A short auction followed.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—November 25. Acting chairman, Shepard Pond. Thirteen members and three guests were present.

Three applications for membership were received.

The members were informed of the society's great loss in the recent death of our colleague and President, Morgan H. Stafford. Mr. Pond read a testimonial which he had prepared and it was voted to incorporate it in the permanent records of the Society and to send a copy to Mrs. Stafford. All present rose and stood in silence for a moment out of respect to our departed comrade.

The secretary announced a donation to the society's library—a booklet and supplement, "Our Metallic Money" (by E. O. Webb), from the New Netherlands Coin Company of New York. Also a donation of two medals were received from Mr. Pond.

The 25th anniversary medal of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, which was received from Harvey L. Hansen, secretary of the above society and sent with his compliments. Also a presidential medal of Moritz Wormser, struck by the New York Coin Club. The Society was pleased to receive these medals and a vote of thanks was given to Mr. Pond.

There was some discussion relative to the listing of the Boston Numismatic Society as "Branch No. 8 of the American Numismatic Association" in the A. N. A. Directory. It was pointed out that this error in listing has persisted for some time and that much correspondence had transpired in the past relative to it. The members were informed that the Boston Numismatic Society was founded in 1860 and is not a "branch" of any other organization. It is hoped that this error in listing will not occur again.

There was some comments relative to a new book on "John Hull."

The members were informed that Mr. Pond gave a talk on "Numismatics, the Study of Coins and Medals," at the November 20 meeting of the "Club of Odd Volumes" in Boston.

Horace M. Grant was called upon to say a few words. He spoke with feeling relative to the death of our president and also of that of Moritz Wormser, and told of his many pleasant associations with them in the past. He then commented briefly on John Hull and exhibited a Pine Tree shilling. He also spoke of the efforts being made to obtain the cooperation of the various New England numismatic societies and of the value of such cooperation, both locally and to the A. N. A. in general. He outlined a plan for the advancement of numismatics by having the various numismatic societies donate numismatic books and literature to local libraries so that members and others might have easy access to them. This plan is being carried out by the Rhode Island Coin Club, and Mr. Grant showed bound volumes of The Numismatist with "R. I. C. C." stamped on the binding, which was being donated to the Providence Library. This plan was well thought of by those present, and it was agreed that numismatics might be further advanced were this procedure general throughout the country. He also spoke briefly on the A. N. A. Convention at Detroit and exhibited a collection of attributed Japanese old gold and silver coins, with comments as to how he happened to obtain it. Mr. Gifford and others commented on this collection. Mr. Grant told some amusing anecdotes during his talk.

Hans Schulman was next called on and he expressed his sympathies in the society's great loss. He brought us news and greetings from his father, who is known to many of the members. He then exhibited a representative collection of odd and curious money from various parts of the world and gave an interesting account of the history of the various pieces.

The chairman and the members expressed their pleasure in having Mr. Grant and Mr. Schulman with us. A vote of thanks was given them for their interesting talks and exhibits.

Mr. Grant invited the members to attend the January meeting of the Rhode Island Coin Club.

Mr. Vikre brought us greetings from our member, Lieut. Dodson.

The members then examined and discussed the exhibits which were as follows: Mr. Grant: Pine Tree shilling. Collection of Japanese old gold and silver coins attributed and mounted on a large card.

Mr. Subak: Collection of Conder tokens and related coins.

Mr. Lowenstam: Several medals and crowns.

Dr. Steinberg: Two pattern silver dollars, 1879.

Mr. Schulman: Collection of odd and curious money from various and remote regions of the globe. This included some rare items.

HEART OF AMERICA NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—November 11. There were 21 members and visitors present.

Mr. Rowold made a report from the St. Louis Coin Club as to their not being able to attend the two-day meeting, so the meeting was postponed until a later date.

Mr. Carr donated an 1846 O mint half dollar in good condition to be auctioned for the club's fund.

It was decided to hold our next meeting on December 7 (Saturday) instead of December 9, and that date will be set for a banquet for the club and will constitute the regular Monday meeting.

It was decided that 50 lots of auction material be turned in for the auction. Motion made and carried that the treasurer pay for a set of proof coins for prizes at the next meeting.

Perry Swofford's resignation was put before the members of the club. The members gave a rising vote of thanks for the good work that he has done as secretary in the last 20 months. Mr. Max Morgenroth was elected to fill the unexpired term. Mr. Swofford's resignation is due to the mobilization of the military forces.

Mr. Rowold announced that the two missing volumes of The Numismatist have been purchased and are now with the club's library.

President Helman gave a talk on one of the coin displays in Omaha, Neb.

TOLEDO COIN CLUB—98th meeting, October 28, President E. P. Harker presiding.

N. Levey, chairman of the entertainment committee, reported on the success of the second annual picnic, also on the first annual family picnic.

President Harker reported on the A. N. A. Convention held at Detroit and stated that several members attended.

Plans are being made to hold a luncheon in connection with the club's 100th meeting, to be held November 26.

C. C. Shroyer displayed a beautiful collection of uncirculated and proof quarters.

Papers were read as follows: "Money in Ethnology" and "Have Faith in America."

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—74th meeting, November 29. There were twenty members and four guests in attendance. N. J. Hoffman presided. Mr. Meder acted as secretary pro tem.

Mr. Meder, chairman of the entertainment committee, reported that the banquet at Van De Boom's last month was an outstanding success both from the social and the financial standpoints.

The visitors were then introduced and welcomed and three of them—Richard Hooser, Martin Zavis and Harlow A. Paulson, all of Milwaukee—applied for membership in our society.

Mr. Meder next urged all members of our organization to join the C. S. N. S. so that we could report a 100 per cent. enrollment of our membership, especially in view of the fact that our club will act as host of the C. S. N. S. convention here in Milwaukee next April.

Mr. Grieb next offered the use of his recreation room and home for the January meeting of our club. This kind offer was accepted with thanks.

Nominations for officers for 1941 were then called for, with the following slate of nominees to be voted on at our December meeting: President, Leon Grieb and N. J. Hoffman; vice-president, Lillard W. Culver; secretary, Harry Collura and R. E. Meder; treasurer, Thad. B. Olbinski; sergeant-at-arms, George Knippel and Carson Martinsen; librarian, H. L. Polzer.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—November 20, in the library of the Central Y. M. C. A., with 18 members and two guests present, the guests being Ira S. Reed, of Philadelphia, and Dan R. Staley, of Cumberland, Md. The meeting was called to order by President Wilson.

President Wilson stated that plans for the Hobby Show were progressing rapidly and has created enthusiasm in outside circles. President Wilson also changed the Hobby Show committee by appointing the entire membership to serve, with Member Johnson as vice-chairman and Member Funkhouser as display manager. The date for the Hobby Show was set for the week beginning April 14, 1941.

The meeting was adjourned and turned over to our guest, Mr. Reed. He displayed a collection of gold, silver and copper coins which was probably the most valuable display ever shown at one time to the members of this club or anywhere else in Cumberland. Mr. Reed also gave a short talk on coin collecting and the advantages of collecting the best coins obtainable.

YOUNGSTOWN NUMISMATIC CLUB—November 9, President Lawrence in the chair. The twelfth annual banquet and coin display was held at this meeting, more than a hundred members and guests attended the display and auction, and 44 attended the banquet, at which Sheriff Ralph Elser presided as toastmaster.

Arthur Morgan, a charter member of the club, was elected to honorary membership.

J. L. Gibson, New Castle, Pa., and Mrs. Elizabeth Kabealo were elected to membership.

The club voted to become a member of the Penn-Ohio Coin Association.

Fred J. Douglas, a member of U. S. Secret Service, gave a talk on "Know Your Money," and the Government film on this subject was shown.

Displays were as follows:

Ray Lawrence: U. S. Cents, 1793 to date; foreign crowns of the world; money of the world with birds, fish, animals, reptiles and other outdoor objects on them.

Wm. T. Schumann: Complete set of commemorative half dollars and Civil War cents.

A. F. Smith: 50 Ohio broken-bank bills; currency issued by various national banks in Ohio and Pennsylvania, first issue.

George Officer: Colonial paper currency of the original States and Continental Currency.

Mrs. L. B. Hyland: Complete set of nickels, shield, liberty and buffalo, in proof or uncirculated condition; 3c. silver and nickel complete in proof or uncirculated condition.

Clyde Richardson: Complete set proof cents, 1856 to 1909-S; complete set proof trade dollars; U. S. dollars, including 1836 and 1839 Gobrecht; set of half dollars, many proof.

Don H. Davis: Hard Times tokens; uncirculated U. S. half cents; U. S. patterns and Colonial copper.

Arthur Morgan: U. S. currency, 1880 to 1934, \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, and fractional currency.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—November 28. Twenty members were present. Mr. Friburg, of Chicago, being still in Baltimore, was again our guest.

Mr. Hall, chairman of the special program committee, made his report for the gala meeting we held on November 7.

Mr. Duffield reported that he had secured a bid for the new booklets for our club and he was asked to have them printed.

Louis A. Eliasberg was proposed for membership by Mr. Straus and Mr. Austin. This was held over to our next meeting.

Mr. Cockey related his experience recently with the Boy Scout interest in numismatics and suggested that the club make up a small collection of coins to give to the Scouts in order to increase interest.

Mr. Friburg, our visitor from Chicago, displayed a number of Presidential medals he had just purchased at the Philadelphia Mint while on his visit to the East.

The program committee reported that Mr. Austin would exhibit his collection of fractional currency and read a paper at the next meeting on December 5 and that Mr. Straus would also exhibit.

An auction was held.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—79th meeting November 19. President Jacob called the meeting to order and presided over a gathering of 21 members.

The minutes of the joint meeting of the board of governors and the nominating committee was read and he was unanimously elected to membership.

Copies of "Our Metallic Money," with supplement to 1938, was sold to members. Mr. Marsden, Librarian, received a gift copy for the club from Mr. Bullowa.

Mr. Massey read a very interesting paper on the effects of coinage during the present World War, with a nice selection of coins to illustrate. A short paper was read by Mr. Marsden. This paper accompanied a case of eighteenth century English tokens which was presented to the Hiawatha Lodge, No. 434, F. & A. M., and assembled by A. H. Baldwin, of London, England. Mr. Stack read a paper on the Fugio cent.

Topics of the evening: Fugio cents; U. S. Nickels, 1866 to 1912; coins of Italy; Roman coins of the third century, and items of your own interest. Exhibits were placed and explained. Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Stephens: Series of eighteenth century English tokens depicting buildings which have been destroyed in present war, and a collection of about 250 notes issued by early railroads of the U. S.

Mr. Sghia: Roman bronzes and denarii of third century.

Mr. Skipton: Collection of coins of Italy and a few proof nickels.

Mr. Massey: Italian 1935 steel money set; 2 Chinese and Japanese aluminum coins; Chinese rubber 1/10 yuan; 4 Belgian 5 and 10 centimes; 2 Norway 5-ore pieces and 2 Greek 10-lepta pieces.

Mr. Kosoff: Aureus of Lucius Verus, uncirculated; stater of Philip II of Macedon, and \$2.50 Bechtler.

Mr. Bellus: Type set of U. S. nickels, and 1797 silver dollars, 10x6 and 9x7.

Mr. Dewey: Selection of minor coins of Italy and 2 varieties of Fugio cent.

Mr. Rippner: Set of 3 cents nickel, set of Indian head cents, 1893 proof set, and 1894 proof set.

Mr. Cox: Three types of nickels from 1866 to 1883; 1939 Italian steel money; mistakes of large cent and 1940 Jefferson nickel; \$3 note of 1830 and \$1 note of 1861, both of the Chemical Bank.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—December 5. Meeting called to order after dinner in the Hotel Plaza dining room by President William H. Arthur. Thirteen members and one guest were present.

Mrs. Brookes read a very interesting paper on Danish World War emergency money—paper kroner.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Nettleship: X Y Z series of experimental notes; coins of Yugoslavia, Zealand and Zurich.

Mr. Herwig: Double-headed Jefferson nickel; ten francs French gold.

Mr. Arthur: A collection of denarii struck at Rome and Antioch from a recent hoard (117-217 A. D.).

Mr. Zepfler: Willkie campaign buttons.

Mr. May: Czecho-slovakia decorations, orders and war medals, including the Order of the Lion, the Sokol Order, the War Cross with various bars, and the Victory medal.

Mr. Simms: Various U. S. Gold.

Mr. Carpenter: Four types of the denarii of Clodius Albinus, struck in Rome, Cohen 9, 48, 55 and 61; also two types struck in Lugdunum by the above, who was Governor of Britain and later usurper in the western part of the empire.

Mr. Pukall: Canadian Wellington tokens, 967 to 987, extra fine.

Mrs. Brookes: Danish coins from Fred. II to Christian X, also Danish necessity notes, medals and tokens.

Mr. Brookes: Transportation tokens; medal celebrating 100th anniversary of the Seventh Regiment, National Guard of New York; Campaign token of Al Smith. Edmund W. May, of 43-14 159th St., Flushing, Queens, N. Y., was elected to membership.

Mr. Brookes was announced as chairman of the annual dinner committee. Financing and procedure at the dinner was very thoroughly discussed. It was voted to hold the price of the dinner to \$1.50 and pay the difference in cost out of the Treasury if receipts from an auction were insufficient. It was agreed to hold an auction at the next meeting with every member donating one item.

It was voted to have a third annual token struck similar to the one struck last year, and the question of a ladies' gift was left to the committee.

President Arthur appointed Messrs. Zepfler, Carpenter and Herwig as a reception committee at the dinner. The dinner will be held on February 6 at the Plaza Roof Garden. An early response is earnestly requested from prospective attendants.

Mr. Zepfler proposed that the treasurer be instructed to hold in escrow as cash or securities a certain sum each year which would be used to pay for a club medal at the fifth anniversary. Mr. Herwig moved and Mr. Zepfler seconded a motion to put aside \$25 of the club funds this year for this purpose. The motion was unanimously adopted and a general agreement was made to do the same next year.

The hope was expressed that Mr. Boyd could be persuaded to be our speaker at the dinner. Mr. Carpenter requested that an effort be made by Jersey City Club members who are members of other clubs to bring members of the other clubs to the dinner.

Mr. Carpenter announced and the club was pleased to know that Mr. Husker had been elected a member of the Council of the A. N. S. Mr. Husker announced that a lecture by Dr. Ives would be given at the society Saturday next on the English noble and its imitations.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—December 3, President Woodside was in the chair. Eleven members and one guest were present.

The dinner committee announced that plans had been completed for the dinner meeting to be held on December 7 at the Harvard-Yale-Princeton Club, Pittsburgh.

Mr. Reidenbach, who specialized in Ancient coins, gave an interesting talk on his method of cataloguing, and explained how he is able to give his coins thorough study by enlarged photographs.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Woodside: 19 U. S. Commemorative half dollars; English coins; pattern half crown by L. C. Wyon, 1876; pattern shilling of Victoria, by Wyon, 1856; Scotland, James VI, fifth coinage, 40 shillings, 1582.

Mr. DeVos: U. S. half dollars of 1795, 1839, 1879, 1882; eight commemorative half dollars; Isabella quarter.

Mr. Gaede: A tray of patterns, including several U. S. rarities.

Mr. Porter: Complete set of uncirculated commemorative half dollars; several proof half dollars.

Mr. Eastwood: Nine early commemorative half dollars.

Mr. Scaife: U. S. half dollars, 1794 to 1822, good to fine.

Mr. Hall: Tray of miniature Lincoln pieces.

Mr. Laughlin: Tray of early half dollars and commemoratives.

Mr. Coatsworth: U. S. half dollars, 1916 to 1933-S, uncirculated; 1918 over '17-S quarter, uncirculated.

CORTLAND COIN CLUB—79th meeting, December 5, with eight members and two guests present.

Election of officers resulted as follows: President, H. K. Crofoot; vice-president, James Rolfe; secretary, Linda Smith; treasurer, Dan Frost.

Arthur Knight read a very interesting paper on "Smallest Republic in the World" and passed for inspection different monies used by the republic.

Meeting adjourned to meet at the home of Dan Frost on the second Thursday in January, Carl Verrier is to entertain with moving pictures.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—December 9. Meeting called to order by President Williams with twelve members and four guests present.

An invitation was received from the Toronto Coin Club to a banquet meeting with them in the spring. President Williams appointed Messrs. Taylor and Papineau to work out a plan and time to accept the invitation.

Mr. Speath, a member, presented the club with a medal of George Washington to be placed with the club collection.

President Williams appointed Mr. Cage to make plans, together with Mr. Hopkins, for the 1941 club token.

J. W. Kennis, formerly of Cleveland, Ohio, brought some of his collection to show members. There were many fine examples of proof and uncirculated coins of all denominations.

The secretary was instructed to notify all members to bring a gift of numismatic interest for a blind Christmas present to the next meeting.

An auction was held.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—300th meeting, November 19, with President Schulz presiding. Seventeen members and three guests were present.

President Schulz advised the membership of the death of our esteemed member, Dr. Hoffman, who passed away on November 16. Several of the members spoke feelingly of the loss to our society. The secretary was instructed to write Mrs. Hoffman a letter of condolence.

The program committee advised that the program for the evening was to have consisted of a talk on "Old Spanish Coins" by Mr. Kraft. Mr. Kraft asked to be excused from giving the program.

Mr. Fogler advised that the library had been arranged, a list made and that a lock would be purchased for the bookcases, and that books would be loaned only to members of the society.

It was decided to hold the next meeting on December 11. Mr. Knabenschuh suggested that a Christmas party be held after the meeting, at which the ladies would be invited and that prizes would be distributed. This plan was adopted.

President Schulz appointed the following nominating committee: Messrs. Werling, Connor and Harris.

Mr. Wilson spoke regarding the findings in one of the northern counties of a \$50.00 United States Assay Office slug.
The meeting was adjourned in memory of Dr. Hoffman.
An auction was held.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—December 9. After calling the club to order, Mr. Bushnell, our president, announced that because of the unusual attraction for the evening, the auction would be held at once, thus allowing the Rev. Claude H. Heithaus, S. J., as much time as necessary for the showing of his colored slides of Pompeii, taken during his recent sojourn in Italy and Greece.

Following the auction Mr. Bushnell announced that membership applications had been received from A. A. Taylor, Walter Vredenburg and Oliver W. Steele.
Ice cream and cake were served the 28 members and visitors during a short intermission.

We were then most pleasantly entertained by the comments of Father Heithaus during the showing of the slides, which were remarkably clear and interesting and beautiful in coloring.

Exhibits were as follows:

Sam Bushnell: Broken bank bills.

V. H. Frick: Philippine coinage. Under Spanish rule; 1906-08 proof sets; 1920 Wilson dollars in copper and silver; duplicate commemorative sets of 1937.

A. B. Kelley: Pattern coins in denominations of nickels, quarters and half dollars.

G. E. May: U. S. gold by denominations; fractional currency.

F. K. Saab: Old and new Greek gold; Egyptian gold from time of Crusades to current coinage.

DES MOINES COIN CLUB—December 6, 57th meeting, Dr. N. M. Hansen, presiding. Fifteen members and three visitors were present.

The chairman appointed Mr. Radke and Mr. Swanson to act as a nominating committee for the annual meeting in January.

Mr. Radke displayed his collection of small cents and Mr. Swanson his set of 1793 large cents.

Mr. Radke reported on the special meeting to be held in January, at which time moving pictures will be shown by a Treasury Department operative on "Know Your Money." This meeting will be held at the Savery Hotel at a date in January to be definitely set later on.

The usual auction followed adjournment.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—108th meeting. December 9, with President Randolph presiding. Fifteen members and three guests present.

The members nominated for the 1941 officers were unanimously elected. They are J. C. Archer, president; C. J. Stotts, vice-president; Nicholas K. Sharp, secretary; Elmer Henderson, treasurer; Dr. J. M. Henderson, curator.

Herman Chaney was elected to membership.

Our policy is for members to bring displays and give a brief description. Those given were as follows:

Elmer Henderson: Crowns.

Vic Chambers: Fractional currency.

Mr. Skidmore: One-half cent pieces.

Dr. Henderson: Presidential medals.

Bruce Ruggles: Set of coins of the year 1893.

Nick Sharp: 1940 coins with clipped edges and die breaks.

Geo. Andrews: Government stamped bank checks and oddities in early checks.

A committee was appointed to purchase some books that would be helpful to each member to determine just what that coin is or any other information that he is seeking.

An auction was held.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—December 5th. Regular meeting, with 17 members present.

Louis Eliasberg, proposed for membership at the last meeting, was unanimously elected a member of the club.

Murray Heiserman read us a few notes he had observed in the press lately on numismatic items of interest.

Our question box yielded us a few questions which led to a little discussion.

The program committee announced that the program night for January tentatively would be devoted to U. S. coins before 1810; for February meeting, obsolete and old bank notes, and for March, crown or dollar size coins of the world.

This was our program night and the feature was an exhibition of U. S. fractional currency by Messrs. Theodore Austin and Philip G. Straus, both of whom showed very beautiful collections of this paper currency in uncirculated condition. Most of us have rarely seen such nice specimens. In addition, Mr. Austin read a paper on the subject in which he traced the history of the various issues and otherwise described them. At the conclusion the members showed their appreciation by a vote of thanks.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Second meeting, December 6. Twelve members were present and five new members were admitted.

The adoption of the by-laws and President Hurst's nomination of exhibit, publicity, membership, auction and librarian committees took up most of our time.

A photograph for publication in the Sunday edition of the Richmond Times-Dispatch was taken of all members in a group.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB INC.—91st meeting, December 4, with Mr. Kosoff, president, in the chair. Twenty members were present.

It was decided to hold our January meeting on January 8th.

The following were elected officers of the club for 1941: President, Max M. Schwartz; vice-president, Charles P. Knoth; secretary, Lewis M. Reagan; treasurer, Nat. E. Heft; librarian, Joseph Silverman. Mr. St. Martin and Mr. Frank were elected members of the executive committee.

Mr. Schwartz read his paper on Trade dollars.

Mr. Darrow read a very interesting paper on the "Copper Coins of Venezuela."

Mr. Reagan read a fine paper on the Coins of Cleopatra.

R. Friedberg was unanimously elected to membership.

The following were announced as the topics for the January meeting: Canadian tokens; Coins of Switzerland; Hard Times tokens.

The following exhibits were shown:

Mr. Friedberg: Switzerland, 5 francs, 1928; New Zealand, crown, 1935; Australia, crown, 1937; India rupee, 1893, all in proof.

Mrs. Brookes: Two frames of Danish coins.

Mr. Brookes: 29 transportation tokens.

Mr. Hegarty: Copper coins of Venezuela.

Mr. Schmidt: 10 Siam porcelain tokens; new issues of Japan in aluminum-bronze and aluminum.

Mr. Schwartz: Trade dollars, regular and pattern, A.-W. 1308.

Mr. Darrow: Several Venezuelan coins consisting of Caracas Royalist coins, Republic de Venezuela and Estados Unidos de Venezuela.

Mr. Sghia: $\frac{1}{4}$ marional of Magnentius, 350-353 A. D.; 24 coins of Saxony and 9 coins of Venezuela.

Mr. Reagan: Denarius of Marc Antony and Cleopatra.

Mr. Knoth: Crowns of Ragusa, 1771, and Modena, 1796, with bust of Hercules III.

Mr. Morgenthau: Commemorative medal, obverse, full bust of Pike; legend, "Zebulon Montgomery Pike, 1779-1813." Reverse, the Peak, "Colorado, 1806-1906." Brass token showing "Largest Hydraulic Lift in the World." Vertical lift 65 feet. Peterborough, Ga. Six transportation tokens of the Muscatine Iowa Bridge Company.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—75th meeting, December 6. 75th regular meeting called to order by President A. J. Pilmaier. Ten regular members and three guests were in attendance.

It was decided that the next meeting of the club should be held in the Public Library. The purpose of this meeting, of course, is to inspect the famous Byron Reed coin collection housed in that building.

Mr. Sigler, of Washington, D. C., one of our guests, gave us a very interesting talk about the books related to coins and allied subjects. He is at present preparing a bibliography of all the books written in English on this subject. At present he has a list of over two thousand books and pamphlets. He spoke of the close relationship between numismatics and economics, the arts and some of the theories on gold. In his opinion, the real fun of numismatics is based primarily upon the knowledge we gain about the subject. Mr. Sigler is an authority on Colonial coins and had with him a manuscript of over two hundred pages which he hopes to have published under the title "Coins of Colonial America." Mr. Sigler went into this subject and told us some of the very early history connected with these early coins dealing with how they were struck, the history behind them, the early mints, etc. Mr. Sigler paid our city a high compliment in saying that our Library has one of the most complete libraries on coins of any city in the country, with the exception possibly of New York and Chicago. He also felt that the Byron Reed Collection is the most interesting coin collection in America, due to the wide variety and careful selection of the coins. These, as we know, include a very complete collection of United States coins, a large number of patterns and trial pieces, as well as case after case of ancient and foreign coins.

Mr. Sigler had an interesting exhibit of Siamese and Chinese glass and porcelain coins, as well as an interesting exhibit of a number of books which he had recently acquired.

Another interesting exhibit was that of some ancient coins by Mr. Kroeger, of our club.

NORTHWEST COIN CLUB—December 5, 1940 meeting of the Northwest Coin Club at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis to elect officers for 1941.

The election of officers was held, as follows: President, Ernest W. Nelson, Minneapolis, Minn.; vice-president, Adolph Debbert, St. Paul; secretary, James Benane, Minneapolis; treasurer, Hjalmer Carlson, St. Paul; historian, Oce Curtis, Minneapolis. President J. L. Montgomery will automatically become a trustee of the club, the other two (ex-presidents) being W. T. Hartman and C. L. Berggren.

The Northwest Coin Club, Twin City Philatelic Society and the Twin City Precancel Club will conduct a joint coin and stamp exhibit in the East Room of the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis from March 5 to 9, inclusive. Past experience proves that public shows like this are a great help in holding present members and gaining new ones.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—153d regular meeting was attended by thirty-five members and their guests.

The nominating committee presented for reelection the names of the 1940 officers, namely Adolph Larson, Jr., for president; Earle K. Stanton, secretary; B. T. Story, treasurer, together with E. D. Stinson for vice-president. The men were then elected by acclamation to serve for the ensuing year.

Reports of the club's activities during the past year were made by the president and the treasurer and duly approved.

Mr. Jorgensen, on behalf of the banquet committee, reported that arrangements had been made for the annual banquet to be held at the Stowell Hotel on

January 7, 1941, at which time a joint installation of officers of this club and of the Orange County Coin Club will take place.

Harry Golding was admitted to membership in the club.

Mr. Wilson gave the club a most interesting report of a numismatic tour made by him covering the western part of the United States, including talks with mint officials, revealing the fact that the three-legged buffalo nickels were the result of an accumulation of dirt on the dies and that it was unknown how many of these freak coins were minted before discovery of the anatomical deficiency.

Kenneth Lee favored the club with an excellent paper on California gold coins, tracing the use of the precious metal from its first discovery in 1842 near Los Angeles, in Placerita Canyon, through the days of gold dust and gold nuggets and the coinage of private or territorial gold pieces. Many varieties of gold quarters, halves and dollars resulted, both round and octagonal, a fine exhibit of these pieces being described by Ed M. Lee, who is the author of a standard work on this subject.

The meeting closed with the usual auction.

TATHAM STAMP AND COIN CO. HAS NEW LOCATION.

The Tatham Stamp and Coin Company, Springfield, Mass., H. E. MacIntosh, manager, announces the moving of its office from 281 Belmont avenue to 85 Oakland street. This is the third move in ten years, each time



increasing its floor space by 100 per cent. They now occupy more than 4000 square feet of floor space and employ more than thirty people. The business is devoted to commercial philately and numismatics exclusively. The accompanying illustration is from a photograph of the office personnel.

WHY THICKNESS OF GOLD DOLLAR WAS REDUCED.

During the early years of the U. S. gold dollar it was discovered that they could be split in two, and the gold from the inside might be scraped away, lowering the metal value of the piece. The two halves were then cemented together and an attempt to pass them was made. The prevalence of this practice led to the adoption of a thinner planchet in 1854.

The Newfoundland \$2 gold coin, issued from 1870 to 1888, is struck on the English standard of fineness (916 thousandths), and weighs slightly less than two United States gold dollars.

Hugo Landecker A Suicide.

Word reaches us at the time of going to press of the death on December 20 of Hugo Landecker, of San Francisco, Cal., a member of the A. N. A. It is reported that officers said his death was caused by poison. He was found in his office by friends, who called an ambulance, and he was taken to a police emergency hospital, where he lived only a few hours.

Mr. Landecker was a jeweler and had been a collector of and dealer in coins in San Francisco for many years and was one of the best liked and most respected members of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society of San Francisco. He was convicted a week previously of the illegal possession of gold and had been sentenced to prison for two years, but was released on \$10,000 bail pending an appeal. He had been denied probation. He was 58 years old and is survived by his wife and five children.

RECENT NEWS NOTES.

Tangier—Spanish currency is now legal tender in Tangier, where formerly Moroccan francs had been the chief circulating medium. The Spanish forces occupying Tangier (formerly policed through international commission) made the changes effective the first week in November.

Italy—The shortage of nickel in Italy is causing serious official concern. Sixteen hundred metric tons were withdrawn when the steel money (acmonital) was placed in circulation, substituting the pure nickel coins. Italian officials expect to obtain an additional 2900 metric tons from the continued replacement of steel coins. Italy has used nickel coins since 1902. During the first World War the nickel coins were withdrawn and the metal used in military operations, but in 1919 pure nickel coins were again placed in circulation.

MISCELLANEOUS NUMISMATIC BRIEFS.

In 1621 a huge gold piece was struck in Poland to commemorate the victory over the Turks by the Poles under Sigismund III, King of Poland and Sweden. The obverse shows the portrait of the king, and the reverse, the crowned arms within the Order of the Golden Fleece. It has been struck in gold, in the 100, 90 and 60 ducat values. (At present 100 ducats is about \$385.00 in gold value.)

Henry of Valois was King of Poland 1573 to 1574. In 1574 he returned to France and reigned as Henry III. He was murdered in 1589. He struck no coins for Poland, but his French issues show he retained the title "Et Pol Rex."

Greenland issued a 50-ore note, showing as the central design a spotted seal.

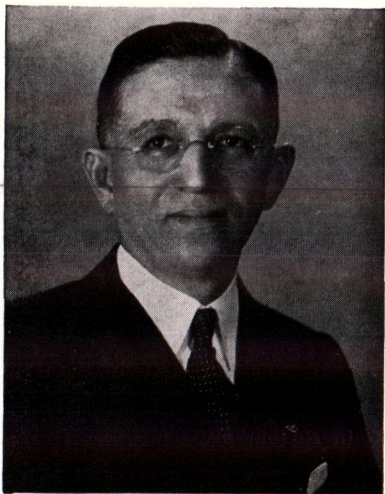
The Bank of Chosen issued pink and green 10-sen notes, payable in Japanese currency, with inscriptions in English, Russian, Japanese and Chinese.

We should like to inquire whether any of the readers of The Numismatist have ever seen a silver French 5-franc piece countermarked with the head of Francis II of Austria to pass in Lombardy for 6 lire.

The Congressional Medal of Honor is awarded for "conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy."

The Bank of Canada is authorized to "disinfect and sterilize" notes before reissuing them.

The B on the trident of the popularly called "Hongkong dollars" signifies the mint at Bombay. The mintmark I appears on the gold sovereigns struck for India, also indicating Bombay.



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Lull
Between
One Fine Sale
And Another Really
GREAT SALE!**

My Sale of October 29th contained over 2,100 lots, comprising more than Twelve Thousand Coins!

The Catalog and Price List may now be had for \$1.
(Price List alone, same price.)

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Including the 1804 Dollar and the 1822 Half Eagle! The ONLY Private Collection ever formed and to be offered which contains BOTH of these Greatest of All Rarities!

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Advance booklet of this Sale will be ready shortly. Better send for it now.

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A Very Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year**

RARE GOLD COINS

ARGENTINA 1842, 2 escudos, bust of Rojas, Restorador de las Leyes	Ex. F.	\$50.00
AUSTRIA 1915, 4 ducats	Brilliant proof	30.00
COSTA RICA 1900, 10 colones	Unc.	11.00
CZECHO-SLOVAKIA 1938, 10 ducats. St. Wenzelaus on horse	Brilliant proof	75.00
5 ducats same	Brilliant proof	45.00
2 ducats same	Brilliant proof	20.00
1 ducat same	Brilliant proof	12.00
FINLAND 1926, 200 Markkaa	Proof	15.00
FRANCE 1786, Double Louis d'or	Ex. F.	22.00
1857, 100 francs Napoleon III	Unc.	50.00
DANZIG Proof set in case consisting of 25 gulden gold (only 1000 struck), 5, 2, 1 and ½ gulden silver, 10 and 5 pfennigs nickel, 2 and 1 pfennig copper, dated 1923, and 1-5 gulden, silver dated 1935. Raymond's Nos. 1, 2, 3. In board with cellophane windows	Unc.	37.50
GERMANY 1829, 10 Thaler Geo. IV, Brunswick and Luneburg.	Ex. F. to Unc.	22.00
GUATEMALA 1926, 20 quetzales	Ex. F.	60.00
1926, 5 quetzales	V. F.	14.00
1874, 5 pesos	Unc.	40.00
INDIA 1835, 1 mohur	Proof	22.00
1870, 1 mohur	Proof	22.00
JUGOSLAVIA 4 ducats 1931	Brilliant proof	50.00
MEXICO 1866, 20.00 pesos Maximilian	V. F.	\$42.00
1921 and 1931, 50 pesos	Unc.	55.00
Other dates 50.00 pesos	Unc.	50.00
OAXACA 1870 20.00 pesos, yellow gold, rare mint	Unc.	45.00
OAXACA 1916 60.00 pesos. Rare	Brilliant	Unc. 300.00
1916 20.00 pesos, low grade gold	Unc.	20.00
1916 10.00 pesos	Unc.	10.00
1916 5.00 pesos	Unc.	5.00
PERU 1717, 8 scudos COB gold. The finest specimen we have seen	Ex. F.	75.00
SOUTH AFRICA 1902, EEN POND. Rev. Z. A. R. in monogram. Struck on battlefield. Crude. Very rare	Unc.	25.00
SWITZERLAND 1795, double pistole or duplone of Berne. Bear on obverse	Proof	52.50
1921, 100 francs commemorating Hunting Festival, in fine case	Proof	35.00
VENEZUELA 1889, 100 bolivares	Unc.	50.00
ENGLAND 1887, 5 pounds, Jubilee	Proof	60.00
1911, 5 pounds. Fine nick in edge	Unc.	50.00

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JANUARY 25th and 26th

2,000 lots of United States Coins

All series represented, including

1802 Half Dime in Strictly Very Good Condition

Collection of Pattern Cents. Over Sixty Different.

1856 Flying Eagle Cents. Five will be sold.

Early Silver Dollars, 1795-1803, in Unc. Condition.

\$50.00 Slug.

Set of Carson City Mint Half Dollars.

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This will be one of the Outstanding Sales of 1941

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**Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio Tri-State Meeting
held in Cincinnati, Ohio, January 25th and 26th**

The Cincinnati Coin Club will be host to collectors from these States and anyone else that cares to attend. If you are a collector or interested in coins, you are cordially invited to attend this meeting and my auction sale. Both the meeting and auction sale will be held in the beautiful Netherland Plaza Hotel. The boys from the C. C. C. are making elaborate plans for your pleasure and entertainment. There will be on display some of the finest Numismatic material in the country. Several talks by well-known Numismatists. A fine banquet at a very low cost. No other charges. Also, the auction that I am conducting will be equal to any held this year. A fine catalogue has been prepared and is yours for the asking.

**MAKE YOUR PLANS NOW TO ATTEND THE K. I. O. MEETING
JAN. 25th and 26th.**

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We have pleasure in advising subscribers to The Numismatist of the issue of three handsome new Greek coins to commemorate the Restoration of the Monarchy in 1935. These coins comprise the following denominations, and are issued in the strictly limited numbers indicated, at the following prices:

Denomination	Issue limited to	Price
GOLD 100 DRACHMAE 1935 (20-dollar size)	300	\$100.00 each
GOLD 20 DRACHMAE 1935 (4-dollar size)	750	\$20.00 each
SILVER 100 DRACHMAE 1935 (dollar size)	2000	\$3.00 each

As sole concessionaires for the sale of the coins, we have arranged with the following well-known dealers to accept orders for them:

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HALF CENTS

1795	No pole to cap, fair		\$1.75
1795	With pole, fair \$1.50; good	..	2.75
1800	good .90; about unc.		7.50
1803	very good	.....	.90
1804	Plain 4 stemless wreath, fine	.....	.90
1804	Crosslet 4, very fine	.....	.90
1804	Stems to wreath, v. g. to fine	.....	.80
1804	Spike to chin, very fine	.....	.95
1805	good .50; stemless wreath, good	.....	1.00
1806	Stemless wreath, v. good .65; fine	.....	.95
1807	good	.....	.50
1808	Perfect date, good .50; v. good	.....	.75
1809	good	.....	.65
1810	good .75; very good \$1.35; fine	.....	1.95
1811	good, scarce date \$3.35; v. good	.....	4.85
1826	good	.....	.45
1829	ex. fine	.....	.75
1832	very fine	.....	.55
1833	very fine	.....	.55
1834	very fine	.....	.50
1835	uncirculated \$1.50; fine	.....	.45
1851	about uncirculated \$1.25; v. fine	.....	.75
1853	very fine .60; uncirculated	.....	1.50
1854	very fine .55; uncirculated	.....	1.25
1855	fine .40; unc. part red \$1.25; unc. proof surface	.....	4.50
1856	very fine	.....	.75
1857	ex. fine .75; uncirculated	.....	1.75

COMMEMORATIVES AT BARGAINS

1921	Pilgrim	.....	\$4.90
1934	Texas	.....	1.20
1935	San Diego	.....	1.20
1935	Arkansas set	.....	7.50
1935-34	Boone	.....	1.40
1936	Arkansas set	.....	3.75
1935	D&S Boones pair	.....	5.95
1936	San Diego	.....	1.35
1936	Cleveland	.....	.85
1936	Boone		1.25
1936	Albany		1.45
1937	Texas set		3.95
1937	Oregon		1.25
1937	Boone		1.25

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We have a large stock of circulated Indian cents; Liberty head and Buffalo nickels; Barber and Mercury dimes; Morgan type and Liberty Standing Quarters; Morgan type and Liberty Standing half dollars. Prices quoted on your wants or we shall send on approval upon receipt of satisfactory references.

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Satisfaction guaranteed. Postage extra under \$3.00

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COMMEMORATIVE GOLD.
PROOF COINS.
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QUARTERS.
DOLLARS.
PIONEER GOLD.

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UNCIRCULATED COINS.
HALF CENTS.
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HALVES.
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No quantity too large or too small.

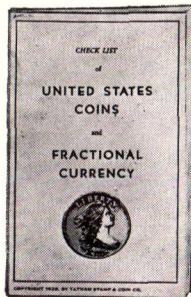
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Coin Collectors' Annual Catalog.

36 pages.

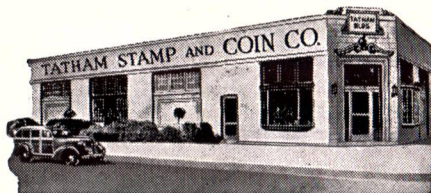
Over 300 illustrations.



Contains valuable diagrams and drawings, showing how to definitely classify such varieties as 1858 sm. & lg. letter cents; 1864 sm. motto 2c, etc.

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Catalogues Free—Price Lists 50 cents

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Send in your collection or consignment now, or as soon as convenient, to give us ample time for cataloguing. Our service is prompt. We give collections a lot of time and space, the benefits of our long experience of thirty-four years a collector and dealer in coins, and the satisfactory and successful conduct of one hundred thirty-six auction sales. Our mailing list is one of the largest to-day. Our sales are held regularly and frequently, and settlements are prompt. It will pay you to investigate our market before selling elsewhere. Write us a letter to-day. We do the rest.

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1799 over 98 H. 3. 7x6 stars. Extremely fine	17.50
1799 8x5 stars. About unc. with some mint lustre	30.00
1799 7x6 stars. Unc. with proof surface. Very sharp stars	22.50
1800 H. 15. Perfectly centered. About unc. Sharp impression	26.50
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Byzantium. Constantine III, 641-668. Solidus. BMC. 5. Fine	6.00
Holy Roman Empire. Joseph II, 1765-1790. Ducat, 1787 (Vienna mint). Very fine	5.50
Austria. Francis Joseph, 1848-1916. Ducat, 1863 (Vienna mint). Extremely fine	4.75
Hungary. Sigismund, 1410-1437. Ducat, n. d. Very fine	7.50
Sweden. 5 Kronor, 1894. Extremely fine	4.00
England. George III, 1760-1820. Sovereign 1820. Gr 853. Fine	10.00
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1922-D, 28-S	Ea. 2.35
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1922-S, 23-D	Ea. 1.85
1925-S, 26-S, 27-S	Ea. 2.95
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1906-D, 08-D	Ea. 1.15
1906-O, 07-O	Ea. 1.00
1908-O, 16-S	Ea. 1.00
1909-D, 09-O	Ea. 1.15
1908-S, 09-S	Ea. 1.85
1910-D, 14-D	Ea. 1.15
1910-S, 11-D	Ea. 1.85
1911-S, 12-S	Ea. 1.95
1931-D	Ea. .35
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1853, 54, 55	Ea. .60
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1862, 71, 72	Ea. .60
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1858 S. L., 61	Ea. 3.85
1859, 60	Ea. 2.75
1862, 63	Ea. .75
1864, 65 Bronze Ea.	1.00
1864 Bronze 08-S	Ea. 2.15
1866, 67	Ea. 3.85
1868, 78	Ea. 2.75
1873, 74	Ea. 2.35
1879, 86	Ea. 1.00
1880, 81, 82	Ea. .85
1883, 92	Ea. .85
1885	1.50
1887, 88, 89	Ea. .65
1890, 91, 93	Ea. .65
1894, 95, 96	Ea. .85
1897, 98, 99	Ea. .85
1900, 1901	Ea. .85
1902, 05, 06	Ea. .30
1903, 04, 09	Ea. .35
1907, 08	Ea. .30
1909-S VDB	2.15
1909-S	1.35
1930, 30-S, 34-D	Ea. .10
10 for	.75
1930-D, 31	Ea. .35
10 for	2.15
1929-D, 31-S	Ea. .35
1935-P-D-S, 36-P-D-S	Ea. .10
50 for	1.65
1937-S, 1938-P-D-S	Ea. .05
50 for	1.05
1939-P-D-S, 40-P-D-S	Ea. .05
50 for	.85
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1798 Lg. date	—	1.75	1824 Com. da.	.35	—	1840 S. date . . .	.20	.40
1800 over 98	—	5.00	1824 W. date	.40	.80	1840 L. date . . .	.20	.40
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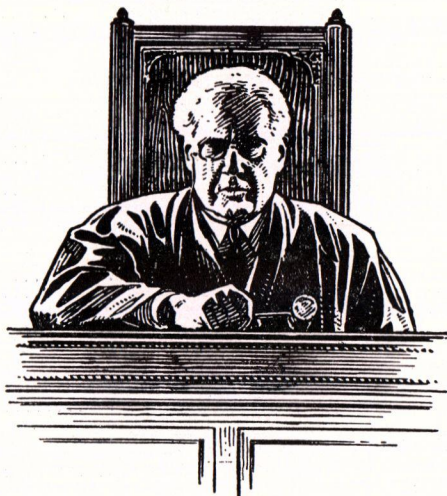
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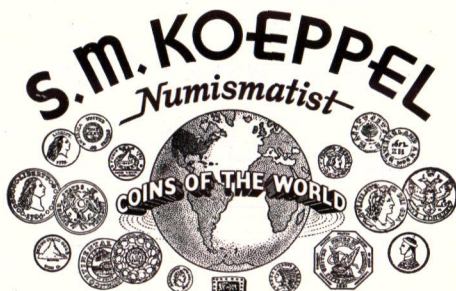
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1928-S	'29-S, 30-S Unc. each		1.00
1932-S	or '35-S Unc. each		1.00
1936, 37, 38, 39, 40	Unc. each		.50

United States Specials.

5 Diff. Comm. ½ ss', Unc.	.....	\$5.00
10 Diff. Comm. ½ ss', Unc.	.....	10.00
1923 Monroe Comm. ½ ss', Unc.	..	1.00
1915 Panama-Pacific ½ ss', Unc.	.....	9.75
1915 Panama-Pac. \$1 gold, Unc.	.....	4.75
1915 Pan.-Pac. \$2½ Gold, Unc.	.....	14.50
Complete Pan.-Pac. set in original case, uncirculated	.....	600.00
1799 U. S. Eagle, Very fine	....	32.50
1801 U. S. Eagle, Very fine	....	32.50
Norris, Grieg & Norris 1849 \$5 Gold Piece, Very fine	.....	45.00

Miscellaneous Foreign

75 coins of 75 countries, fine to Unc.	.....	5.00
100 Diff. Foreign coins, classified	.....	2.00
20 Diff. Foreign coins, unc.	.....	1.00
20 Diff. Mexican Coins, V. G. to fine	.....	1.00
20 Diff. Scandinavian, V. G. to fine	.....	1.00
CHINA:		
1912 Li Yuan Hung Dollar, Unc.	.....	4.00
1875 Complete set of "Silver Cakes" of Hunan, 1 to 10 Mace (10) X-Fine	.....	25.00
1896-1908, Dollars of Kwang Tung, Kiang Nan, Pei Yang, Kirin, Szechuan, each very good \$1.00; Fine	.....	1.50
1933 Bird & Junk Dollar, X-Fine	.....	2.50
1928 Automobile Dollar, Fine	...	5.50
1929 Sun Yat Sen Pattern Dollar, Junk with 3 sails, V. rare, V. fine	.....	10.00
20 Diff. So. American coins, V. G.-F.	.....	1.00
Siam, 2 diff. Porcelain coins, choice	.....	1.00

**Merritt Bldg. 8th & Broadway
LOS ANGELES ★ CALIF.**

Mid-Winter Coin Meeting

The Cincinnati Numismatic Association

Invites you to Cincinnati, Ohio.

January 25 and 26, 1941

HOTEL NETHERLAND PLAZA.

Dinner—B. Max Mehl, Speaker.

Coin Display.

Auction—James Kelly, of Dayton, Ohio.

Address all inquiries or reservations to

Cincinnati Numismatic Association,

SOL KAPLAN, Chairman, 18 E. Fourth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

FOR SALE—LINCOLN HEAD CENTS

	Fine	V.F.	Unc.		Fine	V.F.	Unc.
1909-P VDB	—	—	\$.10	1922-D Rev. Die Brks.	\$.75	\$1.00	\$3.00
1909-P Plain	—	—	.15	1922 Plain (VG. 1.50)	2.50	—	—
1909-S VDB (VG 1.35)	1.50	1.75	2.50	1923-S	.25	.35	4.50
1909-S Plain (VG .25)	.35	.50	1.50	1924-S	.15	.25	3.25
1910-11-P	.05	.10	.20	1924-D (VG .15)	.30	.45	5.00
1911-S or D	.15	.25	1.00	1924-D Rev. Die Marked (VG .75)	1.00	—	—
1910-S, 13-P	.10	.15	.35	1925-P	—	—	.15
1912-P	.10	.15	.25	1925-S	.10	.15	2.75
1912-S	.15	.25	1.25	1925-D	.10	.15	1.25
1912-D	.15	.25	2.00	1926-P	—	—	.35
1913-S, 14-S	.15	.35	3.00	1926-S	.15	.25	4.50
1913-D	.15	.25	2.75	1926-D	.10	.15	1.00
1914-P	.10	.15	1.25	1927-28-P	—	—	.20
1914-D (VG .75)	1.25	2.50	6.00	1927-S	.10	.15	2.00
1915-P	.10	.20	2.00	1927-D	.10	.15	1.50
1915-S	.15	.25	2.00	1928-S	.10	.15	1.50
1915-D	.10	.20	.90	1928-D	—	—	1.25
1916-P	—	—	.35	1929-P, 30-S	—	—	.10
1916-S	.05	.10	1.25	1929-S, 30-D	—	—	.25
1916-D	.05	.10	1.00	1929-D, 31-P	—	—	.35
1917-18-19-P	—	—	.25	1930-P	—	—	.05
1917-S	.10	.20	1.25	1931-S	.15	.25	.40
1917-D	.10	.20	.75	1931-D	—	—	1.00
1918-S	.15	.25	1.75	1932-P	—	—	.20
1918-D	.15	.25	1.25	1932-D	—	—	.25
1919-S or D	—	—	.75	1933-P	—	—	.40
1920-23-P	—	—	.25	1933-D	—	—	.15
1920-S	—	—	1.25	1934-1936 All Mints	—	—	.10
1920-D, 22-D	.15	.25	1.00	1937-1940 All Mints	—	—	.05
1921-24-P	—	—	.35	1931-PD, 32-PD, 33-PD	\$2.50	per 100.	—
1921-S	.15	.25	2.50				

Your want list solicited on all U. S. Coins. A large stock on hand of all denominations and in all conditions. Postage and insurance extra on all orders under \$5.00.

L. H. Riggs, 5006 Brookville Rd., Indianapolis, Ind.

SOME RARE ITEMS

In Foreign coins are listed here. The U. S. Specials were bought at a reasonable figure, and I can therefore pass the advantage on to you. I do not have to say this, but satisfaction is guaranteed.

U. S. COINS

1921 Pilgrim $\frac{3}{4}$ ¢. Fine uncirculated pieces with full lustre and never cleaned\$4.25

1936 Columbia, S. C., sets. One of the better issues. Uncirculated, naturally\$5.50

1898 Indian Cent, Bright Unc.50

$\frac{3}{4}$ 1919 Unc. with lustre\$7.25

$\frac{3}{4}$ 1920 Unc. with lustre 2.50

$\frac{3}{4}$ 1923 Unc. with lustre 2.00

$\frac{3}{4}$ 1924-P Unc. with lustre 2.00

$\frac{3}{4}$ 1926-27-28 Unc., lustre, ea.75

ANCIENT GOLD

An oetradrachm of Ptolemy II with a portrait of his queen, Arsinoe. Of contemporary style and very fine ...\$75.00

An aureus of Diadumenianus. Wt. 108 grains. (Prince amid 3 standards). Ex. Fine. This is a rare piece lacking in even fine collections and almost never listed for sale or in auctions. My price may be far too low. I only know that the coin is rare\$60.00

LARGE GOLD PIECE

The extremely rare (21 only) Mexican Revolutionary 60 Pesos piece of Oaxaca. This is one of the rarest American coins and I know of but one other place it may be had. This piece is Unc.\$275.00

RARE AND SCARCE SILVER

10 thalers silver piece of Henry Julius, Duke of Brunswick, dated 1609. A very rare huge coin, $\frac{3}{16}$ " thick and $3\frac{1}{4}$ " in diameter. Very fine. There is a planchet crack, not at all unusual for such a heavy piece. A rare chance\$150.00

4000 Reis silver coin of Brazil. 1900. Commemorative of the discovery. Ex. fine. A large, unusual coin\$10.00

Set of English Cromwellian coins, 5/-, 2/6, 1/-, all extremely fine. The die break on the crown barely shows. All dated 1658\$35.00

Crown of Cromwell in used condition, about fine. Heavy break\$14.00

Crown of Elizabeth, about very fine. A nice "clean" coin. (1601)\$20.00

Crown of William and Mary, 1692. This one is fine, usually comes in mediocre condition\$7.50

Jubilee Crown of George V. Proof condition, lettered edge. Cased ...\$3.50

Pattern crown of George III. The Wyon-Mills piece in fine proof condition. Quite handsome\$12.50

German Zeppelin 5-mark piece for the Westflight, 1929. The very scarce proof condition\$4.00

Full Coverage Paid on all Orders.

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For	Size	Per 100
Silver Dollar	1	65c
Half Dollar	2	50c
Quarters	3	35c
Dimes, Nickels, Cents	4	25c

WETZEL

Dept. N

508 S2nd St., North Bergen, N. J.

20c. PIECES

1875-S Unc.\$1.25
1875-CC Unc. 4.00
1876 Unc. 2.50

INDIAN HD. CENTS

1860 Unc. 1.00
1862 Unc.55
1863 Unc.35
1864 Bronze, Unc. 1.50
1864 "L", Unc., Brown 7.75
1877 Fine 3.25
1877 Unc. 9.00
1888 Proof75
1889-90-92, 93-95 Unc.50
1899 to 1909 Unc.40

Let me know your wants in Half Cents and Large Cents. Satisfaction or money back. Postage and Insurance extra on orders under \$4.00.

O. B. VIKRE

(A. N. A. 7539)

34 Matchett St., Brighton, Mass.

Brilliant Small Cents.**UNCIRCULATED.**

1857	\$1.50
1858 L. L.	3.50
1858 S. L.	4.00
1859, 1860	2.00
1861	4.00
1862, 1863	.75
1864 C. N.	1.00
1864 Bronze	2.00
1864 L	12.50
1865	1.50
1866-67-68-69	3.75
1870	4.50
1871	5.50
1872	7.50
1873-74-75-76	2.75
1877	12.50
1878	3.50
1879	1.25
1880-81-82-83-84	1.00
1885 pr. or unc.	2.00
1886-87-88-89-90	1.00
1891-92-93-94-95	.75
1896-97-98-99-00	.75
1901 to 1909	.50
1908-S \$2.00. 1909-S	5.00

Small Cent Specials.

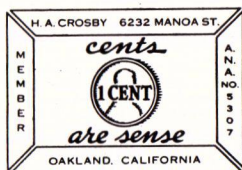
1864 Br., L on ribbon, all letters and date recut, Unc. brill. red gem	\$17.50
1867 brill. red proof	7.00
1877 brill. purple proof	20.00

Complete set of small cents, 1857 to 1909-S, 58 diff. coins, mounted in album, mint uncir. condition, \$100.00. Another complete set, 1857 to 1909-S, 58-diff. coins, mounted in holder, very fine, ext. fine and unc. condition. For \$50.00 this is a real buy as the rare dates are at least very fine.

NOTE—I will pay a fair price for unc. and proof cents. Send me a list of your duplicates. All orders insured prepaid.

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**LINCOLN CENTS**

3 cents each except the dates listed below. All coins are in good to very fine condition.

1909	.04	1926-S	.06
1909 VDB	.06	1931	.06
1909-S	.20	1931-S	.20
1909-S VDB	1.50	1931-D	.10
1914-D	1.25	1932	.05
1922-D	.10	1933	.06
1924-D	.25	1933-D	.06

Enclose seven cents for postage on orders under \$5.00. Unused U. S. postage stamps accepted on orders under \$1.00. Complete set of (89), no 1922 plain, mounted in coin board postpaid for only \$4.50.

SPECIAL.

Golden Gate International Exposition medal postpaid for 12 cents.

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1940-D or S Cents, per 100	\$1.35
1939-D or S Cents, per 100	1.50
1937-D Cents, per 50	1.25
1940-D or S Nickels, per 40	2.45
1939-D or S Nickels, per 40	2.95
1938-D or S Nickels, per 40	2.95
1938-D Buff. Nickels, per 40	2.95
1939-D, 1940-D Dimes, per 10	1.50
1939-D, 1940-D Dimes, per 50	6.00
1940-D Quarters, per 10	3.25
1939-D, 1937-D Quarters, per 10	3.50
1937-D, 1939-D Halves, per 10	6.00
All above coins Brill. Unc.	

MISCELLANEOUS

1793 Large Cent, Wreath, Vine, and Bars, Good	\$12.50
1794 Large Cent, Lettered edge, Fine	4.50
1795 Large Cent, One cent center, Fine	4.00
1798 Large Cent, Large date, Fine	2.75
1804 Large Cent, Broken obv. and rev. dies, Fine	52.50
Brill. Proof Nickels: 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1895, each	1.25
Brill. Unc. Nickels: 1900 to 1905 inc., 1908, 1909, 1911, 1912, each	.90
Special: 1914-D, 1909-S, 1924-D, and 1931-S circulated cents, four of the hard ones, very good to fine, one of each for	1.00

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Orders over \$5.00 Postpaid.

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NEW YEAR'S CLEARANCE SALE—PRICED THAT WAY**LARGE CENTS**

1803 VG 65c. Fine 90c.
 1820 VG 20c. Fine 30c.
 1822 VG 25c.
 1831 Fine 30c.
 1838 VF 30c.
 1830, 31, 32, 33, 34 VG at 20c.

**Indian Head Cent Set
Lacking 1877 and 1909-S**

1859, 60, 62, 63, 64 C.-N. VF. 1864, 64 L.
 66, 67, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 83,
 84, 87, 89, 90 VG-F. 1865 68, 78 and
 the rest F-VF, 56 pcs., mounted in
 Whitman Board, \$26.75.

THREE CENT NICKELS

1865, 6, 7, 8, 9, 70, 1, 2, 3, 4, 81, SET
 \$2.50.
 1869, 70, 73 Fine Each 25c.

HALF DIMES & MINT

1868-S, 72-S Fine-S, Each 80c.
 1869-S, 72-S, 73-S below, VG at 70c.

NICKELS

1883 with Cents, G 20c. VG 35c.
 1883 no Cents, VF 10c.
 1884 Very Fine 50c.
 1893, 4, 5, 6, 1907 VF, VG at 10c.
 1912-S F 50c. VF \$1.25.

BUFFALO NICKELS

1913, 14-S, 15-S, 16-S, 17, 17-S, 19, 21-S,
 27-S and 31-S VG, each 10c.
 1919-S, 19-D, 20-S, 23-S Fine at 25c.
 1927-S SCARCE VF \$1.25.

DIMES

1892-O, 92-S, 93-S, 97-S, 92-S, 94-S and
 1916-D Mercury, VG, each 75c.
 1898-O, 93-O G-VG, each 60c.
 1899-O, 1900-O, 01-O, 02-O, 03-O, 09-O,
 98-S, 99-S, 1900-S, 13-S VG at 50c.
 1905-S, 07-S, 11-S, 14-S VG at 40c.
 1914-S, 15-S, 16-S EF, Each \$1.00.
 1931-S Fine, each 25c.

HALF DOLLARS

1855-O VG 70c.
 1819 Lg. 9, 19 Sm. 9, 1823, 27 VF at 90c.

Stamps not acceptable as Cash—Full Refund if not Satisfactory.

V. L. ARRINGTON, 2918 PINE ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

1917—A. E. F.—1941

Coins, Wholesale and Retail. Dealers, when you are short of stock, kindly advise. Collectors, when short of certain coins, advise. Investors, when short of rolls of unc. coins, advise. Deal direct and get confidential prices of coins, whether in single items or lots. My first ad. started in June, 1917, in The Numismatist and is still going strong. Honest, efficient and speedy dependable service has made the A. E. F. Curio Shop a good-will shop from Maine to California. This month's special: Centennial Dollar, 1876, X. Fine, \$3.25. Swedish Commem. on Landing of Swedes, \$1.00, Unc. Brill. More specials next month. Watch for them.

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Twenty Volumes of The Numismatist,
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 Finely bound, Legal Style, Perfect
 condition, \$50.00

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1895-PO, 96-O, 98-O, 99-O, 03-O, 05, 1910,
 13, 14, 15, Very Good at \$1.00.
 1894-S, 95-S, 96-S, 1901-S, 03-S, 04-S,
 13-S, VG \$1.25.
 1899-S Fine \$1.50. 1925-S Jubilee A. U.
 \$1.50.

MISCELLANEOUS

1805 Half Cent, Fair 25c. 1828-12 Star,
 G 25c.
 1870 Two-Cent Piece VG 25c.
 1921-S Dollar UNC. Each \$1.25.

QUARTERS

1859 VF 75c.
 1878-CC, 1891-S VF at \$1.25.
 1892-O, 93-O, 94-O, 95-O, 96-O VG 70c.
 1911-D, 1892, 93, 96, 98, 16, VG 60c.
 1892-O, 93-O, 94-O, 95-O, 96-O VF 70c.
 1898-O, 99-O, 1900-O VG 65c.
 1901-O, 02-O, 04-O VG 75c.
 1892-S UNCIRCULATED \$3.75.
 1894-S, 95-S VG Each 70c.
 1896-S SCARCE, VG \$3.00.
 1897-S, 98-S, 99-S, VG 65c.
 1900-S, 02-S, 03-S, Fine 70c.
 1908-S, 11-S, 12-S, Fine 50c.
 1913-S GOOD \$2.00, VG \$3.00.
 1914-S, 15-S Fine 50c.

LIBERTY STANDING

1918, 19, 23, 27-D VG at 55c.
 1920 VF, 23 F, 20-D F, at 90c.
 1917-D No Stars, 1926-D VF at \$1.00.
 1917-S No Stars, F 65c, VF 90c, EF
 \$1.70.
 1917-S WITH STARS VG at 75c.
 1918-S VF \$1.25.
 1918-S Die Br. in Date, F, Rare \$6.95.
 1919-S G 65c, VG \$1., F \$1.50, VF \$3.50.
 1920-S F 65c, VF \$1., EF \$2.00.
 1923-S Fair 75c, VG \$1.50, F \$3.00.
 1923-S UNCIRCULATED \$17.50.
 1924-S VF \$1.50.
 1924-S Die Br. in Date VF, Rare(\$7.95).
 1926-S VF \$1.00, 1929-S VF 50c.
 1927-S VF SCARCE \$1.50.

**Brilliant Uncirculated
HALF DOLLARS**

1933 S.	1938 D, P.
1934 S, D, P.	1936 Proof Nickel.
1935 S, D, P.	1937 Proof Nickel.
1936 S, D, P.	1938 Proof Nickel.
1937 S, D, P.	

Best offer by Feb. 1 for any one of
 the above will take it. Postage extra
 under \$5.00.

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JANUARY SPECIAL

1879—\$4 Gold Stella, Proof,
 \$175.00

Will Trade for other Gold Coins
 in Extra Fine Condition.

RAY R. FESENMAIER

NEW ULM, MINN.

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U. S. GOLD COINS

1854 \$3.00 Unc.	\$6.50
1859 \$3.00 E. F.	6.50

TWO-AND-HALF

1844-D E. F.	9.00
1845-O V. F.	22.50
1846-D V. G.	6.50

OTHER COINS

1652 Mass. 6 pence, Willow Tree, V. Fine	27.50
--	-------

QUARTERS

1917 Type I, Unc. \$1.25. E. F.	.60
1917 Type II, Unc.	4.25
1918 Unc.	5.75
1921 V. Fine, small cut on edge	5.75
1923 Unc.	3.50
1915 Pan-Pacific Half Dollar Unc.	9.90
1808 Cent, E. Fine, 13 Stars ..	5.75

AMBROSE J. BROWN
8 Elm St., Marblehead, Mass.

NEW YEAR SPECIALS

COMMEMORATIVES—UNC.

1893 Isabella Quarter	\$ 2.10
1900 Lafayette Dollar	3.50
1915 Panama-Pacific	10.85
1921 Missouri Plain \$10.85; 2x4 ..	19.50
1921 Alabama \$2.90; 2x2 ..	9.75
1924 Huguenot \$1.90; 1925 Calif ..	1.90
1925 Vancouver, Ex. Fine	3.50
1935 Boone Set	9.00
1935 Arkansas Set \$8.50; 1936 set ..	4.45
1936 Rhode Island Set	4.75
1936 Wisconsin	1.25
1936 Cincinnati Set	14.75
1936 Columbia, S. C., Set	6.75
1936 Gettysburg \$1.75; 1936 Norfolk ..	1.75
1936 Antietam	2.00
1936 Texas Set	4.45
1928 Oregon \$2.80; 1933 Oregon ..	5.50
1934 Oregon \$2.80; 1936-S Oregon ..	5.50
1938 Oregon Set \$5.85; 1939 Set ..	14.85

Many Others In Stock. Please Write.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

1795 Large Cent, Chain, Ameri, VG-F	30.00
1806 Very Good to Fine	5.00
1872 2c. Proof, dull, not tarnished ..	14.00
1877 3c. Nickel, Has few black specks, otherwise brilliant Proof	12.50
1794 Half Dime, F-VF	16.00
1795 Half Dime, V. Fair \$2.85; F.	5.00
1846 Half Dime, Unc.	17.50

A nice stock of Gold Quarter Eagles, nicest condition, many scarce dates. Also Half Dimes, Indian Cents, all conditions.

Terms—Cash with order, plus postage on orders under \$5.00. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. E. BEBEE
A. N. A. 7824
6319 Kenwood Ave., Chicago, Illinois.

Auction Sale

OF U. S. COINS

Many Rarities.

JANUARY 25, 1941

This sale is a public sale and you can attend in person.

Catalogue on request

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37 So. 18th St.,

Philadelphia, Pa.

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Your entire collections of U. S. Coins. Write for terms or cash price.

W. H. LIVINGSTON

Ebensburg, Pa.

ODDS — JANUARY — ENDS

1888, 1863 Cents, Unc., both for	\$1.00
1867 Nickel, Unc.	.90
1875-S 20c. Silver, Unc.	1.30
1820 Quarter, very fine	1.50
1828 Quarter, very fine, scarce	3.00
1854 3c. Silver, Unc., choice	4.00
1855 3c. Silver, Brill. Unc.	
Lustre	6.00
1873 3c. Silver, Brill. proof	4.50
1926-S Fine, 1926 Unc., Nickels,	
both	1.50
1928 Unc., 1931-S V. fine, Nick-	
els, both	.75
1914, 16, 18, 19, 21, 26, 28, 29-S,	
30-S Nickels, Brill. Unc.	5.50
Special	
1929-S, 1930-S Nickels, Brill.	
Unc., Each	.55
1875-CC 20c. Silver, choice, Unc.	4.50
1829, 30, 31 Dimes, choice,	
proofs	10.00
1883-5c. Nickel with Cents, V.	
fine	.90
1912-D Nickel, Brill. Unc.	6.00
Unc. Copy of U. S. A. Bar Cent	2.00
3c. Nickels, 14 different dates,	
1865 to 1888, fine and	
better	2.75
1787 Mass. Cent, V. fine	2.50
1788 Mass. Cent, V. good	1.00
1939-1940 Numismatist, com-	
plete, new, per volume	1.50
1808 over 7 Half Cent, good	1.50
1857 Half Cent, Unc.	1.75
1871 Cent, good 1.50. Fine	3.25
1874, 1875 Cents, about Unc., Ea.	.80
1877 Cent, good 3.00. Fine	4.75
1809 over 6 Half Cent, fine	1.25

WHOLESALE LOTS

9 1857, 1858 Flying Eagle Cents,	
V. fine	2.20
5 different Half Dimes	.75
10 1924-D Cents, fine and better,	
for	1.50
50 1863 Copper Nickel Cents	3.50
25 2c. Coppers, mixed	2.00
10 Mixed 3c. Nickels	.90
21 Half Cents, 1803 to 1854, nice	
lot	5.75
10 Mixed Liberty Seated Dimes	1.55
10 Mixed Bust Type Dimes	2.80
Roll of 40 1912-D Nickels, Spe-	
cial	6.00
50 Liberty Seated Dimes, good	
and better, mixed dates	8.00
50 Bust Type Dimes, good and	
better, mixed date	14.00
100 Half Cents, 1803 to 1856,	
with 20 diff. dates and	
many varieties. Condi-	
tion will average fine,	
with a few poor. This	
lot is a bargain at the	
price of	\$5.00

Collection of Silver Dollars, 1795 to 1935, in good to proof condition. There are 98 coins, with 42 different dates. This collection has many varieties and mint marks and at the price of about \$1.50 each, how can you go wrong? The price for the lot is \$150.00.

Half Dollar collection of 137 different coins from 1794 to 1939-S-D, including 1795 and many other scarce dates. There are 84 different dates and 137 varieties, no duplicates. The condition is good to proof. This is a rare opportunity for some one and at a price of less than \$1.00 each where can you get a 137-piece collection like this for only \$130.00.

Satisfaction or your money refunded.

Postage and Insurance extra.

HENRY EVANSON

113 Rock St., Norwood, Mass.

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SEE PAGE 912

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FEBRUARY, 1941.

No. 2.

Augustus, The First By EARL KEZARTEE STANTON *Roman Emperor* Los Angeles, Cal.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Crevier begins his history of the Roman Emperors in these words: "Octavius Caesar, through a series of injustice, violence, cruelty and tyrannical enterprises, at length saw himself master of the whole Roman Empire." Cruelty no longer being necessary, Octavius, or Augustus, as we now know him, proceeded to give proofs of mildness, wisdom and moderation which characterized his reign of forty years—a period more than twice as long as that enjoyed by any other Roman Emperor. This radical change in the character of the first Roman Emperor is one of the most extraordinary events recorded in history.

Fortunately, the coins of Augustus are plentiful and inexpensive, giving us an excellent opportunity to study his countenance in connection with the observations of several ancient authors who have described him. On his early coins we find his young face cold and unsympathetic, quite in keeping with his reputation; his later coins show us an Augustus with dignified and kindly countenance suitable to be denominated as *Parens Patriae*, the Father of his Country.

Our old friend Suetonius, who in his usual manner records the minutiae of Augustus' life, together with every scandalous whisper, says that "In person his was unusually handsome, although he cared nothing for personal adornment. His expression was calm and mild, his eyes clear and bright. His hair was curly golden and his eyebrows met. His ears were of moderate size, his nose projected a little at the top and then bent slightly inward. Complexion between light and dark." The same author described him as being short in stature, but another reports him to have been five feet seven in height, three inches taller than Julius Caesar, which would be tall for a Roman of that age. In his later years Augustus wore a broad-brimmed hat, and in the winter protected himself with four tunics and a heavy toga, undershirt, a woolen chest protector and extra wraps for his thighs and shins.

Octavianus, as he was originally known, was born September 23, B. C. 63, in the consulship of Cicero, his father being a Senator of wealth and repute, and his mother a daughter of Julia, who was the sister of Julius Caesar. At the time the great Dictator was assassinated in B. C. 44, Octavianus,

then a sickly youth of nineteen, was studying with the renowned Greek orator, Apollodorus, and quickly hastened to Rome to claim his adoption and inheritance. The next seventeen years witnessed a titanic struggle for supremacy which involved such famous men as Antony, Cicero, Brutus, Cassius and Sextus Pompey, and until the establishment of Augustus as the real head of the government in B. C. 27, the Roman monetary system was in a most chaotic state. The old Republican family and consular coinage which had served so long had been rudely interrupted, and during this period nothing definite had taken its place.

An irregular military coinage of necessity was put out by the various imperators in the field, often without any official stamp of approval by the Republic, and even the more official issues of the great Second Triumvirate, composed of Antony, Octavian and Lepidus, are hardly more regular. Brutus and Cassius issued money from Macedon and Syria; Sextus Pompey, the marauding son of Pompey the Greek, struck denarii in Spain and Sicily; Antony minted his gold and silver in Athens, Ephesus and Alexandria, and Octavian did the same in Gaul and in Italy. The chief redeeming feature was that gold was gold and silver was silver, whether issued officially or unofficially.

Even before the formation of the Triumvirate we find a rare gold aureus struck by the Senate in August, B. C. 43, to commemorate Octavian's defeat of Antony at Mutina, in Gaul, when, as Grueber says, "The obsequious Senate proceeded to heap honors upon him." This coin pictures an equestrian statue of Octavian which had been erected on the Rostra in the Roman Forum, and represents the first coin of the young imperator who was to become the head of the civilized world.

His real coinage, however, begins with the tripartite arrangement between Octavian, Antony and Lepidus which nominally continued for a period of ten years. Although there was never a complete agreement between them, a complementary coinage was struck by each of the two leaders bearing their portraits and that of Lepidus, who did not figure largely in their arrangements but who was still, in name at least, a Triumvir. Some of the portraits on these coins, particularly those struck at Lugdunum (Lyons), in Gaul, are not particularly artistic since they were issued in a province where skillful die engravers were not readily obtainable.

Although often describing himself as an Imperator, and taking the name of Caesar, Octavian was never a great general, nor did he in any respect resemble his famous great uncle, although on some of his denarii we find a studied attempt to make his features look like those of the first Caesar. According to the ancient accounts, our subject appeared frightened and cowardly at the battle of Philippi when he and/or Antony defeated Brutus and Cassius, and again in the naval encounters with Sextus Pompey at the Straits of Messina. He did, however, possess considerable ability and a mind which was shrewd and calculating, if not brilliant. Throughout his entire life Augustus displayed an excellent judgment in the choice of men and signal ability in organization, and it was said that he first conquered Brutus by means of Antony, and then conquered Antony by means of Agrippa.

As is quite natural, we find Augustus striking various coins picturing or referring to Julius Caesar, and between the years B. C. 36 and B. C. 29 he refers to himself as "Caesar Divi F(ilius)" or son of the deified Julius; in B. C. 28 he becomes "Imp(erator) Caesar," and finally in B. C. 27 he was duly proclaimed "Augustus," meaning "consecrated." Dion Cassius says that after the defeat of Antony and Cleopatra at Actium, in B. C. 31, Octavian was declared "Imperator Perpetuo," not as a mere title given to a successful general but as a praenomen or hereditary proper name, and on the coins of the succeeding emperors we almost invariably find the terms "Caesar" and "Augustus" used as a part of the imperial title.

The battle of Actium, which secured for Augustus the final and complete mastery of the world, is commemorated on many of his coins; thus we find his denarii bearing on the reverse such symbols as triumphal arches, laurel and oak wreaths, winged victories, crocodiles with the inscription "Aegyptio Capto," referring to his victory over Cleopatra. On one of his coins we find a sphinx, also doubtless referring to Egypt, but actually used by Augustus as a seal.

The Temple of Janus at Rome, kept open in times of war, was now closed for the first time in almost 200 years, ushering in what was to be known

as the Pax Augusti, or Peace of Augustus, hence we appropriately find Peace represented, although on other of his coins we still find Mars, the god of war, Neptune, Roman eagles, trophies, Legionary standards, thunderbolts, butting bulls and other symbols of war and violence. The Ara Pacis, or Altar of Peace erected by Augustus, is nicely represented on a sesterlius struck by Nero, the last of the emperors in whose veins still flowed the royal blood of Caesar and Augustus.

Several members of the Augustan family are pictorially represented on the Emperor's coinage, including his last wife, the ambitious Livia and her son, Tiberius, who became the second emperor. Julia, the gay daughter of Augustus by a previous marriage, who was finally exiled because of her scandalous conduct, appears with her sons, Caius and Lucius, on a rare denarius, these grandsons of Augustus also appearing on other denarii. Their father, Marcus Agrippa, is found on several coins, alone and with Augustus, and his strong face is what we would like to believe was that of the typical Roman—actually there were few like him either in face or in character. As one ancient author puts it, Agrippa was "beyond doubt the first man of his age—great in peace and in war, equally illustrious by sea and by land."

Both Antony and Octavian struck coins bearing the portrait of Octavian's sister, the beautiful and dignified Octavia, who had married Antony in B. C. 39 for the purpose of cementing their reconciliation, which, however, did not endure, and it was not long until Antony had deserted her for the famous Cleopatra, who was thereafter represented on a rare denarius.

Augustus was one of the few Roman emperors to die a natural death, this event occurring just before his seventy-sixth birthday in A. D. 14. After splendid funeral ceremonies his ashes were deposited in the great mausoleum which he had constructed on the banks of the Tiber, where it still stands, a part of it now being used as a concert hall. His death was duly commemorated by the issuance of the "Divus Augustus" coins of Tiberius and by later restorations under Titus and Nerva.

Coins Of More Than Usual Interest

By **DAVID M. BULLOWA**
New York City

A SERIES: IX—The Republic of Cracow

The coinage of Cracow is limited to three pieces struck in silver and one struck in copper, all dated 1835.

Poland's history, unfortunately, has always involved the rapacity of her neighbors. Commencing in 1772, the first partition of Poland was effected by Austria, Russia and Prussia, whose sovereigns are well known today as Maria Theresa, Catherine II (the Great!) and Frederick II (also the Great!). A few years later, having tested their appetites, a second division of Poland was agreed upon, this time only Prussia and Russia sharing the spoils. But in 1795, the final division and complete dismemberment of the nation was decided, and three nations again participated.

In the years which followed the Napoleonic defeat it was hoped that Europe would be reconstructed along the political lines of 1789. At least such was the decision for France, but for Eastern Europe it was otherwise. Russia had no intention of relinquishing the majority of Poland which had been received under the terms of the Treaty of Vienna in 1815.

In the southern part of Poland, near the Austrian frontier, was the city of Cracow, largely inhabited by Polish nationalists, who continued to agitate there for many years for a free Poland, free from Russian sovereignty.

The Treaty of Vienna merely left to Russia, Prussia and Austria the solution of the Polish question (by which settlement Russia received nearly all of what formerly had been Poland), but the treaty did specify that "the city of Cracow, with its territory, will be perpetually considered a free city, independent and entirely neutral, under the protection jointly of

Austria, Russia and Prussia." It also stated the exact territorial limits of Cracow, and especially specified that no armed forces of the three contracting parties might be harbored there under any pretext whatsoever.

Despite all these assurances and agreements on paper, in which the powers acted as protectors of the little Republic, in November, 1846, Austria annexed Cracow to her empire. This was the first change in territory which Europe had seen since 1815.



The coins in use in Cracow were Polish, but in 1835 a small local issue was struck by the patriots, showing upon the obverse the crowned arms of the city, and upon the reverse the date and value within a wreath. Silver 1 zloty, 10 and 5 groszy were coined, as well as copper 3 groszy.

The silver zloty is especially interesting in view of the derivation of the denomination, which originally (zloto) meant "gold." By the middle of the nineteenth century it had depreciated to a small silver coin, slightly larger than the present U. S. dime. The zloty was divided into 30 groszy. In the twentieth century the Polish Republic revived the zloty on a decimal basis of 100 groszy.

Danish Emergency Money World War Period

By EMILY LARSON BROOKES
Newark, N. J.

(Read at a recent meeting of the Jersey City Coin Club.)

Recently I obtained some Danish bills and iron coins, which gave me a great deal of delight in hunting the stories back of them. Perhaps what I learned might interest you, also.

Denmark, during the World War of 1914-1918 and for some years following the war, issued two necessity notes for the value of one krone each, to take the place of the silver kroner because there was a shortage of silver. Silver was hoarded by the Danes, or it was taken to Sweden to exchange for Swedish notes. The individual could then exchange the Swedish notes for Danish paper kroner and get a higher rate than he could by using his silver kroner in Denmark. The two types of paper kroner are described. The first type was in use from 1914 to 1920. It is printed on a reddish-brown paper, 3x4 $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in size, and is of such poor quality that Danish friends told me they were disgusted with it. It became dirty easily and wore badly. Besides, the Danes felt it wasn't sufficiently backed by the Danish Government and was, therefore, worthless. On the obverse it says in Danish, "One Krone. Issued by the National Bank. Valued According to Law As One Silver Krone. National Bank in Copenhagen 1914." It is signed by D. Lange and Bing. The paper is plain with an ornamental design around the border. The reverse shows the crowned coat-of-arms of Denmark and thirteen of its present or former possessions. It has the wild men supporters with a lion behind each man. The Order of the Elephant surrounds the shield.

The second note, which is the same size as the first issue, is printed of a greenish-blue paper, with a small, uniform design covering all but a narrow edge of the obverse. It says in the Danish language: "One Krone, Valued According to Law No. 174 of August 15, 1914 As a Krone in Silver. National Bank in Copenhagen 1921," and it is signed by D. Lange and Reche.

The reverse is plain but for the fourteen arms of Denmark and her possessions, crowned. Instead of the wild men, lions and medal, it has ornamental scrolls surrounding the arms and enclosing the numeral, one on either side of the shield. The Danes had until 1928 to redeem these notes, which were first issued in 1916, and, so far as I have been able to learn from natives of Denmark at that period, they could get these notes until 1924. By 1926 it was impossible to obtain them. The Numismatist of August, 1919, has this to say: "Winther, a director of the National Bank of Denmark, in 1919 said the one-krone currency will be retired as soon as the mint can strike silver coins to replace the notes in circulation." Incidentally, before 1914 Denmark had no bills smaller than a five-krone note.

During 1918 and 1919 iron coins were struck in the 1, 2 and 5 ore denominations. Bronze and copper coins had disappeared as well as the silver coins. These iron pieces substituted for the regular minor coinage. In 1919 the director of the bank, Winther, said, "Danish war money (paper and iron) is to be retired. We now have enough silver and copper." The three denominations of iron coins are on exhibition tonight. All are from 1918. The obverses are identical in inscription and design, a large C x, crowned, with a flower at right and left of the crown. The date and the initials of (Knud) Gunner Jensen, the artist who designed the coins, together with the initials of Vilhelm Buchard Poulsen, as director of the mint, and the heart mint-mark of Copenhagen complete the obverses. The reverses are identical but for the various numerical denominations. The numeral is large and has a design on either side of it. The denomination, ore, is underneath all numerals.

I thought it interesting to see how wars sometimes effect the currency of a country, even though the country is neutral. Danish trade, which had always been largely divided between England and Germany, was disrupted by the blockades and by reduced sales. Apparently it takes years for a country to adjust itself to its normal routine and to regain its normal prosperity after abnormal times.

Emergency Currency Or Scrip Issued In The United States

**During The Depression
Years 1931-1934**

By VERNON L. BROWN, Curator,

**Chase National Bank Collection of Moneys of the World,
New York City.**

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

It has been said that "Necessity is the mother of invention." This expression is often used with reference to people overcoming their difficulties. During the financial difficulties of 1931-1934 many communities were temporarily deprived of normal monetary facilities due to bank failures, hoarding and inability to collect taxes. According to a report of the United States Department of Commerce, three of the many problems confronting the country at the beginning of 1933 were: First—An unemployed population estimated at over 12 million. Second—A financial and credit system in grave danger of collapse. Third—Disorganized State and municipal finances. In order to counteract these conditions, various forms of emergency currency or scrip were issued in several hundred cities. In reality, necessity was the mother of invention, but I doubt if most people realize that so many communities were forced to use scrip during this period.

The use of scrip reached its peak in 1933. Its new use was not a new

idea, as emergency currency has often been issued when the regular circulating medium of the Government has become scarce, due to hoarding, export of capital, or contraction of bank credit. Emergency currency was previously issued during the panic of 1837, the Civil War period, and the panics of 1893 and 1907.

Scrip has been defined as a temporary certificate issued for exchange at a later date for money, a permanent certificate, or for whatever the scrip entitles the holder. Scrip was thus issued which, on redemption, entitled the holder either to lawful money of the United States, merchandise, or some other asset. The scrip issued during this period was no doubt contrary to Government legislation and might have been subject to Federal taxation, but apparently, due to the emergency, nothing was done about it. Scrip was not legal tender for the payment of debts as it depended for its acceptance upon the attitude of the community in which it circulated.

The country was made scrip-conscious during the week of the bank holiday in March, 1933. With all the banks closed, it was practically impossible to obtain cash. Companies and corporations were anxious to obtain money to meet their pay rolls, and individuals needed money to buy the necessities of life. Millions of people will probably never forget the experiences they had during the time when all the banks were closed. During this period many companies issued scrip in the form of checks or promissory notes to their employees. It was readily accepted by the local merchants. Most companies specified that their certificates were redeemable in a few days, for example, 3 to 10 days after the resumption of normal banking facilities. In one case the certificates were dated A. B. H., signifying "After Bank Holiday."

Prior to the closing of all the banks in the country by President Roosevelt the Governor of Michigan had on February 14 declared a banking moratorium in his State. Within 36 hours after the moratorium had been declared in Michigan the Dow Chemical Company, of Midland, had prepared and was ready to issue some metal tokens to its employees for pay-roll purposes in lieu of cash. However, according to Mr. Willard Dow, president, and a member of the A. N. A., it was not necessary to put these tokens in circulation, as the bank in Midland was in a strong position financially and did not have to close its doors. Also, the company advanced its pay day a couple of days and paid its employees in cash.

At the same time that companies were issuing scrip it was proposed that the Clearing House Associations in various cities issue Clearing House Certificates similar to those issued and circulated as currency in 1907. This was done in about 15 cities, while in about 30 cities the Clearing Houses had certificates printed which were never issued. The New York Clearing House Association authorized the printing of scrip certificates, but they were never used. It is estimated that over \$660,000,000 in scrip was authorized by the various Clearing House Associations and banks. Of this amount only about \$34,000,000 was actually issued. The reason many Clearing House Associations did not issue their certificates after they were authorized was that the Government enacted special legislation which authorized the Federal Reserve Banks to issue Federal Reserve Bank Notes as distinguished from the regular Federal Reserve Notes. The Federal Reserve Bank Notes were first issued in March, but the largest amount outstanding at any one time was \$208,997,000 at the end of December, 1933. These notes have been called in by the various Federal Reserve Banks and are no longer being reissued.

In the Chase Bank's Collection there are over 2,000 specimens of scrip issued during the years 1931 to 1934. It is believed to be one of the most complete collections of recent-day emergency currency ever brought together, as there is scrip from over 500 communities, representing 48 States, the District of Columbia, and the Territory of Hawaii. In the collection are about 600 different varieties, including scrip printed on wood, sheepskin, buckskin, leather, fishskin, aluminum, and clam shells. It would be impossible to describe all of these varieties, but I would like to mention a few of the most interesting types. I have already mentioned the scrip issued by companies during the bank holidays, and the Clearing House Certificates. Most of the scrip issued after the bank holidays of March, 1933 was in the form of Tax Anticipation Notes. However, a large amount of these notes had been issued previous to the closing of the banks as the

finances of many cities had become so disorganized, due to bank failures and inability to collect taxes from the unemployed, that the cities could not obtain credit accommodations. Therefore, they issued their own local currency. Tax Anticipation Notes were issued against the future collection of taxes. According to the American Municipal Association, these notes were the most successful of the municipal substitutes for cash. In some cases the scrip was interest bearing, but many cities in Ohio issued notes that did not bear interest.

Probably the largest city to issue scrip of this type was Detroit, Michigan, and it is estimated that during the years 1933 and 1934 it issued over \$40,000,000 in scrip. In the State of New Jersey over \$29,000,000 worth of scrip or tax notes was authorized by various counties, cities, towns and boroughs for the year 1934.

Another form of scrip issued in about 100 communities was "stamp money," or a self-liquidating form of scrip. This type of scrip was first issued here in the United States in October, 1932, in Hawarden, Iowa, a town of about 2,500 inhabitants. This city issued \$1 certificates that required special 3-cent stamps to be affixed to the back of the certificate at each transaction. The plan worked in the following manner and is typical of all the stamp money issued. On the back of each certificate were 36 spaces and the face of the note called for its redemption in \$1 cash as soon as it had 36 3-cent stamps affixed and properly cancelled. The stamps which had to be affixed at each transaction were cancelled by the payee signing his initials and date to the last stamp already affixed, and also to the one he put on before passing it to the next person. The stamps were sold by the City Clerk and money from their sale went to provide a fund for the redemption of the certificates. The plan, when first introduced into Hawarden, was very successful. The 300 certificates which were issued in October 1932 circulated freely and were an aid to business, as the purchasing power of them, when fully stamped, represented \$10,800. They were accepted at face value by most of the merchants in the town, but not by the banks. The City Council in April, 1933, authorized the issuance of an additional \$1,000 in scrip certificates to which only one 3-cent stamp was to be affixed each month. Thus the certificates were to be used for three years, but by December, 1934, scrip was not being used in Hawarden. It is estimated that about only \$600 worth of scrip was actually used. Nevertheless, the plan was considered so practical that a bill to issue "stamp money" was passed by the forty-fifth General Assembly of Iowa, and such a bill was also introduced into the U. S. House of Representatives and Senate. "Stamp Money" served a worth-while purpose for a short period, but in several places the plan was soon abandoned, as the burden of placing the stamps on the certificates fell on just a few people. Mr. Milligan, Secretary of the Mason City Chamber of Commerce, Mason City, Iowa, in discussing the redemption of the stamp money quotes from *The Express of Red Oak, Iowa*, and is as follows: "Good old scrip, that tempting piece of paper money which was to make us all rich, has gone the route of all impulsive money fads. Known in the Iowa statutes as the stamp-note plan of poor relief, it is about to be discarded so that communities which adopted the plan may get from under a bad situation. Whenever it was tried, the scrip plan—the brain child of one Zylstra, of Hawarden, Iowa—has been a costly experiment, correctly charged up to experience. This community, like many others, sought prosperity on the hopes of scrip. It would be new and additional money in circulation, its sponsors claimed, but alas and alack, it only became so many sheets of paper, circulating between merchants when they would accept it. It contributed nothing to prosperity and nothing to buying power. Red Oak merchants, tiring of piling, stamping and paying on the non-circulating medium, bought it up and retired the issue. And so another noble experiment of the depression proves a dud."

In February, 1932, hoarding of currency had reached such a proportion that President Hoover made a nation-wide appeal for people to stop hoarding money and place it into circulation. In response to this appeal the Pajaro Valley National Bank, of Watsonville, California, issued on April 6 what it called Prosperity Checks. Four of these checks were issued in the \$2.50 denomination and were numbered Happiness, Faith, Courage, and Prosperity. The checks were issued, respectively, to the Civic Welfare Committee, the Salvation Army, Watsonville Chapter of the Red Cross, and

the Y. M. C. A. These non-hoarding checks measured 7 by 15 inches, and each contained spaces on the back for 70 endorsements. The check was supposed to be passed along within 24 hours for services or merchandise. The bank would not accept the check for payment until it had the 70 endorsements, and it required about three weeks for the checks to make the rounds among individuals and the local business houses. Thus the \$10 which was originally issued did at least \$700 worth of business during the three weeks the checks were in circulation. It was intended to prove that the velocity or turnover of money was the important thing and that it should not be hoarded. Similar checks, but smaller in size, so as not to require so many endorsements, were issued in a number of cities during the bank holiday period.

One of the first cities to issue scrip was Tenino, Washington. In December, 1931, when the only bank in town closed its doors, the Chamber of Commerce issued scrip to the depositors of the closed bank in exchange for their rights in the liquidating dividend of the bank. At first this scrip was printed on paper in the 25c., \$1, \$5, and \$10 denominations. The publisher of the local newspaper then thought of the brilliant idea of printing the certificates on wood. In February, 1932, a general issue of wooden money was released by the Tenino Chamber of Commerce. These pieces were in the 25c., 50c. and \$1 denominations and were 5½ by 3¼ inches in size. The scrip was printed on two-ply spruce wood, sliced to a thinness of 1/80 of an inch, and made strong and pliable by a sheet of paper placed between the two surfaces. At first some of the people were timid in accepting wooden money. They were, no doubt, remembering the advice so often given by people, "don't take any wooden money." However, the merchants agreed to accept these certificates for merchandise. Also, souvenir hunters and collectors carried away many of the pieces with them. Following the February issue, the Chamber of Commerce issued additional pieces each month up to and including August. During the year 1932 the Tenino Chamber of Commerce issued \$6,383.75 in wooden money. Most of the wooden money was redeemable until January 1, 1933. However, only about \$40 of the total amount issued was returned for redemption at the close of the year.

Several communities on learning of the profits made in Tenino, Washington, from printing scrip on wood, decided that they would also print some scrip on material other than paper. For example, in Enterprise, Oregon, the Chamber of Commerce issued scrip printed on buckskin in the One Buck and Half Buck denominations. Of the \$1,515 issued in 1933, only about \$800 was redeemed. Other novelty scrip was the sheepskin currency of Heppner, Oregon; the leather money of Albany, Oregon; and the scrip printed on fishskin parchment of Fridays Harbor, Washington.

One of the principal types of scrip issued in 1932 and 1933 were the barter and trade certificates of unemployed organizations. In January, 1933, it was estimated that there were over 140 separate barter exchanges in the United States and that over 1,000,000 persons were using barter and scrip as a medium of exchange. The Natural Development Association of Salt Lake City, Utah, was probably one of the largest barter and trade organizations in the country. It was established in 1931 and by 1933 it had 18 branches located in 6 States. Among its members were professional men as well as skilled and unskilled workmen of all kind. These people gave their services or commodities in exchange for scrip in the form of coupons which entitled them to purchase food and clothing. In addition to exchanging commodities the Association also conducted educational, social and recreational activities for its members.

In New York City two exchanges were formed similar to the Natural Development Association. These were the Inwood Mutual Exchange and the Greenwich Village Mutual Exchange. These organizations were short lived, due to lack of cooperation and difficulties in obtaining enough commodities and services to exchange among its members.

One of the best organized and most efficient of the unemployed group was the Organized Unemployed, Inc., of Minneapolis, Minnesota. It was formed to aid the unemployed and needy by stimulating and directing the spirit of self-help in offering work opportunity to as many individuals as possible so that they could maintain their independence of public and private charities. In order to carry on the activities of the group, scrip

was issued which was backed by the property of the organization. With the use of scrip it operated a retail store, shoemaker store, restaurant, wood-cutting projects, clothing factory, and canned thousands of quarts of fruits and vegetables to feed its members. On June 15, 1933, the organization reported that approximately \$17,000 had been invested in it in the form of cash and merchandise since its incorporation in August, 1932. A total of over \$76,000 in scrip had been issued during this ten-month period. The organization was practically self-supporting and furnished employment for over 300 persons. The group was in existence for three years, 1932-35 and during this period over \$150,000 worth of scrip was placed in circulation. Of this amount \$16,000 was never presented for redemption, as the final issue was called as of June 30, 1935. It ceased operations because its activities had been curtailed, due to the inflow of Federal funds, its members securing work on W. P. A. and C. W. A. projects. In like manner the other unemployed groups in various cities had their activities curtailed and eventually folded up. These groups demonstrated that, regardless of various economic conditions, people can make a living by joining together in group enterprises.

It is hoped that the country will not have to resort to the use of emergency currency again for many years. However, history shows that there has been a spread of about 25 years between panics and depressions, so the question is: Will more scrip be issued in the future or will our currency system be elastic enough to take care of the situation when as and if the country has another depression?

Candling Bank Notes In Pioneer Iowa

By **LEE HEWITT**
Chicago, Ill.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

The problems of the pioneer bankers and business men were complicated by the necessity of judging the value of paper money which came into their hands. There was, of course, the danger of accepting counterfeit coins, but this paled into insignificance beside the problem of deciding which bank notes were to be discounted and how much, to say nothing of the possibility that they might be entirely counterfeit or represent a purely mythical bank.

That this problem involved no small amount of financial knowledge is evident from the story told in Aurner's "History of Johnson County, Iowa," of two men of an inquiring turn of mind who listed the notes which went through the exchanges during a short period in 1856 and found the notes of more than three hundred banks and six different kinds of local scrip or orders. Two-thirds of these bills were then below par.

Bills were "candled" as they came in, as if they were eggs or other graded produce. Hoyt Sherman, a prominent Iowa banker of this period, tells of five labels used in one old currency tray. "Eastern Pennsylvania, New York and New England" were choice funds, rating next to gold. "Ohio, Indiana and Missouri" and "Virginia, Maryland and Kentucky" were not so good, but were considered safe and bankable. "Illinois and Wisconsin" represented the free bank notes, issued chiefly at Chicago and Milwaukee. The fifth group, designated as "Western Mixed," caused most of the grief of the banker, so far as currency was concerned. This was the "wild cat" money. "The vigilant banker watched that pile of currency closer than the others," said Mr. Sherman. "Its increase in quantity caused much anxious concern—and its decrease corresponding elation. As the close of the business day approached, if the supply was large, he prayed inwardly for checks to come in for payment; and if he could close up with that part of the tray empty, his sleep that night would be calm and peaceful. That kind of money reversed the usual order of things in the mind of a banker—a large balance, instead of being a source of satisfaction, was a very disagreeable menace."

A man who accepted a bank note and then found that it was at a discount had, as a rule, no recourse. In this respect a bank note was less safe than a check, for which the person who passed it with his endorsement might be held responsible if the giver had no money in the bank or the bank had failed.

Hiram Price, in the "Annals of Iowa" (third series), wrote concerning this problem:

"In those days in Iowa the two most important books that every business man needed were a Bible and a counterfeit detector. And of these two the detector seemed to be the most important for at least six days out of seven, and most men in business seemed to act as though it had been written 'six days shalt thou diligently study thy counterfeit detector, but the seventh, which is the Sabbath, thou mayest give heed to thy Bible' But business men were not even then secure against imposition and loss from depreciated and counterfeit bank paper, because a bank might be in good condition when the detector was published, but the following week and before he could procure a new edition, showing the standing of the banks, paper which he had taken as good would have depreciated from five to twenty per cent., and sometimes even more."

One of the best known of these bank-note guides was "Thompson's Bank-Note Reporter," which was established in 1836 by John Thompson, who was one of the organizers of the First National Bank of New York and also of the Chase National Bank. Merchants in cities such as Chicago fared far better than their country contemporaries, as the daily papers carried quotations on bank notes. For the most part these quotations were not printed by the paper as news matter, such as the present-day stock and produce quotations, but appeared in the advertisements of firms dealing in currency.

Collecting And Masonic Pennies

By L. FRANK SMITH
Albany, Mo.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

I believe it is a natural instinct for every man, woman and child to collect something or other. The small boy, for instance, most always has a collection of some kind in his pockets. It may range from peach seeds to fishhooks, but nevertheless it is an important collection in his own mind. The little girl has hidden away in her room a cigar box that contains crayons, paper dolls, a fragment of colored cloth, etc., "junk" we say, but to her it is a very important collection.

We as collectors should encourage these youngsters so that in future years they may develop a hobby that will be a source of pleasure to fall back on when the everyday things of life fail them.

Strange as it seems, sometimes one has a hobby and doesn't realize it. I was once talking to a young school teacher about my own hobby, and she let fall the remark that she had several cook books that she had acquired in the past few years and prized them very highly. I suggested that she might improve her collection by writing to manufacturers over the country, enclosing return postage, and ask them for a cook book. She now has a large collection and is always on the alert for information about more cook books.

A collection need not be an expensive hobby. We who collect coins can always find ways to add to our collection without breaking the bank to do so. Some time ago I wrote an article about Masonic Pennies that was published in *The Numismatist*. I received letters in reply from many persons in the United States and Canada, and added to my collection substantially by swapping something that they collected for a penny for my collection. I have received several Masonic pennies from a gentleman in California, and in return I continue to send him advertising pencils for his pencil collection.

I have derived much pleasure through correspondence with people all

over the world in pursuit of my Masonic penny collection. I received a penny several years ago from a gentleman in Scotland who carries on a large correspondence all over the world. When I wrote thanking him for the penny, I made the remark that the stamp on his letter had found a place in my son's stamp collection. Since then, every few months, I receive a package of stamps that he saves, as well as a penny now and then.

I have a nice collection of United States coins as well as my Masonic Penny collection, to which I add a few pieces each year. I don't always get the most perfect coin that could be obtained, but it is the type I am after and it fills the bill as far as I am concerned. I try to talk my hobby every chance I get. In that way I pick up a lot of pieces that people who are not interested in coins are glad to sell to me. By talking my hobby I also leave enough impression on their minds that they think of me when they hear of a coin that is for sale, and I get a chance to acquire it, usually at a very reasonable price.

Although Masonic penny collecting has proven a very rare hobby, it came perfectly natural to me. Having collected coins all my life, when I became a member of Royal Arch Masonry and received my penny I immediately began to wonder how many different types of them one could find, and it didn't take long for me to proceed to find them.

I have not gone in with the idea of getting as many pennies as I could, but more to get them in as many types and from as many different parts of the world as possible. Sometimes it is difficult to obtain them from certain quarters, but usually by using a little tact and strategy it can be accomplished. I have on some occasions been compelled to write several letters before I have received my penny. In one instance, when I was unable to get a reply to my request, I found some literature that gave out the information that this particular Chapter of Royal Arch Masons was not on the most friendly terms with the chapters of another country, due to some difficulty over establishing chapters in a new territory. Having received several pennies from the latter country, I wrote another letter and told of the fine consideration I had received from them, and immediately there came a penny and a carbon copy of a request to five other provinces in the same country to send pennies to me. I received four out of the five requests.

There is one country in particular (Sweden) that I have been unable to receive a penny from, due to the fact that I have been unable to contact anyone whom I can make understand what I want. About a month ago I discovered that the ruler of this country was a very enthusiastic member of the Royal Arch, so I have written to him asking for an exchange of pennies. This is my first attempt to exchange pennies with royalty and I am wondering what will be the outcome.

It will be very interesting to know just what effect the present war in Europe will have on the chapters that have issued some of the pennies that I now have in my collection. The organization at present, along with many others, is being suppressed. But I wonder if an order so ancient and honorable in its dealings with mankind can be abolished forever.

As I mentioned in a former article that the Masonic penny or mark is a representation of the marks that ancient craftsmen used to identify their work, would it not be interesting to dig in the wreckage of the old war-torn buildings of Europe and discover some of the stones that our ancient brothers had chiseled their marks on?

The war has almost put a stop to my collection so far as adding new types from Europe is concerned. I suppose that people over there are too busy thinking of their own future to be bothered with helping to further someone's hobby hundreds of miles away. I hope that our nation may not be drawn into the struggle, and that we shall be allowed to go on our peace-loving way, still remembering that when time grows heavy on our hands we will always have our "collection" to fall back on for relaxation and pleasure.

King Edward III, of England, when short of bullion to conduct his campaigns, looked to the skill of alchemists to transmute the baser metals into gold.

Canadian card money was first issued in 1685, due to lack of currency.

ROBERT SCOT, FIRST ENGRAVER AT THE PHILADELPHIA MINT.

We believe that anything concerning the history of the early coinage of the United States and those who produced it should be of interest to collectors of United States coins and should be placed on record in a numismatic publication. For that reason we reprint here some details of the career of Robert Scot, one of the first engravers of the mint, taken from the January, 1941, issue of Embossed, Revenue and Stamped Paper News, of which James F. Magee, Jr., of Philadelphia, is the editor.

Robert Scot was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, October 2, 1745. He left college in early life, and was at first a watch maker, and then apprenticed himself to Sir Robert Strange, the eminent Edinburgh engraver, where he learned the art of line engraving. We first hear of him in America in the Virginia State Records, May 12, 1780, where it is recorded, "also, to Warnt to Robert Scot of 2,103 pounds and 8 shillings for his services and expenses in detecting some persons in counterfeiting ye paper currency."

He obtained a position in Richmond as an instructor in higher mathematics. Scot was a man of retiring habits and of great personal dignity. About 1780 he was appointed engraver to the State of Virginia. His associations with the leading families of that section induced a taste in the study of heraldry, in which he became proficient. He was soon able to begin business for himself in engraving heraldic devices, medals, coins, bank notes, etc.

(For the information of Scot's activities in Virginia we are indebted to Mr. Rutherford Goodwin, of Williamsburg, Va.)

Scot engraved another portrait of Washington not dated, $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches, bust, head nearly in profile to right, engraving quoted by Baker, Carson, and Hart.

Immediately after the surrender of Cornwallis in October, 1781, a survey was made of Yorktown. Scot's engraving of the map is signed R. Scot, Sculp, Philadelphia, 1782. In this year, he advertises himself as late engraver to the State of Virginia, and in 1782 settled permanently in Philadelphia.

Scot married Miss Eunice Beal in 1783. He adopted the tenets of the Friends, and attended the meeting at Fifth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

He engraved a special frontpiece for Ahiman Rezon, abridged and digested as a help to all that are or would be Free and Accepted Masons, to which is added a sermon preached by William Smith, D.D. (Later, First provost of the University of Pennsylvania), Monday, December 28th, 1778 as the anniversary of St. John the Evangelist, published by the order of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, 1783, signed R. Scot, M. M. (Master Mason) Sculp. Scot was a member of this lodge, as he is mentioned in the minutes as Brother Scot. The original place of this frontpiece is now on exhibition in the Museum of the Grand Lodge Library in the Masonic Temple in Philadelphia. The engraving reproduces the arms of the most Ancient and Honorable Fraternity of Ancient Masons, together with the arms of the operative or Stone Masons Guild.

In 1785 he engraved the insignia of the Society of the Cincinnati.

Scot became a member of the St. Andrew's Society in 1786, and in 1792 he engraved a very artistic certificate of membership which is still in use at the present time. At the top is St. Andrew and the Cross in the oval. Below, a destitute Scotch family; on the right, the thistles of Scotland and on the left, a stalk of corn, emblematic of America.

In 1789, Scot engraved the seal of the society, a thistle in a circle for which he was paid in January, 1789, 6 pounds. November 22, 1792, he was paid 10 pounds for engraving the plate of the diploma. In December, 1793, he was paid 25 pounds 9 shillings 15 pence for completing work on the diploma and seals.

In 1785 he was paid 16 pounds for engraving devices for the State of Pennsylvania. In the following year he engraved a portrait of Martin Luther for a German Life of Luther, published in Germantown, Philadelphia.

In 1787, he engraved the certificate of membership for the College of Physicians that was established in that year. The minutes of the College state that the following payments were made to Robert Scot. March 13, 1787, for a seal, 2 pounds 12 shillings 6 pence; for an engraving July 10th, 1787, 11 pounds 17 shillings 10 pence.

Scot sunk a large number of dies for foreign commemorative medals.

He worked as an engraver on the illustrations for Dobson's edition of Rees' Encyclopedia, Philadelphia, 1794-1803.

November 23rd, 1793, Robert Scot was appointed by President Washington first engraver to the newly established mint in Philadelphia. A letter from the Department of State now in the National Archives in Washington, dated Nov. 23rd, 1793, from Thomas Jefferson to Robert Scot, enclosed the latter's commission as engraver of the mint. Scot engraved the dies of the early copper, silver and gold coins. He accepted the directorship of the engraving department of the mint with the condition that he might be permitted to do work for private parties. His salary was \$1200 per year.

A communication to the House of Representatives, February 9th, 1795, said: "The engravers whose actual duties are the raising and furnishing all punches that are requested for the completion of the dies, the engraving and sinking of all original dies, and raising all hubbs that are struck out of these. He has an assistant occasionally when the business is urgent."

From 1794 to 1798 Scot took into partnership Samuel Allardice, an engraver. During these years the engravings were signed Scot and Allardice. In 1795 the firm engraved for Hume's "History of England," Campbell's edition portraits of Henry IV, James I, and II, Oliver Cromwell and David Hume.

Poulson's Advertiser carried the announcement on April 28th, 1806, of the death of the wife of Robert Scot, engraver of the mint. In 1807, he was given an assistant at the Mint, owing to his being "so far advanced in years."

His name appears in the first Philadelphia Directory of June, 1785, engraver, Second and Chestnut streets; then, in the directories from 1794 to 1822, as an engraver at the mint. He retained this position until his death. In later life he owned considerable real estate in Hamilton Village, now West Philadelphia.

Robert Scot died November 3rd, 1823, intestate. His son, Robert Scot, Jr., mariner, was one of the administrators. The estate amounted to \$13,000.00 and was divided in 1832 in equal quarters to each of the children, a son and three daughters.

Robert Scot was buried in the historic Quaker Burial Grounds at Fifth and Prime streets, Philadelphia.

NUMISMATIC BRIEFS.

According to an official regulation of Newfoundland, dated 18 August, 1825, dried fish was established as the standard of value and as money to pay salaries and to pay the fisherman for their catch. In Iceland, a pair of leather shoes was valued officially at four dried fish, a cask of wine at 100 dried fish.

To read an inscription on a silver coin which by much wear has become entirely obliterated it is possible to make the inscription reappear by heating the coin, and the legends will then show up in a greenish hue.

Many years ago the bids at coin auctions were given in eighths of a dollar. This accounts for the bids of \$1.12 or \$2.87 on single lots. The fractional method had its advantages, but decimal bidding is probably here to stay.

At the time when the "green-backs of the Government" were being issued, the term "red back" was used to denote the issues of broken banks.

The Western Maryland Coin Club, Cumberland, Md., will put on a hobby show the latter part of March, 1941.

Eckfeldt & Du Bois, famous for their Mint Manual issued in 1842, also issued a supplement in 1852 which contains the following entry under China: "The trashy coin of this great empire deserves notice only by way of recreation."

The historian Pliny gives us the date for the first Roman silver coins: 269 B. C.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

THE POSSIBILITY OF GOLD COINAGE.

Recent newspaper reports of bank meetings indicate that the possibility of an American gold coinage resumption is being thought about, at least by bankers, if not by officials in Washington.

The attitude of the bankers is, in general, that a coinage of gold, payable upon demand, will give our currency new stability, and will permanently dispel the "inflation talk" which has been in the air concurrent with the President's power to reduce the legal metallic content of the gold dollar.

It is interesting to observe from old records what took place in 1879 with the resumption of specie payments, after suspension during and following the Civil War period. The excerpt appeared two weeks prior to the official Government resumption of specie payment.

In a December, 1878, newspaper the following editorial appeared: ". . . Gold closed yesterday at par, and for the first time since the legal-tender greenbacks were issued, nearly seventeen years ago, were quoted at their face value in the standard coin of the country. . . . The one thing needed to make resumption real is a large supply of coin, in excess for the time being of the demand for it, so that persons desiring gold will not be

driven to the brokers to obtain it, and that persons having gold will not carry it to the brokers in the hope of getting a premium."

January 2, 1879, was the date known as "Resumption Day." In all parts of the country the price of gold had dropped so that there was little difference between the specie and the note as early as two weeks prior to the date.

A Washington report of January 2, 1879, states that there were no large crowds at the Sub-Treasury in New York. The demand for gold in New York was small, and all persons took "coin checks." The proportion of gold to paper desired was five dollars paper to one dollar gold, and the proportion seems to be decreasing as the novelty of handling gold wears off. Shopkeepers disliked gold, as unfamiliarity in handling it led to the acceptance of light-weight coins. It is thought there that as long as greenbacks are redeemable on sight in gold they fulfill all the functions of coins, and paper money is considerably more convenient to handle.

Indications now are that the Government stock of gold will increase instead of being diminished, now that resumption has been accomplished.

A series of reports from the major financial centers of 1879, including Philadelphia, St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati, indicate that preference was everywhere expressed for currency, and not for the coin, except as a curiosity.

Whether the effect today would be like that of sixty-two years ago affords an interesting speculation. World conditions, needless to state, have greatly complicated the picture, as well as the centralization of the world's gold supply in this country during the past ten years.

ANNUAL ASSAY COMMISSION MEETS.

The numismatists of America should consider the second Wednesday in February a holiday, for this is the date prescribed by law for the meeting of the Annual Assay Commission each year at the United States Mint in Philadelphia.

The traditional ceremony of the "trial of the pyx" is a very serious matter, as for the past two years there have been record productions of coinage, so that the work of the commission has not been as perfunctory as it has been in times past when smaller coinages were struck.

The Assay Commission is appointed each year by the President, with the following three members in regular attendance: The Judge of the District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Chief Assayer. These three officials meet with such other persons as the President may designate, and are termed Assay Commissioners. The provisions for the present Commission are contained in the Revised Statutes, Sec. 3547. The commission was created in 1792, and is one of the oldest Government institutions.

Following are the details and methods of the duties of the commission prepared in advance of the meeting:

At the United States mints at Philadelphia, Denver and San Francisco not less than one silver coin of every 2,000 delivered from the coining room must be reserved for test by the commission to determine whether the coins conform to legal requirements as to weight and fineness. The sample coins are required to be sealed and carefully preserved in a "pyx" under the joint care of the Superintendent and Assayer for delivery to the commission. The word "pyx" in the law is derived from "pyx-chest," a receptacle for new English coins once kept in the Chapel of the Pyx in Westminster Abbey, London. For the 1940 test, the 79,847 coins were reserved at the three United States coinage mints and are now assembled at the Philadelphia Mint in the manner prescribed by law. The coins are carefully guarded in the "pyx" at Philadelphia awaiting trial by the Commission.

Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint, will be present at the Philadelphia ceremony. Dr. L. J. Briggs, Director of the Bureau of Standards, will carry with him from Washington the official weights of the Bureau of the Mint, which have been calibrated at the Bureau of Standards for the annual test of the coinage.

The law specifies that sample coins deposited by superintendents of the coinage mints for the annual test shall "be sealed by the Superintendent in an envelope on which shall be inscribed the place of coinage, the date, number and amount of delivery, the number and denominations of pieces

inclosed, and a certificate signed by the Superintendent and Assayer that the facts are as stated."

The sealed parcels, the law provides, shall be deposited in a pyx, designated for the purpose at each mint, to be kept under the joint care of the Superintendent and Assayer and be secured so that neither can have access to its contents without the presence of the other. The law directs that the reserved pieces from the coinage of mints other than the Philadelphia Mint, shall, in their sealed envelopes, be transmitted quarterly by express or registered mail to the Mint at Philadelphia, where they shall be carefully preserved in a pyx under the joint care of the Superintendent and Assayer, for delivery to the Annual Assay Commission.

That great historical import has always been attached to the appointment of the members of the commission is evidenced by the names of several illustrious appointees. Thomas Jefferson, John Marshall, and Alexander Hamilton have at one time served as members.

AKRON (OHIO) COIN CLUB ISSUES MEDAL.

An attractive medal has been issued by the Akron Coin Club. It is struck in light bronze and is the size of illustration.

The obverse design is emblematic of the Indian Portage which goes through Akron, connecting the Cuyahoga and the Tuscarawas rivers.



The reverse bears the design of the airship Akron, which crashed shortly after it was completed. The names appearing on the reverse are those of officers of the club during 1939.

The medals were produced by the Medallie Art Company, New York City.

F. C. C. BOYD TO ADDRESS J. C. C. C. BANQUET.

On Thursday, February 6, the Jersey City Coin Club will hold its annual dinner at the Hotel Plaza, in Jersey City. The principal speaker of the third anniversary of the Club will be F. C. C. Boyd, of New York, long a prominent collector and expert numismatist. The subject of his remarks have not yet been announced. William H. Arthur, of West New York, N. J., is president of the club. L. H. Zepfler, of 1 Willow road, Cranford, N. J., has charge of the arrangements, and states that dinner tickets are still available. The dinner will commence at 6.30 P. M.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Uruguay—It has been reported from Montevideo that there will be coined copper-nickel pieces to the value of 1,500,000 pesos, which will be issued through the Bank of the Republic. The coins are to be of the 2 and 5 centesimo values and will be of the same design as those now in circulation. The metal alloy will be the same as the American 5-cent nickel coinage—25 per cent. nickel and 75 per cent. copper. Uruguayans have been using the same type of minor coinage since the turn of the century.

NICKEL PATTERNS.

We illustrate in connection with the seventy-fifth anniversary of the five-cent nickel piece, now being observed in connection with the promotion of National Coin Week, a number of trial and experimental pieces struck in various alloys of nickel, as well as in pure nickel.



The first specimen shown is that of a nickel cent, struck in 1851 with a reeded edge, with the Seated Liberty design used upon the silver issues of that period (A.-W. 146). The second specimen is a five-cent pattern struck in pure nickel (magnetic) in 1883. The head upon the obverse is similar to the regular type, although the reverse differs entirely. The inscription indicates the metal content (A.-W. 1686).



The next three specimens show from the reverse types, that experimentation was in process to determine the most desirable coinage alloy. All these specimens are dated 1883. The proportion of nickel contained in each varies from 33 parts nickel and 67 parts copper to equal amounts of each, and also with 75 parts nickel and 25 parts copper (33 N, A.-W. 1694, 50 N, A.-W. 1689, and 75 N, A.-W. 1692).



In 1896 a nickel pattern was struck with the shield obverse. This issue has the crossed standard with liberty cap and eagle in the background. (A.-W. 1735).

We also illustrate a specimen of the first nickel coinage regularly struck. That of 1866, with the bars and stars. It may be of interest to die-variety collectors to know that the 1867 five-cent nickels with bars vary somewhat from those of 1866, as the position of the star above the 5 has different positions in relation to the final S in STATES on some issues.



The coins illustrated herewith are in the collection of Ralph E. Case, a member of the A. N. A., who kindly furnished the plates. We should like to illustrate for collectors a specimen of A.-W. 56, a nickel two-cent piece, stated to be the first nickel specimen regularly coined at the mint. Any collector having a specimen which he is willing to furnish for illustration will greatly oblige the editor.



Collectors interested in the story of the introduction of nickel into the American system, through the famous Feuchtwanger "composition pieces" first issued in 1837, are referred to *The Numismatist*, Vol. XXVI, No. 6, the June, 1913, issue, in which the leading article is by the former editor, Edgar H. Adams, entitled, "Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger."

DIES FOR THE 60 PESOS OF OAXACA TO BE DEFACED.

Some of the members of the A. N. A. at the 1934 Cleveland Convention saw the dies for the 60-peso gold piece of Oaxaca, Mexico, 1916, and heard Ed Windau, of Cleveland, relate how he secured them on one of his annual trips to Mexico. Since then the dies have been owned by him. He now writes that he is contemplating presenting them to the American Numismatic Society, New York City. He states that if this is done a small hole will be electrically drilled in the obverse die so that if the dies are ever stolen and restrikes made they can be identified. The 60-peso pieces are extremely rare, only a few specimens being known.

THE SIX-POINTED STAR.

W. G. Hankins, A. N. A. member 242, Kissimmee, Fla., writes (about the six-pointed star mentioned in *The Numismatist*): "In heraldry in the twelfth to fourteenth centuries the six-pointed star was used on the coat-of-arms to indicate the sixth son of the family in which it was used, and I am of the opinion that this may have some bearing on the subject."

T. R. H.

NATIONAL COIN WEEK OMISSION.

The name of Ted R. Hammer, 1511 S. Main street, Burlington, Iowa, was omitted from the list of co-chairmen who will co-operate in the observance of National Coin Week next month. Mr. Hammer, at present Librarian and Curator of the Association and a former District Secretary, was also active in 1939 in connection with National Coin Week.

National Coin Week, 1941

MARCH 23 TO 29.

What To Do.

Make arrangements to secure local publicity for the Week, stressing the fact that coins have human interest and that a commonplace coin, the five-cent nickel, is now 75 years old. Arrange for the papers to carry illustrations of the interesting coins in your collection. They will cooperate if you are able to convince them of the interesting story behind each coin, and if your hobby is made appealing to them.

If possible, arrange for talks on the radio, telling where coins are on exhibit. Have coins in your local library, school, or bank, as well as in any meeting place where people get together and talk.

Show coins of general interest, so arranged as to attract the casual passerby. Label coins neatly, without too much text. Use popular, simple language, but avoid misleading statements. Avoid showing coins of great interest to collectors because of minute variety, significant only to dyed-in-the-wool numismatists.

Set aside one night when people may meet you and talk coins with you. You may be able to organize a local group. The group will not form itself unless you guide its early steps.

Show *The Numismatist*, and make frequent mention of the A. N. A.'s fiftieth anniversary.

What To Show.

Show coins with public appeal—large coins, small coins, square coins, curious coins or coins which readily attract the non-collector. Use historical pieces, Biblical pieces, Washington, or any American series. Emphasize the seventy-fifth anniversary of the five-cent nickel coin. Show the early types if you have them.

Show coins connected with the news. Use publicity to your own advantage by displaying coins, for example, of nations where the United States has just acquired new air bases, coins of Jamaica, Newfoundland, British Guiana, or Antigua, to mention but a few.

Show medals, or paper money, political tokens, or anything numismatic which you wish, but try to keep the main themes of the Association in mind. Have copies of *The Numismatist* near your exhibit or on display. Let others know that it can be obtained. Tell your friends about membership privileges, etc.

Use the exhibit cards with the A. N. A. seal. You are urged to use the Coin Week labels on your mail. We ask every member of the A. N. A. to think and act NATIONAL COIN WEEK this year. We should like to see the 50th year of the A. N. A. be a banner year for the Association. Let us attempt to secure new members from the ranks. There is no week like NATIONAL COIN WEEK to place your exhibit on display and tell your friends about your hobby. Other times of the year may not be as opportune as NATIONAL COIN WEEK. Make use of it. It's **your** week.

UNCIRCULATED COINS.

I read with interest the brief article in your December issue of *The Numismatist* under the caption "What Does Uncirculated Mean To You?"

Obviously, I do not agree with your way of designating an uncirculated coin. May I advise that a coin can be properly termed "uncirculated" if it hasn't been passed or given out to general circulation. In other words, an uncirculated coin, even though it passed from the mint to the bank, thence to the collector, is still uncirculated, providing the coin hasn't been touched by human hands.

If you are determined to hold to that classification, and deem it an honest classification to the numismatic hobby, then no coin, even if the collector obtains it directly from the mint, can be honestly termed "uncirculated," because, as far as circulation is concerned, all coins at the mint have been moved hither and thither by Federal employees. Even if a col-

lector called at the mint to obtain his coins, the coins he obtains cannot be called "uncirculated" nor can they be guaranteed as perfect. Once the mint transfers its coins from the coining department to the storeroom, those coins (in accordance with your way of classification), have already been circulated, regardless of whether they leave the mint or not. On the other hand, if a collector sent his remittance to the mint for his coins, what about those coins sent from the mint via the postal system? Haven't those coins been circulated? Or don't you consider this? You must censure this method of procedure also if your way of classifying an uncirculated coin is to be observed by numismatists.

Moreover, was the mint established for collectors or for coining? Yes, the mint will show courtesy to collectors, but remember, the mint doesn't consider the needs of a collector. Besides, the mint doesn't care to handle orders for coins from collectors. Its purpose is otherwise. What does the mint care about minor "marks upon coins" when collectors call their attention to it? If coins cannot be called "uncirculated" if passed from the mint to the bank, then those at the mint, even though unreleased, cannot be called uncirculated.

Who can prove that these coins have not been moved? If they have been moved or transported from the coining room to the storeroom, then these coins have been as much knocked around as those which have been sent to the bank, and must, therefore, be classified as "circulated."

You can only classify a coin by its condition, regardless of how much it might have been shifted around, or the distance it has traveled. To make collectors believe that uncirculated coins can be only secured at the mint is not doing justice to numismatics. Coins are graded by condition, not by the distance they travel. An uncirculated coin can be shipped a million miles, still it can be honestly graded as "uncirculated," providing it reaches its destination intact. Distance hasn't anything to do with the condition of a coin. It is ridiculous to think so.

I know for a fact that coins dispatched directly from the mint, or obtained at the mint, have showed marks from rough and careless handling. The mint will not take pains to sort or select "nice" specimens for every collector. But, on the other hand, a reliable coin dealer will. By way of pointed illustration: If a collector obtained his uncirculated coin from a dealer, he can rest assured of complete satisfaction. A responsible coin dealer will either send another selection or refund the price of the coin. A reliable coin dealer will, after receiving a roll of newly minted coins, take considerable care to prevent undesirable specimens from reaching collectors who are exceedingly particular or "fussy" about their numismatic hobby. The dealer's word of "satisfaction" is sufficient to convince the collector that he will stand back of his guarantee. A collector cannot trifle with the mint as he can with a dealer. If he isn't satisfied the "first time," well, that's his hard luck.

STEPHEN TEETS.

Peekskill, N. Y., Dec. 26, 1940.

PORTUGAL ISSUES SILVER AND NICKEL COINS IN 1940.

The Capitol Coin Company, of Brooklyn, N. Y., reports that Portugal has struck all of its current silver and nickel coins with the date 1940. The silver coins are of 10, 5, and 2½ escudos with the sailing ship design, and the nickel coins are of 1 and ½ escudo with the Liberty head design. These new coins are a result of the decree, recently passed, authorizing an increase in the coinage.

JAPAN'S COSTLY WAR CAUSES UNLIMITED NOTE ISSUE.

The great expenses of the war with China have been so far reaching that it is expected that the Bank of Japan will have the unlimited right to issue notes, disregarding legal statutes and reserve requirements usually adhered to in sound banking circles. For the past several years the outstanding note issue has increased.

DETROIT COIN CLUB ISSUES MEDAL FOR A. A. GRINNELL.

To commemorate its 400th meeting, the Detroit Coin Club issued a medal which honors A. A. Grinnell, a member and past president of the club. The medal is struck in silver for distribution, and a single specimen was struck in gold for presentation to Mr. Grinnell at the anniversary banquet held at the Detroit-Leland Hotel on January 23.



The medal bears on the obverse a side-view portrait of Mr. Grinnell. Above, "Albert Avery Grinnell." Below, "For Advancement of Numismatic Science." The reverse has "Honor the Living," within a wreath in the center. Surrounding, "Commemorating 400th Meeting Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich., January 23, 1941."

Mr. Grinnell owns one of the finest and most complete collections of United States paper money in the country, and he is recognized as one of the leading authorities on this subject. He is an enthusiastic and untiring worker in the numismatic field, and never fails to give of his time and effort to the advancement of the Detroit Coin Club.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

India—A new nickel 2-anna coin bearing the head of George VI and the date 1940 has recently arrived and is being illustrated here through the courtesy of the Capitol Coin Company of Station G, Brooklyn, N. Y. The coin is square with rounded corners and the obverse bears the crowned



head of George VI, and the inscription, "George VI King Emperor." The reverse has the value "2 annas," and underneath, "India—1940." The native equivalents are also expressed on the reverse. The coin was minted in Bombay, as the dot under the head signifies.

The Southern Rhodesian currency notes previously mentioned of the 10-shilling value are part of a series including the 1-pound and the 5-pound notes. The present notes circulating of the Standard Bank of South Africa, and Barclay's (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) Bank will be legal tender until March 1942.

If there is one per cent. of gold or silver in one ton of ore, it contains 291 ounces troy of either of these metals.

WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP MEDALS.

The following is from a member of the A. N. A.:

"In response to the request in the December issue for reports on world championship medals held by A. N. A. members, here are two sets issued to commemorate a battle in the squared circle eighty years ago, with an American and an Englishman as the principals. Perhaps the memory of none of our members harks back to the Heenan-Sayers fight of 1860, fought on British soil, and which ended in a draw, but some of our old-timers doubtless recall discussions heard in their younger days by sports fans on the merits of the two fighters.

"One of these sets (two pieces) is struck in bronze, one of them bearing the portrait of Heenan with the inscription "John C. Heenan, Champion of America, 1859." The other has the portrait of Sayers and the inscription "Thomas Sayers, Champion of England, 1859." The same reverse die was used on each. It reads: "Jos. H. Merriam, Die Sinker, 18 Brattle Square, Boston. Medals Struck in Gold, Silver, Copper or Tin." Merriam was a prominent die cutter at that time.



"The other set (two pieces) is struck in white metal and the obverse is similar to the preceding set. The reverse has the following inscription within a wreath: "The Great International Prize Fight Between Heenan & Sayers for the Championship of the World Fought April 1860." This set was made by F. B. Smith and Hartman, N. Y.

The following details of the fight are from the Encyclopedia Britannica:

"Tom Sayers (1826-1865), English pugilist, was born at Brighton on the 25th of May, 1826. By trade a bricklayer, he began his career as a prize fighter in 1849 and won battle after battle, his single defeat being at the hands of Nat Langham in October, 1853. In 1857 he gained the championship. His fight with the American, John C. Heenan, the Benicia Boy, a much heavier man than himself, is perhaps the most famous in the history of the English prize ring. It took place at Farnborough on the 17th of April, 1860, and lasted two hours and six minutes, thirty-seven rounds being fought. After Sayers' right arm had been injured the crowd pressed into the ring and the fight was declared a draw. Three thousand pounds was raised by public subscription for Sayers, who withdrew from the ring and died on the 8th of November, 1865. The champion was 5 feet 8½ inches in height and his fighting weight was under 11 stone."

(Editor's Note—Webster's Dictionary defines a stone as "a weight which legally is 14 pounds but in practice varies with the article weighed. (Eng.)." On this basis Sayers' fighting weight would have been not over 154 pounds, which is very light for a heavyweight. Farnborough, where the battle was fought, is in Hampshire, 33 miles from London.)

PREFERS COINS THAT HAVE SEEN CIRCULATION.

As nearly as I can figure, a complete collection of U. S. coins from one-half cent to half dollar, inclusive, consists of 1460 different coins counting mint marks and major varieties, but not recognizing die breaks or minor differences.

It would be a simple matter to assemble a representative collection if one could ignore cost, as most dealers carry a big stock of uncirculated

and proof coins in the later issues but the trick is to find these dates in used form.

While it may be treason from the advanced collector's standpoint to champion the collection of circulated coins if the unused are at all available, to me there is a mystical suggestion of romance and history surrounding a used coin that is utterly lacking in the virginal perfection of the unblemished specimen. What a story some of these battered coins could relate if they could speak! How many of my humble coins have passed through the hands of George Washington, Lincoln or other great figures of history. How many have snuggled in some soldier's pocket during the Battle of Gettysburg, the burning of the Capitol, or have been present at innumerable thrilling events of the past. It does not entail an unusual imagination to envision myriads of untold stories in the life of the used coin not possible to the secluded career of his sheltered brother who has been reclining in some cloistered vault since his inception.

Hence, actuated by the above attitude in addition to the difference in cost, I set for my first objective in coin collecting the gathering of as many different coins as possible regardless of condition, that could be obtained by the expenditure of \$1000.00. It has been fun. Although I have long since exceeded my thousand-dollar limitation I have achieved the total of 1435, with 25 still to go. I may never acquire all, as the few remaining are distinctly in the luxury class (from \$100 up). However, what I am trying to suggest is: In collecting, it is wise to have a definite goal to shoot at (one can always extend it once achieved), and secondly do not overstress the importance of condition. There are compensations for the less exacting collector and considerably less strain on the pursestrings.

Am wondering just how many different coins did you collect for your first thousand dollars!

AN AMATEUR NUMISMATIST.

New York City, Jan. 14.

NEW ISSUES.

French Indo-China—A new pure nickel coinage from French Indo-China has recently been received after many months of delay. The new coins were first announced by the United States Mint reports, as the coins were struck at the San Francisco Mint, and records of the number struck appeared last spring.



The obverse shows a bust of Liberty, with head facing right. The hand of Liberty holds an upright olive spray. At the sides are the inscription **REPUBLIQUE FRANCAISE**. In the exergue is the date, 1940. The reverse shows four stalks of the rice plant, dividing the denomination, 10 CENT. Around the border, the inscriptions read **INDOCHINE FRANCAISE**. There are mintmarks at the reverse base, indicating preparation of the dies in Paris. The coins have a reeded edge. The coinage was designed by P. TURIN who has signed his name in the obverse field. Because of war restrictions on the export of foreign currencies and the use of nickel as a war material, it is likely that the coins will be quite rare. Since announcement of the coinage was first made there have been several reports in *The Numismatist* indicating that the Far Eastern currencies were rapidly being placed on an almost exclusive paper footing in the warring countries. (Illustration by courtesy of New Netherlands Coin Co.)

Money derives its force from common consent. It is the instrument which men use in exchanging the objects of desire as the medium of exchange and the standard by which values are measured in making exchanges.

A RARE BRONZE OR A FOURRE OF APOLLONIA AD RHYNDACUM.

Some time ago this writer happened to acquire a small bronze coin of the city of Apollonia ad Rhyndacum in Mysia. This coin, although described similarly under No. 14, page 9, Vol. 12 of the British Museum Catalogues, and pictured on plate II, 7, offers quite some speculation as to its denomination.

All the coins in the British Museum are silver and none bronze. It must therefore be taken into consideration that the above mentioned specimen is either a fourré, that is, a plated silver coin, or a veritable bronze. To this writer it seems as if the "anima" were too well done and too sharp for a fourré. There is no trace of a coating left.

If we were dealing with a real bronze coin, it might have been struck as a trial piece of some kind. Such procedures were made more often in ancient times than most of us believe.

Following is a short description of the specimen:

B. C. 450-330. Head of Apollo r., laureate, hair rolled. Rx. Anchor inverted to r., crayfish, to l., A and NO.

HANS HOLZER.

New York City, Dec. 27, 1940.

MEDAL FOR NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB ELECTION.

Closely resembling in many respects some of the Presidential campaign medals of 1860 is a ferrotype to commemorate the election of officers of the New York Numismatic Club at its December meeting. The workmanship of the medal is excellent, which was designed and executed by Oscar G. Schilke, of Waterbury, Conn., a member of the New York Numismatic Club.



The obverse has the inscription "Our Choice for President," with crossed laurel branches below. In the center is a photograph of Otto T. Sghia, who has been elected president of the club at the December meeting. The reverse has a photograph of Thomas Morris, with the inscription "For Vice President" and a scroll below, who was elected vice-president.

STANDARD CATALOGUE OF COINS FOR 1941.

Annual "Standard Catalogue of United States Coins and Tokens" has been published for 1941 by Wayte Raymond, Inc., of New York City, with two important additions which will be welcomed by many.

One addition to the book—which has become a "must" in every collector's library and which is known affectionately as the "Bible"—is an enlargement of the section devoted to pattern coins. The division on tokens has been enlarged, also, and includes an interesting introduction by A. Z. Reed on Hard Times Tokens of 1832-1844, covering a lot of ground for the single page.

The standard U. S. work, edited and published by Mr. Raymond, has a fine index.

T. R. H.

Between 1929 and 1937 the Albanian franc was the only currency which did not depreciate at one time or another and which was not supported by artificial exchange control.

CUMULATIVE COINAGE REPORT FOR 1940

Following is the cumulative United States coinage report (in dollars and cents) for the twelve months ended December 31, 1940. Figures include production of all three mints:

Half Dollars	\$ 6,858,639.50
Quarters	11,689,211.50
Dimes	10,811,982.70
Nickels	12,986,457.70
Cents	7,811,558.72
Total	\$50,157,850.12

Through the courtesy of Martin F. Kortjohn, of New York, the following table of proof coinages for 1940 is made available:

Half dollars	\$ 5,639.50
Quarters	2,811.50
Dimes	1,182.70
Nickels	707.90
Cents	158.72
Total	\$10,500.32

The coinage production of three mints during 1940 totalled over one billion pieces. This figure actually was 1,209,478,982. No commemorative coins, or gold, or silver dollars were coined during the past year.

COINAGE FOR DECEMBER, 1940.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during December, 1940, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Half Dollars	\$1,040,207.50	\$ 698,000.00	.....
Quarter dollars	2,212,633.75	629,000.00	.....
Dimes	991,271.50	.....	\$382,000.00
Five cents	1,093,207.50	.....	315,800.00
One cent	887,478.00	407,000.00	132,500.00

BOSTON HAS COINS ON EXHIBITION.

Through the courtesy of Shepard Pond, of Boston, Mass., we have been advised that Filene's, well-known department store of Boston, through the cooperation of the Chase National Bank, has a money display. The exhibit includes famous "pieces-of-eight," Colonial and Continental money, such as the Pine Tree shilling, Massachusetts cent, Fugio cent, as well as coins of all ages since the advent of struck money. In addition, there is a wide range of "native moneys," such as tobacco money, soap money, cheese money, tea money, cardboard money, and many other odd and curious mediums of exchange.

BALTIC STATES COINS TO CIRCULATE WITH RUBLE.

According to recent press dispatches, the Soviet ruble was made legal tender in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania the last week in November, 1940. The report states that the Estonian kroon, the Latvian lat and the Lithuanian lit will circulate with the ruble temporarily. The relative values of the three Baltic currencies to the ruble have been determined as follows: 1 ruble equal to 1 Latvian lat, the Lithuanian lit equal to 0.90 ruble, and the Estonian kroon at 1.25 rubles. The U. S. S. R. ruble is valued at about 19 cents U. S.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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Report of The General Secretary

New Members to be Admitted February 1st, 1941.

- 8352a R. L. Moore, 2400 Van Ness Ave., San Francisco, Calif.
 8353a Harold R. King, 223 S. Orange Drive, Los Angeles, Calif.
 8354a Geo. Klein, 310 Allen St., Kelso, Washington.
 8355a Cleveland O. Wilkinson, 415 North Alice St., Dothan, Ala.
 8356a Roy V. Gavert, 1178 Highland Rd., Sharon, Pa.
 8357a Richard P. Germann, 1045 14th St., Boulder, Colo.
 8358a R. V. Ainsworth, 1025 Y Ave., La Grande, Ore.
 8359a Garland C. Hughes, 326 Norwood Ave. S. E., Grand Rapids, Mich.
 8360a Theodore W. Gottlieb, 884 S. 20th St., Newark, N. J.
 8361a Marvin E. Cox, 1521 Sherwin Ave., Chicago, Ill.
 8362a H. J. Diamond, P. O. Box 561, Houston, Texas.
 8363a Louis Shectman, 43 N. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
 8364a Eugene D. Johnston, 4333 41st St., San Diego, Calif.
 8365a Sterling Coin Club, W. H. Jamison, Secy., 401 West 10th St., Sterling, Ill.
 8366a Ben H. Kast, Motor Route No. 3, Colorado Springs, Colo.
 8367a Ralph L. Baggs, 303 Fifth Ave., New York City, N. Y.
 8368a G. W. Pearson, 722 Oak St., Chattanooga, Tenn.
 8369a M. H. Thorsen, 7222 Monroe Ave., Hammond, Ind.
 8370a Theodora M. M. Danecki, 1410 H Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.,
 8371a Geo. A. Powers, 3822 S. Howell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
 8372a Vernon E. Trunde, Yuma, Colorado.
 8373a C. R. Van Luren, 225 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C.
 8374a Carl Neilson, 603 South 13th St., Herrin, Ill.
 8375a Harry L. Kneisly, 1523 Palm St., Reading, Pa.
 8376a Ollie W. Mauzy, 2543 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.
 8377a Harry C. Mathews, 227 Woodlawn Ave., Jersey City, N. J.
 8378a Wm. A. Brandt, 2714 N. Monitor Ave., Chicago, Ill.
 8379a E. G. Mitchell, 9243 S. Hoyne Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Application Report.

The following applications have been received during December, 1940. If no objections are filed prior to March 1, 1941, the applicants will become members

on that date, and their names will appear published in the March issue of The Numismatist.

- Donald E. Kasperek**, 8380, care Ford Garage, Prairie du Chien, Wis. General. H. S. Boynton, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Julius C. Schmidt**, 8381, 301 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Small U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Bernard Novitsky**, 8382, 14 Stark St., Pittston, Pa. Minor U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Donald M. Woodworth**, 8383, Lakeport National Bank, Lakeport, N. H. Gold Coins of World. James F. Stiff, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- W. O. Bissonett**, 8384, 1200 Alworth Bldg., Duluth, Minn. Unc. and Proof U. S. Coins. T. R. Hammer, R. L. McIntyre.
- Clyde M. Stauffer**, 8385, P. O. Box 82, Flagstaff, Ariz. U. S. Coins. James W. Lee, Jack Showell.
- Iver Wollum**, 8386, Porter, Minn. Cents, Dimes and Quarters. B. Bachrach, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Pope A. McMurry**, 8387, 501 S. 26th Road, Arlington, Va. Dealer in Rare Coins and Medals. V. H. Brown, H. B. Money.
- Guy T. Burroughs**, 8388, 3730 Olympiad Drive, Los Angeles, Calif. Modern Small U. S. Coins. Kenneth W. Lee, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- M. P. Ganey**, 8389, 2624 N. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind. Transportation and Civil War Tokens. L. H. Riggs, Ted Hammer.
- John R. Church**, 8390, 47 S. Oak St., Ventura, Calif. Minor U. S. Coins. Kenneth W. Lee, Ed. M. Lee, Laurence Suhard.
- O. Rundle Gilbert**, 8391, Carmel, N. Y. American. Jos. Barnet, Lewis M. Reagan.
- Howard F. Street**, 8392, 1422 N. Felton St., West Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. General. A. H. Leatherman, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Harry Polatsck**, 8393, 1519 Williamson Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. General. Charles Fisher, R. M. Cohen.
- Frederick S. Knobloch**, 8394, 346 East 205th St., New York City, N. Y. Roman Coins. O. T. Schia, Jos. Barnet, Lewis M. Reagan.
- H. S. Lybrand**, 8395, P. O. Box 173, Aiken, S. C. General. Garold W. Tapp, R. E. Owens, Ralph Waldrep.
- James F. Brorby**, 8396, Clermont, Iowa. Paper Money. Loyd B. Gettys, J. A. Erickson.
- Thomas W. Guthrie**, 8397, 3638 Cumberland St. N. W., Washington, D. C. Small Cents. W. E. Atwood, C. Shirley Leachman, Frederic E. Dodge.
- John Readding**, 8398, 1320 Hemlock St. N. W., Washington D. C. General. C. Shirley Leachman, W. E. Atwood, Frederic E. Dodge.
- Joseph E. B. Johnson**, 8399, Main St., Cheshire, Conn. Indian Heads, Lincoln Heads, Silver Dollars. W. C. Sanders, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- John R. Williams**, 8400, 1241 West 81st St., Los Angeles, Calif. Copper, Bronze, and Silver Coins. R. A. Wilson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Clyde S. Stillinger**, 8401, 534 North St. N. W., Warren, Ohio. General, Ancient Roman and Greek. T. James Clarke, John C. Engstrom.
- Russell C. Merritt**, 8402, Box 503, Dixon, Calif. U. S. Coins. R. A. Wilson, D. M. Bing.
- Otto Schulz**, 8403, 1559 21st Ave., San Francisco, Calif. Roman, Greek and General. Edward Fogler, A. R. Thomson, Earl A. Parker.
- Fred Nearing**, 8404, 795 College St., Springfield, Mo. General. Wm. J. Mertes, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Harold Chananaun**, 8405, 2331 Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York City, N. Y. U. S. Coins. Milton Berel, J. Heymann.
- Leonard Olson**, 8406, Browns Valley, Minn. U. S. Coins only, Standing Liberty Quarter. Wm. Jensen, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Ira J. Potter**, 8407, 1910 North 6th St., Harrisburg, Pa. General. Samuel A. Levin, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Dick Irving**, 8408, 345 E. Coronado, Phoenix, Ariz. U. S. Coins. Jack Showell, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Roy C. Watson**, 8409, 586 Brawley St., Spartanburg, S. C. U. S. General. Grady R. Waters, Paul Henderson.
- Anna G. Reynolds**, 8410, 2735 Webster Ave., Bronx, New York City, N. Y. Commemorative and Various American Coins. Jos. Barnet, Leo M. Neckerman, Fred Feulsen.
- N. R. Jones**, 8411, 22½ Bradley St., Plymouth, Pa. General. Daniel F. Mourey, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- M. E. Ellinger**, 8412, P. O. Box 188, Hagerstown, Md. General. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Conrad Gundlach**, 8413, 248 East 3rd St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Commemorative and Miscellaneous U. S. Lewis M. Reagan, Joseph Cunningham, Joseph Hughes.
- Lyle Andrews**, 8414, P. O. Box 428, Sumner, Wash. Modern Foreign Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Glenn E. Schneider, Waldo Corbin.
- S. A. Moore**, 8415, 819 Kentucky St., Laurence, Kan. Canadian and U. S. Coins and Currency. Lewis M. Reagan, R. M. Ally, L. M. Knauss.
- Edgar A. Welfi**, 8416, 1303 Massachusetts Ave., Lexington, Mass. General. Walter P. Nichols, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- J. H. Adams**, 8417, 543 Marie Ave., Avalon, Pittsburgh, Pa. American Coins and Paper Money. R. L. Leitch, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Roy P. Rosenberg**, 8418, Lexington, Neb. U. S. Coins. J. V. O'Donnell, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- George E. May**, 8419, 806 Columbus Bldg., 318 North 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. Stamp and Coin Dealer, Commemorative Half Dollars. Fouad K. Saab, M. Vernon Sheldon, A. B. Kelley.
- Cyrus L. Slavin**, 8420, 3113 W. Cory St., Richmond, Va. Miscellaneous. Russell Mansfield, Lewis M. Reagan, Dr. S. Pollack.
- Robert J. Liddle**, 8421, 220 S. Third St., Delavan, Wis. U. S. Copper and Silver Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, Robert Hollister, Lynn Wilson.

- Elliot L. Krause**, 8422, 410 East Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y. U. S. General. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
John Stratton Board, 8423, 26 Penn Ave., Salem, Va. Coins. T. R. Hammer, Dr. A. M. Hitt, C. E. Webber.
Sioux City Coin Club, 8424, E. A. Kowalke, Pres., 432 Commerce Bldg., Sioux City, Iowa. Corporate, Walter P. Bohler, E. A. Kowalke.
Hayden C. Clement, 8425, 3600 Monument Ave. Apt. 7, Richmond, Va. U. S. Coins. Russell Mansfield, R. A. Brock, Jr., Dr. H. White.
Lawrence P. Talley, 8426, 201 Silverside Rd., Wilmington, Del. U. S. Coins. H. Edwin Weaver, Charles Buckalew.
Guy Robert Moulit, 8427, 3658 Phillips Pl., St. Louis, Mo. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, L. G. Fink, H. C. Smith.
W. Laird Townsend, 8428, 2312 West 18th St., Wilmington, Del. U. S. Coins. Charles Buckalew, H. E. Weaver.
Reuben C. Estergaard, 8429, Minden, Neb. U. S. General Coins. Ray Bjorklund, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Donald M. Miller, 8430, 1470 Philadelphia St., Indiana, Pa. General and Large U. S. Cents. W. R. Calhoun, J. Blair Sutton, A. B. Ansley.

Reinstatements.

- 2720 Edw. A. Gilroy, Wayland, N. Y.

Deaths.

- 621 Andrew Browning Baird, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.
 7358 James Duce, West Los Angeles, Calif.
 344 John H. Clapp, Washington, D. C.
 2535 Isedor Segal, Salinas, Calif.
 6996 Vernon M. Coston, San Gabriel, Calif.
 4780 N. McKay Bryan, Hermitage, Tenn.

Resignations.

- 5227 Earl Talbott, Great Falls, Mont.
 2025 Charles H. Spencer, Chicago, Ill.
 5630 Prof. John E. Uhler, Baton Rouge, La.
 2913 Charles L. Brisley, Detroit, Mich.
 4758 Carroll F. Boardman, Chittenango, N. Y.
 7425 Ralph J. Buterbaugh, Wilkinsburg, Pa.
 8138 Wallace Davis, Houston, Texas.
 5533 E. R. McLean, Vista, Calif.
 5618 Lynn T. Munson, Adams, N. Y.
 4148 Eugene F. Westheimer, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 7399 H. M. Hartig, New York City, N. Y.
 1190 A. Atlas Leve, Syracuse, N. Y.
 6792 Chester F. Wolfe, Winchester, Mass.
 4963 John Rechholtz, San Francisco, Calif.
 6886 Daniel Baker, Chicago, Ill.
 4717 Aubrey D. Donley, Rochester, N. Y.
 5856 Ralph J. Cornell, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8159 Wm. C. Harris, Fulton, Mo.
 2576 G. Arthur Cook, Montgomery, Ala.
 4314 James A. Edwards, Hollis, N. Y.
 6212 S. H. Davis, Kansas City, Mo.
 8057 Robert Brackman, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 7768 David A. Edwards, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 7089 Fritz A. Ballhausen, New York City, N. Y.
 5815 Arthur E. Curtis, Jr., Montreal, Can.
 4453 August Hartkorn, Sr., Hawthorne, N. Y.
 5138 Joel Tillberg, Proctor, Vt.
 5275 Mrs. Walter N. Hess, Clinton, N. Y.
 7500 Gerald C. Lutin, Sterling, Colo.
 6922 Frank C. Fischer, New York City, N. Y.
 4169 Robert J. Paul, Muskegon, Mich.
 6696 G. H. Carlson, Framingham, Mass.
 7376 S. J. C. Hulse, Middletown, N. Y.
 6856 Lewis Leeds, New York City, N. Y.
 5500 J. Alex Edmison, West Montreal, Que., Can.
 5952 Dr. Harry C. Fortner, Sherman Oaks, Calif.
 6421 Howard B. Gallemore, Shreveport, La.
 8109 Robert A. Higby, Rome, N. Y.
 4429 Southgate Jones, Durham, N. C.
 3374 Lester G. Larkins, Perth Amboy, N. J.
 7215 Daniel F. McMullen, Cumberland, Md.
 7639 John S. Kearney, Franklin, Mass.
 7597 John B. Randolph, Hamilton, Ohio.
 4761 Bertrand L. Taylor, New York City, N. Y.
 7856 Phillip C. Hulme, San Francisco, Calif.
 7380 Reinhard G. Wendt, Cameron, Mo.
 6320 Lt. Col. Howard J. Rhodus, Mexico, Mo.
 6582 Raymond E. Lewis, Lexington, Mass.
 7709 J. E. Taylor, Jr., Austin, Texas.
 7230 Dr. Joe H. Baker, Hamilton, Ohio.
 6194 Mrs. Theodore Labhard, San Francisco, Calif.
 8136 Ray R. Woodruff, Stockton, Calif.

6610 Con J. Vollmer, Huntington Park, Calif.
 8290 James Horsley, Jamaica, N. Y.
 7510 J. Ralph Williams, Tacoma, Wash.
 5429 H. N. Shepherd, Palmerton, Pa.
 5778 Dr. S. F. Wade, Elizabeth, N. J.
 5257 Dr. R. W. Emery, El Paso, Texas.
 7646 G. W. Borschel, Cedar Rapids, Ia.
 5094 Dr. Frank H. Chase, Los Angeles, Calif.
 6050 Edward C. Kohler, Holyoke, Mass.
 5990 G. T. Dorner, Portland, Ore.
 6244 J. Gomer Saul, Kutztown, Pa.
 7405 J. Richard Gorman, Los Angeles, Calif.
 7428 Richard K. Oldham, Hartford, Conn.

Expelled.

7321 Frank MacNeill, Omaha, Neb., for conduct unbecoming a member of this Association.

Changes of Address.

Brooklyn Coin Club, 4242, from Charles P. Knoth, Secy., 4040 Elberton St., Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y., to Lewis M. Reagan, Secy., 99 Livingston St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Connecticut Numismatic Association, 6905, from J. Norman Crosby, Secy., 1565 Park Ave., Bridgeport, Conn., to J. Norman Crosby, Secy., 14 Herkimer St., Bridgeport, Conn.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, 6038, from J. Norman Crosby, Secy., 1565 Park Ave., Bridgeport, Conn., to J. Norman Crosby, Secy., 14 Herkimer St., Bridgeport, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, 4514, from H. E. Rowold, Secy., 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo., to H. E. Rowold, Lib., care Miller Shoe Store, 1112 Grand Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

New Jersey Numismatic Society, 4372, from Richard D. Nelson, Secy., Taylor Rd., Short Hills, N. Y., to Mrs. E. L. Brookes, Secy., 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

Northwest Coin Club, 4517, from Paul E. Olsen, Secy., 616 So. 3rd St., Minneapolis, Minn., to Ernest W. Nelson, Pres., 3433 23rd Ave. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

Stark Coin Club, (name changed to Canton Coin Club), 6254, from Stark Coin Club, to Canton Coin Club, Wm. G. Bruce, Secy.-Treas., 2816 Second St. N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Henry F. Adolph, 7760, from 903 Miners Natl. Bank, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., to 860-864 Miners Natl. Bank, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

P. K. Anderson, 4679, from Apartado 35, Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela, to Apartado 45, Barcelona Anzoategui, Venezuela, South America.

William H. Arthur, 4830, from 324 Eighth St., West New York, N. J., to 324 52nd St., West New York, N. J. (Name of street was changed).

William A. Bakey, 6827, from Box 359, Morris, Minn., to Box 444, Morris, Minn.

Lyle A. Blood, 4798, from 2160 W. 111th St., Chicago, Ill., to 2336 W. 112th St., Chicago, Ill.

George A. Borchik, 5316, from 2216 Buckingham Bldg., 59 E. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill., to 2005 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Thomas Brazeal, 6769, from 724 Garfield Ave., Kansas City, Kansas, to 925 Ann, Kansas City, Kansas.

C. Bradner Brown, 5882, from Box 889, McAllen, Texas, to 127 Foster Ave., Kirklyn, Upper Darby, Pa.

William H. Brown, 8238, from 8022 S. Sangamon St., Chicago, Ill., to 2907 S. W. Second Ave., Miami, Fla.

Paul C. Buetow, 4891, from 526 West Como Phalen Ave., St. Paul, Minn., to 526 West Arlington Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Allen A. Bursley, 5461, from 215 Market St., Rm. 829, San Francisco, Calif., to 215 Market St., Rm. 832, San Francisco, Calif.

Clifton W. Coston, 7571, from 3320 Douglas St., Dallas, Texas, to 3314 Douglas St., Dallas, Texas.

J. Norman Crosby, 4473, from 1565 Park Ave., Bridgeport, Conn., to 14 Herkimer St., Bridgeport, Conn.

Harold C. Dittman, 6159, from 241 West Morton St., St. Paul, Minn., to 824 Mound St., St. Paul, Minn.

Robert H. Dodd, 8178, from 1025 East Jersey St., Elizabeth, N. J., to 230 Beverly Rd., Pittsburgh 16, Pa.

Mitchell M. Dubins, 7496, from 3333 Broderick St., San Francisco, Calif., to 2090 Beach St., San Francisco, Calif.

A. G. Engberg, 5657, from care The Leader, Inc., Minneapolis, Minn., to 2538 4th Ave. South, Minneapolis, Minn.

O. L. Farley, 7598, from 628 S. 32nd Ave., Omaha, Neb., to 1306 South 51st St., Omaha, Neb.

Ray Fesenmair, (correct spelling of name), 7990, from Ray Fesenmair, New Ulm, Minn., to Ray Fesenmaier, New Ulm, Minn.

W. W. Fiala, 7940, from 1108 Bridge Rd., Charleston, W. Va., to 4006 Venable Ave., Charleston, W. Va.

Harry C. Fortner, M. D., 5952, from Veterans Adm. Facility, San Fernando, Cal., to 4115 Benedict Canyon Dr., Sherman Oaks, Calif.

Robert T. Foster, 6044, from 1560 Elm St., Ottumwa, Ia., to So. Minnesota Rd., Sioux Falls, So. Dak.

M. R. Gibbons, 8084, from 3612 Rollins Ave., Des Moines, Ia., to 1318½ N. Virgil Place, Los Angeles, Calif.

Carleton S. Gifford, 2059, from P. O. Box 1791, (Commonwealth Ave. Omit), Boston, Mass., to P. O. Box 1791, Boston, Mass.
T. F. Griffith, 5850, from 1507 Homestead St., Baltimore, Md., to 1140 Gorsuch Ave., Baltimore, Md.

Paul Henderson, 6729, from R. F. D. No. 1, Greer, S. C., to Box 372, Greer, S. C.
Sigmund A. Hermeth, 7263, from 708 High St., Newark, N. Y., to 148 William St., Newark, N. Y.

Harry L. Hickey, 7537, from 2610 Johnson Ave., Cleveland, Tenn., to 536 Pine St., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Percy K. Hudson, 4996, from 50 Broadway, New York City, N. Y., to Clay Hall Plantation, Yemassee, S. C.

Harry C. Huse, 7692, from 223 E. 20th, Olympia, Wash., to General Delivery, Olympia, Wash.

A. J. Isacks, 5208, from 500 Marine Bldg., New Orleans, La., to Southdown Plantation, Houma, La.

Capt. M. C. Jackson, Jr., 4283, from 1731 Fairfax Ave., Petersburg, Va., to Advance Co., Third Training Battalion, The Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.

Aaron J. Kaufman, 7862, from 26 Fayeton St., Roxbury, Mass., to 2616 West Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.

Joseph W. Kennis, 7522, from Hotel Statler, Cleveland, Ohio, to 307 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Walter R. Kline, 7812, from 37 E. Pleasant St., River Rouge, Mich., to Elwood, Ill.

James Korb, (became Franciscan), 3634, from James Korb, 264 Second St., Albany, N. Y., to Friar Cosmas Korb, O. M. C., St. Anthony-on-Hudson, Rensselaer, New York.

Paul R. La Neve, (correct name and change address), 8326, from Paul R. La Neve, 4193 Georgia St., San Diego, Calif., to Paul R. Le Neve, 808 Allerton Ct., San Diego, Calif.

Harry H. Larkin, 5918, from 160 Windsor Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., to 680 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y.

I. Lieberman, 1401, from 4266 Brunswick, Los Angeles, Calif., to 3106 Benton Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Marjorie Lortz, 7673, from 525 E. Armour, Kansas City, Mo., to Newbern Hotel, Kansas City, Mo.

Albert F. Madlener, 1889, from 38 S. Dearborn St., Room 1221, Chicago, Ill., to 38 S. Dearborn St., Rm. 1255, Chicago, Ill.

Julio Metal, 7298, from 1834 Broadway, New York City, N. Y., to 610 18th St., Santa Monica, Calif.

O. W. Millikan, 5449, from 1303 La Clair Ave., Swissvale, Pa., to 4201 Murray Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Louis A. Mueller, 7552, from 4239 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo., to R. F. D. No. 2, St. Genevieve, Mo.

Jack W. Ogilvie, 5649, from 1122-A Hacienda Pl., Hollywood, Calif., to 1122 Hacienda Pl., Hollywood, Calif.

Adelbert E. Place, 5769, from 1016 Post Road, Lincoln Park, R. I., to 1570 Post Road, Lincoln Park, R. I.

Thomas U. Purrington, 7061, from 328 Park Ave., Newark, N. J., to 322 Park Ave., Newark, N. J.

Dr. Al. M. Rackus, 2004, from Kaunas, Lithuania, Paneriu, 74, to 1853 West 35th St., Chicago, Ill.

Wm. H. Rawlings, 8289, from 13 Concover Rd., Pointe Claire, Que., Can., to 2451 Mayfair N. D. G., Montreal, Que., Can.

Harold J. Reay, 7839, from 1016 Cottage Ct., Warren, Ohio., to 1805 Hollywood St. N. E., Warren, Ohio.

George Reguard, 4334, from care Alex Brown & Sons, Baltimore, Md., to care Union Trust Co. of Md., Baltimore, Md.

W. A. Schneider, 3536, from P. O. Box 524, Kankakee, Ill., to P. O. Box 552, Kankakee, Ill.

Mrs. Anna M. Schwarz, 4592, from 1036 Richmond Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio, to 1036 Richmond Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Don Searle, 4988, from 521 S. 38th Ave., Omaha, Neb., to 802 So. 90th St., Omaha, Neb.

James O. Sloss, 7718, from Mercy Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., to Gladstone Hotel, 11th and Pine Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Arthur J. Sylvia, 7618, from 152 Union St., New Bedford, Mass., to 278a Union St., New Bedford, Mass.

J. M. Telleen, 3466, from 233 Broadway, Athens, Ga., to Lexington Rd., care Bliss, Athens, Ga.

Ernest P. Tomlinson, 3829, from 14 Auburn Ave. N. E., care Megahee & Tomlinson, Atlanta, Ga., to 18 Auburn Ave. N. E., Atlanta, Ga.

Dan F. Townsend, 7440, from 913-C N. Culver, Compton, Calif., to 705 S. Sloan, Compton, Calif.

Rev. Sigismund P. Trzmiel, 7219, from 1526 Grand Ave., Racine, Wis., to 1514 Grand Ave., Racine, Wis.

Walter F. Webb, (error), 4414, from 171 Fair Oaks Ave., Rochester, N. Y., to 202 Westminster Road, Rochester, N. Y.

Rev. Albert M. Whitwell, 6189, from 3110 Culver St., Dallas, Texas, to 511 Monte Vista St., Dallas, Texas.

J. A. Wright, 7733, from care Chamber of Commerce, Flint, Mich., to 509 Harrison St., Flint, Mich.

Sidney Zweier, 7137, from 2554 Creston Ave., Bronx, New York City, N. Y., to 1151 River Ave., Bronx, New York City, N. Y.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

Philadelphia A. N. A. Convention

AUGUST 16 TO 21, 1941.

The numismatic fraternity in Philadelphia and vicinity is looking forward with great anticipation to the coming A. N. A. Convention to be held in our historic city next August 16-21. The last time that Philadelphia had this honor was in October, 1919—nearly 22 years ago. Philadelphia had been selected for the 1918 Convention, but it was cancelled due to the influenza epidemic. At that time the beloved Chapman brothers were the motivating spirit in numismatics in the Philadelphia area, while the A. N. A. members in that territory could be counted on the fingers on one hand. Since then a totally new and enthusiastic generation of numismatists has come along, most of whom have banded themselves together under the banner of the Philadelphia Coin Club of 100 strong, and which was organized only five years ago. It is this virile group that feels it a great honor and privilege to serve as host to the 1941 Convention. Our committees have been organized and they are already actively engaged with plans for unusual entertainment features at a low registration cost, which we hope will attract the largest attendance of any convention in the history of the Association. The special entertainment to be provided, together with the great historical interest attached to this "Cradle of Liberty," should combine to induce many to attend who have never before been to an A. N. A. Convention.

We heartily invite you to Philadelphia and urge you to make your plans now to attend.

ASHER H. LEATHERMAN,
General Chairman.

From the Program and Badge Committee.

The Program and Badge Committee is following the activities of publicity. In view of the fact that this is the fiftieth anniversary of your splendid organization, it is befitting that our official Convention program book should have special merit. To this end we need the cooperation of every member and advertiser. While we are offering a very low all-feature registration fee, we are also keeping the program advertising rates within the schedules charged in previous years and want to depend upon a volume of advertisements in order to defray the expense of our high-grade and very interesting program book. For further information please write promptly to

JULIUS WINDNER,
Chairman, Program and Badges Committee,
1728 Marlton Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIBRARY REPORT FOR DECEMBER.

Several interesting works were donated to the American Numismatic Association in December. They include:

M-55, "Monetary History and Legislation of the U. S."

T-8, "History of Japanese Paper Currency."

P-22, "The Louis d'Or" (an article by Shepard Pond).

R-45, Raymond 1941 "Standard Catalogue of Coins and Tokens of the United States."

R-46, "The Stamping and Milling of Gold Ore."

Donations also included, in addition to several more auction catalogues with price lists, standing price lists and similar matter, two other items: A 1940 Willkie medal, donated by Ben Kast, of Colorado Springs, Colo., which is of much interest. It is of type metal and contains ground glass, according to the donor. W. G. Hankins of Kissimmee, Fla., donated a 1900 cent containing what he reports is a die break across the "19," making it appear to be "18."

There were 50 books borrowed from the Library—virtually all before the 15th of the month, when the holiday season resulted in a let-down.

As this is being prepared, President Hoffercker announces the 1941 Library List is ready for the press and should be distributed soon.

This office believes the new list will be more useful than any previous one, as it contains a classification instead of the alphabetical method of listing books as previously. Former Librarian William S. Dewey, of Mt. Vernon, N. Y., did the work and deserves the thanks of the entire membership. He prepared the text last April, and then proof-read it and brought it up to date as of September 1.

Queries from non-members, which come in at the rate of about 60 per month, still are mostly from the south.

T. R. HAMMER, Burlington, Ia., Librarian.

MORITZ WORMSER LOAN EXHIBIT AT THE SMITHSONIAN.

Mr. L. W. Hoffercker, P. O. Box 75, El Paso, Texas.

My dear Mr. Hoffercker: Mr. T. T. Belote, Curator of History and the Museum's expert in numismatics, has brought to my attention the action last August of the American Numismatic Association in changing the status of its loan collection here to a permanent loan exhibit in the nature of a memorial to the late Moritz Wormser.

It is very gratifying to the National Museum to learn of the action of the Association, and I take advantage of this opportunity to express the Museum's sincere appreciation of its long continued and valuable cooperation in building up the national numismatic collection. This is particularly true in view of the personal interest and valuable assistance which the late Mr. Wormser rendered to the Museum from time to time, and we shall be glad indeed to have an appropriate label prepared indicating that the collection is the Moritz Wormser Loan Exhibit of the American Numismatic Association.

With renewed assurances of our appreciation of the thoughtful action and interest of the Association, I am

Very truly yours,

A. WETMORE,
Assistant Secretary.

December 12, 1940.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Elks' Club, 66 S. High St., Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. C. B. Anderson, Secretary, 401 Clark St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner St. S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in City Hall Basement, Boone, Iowa. Morris Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Saul Steinberg, M. D., Secretary, 11 Temple St., Boston, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A., A. A. Gullian, 1803 Hertel Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets first and third Monday nights, time and place being decided at regular monthly meeting. William Hockstad, Secretary, Burlington Community Chest, Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month. Matt. J. Gazso, Secretary, 4206 W. 208th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Nicholas K. Sharp, 207 East 13th St., Columbus, Ohio.

Corn Belt Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Cohagen Cabin at the "Y," Waterloo, Iowa. Marvin O'Connor, Secretary, 118 Sherman Ave., Waterloo, Iowa.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. Arnold E. Swanson, Secretary, 2100 E. 12th St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Wilfred Rowe, Secretary, 3154 Second Blvd., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 523 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Chas. B. Miller, Secretary, care the Connecticut River Banking Company, Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. Perry Swofford, Secretary, 1963 N. Fifth St., Kansas City, Kan.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Harry H. Garman, Secretary, 2241 Carrollton Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1352 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7.30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. N. J. Hoffman, Secretary, Thiensville, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis Mo. T. L. Moore, Secretary, 318 S. Clark, Ferguson, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. George E. Moore, Secretary, P. O. Box 355, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. James Benane, secretary, 250 Nicolett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N. Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Addison W. Wilson, Secretary, 600 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. Robert G. Efker, Secretary, 1029 W. Camille St., Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Harvey L. Hansen, Secretary, 1187 Kottenberg Ave., San Jose, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Belgravia, 1811 Chestnut St. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quand-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Marjorie L. Ankeny, Secretary, 218 Essex Lane, Davenport, Iowa.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. John W. Miller, Secretary, 22 Colbourne Road, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 403 Cray Bldg., Seattle.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa.—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave. The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada.—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 309 South St., Waukesha. Ralph Wright, Secretary, 501 S. Grand Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society.—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—385th regular meeting, January 10th, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Twenty-one members and one guest were present.

The topics for the evening: Chinese Numismatics since the republic, 1912, Lieut. O. H. Dodson to read a paper on this topic; Pattern United States \$20 gold pieces and coins issued throughout the world during 1940; New acquisitions.

Lieutenant Dodson read a very interesting paper on the coinage of China since the republican regime, 1912, this paper to be published later in The Numismatist. A vote of thanks was extended to Lieutenant Dodson for his very interesting paper.

Exhibits were made by the following:

Lieut. O. H. Dodson: 14 Chinese bronze coins from Northern Sung to Manchu dynasties; 8 varieties of dollars of the Chinese Empire; 8 varieties of dollars of the Chinese Republic; 6 foreign dollars which circulated in China during last hundred years; Chinese Soviet dollar of Szechuan province; minor coins of Chinese Republic issue of 1936; minor coins of Hopei province, autonomous issue; six bulletins (Nos. 1 to 6) of the Numismatic Society of China.

Hans Schulman: France, heavy 5 franc (piedfort) of the weight of five crowns

with bust of Henry V, who wanted to become King of France. Struck in London by the emigres (unique). Chinese Turkestan, rare 5 miscals with Mongolian, Turkish and Chinese legends.

H. Stein: Coins struck in Italy during the invasion of Hannibal, the coins showing Carthaginian influence.

G. H. Blake: \$20 1884 gold struck in copper and not recorded in Adams-Woodin. Rare form of 1861 Demand note with the words "for the" written in before "Register" and "Treasurer."

D. M. Bullowa: 25 miscellaneous Chinese bank notes.

W. R. Carpenter: Roman Family denarii, giving the Babelon numbers of attribution: Marcia, B-28; Tituria, B-5 and B-1; Postumia, B-11 and B-8; Mamilia, B-6.

LeRoy E. Cox: China \$1, 1912, Dr. Sun Yat Sen; British \$1, 1902; California gold half dollar, 1869; 3-inch bronze medal of the National Association of Manufacturers presented to its members at the forty-fifth annual Congress of American Industry; designed by Rene Chambellan and denotes a symbol of our freedom.

Charles M. Wormser: India, 1940, ½ rupee, ¼ rupee, 2 annas; Roumania, 1939, 250 lei.

W. H. Arthur: 12½-cent bank note of the Phoenix Bank of Hartford, June 1, 1816, unsigned; 25c. wooden money, issued to commemorate the Ida Spalding Centennial, May 7, 8, 9 and 10, 1936; 5c. wooden scrip worth one nickel in U. S. currency, issued at Chicago; United States Seated Liberty quarter with plain edge, no milling.

Vernon L. Brown: Greece, 50 drachmas, 1939, paper; Spain, 50 pesetas, 1938, paper; Baden-Powell's emergency notes of Mafeking, South Africa, issued during the Boer War, 3 shillings, Jan., 1900; 2 shillings, Feb., 1900.

A. W. Deas: Collection of Wooden Nickels. Virginia Dare half dollar.

O. T. Sghia: 5 Chinese dollars.

O. G. Schilke: 1856-D quarter eagle, 1856 Flying Eagle cent.

E. T. Newell: Unusually fine example of Probus, Roman Mint, reverse, Emperor charging an enemy.

F. C. C. Boyd: A collection containing 43 pattern \$20 gold pieces struck in silver, bronze, copper, nickel, white metal and aluminum, all in proof condition.

Mr. Boyd presented to Arthur W. Deas, our retiring president, on behalf of the members of the New York Numismatic Club, a Deas medal struck in palladium. In presenting this medal Mr. Boyd mentioned the fact that since the beginning of the club it had presented one gold medal to F. C. C. Boyd, and one platinum medal to Edward T. Newell, and that the club members, in picking palladium, wished to honor Mr. Deas, first, for his services as president of the club, an office he held for four years, and second, for his genial spirit, his friendliness and for the good will he had established among the various members. Mr. Deas was very well pleased with his medal and informed the club of his appreciation of the honor the club members had bestowed upon him in presenting him with this medal, made of a metal which heretofore had only been used on one other occasion in striking a medal.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the February meeting, Lincoln and Washington medals; Dollar-size coins of Europe struck during the twentieth century; pattern United States \$10 pieces, and new acquisitions. This was adopted.

President Sghia, welcomed our member Mr. Van Vorst, who had not been at the meetings recently and expressed his pleasure in seeing him at the meeting again.

Commander Hungerford, who was our guest this evening and on his first visit to the club, stated he enjoyed the meeting very much and hoped to have the pleasure of coming again.

Vernon L. Brown informed the club that he had attended the Philadelphia Coin Club meeting on Thursday evening and stated this was an up-and-coming club and they were working on the Convention in a big way, establishing committees and arranging the various events which are to take place during the Convention period.

The secretary distributed the Arthur Deas medals to the various members, the silver medals being sold at \$5, the nickel at \$3.50 and the bronze at \$2. The sale of these medals was so good that the supply was exhausted before the meeting was over and another lot is being struck.

THE BRONX COIN CLUB—December 18, 88th regular meeting called to order by President Stein, with 21 members and guests present. The president welcomed the evening's guests, and extended a welcome to attend future meetings of the club.

Mr. Stein read an article entitled "Christianity and Ancient Coins," which had appeared several years ago in the Coin Collectors' Journal (Vol. 3, No. 9, Dec., 1936). The paper was particularly timely for the approaching holiday season.

Mr. Erlanger then read a paper which he had specially prepared for the evening, entitled: "Nurnberg Medals in the History of the Church." The paper was well received and was illustrated, as was President Stein's, by specimens from the author's collection.

Mr. Van der Meer read a series of religious and Biblical translations appearing upon the medals of the Netherlands. Mr. Van der Meer exhibited the medals in connection with which he spoke.

The exhibits of the evening were then made, and each member explained his display.

Mr. Engel, a member of the board of governors, donated a series of maps, which will prove very useful for the club. He was thanked for his thoughtful contribution.

The exhibits of the evening were as follows:

Mr. Arthur: Liverpool halfpenny, no date, the reverse being used for the

reverse of the 1791 Washington cents. Only four specimens known of the original Liverpool Washington, halfpenny.

Mr. Blake: Collection of Washington, D. C., bank notes, including 30 notes issued by banks under State charters prior to the National Banking Act.

Mr. Bullowa: Bulgaria, 5 leva, 1891, Ferdinand; 100 leva, 1934, Boris III, Rumania, 5 lei, 1880, Carol, Prince; Jugoslavia, 50 dinar, Alexander, 1932.

Mr. Clark: Mohammedan coins with Christian significance, 2 of Georgia, 2 of Lebanon and 4 of Kashmir.

Mr. Dewey: Large bronze medal of the Circle of Friends of the Medallion, showing the Dickens Christmas Carol, and Tiny Tim scene.

Mr. Engel: 1787 and 1788 Connecticut cents, 1792 Birmingham token.

Mr. Erlanger: Medals illustrating his paper.

Mr. Kennedy: 16 crowns from Venice, Florence, Hamburg, Bavaria, and Vatican City, showing religious reverses.

Mr. Kortjohn: Nine numismatic items having religious interest.

Mr. Little: English crown with St. George and dragon, and Irish coin with St. Patrick.

Mr. Morgenthau: Nine transportation tokens of Muscatine, Iowa; a "Sixth and Eighth Street" line token, long identified with Philadelphia incorrectly and discovered by Mr. Morgenthau's researches to be for New York City.

Mr. May: Papal Cross of Pope Leo XIII, in form of cross potent, and a Russian bronze medal for the 1812 campaign, showing the all-seeing eye within a triangle.

Mr. Morley: Gold coins of the Roman emperors of the early Christian period, among them a medallion of Constantine the Great, the first Christian Emperor.

Mr. Sghia: Bronze of Magnentius with Christogram reverse. Copper cents of New York, dated 1787.

Mr. Schulman: French pattern piedfort 5 crown, 1832, Henry V. Pretender; octagonal crown of Breslau, 1693; mule of Russian 20 kopecks, and silver lire. Three Arsinoe coins; silver dekadrachm and tetradrachm, and gold octadrachm.

Mr. Van der Meer: 50 different religious coins of the Netherlands with 22 different inscriptions.

Mr. Wagner: Four silver medals and one bronze plaque.

Mr. Zweier: 2 Chinese silver dollars; Sun Yat Sen, Yuanshi Kai.

A card of holiday greeting from the Morgenthau was read, and the Club expressed appreciation for the thoughtfulness shown.

Mr. Sghia called upon the nominating committee to make its report, which Mr. Engel gave as follows: For president: Harry J. Stein; vice-president, Martin F. Kortjohn; secretary, David M. Bullowa; treasurer, George R. Kennedy; librarian and curator, William S. Dewey; for board of governors, Louis Engel, William H. Arthur, Joseph Silverman and William L. Clark. Additional nominations for members of the board made from the floor, but all declined, and the incumbents of the offices for 1940 were reelected for 1941. The officers and the new members of the board made brief remarks.

For the January meeting Mr. Freidman is expected to read a paper on the Pine Tree shilling. The special topic will be the relations of numismatics and philately, and several guest speakers are expected.

NORTHWEST COIN CLUB—January 2. The first meeting of the new year was called to order with President Montgomery presiding.

Oce Curtis was called upon to install the new officers. They are as follows: President, E. Nelson; vice-president, A. Debbert; secretary, J. J. Benane; treasurer, H. Carlson; historian, O. Curtis.

Due respects were paid to our former secretary, Paul Olson, and our former president, J. Montgomery, for their untiring efforts in making our club a success.

A resolution was passed to incorporate the annual banquet of the coin club with that of the stamp club at the joint coin and stamp exhibition to be held here March 5-9.

The response for pledges from the members who wish to exhibit their coins at this annual affair was most gratifying.

A brief auction followed the meeting.

SOUTH MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The 13th meeting and first annual banquet was held January 9 at the Bucyrus Erie Club House. Fifty two persons were present for the banquet and six or eight others witnessed the movie. The South Milwaukee Numismatic Society was organized January 11, 1940, and has a present membership of eighteen.

The banquet was first on the program, preceded with grace by the Rev. A. G. Weller, of Racine.

President Gale Highsmith presided over a brief business meeting and the installation of new officers. Ward O. Bard, past sergeant-at-arms, turned his club over to John Munro. Gib. Kirby, librarian, was succeeded by Louie Totushek. R. Walker, secretary and treasurer, presented Mr. Kirby with past records and the bank roll. Vice-president Jack Uhle was succeeded by Leo Gates. President Highsmith then relinquished his position in favor of Mr. Uhle. Mr. Uhle dismissed the meeting and presided as toastmaster for the balance of the program.

A talking picture "Know Your Money," was shown through the courtesy of the United States Secret Service. This film dealt with the making of money and the detection of counterfeits.

Rev. A. G. Weller was the principal speaker of the evening, touching on the merits of coin collecting and the honesty which prevails among collectors. Other topics were discussed by H. L. Polzer, president of the Central States Numismatic Society; John M. Carls, president of the Racine Numismatic Society; N. J. Hoffman, president of the Milwaukee Numismatic Society; Robert Meder, secretary of the Central States Numismatic Society, and R. H. Rosholm, of Lake Villa, Illinois.

The displays were interesting, consisting of several proof sets, a nickel with

six ridges on the edge and various other rarities by H. L. Polzer; Iceland medals by R. H. Rosholm; foreign dollars by W. D. Nolop, of South Milwaukee; gold and miscellaneous by J. R. Stewart, of Milwaukee; an 1856 and other proof cents by Jack Uhle; set of Indian cents by R. Walker; a U. S. type collection, complete set of large cents and medals by G. Highsmith, and miscellaneous coins by J. C. Madala, of Milwaukee.

Mr. Polzer was auctioneer for several donated coins.

Lincoln and Stone Mountain commemoratives were given as door prizes by the South Milwaukee Numismatic Society.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—293rd meeting, January 8, President Sandburg presiding, with fourteen members present.

The nominating committee submitted the names of G. L. Sandburg for reelection as president, H. A. Wheeler for election as vice-president, and W. W. Willard for reelection as secretary-treasurer. The Secretary cast one ballot for these nominees.

A letter was read from H. M. Grant, inviting the Club to a New England gathering in Providence on January 21st.

Mr. MacIntosh read an invitation from the Hartford Numismatic Society to meet with them on January 15.

Mr. Wheeler gave a very interesting and educational talk on the reverse of the U. S. seal shown on the \$1.00 bill.

The numismatic quiz given by Mr. MacIntosh was won by Mr. Gaylord.

The auction closed the meeting.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—397th meeting, December 5th. The meeting was called to order by President Needels, 24 members and 3 visitors being present.

A motion to increase the annual dues of the club from \$1 to \$2 was carried. Likewise a motion to increase the application fee to \$3 was carried. Both of these changes to take effect as of January 1st, 1941.

The club also authorized the printing of a new roster, which will also contain the constitution and by-laws up to date.

George S. Deffenbaugh, Milton A. Powers and Roy F. Steinart were elected to membership.

Mr. Bowen, chairman of the nominating committee, presented the names of candidates for the various offices. Nominations were also accepted from the floor, with the following results: President, Wilfred Rowe; first vice-president, Thos. Williams; second vice-president, Kenneth Fulton; secretary, Frank McIntyre; treasurer, Harold Bowen; chairman of board of governors, Mr. Needels; board of governors, Mr. Noyes and Mr. Stehfest.

Coin club medals were presented gratis to several members not receiving them at the convention.

Mr. Bartz had charge of the table of exchanges and sales. This is one feature of the meetings that all the members appreciate, as it affords an opportunity to dispose of duplicate items.

The auction consisted of 40 lots.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—398th meeting, December 19. The meeting was called to order by President Needels, 22 members attending.

The chairman of the auction committee, Mr. Fulton, summarized the various sales conducted by him throughout the year, and requested members or any other person having coins for sale at auction to forward them to him.

President Needels thanked Mr. Allen as chairman of the reception committee for his fine service rendered throughout the year by him and his associates.

Arrangements were completed for the 400th meeting of the club to be held January 23 in the Detroit Leland Hotel. A banquet will precede this meeting which is open to members, friends and their ladies. It is expected that a proper memento will commemorate this occasion.

One of the largest auctions ever conducted by the club followed.

The newly elected officers take office at the first meeting in January.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—88th meeting, January 9, 1941. Nineteen members and one guest were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Wade read several recent press items concerning numismatics.

President Husker appointed a new membership committee, consisting of Mr. Purrington, chairman; Mr. Brookes and Mr. Nettleship. He requested the 1941 program committee to continue its services for the present. The program committee, Mr. Wormser, chairman, and Mr. May, agreed. Mr. Wade is to continue as curator and librarian.

A letter from Mr. Bullowa, chairman of Coin Week, was read, asking the club for its cooperation during Coin Week. The members discussed the various possibilities available in Newark for exhibiting a display and were asked to bring concrete suggestions to the February meeting.

The topic committee reported next month's subject will be "Hard Times Tokens relating to New Jersey," and "Coins of Africa."

The topic for the meeting was "Oriental Numismatics" and the exhibits follow:

Mr. Beach: A varied collection of ancient curious money of China, Siam, Malacca, Malay, Corea, India, and Ceylon, many well patinated. Mr. Beach gave a delightfully interesting talk about his exhibit.

Mrs. Brookes: A brooch made of a U. S. half dollar of 1909 with raised head and gold-plated. Christian IV, 1626, two double specie daler, Denmark; Frederick VII, 20 cents, Danish West Indies; Christian IX, 25 ore, Denmark.

Mr. Brookes: Three-mark commemorative of Prussia, 1913; mint medal of Lincoln and Washington; white metal token issued for the City of Albany, N. Y., July 22, 1880; two-cent piece of 1869; half cent of 1806; silver coin of Windward Islands; half dollar of Hawaii.

Mr. Hicks: Bronze medal of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, struck in 1927, "Fair of the Iron Horse."

Mr. Hughes: United East India and East India Companies, 1797 to 1845, various copper and silver pieces. China, Dutch East Indies, New Guinea, New Zealand, Fiji, Hongkong, Asia Minor, Persian and Turkish pieces.

Mr. Husker: Didrachms of Southern Italy.

Mr. May: $\frac{1}{4}$ anna of Gwalior, Maharaja Jivaji III, 1925, dated 1929. Turkey plaque of the Grand Cross, and badges of the third and fourth classes of the Medjidie Order; 2 silver medals of the Order; the silver medal of the Turkish Red Crescent (comparable to our Red Cross), and 3 war medals.

Mr. Nettleship: China: Ming Tao or Sword Money; ku pu or ancient spade coin. Japan: Cho Gin of the Bunsei period, 1 bu 1 shu 10 yen. gold, of 1897.

Mr. Purrington: Japan, 5 yen, 1 yen and $\frac{1}{2}$ yen; Indo-China, 1 piastre; Siam, 1 tical; Straits Settlements, 1 dollar (all paper money). Japan silver and nickel. China silver and nickel. Hongkong silver. Philippine Islands, large and small peso.

Mr. Spiro: Two-cent note, 1814; three-cent note, 1814; 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ -cent note, 1816; 25-cent note, 1816 (all from Library Company of Bridgetown, East Jersey). 5-cent note, 10-cent note, (both from R. Stratton, Buttown, N. J.).

TRIPLE CITIES COIN CLUB—16th meeting, January 6. Meeting was called to order by President D. G. Cookinham. Ten members were present.

The following officers were re-elected for 1941: D. G. Cookinham, president; Dr. C. S. Mills, vice-president; H. M. Christman, secretary; C. R. Collier, treasurer. Reports of the club's activities were read by the secretary and treasurer.

A quiz was held by our president regarding the Liberty head, Buffalo and Jefferson nickels, which was very interesting to all.

CANTON COIN CLUB—66th meeting of the Canton Coin Club (formerly Stark Coin Club) was held January 6, with president Caster presiding. A committee was appointed to tally the results of a sealed ballot election for the recipient of the Dr. H. L. Dell Trophy, which is given each year to the member who contributes the most to the club. V. L. Stover held the cup for the first year, and this year it was awarded to Wm. G. Bruce.

Dr. Dell, who is now located in Dayton, Ohio, was voted an honorary member by the club.

An announcement was made about National Coin Week.

The Canton Coin Club entertained the McKinley Stamp Club, of Canton. S. J. Kabealo was the principal speaker, and his subject was "The Tie That Binds." He very ingeniously pointed out the similarities of the two hobbies and where they actually overlapped.

Displays were as follows:

L. A. Salasek: Cents 1857 to date; nickels 1883 to date.

W. E. Welsh: U. S. types, half cent to one dollar.

S. J. Kabealo: Half dimes and nickels, 1794 to date.

V. L. Stover: 45 types of commemorative half dollars, and U. S. patterns.

W. G. Bruce: Types U. S. gold, \$20 to 50c., California; encased postage stamps; types of half cents and cents; odd and curious mediums of exchange; Korean amulets, sixteenth century; Bryan dollar, and Swiss crown made into a watch key.

An auction was held.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—56th meeting, December 19, President Paul Fouts presiding. Eleven members were present.

Floyd Maine was selected to conduct the next meeting and chose as his subject "Interesting Facts in the Lives of the Engravers of Our U. S. Coins."

The meeting was then turned over to Mr. Glickert, who continued the debate from the last meeting as to which of the U. S. coins are to be considered as distinct types and which are varieties of those types. Mr. Glickert had prepared a list beginning with the first issue, and called upon the members for discussion. Each type and their varieties were argued pro and con until the entire field had been covered from the half cent to the dollar, 1793 to date, and a tentative list of distinct types decided upon. It is now the intention of the club to prepare an article in the near future for The Numismatist listing its findings and inviting friendly comment from the other members of the A. N. A., and so perhaps eventually to establish a guide that can be followed by beginners and veterans alike. The members of this club possess all but a few of the very expensive types, so this subject is of great interest to all of them.

Some of the displays were as follows:

Mr. Dermond: 21 unc. notes of postage and fractional currency, with some of the rare backs.

Mr. Fouts: Full set of Blaine Peace Arch, also Tenino wooden money; six different Chinese dollars and two French Napoleon pieces.

Dr. Moon: English, Australian and New Zealand silver crowns, half crowns and shillings, also tokens, pennies and halfpennies.

Mr. Glickert and Mr. Worth each displayed some fine U. S. types and dates.

Mr. Saeman: A collection of about 40 ancient Chinese pieces, including bridge, shoe, spade, bell, knife and fish money.

After adjournment lunch was served.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—80th regular meeting, December 17. President Jacob presided. Fourteen members were present.

The resignation of Mr. Grunthal was accepted.

In connection with Coin Week, it was seen fit to mimeograph pamphlets to outline the sponsors and club's activities.

Mr. Brooke gave a short talk on British War Relief and sold 11 lapel pins at \$1 each, proceeds to be forwarded to the relief organization.

At this point the president relinquished the chair to Mr. Guttig, founder of the club, who conducted the election of 1941 officers. The nominating committee

submitted the following candidates for office: C. Albert Jacob, president; Arthur D. Baker, vice-president; Saul Bellus, secretary; Pitt M. Skipton, treasurer; Kenneth L. E. Marsden, librarian; Board of governors, Messrs. Brooke, Cox, Lighte and Weidhaas. The secretary cast one ballot for all officers.

Mr. Dewey read an interesting paper on "Lord Baltimore Coinage." This paper was originally read at the Bronx Coin Club.

Mr. Jacob read a short paper on "White Metal," with the percentage of different combinations. Upon motion the paper will be submitted to The Numismatist for publication.

Topics of the evening: Nova Constellatio coins, U. S. Nickels 1912 to date; coins of Japan; Roman coins of the fourth century, and items of your own interest and new acquisitions.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Sghia: 2 Nova Constellatio cents; 2 yens of Japan, and 15 denarii and bronzes of the fourth century.

Mr. Massey: Types of the 5 cents nickel and a Japanese tempo.

Mrs. Dewey: Type collection of 5-cent nickel, and a bronze medal of Charles Dickens commemorating his Xmas Carol.

Mr. Gutttag: Collection of Mormon notes and scrip issues of Utah.

Mr. Dewey: Selection of minor coins of Japan.

Mr. Burns: 12 U. S. Grant medals.

Mr. Jacob: Set of early eighteenth century playing cards with 12 carved mother-of-pearl counters, all in a black wood metal-studded box used in playing "Escarde."

Mr. Stein: Denarii of Nero, Galba, Otho, Vitellius and Vespasian.

Mr. Cox: Willkie medal issued in Colorado, size 2 and 13/16 inches.

Mr. Stack: Complete set of 2-cent pieces in proof, including 1864 small motto in proof.

SAN DIEGO NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Under the guidance of its president, Dr. Wallace, this society met on December 5th. Twenty-five members and visitors were present.

The secretary gave a brief account of how some of the coin auctions were held and urged that members of this society might benefit themselves by taking greater part in this source of coins for improving their collections.

It was decided to invite the members of the nearby coin clubs, those in Los Angeles and Orange County, to meet with us in January at the time of our annual dinner.

The nominating committee submitted the following recommendations for officers for 1941: President, Dr. Wallace; vice-president, Mr. Sulek; secretary, Mr. Voetter; treasurer, Mrs. Boltz; curator and librarian, Mr. Knickerbocker; governors, Messrs. Boltz and Johnston. There being no additional nominations, those named were elected.

After the usual auction refreshments were served.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—January 2, President William H. Arthur in the chair. Seven members and one guest were present. Owing to the absence of the secretary, Charles F. Nettleship, Jr., was elected secretary pro tem.

Frank Brookes presented a paper entitled "Numis-Nuts," a humorous bit of philosophy dealing with the problems and personalities of numismatists.

The exhibits were as follows:

Mrs. Brookes: 2 double specie daler of Christian IV of Denmark, 1624; U. S. 50-cent piece made into a pin, the head in high relief; Danish West Indies 20c., Ferdinand VII.

Miss Larsen: Siamese items.

Mr. Hughes: Choice collection of large cents including 1794 H. 14; 1801, 3 errors; 1801, D. 163, N. 12; 1804, unc.; also a type collection of U. S. dollars.

Mr. Husker: Maria Theresa thaler in mint condition.

Mr. Brookes: 45 Civil War store cards and tokens and a pig token of John Swift.

Mr. Nettleship, Jr.: 10c. encased postage, Burnett's Cocaine Kalliston, and \$5 gold, 1800 and 1808.

Mr. Blake: French essays, 10 and 20 francs silver and 100 francs gold.

Mr. Arthur: Wooden nickel issued for Kirkwood's (Mo.) seventy-fifth anniversary celebration, September 27-29, 1940.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—75th meeting, December 27. Twenty-seven members and four guests were in attendance. Three new members were admitted—namely, Richard Hooser, Harlow Paulson and Martin R. Zarvis, while A. P. Bertschy, and Anton V. Pelecky made application for membership.

The following officers were elected for 1941 and will take office at the January meeting: President, N. J. Hoffman; vice-president, Lillard Culver; secretary, Harry Collura; treasurer, Thaddeus Olbinski; sergeant-at-arms, George Knippel; librarian, H. L. Polzer.

The January meeting and installation of officers will be held at the home of Leon Grieb, one of our members.

Exhibits were as follows:

R. H. Rosholm: 153 Mexican and South American silver dollars.

Jos. Madala: About 40 choice uncirculated large cents, mostly different dates.

N. J. Hoffman: 1796 Castorland silver half dollar, original, very fine.

Following adjournment, a large number of lots were sold at auction.

AKRON COIN CLUB—November 18, 27th meeting, with 14 members and 4 visitors present. President F. W. Hammett presided.

R. Bernard Heuser was admitted to membership.

An amendment was made to the by-laws providing for a small charge on all material sold at regular club auctions.

President Hammett appointed the following on the nominating committee: R. W. Miller, S. J. Kabealo and Howard Certain.

Our fellow-member, J. Stanley Shondel, gave a very interesting talk on "Quarter Dollars of the United States from 1796 to 1838." He displayed quarters coined between those years. Other displays were as follows:

Mr. Rabith: English cartwheel; 1890 Indian head cent, thin planchet.
Mrs. Metz: Set of Mercury dimes and Standing Liberty quarters. Included in the quarters was the 1918 over 1917-S.

Mr. Kabealo: 1863 Indian head cent in bronze; uncirculated and proof gold dollars; 1938 and 1939 proof sets.

AKRON COIN CLUB—December 16, 28th meeting, with 14 members and 5 guests present. President F. W. Hammett presided.
Two applications for membership were received.

The members voted to make application for membership in the Penn-Ohio Coin Association.

The assembly stood for a moment with heads bowed in respect of our departed friend and numismatist, Herbert Walker.

The result of the election was as follows: President, R. W. Miller; vice-president, Howard Certain; secretary-treasurer, V. L. Oblisk.

The displays were as follows:

S. J. Kabealo: 1940 Proof set; dollars of the world, including an English Gothic crown; crown of Leopold the Hogmouth; 1873 U. S. Trade dollar; 1873 Spanish dollar; 1873 Mexican dollar, and a 1799 over '98 U. S. dollar.

L. E. Herman: Set of Liberty five cents, two cents and three cents nickel.

V. L. Stover: Rare pattern \$10 gold in copper, A-W. 193.

M. F. Rabith: Panama pill of 1904, and coins of Hungary.

Mrs. Metz: United States and California gold coins.

F. W. Hammett: English farthing, penny, and halfpenny of 1937; New Guinea penny; Fiji penny; 1760 Holland stiver and 5 pesetas of Spain with the baby head of Alfonso XIII.

V. L. Oblisk: Co's of ancient Greece and Rome; colonial coins of the U. S.; type coins of the U. S. from half cent to the dollar.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—292nd meeting, December 11, President Sandburg presiding, with seventeen members and sixteen guests present.

President Dunbar Scott, with fourteen other members of the Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn., and Horace M. Grant, of the Coin Club of Rhode Island, Providence, R. I., were welcomed as visitors at this meeting.

President Sandburg appointed Mr. Morris, Mr. Kohler and Mr. Oliver on the nominating committee to bring in names for officers to be elected at the January meeting.

Mr. Wurtz exhibited a set of Standing Liberty quarters and Canadian silver dollars, all in uncirculated condition.

Mr. Wickes, of the Hartford Club, showed local coins, Civil War tokens, Hard Times tokens, several pieces of old scrip and many other very interesting coins.

Mr. Scott spoke on world conditions in relation to collecting and pointed out some advantages of paper money collecting.

Mr. Grant outlined plans to organize the New England State collectors, making a New England district, and to that end invited the two clubs present to meet in Providence with other New England clubs in January.

Mr. MacIntosh conducted the auction.

TOLEDO COIN CLUB—101st meeting, December 9, President E. P. Harker presiding.

The chairman of the entertainment committee reported regarding the luncheon held in connection with the 100th meeting.

During the evening the members were entertained with moving pictures of the club's annual picnic.

A blind exchange and auction was held.

The club adopted a resolution on the death of its oldest member, Gustav Koehler.

At the conclusion of the regular meeting the election of officers was held. The following were elected: C. C. Shroyer, president; B. H. Kranz, vice-president; S. L. Szyperski, secretary-treasurer, reelected for the sixth term.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—The 263d meeting, held January 8. R. L. McBrien presiding. Sixty five members and three visitors present. George Todd, president of the Atlanta Coin Club, was also a welcome visitor.

This being our twenty-second annual meeting, the president, secretary, chairman of the entertainment committee, exhibit committee, librarian, editor of the Bulletin, and auction committee submitted their reports. President McBrien was given a rising vote of thanks for his splendid work done as our leader for the last two years. His report was most inspiring and encouraging. At this point President McBrien turned over the gavel to the newly elected president, E. E. Lamb, and installed the new officers to their respective office. President Lamb appointed the following members as standing committees for 1941: Attendance and registration, Joseph Unseitz, Jr.; sergeant-at-arms, C. Sam Carlson and Stanley Drop; membership, Ernest Jonas, C. Sam Carlson, Fred A. Clarke; finance, E. A. Barger, G. W. P. Cleary, Norton F. Stone; auctions, William Evans, Clifford Lindall, R. Wylie Smith; exhibits, Harold R. Klein; entertainment, Harry Boesel, Lee Hewitt and M. V. Sheldon; publicity, R. McP. Cabeen and J. Henri Ripstra; grievance, R. L. McBrien, J. Henri Ripstra, William Evans; Bulletin publication, William G. Rayson, editor; Lee Hewitt, assistant editor; associate editors, M. H. Jackson, Dr. E. D. Skeen, Ragnar Cederlund, Charles E. Green, M. Vernon Sheldon, Dr. Jos. P. Reich, Wm. Evans, R. Wylie Smith, Clifford Lindall; ladies' activities, Mrs. Helen Jackson, chairman; Mrs. R. L.

McBrien, Mrs. Wm. Rayson, Mrs. J. H. Ripstra, Mrs. Geo. Brown, Mrs. C. E. Green, Mrs. I. T. Kopicki, Mrs. A. S. Boyer, Mrs. J. E. Miller, Miss Lila E. Wirth, Miss Dorothy Gough and Mrs. Frances Davis.

The resignation of H. J. Bartholmey was read and accepted.

The Librarian was instructed to submit a list of all material recommended by the library binding committee for disposal, to be ready for the next meeting. Norton F. Stone presented the incoming second vice-president, Mrs. Jackson, with his souvenir Lincoln medal. The president appointed R. L. McBrien, Wm. Evans, J. Henri Ripstra and A. S. Boyer as a committee to look into procuring new meeting quarters for the coming year.

The members are requested to exhibit Lincoln and Washington coins and medals at the February meeting.

Exhibits were as follows:

Lee Hewitt: A collection of New Jersey bank notes and a dollar bill which was mailed attached to a ordinary shipping tag.

Norton F. Stone: Fractional currency.

Wm. G. Rayson: Eleven shillings of Charles I of England, with various mint marks, from 1625 to 1642. A memorial medal of Charles I struck in 1662 by Rotter.

Ernest Jonas: Germany, bronze pattern set by K. Goetz, in nickel, all bronze patterns of Andora 10c., 1873; Griqualand, 1p., no date; Haiti, 20c., 1877; Liberia, 12 different 1c. and 2c.; Puerto Rico, 10c., 1890; Rome, 5 baiocchi, 1848, and 1 scudo, 1848.

M. V. Sheldon: Italian sculptor's school series of memoriam medals, struck in very high relief.

Paul Pennington: Four heavy Roman denarii from 187 to 148 B. C. One light Roman denarius from about 145 B. C.

Earl Barger: Thirty uncirculated English 1, 1½, 2, 3, 4, 6 pence pieces, various dates, including the one and two shilling pieces of 1887, Victoria Jubilee type, and one florin, 1927, George V, engraved date.

D. C. Keefer: Ten recent acquisitions of Chinese chopped silver of Russia, Strait Settlements, Bolivia and Annam.

Harry Boosel: Series of U. S. proof sets.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—34th meeting, January 10, President John M. Carls presiding. Sixteen members and four visitors present.

Officers for 1941 were elected as follows: President Richard Yeoman; vice-president, John M. Carls; secretary-treasurer, J. A. Velicer; sergeant-at-arms, Louis Wilczynski; librarian, Rev. A. G. Weiler.

April 17, 1941, was set as the date for our annual banquet.

President Carls urged all members of our club to join the C. S. N. S. so that we can report a 100 per cent. enrolment of our membership, especially in view of the fact that the Milwaukee Club will be host of the C. S. N. S. convention in Milwaukee in April.

Exhibits were as follows:

Louis Wilczynski: 1862 proof gold dollar with die break.

Karl Borseth: 1859 proof set, one cent to dollar. Type set of silver dollars. 10 pieces, uncirculated and proofs. 1923-D \$20 gold piece, uncirculated \$5 gold pieces, uncirculated 1845-O, 1853-C, 1860-D, 1892-CC, 1901-S, 1906-D, 1908-P.

David Smith: Leath's Scotch dollar, Month of April 10th to May 10th.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—January 9. There were fifteen members present. The Secretary exhibited Christmas cards that had been received from friends. Mr. Perlitz related that he had heard from Capt. M. W. Newton, who has safely returned from China.

Mr. Duffield reported on his work on the booklet of members and by-laws and read to us his short history of the club to be included therein.

This was a program night, and the feature was United States coins before 1810. Exhibits were a fine collection of large cents and half cents by Mr. Straus and silver coins, dimes, quarters, half dollars, etc., by Mr. Duffield. Mr. Duffield gave us a little talk on the subject.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Third meeting, held at the Hotel John Marshall, January 10. Sixteen members and guests were present. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Robinson who presided in the absence of our president, Mr. Hurst. The visitors were introduced.

Seven new members were accepted as follows: W. T. Buckner, W. B. Cardoza, Ellis H. Michael, Hayden Clement, Miss Dorothy McCaw, Miss Ruth Campbell, Irving Markel.

Mr. Levi exhibited a type collection of commemorative half dollars and a representative collection of most types of other U. S. coins.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—The thirteenth annual banquet, held at the Stowell Hotel on January 7, brought together some eighty members and guests, taxing the seating capacity of the banquet room and furnishing one of the most auspicious occasions ever enjoyed by the club. Featuring the installation of officers of the Orange County Coin Club, as well as the new officers of the California Coin Club, a large delegation was present from Orange County, together with other guests from the San Diego Numismatic Society, Long Beach and other cities.

President Larson not only acted as an efficient toastmaster but played the accompaniments for the soloist, Mr. Newell Soule, who sang three numbers in his usual enjoyable manner. The audience opened the program with the singing of America and closed it with an ode to numismatology composed by the president.

Dispensing with the usual order of business and devoting its energies largely to the sumptuous banquet and to a light-hearted program of short addresses,

the club paused momentarily to admit to membership Fred J. Altat, H. A. Rosenkrantz, Wallace Todd and Robert C. Efker. Dr. A. F. Pradeau, who was slated to participate in the program, was unable to attend owing to illness, but favored the club with a telegram of felicitation, and Mr. Koepfel acted in his place as grand marshal in the installation of President Larson.

Programmed discourses on such mysterious and esoteric subjects as "The Pleasures of a Numismatic Appendix," by Dr. John Lawrence Smith; "Removing Hair Lines From Coins," by Joe Steel; "Legal Dogma of Early Americana," by Secretary Stanton; "Gold Is, If You Have It," by Kenneth Lee, and "Acquisition of the Scent," by L. Kane, were followed by an equally fictitious debate between the California and the Orange County Coin Clubs on the subject, "Resolved, That Square Coins Should Be in Use." Holger Jorgensen took this occasion to seriously mention the great historical and educational interest connected with the collecting of ancient coins. Not least among the activities of the evening was the presentation to President Larson of a beautiful gold medal as a token of the club's appreciation of his unusual efforts in making the club a success.

After votes of thanks to the banquet committee and to Mr. Christiansen, the host, the meeting closed at a late hour, but not until an interesting auction had been held.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—December 19, thirty-third meeting.

Mr. Dougherty, Palmerton, Pa., was awarded the door prize.

Fifteen members attended the meeting and participated in quite an interesting coin quiz.

A new feature, introduced for the first time, "exchange night," was not received well and will probably be dropped in the future.

The following members were elected to the various offices for the year 1941. President H. N. Shepherd, Palmerton, Pa.; vice-president Dr. John Bortz; secretary John M. Gallagher, Allentown, Pa.; treasurer Kenneth Lobb, Pen Argyl; curator A. J. Smith, Palmerton, Pa.; directors E. A. Acker, Allentown, Pa.; P. M. Ziegler and H. N. Shepherd, Palmerton, Pa.

Ira S. Reed, of Philadelphia gave a short talk on the coming convention of 1941 in Philadelphia telling the members of the progress that is taking place at present and of the surprises in store for them at the convention.

Robt. S. Taylor, Jr., the retiring president, thanked the club for the honor paid him in the past year, and in turn received the thanks of the club for allowing them the use of his office for club meetings in the past year.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—January 8. President Woodside was in the chair. Fourteen members were present.

The meeting featured exhibits of medals by American artists. Mr. Piper presented an instructive paper on the history of American Medallie Art.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Hall: Tray of medals of American artists, principally of distinguished citizens.

Mr. DeVos: Tray of medals of various subjects.

Mr. Woodside: Coins of England: Charles I. Shrewsbury silver pound, 1642; Oxford silver 3 pounds, 1643; silver pound 1642; silver half pound, 1642; George III, cartwheel twopence, 1797.

Dr. Gillis: Bronze medals: Daniel Webster, by Wright, and U. S. Grant, by Barber. Several issues of the Society of Medallists.

Mr. Piper: Several trays of significant medals by American artists, to illustrate his paper.

Mr. Buterbaugh: Types of U. S. Colonial, and large and small cents.

Mr. Locker: Various dates and varieties of U. S. half dimes.

Mr. Gaede: Tray of early U. S. large cents, including 1799, fine, and 1808, in mint state.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—76th meeting, January 3. This was a special meeting arranged so that the members of our club could inspect the famous Lyron Reed Collection.

This collection is considered by many to be the most interesting coin collection in America because of the arrangement of the exhibit and because of the wide scope of the coins included in the collection. It is always a rare treat for the members of our club to inspect this collection and its many rarities.

The members were saddened to learn of the unexpected death of G. O. Leitch. Vice-President Raymond Moulton, with the approval of the executive committee, sent a floral tribute in the name of the Omaha Coin Club.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—92nd meeting, January 8, with A. Kosoff, president, in the chair. 21 members present. Philip Rippner, of South Norwalk, Conn., was a guest.

David M. Bullowa officiated at the installation of the new officers for 1941 and the following were installed: President, Max M. Schwartz; vice-president, Charles P. Knott; secretary, Lewis M. Reagan; treasurer, Nat E. Heft; librarian, Joseph Silverman; elected members of executive committee, Edward L. St. Martin and Frank M. Schmidt.

The president announced the appointment of the standing committees. It was announced that the meeting on February 5 would be the eighth anniversary dinner of the club. A special dinner and program are being arranged.

Joseph Silverman read an excellent paper on the coins of Switzerland. David M. Bullowa spoke on the plans for the forthcoming observance of National Coin Week, March 23 to 29, sponsored by the American Numismatic Association.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Barnett: Gold 20,000 reis of Brazil.

Mr. Blake: Collection of Canadian paper money with low numbers.

Mr. Bullowa: Geneva 10 francs, 1848; 5 francs, 1848; Zurich $\frac{1}{2}$ talers, 1652, 1715, 1723; Switzerland 5 francs, 1926; Indo-China 10 cents 1940, nickel.

Mr. Friedberg: Rectangular silver coins of Japan.

Mr. Hegarty: French copper coins and tokens of seventeenth and eighteenth centuries.

Mr. Knoth: 11 Shooting fest thalers of Switzerland; 5 Roman denarii.

Mr. Kraus: Switzerland $\frac{1}{2}$ franc, 1916; Haiti, 50, 20, 10, 5 centimes in nickel.

Mr. Reagan: Chinese spade money; Germany porcelain tokens.

Mr. Rippner: 18 dollar-size silver medals of various electors of Bavaria, etc.

Mr. Schwartz: 14 Hard Times tokens.

Mr. Silverman: Coins of 15 Cantons of Switzerland of eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

Mr. Sghia: Crowns of Switzerland; Hard Times tokens; Canadian tokens.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—January 9. The sixty-seventh meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with thirty-five members and guests present.

Henry H. Thomas and Dr. O. F. Mershon were elected to membership.

All present were loud in praise of our new meeting place, in the Benjamin Franklin Hotel. Inasmuch as this will be the next A. N. A. Convention headquarters, the facilities offered were examined with care, and it was agreed that that will be a big help in making the next convention the best ever. This hotel has everything that it takes to make a convention a success. All reading this should make their reservations early and secure the choice rooms.

The greater part of the evening was given over to Vernon L. Brown, member of the A. N. A. Board of Governors, who has been appointed our contact man for the convention. Plans are well under way for next summer, and from early committee reports, all who attend are going to get their full \$5 worth of entertainment and pleasure.

The door prize was won by Mr. Webb, the chance prize by Mr. Davidson.

The vote for the best exhibit of the evening was won by Mr. Norris, a beautiful collection of uncirculated shinplasters. Other exhibits, worthy of special mention, included:

Mr. Wismer: Rare examples of \$1 and \$2 Mechanics Bank of City and County of Philadelphia.

Mr. Young: Complete set of uncirculated quarter dollars from 1916 to date.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—237th meeting, December 11. There were 25 members and 4 guests present, with Judge Sawicki presiding.

The board of governors' report was given by Mr. Mallon. Annual reports were read by Messrs. Bell, as treasurer; Mallan, as vice-president; Sawicki, as president. Mr. Gregor's report as secretary will be read at the January meeting.

Mr. Spencer reported for the banquet committee in detail.

Mr. Sawicki surprised the membership by announcing that if it was the club's pleasure it could have a meeting place rent free. The only stipulation was that the members, or as many as cared, dine in the grill room of the Colonial Hotel. After much discussion Mr. Spencer offered a motion "That we accept the offer of the Colonial Hotel under their terms and that we hold our banquet and future meetings in that hotel."

Mr. Kabealo suggested that the hotel be requested to write a letter of invitation, thereby binding the hotel to its contract of free rent.

Inasmuch as the date for the banquet was originally set for January 15, 1941, it was decided to move it up to its original place, the second Wednesday of the month.

Mr. Freeman moved that the secretary set aside a page in the minutes in memory of our departed brother, Herbert Wayne Walker, who passed away November 14, 1940.

The nominating committee presented its slate of candidates for officers for the ensuing year. After several declinations the following were elected or reelected: Joseph F. Sawicki, president; Frederick A. Mallon, vice-president; John W. Gregor, secretary-treasurer; Frederick T. Joers, curator.

A vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Bell and Mrs. Gregor for their labors in behalf of the club.

Discourses of the evening were delivered by Mr. Jacka on "Cents" and Mr. Budde on "Colonial Currency."

Exhibits were as follows:

Otto C. Budde: A large array of Colonial paper currency of many denominations, accompanied by illustrations of the Spanish milled dollars on which this currency was based.

Joseph F. Sawicki: Aztec hoe money; $\frac{1}{2}$ daler of Sweden, dated 1724, size 130mm; very large bronze tael of Empress Meisel of China, 1626-1647.

William M. Jacka: All types of U. S. cents.

Samuel J. Kabealo: Complete set of Trade dollars, 1873 to 1883, in proof; 1863 bronze pattern cent; 1871 cent.

Harley L. Freeman: Specimens of Colonial currency and their bases (Spanish and English). The equivalent of each note was accompanied by the particular coin of the period as designated on the note; 50 reales of Philip IV, 1628, in fine condition.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—312th meeting, November 25, with 22 members and 1 visitor present. President Hopkins presided.

The annual election of officers was the first business. The report of the nominating committee was again read and several nominations were made from the floor. The vote showed the following were elected: President, Mr. Williams; vice-president, Mr. Herrick; secretary, Mr. Gullian; assistant secretary, Dr. Wild; treasurer, Mr. Bailey; curator, Mr. Lloyd; librarian, M. Cage; board of governors, M. Taylor, chairman; Messrs. Lewin, Myers, Lloyd and Wild.

A motion was carried that the votes of all of the elected officers be declared unanimous.

Among the visitors present was E. A. Gilroy, life member, of Cleveland, and first president of the club. Mr. Gilroy gave a very interesting talk about old times in the club and some details of the organization in 1927. It was his first visit to the club in some eight years.

Mr. Williams, the newly elected president gave a short talk in which he outlined a program for the coming year.

Mr. Hopkins had for display a silver medal from the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society in San Francisco. This was issued on the occasion of their silver jubilee, June 25, 1915-1940, in honor of their founder, Farran Zerbe.

QUAD-CITY COIN CLUB—December 12. There were nine members and two guests present. Mr. Baker, the president, presided.

The club presented a set of 1940 uncirculated coins in a case to John Allen Schneider, who was born to Dr. and Mrs. Schneider on December 5, 1940.

There was a discussion on supervised activity of committees work for the State convention. Loyd Gettys was appointed general chairman, who in turn will appoint his own committees. It was stated by Mr. Baker that guests are already planning on coming from as far away as St. Louis and Chicago.

The discussion on radio programs was introduced by Mr. Baker. Station WOC has requested the Quad-City Coin Club to sponsor a program entitled "Know Your Money." The chair was appointed to sponsor this and select his own committees and topics.

Mr. Allen suggested that the Cedar Rapids Club have the mid-winter meeting instead of Muscatine, so that it would not interfere with the Davenport convention.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—December 19. Dr. Hepting president, presided. There were 16 members present.

The date of April 26 was confirmed for the meeting of the Penn-Ohio Coin Club Association at the Fort Pitt Hotel. Committees to handle this affair to be appointed by the incoming president.

A letter from the New Netherland Coin Company was read, presenting to the library of the club a copy of "Our Metallic Money."

The resignation of Ralph Buterbaugh was read and accepted with regret.

In view of the fact that the ladies were to be invited to the regular January meeting, the December meeting was adjourned at 9.30 and a special meeting was called at 9.45 for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year, with the following result: President, Howard D. Gibbs; vice-president, Dr. Gillis; secretary-treasurer, Mr. Cunningham.

There was considerable discussion as to how the welfare of the Club could be advanced, and it was decided to send a membership list to every member, and each member was to make a point of getting in touch with some member who had not been attending regularly and see that they did get to the meetings. It was decided that the incoming President should name a membership committee, publicity committee and several others.

Suggestions were made for having notices of meetings inserted in the local newspapers and the Bulletin Index.

The incoming President, Mr. Gibbs, gave a short talk, calling to the attention of the members very definitely that it required something besides activity on the part of the officers to make a successful coin club and warned all members present that they would be called upon for cooperation and each one of them would be expected during the coming year to present a paper or a short talk on some particular branch of numismatics in which he was interested.

Exhibits were as follows:

Dr. Katz: Counterstamped coins of Central America and of Maranhao, Brazil, Mr. Cunningham: Proof set, 1882.

Mr. Kerr: Indian Peace medal by President Fillmore; Mexican peso, Maximilian, 1867; Two Chinese coins.

Mr. Rehula: Gold \$10, Philadelphia mint, 1858, very rare.

Mr. Sallach: Coins of Philippine Islands.

Mr. Layton: A number of uncirculated United States coins.

Mr. Gibbs: New acquisitions: 30 foreign crowns; ring dollar of Essequibo and Demarara; rare encased postage stamp of Weir & Laramie, Canada; unique plug, Prince Edward Island; Ring dollar from the recent sale of the collection of R. L. Reid, Vancouver, British Columbia; two uncirculated side-view halfpennies of Canada.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—December 30. Mr. Davis acted as chairman. Eleven members were present.

One application for membership was received and referred to the executive committee.

The executive committee reported favorably on the following applicants and they were elected to membership: Ole Berner Vikre, 34 Matchett St., Brighton, Mass.; Jack Hall, 20 Beldun St., West Roxbury, Mass.; Horace M. Grant, 109 Empire St., Providence, R. I.

Mr. Pond donated numbers 1 and 2 of the Coin Collectors' Series and also two pamphlets of the Bulletin of the Business Historical Society, the latter containing numismatic articles by Mr. Pond. He was given a vote of thanks for his donations. He also reported that he had received the society's Presidential badge of office and collection from Mrs. Stafford, and it was agreed that he should retain custody until the election of new officers in January. There was a short general discussion regarding the best method of disposal of a 75th Anniversary medal and also a set of three medals of the 60th Anniversary which may come up for sale.

Mr. Davis appointed a nominating committee to bring in a "slate" for officers for 1941. As Mr. Davis was acting chairman, it was voted to elect the nominating committee as presented: Mr. Gifford, Chairman, Messrs. Prior and Davis.

Mr. Pond exhibited several dollar-size coins and spoke on the "Champagne Dollar," a 2-thaler piece of Fred. Wilhelm IV of Prussia, explaining the origin of the name as due to the price of a bottle of champagne. He also brought us greetings from Lieutenant Dodson.

Mr. Welti spoke briefly regarding "special subjects" for talks at the meetings. Mr. Dewing exhibited some rare ancient coins and gave an interesting account of their development.

Next meeting, January 27, annual meeting and election of officers for 1941.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Pond: Numbers 1 and 2 of the Coin Collectors' Series—"United States Commemorative Coins, 1892-1929," and "The Coins of Mexico, 1536-1933," and two pamphlets containing the following articles written by him: "The Ducat: Once an Important Coin in European Business," and "The Louis d'Or." Several dollar-size coins, including the "Champagne dollar."

Mr. Hayden: King Edward VIII set, 1936.

Mr. Dewing: Rare gold and silver ancient coins: Lydia, Cilicia, Albania, Syracuse, and Taranta.

AMERICAN WIFE MONEY.

The famous African tribal currency of copper crosses, used in the Baluba district for the purchase of a wife, has practically eclipsed the fact that in America, too, wives were obtained by barter.

The facts connected with this "old American custom" are set forth below:

In the early 1620's the Treasurer of the Virginia Company proposed that, in view of the shortage of wives, a quantity of them be shipped from England. According to the reports, ninety girls, "young and uncorrupt," were sent over in the company's ships. In the following year sixty more arrived, all handsome and attractive, and all of whom had been well recommended to the company for their "virtuous education and demeanor."

The price of these wives was at first established at one hundred pounds of tobacco, but as the number of wives arriving decreased, the price was increased to one hundred fifty pounds of tobacco. Tobacco at that time was valued at three shillings per pound. All quotations, which were given in tobacco, were somewhat higher than the prices quoted for specie. The difference between the two prices varied with the commodity.

The debt which the planters incurred for the wives was ordered to have precedence over all other debts, and was in the nature of a prior claim.

It is said that when the ships arrived from London the young Virginia planters hastened to the water's side, each carrying a bundle of his best tobacco beneath his arm, and each going away with a new and beautiful wife.

NEWS OF FOREIGN COINS AND NOTES.

China—The Japanese Government has recently authorized the issue of notes by a "Central Reserve Bank" which is intended to drive the Chinese Government's currency out of existence.

Greece—Greece now has two rates of currency quotations—paper drachmas and metallic drachmas. Important duties and taxes specify whether metallic or paper currency, and the conversion rate.

Italy—At the end of January, 1941, the nickel half lire coins (50 centesimi) will not have any further legal-tender value.

BRITISH SEIZE BANK NOTES OF ITALY.

A news report from Cairo is of the greatest numismatic interest since the report contained the story of the capture by the British of large quantities of bank notes, printed for use in Egypt conquered by Italy. The notes were seized by the troops upon the evacuation of Sidi Barrani. Instructions were found with the bank notes that they were to be placed in circulation when the Italians had occupied Alexandria.

No information has been received whether the notes will be sold as curiosities for war relief, or whether they will be officially destroyed. No statement regarding the devices on the notes was received.

1941 DENVER DIMES ALREADY AT PREMIUM.

Another scheme to interest people in silver is brought to light with the story in the enclosed clipping from The Denver Post of January 9, 1941.

The first, as collectors will recall, was the issuance of the Leshner Referendum Dollar of 1900-1901; second, the issuance of the Colorado Prosperity Dollar of 1933, and now we have dimes that will be redeemed for silver dollars.



You will note from the illustration that the coins displayed are dollars, and I have no doubt that they are 1926-D, which some cataloguers are listing as "rare."

EDGAR LEVY, A. N. A. 7694.

8 N. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Col.

The story and the illustration from the Denver Post mentioned by Mr. Levy are reprinted below:

The tidy sum of \$6,000, a very small part of the 26 million silver dollars in storage in the Denver mint, is shown in this picture, which was taken at the mint with the permission of Superintendent Mark A. Skinner. One thousand dollars are on the table and \$1,000 in each of the sacks held by prominent Colorado mining men. The picture was taken to stimulate interest in Silver Week, which begins January 20, when 1941 Denver-coined dimes will be redeemed for \$1 when presented at the registration booth of the Colorado Mining Association on January 24 or 25 at the Shirley-Savoy Hotel. In the picture are, left to right, Superintendent Skinner, Robert S. Palmer, Clarence O. Withrow, Jesse F. McDonald, Paul D. Steele and Roy Wicker.

Silver Week was proclaimed by Governor Carr in connection with the annual meeting of the Colorado Mining Association, January 24 and January 25.

The Colorado Mining Association decided it would be a good thing to get 1941 Denver-coined coins in circulation and to pay \$1 for every one of the coins presented at the Association's registration desk in the Shirley-Savoy hotel on January 24 and January 25.

Arrangements for the release of the 1941 dimes at this time was made with Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint, through Senator Alva B. Adams.

Mark A. Skinner, Superintendent of the Denver mint, and Colorado mining men immediately got the spirit of the thing and co-operated in the photography shown here.

Fruits were used as money in some countries. In Mexico the cacao was valued at one time at 15 to the Spanish real. Almonds have been used in India as currency, and were estimated at 40 almonds to the half penny sterling.

Brass was used as money in Ireland in the reign of Henry VI. It is also stated that lead was used during the reign of King Henry VIII.

WHITE METAL.

You may recall that at one of the meetings of the Westchester County Coin Club several months ago one of our members exhibited certain medals which he stated were struck in white metal. At that time I asked the members assembled if anyone could tell us just what really constituted "white metal." Strange to say, in spite of the fact that this expression is so often used in numismatics, and in spite of the gathering of numismatic talent that was present at that particular meeting, no one seemed to be able to clear up this question. About all we finally decided was that white metal was white metal, and we let it go at that.

This didn't satisfy my inquisitive nature, and in order to get to the root of the matter I consulted a neighbor of mine, Mr. Russell T. Cornell, who is one of the outstanding mining engineers of this country. He explained that there were an almost infinite number of white metal alloys. These are a combination of various metals which, when blended together, yield a resulting composition white in color. Mr. Cornell very kindly offered to get for me the accurate analysis of some of the most important metals of this type. The following list gives these analyses on a percentage basis

Component Metals (in percentage content).

Name	Copper	Tin	Zinc	Nickel	Lead	Antimony	Bismuth
White	48.5	6.0	33.3	—	12.0	—	—
	58.7	5.0	33.0	—	2.8	—	—
White (Chinese)	72.5	4.7	14.3	—	18.5	—	—
German silver	61.3	—	19.1	19.1	—	—	—
Pewter	1.7	84.0	—	—	—	7.5	6.8
	5.7	81.2	1.6	—	11.5	—	—
Britannia	3.5	85.0	2.0	—	—	5.0	4.5

It seems strange that the three metals specifically referred to as "white" in the above list contain a larger percentage of copper than anything else. Evidently, the action of the zinc and lead which is combined with them tends to overshadow the color value of copper. The pewter and Britannia metals evidently get their white color from the tin content. Though the German silver has over 60 per cent. copper in it, the zinc and nickel content evidently has sufficient influence on the color to make this also fall in the white metal group.

I felt that this analysis might be of considerable interest to those who wish more specific knowledge as to the metals used in minting coins.

C. ALBERT JACOB, JR.

MISCELLANEOUS NUMISMATIC NOTES.

Ed. Frossard, who published "Numisma" in the 1880's in New York, was very jealous of several of his competitors. He never failed to publish jibes at their expense. In one instance he refers to a contemporary who over-described a coin at a sale "as the man with the india-rubber conscience."

The total amount of Continental Currency issued between 1775 and 1779 was \$241,552,780. The largest authorization was \$50,000,000 and the smallest was \$500,000, on April 18, 1778. No notes are known with the date April 18th, 1778, but the Continental Congress authorized an issue of that amount at that time.

The depreciation of currency was such in 1781, that separate scales for the depreciation of ten issuing States were issued. Scales for redemption were not used for New Hampshire, Georgia or Rhode Island.

Copper coinage was generally rejected by the Southern and Western States until after the Civil War.

It has been well stated that "tokens originate as a necessity but end as a nuisance."

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1806 Very Good	1.00	1836 Fine	.75
1815 Ext. Fine, but small E counter-stamped above head. Desirable specimen	3.00	1837 Fine	.75
1818 Good	.75	1838 Bust type. Fine	.75
1819 Very Good	1.25	1838 Liberty seated. Fine	1.25
1819 Fine	1.50	1841-O Very Good	.75
1821 Fine	1.25	1846 Very Good	.75
1825 Very Good	1.50	1856 Ext. Fine	.75
1828 Fine	2.50	1857 Ext. Fine	.60
1831 Fine	1.00	1873 No arrows. Proof, but shows cabinet friction	1.25
1832 Ext. Fine	1.25	1874-S Unc. Very rare	9.25
1832 Very Fine	1.00	1876-S Ext. Fine	.50
1834 Ext. Fine	1.25	1877-S Unc. slight edge nick	.50

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1896, "In God We Trust In Bryan We Burst." Head of Liberty caricaturing the Morgan Dollar. Rev. Large eagle surrounded by "16 to 1." "In God We Trust for the Other 47c." Cast in iron, nickel plated, 79mm broad, 6mm thick. Very Rare, Zerbe No. 121

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CHILE 1837, 8 Scudos, Second type. Slight mark on hand. Otherwise Uncirculated	37.50
BRAZIL 1725, 20,000 Reis, Minas Mint	V. F. 75.00
COLOMBIA 1768, 8 Scudos, NR Mint	V. F. 40.00
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COLOMBIA 1853, 10 Pesos, Popayan Mint. Sale record \$65.00	V. F. 47.50
COLOMBIA 1849, Peso, Bogota Mint. Size and weight of 2 pesos. 3.2258 Gr.	Brilliant Unc. 20.00
GUATEMALA 1926, 20 Quetzales	V. F. 60.00
GUATEMALA 1926, 10 Quetzales	V. F. 30.00
GUATEMALA 1926, 5 Quetzales	Fine 12.50
GUATEMALA 1750, 8 Scudos, Crude minting. Listed in Raymond at \$200.00	150.00
GUATEMALA 1758, 8 Scudos. Listed at \$200.00	Fine 125.00
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1869	1.00	2.00	1885	1.00	1.35
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1880		2.50	1900	1.00	1.35
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1882	.75	1.00	1902	.90	1.35
1883 Shield	.65	.75	1903	.90	1.25
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UNITED STATES NOTES

ALL STRICTLY UNCIRCULATED

We offer at this time PART I of the few really nice collections of U. S. Currency. In fact, these notes are really Unc., and are strictly guaranteed to be so. Refund in full on any item found unsatisfactory. Every coin collector should have one or two of these in his collection. This is one of the nicest collections we have ever offered for sale. PLEASE—Money Order or Certified Check avoids delay.

LEGAL TENDER NOTES

Act of July 11, 1862.

\$1.00 Low number 1640	\$ 4.00	\$1.00 Higher number	\$ 3.75
2.00	8.00	5.00 Act. of Feb. 25, 1862	12.00
1.00 Series of 1875	3.75	1.00 Series of 1878	3.75
1.00 Series of 1880	4.25	1.00 Series of 1917	2.75
1.00 Series of 1923	2.50	2.00 Series of 1875	10.00
2.00 Series of 1878	6.75	2.00 Series of 1880	7.00
2.00 Series of 1917	3.75	5.00 Series of 1869	11.50
5.00 Series of 1880	11.00	5.00 Series of 1880 L. R. Seal	13.50
5.00 Series of 1880 Rosecrans & Nebeker			12.00
5.00 Series of 1907	8.75	10.00 Series of 1901 Lewis & Clark	16.00
10.00 Series of 1880 L. Brown Seal—Rosecrans & Huston—The "Jackass Note"			22.50

COIN NOTES AND SILVER CERTIFICATES

\$1.00 C-Series 1891, Bust Stanton	3.25	\$1.00 B-Series 1891, Stanton	3.25
1.00 A-Series 1891, Stanton	3.25	2.00 C-Series 1891, McPherson	6.00
5.00 B-Series 1891, Thomas	11.00	10.00 A-Series 1891, Sheridan	20.00
1.00 C-Series 1886, Martha Washington. An unusually beautiful design	4.50		
2.00 B-Series 1886	6.50	1.00 D-Series 1899, Lincoln-Grant	2.75
1.00 C-Series 1899, Lincoln-Grant	2.75	1.00 E-Series 1899, Lincoln-Grant	2.25
2.00 B-Series 1899, Washington	4.75	2.00 C-Series 1899, Washington	4.75
2.00 D-Series 1899, Washington	4.75	5.00 B-Series 1899, Indian	11.00
5.00 G-Series 1923, Lincoln	8.75	1.00 C-Series 1923, Washington	1.75
1.00 B-Series 1923, Washington	1.75	1.00 F-Series 1923, Washington	2.25

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK NOTES

Series of 1918 unless otherwise stated

\$1.00 B-Boston, Mass.	\$ 3.00	\$2.00 C-Boston, Mass.	5.00
1.00 B-New York, N. Y.	2.75	2.00 D-New York, N. Y.	6.00
1.00 D-New York, N. Y.	2.75	1.00 G-Philadelphia, Pa.	3.00
2.00 D-Philadelphia, Pa.	6.50	1.00 B-Cleveland, Ohio	2.75
2.00 D-Cleveland, Ohio	5.75	5.00 C-Cleveland, Ohio	12.00
1.00 D-Cleveland, Ohio	2.75	1.00 E-Richmond, Va.	2.75
1.00 C-Richmond, Va.	2.75	1.00 C-Atlanta, Ga.	6.00
1.00 D-Atlanta, Ga.	5.50	1.00 D-Chicago, Ill.	3.00
2.00 D-Chicago, Ill.	5.75	5.00 C-Chicago, Ill.	12.00
1.00 A-Chicago, Ill.	3.00	2.00 B-Chicago, Ill.	5.75
5.00 A-Series 1914, Chicago, Ill.	12.00	1.00 D-St. Louis, Mo.	4.75
5.00 E-Series 1914, Minneapolis	10.00	1.00 D-Kansas City, Mo.	3.00
1.00 B-Kansas City, Mo.	3.00	1.00 B-Dallas, Tex.	3.75
2.00 D-Dallas, Tex.	8.75	1.00 A-San Francisco, Calif.	3.25

NATIONAL BANK NOTES

FIRST CHARTER PERIOD—Acts of Feb. 25, 1863 and June 3, 1864

\$1.00 B-The First National Bank of Lebanon, Ind. Two Females before Altar. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims. Small red seal. Oct. 15, 1872	12.00
1.00 A-First National Bank of Lincoln, Ill. Two females before Altar. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims. Sept. 15, 1873. Small red seal	12.00
2.00 A-First National Bank of New Bedford, Mass. July 30, 1878. America with Flag. Rev. Sir Walter Raleigh introducing Indian Corn and Tobacco in England 1585. Large red seal. Series 1875	17.50
5.00 A-City National Bank of Selma, Ala. Red seal. Jan. 16, 1871. Columbus sighting land. Rev. Landing of Columbus	18.00
10.00 C-First National Bank of Belleville, Ill. Benjamin Franklin discovering Electricity with kite. Rev. De Soto discovering the Miss. Series 1875. A very beautiful and extremely rare note	25.50

SECOND CHARTER PERIOD—Series of 1882. Brown Backs

5.00 L-National Bank of Commerce, N. Y., N. Y. Large charter no. on rev.	11.50
5.00 B-National Bank of North America, N. Y. Large charter no. on rev.	11.50
5.00 D-San Francisco National Bank, Calif. Large charter no. on rev.	11.50
10.00 C-Perkiomen National Bank, East Greenville, Pa. Dec. 22, 1898. Obv. Benjamin Franklin discovering electricity with a kite. Rev. Charter No.	18.00
20.00 B-National Bank of Commerce, N. Y. Obv. Battle of Lexington	31.00

Series of 1882. Green Backs

5.00	C-Clinton County National Bank, Wilmington, Ohio. Rev. 1882 & 1908	11.50
10.00	E-Farmers National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa. Obv. Benjamin Franklin discovering electricity with a kite. Rev. 1882 & 1908	18.00
20.00	B-Potters National Bank of East Liverpool, Ohio. Obv. Battle of Lexington. Rev. 1882 & 1908. July 12, 1901	31.00

THIRD CHARTER PERIOD—Series of 1902

5.00	D-Mellon National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa. Red seal. Extremely rare. Low number only 99. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims	12.00
10.00	A-German National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa. Bust of Wm. McKinley. Dec. 30, 1904. Rev. A very beautiful design	18.50
20.00	A-Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio. Obv. Bust of McCulloch	31.00
5.00	E-National Park Bank of New York. Obv. Bust of Harrison. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims. Also 1902 & 1908. May 11, 1905	11.50
10.00	E-National City Bank of New York. Obv. Bust of McKinley	18.00
20.00	B-First National Bank of Batavia, Ohio. Obv. Bust of McCulloch	31.00
5.00	K-First National Bank of Pittsburgh. Obv. Bust of Harrison	9.50
5.00	G-Winters National Bank & Trust Co., Dayton, Ohio. Bust of Harrison. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims. Dec. 14, 1921	9.50
5.00	J-Fifth National Bank of The City of N. Y. Obv. Bust of Harrison. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims. Feb. 25, 1903	9.50
5.00	J-Northern National Bank of Toledo, Ohio. Bust of Harrison. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims. Jan. 11, 1905	9.50
5.00	K-National Bank of Westfield, N. Y. Bust of Harrison. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims. April 9, 1904	9.50
5.00	I-Huntington National Bank of Columbus, Ohio. Rev. Landing of Pilgrims	9.50
5.00	A-Potters National Bank of East Liverpool, Ohio. Rev. Same as above	9.50
5.00	F-Tiffin National Bank Columbus, Ohio. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims	9.50
5.00	D-State National Bank of St. Louis, Mo. Rev. Landing of the Pilgrims	9.50
5.00	G-Citizens National Bank of Sidney, Ohio. Rev. Landing of Pilgrims	9.50
10.00	D-New York County National Bank of N. Y. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	E-First National Bank of Galion, Ohio. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	F-Harrison National Bank of Cadiz, Ohio. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	C-First National Bank of East Liverpool, Ohio. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	B-Commercial National Bank of Bradford, Pa. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	C-City National Bank of Kankakee, Ill. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	A-First National Bank of Anna, Ill. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	V-National Bank of the Republic of Chicago, Ill. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	A-First National Bank of Grove City, Pa. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	B-The Oil City National Bank, Pennsylvania. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	B-First National Bank & Trust Co. of Mamaronek, N. Y. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	F-Citizens National Bank of Wilmington, Ohio. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	E-Taylorville National Bank, Illinois. Bust of McKinley	16.50
10.00	B-Portage Park National Bank of Chicago, Ill. Bust of McKinley	16.50
20.00	B-Kent National Bank, Ohio. Bust McCulloch	28.50
20.00	A-Citizens National Bank of Galion, Ohio. Bust of McCulloch	28.50
20.00	A-The Second National Bank of Nashua, New Hampshire. Bust of McCulloch	28.50
20.00	C-Ohio National Bank of Columbus, Ohio. Bust of McCulloch	28.50
20.00	A-The Sheffield National Bank, Pennsylvania. Bust of McCulloch	28.50
20.00	B-First National Bank of Jackson Center, Ohio. Bust of McCulloch	28.50
20.00	A-The Lancaster National Bank, Ohio. Bust of McCulloch	28.50

All these notes are as nice as the day they were printed. Space would not allow us to describe them more. This is your best opportunity to complete your type collection. We have given the check letter after the denomination on most of these, like you would the mint mark on coins. In the event you do not find listed here just what you want, or if you desire some special signatures, we probably can furnish them, if you will give us the exact description.

U. S. A. COINS

Large Cents. 1799. Obv. Good. Rev. Fair, \$18.00. 1806 Good to Very good	\$ 3.00
1823 over 22. About fine, \$3.75. Cent 1908-S Br. Unc. each	2.10
QUARTERS, Br. Unc. 1924-D, 1926-D, 1927-D, 1928-D, 1928-S, 1935-D, each	2.00
HALF DOLLARS, Br. Unc. 1929-D, \$2.00. 1935-D, 1938-D, 1939-D, each	.70
DIMES, Br. Unc. 1931-D, 1934-D, 1935-D, 1938-D, each	.25
FOREIGN NICKEL AND SILVER COINS. 100 pieces. Small and large size. Mixed	7.00
COMMEMORATIVE HALF DOLLARS, Unc. Missouri 2x4 and plain. X. Fine, pair	25.00

As always, everything strictly guaranteed by us. REFERENCE: Any Bank in Oklahoma City. WANTED TO BUY—Thousands of U. S. Coins in choice condition. State price and condition in first letter or send for our inspection.

M. R. BROWN

NUMISMATIST

A. N. A. 5508.

529 S. W. 29th Street, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

I. SNYDERMAN

A. N. A. 4326

ART TRADING COMPANY

1 East 59th Street, at Fifth Avenue,

New York City

COINS WANTED

**ANCIENT: Greek and Roman; Gold, Silver
and Bronze**

**FOREIGN: Gold Coins, of all countries; large
denominations preferred.**

**AMERICAN: United States: Copper, Silver,
Nickel, Early Gold, also Private Issues.
Colonial Coins.**

Also Central and South American Gold Coins.

**SEND US DESCRIPTIVE LIST
WITH LOWEST PRICES WANTED**

Cash Paid Immediately

Fine Numismatic Material Preferred.

SPECIAL COMMEMORATIVE HALF DOLLAR SALE. ALL UNCIRCULATED BRILLIANT.

1892 COLUMBIAN	\$.85	1935 SAN DIEGO	\$ 1.05
1893 COLUMBIAN	.75	1935 OLD SPANISH TRAIL	3.70
1893 ISABELLA \$ $\frac{1}{4}$	1.95	1935 TEXAS	1.20
1900 LAFAYETTE \$1	3.50	1935 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	10.00	1936 RHODE ISLAND	1.20
1918 LINCOLN	.95	1936 RHODE ISLAND, D & S	2.90
1920 MAINE	2.70	1936 ARKANSAS	1.40
1920 PILGRIM	1.00	1936 ARKANSAS, D & S	2.60
1921 PILGRIM	4.90	1936 ARKANSAS, ROBINSON....	1.35
1921 MISSOURI		1936 TEXAS	1.20
1921 MISSOURI 2*4 } Set.....	32.00	1936 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1921 ALABAMA	3.00	1936 BOONE	1.15
1921 ALABAMA 2x2	9.25	1936 BOONE, D & S	5.90
1922 GRANT	1.35	1936 CINCINNATI, P,D,&S Set	16.00
1922 GRANT "STAR"	38.50	1936 CLEVELAND	.80
1923 MONROE	1.15	1936 OREGON TRAIL	1.10
1924 HUGENOT	1.60	1936 OREGON TRAIL, S	4.70
1925 LEXINGTON	1.15	1936 LYNCHBURG	1.95
1925 STONE MOUNTAIN	.75	1936 LONG ISLAND	1.10
1925 CALIFORNIA	1.70	1936 COLUMBIA S. C., P D & S	5.40
1925 VANCOUVER	5.70	1936 WISCONSIN	1.20
1925 NORSE, THIN	2.25	1936 YORK COUNTY	1.25
1925 NORSE, THICK	.95	1936 ELGIN	1.20
1926 SESQUI	1.10	1936 BRIDGEPORT	1.45
1926 OREGON	1.00	1936 ALBANY	1.25
1926 OREGON, S	1.00	1936 SAN FRANCISCO BRIDGE	1.45
1927 BENNINGTON	2.00	1936 NORFOLK	1.25
1928 HAWAII	9.70	1936 SAN DIEGO, D	1.40
1928 OREGON	2.90	1936 SWEDISH DELAWARE	1.60
1933 OREGON, D	5.40	1936 GETTYSBURG, P	1.50
1934 OREGON, D	2.95	1937 SIR WALTER RALEIGH	2.00
1934 MARYLAND	1.05	1937 OREGON TRAIL, D	1.15
1934 TEXAS	1.05	1937 BOONE, P, D & S	21.00
1934 BOONE	1.70	1937 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	8.00
1935 BOONE	1.20	1937 ANTIETAM	2.00
1935 BOONE, D & S	6.40	1937 TEXAS, P, D & S	3.60
1935 BOONE, SMALL 1934	1.10	1938 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.85
1935 BOONE, D. SM. 1934 } Set	27.85	1938 NEW ROCHELLE	1.45
1935 BOONE, S. SM. 1934 }		1938 BOONE, P, D & S	19.25
1935 CONNECTICUT	2.20	1938 TEXAS, P, D & S	10.35
1935 ARKANSAS	1.45	1938 OREGON, P, D & S	5.00
1935 ARKANSAS, D & S	5.90	1939 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	20.75
1935 HUDSON	4.95	1939 OREGON TRAIL, P, D & S	14.85

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD COINS.

1903 JEFFERSON	\$ 4.95	1917 McKINLEY	\$ 6.70
1903 McKINLEY	4.95	1922 GRANT	9.40
1904 LEWIS & CLARK	14.45	1922 GRANT "STAR"	5.95
1905 LEWIS & CLARK	13.95	1926 \$2.50 SESQUI	4.50
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	3.75	1915 PAN-PACIFIC \$2.50	14.00
1916 McKINLEY	3.95		

COMPLETE SET OF 11 GOLD COINS ABOVE DESCRIBED\$ 80.00
 PAN-PAC. Set of 4 gold, 1 silver\$610.00

ALL ABOVE ITEMS SHIPPED PREPAID, VIA PARCEL POST INSURED TO YOUR ADDRESS.

TERMS: NET CASH WITH ORDER. \$5.00 or over, postpaid and insured.

WILLIAM J. SCHULTZ

419 First National Bank Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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To be sure that you receive a Catalogue of the R. L. Reid Auction Sale of his Numismatic Library, which includes a Complete Set of **The Numismatist from Volume 1 to Volume 52**, write for a catalogue if you are not on our mailing list.

This library, together with the balance of his coin collection, will be offered early in the new year.

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CHAS. H. FISHER

821 Guardian Building, Cleveland, Ohio

THE CONVENTION CITY OF AMERICA

U. S. QUARTER DOLLARS

(Top Series in Point of Rarity and Demand)

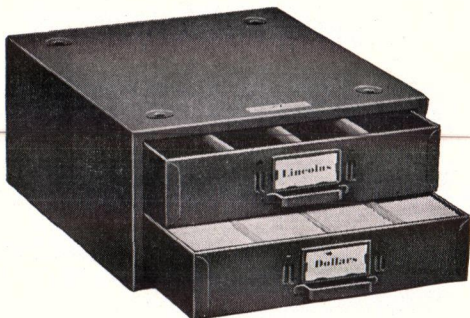
1804	Good \$4.00. V. Good	\$ 8.00	1894	O Mint, Unc. Rare	6.50
1805	Brill. Unc., Browning No. 4. Very rare in unc. cond. Original die of '06 over '05	40.00	1894	S Mint, Proof. Rare	8.00
1806	Fine	3.50	1895	O Mint, X. fine. Rare	5.00
1807	Fine	5.00	1895	S Mint, Proof. Rare	8.00
1815	Unc.	9.00	1896	O Mint, Fine \$3.00. V. Fine	4.50
1818	Unc.	7.00	1897	S Mint, Proof. Rare	8.00
1818	Fine ('18 over '15)	3.50	1897	O Mint, Unc.	4.00
1820	Brill. unc.	9.00	1898	S Mint, Unc.	4.00
1820	V. fine	5.00	1899	S Mint, Proof. Rare	10.00
1825	Unc. (25 over 23)	9.00	1899	P Mint, Proof	3.00
1828	Unc. (Some proof finish)	12.50	1899	O Mint, Unc.	3.00
1831	Proof (Small Letters)	4.00	1900	P Mint, Unc.	1.75
1834	Proof	4.00	1900	S Mint, Proof	10.00
1835	Proof	4.00	1900	P Mint, Proof	2.50
1836	Proof	4.00	1900	O Mint, Unc.	3.00
1837	Unc.	2.25	1900	S Mint, Unc.	5.00
1838	Unc. Type No. 1	2.25	1901	P Mint, Steel blue-gold Proof	3.00
1845	Unc. (a beauty)	4.50	1902	S Mint, Unc. (Rare)	5.00
1846	Fine	1.00	1902	O Mint, Unc.	3.00
1847	O Mint, Fine	2.00	1903	O Mint, Unc.	6.00
1847	P Mint, Unc.	4.50	1903	P Mint, Proof	2.00
1853	Arrows and Rays, Unc.	1.50	1903	S Mint, Brill. Unc. (Rare)	6.00
1853	Brilliant Unc. '53 over '52. No Arrows. Very Rare. Special Price	30.00	1904	P Mint, Brill. Unc.	1.00
1855	O Mint, Fine	7.50	1904	O Mint, Brill. Unc. (Rare)	6.00
1855	P Mint, Unc.	2.00	1905	S Mint, Brill. Unc. (Rare)	6.00
1856	P Mint, Unc.	1.00	1905	O Mint, Brill. Unc.	3.00
1857	O Mint, Fine	1.00	1906	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	2.00
1857	P Mint, Unc.	1.75	1906	O Mint, Brill. Unc.	2.00
1858	O Mint, Fine	1.50	1907	O Mint, Brill. Unc.	1.50
1859	O Mint, Fine	1.25	1907	S Mint, Brill. Unc. Rare	10.00
1860	O Mint, Fine	1.50	1907	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	3.50
1860	P Mint, Unc.	1.00	1908	O Mint, Brill. Unc.	1.75
1861	P Mint, Unc.	1.00	1908	D Mint, Brill. Proof	6.00
1874	S Mint, B. Unc.	9.00	1908	S Mint, Brill. Unc.	5.00
1875	S Mint, V. Fine	1.00	1908	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	2.00
1876	C. C. Mint, Unc.	1.25	1909	O Mint, Brill. Unc.	2.00
1876	S Mint, Unc.	1.50	1909	S Mint, Brill. Unc. Scarce	4.50
1877	C. C. Mint, Unc.	1.00	1909	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	2.00
1877	S Mint, Unc.	1.50	1910	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	2.50
1878	C. C. Mint, Unc.	3.00	1911	S Mint, Brill. Unc. (V. Rare)	6.00
1888	S Mint, Unc.	1.00	1911	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	7.00
1891	S Mint, Unc.	1.00	1912	S Mint, Brill. Unc.	11.50
1891	P Mint, Unc.	1.00	1913	S Mint, Brill. Unc.	15.00
1892	P Mint, Unc.	1.50	The '13-S is Very Rare Unc.		
1892	O Mint, Proof	5.00	1913	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	11.50
1892	P Mint, Proof	2.00	1914	S Mint, Brill. Unc.	5.50
1892	S Mint, Proof (Rare Condition.)	12.50	1914	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	4.50
1893	S Mint, Unc.	4.00	1914	P Mint, Brill. Unc.	1.00
1893	S Mint, Proof	8.00	1915	D Mint, Brill. Unc.	3.00
1893	O Mint, Unc.	5.00	1915	S Mint, Brill. Unc. (Rare)	7.50
			1916	D Mint, (D in Eagle's Tail)	3.50
			1916	D Mint, (D below Tail)	2.50
			Special—1919-P, Unc.	7.50	
			1920	P Mint, Brill. Unc.	3.50
			1924	P (Golden Blue) Unc.	2.50

ARTHUR B. KELLEY

4854a Penrose Street, St. Louis, Mo.

THE "ROYAL" COIN CABINET

ALL STEEL CONSTRUCTION



It is always our policy to offer the collecting public the largest variety of accessories, at the lowest possible price. We have now released the "ROYAL" COIN CABINET, which should appeal to all collectors, who are in the market for a reasonably priced ALL STEEL coin cabinet. This cabinet has many improvements over similar cabinets appearing on the market. All sections are securely welded so that there are no parts to become misplaced, or lost. Each cabinet has sixteen compartments which will hold up to 900 half dollars or 2200 small cents filed conveniently in 2x2 coin envelopes. There are feet on the bottom of each cabinet which fit into embossed recesses on top to prevent slipping when several cabinets are

stacked. There are holes punched in the feet, and recessed top, so that several cabinets may be all bolted together in one unit.

SPECIFICATIONS:

SIZE:—Length 11½ in.; Width 9½ in.; Depth 5 in.

DRAWER SIZE:—Length 11½ in.; Width 9 in.; Depth 2 in. Each drawer has 8 sections—Length 5½ in.; Width, Depth 2 in.

CONSTRUCTION:—Heavy gauge first grade cold rolled fire-resisting steel. All sections firmly welded.

FINISH & COLOR:—Especially hard baked Moss Green Enamel.

WEIGHT:—5 lbs. 4 oz.

This cabinet has many improvements over similar cabinets on the market, yet the price is less. Order one today. **Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.**

Introductory Offer

1 Royal Coin Cabinet, Regular price\$2.75
1000 2x2 Kraft Coin Envelopes, Regular price 1.10

Total Value\$3.85

Both Sent Postpaid for \$2.75!

A Gift Suggestion

Either of these fine cabinets would be a welcome gift to any numismatist.

Wholesale prices to dealers.

NEW!—THE "ARISTOCRAT" COIN CABINET

ALL STEEL CONSTRUCTION

This cabinet is just twice the size of the Royal cabinet—holds up to 1800 half-dollars, or 4400 small cents, etc. all conveniently filed in 2x2 envelopes.

SPECIFICATIONS

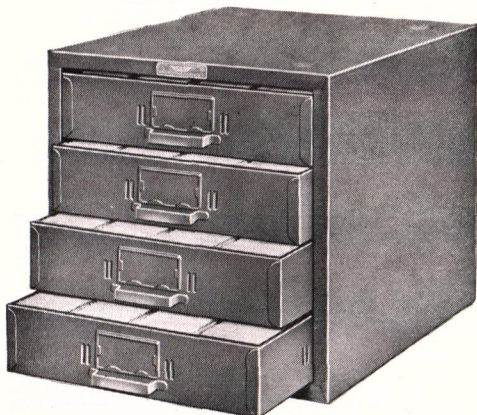
Cabinet Size:—Length 11½ in. Width 10 in.; Height 10 in.

Drawer Size:—Same as Royal Coin Cabinet.

Construction:—Heavy gauge steel. Flush lap joint corners electrically welded. One piece drawer supports. All edges hemmed or returned—eliminates all sharp edges. Drawers have card-holders and bar pull.

Finish & Color:—Outside of Cabinet attractive Grey Ripple hard baked Enamel. Drawers have smooth Grey Enamel Finish.

Weight:—9 lbs. 10 oz.



**SPECIAL
OFFER**

1 "Aristocrat" Coin Cabinet, regular price \$5.00
1,000 2x2 Coin Envelopes, regular price 1.10
Total Value \$6.10

Both for \$5.00
F. O. B.

TATHAM STAMP & COIN CO., Springfield-45, Mass.

H. E. MacIntosh, Manager.

I WILL BUY
Collections of United States,
Foreign and Ancient Coins

PARTICULARLY INTERESTED IN

Large Cents.

Colonials.

Small cents (Unc. and Proof).

Dimes (Unc. and Proof).

Patterns and Encased Postage.

DURING 1940 I purchased 38 of the 45 collections offered me, ranging from \$500.00 to \$6,000.00. 105 of the 122 collections from \$50.00 to \$500.00 offered were purchased. In other words four out of every five collections offered were bought.

If Your Collection Is For Sale Why Not Write Me.

It's A Four-to-One Shot That We Can Get Together.

PRICES CHEERFULLY QUOTED

From a very large stock of fine Numismatic material. I stock coins in all conditions from circulated cents to proof Double Eagles. Inquiries only take a 3c. stamp and I'll give that back if you are not satisfied with the results. I don't have everything, but, brother, I do have a lot. My stock is just as close as your mail box.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

JAMES KELLY

Third & Broadway, Dayton, Ohio.

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**RARE COINS, MEDALS, AND
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Catalogues Ready Soon

Free on Request—Price Lists 50 Cents

Collections or single coins, or large or small lots, purchased for cash, and liberal offers made.

We solicit your collection or consignment now for auction sale during the winter season. Benefit by our thirty-four years' experience as a collector and dealer in coins, and the satisfactory conduct of one hundred thirty-seven auction sales of coins and paper money.

Write us a letter to-day.

M. H. BOLENDER

1126 Benson Blvd.,

FREEPORT, ILLINOIS

SALE OF LARGE CENTS

1793 Chain, Amerl., almost good .. \$6.95	1823 good \$2.25; v. good 3.25
1794 fair, plain date ..... .35	1824 over 22 good .95; fine 2.25
1795 fair, 95 plain ..... .50	1824 V. good .95; fine 1.50
1796 Liberty Cap, obverse v. good, reverse good 3.50	1825 good ..... .45
1796 Bust, very good 4.50	1826 good .35; fine ..... .65
1797 X. fine except for edge nick 5.75	1827 good .35; v. good .50; v. fine 1.45
1798 very good \$1.25; very fine ... 4.50	1828 good .35; v. good .50; fine ... .65
1798 Reverse of '96, v. fair, scarce 1.45	1829 good .40; fine ..... .75
1799 obverse good, reverse fair, plain date 17.50	1830 v. good .60; fine ..... .85
1800 over 179, good 1.45	1831 good .30; v. good ..... .40
1800 perfect date, good 1.45	1832 good .50; v. good ..... .65
1801 fair ..... .45	1833, 1834, 1836, 1837 each, good .30; v. good .40; fine ..... .50
1802 or 1803 good .45; v. good .... .75	1835 good .50; v. good .65; fine ... .95
1804 very good 24.50	1838 good .25; v. good .35; fine ... .45
1805 good \$1.45; very good 2.45	1839 good .45; v. good .60; fine ... .75
1806 good 1.95	1840, 1841, 1842, 1843 each, good .30; v. good .40; fine ..... .50
1807 Comet (D. 205), good 1.65	1844, 1845, 1846 each, good .25; v. good .35; fine ..... .45
1807 Comet very good 1.95	1847 through 1856 each, good .15; v. good .18; fine .20; v. f. .... .35
1807 good .95; v. good \$1.45; fine 2.45	1857 small date X. fine 1.95
1808 good 1.95	1857 large date, X. f. \$1.35; v. f. but nicked ..... .85
1809 poor, scarce ..... .95	
1810 good .85; v. good \$1.25; fine 2.25; v. fine, few light scratches 3.45	
1811 v. good 5.75	
1812 good .50; fine 1.25	
1813 good, corroded 1.25	
1814 fine \$1.20; X. fine except for edge nicks 2.75	
1814 was unc., but cleaned, corroded 6.75	
1816 very good ..... .50	
1817 good .25; v. good ..... .35	
1818 v. good .35; X. fine ..... .95	
1819 or 1820 v. good .30; fine .40; v. f. .... .75	
1821 good \$1.50; v. good 1.95	
1822 good .45; v. good .60; fine75	

COIN ENVELOPES 2x2 KRAFT

18c. per 100; \$1.25 per 1,000 (postpaid).

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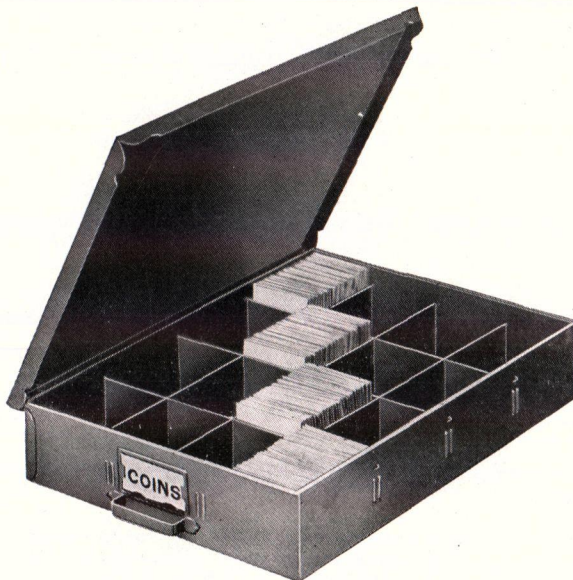
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GOLD 100 DRACHMAE 1935 (20-dollar size)	300	\$100.00 each
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YOUR OPPORTUNITY: I am forced to raise some money during February to apply on a new home which I have just purchased. Rather than turn in many of my coins at the bank, I am giving the collectors an opportunity to purchase some of them at prices considerably below the market. First come, first served. Everything guaranteed to please you or your money refunded.

UNCIRCULATED QUARTERS.

	Per Roll.	Each.
1926-D, 1928-D	\$15.50	\$0.55
1934-D, '35-S, '36-S		.50
1936-D, '37-D, '37-S, '39-S		.45
1940-S or D		.40
1932-D, Very Fine (Scarce)		.40

UNCIRCULATED DIMES.

	Per Roll.	Each.
1935-D	\$7.00	\$0.20
1936-D	6.50	.20
1937-D	6.00	.15
1931-D	9.75	.35
1936-S		.20
1916 Mercury		.40
1929-D		.35
1938-D, '39-D, '40-S and D		.15

UNCIRCULATED NICKELS.

	Per Roll.	Each.
1928-D	\$8.75	\$0.35
1938-D Buffalo	2.55	.08
1938-D or S Jeff.	2.60	.08
1940-D	2.50	.08
1931-S (Scarce)		.25
1939, P, D or S, 1938-P		.08
1940-P or S, '36-D, '37-D		.08
1935-D, '36-S, '37-S		.10

UNCIRCULATED CENTS.

	Per Roll.	Each.
1940-D or S	\$0.75	\$0.03
1939-D	.75	.03
1938-D, 1937-D	.80	.03
1935-D	1.00	.04
1940-P, '39, '38, '37, '36-D		.03
1936	.90	.03
1935, '35-S, '37-S		.04
1930-S		.05

UNC. SILVER DOLLARS

1926-D	\$1.25
1927-D	1.30

UNC. HALF DOLLARS.

1934-D	\$0.70
1935-D	.80
1937-D	.75
1936 Cleveland	.90
1936 Ark.-Robinson	1.15

CIRCULATED CENTS

1909-S Good 10c., Very Good	\$0.15
1914-D Good 50c., Very Good	.70
1922-D Fair 2c., Good 3c., V.G.	.05
1924-D Very Good	.10
1931-S Fine, 15c., Extra Fine	.20

HALF CENTS

1828, 1829, Very Fine	\$0.45
1853, 1855, Very Fine	.45
Nine different dates, fine to extra fine, only	3.95

CIRCULATED NICKELS

1883 No "Cents," Very Fine	\$0.15
1912-D Liberty, Very Good	.10

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1846, '47, '48, '52, '53, '54, all Very Good or Better, Each	\$0.15
Twenty different dates, my selection, Good and Very Good	2.50

HALF DIMES

Nine different dates, Good and Very Good	\$1.00
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THREE CENT NICKELS

Five different dates, Very Good	\$0.50
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SCHOOL AND COINS DON'T MIX

Since enrolling at the University of Iowa I have been trying to carry on a small coin business on the side. It has been taking my thoughts from many of the opportunities offered here, so the coins must go. The following is a complete listing of uncirculated coins on hand. No more advertisements until fall, or next year. Better order now.

Albania, 1935, 1c and 2c bronze ..	\$.20	1932, same, small	.15
Albania, 1939-40, 5, 10, 20, 50c, 1, 2 lek ..	2.00	Travancore, 1, 4, 8 cash & 1	
Australia, 1938, ½ and 1d	.15	chuckram	.35
Bolivia, 1937, 10c. nickel, new type ..	.15	Iran, 1938, 5, 10, 50 dinars	.30
Brazil, 1889, 20 and 40 reis, bronze ..	.20	Iraq, 1933, 1 fils	.15
Brazil, 1932, Commem. set, 6 vars. 3.00		1937, 10 fils, nickel, scarce ..	.30
Br. E. Africa, 1930, 1c	.15	1938, 1 fils copper	.10
1933 or 1935, 5c. & 10c.	.40	Irish Free State, 1928-37, ¼, ½, 1d ..	.25
1936, 10c., Edw. VIII	.20	Irish (Eire), 1939, ¼, ½d	.15
Br. Honduras, 1936, 1c. Geo. V	.15	Italy, 1933, 5c. and 10c.	.15
1939, 1c. Geo. VI	.10	1937, 5c. and 10c., new type ..	.15
1939, 5c. Geo. VI	.15	1936, 20c. and 50c., nickel ..	.30
Br. N. Borneo, 1935, 1c. nickel	.15	1939, 5, 10, 20, 50, 1 lira	.60
1938, 5c. nickel	.25	Jamaica, 1934, ¼d, nickel	.10
Br. W. Africa, 1936, ½d Edw. VIII ..	.15	1937, ¼, ½, 1d, al.-bronze ..	.25
1937, 1d, KN mint	.15	Jersey, 1935, ½d and 1d	.35
Bulgaria, 1925, 1 leva, nickel	.15	1937, ½ and 1d	.25
1930, 5 leva, nickel, gem	.35	Latvia, 1922, 10, 20, 50 santims ..	.60
1937, 50 stot, al.-bronze	.15	1922-35, 1, 2, 5 santims	.25
Canada, 1933 or 1937, 1c., each	.05	1939, 1 and 2 sant, new type ..	.15
Cape Verde, 1930, 5, 10, 20c.	.25	Lebanon, 1933, 1 piastre, nickel ..	.20
1930, 50c. and 1 escudo, N	.25	1933, 5 piastre, al.-bronze ..	.25
Ceylon, 1926-9, ½, 1c.	.25	Liberia, 1937, ½, 1, 2c., al.-bronze ..	.25
1937, ½, 1c.	.15	Lithuania, 1936, 1, 2, 5c	.20
Chile, 1940, 10c. and 20c., nickel ..	.20	Lundy Island, 1929, ½ and 1 puffin ..	.35
1933, 1 peso, nickel	.40	Luxemburg, 1930, 5, 10 25c	.25
Colombian Rep., 1933-5, 1, 2, 5c.	.25	Malaya, 1939-40, ½ and 1c., square ..	.15
Congo, 1936, 5 francs, al.-bronze ..	.40	Maldiv Islands, 1913, 1 lari, fine ..	.15
Costa Rica, 1925, 25c., silver	.35	1913, 1 and 4 lari, fine	.35
1929, 5c. and 10c., copper	.20	Malta, 1902, 1/3 farthing	.15
1936, 5c. and 10c., brass	.20	1913, 1/3 farthing	.20
1937, 25c., nickel	.20	Manchukuo, 1933-4, ½ and 1 fen ..	.25
Cyprus, 1934, ½ piastre, ef., only ..	.05	Mexico, 1933, 1c. and 5c.	.15
1935, 1 piastre	.15	1934, 1c. or 1935, 2c., each ..	.05
Czecho-Slovakia, 1929-34, 5 & 10h ..	.15	1936, 5 and 10c., nickel	.20
1933, 25 heller, nickel	.15	Morocco, 1340, 5 and 10c., Poissy	
5, 10, 20, 25, 50 heller, set ..	.60	mint	.35
1 krone, various dates, e. f.	.10	Mexico, 1889, 1c., unc. red	.10
Danzig, 1926-30, 1 and 2 pfennig ..	.15	Mozambique, 1936, 10c. ex. fine ..	.10
Denmark, 1929-33, 1, 2, 5 ore	.20	1936, 10, 20, 50c., 1 escudo ..	.60
Dominican Republic, 1939, 1c	.10	Nepal, 1938, 1, 2, 5 pice, scarce ..	.75
Dutch Indies, 1920, 2½c., large coin ..	.25	Netherlands, 1936-7, ½ and 1c.	.10
1929, 1c., old style	.10	New Guinea, 1938, 1d Geo. VI	.15
1933, ½ cent	.05	Newfoundland, 1936, 1c. Geo. V ..	.15
1937 ½c and 1c. (new style) ..	.15	1938, 1c. Geo. VI, small	.10
Ecuador, 1928, 1 cent	.10	Nicaragua, 1939, 10c., nickel	.15
1937, 5, 10, 20c., nickel	.25	Norway, 1932-3, 1, 2, 5 ore	.20
1937, 1 sucre, nickel	.25	Panama, 1932, 5c. nickel	.10
Egypt, 1932, ½ and 1 millieme	.15	1935 or 1937, 1c., copper	.10
1933, 2½ millieme, octagon	.15	1940, 1½c. and 2½c. set	.20
1935, 5 and 10 mill., Fuad	.30	Paraguay, 1939, 5 peso nickel, gem ..	.35
1938, ½, 1, 1, 2, 5, 10 mill.	.60	Peru, 1933, 1c. and 2c.	.25
Estonia, 1929-34, 1, 2, 5 senti	.25	Philippines, 1932 or 1936, 1c	.05
Ethiopia, 1934, 1c. and 5c. ex. fine ..	.25	1935, 5c.	.10
Fiji Isl., 1934, ½d, nickel	.10	1938, 1c. and 5c., new	.15
1934, 1d, nickel, ef. only	.10	Poland, 1930-33, 1, 2, 5 groszy	.25
1937, 1d Geo. VI	.10	Portugal, 1924-7, 5, 10, 20c	.25
Fr. In. China, 1925, 5c. nickel, gem ..	.25	1931, 50c. 1939, 1 esc., N.	.35
1930, 1 cent	.10	San Marino, 1936, 5c., 10c.	.25
1935, ½ cent	.10	Siam, 1 satang, holed center	.10
Finland, 1926-34, 5 and 10 penna ..	.10	Sarawak, 1930, 1c.; 1933, ½c., both ..	.25
1929-34, 5, 10, 25, 50p., 1 mark ..	.35	1927, 29, 30, 1c., fine, each ..	.05
Guatemala, 1932-4, ½, 1, 2c	.25	1933, ½ cent, fine	.05
Guernsey, 1920-34, 1, 2, 4, 8 doubles ..	.35	1927-34, ½, 1, 5, 10c. unc.	.60
1938, 1 and 8 doubles	.15	So. Africa, Geo. V or VI, ¼, ½, 1d,	
Hungary, 1933, 1 and 2 fillers	.10	each	.25
Honduras, 1939, 1 and 2c.	.15	Straits Settlements, 1920, 1c., sq.	.10
Iceland, 1926-31, 1, 2, 5 ore	.30	1933, ½c., square	.10
India, 1933-6, 1/12, ¼, ½, 1 anna	.30	Sweden, 1934 proof, 1, 2, 5 ore	.30
Gwalior, 1929, ¼ anna	.20	Vatican City, 1939, 5, 10, 20, 50, 1 lira	
Hyderabad, 1937, 1 anna, sq.	.15	1939, Sede Vacante, 5 & 10	
Hyderabad, 1 pie (round		lire	2.00
copper), ex. fine	.10	United States, 1938-D Buffalo 5c., 50 or	
India, Pudukotah, 1 cash, scarce	.20	more at once, at 6c. ea., plus	
Tonk State, 1932, ¼ anna, large	.25	postage	

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QUARTER DOLLARS

1853 V. F.	.40
1854 V. F.	.50
1856 V. F.	.50
1857 V. F.	.50
1858 V. F.	.50
1876-S F.	.40
1895-O F.	1.25
1895-S F.	1.25
1899-O V. G.	.50
1900-O V. G.	.50
1902-O V. G.	.50
1903-O V. G.	.75
1905-O V. G.	.75
1859-O X. F.	.75
1860 X. F.	.75
1862 F.	.75
1873 Unc.	.90
1876-S Unc.	.90
1876-CC Unc.	1.00
1876 Unc.	.60
1877 Unc.	.65
1893-S V. F.	2.00

1893-O Unc.	2.00
1895-O X. F.	2.00
1899 Unc.	1.00
1900 Unc.	1.00
1902 Unc.	1.00
1902-O X. F.	2.00
1907 Unc.	1.00
1908 Unc.	1.00

HALF DOLLARS

1853, 1853-O, 1854, 1854-O, 1855-O, 1856, 1856-O, 1857, 1858, 1858-O, 1859-O, 1860-O, 1861, 1861-O.	
All X. Fine	\$1.10 ea.
1869-S V. F.	\$1.75
1875 V. F.	1.10
1876 Unc.	1.25
1876-CC Unc.	3.50
1876-S Unc.	1.75
1893-O X. F.	1.50
1895-O X. F.	2.25
1905-S X. F.	2.00

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V. G.	Fine	Ex. F.		V. G.	Fine	Ex. F.	
1857	.15	.25	—	1871	1.50	3.00	4.00
1858 L. L.	.15	.25	—	1872	2.00	3.50	4.50
1858 S. L.	.15	.25	—	1873	.35	.75	1.25
1859	.15	.25	—	1874	.35	.75	1.25
1860	.15	.25	—	1875	.65	1.25	2.00
1861	.75	1.25	—	1876	.65	1.25	2.00
1862	.10	.20	.35	1877	2.50	4.50	—
1863	.10	.20	.35	1878	.65	1.25	2.00
1864	.35	.50	1.00	1879	.35	.65	1.00
1864 Bronze	.25	.50	1.00	1880, 81, 82	.15	.25	.40
1864 L on Rib-	3.50	5.00	—	1883, 87, 88, 89	.10	.20	.35
bon	.25	.40	.75	1884, 86	.15	.25	.40
1865	.65	1.50	2.25	1885	.25	.50	.75
1866	.65	1.50	2.25	1890, 91, 94	.10	.20	.35
1867	.65	1.25	2.00	1892, 93, 95, 96,	.05	.15	.25
1868	1.00	1.50	2.50	97, 98, 99	.03	.05	.15
1869	1.25	2.00	3.00	1900 to 1909			

NOTE

These coins are for the collectors who do not want uncirculated and proof coins. The ex. fine coins have the word "Liberty" sharp and clear and are very little circulated.

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4.00
1.50
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Wreath, 2.50
.35, Unc. .70
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.25, Unc. 1.40
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Approximate size, 2"x18"x30"



"At Last"—A High Grade Exhibition Case made of auto-body steel with mahogany color, Morocco finish. Fitted with Grade "A" double strength glass; individually keyed locks, bottom padded with dark blue display felt, and equipped with cover arm for bracing open. Special prices will be made to Clubs on group lots of ten and more. Correspondence invited.

(Price each \$5.25, F. O. B. Chicago, Ill. Approximate shipping wt. 16 lbs.)

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Uncirculated.

1835		\$1.35
1897 Dull proof, Hair marks		.90
1898		.75
1900 (Reverse slightly spotted)		.50
1929-D		.25
1934	Each	.25
1935-P or D	Each	.25
1936	D or S, each	.25
1937-P	D or S, each	.25
1938-P	D or S, each	.20
1939-P	D or S, each	.20

Extremely Fine.

1861		.75
1894		.40
1904		.40
1905-O		.50

Very Fine.

(Some of these were struck as Proofs).		.50
1854		.75
1858		.70
1861		.30
1890		.35
1892		.65
1893-O		.35
1895 (light scratch on face)		.35
1896		.60
1906		.60

Fine.

1830 Small 10 C		.40
1831 Small 10 C		.65
1857		.35
1858		.35
1859		.30
1876		.30
1886		.50
1901-O		.50

Satisfaction guaranteed.

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DIMES

1902		.25
1903		.25
1907		.25
1908-D		.25
1823 over 22	Very Good.	.80
1829 Small 10 C	Large E's	.40
1830 Small 10 C		.40
1854		.25
1857		.25
1885		.25
1887		.25
1889		.25
1889-S		.25
1890		.25
1891-O		.25
1899-O		.25
1901		.25

Good or Better.

1821		.40
1823 over 22	Large E's	.55
1824 over 22	(scarce)	1.25
1825		.50
1829 Large 10 C		.35
1833 Large 4		.25
1835		.25
1836		.25
1853 With arrows		.20
1856 Small date		.20
1872		.20
1873 With arrows		.20
1874		.20
1876-CC		.20
1884		.20
1886		.20
1890-S		.20

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o, Ill.

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1940-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Dimes, 10 for		1.50
1940-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for		3.50
1940-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Half Dollars, 10 for	.....	6.00
1937-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	.....	2.00
1937-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Buffalo Nickels, 40 for	.....	2.75
1938-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	.....	1.75
1938-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	.....	2.75
1938-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for	.....	4.00
1939-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	.....	1.50
1939-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	.....	2.50
1939-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Dimes, 10 for		1.75
1939-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for		3.75
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1853 A.	9	Uncirculated	beautiful Olive		3.25
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1854 A.	16	Uncirculated	Red turning to Olive		3.50
1855 A.	3	Uncirculated	Light Olive and Red		3.75
1856 A.	1	Uncirculated	Olive and Red		3.00
1856 A.	7	Uncirculated	Olive		3.00
1856 A.	6	Uncirculated	Brilliant Red		4.00
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1860	2.50	1909 VDB . . .	.15
1861	4.50	1909-S VDB . .	2.75
1864 Bronze . .	2.50	1913	.50
1871	5.50	1913-D	3.50
1874	2.75	1914	1.50
1875	2.75	1914-D	6.00
1876	2.75	1916	.25
1883	.90	1918	.40
1886	.90	1919-S	.75
1888	.90	1922-D	1.25
1889	.75	1929	.20
1890	.75	1929-D	.50
1892	1.00	1930-D	.35
1898	1.00	1931	.50
1906	.35	1931-S	.35
1907	.50	1933-D	.15

Proof Cents

1859	\$4.50	1890	\$1.25
1862	3.00	1894	1.50
1863	3.25	1895	1.35
1868	6.00	1901	1.50
1878	4.50	1902	1.00
1882	1.25	1903	1.00
1883	1.25	1904	1.00
1885	2.75	1905	1.25
1888	1.25	1906	1.25
1889	1.25	1909	2.50

Uncirculated Nickels

1883 Shield . .	\$.75	1905	\$.90
1883 No cts. . .	.20	1906	1.25
1901	1.00	1907	1.25
1902	.90	1908	1.00
1904	.90	1911	.90

Proof Nickels

1883 Shield . .	\$1.00	1891	\$1.25
1883 No cts. . .	1.00	1892	1.25
1884	2.50	1893	1.25
1886	3.00	1894	1.25
1887	1.25	1895	1.25
1888	1.50	1899	1.75
1889	1.25	1903	1.50
1890	1.25	1909	1.50

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1940-D Nickels, per 40	2.45
1939-D Nickels, per 40	2.95
1938-D Nickels, per 40	2.95
1939-D, 1940-D Dimes, per 10	1.50
1939-D, 1940-D Dimes, per 50	6.00
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1843-O Large date. Fine	5.00
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1844-D Fine, several edge cuts	6.00
1845-D Very good	5.00
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1854-C	6.00
1873 Unc.	5.00
1873 V. fine, polished	5.00
1879 Ext. fine	4.75
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1901 Unc.	4.50
1902 Unc.	4.75
1903 Unc.	4.75
1904 Unc.	4.50
1905 Unc.	4.50
1906 Unc.	4.50
1907 Unc.	4.50
1908 Unc.	4.50
1910 Unc.	4.50
1911 Unc.	4.75
1911-D Ext. fine	11.00
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1913-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	35
1914-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	45
1915-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	40
1922-D Fine, ea., .10, 10 for	75
1923-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	40
1924-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for	40
1924-D Fine, ea., .20, 10 for	 1.75
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DATE AND DESCRIPTION _____

DATE PURCHASED _____

FROM WHOM PURCH'D _____

PRICE PAID _____

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KRAFT, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	3.25
MANILA, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	3.00
BOND, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	2.00
KRAFT, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.75
MANILA, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.50

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1917 A. E. F. 1941

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1907, 08, 09	ea.		.85
1910, 11, 12	ea.		.65
1913 2	.60	1914-D	2.85
1913-D 1	1.50	1915-D	2.95
1916, 17, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26	ea.		.75
1917-D	ea. 2.95	1929-D or S ..	.45
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1928-P or D	.45	1935-P, D, S ..	
1937, 38, 39, 40, all mints	ea.		.10
P mint Lincolns, 1925 to 1940, 16 coins	ea.		1.75
1882-83 Shield	1918 .....	.....	1.25
ea. .55	1927-D .....	.....	1.50
1889, 90, 92 ea. .85	1928-S	ea.	.90
1913-S 1	ea. 2.50	1930	.45
1913-D 2	2.50	1934-P or D ..	
1914	1.25	ea.	.25
1915	1.50	1936-P, D, S ..	
1915-S	1.95	ea.	.15

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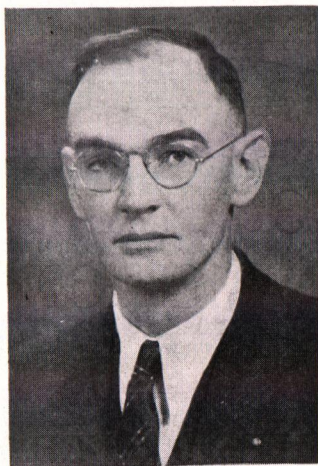
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1808 \$2 1/2 Gold, V. F.	
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Description.	Per 100.	1000.
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Kraft 2x2 (Cellophane window)	.50	3.50
ditto, Printed, regulation copy	.75	4.50
Glassine 2x2	.25	1.50
Cellophane, 2x2 heavy wght.	2.00	15.00
Manila 2 1/4 x 3 1/2	.25	1.50

Send 10c. for samples of each.
 All prices postpaid. Fresh Stock!

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 Springfield-45, Mass.
 H. E. MacIntosh, Mgr.

Brilliant Uncirculated

DIMES

1930 P. S.	1936 Proof Set, 5
1931 P. S. D.	pieces.
1934 P. D.	1937 Proof Set, 5
1935 P. S. D.	pieces.
1936 P. S. D.	1938 Proof Set, 5
1937 P. S. D.	pieces.
1938 P. S. D.	

Best offer by March 1 for any one of the above will take same. Under \$5.00 postage extra.

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1867 With Rays	\$5.00
1867 No Rays, 68	1.10
1869	1.25
1870, 75, 76, 78	1.65
1874, 79, 80	2.00 \$2.20
1881	1.80 2.00
1882, 83 Shield	.70 .90
1883 No Cents	.20 .80
1883 With Cents	— 1.80
1884	1.85 2.20
1885 VERY RARE	6.00 12.50
1886 Getting Rare	3.25 4.00
1887	1.00 1.25
1888, 89	1.10 1.30
1890, 91, 92	.90 1.15
1893	.90 1.25
1894, 95	.90 1.10
1896, 97, 98, 99	.90 1.25
1900, 01, 02, 03, 04	.90 1.25
1905, 06, 07, 08, 09	.90 1.25
1910, 11	.70 .90
1912	.70 1.10
1913	— 1.80
1914	— 2.10
1915	1.65
1920	.85 1.75
1930	.40
1931-S	.25
1935-D	.30
1935, 36, 36-S, 36-D	.20

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1795 FINE	\$7.00
1798 VERY FINE	8.00

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No. 3.

The Earliest Coins Of Poland

By A. PERMODA
Washington, D. C.

In the field of numismatics there are few countries that can offer as wide and varied a study to the student as the coins of Poland. The early history of the Piast dynasty is semi-legendary, while that of the Lech dynasty preceding it and reaching back into the sixth century is all legendary.

There is little or no evidence to substantiate any theory that a distinctive Polish coinage existed prior to the reign of Miecislav I, 962-992. Yet to say definitely that none existed would be like crossing a bridge before coming to it. No one can tell what future archaeological finds will reveal.

We do know, however, that coins were in use in the regions surrounding the Vistula river and its tributaries long before the teaching of Christianity by Greek missionaries in the sixth century. This fact is attested by the great numbers of Greek, Roman, Arabian, and Byzantine coins found on sites adjoining Poland's oldest cities, chiefly Gnesen, Posen and Czesochowa. The long trails and caravan routes winding their way from the rich cities of Asia Minor northward to the Baltic shores and Scandinavian countries traversed the vast plains that were later to constitute the kingdom of Poland. They have left their mark in the sands of time by the great number of coins found buried at various distances along their routes, proving conclusively that cities and towns existed there in the time of Alexander the Great.

Coins bearing on their reverse the name of Olbia, an ancient Greek city on the northern shore of the Black Sea, have been attributed by well-meaning but overzealous Poles as ancient Polish coins. Yet the only reason for this assumption is the fact that the boundaries of future Poland, some two thousand years later, extended to the Black Sea. Roman coins also exist bearing on their reverse the name Sarmatia, and regarded by many as the ancient Roman province of Poland.

However, a true study of ancient Sarmatia as was known in Roman days will reveal it to have been located to the southeast of present-day Poland and lying between the Don and Dnieper rivers, and extending from the Crimea to the Ukraine, whereas the cradle of Polish nationalism lies between the Vistula and Warthe rivers some 400 miles to the northwest. In the research and study of Polish coinage I fail to find anything that could be distinctly called Polish before the reign of Miecislav I. True, many coins circulated in Poland immediately prior to this time, and for many years

were attributed to the early Piast princes. Further study revealed them to be foreign issue, mostly Carolingian and Saxonian deniers that were readily accepted by merchants far beyond the eastern limits of the Holy Roman Empire. Nevertheless, the deniers of Miecislaus I struck at Posen some time after the adoption of Christianity in 963 can truthfully be claimed to be the first distinctive Polish coins.

Like all contemporary Europe coinage, they are based on the same weight and fineness as the Carolingian deniers, introduced in Europe following the monetary reforms of Charlemagne in the early ninth century, their weight being approximately $1\frac{1}{2}$ grams of pure silver, of which 240 equalled one Carolingian pound of 367 grams. They bear on the obverse the summit of a temple, surmounted by a cross enclosed in a circle, the name M-i-s-e-c-o in exergue. The reverse has a cross with four pellets in the field. The clipped edges are convincing proof that the royal treasury of Miecislaus was depleted on quite a few occasions. Replenishment was accomplished by the simple process of melting the clippings and converting them into new coins, a medieval form of currency inflation and a practice resorted to by all rulers of Europe up until the eighteenth century.



Polish Coin of Miecislaus I.

The coin illustrated is the prize specimen in the writer's collection of Polish coins. Its value cannot be rated in terms of dollars. Without it the collection would be likened to a body without a soul. Like the nation it represents, it has withstood the ravages of time. Were it endowed with the power of human speech and thought it could relate the events of a people that have lived through a thousand years of the world's most turbulent history. It has seen its nation rise from a small duchy of a few square miles to a great kingdom whose boundaries extended from the Baltic to the Black sea.

It could tell of scores of invasions, countless wars, and medieval knights, of extreme bravery, loyalty and treachery, of tears and happiness, joys and sorrow, and the eventual crumbling into dust of a once proud and mighty nation.

Perhaps, this coin alone could tell what the future holds for the Land of the White Eagle.

The Coinage Of Lord Baltimore

By **WILLIAM S. DEWEY**
Mount Vernon, N. Y.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

There is an irresistible fascination about the American Colonial coinages that overcomes anyone who ventures into the intricacies of its numismatic background. This may well be due to the intimate relationship that exists between the money and history of Colonial times, or, perhaps, to the fact that the series of itself provides a more generous and varied field of study to the serious student than our ever-popular standard United States coinages.

Of all the metallic coinages used or intended for use in this country during the Colonial period none reflects more vividly the contemporary state of monetary affairs than the now-famous coinage of Lord Baltimore. Unfortunately, little is known about this series of pieces other than that which is outlined in Crosby's work on the "Colonial Coins of America," and he has frankly admitted that practically everything given therein was taken from a

"Sketch of Early Currency in Maryland and Virginia," written by S. F. Streeter and published in Volume II of "The Historical Magazine." But with this material as a base, and with the catalytic assistance of known historical and biographical facts we are able to evolve a reasonably accurate story of the Baltimore coinage.

The first Lord Baltimore, George Calvert, was born at Kipling, in Yorkshire, about 1580. He was the father of Cecil, second Lord Baltimore, whose coinage is the subject of this paper. He was a statesman and colonizer, the present city of Baltimore having been named in his honor. George Calvert Baltimore entered Parliament in 1609 and received his knighthood in 1617. In 1619 he became Secretary of State, but resigned in 1625 after having been converted to Catholicism. In 1627, he visited a small settlement of colonists in Newfoundland which had been established under his authority six years earlier. The severity of the winter in that place induced him to found a new colony farther southward, but he was forced to return to England to obtain a new charter for the purpose. The papers patent were so long in preparation that George Calvert died before they could be granted (April 15, 1632). In June, 1632, the Maryland Charter was awarded to Cecil Baltimore, Second Lord, and son of George Calvert Baltimore.

The Maryland patent included broad authority over the affairs of the proposed colony, such as the power of civil and military command, the right to enact laws and pardon offenses, the power to confer honors, etc. There was no specific statement in the document relating to the money that would be required for the commerce and trade of the colony, nor was there any mention of the right to coin money or issue currency in the name of the colony. Lord Cecil subsequently assumed the right to provide a coinage for his people on the rather negative theory that it really was granted by virtue of there being no word to the contrary! He may also have assumed the privilege in view of the fact that the coining power had been granted to Virginia in her patent of April 10, 1606.

In March, 1634, a party of English gentlemen and their servants landed on the shores of St. Mary's river (a branch of the Potomac), purchased a tract of land from the Indians and founded the new Colony of Maryland, so named in honor of Henrietta Maria, England's Queen. The colony prospered and rapidly approached the stage where some suitable means of exchange was needed to carry on the increasing trade. Tobacco, being its principal crop, had been pressed into service as a substitute for coinage, but its value could not be maintained at a satisfactory level. As the population increased, tobacco became more abundant and its market value was depressed accordingly. Powder and shot were not uncommon articles of exchange for ship duties. In 1650 a "corn" tax was levied on the residents of three different Maryland counties for the support of the Governor. Cattle were reputedly used to pay off soldiers during this period in the early history of the colony.

The idea of a local coinage that would meet with wide acceptance was finally suggested to Lord Cecil as a solution to the colony's problem of diminishing trade. It was recognized, incidentally, that the distribution of such a coinage would prove to be a source of valuable income to the founder.

In due course the dies for Baltimore's coinage were prepared in London. Specimens of a shilling, sixpence and groat were struck and forwarded with explanatory letters to Philip Calvert, Cecil's brother, and to the Governor and Council of the Colony on October 12, 1659. Lord Cecil, in an earnest effort to provide his people with an "honorable" coinage, asked that the proposed coins be made current "by proclamation" for all payments within the colony of Maryland, and that suitable penalties be described for counterfeiting. He insisted that the coinage be backed by the law of the colony, and that in no wise should its issue be fostered on an unwilling populace, but only so far as it proved pleasing to the people.

A council meeting, held on March 3, 1660, was adjourned without any action having been taken on the matter of the coinage. Ten days later, Governor Fendall, backed by a part of the Council, tried to throw off all dependence on Lord Baltimore and attempted to concentrate all power in themselves. The ruse was not successful, but the confusion which resulted for a period thereafter made it impossible to carry out the plans for a coinage at the time. Numismatically, Fendall's "insurrection" is important in that it changed the place of manufacture of the Baltimore coins from America to England, as it is a certainty they would have been fabricated

here had the attempt at independence been successful.

In November, 1660, Philip Calvert was commissioned to act as Governor of the colony, and in April of the following year an act was passed providing for a local coinage and carrying the following provisions:

1. Establishment of a Mint in Maryland.
2. Coins to be struck in silver, as fine as the then current coins of Britain.
3. The shilling denomination was to weigh above 9 pence in silver and the other coins in proportion.
4. Clipping, scaling, washing or counterfeiting in any way to be punishable by death and forfeiture of all properties in the province to Lord Baltimore.
5. Coins to be accepted by Lord Baltimore for all debts due him by the colonists.

Two drafts of this act were sent to Lord Baltimore, in England, in the hope that he would ratify it, including authority to execute the coinage in America. Cecil, however, had other plans, and in a very short time, a quantity of the new coins (having been struck in London) were shipped to Maryland. They were accompanied with an urgent plea to the assembly that everything possible be done to popularize the issue and make it acceptable to the people of the colony. On April 12, 1662, a law was enacted providing that each householder and every freeman obtain ten shillings' worth of the new currency for every taxable person in his charge or custody. Casked tobacco was authorized to be exchanged for the coins at a rate of twopence per pound.

There is no way of estimating how great a quantity of Lord Baltimore's coinage may have been in circulation at any given time. The exchange act of 1662, if carried into complete effect, would have required all taxpayers to exchange 60 pounds of tobacco (at twopence per pound) for ten shillings' worth of the new money, and there were about 5000 people in that category at the time. This would have placed about 2500 pounds sterling in circulation, alone, and it is reasonable to assume that more than that amount actually went into service.

Tobacco, however, continued to hold a respected place in the trade of the colony as a medium of exchange, and it was not easy to force it out of circulation, even though there had been a genuine demand for a metallic currency. The fine new coins did not meet with the overwhelming approbation of the colonists as had been anticipated, and at some time later they passed into entire disuse.

The cost of minting the coins had been assumed by Lord Baltimore privately, although he had undoubtedly expected to make a profit out of the proposition in the long run. The shilling contained about 75 per cent. of its nominal value in pure silver; the remainder represented what we now term "seigniorage," so that even though the coinage did not continue for any substantial period of time, the ultimate remuneration must have been considerable.

The Baltimore coins are undated, but most authorities place their year of mintage at 1659. Whether or not the actual manufacture of these pieces antedated the passage of the Colonial enabling act of 1661 is an academic question, since the dies and some specimen pieces were known to have been prepared in 1659 in London. There are three accepted denominations of the Baltimore coins, namely, the shilling, sixpence and groat, all struck in silver. A coinage of copper pennies (Hickcox calls them halfpennies) seems also to have been contemplated, but there is no record of such an issue, and the few known specimens have offered students little evidence of their status.

The general design of the three silver pieces is almost entirely alike, only minor differences in the legends being obvious. The obverse displays a profile bust of Lord Cecil facing left, head unadorned, neck uncovered and bust slightly draped. The legend reads, "CAECILIUS : Dns : TERRAE-MARIAE : &CT.", that is, "Cecil, Lord of Marie-land." The mint mark is a cross patée or formée, placed at the termination of the legend. On the sixpence and groat the letter "T" is omitted from "&CT."

The reverse bears as a central device a lozenge shield, the family coat-of-arms of Lord Baltimore, and heraldically described as "a paly of six, sable and argent, a bend counterchanged." The shield is surmounted by a crown, and divides the Roman numerals X and II on the shilling, V and I on the sixpence and I and V on the groat. The legend is "CRESCITE : ET :

MULTIPLICAMINI," which, translated from the Latin, means "Increase and be multiplied." On the sixpence and groat there is no period at the end of the legend, but in other respects the three coins are similar. There exists a very rare variety of the fourpence which shows periods between the words of the legend instead of colons, also. This variety bears smaller devices on both obverse and reverse than the standard type.

Specimens of the silver coins in copper are known, but are of the greatest rarity. It has been suggested that these "special" pieces may have been struck to defray the cost of original or replacement dies.

Only two specimens of the copper penny are reported. The obverse of this piece is similar to the sixpence and groat. The reverse, however, presents an entirely different appearance, having as its central device a ducal coronet from which two pennants fly above. The legend here is "DENARIUM : TERRAE-MARIAE" or MARYLAND PENNY.

All three of the silver pieces are scarce enough to tempt the art of the counterfeiter, but, as in most such cases, the spurious items are usually easily determined by a knowledge of the true coins. Some specimens have been found on which the small line over "ns" of the obverse legend was inadvertently omitted. Pieces of modern manufacture are apt to turn up at any time, as the demand for these historical pieces far surpasses the supply, and prospective purchasers should be ever on the alert for fabrications of the Baltimore coins.

All originals have milled borders and plain edges. The shilling has a diameter of $1 \frac{1}{16}$ inches, the sixpence slightly more than $\frac{13}{16}$ inch, and the groat $\frac{11}{16}$ inch. The copper penny is $\frac{13}{16}$ inch in diameter. The shilling weighs 66 grains, the sixpence 34, and the groat 25.

As an incidental sidelight to this interesting coinage and its sponsor it should be noted that on October 4, 1659, the Council of State in England issued a warrant for Lord Baltimore's apprehension for having "made and transported great sums of money," and for seizing all money, tools, stamps, dies, and instruments for coining that the authorities might find in his possession. A supplementary order of the following day required Lord Cecil to attend Council meeting and explain the entire business of his "Colonial Coinage." The outcome of this affair has been lost in history, but it is obvious that Lord Baltimore had his troubles with the Maryland coinage.

Coins Of More Than Usual Interest

By DAVID M. BULLOWA
New York City

A SERIES: X—General Artigas of Uruguay

The series of coins of Uruguay issued in the twentieth century in silver, with the bust of Artigas facing to left, seem to have a number of interesting facts associated with them. The previous coinage in silver of Uruguay had always been devoid of portraits. A series of silver 10, 20 and 50 centesimos and 1 peso had been coined in 1893. Counterfeiting of these pieces had reached such proportions that legislation was passed in 1916 authorizing the recoinage of these pieces by the Bank of the Republic.

The law provided that the obverse show the shield of the country, and the date as well as the inscription REPUBLICA ORIENTAL DEL URUGUAY. The reverse was to show the portrait of José Artigas, famed patriot of Uruguay, with the motto surrounding, CON LIBERTAD NI OFENDO NI TEMO, with his name ARTIGAS below, and the value. The edge was also to be inscribed: REPUBLICA ORIENTAL DEL URUGUAY, with the date.

There are few coinages in which the date appears twice upon the same issue, when the coinage is not commemorative. There are even fewer coins upon which the inscription is repeated around the edge, although the Russian coins of the early eighteenth century did have the dates in the edge inscription and upon the reverse face as well.

José Artigas was a leader of Uruguayans prior to their declaration of independence in 1830. Artigas was born near Montevideo in 1755. Following the fall of the Spanish regime, Artigas from 1811 to 1820, as an older man, led the revolutionary party in its battles against Brazil to establish the freedom of Uruguay. The achievement of national unity and independence did not come easily, and Artigas was the virtual dictator for several years. When independence was achieved, wars with neighboring states continued. Artigas died at the ripe old age of 96, in 1851, in Paraguay.

The silver coins are struck on the Latin Monetary Union basis, the peso weighing exactly 25 grams, and being 900/1000ths fine. In accordance with the terms of the law, the Director of the Bank of the Republic asked for competitive bids from the United States Mint, the Mint at Santiago, Chile, and the Mint at Buenos Ayres, Argentina, for the coinage of two million of the 1-peso pieces, and six million of the 50 centesimo pieces. The Mint at Buenos Ayres finally received the contract for the coinage, since there is no mint in Uruguay.

There was some difficulty in obtaining a suitable portrait of General Artigas. Models were made by two sculptors and placed before a commission. The commission finally selected the portrait modeled by B. Michelena, taken from a painting by Blanes, which was then engraved by José Grau, chief engraver at the Mint in Buenos Ayres, who was assisted in the work by people familiar with the technical details.

The obverse of the pieces show the arms, which may be described as follows:



An oval shield crowned by the sun, and divided into four quarterings. In the upper left section is a field of blue, with a scales, denoting equality and justice. In the second quarter is the Cerro or fortress of Montevideo, indicating power. In the lower left quarter is a horse running loose, indicating liberty. At the right is an ox, the symbol of abundance. A laurel wreath encloses the shield.

The motto may be translated, "With Liberty Neither Groping Nor Fear."

In 1930 Artigas again appeared on the coinage of Uruguay, when the centennial 5-peso gold coins were struck at Paris.

Learning Is Fun

By EMILY LARSON BROOKES
Newark, N. J.

Moving pictures and radios are used in teaching in our modern schools today, and it is a novel way of presenting subject matter. Why, however, don't schools use coins more in conjunction with the teaching of various subjects? They would make many subjects exciting to a child rather than the dull topics he now feels them to be. His interest would increase the knowledge of the student and would give him a clearer understanding of the subject being studied.

Take, for instance, the teaching of history. Coins could play an important part in that study. They impart authentic history as well as serve to create an interest in history for a child. Supposing you are teaching French history. Can't you imagine how thrilled a child would be in studying it if he saw a coin bearing Napoleon's portrait, or that of Louis XVI? The dates on the coins would impress the period in his mind more firmly than reading about them in a history book. Or you could display coins of the various

rulers in the world of the period you are attempting to get your pupils to understand.

Some commemorative coins depict historical events. Many of our United States commemorative half dollars do this. Other coins will be interesting in history classes because they will show recent political or map changes. The recent coins from Spain compared to the former Spanish coinage is one example of the political change, and the coins of former Austria, where now German money is in use, show a change in the European map.

American history is absorbing when one is shown coins of the colonists, of the Continental Congress, the money several States issued, our first Federal currency, the two-cent and three-cent pieces or the necessity money of later years. Holding in his hands an object of the period he is studying makes that period seem real and more easily understood to a child. It is a fascinating way to study American history!

A clever teacher could think of many ways of presenting her material that would hold her pupils' interest. My point is that coins would intrigue the children and would stimulate their interest in learning geography, economics and history.

Dates and monetary values in different languages and the various foreign inscriptions would create curiosity that could easily be led toward a study of languages. Coins might be used to good advantage in foreign language courses, or in the teaching of Latin, as the "bait" to catch the child's fancy. Further, if a child becomes interested in foreign coins, he will want to learn as many languages as possible in order to be able to interpret the coins.

Coins even give a slight idea of the country's politics. At least you will know if it is a monarchy or a republic after seeing its coins, and in many cases you will learn to recognize its ruler.

I recently met a junior high school student and coin collector who told me he had conducted a class in civics on the knowledge he had gained from his South American coins. The teacher had asked questions, and, seeing his interest, had requested him to talk to the class about his South American coins. The point is obvious: Coins had taught this student so that his knowledge was more diversified than that of the other students who hadn't studied coins.

In teaching geography in elementary grades, coins would prove profitable to both teacher and pupils. Have you ever, as a child, held an object in your hand that came from some foreign place? Do you remember the thrill it gave you and how it started your imagination racing? There is something about holding an object from a foreign land in your hand that makes that land seem as real as your own land. Coins from Egypt, Ceylon, British Guiana, Sumatra or Liberia will make those countries become realities in the pupil's minds and will give zest to a study of the geography of these lands. See how eagerly they will search for these countries on the globe or atlas! Coins surely are a stimulating introduction to the study of geography.

Why not get a coin collection in your school? You will find it a help to the teacher, and to the pupils a fascinating introduction to many subjects.

Papal Jubilee Issues

By JOSEPH COFFIN
New York City

(A paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Every 25 years, at the beginning of a new century and every quarter century following the Holy Year, a Papal Jubilee is celebrated in Rome. This is a period of rejoicing and celebration when thousands of the faithful from all over the world flock to Rome to visit the basilicas of SS. Peter and Paul, St. John Lateran and St. Mary Major, and take part in the many ceremonies of the Jubilee.

The Papal Jubilee was instituted in 1300 by Pope Boniface VIII, and the first was held that year. The idea was not entirely a new one, as even under the old Hebraic law a certain year was set aside as a time of re-

joining. All wandering members of the family returned home, debts were remitted and slaves set free.

The first thought was to hold the Papal Jubilee every 100 years. However, this was later changed and the second Jubilee was held under Clement VI in 1350. The third was decreed in 1390, when Pope Urban VI decided that it should be held every 33 years to represent the earthly period of the life of Christ and what was then considered the average span of human life. The fourth Jubilee was celebrated in 1423 under Pope Martin V, while the fifth came in 1450, and it was decided soon after by Pope Paul II that it should be celebrated every 25 years, and this practice has been followed to the present time, with only three exceptions—1800, 1850 and 1875, when, due to political disturbances, it was omitted. In 1900 and 1925 the Jubilee was carried out, but within the limits of the Vatican.

Romans were required to visit the basilicas of SS. Peter and Paul once a day for 30 days and pilgrims for 15 days. Later the basilicas of St. John Lateran and St. Mary Major were added.

The Holy Door of the basilica of St. Peter's is opened every 25 years at the time of the Jubilee by the Pope himself, who knocks with a hammer three times, and at the third blow, the bricks having been loosened previously, the door falls through. The other three doors to the three remaining basilicas are opened in the same manner by Cardinals appointed to this ceremony.

The first coin issued to commemorate the Papal Jubilee was a silver half grosso of Pope Boniface VIII, issued during the first Jubilee Year, 1300. A gold ducat of Clement VI was issued in commemoration of the second Jubilee in 1350.

While some historians claim the ceremony of the opening of the Holy Door did not start until about 1450, it would seem that this is in error, as the door in its entirety is shown on a Jubilee medal of Pope Urban VI issued at the time of the third Jubilee in 1390, and the next appearance of the door in its entirety, and the first on a coin, is shown on the gold three ducat piece of 1450.

The Jubilee itself is not mentioned on a coin until 1475, when it appears on the gold ducat of Sixtus III as ANNO IVBIL—ALMA ROMA, and here the Holy Door is also shown closed. During the same year also, on a medal, the Holy Door is shown, but while closed the Pope (Sixtus III) is depicted as standing with a hammer ready to strike it, and another medal shows the door half down. Since that time it has been shown on medals and coins, either closed or partially open.

From the first Jubilee the denominations of Papal Jubilee coins have followed those of the ordinary contemporary issues and changed, though not often, through the years. Starting with Pope Boniface VIII (1300) we find the half grosso; Clement VI (1350), gold ducat, and so on down the following years, gold ducat of Sixtus III (1475), ducat and testone of Alexander VI (1500), while the gold scudo first appears in 1525 (Clement VII), which was notable also for the rare triple giulio.

Although coins were issued in more than one mint at various times for regular Papal issue, the year 1575 is noteworthy for having three Jubilee issues from different mints—the testone and giulio from Rome, quattrino from the Ancona mint, and testone from Macerata.

Later the coins generally followed the regular issues with scudos, baiocchi and zecchini.

The year 1700 was unique among Jubilee years, having three separate issues commemorating the Jubilee. Innocent XII issued doppia, gold scudo, silver half scudo, giulio, grosso and half grosso. On his death during the year the Sede Vacante Jubilee issue consisted of gold scudo, silver scudo and silver testone. On the election of Pope Clement XI, also in the same year, his Jubilee coins consisted of gold doppia, silver scudo, testone and giulio.

During the French occupation of 1800 no Jubilee was celebrated in Rome, and hence no coins or medals issued. Likewise in 1850 and 1875 during the internal difficulties in Rome between the Government and the Papacy.

The Jubilee was again held in 1900 and in 1925, although no coins, of course, were issued. There are, however, medals of Popes Leo XIII and Pius XI commemorating the Jubilees of these two years.

If conditions remain as they are now, minus, of course, the European War, in all probability Jubilee coins will again be issued in 1950.

The Story Behind The Token

Sixth and Eighth Street
Lines

By B. MORGENTHAU, New York City

From time immemorial this token, publicized as a "Merchants' Token," in reality a "Transportation Token," has been generally accepted as of Philadelphia origin. But upon what premise has never been stated.

Intensive research fails to find the line mentioned among the transportation media of early Philadelphia, and the files of the Philadelphia Free Library are as barren of information as are those of the library of the Philadelphia Transportation Company.



However, on page 539, "History Of Travel In America" (Seymour Dunbar, 1914), appears an excellent illustration of the controversial item, together with the statement, "Metallic ticket of a passenger stage line in New York City. Revealing a vehicle similar to some of those portrayed in the preceding illustration, but here called an 'omnibus.' Date, about 1830-1835. Brass; exact size."

Reference to the 'preceding illustration' is enough for us. Henceforth upon our records it appears as of New York City. Called "rare" by many, it more properly comes under the category of "scarce."

Early Paper Currency Notes Of New Zealand

By ALLAN SUTHERLAND, F.R.N.S.
Wellington, New Zealand.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Although bank notes are a subsidiary branch of the study of numismatics, the cost of obtaining specimens is prohibitive, and museums are usually the only repositories of complete collections. The Babylonians and Chaldeans used clay tablets 2,000 years ago as a form of promissory note. In China in 140 B. C. parchment or paper money was used; notes in bark and cloth were also known, and in the thirteenth century Marco Polo recorded the curious custom of using paper money stamped in a printing press. In 1368 a Ming Emperor issued a currency note bearing the illustration of ten strings of cash and the inscription, "Current under the Heavens," and "Counterfeiters will be decapitated." In England the active circulation of bank notes originated with the issue by goldsmiths of receipts for money or bullion deposited in their care.

During New Zealand's cradle days as a British Colony, from 1840 to 1850, paper currency was issued by traders, private citizens, banks, and the State, and these circulated concurrently with British and foreign coins brought to the country by early settlers, sealers, whalers and traders. Before Governor Hobson arrived, the New Zealand Banking Company had actually established its head office at Kororareka, and presumably this bank issued currency

notes and, with the missionaries, acted as a money changer in dealing with the whalers and traders of many nationalities who had taken up their residence there, or who used the Bay of Islands as their centre. With the arrival of Governor Hobson, British jurisdiction would confer a greater responsibility on the little bank and its clients, and the fact that this institution transferred its headquarters to Auckland when Governor Hobson established his new capital there suggests that there was some association between the Government and the bank at this time.

The few bank tellers of those far-off days would have an unenviable task in handling private notes (almost I. O. U's), English and Australian bank notes and a variety of foreign gold and silver coins which were then used. The fluctuating relative value of foreign coins to sterling (as described by the Governors of the day) would be a nightmare to the banks in their struggles to cope with the demands of trade. Whaling firms, too, issued bank notes, notably Enderby and Champion, and later, Johnny Jones, of Waikouaiti.

Wakefield, the founder of Wellington, was closely associated with the establishment of the Union Bank of Australia, Ltd., which, in 1840, started business with nothing more than a safe containing some notes and specie, housed in a tin shed on the Petone beach (Britannia). This "bank," or safe, on which the manager sat, was floated across the harbor to the present site of Wellington, and this bank has survived many vicissitudes to become one of the leading banks in the Dominion.

Bank notes issued at Britannia were redeemable in gold in London, Hobart, and Britannia, and this was a decided convenience to the roving shipmasters and traders. This arrangement, however, tended to drain notes from the colony in payment for inward goods, and the same problem arose in connection with coins. To meet this difficulty private notes were circulated, and, later, Governor FitzRoy issued Government debentures as legal tender.

To the student of Colonial currency it would appear that Governor FitzRoy has been harshly judged for his action in issuing Government debentures as legal tender. It is only fair to admit that FitzRoy inherited a considerable public debt; he was expected to keep up the Government establishment and develop the Colony, the Maoris were restive, the Treasury was empty, taxes were out of the question, the British Government was not inclined to assist, and in desperation he adopted what he considered was the only practical course of issuing public credit to maintain the meagre British institutions, and to continue to assert British sovereignty. Any modern Minister of Finance would probably do the same in like circumstances.

FitzRoy "shinplasters" (as they were popularly described) were issued for large denominations, and traders issued subsidiary paper notes, usually in coin denominations, to overcome the shortage of coins. These notes were redeemable in FitzRoy debentures. In Wellington, for instance, traders combined to issue notes of small denominations, and gave a guarantee that the face value had been lodged at the Union Bank as security. One private currency note for 3d. was issued in Wellington at this time and the inscription indicated that it was redeemable in debentures or "**would be taken in in mangle done here most perfectly.**" One popular Wellington currency note representing "liquid cash" for 3d. was inscribed "Barretts Tap, 1845." Another note issued in Wellington by the proprietor of the Antipodean Ginger Beer Company indicated that the notes were **redeemable in Government debentures or in his "celebrated ginger beer, well up, and not like Governor FitzRoy's head, rather weak."** At that time the Governor did not live in Wellington. In another town currency notes were issued for one penny, showing the difficulties associated with the shortage of coins.

With the arrival of Governor Grey, efforts were made to improve the currency of the colony, and in 1850 the Colonial Bank of Issue was established, taking over from the Union Bank the sole right of issuing notes. About the same time a "Nelson Bank" was started by Morrison & Sclanders, who issued currency notes payable twelve months after date, thus circumventing a law against issuing "on demand" notes. In 1856 the Union Bank was again given the sole right of note issue until 1857, when the Oriental Banking Corporation was established in Auckland and Dunedin. The Bank of New South Wales and the Bank of New Zealand followed in 1861, the Banking Corporation and the Bank of Otago Limited in 1863, the Bank of Auckland

and the Bank of Australasia in 1864, the National Bank of New Zealand, Ltd., in 1873, the Colonial Bank of New Zealand in 1874, the Commercial Bank of Australia, Ltd., in 1912. In the latter year six note-issuing trading banks remained, and these continued until 1933, when the Reserve Bank of New Zealand was established with the sole right of note issue. A new series of bank notes bearing designs appropriate to the centennial year were issued in 1940, and for the first time for many years the portrait of the Maori "King" Tawhiao did not appear on New Zealand bank notes, although his shadow appeared in the watermark.

The Maori Chief Tawhiao had long been associated with bank notes. During his "reign" the Bank of Aotearoa issued a colorful bank note, **inscribed in Maori, "The money is available to all persons."** The history of this bank is shrouded in mystery. The most distinctive trading bank notes were those issued by the Bank of New Zealand, which perpetuated the memory of Tawhiao by showing his portrait. The traditional association was not forgotten by the Treasury and the Numismatic Society when the bank note designs committee, under the chairmanship of the Rt. Hon. J. G. Coates, selected the designs for the first issue of the Reserve Bank notes. Following the second issue of Reserve Bank notes, associations of Maoris and others had asked the Society to assist in restoring "Tawhiao's portrait in future issues of bank notes.

In selecting the designs for the first Reserve Bank of New Zealand notes, the quality of paper, watermarks, and distinctive designs suitably embellished to defeat (if not to decapitate) counterfeiters, were the paramount considerations. The stop-gap designs adopted in 1933 reflected great credit on the designers. The clashing colors of the £50 and the 10s. notes were not the fault of the designs committee. The kiwi was given prominence because it was the national bird, and it was not improbable that if a new standard of value were adopted in New Zealand the term "kiwi" would be used in place of the **overworked misnomer "pound."** Another alternative was a crown note. During the 1914-18 war, five-shilling notes were actually printed for a New Zealand bank, to overcome the shortage of silver, but the notes were not issued. It is reported that many years afterward one of the unissued notes was sent to the bank from Germany with a request for payment.

An interesting commentary on the use of bank notes, and the light thrown on current events and customs was to be seen from photographs showing printing-press money of Germany being used to start a kitchen fire, to decorate kites, and for wall-papering, and the gigantic denominations, such as a mere 100,000,000-mark note, told their own tale. A Chinese bank note bearing the inscription "Redeemable in the Silver Bank of Hades" and used for burning at burial rites, was hardly a compliment to the deceased. A topical complaint in New Zealand regarding the clashing colors of £50 and 10s. notes in circulation some years ago resulted in the issue, by students during a capping procession, of a pink-red "prank note" bearing "£50" on one side and "10/-" on the other. Otherwise the designs were identical, a crown and anchor "rampant"—**a game introduced to New Zealand by Americans**—and there was also a representation of a kookaburra bird guffawing, and a "signature," "Faux Pas" which had a double allusion. The issue, which was scattered on a city street, was said to have been burnt under official supervision.

The designs of the hundreds of bank notes issued in post-war Germany reflected the thoughts and feelings of the people of that time. Beer drinking, music, and history were the predominant themes. Thousands of these and other general inflation-period notes of Germany had survived, mainly because specimens became worthless and were not costly to acquire. The absence, in museum collections, of specimens of early bank notes of British and American banks could perhaps be attributed to the stability of the issuing banks, and the influence of the commercial instinct over the needs of historians. In collecting, numismatists were no less keen than others to favor the nobler metals in preference to what were, in the final analysis, merely colored pieces of paper.

The first issue of the Halifax Banking Company was a note of 30 shillings, as their charter prohibited the issue of banknotes valued at less than 26 shillings. The notes, dated 1825, were engraved by Peter Maverick, of New York.

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A discount of **15 per cent.** will be allowed for cash in advance.

Advertisers may use a trade name in their advertisements, but except in case of incorporated concerns the name of the proprietor or some responsible person connected with the firm must also appear in the advertisement.

The right is reserved to require payment in advance for any advertising, or to discontinue any advertising if bill is not paid promptly. All advertising is received subject to the above conditions. The right is reserved to decline any advertisement.

Copy for advertisements must be received by the **15th of the month** to insure insertion in the following month's issue.

All matters pertaining to advertising should be addressed to, and all checks, money orders, etc., made payable to F. G. Duffield, Business Manager, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

STELLA DECIMA QUARTA.

On March 4, 1791, the State of Vermont was admitted to the Federal Union of the Thirteen Original Colonies. Today, 150 years after that event, there have been added 32 additional States.

Vermont has played a part in every stage of American numismatic history. As the first State to authorize a State coinage in 1785, it has a share in the Colonial period. As an issue of rare Colonial paper money, it commands the attention of the paper-money collector, and as the home of the Bennington half dollar, it also shares in the commemorative field.

We should like to recommend the issue of commemorative half dollars for State anniversaries such as the admission of the State of Vermont into the Union 150 years ago.

Despite the fact that many coins have been issued in our commemorative series for comparatively insignificant historical events, it is our opinion, that the Sesquicentennial of the admission of Vermont to the Union is an ideal opportunity for the enactment of legislation which will permit an adequate coinage of this series, at one of the mints, for only one year, which will ensure the sale of these coins to collectors at a fair price.

1891-1941.

The Association observes its fiftieth anniversary this month.

We extend to the members our hearty congratulations for the fine organization which they are maintaining. Nowhere else in the world is there a national organization similar to our American Numismatic Association.

Membership in the Association entails very little expense. The benefits are very large: The monthly magazine, the use of the growing Association Library, and with a membership card be considered as an accredited individual by other members everywhere.

The Association has had many well-know boosters in its time. Today, more than ever before, there is need for additional growth, and we urge every member this anniversary year to an "all-out" effort to secure new members so that the Association may continue to prosper.

We believe that in the past fifty years the Association has justified its existence. Do your share to promote the good work.

POSSIBILITY OF A NEW MINT FOR U. S.

The tremendous number of coins now needed for the daily business of the nation, which has resulted in the three mints at Philadelphia, Denver and San Francisco being operated twenty-four hours a day for the greater part of the past twelve months, has indicated that there is need for a fourth mint.

It was at one time proposed that new machinery be installed in the Philadelphia Mint to supply the added demand, but the funds allocated for that purpose were shifted for defense purposes.

Indications have been given that the new mint will be in Indiana, as the bill for the legislation authorizing the mint have been sponsored by Indiana Congressmen. Whether or not Congress will authorize this action is a matter for future decision. It is of interest to observe that since the Federal mints have discontinued the coinage of gold and of silver dollars the demand for their other output in the form of subsidiary and minor coinage has increased tremendously.

WHY DO YOU COLLECT COINS?

There have recently been requests from several parts of the country remarking that The Numismatist has not published an article in some time with the heading "Why I Collect Coins."

In the belief that articles of this sort, no matter how brief, would be of considerable interest to collectors and would serve to stimulate interest, we would like to suggest that this be a topic for some of the future numismatic get-togethers in your locality. Then submit it to The Numismatist.

If you will tell others why you collect coins during the week set aside as National Coin Week we feel certain that other collectors will become interested (exactly as you did), and that by this means new members for the A. N. A. may be obtained. It is only by the furthering of the numismatic word, both spoken and written, that our hobby, our magazine and our Association may continue to exist and prosper.

CHAPMAN STORE IN PHILADELPHIA ROBBED.

The Chapman coin store on South Sixteenth street, Philadelphia, founded many years ago by Henry Chapman and now conducted by his widow, Mrs. Helen Chapman, and Miss Ella B. Wright, the secretary of the firm for many years, was robbed of coins and stamps estimated at a value of \$15,000 on Tuesday, January 28, 1941.

The robbers had entered the shop previously and made a small purchase. Upon their return they waited politely for their cues, and one with a gun, grasped Miss Wright by the neck, and choked her into silence. Miss Wright fainted from fright and later discovered that she had been bound to a chair with her own shoelaces. The choicest items from the stock were selected,

including an unusually choice slug of the 1851 Augustus Humbert issue. Also taken were many classical coins in the Greek and Roman series, of which the Chapman firm had a notably fine stock.

Mrs. Chapman, upon being informed of the robbery stated that the coins were insured.

Henry Chapman was known by the majority of collectors and dealers in this country until his death about six years ago. Famous sales which he had conducted included the Stickney, Earle and Jenks collections.

A. N. A. MEMBER ON 1941 ASSAY COMMISSION.

Among those appointed by President Roosevelt to be members of the 1941 Assay Commission was Joseph Coffin, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a member of the A. N. A. and well-known writer on popular numismatics. An assay commission is appointed each year to test the weight and fineness of the coins struck the preceding year at the different U. S. mints. The 1941 commission met in Philadelphia on February 11 and 12. (Details of the duties of the Assay Commissions were given in our February issue.)

THE ARTHUR W. DEAS PRESIDENTIAL MEDAL.

We are fortunate in being able to illustrate a specimen of the New York Numismatic Club's presidential medal of Arthur W. Deas, president of the club from 1938 to 1941. The medal was designed by Jonathan M. Swanson, for many years an active member of the club. Mr. Swanson has designed all of the New York Numismatic Club medals.



The medals have been struck in four metals:—bronze, pure nickel, silver and a single specimen in palladium, which was presented by the members of the club to Mr. Deas in appreciation of his constant efforts in furthering numismatic good will.

Mr. Deas' friends consider the medal an excellent likeness and have expressed pleasure in seeing it.

The Medallie Art Company, of New York, struck the medals. Only in the past few years have the New York Numismatic Club medals been available in pure nickel, as formerly they were struck in silver and bronze alone.

A NEW GOLD RARITY.

Late in 1940 there was found a new coin on the market in the U. S. which puzzled the few persons who had the privilege of knowing about it. Therefore, we hesitated at first to bring it to the attention of our readers.

When Farouk I, the young King of Egypt, was inaugurated, a set of three rare gold coins were issued. They bear the date 1938 and had the same bust

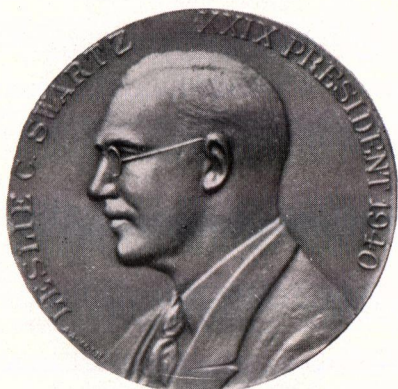
as the silver pieces, which are illustrated and described in "Coins of the World" (Wayte Raymond), Nos. 63-66. The denominations were 100, 50, and 20 piastres, or £E1, £E½, £E 1/5 (or 5 shillings).

Late in November we encountered the 500 piastres or 5-pound piece of that set, and after inquiries we found we had a great rarity. The issue of this coin, which has been very limited, has been in the possession of the King, and still is, with the exception of about ten pieces, of which five came to the United States. There will not be other pieces, for the issue is too limited. Bust to left (as on the silver coin). Rev., inscription in center, with date stating the inauguration. Ornaments in outer circle.

HANS SCHULMAN.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION MEDAL.

Following the custom since its foundation, the Rochester (N. Y.) Numismatic Association has issued its twenty-ninth anniversary medal. The association was organized January 4, 1912.



The portrait on the obverse is that of Leslie C. Swartz, the club's twenty-ninth president, who served during 1940. The reverse is from the die used throughout the series. It is struck in light bronze and is the size of illustration.

COUNTERFEIT HALF DOLLARS IN CIRCULATION.

Counterfeit half dollars are in circulation in Baltimore, according to John L. Kettl, agent of the United States Secret Service in that city.

Persons were warned to watch for 50-cent coins dated 1917 or 1918, which appear to have been aged by burnishing, giving them the appearance of coins that have become worn through circulation over a period of years, Mr. Kettl said. The counterfeit coins are somewhat lighter in weight than the genuine 50-cent coins, merchants and shopkeepers were advised.

A report is being circulated in some quarters that there are a number of counterfeit standing Liberty quarters in circulation and that they were made in Mexico. The best way to detect these counterfeit quarters is that they bear no date, so it is said, as the date was purposely left off by the counterfeiters. As collectors know, the apparently dateless quarters are just as good and as genuine as those that show the date.

With the tremendous economic changes now being effected in the world, in monetary affairs particularly, it is again the thought of some that after the war all nations will have a uniform currency system. The present tie-ups in "blocs" may be a first step in this direction.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB ISSUES TOKEN.

The Jersey City Coin Club has again issued an aluminum token marking its anniversary dinner.

The February 6th, 1941 token is octagonal and has on the obverse the names of the officers. A special souvenir program was also printed for the evening.



F. C. C. Boyd spoke on "Collecting" and ways in which the hobby might be stimulated. The president, W. H. Arthur, received a gold American Numismatic Association lapel button as a token of esteem from the members in appreciation of the outstanding work Mr. Arthur has done for numismatics.

THE COINAGE OF THE SOMMER ISLANDS.

In the January, 1941, issue of *The Numismatist* an article appeared by Joseph Silverman briefly telling the story of their issue. Through the courtesy of George H. Clapp we are able to furnish some additional material regarding this series.

Mr. Silverman's essay was based largely on material available in Crosby's "Early Coins of America," which was published in 1875. Dr. Crosby had only knowledge of the XII pence and the VI pence. Since that time a two-pence and a threepence have been discovered.

Practically all the coins which were issued have been found in the Bermudas, and for the most part these specimens, although very rare, are seldom found in better than very fine condition, due to years spent on the islands, which are very moist, and tend to corrode the base metal of which the coins are struck. It is not certain whether the pieces were originally silvered or not, some specimens showing traces of it.

From many records, it is established that the coins were actually used on the Islands, and in Chalmers' work on "Colonial Currency" several excerpts are given to that effect. Some sources, however, refer to the coins as though they were authorized, but never widely used.

Mr. Clapp, has also brought attention to the fact that the last coinage specifically prepared for the Sommer Islands (then known as the Bermudas) was in 1793, when a penny was struck bearing the head of King George III on the obverse, and a ship on the reverse. These coins were struck in England, designed by Droz, a Swiss die cutter, and afford a remarkable comparison in execution with our American cents of the same year. The coins of Droz, struck by the steam press, are often seen in proof condition. The pennies of 1793 were legal tender up to eleven pieces, in any payment. According to Chalmers, the coins, when en route from England to Bermuda, were captured by the French, and only the small quantity of \$600 worth was received.

DIE BREAK ON 1926-D DOLLAR REPORTED.

Fred W. Zarnow, a collector in Denver, Colo., writes that an inspection of numerous silver dollars netted him a specimen with rather unusual die breaks. He describes it as follows: Starting at D in GOD, and crossing the neck and throat, then through the T in TRUST, ending about an eighth of an inch above the word TRUST.

BOOK REVIEW.

From Banking to Barter: The Story of the World's Coinage and Money.
By Joseph Leeming. D. Appleton-Century. 138 pp. 1940.

This book treats of the development of money from its earliest stages to the present time. The style is very clear and simple, and there are many line drawings in the text. It is unfortunate that the section on United States coins was not developed further than the advent of the American dollar.

The sections on natural uncoined monies of the primitive peoples have been well written and are taken largely from the "Story of Money," published in 1936 by the Buffalo Museum of Science, when the well-known Knox collection was described by Stuart Mosher.

The book has also drawn from Du Puy's "Money," published in 1927.

As a popular handbook, it is a desirable publication which should help to make the hobby of coin collecting more popular. As a reference work, it cannot be relied upon too heavily.

D. M. B.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

India—A new coin of India in the current George VI series has been received and is being illustrated through the courtesy of the Capitol Coin Com-



pany. It is the ¼ rupee struck in silver and bears the crowned head of George VI and the date, 1940. It is similar in every respect to the half-rupee coin illustrated in these pages some months ago.

COINAGE FOR JANUARY, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during January, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Silver—			
Half dollars	\$ 503,251.50		\$275,000.00
Quarter dollars	396,125.75	\$ 97,000.00	
Dimes	779,050.30	673,000.00	119,100.00
Five-cents	475,425.00	511,250.00	
Cents	531,625.00	28,700.00	74,000.00

Coinages for other countries:

At Philadelphia Mint: Dominican Republic, bronze 1 centavo, 2,000,000 pieces. Netherlands East Indies, silver, 720 fine, 25 cent, 2,448,000 pieces and silver, 720 fine, 10 cent, 3,000,000 pieces.

At San Francisco Mint: Indo-China, nickel, 10/100 piaster, 2,790,000 pieces and nickel, 20/100 piaster, 150,000 pieces.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB ADDRESSED BY PROF. REAGAN.

The Westchester County Coin Club announced recently that Prof. Lewis M. Reagan, Director of Publicity of the American Numismatic Association, will address the group on February 18th. Professor Reagan's topic is "Famous Women on Coins," a series in which he has specialized for some time.

THE MID-WINTER COIN MEETING IN CINCINNATI.

The Mid-Winter Meeting held in Cincinnati, January 25 and 26, was well attended, the dinner was a huge success, and Mr. Mehl's talk was appreciated by all present.

Among the out-of-town visitors who did well for themselves were A. Kosoff, of New York City; James G. Macallister, of Philadelphia; Arthur B. Kelley, and F. K. Saab, of St. Louis, Mo.; James Kelly, of Dayton, Ohio, and B. Max Mehl, of Fort Worth, Texas. A great many visitors, in spite of the bad weather, attended the display, auction, and dinner.

A feature of the publicity for local collectors and visitors was the advertising on the Cincinnati Street Railway Sunday passes. There are a few still available. If anyone is interested in collecting these items, they can be had by writing the undersigned.

The coins displayed here, in the opinion of the more prominent people, very fine. A complete proof set was exhibited, also a complete set of United States quarters and a large collection of crowns of the world. Also some 40 frames of obsolete bank bills, and many other fine coins.

SOL KAPLAN, Chairman.

18 East Fourth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS PRIZE FIGHT.

In response to the call for the medals issued to commemorate world's championship bouts we are able to illustrate this month the medal commemorating the bout between Robert Fitzsimmons and James Corbett, on March 17, 1897, in Carson City, Nevada.



The obverse shows the bust of Robert Fitzsimmons, who won the championship on the date noted. He retained the crown for two years, but in 1899 relinquished it to James J. Jeffries.

The medal is struck in brass, and is 34mm. in diameter.

THE A. N. A. LIBRARY LIST.

It is with pleasure we learn that by the time this issue has been distributed the A. N. A. Library List will also be in the hands of the membership. This list was thoroughly revised by the former Librarian and Curator, William S. Dewey, and contains much information covering the contents of the books in the A. N. A. Library not formerly available to those who were not familiar with the books. It is hoped that adequate use will be made by the members of the Association of this Library, which is maintained for the furtherance of the hobby. Collectors having duplicate books which they wish to place permanently at the disposal of collectors are asked to donate them to the A. N. A. Library.

All fractional currency series have been counterfeited except the Fifth series.

National Coin Week, 1941

MARCH 23 TO 29.

National Coin Week for 1941 has two features which have not been used previously. These are:

1. The National Coin Week Display Card with the Association's seal, which every member or club is entitled to use. These cards are furnished without charge by the various District Secretaries, Club Secretaries, or any of the special co-chairmen who have been appointed to cooperate in various localities.
2. The National Coin Week mailing sticker, which may be used by the chairmen and the various secretaries for their numismatic mail. (The supply is limited, and it is impossible to supply every Association member with a quantity.)

In order to show some measure of the appreciation which the Association has of the efforts which will be expended in behalf of National Coin Week during the Jubilee Year of the Association, a very worth-while benefit will come to the three groups which have been most effective.

We have been able to secure through the courtesy of Ralph E. Case, a member of the Association, the only complete set of every pure nickel coin which has been issued in the world since 1881 to 1940, which will be placed on exhibition in your community (at a bank or other institution) for one week. The publicity value to your club and to the collecting hobby of exhibiting this unique collection will be well worth the effort of special Coin Week activity.

The exhibit of these pure nickel coins will travel to the communities of the three best reports of National Coin Week which are received.

In order to simplify matters, it is suggested that you send your official report, including newspaper clippings, and information regarding the amount of radio time secured, the number of new club members obtained, the number of talks given locally during the week, information regarding special numismatic meetings held in your community, number of members obtained for the American Numismatic Association, and other pertinent information, to your State District Secretary, or to one of the chairmen.

We feel that, without question, there has never been a better opportunity for numismatic publicity than in 1941. The three major themes previously mentioned are:

1. The fiftieth anniversary of the American Numismatic Association, founded in 1891 by Dr. George F. Heath.
2. The seventy-fifth anniversary of the coinage of the 5c. nickel piece issued from 1866 to 1941.
3. Hemisphere Defense exhibits centered about the coins of places where the United States has recently acquired new air bases. Jamaica, Newfoundland and British Guiana are a few examples.

With this well-rounded program, it is possible for collectors of American and foreign coins to exhibit coins, medals or paper money.

We wish again to urge all collectors to participate this Jubilee Year. For fifty years the Association has prospered and expanded. In 1891 it was a small informal group. National Coin Week, 1941, should be the year in which the Association should see great expansion in its membership. The American Numismatic Association is the only Association of its kind in the world. It is chartered by Congress. Membership benefits are many, and we ask that you utilize this week to ask your friends to join our ranks.

In Philadelphia during August of this year the Association will hold its annual Convention. The fiftieth anniversary celebration year Convention promises to be a memorable one.

Finally, do your share to put over National Coin Week this year. By having each member of the Association do his bit to promote the week, an outstanding observance will result. Make use of National Coin Week. It's YOUR week!

The series of Wood's Irish coins were gladly accepted in this country, although under weight, for want of a better coinage. These coins were unsuccessfully injected in the Irish coinage system.

American Numismatic Association



Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.

The annual dues and subscription to The Numismatist are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to The Numismatist.

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WISCONSIN—LILLARD W. CULVER, 2863 N. 40th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Report of The General Secretary

New Members to be Admitted March 1st, 1941.

- 8380a Donald E. Kasperek, care Ford Garage, Prairie du Chien, Wis.
 8381a Julius C. Schmidt, 301 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
 8382a Bernard Novitsky, 14 Stark St., Pittston, Pa.
 8383a Donald M. Woodworth, Lakeport National Bank, Lakeport, N. H.
 8384a W. O. Bissonett, 1200 Alworth Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
 8385a Clyde M. Stauffer, P. O. Box 82, Flagstaff, Ariz.
 8386a Iver Wollum, Porter, Minn.
 8387a Pope A. McMurphy, 501 S. 26th Road, Arlington, Va.
 8388a Guy T. Burroughs, 3730 Olympiad Drive, Los Angeles, Calif.
 8389a M. P. Ganey, 2624 N. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind.
 8390a John R. Church, 47 S. Oak St., Ventura, Calif.
 8391a O. Rundle Gilbert, Carmel, New York.
 8392a Howard F. Street, 1422 N. Felton St., West Philadelphia, Pa.
 8393a Harry Polatsek, 1519 Williamson Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.
 8394a Frederick S. Knobloch, 346 East 205th St., New York City, N. Y.
 8395a H. S. Lybrand, P. O. Box 173, Aiken, S. C.
 8396a James F. Brorby, Clermont, Iowa.
 8397a Thomas W. Guthrie, 3638 Cumberland St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
 8398a John Readding, 1320 Hemlock St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
 8399a Joseph E. B. Johnson, Main Street, Cheshire, Conn.
 8400a John R. Williams, 1241 West 81st St., Los Angeles, Calif.
 8401a Clyde L. Stillinger, 534 North St. N. W., Warren, Ohio.
 8402a Russell C. Merritt, Box 503, Dixon, Calif.
 8403a Otto Schulz, 1559 21st Ave., San Francisco, Calif.
 8404a Fred Nearing, 795 College St., Springfield, Mo.
 8405a Harold Chananau, 2331 Grand Concourse, New York City, N. Y.
 8406a Leonard Olson, Browns Valley, Minn.
 8407a Ira J. Potter, 1910 North 6th St., Harrisburg, Pa.
 8408a Dick Irving, 345 E. Coronado, Phoenix, Ariz.
 8409a Roy C. Watson, 586 Brawley St., Spartanburg, S. C.
 8410a Anna G. Reynolds, 2735 Webster Ave., New York City, N. Y.
 8411a N. R. Jones, 22½ Bradley St., Plymouth, Pa.
 8412a M. E. Ellinger, P. O. Box 188, Hagerstown, Md.

- 8413a Conrad Gundlach, 248 East Third St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8414a Lyle Andrews, P. O. Box 428, Sumner, Wash.
 8415a S. A. Moore, 819 Kentucky St., Lawrence, Kansas.
 8416a Edgar A. Welti, 1303 Massachusetts Ave., Lexington, Mass.
 8417a J. H. Adams, 543 Marie Ave., Avalon, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 8418a Roy P. Rosenberg, Lexington, Neb.
 8419a George E. May, 806 Columbia Bldg., 318 N. Eighth St., St. Louis, Mo.
 8420a Cyrus L. Slavin, 3115 West Cary St., Richmond, Va.
 8421a Robert J. Liddle, 220 South Third St., Delavan, Wis.
 8422a Elliot L. Krause, 410 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8423a John Stratton Board, 26 Penn Ave., Salem, Va.
 8424a Sioux City Coin Club, 432 Commerce Bldg., Sioux City, Iowa.
 8425a Hayden C. Clement, 3600 Monument Ave., Apt. 7, Richmond, Va.
 8426a Lawrence P. Talley, 201 Silverside Road, Wilmington, Del.
 8427a Guy Robert Moul, 3658 Philips Place, St. Louis, Mo.
 8428a W. Laird Townsend, 2312 West 18th St., Wilmington, Del.
 8429a Reuben C. Estergaard, Minden, Neb.
 8430a Donald M. Miller, 1470 Philadelphia St., Indiana, Pa.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during January, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to April 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the April issue of The Numismatist.

- Theresa Amato**, 8431, 390 Clinton St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Commemoratives. Dewey G. Oliva, M. Vernon Sheldon.
C. E. Tucsburg, 8432, 1070 Athens St., Altadena, Calif. General. Adolph Larson, Jr., S. M. Koppel, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Hans Holzer, 8433, 33-14 71st St., Jackson Heights, L. I., N. Y. Numismatic Expert, Ancient and Oriental Coins. David M. Bullowa, Thomas Ollive Mabbott.
Sidney S. Zolotorofe, 8434, 309 W. Lake Howard Dr., P. O. Box 657, Winter Haven, Fla. U. S. and Foreign Coins, Bills, Medals, etc. Lewis M. Reagan, Dr. B. J. Bond, Dr. Geo. H. Kendrick.
Harold McCready, 8435, 130 South Munn Ave., East Orange, N. J. French, Ancient, English Coins. David M. Bullowa, E. A. Warner, Lewis M. Reagan.
Harlan E. Heller, 8436, 529 Lindbergh Ave., Stroudsburg, Pa. U. S. Proofs and Unc. Coins. Carl Kohl, Jerome Reinhart.
J. Hickie New, 8437, 2619 Patricia Ave., Los Angeles, Calif. Nickels, Cents, Dimes, Quarters, War Tokens, Commemoratives. Joe Block, J. Bohler, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Rudolph Karl, 8438, Court House, Litchfield, Conn. Commemorative Coins. Will W. Clarke, Lewis M. Reagan.
Harold O. Zook, 8439, 703 Kansas St., Peoria, Ill. U. S. Coins. Dr. Albert Applebaum, M. Vernon Sheldon.
William H. Ouzts, 8440, 211 South 7th St., St. Louis, Mo. U. S. General. Fouad K. Saab, A. B. Kelley, John H. Snow.
Calumet Numismatic Club, 8441, Claude B. Pound, Secy., 4114 Catalpa St., Indiana Harbor, Ind. Corporate. Arthur Rutz, Paul Weiger.
Richard G. Pfeffer, 8442, 737 Federal Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio. U. S. General. B. H. Terry, Sol Kaplan, Otto Kerstener.
Henry J. Lietz, 8443, 2723 Vauxhall Road, Union, N. J. U. S. Coins. Edw. St. Martin, Clyde J. King, Lewis M. Reagan.
Herbert S. Mesick, 8444, 25 Clark St., Brooklyn, N. Y. General. Jos. Barnet, Oscar G. Schilke, Leonard Kusterer.
Charles L. Rock, 8445, 1226 Leavenworth St., San Francisco, Calif. U. S. Coins. Edward Fogler, Earl A. Parker, Lloyd E. Sherow.
Paul J. Mahoney, 8446, 524 Rock Road, Glen Rock, N. J. U. S. General. Charles Nettleship, Jr., Richard D. Nelson, Donald K. Mackenzie.
William B. Stock, 8447, 131 Irving Road, York Pa. U. S. Coins. Edwin M. Hydeman, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Rush L. Marker, 8448, 2747 East 14th St., Tulsa, Okla. U. S. Lewis M. Reagan, Z. B. Hyde, M. Vernon Sheldon.
R. E. Stevenson, 8449, 3020 W. Cary St., Richmond, Va. U. S. Coins. Russell Mansfield, Sam Levi, H. F. Hurst.
Blanche E. Clough, 8450, 59 West 12th St., New York City, N. Y. U. S. and Dollar Size Silver. Vernon L. Brown, Beulah Crowfoot.
Mrs. Harry Blunt, 8451, 2229 West Colorado Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. U. S. Coins. Edgar Levy, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Claire E. Houghton, 8452, 108 South Main St., McPherson, Kansas. Coins and Stamps. Lewis M. Reagan, Lee Hewitt.
P. G. Gearing, 8453, Court House, Sebring, Fla. General. William Mertes, M. Vernon Sheldon.
E. Clifford Coss, 8454, Annandale, N. J. American Copper and Silver Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Julius Holzman, 8455, 41-41 46th St., Sunnyside, N. Y. U. S. Coins. I. Stupay, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Dr. Harry Peleyger, 8456, 2417 Avenue P, Brooklyn, N. Y. U. S. General. Dennis W. Sibert, Jacob Peleyger, Harry W. Bason.
T. Homer Brooks, 8457, 4429 Druid Lane, Dallas, Texas. All U. S. Coins. W. A. Philpott, Jr., Geo. Sexton, Elbert M. Whitwell.
Kingston F. Swallow, 8458, 2023 E. Glendale Ave., Milwaukee, Wis. U. S. Coins. Franklin Miller, L. W. Culver.
Carl M. Smith, 8459, 2215 Bridle Path, Austin, Texas. All U. S. Coins. Silver Dollars and Commemorative Halves. Norman H. Brock, Louis V. Sherr, F. B. Ingalls.

- The Coin Club**, 8460, Liberty Memorial High School, Lawrence, Kansas. Numismatic Education. John Dooley, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Arthur V. Lind**, 8461, 612 Washington St., Dundee, Ill. U. S. Minor Coins and Commemoratives. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Julius Windner**, 8462, 1728 Marilton Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. Gold. Ira S. Reed, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- David H. Sloan**, 8463, Box 110, Clifton, S. C. General. Grady Waters, Paul Henderson.
- Reynold O. Luck**, 8464, 1143½ South Cardiff Ave., Los Angeles, Calif. U. S. Coins. Joe Block, A. Courtney, Lewis M. Reagan.
- J. H. Inman**, 8465, 1603 Dunn Ave., Richmond, Calif. American Coins and Paper. Lloyd E. Sherow, Edward Fogler, Erich Werling.
- Frederic W. Geiss**, 8466, 506 South Austin Blvd., Oak Park, Ill. U. S. General and Foreign. Frank J. Smith, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Miss Elizabeth J. Morley**, 8467, Box 440, Morris, Minn. Various types of Coins. William A. Bakey, L. G. Morley, Robert Darling.
- Lyle W. Buckingham**, 8468, 1127 First St. N. W., Rochester, Minn. Gold Coins. Rudolph F. Meyer, S. W. Anderson, Dana Rogers.
- Evelyn E. Johnston**, 8469, 8 North Zunis St., Tulsa, Oklahoma. General. Houston I. Shirley, E. A. Shaw, M. W. Gould.
- Charles A. Harrison, Jr.**, 8470, 998 H St., San Bernardino, Calif. Copper. Merle A. Rickert, D. C. Brownfield, Percy M. Day.
- George L. Werley**, 8471, 508 Delaware Ave., Palmerton, Pa. All U. S. Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, H. N. Shepherd.
- James T. Murphy**, 8472, 43-26 165th St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y. General American. Jos. Barnet, Vernon L. Brown, Joseph A. Lunz.
- F. Bowman**, 8473, care Dominion Bridge Co., Ltd., P. O. Box 280, Montreal, Que., Canada. General. L. A. Renaud, L. D. Ferguson.
- Tulsa Coin Club**, 8474, Kenneth C. Slough, Secy., 570 S. Darlington, Tulsa, Okla. Corporate Club. Houston I. Shirley, Martin W. Gould, Kenneth C. Slough.
- Floyd B. Newell**, 8475, 94 Monroe Parkway, Rochester, N. Y. Lantern Slides of Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, A. H. Plumb, Geo. J. Bauer.
- Anthony J. Alimone**, 8476, Box 968, Roslyn, Wash. U. S. General. Lewis M. Reagan, James Gaudina, Joe Barra.
- Stephen Francis Kline**, 8477, 6328 Elwell Crescent, Rego Park, L. I., N. Y. American Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- C. H. R. Howe**, 8478, 1224 Greycourt Ave., Richmond, Va. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- C. B. Edwards**, 8479, Fourth National Bank, Wichita, Kansas. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Ernest A. Acker**, 8480, 142 North 7th St., Allentown, Pa. All U. S. Ellsworth Lewis, Arthur J. Smith.
- Morgan E. Strohl**, 8481, 221 South West St., Allentown, Pa. U. S. Coins. Ellsworth Lewis, Arthur J. Smith.
- J. W. Zarikta**, 8482, R-6 Long Lake, Kalamazoo, Mich. General. E. G. Monroe, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- N. J. Hoffman**, 8483, Thiensville, Wis. U. S. Coins. L. W. Culver, H. L. Polzer, Franklyn H. Miller.

Deaths.

- 3340 Hugo Landecker, San Francisco, Calif.
 1731 Meyer Mansbach, Los Angeles, Calif.
 8052 Clarence E. Richards, Los Angeles, Calif.
 3916 Harry S. Boynton, Reading, Pa.

Resignations.

- 8093 Ed. W. Plaughter, Bakersfield, Calif.
 8069 Chas. D. T. Hughes, Seattle, Wash.
 7879 A. O. Reinhardt, Van Horne, Iowa.
 7202 E. O. Likens, Washington, D. C.
 7286 Albert M. Scott, Frederick, Md.
 5383 Louis Weinberger, New York City, N. Y.
 4553 Stanley J. Mead, Ida Grove, Iowa.
 5904 George C. Brinkerhoff, Hackensack, N. J.
 7585 Irene V. Doane, Ridgewood, N. J.
 8126 R. Vernon Harris, San Francisco, Calif.
 7037 John Kirner, Jr., Danbury, Conn.
 6919 George M. Meigs, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 5119 Edward L. Pugh, Milwaukee, Wis.
 4559 Leo J. Sylvor, New York City, N. Y.

Change of Address.

- Ames Numismatic Society, 7222, from C. B. Anderson, Secy., 1226 Marston Ave., Ames, Iowa, to Fred Huntley, Secy., 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.
 The Fugio Club of Shreveport, 6750, from L. E. Grimes, Secy., P. O. Box 1414, Shreveport, La., to Thomas E. McIver, Secy., P. O. Box 1414, Shreveport, La.
 Madison Coin Club, 4443, from Vincent Hack, Secy., 1811 University Ave., Madison, Wis., to Robert Bush, Secy., 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.
 Northwest Coin Club, 4517, from Paul E. Olson, Secy., 616 S. Third St., Minneapolis, Minn., to James Benane, Secy., 250 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.
 Pittsburgh Coin Club, 3567, from David A. Edwards, Secy., 4029 Brandon Rd., Pittsburgh, Pa., to J. Edgar Cunningham, Secy., 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Ventura Coin Club, 8228, from L. A. Gerhard, Secy., Bank of America Bldg., Rm. 210, Ventura, Calif., to Gary S. Gleed, Secy., 262 Comstock Dr., Ventura, Calif.
 Albert W. Bartz, 7858, from 6149 16th St., Detroit, Mich., to 7354 Hanover St., Detroit, Mich.

J. E. Bock, 7865, (for correction in Directory—did not move) from 1814 W. King's Highway, San Antonio, Texas, to 108 S. Pearl St., Dallas, Texas.

George A. Borchik, 5316, from 59 E. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill., to 2005 S. Michigan, Chicago, Ill.

Chris Brodohl, 7544, (name correction), from Chris Brodohl, to Chris Brodahl, 5205 Third Ave. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

John M. Carls, 6305, from 1825 Erie St., Racine, Wis., to 2021 Charles St., Racine, Wis.

Lloyd W. Clark, 8040, from care L. B. Gray, New Port Rickey, Fla., to Orisiany Falls, N. Y.

Wilfred H. Clarke, 5146, from 29 Wolcott Ave., Le Roy, N. Y., to 17 Platt Ave., Le Roy, N. Y.

W. H. Crone, 6132, from 527 Columbia St., Montpelier, Ohio, to 520 S. Harrison St., Montpelier, Ohio.

Dr. H. L. Dell, 5594, from 1823 Grasmere St., E. Cleveland, Ohio, to Box 101, Dayton, Ohio.

George Dinger, 5528, from 3519 N. Racine Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 4452 Lincoln St., Gary, Ind.

Le Roy Fishburne, 8327, (correction in name of street), from 1425 No. Strand Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 1425 Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

S. A. Friedhof, 6652, from 347 E. Monroe St., Phoenix, Ariz., to care Fred Harvey, Grand Canyon, Ariz.

M. R. Gibbons, 8084, from 1318½ N. Virgil Pl., Los Angeles, Calif., to 3612 Rollins Ave., Des Moines, Iowa.

H. B. Gilmore, 7965, from 509 Walnut St., Scottsdale, Pa., to Hickory St., Scottsdale, Pa.

Frank A. Gosselin, 6724, from 86 Hathaway St., New Bedford, Mass., to 88 Hathaway St., New Bedford, Mass.

Charles L. Grimm, 3198, from Box 1146, Pensacola, Fla., to Jacksonville Beach, Fla.

Raymond F. Hall, 6269, from care Hotel New Yorker, New York City, N. Y.; to Sanger Hotel and Apts., Dallas, Texas.

Harry L. Hickey, 7537, from 2610 Johnson Ave., Cleveland, Tenn., or 536 Pine St., Chattanooga, Tenn., to care R. G. Hickey, 26th St., Cleveland, Tenn.

Wayne L. Higbee, 6672, from 703 G St., Crescent City, Calif., to 1104 Eighth St., Crescent City, Calif.

C. E. Higgy, 5035, from 73 E. Frambes Ave., Columbus, Ohio, to P. O. Box 362, Dunedin, Fla.

Harry Hodes, 7408, from 925 39th St., N. Bergen, N. J., to 2025 85th St., N. Bergen, N. J.

Fred M. Howard, 5589, from care Emil Di Bella, 1352 University Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 126 Riverside Dr., New York City, N. Y.

International Emergency Money Club, 5873, from Emil Di Bella, Secy., 1352 University Ave., New York City, N. Y., to Emil Di Bella, Secy., 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York City, N. Y.

Lester Jones, 7872, from Box 1070, Wichita Falls, Texas, to 1901 Lucile, Wichita Falls, Texas.

Arthur L. Keene, 6764, from 9½ Government St., Kittery, Maine, to State Road, Kittery, Maine.

Ernst Kraus, 4056, from 39 Bay 25th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 2006 Benson Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Ellsworth Lewis, 5044, from 29 No. Eleventh St., Allentown, Pa., to 909 S. Hall St., Allentown, Pa.

Edsel W. Madsen, 7332, from Hampton, Neb., to 2305 18th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

B. M. O'Hea, 8252, from care National Bank of Commerce, Houston, Tex., to Box 394, Houston, Tex.

Ralph A. Mitchell, 5215, from 676 Elm St., San Jose, Calif., to 376 Orange, Oakland, Calif.

Pentz Pippin, 8088, from 2811 Haverford Rd., Ardmore, Pa., to 112 Linwood Ave., Ardmore, Pa.

H. V. Rexroat, 7903, from Box 1046, Yuma, Ariz., to 1942 W. Jefferson St., Phoenix, Ariz.

Lt. Col. David L. Robeson, 6543, from 305 N. 7th St., Lawton, Okla., to Hqrs. Sixth Corps Area, New P. O. Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Anna M. Schwarz, 4592, from 1036 Richood Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio, to 1036 Richwood Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio.

C. L. Shreiner, 7902, from 103 Washington St., Chardon, Ohio, to 134 Moffett Ave., Chardon, Ohio.

Everett C. Simms, 4824, from 58 Heights Rd., Clifton, N. J., to Park Lane, Minisink Park, Little Falls, N. J.

Melvin Sterling, 6082, from 3954½ S. Hobart Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif., to 4240 Third Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.

Second Lt. Perry Swofford, 4671, from 1963 N. 5th St., Kansas City, Kan., to Camp Robinson, Medical Det. 161 F. A., Little Rock, Ark.

Hubert J. Thomas, 8037, from 2518 N. 6th St., Philadelphia, Pa., to 197 West Roosevelt Blvd., Philadelphia, Pa.

Dorothy H. Tighe, 6608, from W. U. Office, Grand Island, Neb., to 1106 West Third St., North Platte, Neb.

A. M. Tilseth, 8026, from Singer Sewing Center, Cloquet, Minn., to 125 E. 5th St., Duluth, Minn.

Granville G. Tunstill, 8098, from P. O. Box 1771, Ft. Worth, Tex., to 3623 Burney Rd., Fort Worth, Tex.

E. T. Wallis, 3118, from 307 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Calif., to 837 W. Olympic Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.
 John M. Wilcoxon, 6676, from 2568 Third St., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, to 3036 Midgard Rd., Columbus, Ohio.
 Anne Wilhelm, 7611, (correction), from 1045 Dixon, Dixon, Ill., to 104 South Dixon Ave., Dixon, Ill.
 Dr. H. J. Williams, 7227, from 555 N. E. 70th St., Miami, Fla., to 321 N. E. 82nd St., Miami, Fla.
 William Williams, 3711, from care Patons & Baldwins, Ltd., 1000 Roselawn Ave., Fairbank, Toronto, Canada, to 151 Palmer St., Guelph, Ontario, Canada.
 N. W. Wolody, 7689, from 832 Chicago Ave., Downers Grove, Ill., to P. O. Box 124, Berwyn, Ill.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

Philadelphia A. N. A. Convention

AUGUST 16 TO 21, 1941.

From the Program and Badge Committee.

Another month has rolled around. Our Mr. Howard A. Davidson, member of this committee, has designed and our club adopted a most attractive program cover, badge and medal. No time will be lost to bring all our efforts into execution.

I hope, dear reader, you will make this your own affair and give us all the help you can to make this, your Fiftieth Anniversary, a great success.

On page 221 you will find an advertisement soliciting your ads and stating rates for same.

JULIUS WINDNER,
 Chairman Program and Badge Committee,
 1728 Marlton Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

LIBRARIAN'S JANUARY REPORT.

Two high points were hit during the month, with 86 books borrowed and 97 queries received from non-members. Donations included:

H-45, 1938 Numismatic Scrapbook.

A-15, eight miscellaneous copies The Numismatist, May to December, 1915.

B-60, A. N. S. Numismatic Notes and Monographs No. 90 ("Temples of Rome As Coin Types," D. F. Brown).

G-32, A. N. S. Numismatic Notes and Monographs No. 89 ("Mexican Decorations of Honour," H. E. Gillingham).

G-31, A. N. S. Numismatic Notes and Monographs No. 88 ("Puerto Rican Counterstamp," J. Gonzales).

W-51, A. N. S. Numismatic Notes and Monographs No. 91 ("Early Staters of Heraclea Lucaniae," Eunice Work).

M-56, Price List on Mehl Sale of October 29, 1940.

D-33, Currency and Banking, by A. M. Davis.

G-35, Gies Collection of Half Dollars, bound and priced by Stack's.

TED R. HAMMER, Librarian and Curator.
 Burlington, Iowa.

COIN WEEK EXHIBIT IN LOS ANGELES.

S. M. Koeppel of Los Angeles, will have several coin exhibits during National Coin Week in down-town Los Angeles. One at the Union Bank and Trust Co., Eighth and Hill Sts., will be a collection of coins of the Roman Empire from B. C. 44 to A. D. 476. This is a very complete collection of this type, containing, as it does, portrait coins of 123 emperors and their kin. All coins are fine, with gold, silver and bronze coins represented. It is expected that this should stimulate collecting of the ancients in that vicinity.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio.—Meets third Monday of each month at the Elks Club, 66 S. High St., Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association.—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City.—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal.—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa.—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner St. S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club.—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa.—Meets first Monday evening of month in City Hall Basement, Boone, Iowa. Morris Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shakford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. A. A. Gullian, 1803 Hertel Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa.—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 403 S. Third St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society.—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio.—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio.—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City.—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month. Matt. J. Gazso, Secretary, 4206 W. 298th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association.—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island.—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned. Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio.—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Nicholas K. Sharp, 207 East 13th St., Columbus, Ohio.

Corn Belt Corn Club, Waterloo, Iowa.—Meets first Friday of each month at Cohagen Cabin at the "Y," Waterloo, Iowa. Marvin O'Connor, Secretary, 118 Sherman Ave., Waterloo, Iowa.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas.—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio.—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa.—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Wilfred Rowe, Secretary, 3154 Second Blvd., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Harry H. Garman, Secretary, 2241 Carrollton Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1352 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfner, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 730 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. Harry Collura, Secretary, 2126 N. Oakland Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis Mo. T. L. Moore, Secretary, 318 S. Clark, Ferguson, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. George E. Moore, Secretary, P. O. Box 355, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. James Benane, secretary, 250 Nicolett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N. Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Addison W. Wilson, Secretary, 600 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. Robert G. Efker, Secretary, 1029 W. Camille St., Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Marjorie L. Ankeny, Secretary, 218 Essex Lane, Davenport, Iowa.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month. at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. John W. Miller, Secretary, 22 Colbourne Road, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearthstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—386th regular meeting, February 14, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Sixteen members and two guests were present.

The topics for the evening were Lincoln and Washington Medals; Dollar-size Coins of Europe struck during the Twentieth Century; Pattern United States \$10 Pieces, and New Acquisitions.

Exhibits were made by the following:

H. J. Erlanger: Netherlands 2½ guilders, 1930.

D. M. Bullowa: Crowns: Australia, 1937; England, 1902; Yugoslavia, 1932; Indo-China, 1931; Netherlands, 1938; Mexico, 1921; New Zealand, 1935; Tunis, 1933; Venezuela, 1926.

T. F. Morris: \$500 bond, Province of Quebec, 1882. 100 P. Dominion of Canada bond, 1850. \$50 Bond Irish Republic. Bank-Note show card, American Bank Note Co., issued in 1860-1870. Blank check of Deseret National Bank, Salt Lake City, 1880. Proof of Continental Bank Note Co. check on the Metropolitan Bank of New York.

Mrs. Frank Brookes: 18 Danish coins and a token of Junior Club third annual dinner.

Frank Brookes: Five pieces of metal scrip; \$50 gold slug shell; medal struck for Beth Israel Hospital, Newark, N. J.

L. Kusterer: Medal with portrait of Washington struck in 1885, dedicating the Washington Monument. Various rolled coins from the New York World's Fair.

G. W. Husker: Middle bronzes of Pertinax, Didius Julianus, Septimus Severus, Julia Domna, Caracalla, Geta.

W. Ray Carpenter: English crowns of the nineteenth Century; Proof Bank of England tokens in copper and silver dated 1804; proof Bank of Ireland tokens in copper and silver dated 1804; Garter dollar of George III dated 1804; 5s. 6d. token of George III in copper; Pistrucci Crown of George III; undated Crown of George III engraved by Mills and Wyon; crowns of George IV dated 1822 and 1826; crown of William IV dated 1831 with "W. Wyon" on exergue; Victoria crowns dated 1839, 1847, 1887 and 1893; double florin of Victoria 1887; Special issue of crown by Spinks in 1887 commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of the Queen. 60-shilling piece of James VIII of Scotland, the "Old Pretender," struck by Norbert Roettier.

O. G. Schilke: Two Washington and four Lincoln medals.

Joseph Barnett: 16 Lincoln medals, including four gold ones; 43 Washington medals, including two silver, and eleven Spielmarks.

A. W. Deas: 16 medals and small pieces with Washington portraits; 8 medals and small pieces with Lincoln's portrait.

L. E. Cox: Medal issued by the Port of New York Authority at the dedication of the Lincoln Tunnel, December 21, 1937; medal issued by The Cudahy Packing Company, fiftieth anniversary, 1890-1940.

Harry Stein: Shekel and half shekel of First Revolt; 12 varieties of "Judaean Capta" coins.

W. L. Clark: Two decorations from Turkey and Persia.

O. T. Sghia: Twentieth century crowns of Austria, Bavaria, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, England, France, Germany, Hesse, Hungary, Italy, Netherlands, Oldenburg, Poland, Portugal, Prussia, Russia, Saxony, Sweden, Switzerland and Yugoslavia.

F. C. C. Boyd: His collection of pattern United States \$10 pieces struck in white metal, aluminum, copper, bronze, silver and platinum. He also exhibited a genuine 1796 half cent in uncirculated condition, the variety with pole to cap, also the famous Dr. Edwards die of the 1796 half cent, which is a very dangerous counterfeit. The reason for the exhibition of these two half cents was so that collectors would be able to differentiate between the genuine and the forgery. The forgery, which is known as the Dr. Edwards die, has a very broad milling on both the obverse and reverse, whereas the genuine half cent of 1796 is without milling.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the March meeting: Pattern United States Half Eagles; Counterstamped Coins; Siege Pieces; United States Five Cent Nickels; New Acquisitions, and a paper to be read by Herbert J. Erlanger, entitled "Covering a Counterstamped Series of the Franconian Circle of 1693." This was adopted.

Our president then called on several members who had not been at recent meetings—George W. Husker and Shepard Pond. He also called on our guest, Mrs. Brookess, who, by the way, is a very enthusiastic coin collector and very much interested in furthering the science of numismatics among the younger generation. She spoke of the Junior Numismatic Society which had recently started in New York, and had a specimen of the first issue of their publication,

the Junior Numismatic Journal. Mrs. Brookes said she hoped she would receive the co-operation of the various members of the club to go to the meetings of the Junior Numismatic Society to talk on various subjects. Mr. Brookes spoke of his interest in coin collecting and his pleasure at being at the meeting. We were pleased to have Mr. and Mrs. Brookes as our guests and hope they will honor us again.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Eighty-first annual meeting, January 27, Charles A. Davis acting chairman. Sixteen members were present. All present rose and stood in silence for a moment in respect to our departed members.

Numismatic literature received was passed around for the members' inspection. The secretary gave a brief report as to the work accomplished by the society during the past year and also stated that there had been several acquisitions.

The nominating committee then presented the following "slate" for officers for 1941: For president, Shepard Pond; for vice-president and curator, Samuel S. Reynolds; for secretary, Ernest R. Shackford; for treasurer, Henry Evanson. The nominees were elected to their respective offices for the year 1941.

The newly elected president, Mr. Pond, was escorted to the chair, and Mr. Davis presented the badge of office to Mr. Pond, who thanked the committee and members electing him, and spoke briefly relative to the Society's activities. Malcolm O. E. Chell-Frost, of 11 Revere Street, Boston, was elected to membership.

President Pond then presented certificates of membership to Messrs. Grant, Vikre and Solari.

There was a general discussion relative to National Coin Week.

Mr. Grant spoke relative to the coming Conference of New England Coin Clubs, the date and place to be decided in the near future. He also spoke relative to his exhibition lots.

There was a short general numismatic discussion.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Grant: Various U. S. coins of different denominations; a restrike in white metal from the broken and rusty dies of the 1804 cent. It is believed that there are only two in existence. He also exhibited a photograph of the Senate of Massachusetts of the year of 1867, President J. A. Pond.

Mr. Lowenstam: Iceland set of coins commemorating the 1000 anniversary of the Parliament; several Bryan silver coins; Siam, two ticals; Libertas Americana medal, 1781, and the very rare half dollar of Canada, 1822, in uncirculated condition.

Mr. Vikre: Seven large cards of various Chinese Dollars and half dollars, containing rare varieties; a set of silver coins from 1 to 10 mace.

Mr. Welti: Two trays of German porcelain tokens.

Dr. Steinberg: Several varieties of gold tokens and coins, including, Garfield, Alaska-Yukon, Louisiana Exposition tokens and California gold.

BRONX COIN CLUB—89th meeting called to order by President Stein, January 22. Twenty-seven members were present. The following guests were present: Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Brookes, of Newark, N. J.; Frank del Witt, Mr. Sternberg, Mr. Stack and F. G. Duffield, Business Manager and Editor of The Numismatist, of Baltimore, Md.

The secretary read correspondence from the chairman of National Coin Week, to be held late in March, and also a letter from the secretary of the Brooklyn Coin Club regarding its anniversary dinner, at which it was announced Prof. T. O. Mabbott, would speak.

The Librarian and Curator reported that the club's library had received a gift copy of the auction catalogue of the Gies collection of half dollars from Stack's.

Mr. Del Witt told numerous incidents from his varied collecting career, which afforded considerable amusement to the members. Mr. Stein read his paper on "Hannibal's Influence on the Italian Coinage," which was a rather remarkable piece of research.

Mr. Deas spoke about the philatelic medals which he brought, and also exhibited the A. W. Deas medal in palladium, nickel and silver, which the New York Numismatic Club recently issued.

Mr. Deas made mention of the forthcoming exhibit of the New York Zoological Society, and upon his recommendation Messrs. Sghia, Deas and Clarke were appointed to serve on the Committee.

Mr. Duffield expressed his pleasure at being present. The club hoped that Mr. Duffield would soon again visit us.

The topics for the February meeting were suggested as follows: Washington and Lincoln medals. Washington and Lincoln on foreign medals. Coins of Augustus and Bolivar (each considered the "father of his country.") Mr. Stein agreed to read a paper on the coinage of Augustus, and it is hoped that the club will also have the privilege of hearing Mr. Stanley Scott, prominent collector of Washington medals.

The exhibits of the evening were as follows:

Mr. Arthur: Connecticut 3c. stamp, and Connecticut half dollar, 1935; Greek stamp and coin of the Amphiktionic Council, 357 B. C.

Mr. Blake: Medal of "Philatellie," issued by the French Mint; three enamelled coin brooches of English origin.

Mr. Brookes: Medal of Beth Israel Hospital, Newark, N. J., designed by J. M. Swanson, 1928. Also U. S. Assay \$50 shell.

Mrs. Brookes: Autographed copy of the Fifty-Year Index to The Numismatist; Christian V coronation medal; counterfeit Frederick VII 2 rigsdaler; Christian IV 2 specie, 1618; U. S. half dollar made into a brooch in relief.

Mr. Bullowa: 1908 Hungary medal on Philatelic Congress; 10c. J. Gault, encased postage stamp; Austrian and French encased postage.

Mr. Clark: Chinese gambling token.

Mr. Dewey: Medal of Admiral Dewey in aluminum; type set of Fractional Currency of the first and second issues.

Mr. Del Witt: A letter pertaining to the Lotto portrait used on the Columbian Exposition stamps, currency, etc.

Mr. Deas: 36 Philatelic medals and plaques; a coin catalogue issued in 1882; palladium medal of A. W. Deas.

Mr. Engel: 13 specimens of fractional currency; two Canadian 25c. notes.

Mr. Erlanger: New Year's ducat, no date, with view of Nuremberg; New Year's medal by Loos of the same period (1750-1800).

Mr. Freeman: Serbia, 5 para, 50 para, and Yugoslavia, 50 para (1920).

Mr. Gans: 1694 medal on death of Maria of England, wife of William II of Orange (III of England); France, medal on death of Catherine of Medici, wife of Henry III, 1589; Spain, oval medal, with portraits of Chas. V, Philip II, Henry II and Francis II; Venice, 1623, Doge N. Donato; Germany, medal by unknown artist showing 'Judgment of Cambyse'; Swedish taler, 1598, Charles IX, and 1642 Oxford half pound, Charles I.

Mr. Gallo: Seven Holy Roman Empire talers and double talers.

Mr. Holzer: Obolus of Samos, eighth to sixth century B. C., Alliance coin of Hieropolis, marking the monetary union; Greek fragment.

Mr. Kennedy: Ireland, gun money crown, struck over half crown, showing dates 1689 and 1690 clearly.

Mr. Kortjohn: A set of 32 rainbow colored cents, dated 1932.

Dr. Mabbott: Sestertius of Agrippina, Sr., without "S. C." from Balkans.

Mr. Newell: Coins of Hannibal's Invasion of Italy; Etruria, Paestum, and the ectrum issue of Capua. Series of silver and bronze issues from Capua, Atella, with Oscan inscriptions. Specimens from the Tarentum hoard of Hannibalian coins. Tarentum, Metapontum, and Carthaginian types struck in Italy. Four bronze Carthaginian coins struck in Italy.

Mr. Pukall: Large Minute Man medal issued in 1875 at Charlestown.

Mr. Rippner: First charter bank notes from Hartford, Portland and Hamilton Ohio, in \$1 and \$5 denominations.

Mr. Reagan: 17 colonial paper money issues and 4 re-engraved coins.

Mr. Stack: Four English patterns in gold; International 5 francs issued in England; \$50 Wass, Mollitor, 1855; George I, five guineas, George II two guineas; platinum 3 rubles of Russia.

Mr. Stein: Hannibal's coins of Italy.

Mr. Sternberg: Four Greek and Roman coins; 1 Luther medal.

Mr. Sghia: Italian medals of L. A. Muratose; Parma, 5 lire, 1858, Robert and his mother, Maria Theresa as regent.

Mr. Schwartz: Six Civil War cents, with curious advertisements.

Mr. Schmidt: Encased postage stamps; minor Chinese coins; Mexican silver medal on fourth centennial of coinage press. Brazil stamps for numismatic congress. English mail coach tokens. Brussels mint token showing old and new coinage methods.

Mr. Vander Meer: 1898, Queen Wilhelmina Coronation medal, 72 mm, silver; 1898 Greater New York Consolidation medal, 64 mm.

Mr. Wagner: 1885 Madagascar medal of the first and second issues; 1914-18 medal for Civil Departments.

Mr. Zweier: 1901-S Quarter, 1864, and 1859 cent.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—264th meeting, February 5th. E. E. Lamb presiding. Eighty-one members and ten visitors were present.

The applications of A. E. Beebe, Otto Schubert and Frank C. Wilson were referred to the membership committee.

The resignations of Arthur J. Rierdon and Dr. Paul E. Lawler were accepted. Wm. Evans, Librarian, submitted a list of auction catalogs now in the library. It has been decided that this material be disposed of at our future auctions.

The committee on new meeting quarters recommended the leasing of a suitable room in the Fine Arts Building, on Michigan Ave., for the coming year. Due to the fact that our room in the Fine Arts Building will not be available on the first Wednesday of March, the regular meeting will be held on the first Tuesday of March.

J. Henri Ripstra, executive secretary of the Chicago Lincoln Group, extended an invitation to all Chicago Coin Club members to attend their Lincoln meeting, February 20, at the Breevoort Hotel.

Wm. G. Rayson reported the death of our charter member, Dr. John G. M. Luttenberger. The secretary was instructed to send condolences to Mrs. Luttenberger.

Mr. Polzer president of the Central States Numismatic Society, and Mr. Culver, chairman on arrangements, spoke on the forthcoming Central States convention in Milwaukee on April 26 and 27.

Lee Hewitt spoke of a proposed new mint to be established somewhere in Indiana in the near future.

Notice has been received that Walter H. White is now in military service and that his dues be considered paid for 1941 and membership card be forwarded him. Exhibits were as follows:

D. C. Keefer: Abraham Lincoln medal commemorating the 115th anniversary of the birth of Lincoln by the publication in The Numismatist of the Robert P. King list on Lincoln medals, etc., February 1924.

Earl F. Barger: An uncult sheet of twelve \$1 silver certificates, series of 1935, Nos. 00000409A to 00000420A, being the 34th sheet of this series.

M. A. Powells: Extensive collection of George Washington medals.

Norton F. Stone: Series of U. S. half dollars from 1801 to 1940.

R. W. Smith: Haarlem, 1572, 15 stiver and 30 stiver, both uniface seige coins, struck to pay the garrison when besieged by the Spanish. The town capitulated in 1573.

Dr. Joseph P. Retch: French lithograph by A. Maurin representing the first six Presidents of the United States. The legend is in French and reads as

follows: "The Presidents of the United States Dedicated to Their Friend the General Lafayette."

R. McP. Cabeen: A very interesting talk on cracked and imperfect dies of the 1940-S series of coins. 28 different varieties of cracked or imperfect dies of the 1940-S mint cents; 8 varieties of cracked dies of 1940-S mint nickels, and one shifted die with malformed letters; 1940-S quarter with several cracks on the obverse and reverse.

Ernest Jonas: Nashville plaque in bronze struck by Ripstra; 5 different Lincoln ferrotypes; ducat, 1754, Frederick of Prussia, for Silesia; mining ducat, 1533, of Munsterberg-Oels; medallie ducat, n. d. (1704) Wurtember-Oels with bust on both sides; Breslau, lead token, 1567; Breslau copper token, 1663; Silesia, Leignitz-Brieg, taler of Christian, 1671; Munsterber-Oels, Death taler of Charles II, 1617.

I. T. Kopicki: 4 Lincoln speeches printed in what is considered the smallest book ever bound; 2 Lincoln gold tokens dated 1927; Lincoln carved in white cameo stone; Souvenir Lincoln token of the first Central States Conference held in Chicago; Series of 3 plaques in silver, bronze and porcelinite, known as King No. 1006; woven silk ribbon of Lincoln; bronze medal of President Roosevelt's third inauguration.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—155th meeting, February 4, thirty members and guests being present.

Jack H. New was elected to membership.

Mr. Koepfel was appointed chairman of a committee to investigate the matter of securing a more suitable meeting place, and Vice-President Stinson was directed to take charge of the Auction department. Mr. Koepfel will also act as chairman of a committee to secure new members.

Attention was called to the celebration of National Coin Week, March 23 to March 29, Kenneth Lee being the district chairman of the American Numismatic Association, which sponsors this event.

The speaker of the evening, Dr. H. A. Rosenkranz, then addressed the club on the subject of "Medals," displaying four trays containing fifty large medals of various kinds. Dr. Rosenkranz called attention to the fact that masterpieces of art may be thus collected at moderate cost and that beautiful medals may be secured illustrating almost any subject which captures the individual imagination—history, religion, music, medicine, etc. During the Renaissance period medals were struck only for royalty, the state and the church, later the art declined, to be revived in France about 1870. The speaker stated that medallie art may be said to be half-way between painting and sculpture.

Dr. John Lawrence Smith also exhibited three fine medical medals, Dr. R. H. Swift several heavy silver rings in which were mounted Greek and Roman coins. Dr. Jamentz, a guest, exhibited several ancient clay tablets with cuneiform inscriptions. Mr. Smith, of the Chicago Coin Club, spoke briefly of his collecting.

The usual auction closed the activities of the evening.

CANTON COIN CLUB—67th meeting, February 3, with 11 members and one guest attending. Meeting called to order by President Caster.

S. J. Kabealo gave a short talk explaining A. Kosoff's sales of the Guttat Latin-American collection.

One new members was admitted—Mrs. Walter Welch.

Members agreed to meet as guests of the McKinley Stamp Club on March 26. After a discussion of radio, newspaper, and display publicity for National Coin Week, it was decided that notices of our meetings should be carried in newspapers of neighboring towns.

Members displayed and discussed the following material:

V. L. Stover: Set of Canadian 1937 uncirculated coins.

S. J. Kabealo displayed some beautiful rarities in U. S. half cents—1794 Unc., 1796 V. F., 1849 and 1853 proofs, and 24 varieties V. F. to Unc.

Walter Welch: English one-half crown, George II; 1797 twopence, 1797 penny, 1799 one half cent, 1799 farthing, all of George III; 1707 Queen Ann one half crown; Victoria ½ and 1 rupee; various coins of Tunisia; U. S. one half dollars, 24 over 21, unc., and 1832 small date and letters, unc.; 1873 CC mint Trade dollar; 1847 Hawaiian cent.

Wm. G. Bruce: U. S. large cents, 1820, 1821, 1822, and 1823, in very fine condition.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—February 6. Twenty-one members and four guests, three of them from Washington, were present.

Mr. Duffield reported that the club booklet would be ready for the next meeting.

President Cook appointed a committee for our annual dinner and the night was set for March 20, with arrangements left to the discretion of the committee, which is made up of Messrs. Straus, Duffield and McCormick. Mr. Duffield said he thought that David M. Bullowa, of New York, might be able to attend as our speaker, and he was requested to invite Mr. Bullowa to be present and to suggest that his subject be "General Collecting Fields," and also to make an exhibit in that line. The committee was asked to invite the Washington Numismatic Society and the Frederick Club to send delegations.

Mr. Duffield related his experiences on a recent visit to the Bronx Coin Club and made several suggestions to our club based on their programs.

Messrs. Permoda, Jamieson and Weikert of the Washington Club, paid us a visit and had a suggestion that the local clubs hold a meeting now and then jointly as an aid to interest in collecting. This seemed interesting and the subject was left open for further consideration and development.

This was a program night, and the feature was a fine display of obsolete paper currency and broken-bank notes by Dr. Plummer. He had a very wide exhibit of early U. S. notes, including emergency paper of the last century, which showed that he had spent much time in bringing it together.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—93rd meeting, February 5, 1941. The meeting was preceded by the eighth anniversary dinner. Twenty members and 13 guests were present.

The toastmaster was Vernon L. Brown and the principal speaker was Prof. Thomas O. Mabbott. The title announced for his address was "Art and Historic Significance of the Coinages." Hans Holzer spoke on the subject of "Ancient Forgeries issued by Governments." There were brief greetings expressed by President Schwartz, Past Presidents Klaif and Reagan and by Otto Sghia. Communications were read from several members who could not attend because of illness.

Exhibits were as follows:

M. Blake: Die proof of an American Express Co. permit to transfer baggage free of charge to the holder of the permit.

Mr. Brown: Badge with bars of the 47th Armory; medal of Civil War to a veteran by City of Brooklyn.

Mr. Bullowa: Belgain medal, 1914, "American Generosity and Belgain Gratitude," portraits of King Albert and Queen Elizabeth.

Mr. Darrow: Counterstamped coins of West Indies, including one of St. Bartholomew.

Mr. Daukszy: Coins of the Knights of Malta.

Mr. Friedberg: Tunis, 20 francs, 1939.

Mr. Gorham: Selection of cents and half cents; Lafayette dollar.

Mr. Holzer: Representative collection of ancient (527 B. C.—138 A. D.) forgeries issued officially by governments of Greece and Rome.

Mr. Klaif: Pine Tree shilling.

Mr. Kraus: Three silver coins of Japan.

Mr. Kosoff: George VI coronation set in gold and silver; Irish Free State proof set of 1928; selected U. S. commemoratives.

Mr. Heft: Philippine proof sets of 1906 and 1908.

Mr. Rippner: Philippine set of 1936.

Mr. Reagan: 40 nummi of Justinianus.

Mr. Schwartz: Five Lincoln items.

Mr. Stack: Types of U. S. half eagles; 1795, 1799, 1808, 1823, 1834, 1863 in uncirculated and brilliant proof condition.

Mr. Sghia: Four Conder half-pennies of Coventry.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—The third anniversary meeting of the club was celebrated on February 6 with a dinner on the Hotel Plaza Roof Garden. There were 44 members and guests present. President Arthur called the meeting to order. The following were called on and spoke briefly congratulating the Club: Mr. Newell, president A. N. S.; Mr. Sghia, president New York Numismatic Club; Mr. Husker, president New Jersey Numismatic Society (also a member of the club); Mr. Stein, president Bronx Coin Club; Mr. Brown, Board of Governors, A. N. A.; Mr. Schwartz, president Brooklyn Coin Club; Mr. Herwig, vice-president Jersey City Coin Club.

The speaker of the evening was F. C. C. Boyd, who read a letter from Mr. Stuart Mosher who is sick in a Staten Island Hospital. (Mr. Boyd is a member of this club.) His theme was advice on collections. He described how he started as a collector when he was but 13 years old, gave advice to coin dealers, and pointed out how superior were the political medals of the past years over those of the last Presidential campaign.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Arthur: First U. S. cent struck by authority of Congress, Fugio Cent, 1787.

Mr. Pukall: Set of Unc. Lincoln cents and a set of Iceland commemorative coins.

Mr. Zepfner: Continental dollar (pewter), 1776, army insignia, and a book.

Mr. Schwartz: Lincoln and Washington medals.

Mr. Sghia: Lincoln medals.

Mr. Carpenter: Elizabethan gold coins.

Mr. Husker: Double sestertii of Trajan Decius and Etruscilla.

Mr. Brookes: 25c. sheepskin script issued by Heppner, Ore.

Mr. Bullowa: China, sycee 10-tael silver piece.

Mr. Wade: Russian roubles of Catherine and the Soviet, Coins of Ethiopia, Comoro Islands, German New Guinea, Afghanistan and Guatemala.

Mrs. Brookes: Danish coins.

Mr. Newell: Series of coins of Apollonia (the modern Valona) and Dyrrhachium (the modern Durazzo) also stater of Monouius, King of Illyria.

Mr. Blake: Early U. S. gold, also a commemorative medal of Jersey City Sunday Schools, 1876.

Mr. Boyd: Two 1852 \$50 U. S. Assay gold, 887 and 900/1000. 1851, A. Humbert, 50 in spot, 887/1000. 1851, \$50 no 50 in spot, 880/1000. 1851, \$50 887/1000. 1852, \$50, 887/1000. 1855 \$50 Wass Molitor. 1862. \$20 gold British Columbia. \$16 Moffatt 20½ carat, 1850. Kohler, \$37.31, two types, 1851. Silver dollars. 1852 silver dollar, 1838-O half dollar and pattern halves.

President Arthur was presented with an A. N. A. button by the club.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—238th meeting in its new quarters, the Colonial Hotel, January 8. This was the annual banquet of the club. Twenty-seven members and twenty guests attended. Judge Sawicki, the president, relinquished his role of presiding in honor of the chairman of the banquet committee, Frederick Anthony Mallon, who acted as master of ceremonies.

There were many items of interest that held the attention of those present. Every person was requested to name his or her hobby or avocation. After this event was over each exhibitor described his display.

Exhibits were as follows:

F. A. Mallon: Paper money; proof U. S. coins of recent years; 1797 cartwheel of George III of Great Britain; set of Filipinas coins of 1904; crowns of Germany, Australia, Austria, and dollars of Canada.

- Ambrose P. Spencer: Twenty coins of ancient Greece and Greek islands.
 Otto C. Budde: 71 Continental notes of the famous "not worth a continental" series.
 J. G. Gregoris: Gold and silver coins of France, Peru, Germany, Austria, Hungary and Rotterdam.
 C. L. Shreiner: 300 U. S. cents, including many patterns.
 Edgar G. Bell: Commemoratives; type collection of U. S. large cents; Civil War and other tokens.
 Judge Sawicki: Odd and curious moneys of the world.
 Ralph I. Patterson: Mis-struck coins of 1939, (U. S.).
 Frederick Hahlen: Collection of 5c. nickels.
 Samuel J. Kabealo: 5c. coins, embracing both the silver and nickel series.
 G. M. Jacka: Many types of tokens; 25c. California gold.
 Ed. Windau: Pesos of Mexico.

HARTFORD NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The annual meeting and banquet was held on January 22.

Dunbar D. Scott was elected president emeritus and made honorary life member. Mr. Scott is widely known for his intimate knowledge of coin collecting, having established various coin clubs throughout the State and written articles for countrywide numismatic periodicals.

Other officers elected were: M. Y. Nokes, president; Charles B. Miller, vice-president; Wilfred Lennon, secretary; George Henke, treasurer; Joseph Mathieu, member of the board of governors; Capt. Walter G. Stiles and Dr. Benjamin Luntz, membership committee; Albert C. Bates, librarian and curator.

Captain Stiles was the speaker of the evening, his topic being "Coin Collecting." A large exhibition of commemorative half dollars, gold, South American and Central American silver was displayed by various members. The evening closed with a lively auction.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—109th regular meeting, January 13, J. C. Archer, president, presiding. Fourteen members and one guest were present.

The dates of March 22 and 23 were set for the annual banquet to be held at the Neil House, Columbus, Ohio. Displays to be on exhibit from noon Saturday through Sunday. An auction to be held Sunday afternoon at 2 P. M., the banquet at 6 P. M. Sunday.

It was voted to amend our by-laws to the effect of making a charge of 5 per cent. for material offered for auction. Charles Kabealo and Bruce Ruggles were appointed as the auction committee.

Harry R. Rodecker was elected to membership, he being the sixty-ninth member of this club.

Raymond Starkloff was a visitor. His application for membership was accepted to be voted upon at the next meeting.

Charles Kabealo displayed a Pine Tree shilling, Oak Tree shilling, early mint issues of this country, 1795 silver dollar, type of 94; 1798 and 1839 silver dollars, 1866 half dollar, 1852 half cent.

Mr. Stotts: Two-cent pieces.

Fred Jewett: Cigarette cases and coin purses sent to him from Ecuador.

John Dawson: A collection of United States currency and misprints.

Mr. Skidmore: Japanese 10-sen piece.

Bruce Ruggles: Shield-type nickels, 1/2 dimes, two-cent pieces.

Nick Sharp: 1928 series paper dollar; 1917 D mint Lincoln cent with eleven die breaks on the reverse.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—110th regular meeting, February 10, J. C. Archer, president, presiding. Nineteen members and one guest were present.

Arrangements were made for the annual banquet to be held March 22 and 23. Outside members cordially invited.

It was voted that each member receive a copy of the Constitution and by-laws of this Society.

Raymond Starkloff was voted to membership. The application of William Thompson was accepted to be voted upon at the March meeting.

George Andrews gave a brief talk on the Marion (Ohio) Hobby Show. Nick Sharp gave an account of his visit to the Tri-State meet at Cincinnati.

A very interesting display by the members pertaining to Abraham Lincoln was shown.

An auction followed the meeting.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The Oregon Numismatic Society held its winter banquet February 10 in the Crystal Room at the Benson Hotel, Portland, Oregon. The fifty attending members and guests enjoyed a nice turkey dinner and program under the supervision of Jos. V. LaMore, toastmaster. Some splendid music was furnished by Anthony Piazz during the serving of the meal as well as immediately after on the program.

Howard Hughes displayed several types of Swedish plate money and gave a short description on how the large money came to be issued.

G. T. Dorner passed around for exhibition a Maria Theresa dollar of 1780 which is used to-day for money in Ethiopia, together with one of the currently issued Ethiopian dollars. George Pipes gave an explanatory talk.

Charles Lamb exhibited a Pine Tree shilling of the Massachusetts Colony, which Mr. Pipes accompanied with its history.

Leonard J. Trythall showed a United States Stella or \$4 gold piece and gave a short description of it and how it came to be issued. This is the only Stella in the city of Portland and is the first time it has been shown locally.

Henry Perry displayed a United States \$50 gold coin, octagonal, issued at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 1915.

The main event of the evening was a very interesting talk by John Slusher,

entitled "Money Talks." Mr. Slusher had made some research on the subject and certainly had some interesting statistics.

A novelty "Take It or Leave It" quiz with prizes was presented by Mr. Stephen Bibler, based on many questions about United States money.

After the banquet a short business meeting was held followed by an auction. The club has decided to obtain approximately forty trays to be used for the display of coins at exhibition events.

The Oregon Numismatic Society is the only club for coin collectors in Oregon, and is the largest in the Northwest. The organization was founded in 1936 and now has 54 members on its 1940-41 roster. While the meetings are held once a month in Portland it has a large list of members about the state—Roseburg, Klamath Falls, Oregon City, Milwaukie, Oak Grove, Hillsboro, Corvallis, Beaver-ton, The Dalles, also Vancouver, Wash., and two members from Burlington, Iowa, who manage to attend occasionally during the year. The present president, Howard Hughes is from Hillsboro; the vice-president, John Townsley is from Milwaukie, and the secretary, Stephen Bibler and treasurer, Hugh Ranken, are from Portland.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—294th meeting, February 12, President Sandburg presiding, with ten members present, as follows: Messrs. Oliver, Morse, Blackhall, MacIntosh, Gaylord, Black, Leheup, Hoekstra, Sandburg and Wheeler.

Our secretary, Mr. Willard, being ill at home, Vice-President Wheeler acted in that capacity.

Mr. Leheup exhibited his collection of large cents, complete from 1793 to 1857, most of which are in mint condition.

The door prize, a \$1 silver certificate of 1899, was won by Mr. Blackhall.

Dr. Black showed a Washington cent struck in silver.

An interesting auction closed the meeting.

HEART OF AMERICA NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—February 12, President Dr. Helman presiding, with 17 members and 6 visitors in attendance.

The evening was taken up with the nomination and election of officers for the ensuing year. The following were elected: A. P. Ford, president; R. Janda, vice-president; H. E. Rowold, secretary; M. H. Morgenroth, treasurer, and F. Shuler and R. Janda, board members.

A short auction following the meeting.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—February 10. Meeting called to order by President Bushnell, with 27 members and visitors present.

An application for membership was presented by W. J. Roehl.

Among the visitors introduced was Mr. Sherwin, from Racine, Wis., who gave a short talk.

It was decided to invite new local A. N. A. members as listed in The Numismatist to visit our society.

A discussion was held concerning our participation as a club in observance of National Coin Week, March 23 to 29. It was decided to make individual exhibits throughout the city at that time, mentioning National Coin Week and the Missouri Numismatic Society.

Our next regular meeting in March will be replaced with a "swap" night, at which time members will bring duplicates or coins they wish to dispose of. No auction or business meeting will be held and the entire time will be spent in buying, selling, or swapping coins.

Thos. I. MacCauley is exhibiting 125 historical medals, dating from 1864 to 1921, at the main Public Library.

An auction of 35 pieces, the last for some time, was held.

Our speaker for the evening was F. K. Saab, who gave us a very interesting talk on his recent attendance at the Mid-Winter Coin Meeting held by the Cincinnati Numismatic Association at the Netherland Plaza Hotel. Mr. Kelley and Mr. Olsen, from our society, also attended. Mr. Saab followed with a splendid group of moving pictures of Egypt and Palestine to close one of the best meetings of our current numismatic year.

Exhibits for the evening were as follows:

A. Paul Davis: Alexander tetradrachms and miscellaneous Greek coins.

A. B. Kelley: Proof Lincoln cents, gold proof Lincoln medals, proof half dollars, 1892-1910; set of Cincinnati commemorative half dollars.

F. K. Saab: Miscellaneous commemorative half dollars, proof coronation medals of Victoria, Edward VII, George V, Edward VIII and George VI.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—399th meeting, January 9. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Twenty-one members and two guests were present.

It was decided that invitations be sent to the following ladies, Mrs. D. R. Heath, Mrs. R. W. Stehfest, Mrs. R. Renz, Mrs. H. Allen and Mrs. L. H. Dodd, to attend the 400th meeting and banquet as guests of the Detroit Coin Club, in appreciation of their work during the A. N. A. Convention in Detroit last August.

A ten-minute recess was declared after which Mr. Fulton conducted an auction. Mr. Williams exhibited a fine collection of large Chinese coins.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—The banquet commemorating our four-hundredth meeting was held in the Colonial Room of the Detroit Leland Hotel on Thursday evening, January 23, at 6.30 P. M. Thirty-one members and thirty-one guests were present.

After a very delightful meal the meeting was called to order by President Rowe. It was decided that the regular order of business be dispensed with.

President Rowe introduced Harry Rapp, who gave an interesting talk on the history of the Detroit Coin Club and told about the medals commemorating our anniversary meetings, namely, 100th, 150th, 200th, and 300th meetings. Then Mr. Rapp, on behalf of the Detroit Coin Club, made the presentation to A. A. Grinnell of the gold medal struck in his honor for the 400th meeting.

Mr. Grinnell expressed his appreciation and it was very evident that he was completely surprised and overjoyed.

Michael Burney of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Detroit District, was introduced and gave a short talk and a 30-minute movie showing the manufacturing of money and gave detailed accounts of how to detect counterfeit money. After the movie, Mr. Burney answered questions.

President Rowe introduced Mrs. Stehfest, Mrs. Heath, Mrs. Renz, and Mrs. Allen, thanking them again in behalf of the Detroit Coin Club for their wonderful work during the recent A. N. A. Convention.

Mr. Noyes, as entertainment chairman of the evening, furnished music during the dinner.

New officers and past presidents were introduced. The door prize of the evening was won by Harry Rapp.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—401st meeting, February 6. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Twenty-four members and three visitors were present.

The secretary read a letter from A. A. Grinnell, thanking the Detroit Coin Club for the gold medal issued in his honor for the 400th meeting. A motion to have the letter placed in the club's minutes was carried.

February 1, 1941.

To the Members of the Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.

Dear Fellow-Members: The presentation of the gold medal was such a complete surprise to me, and I was so overcome, that I do not believe I adequately expressed my appreciation to you at the banquet commemorating our four hundredth meeting. I desire to now express my appreciation for this beautiful tribute which the members of the Detroit Coin Club has bestowed upon me. Although I feel that the distinction is unmerited, I deeply cherish your regard and will endeavor to prove myself worthy of it. It was one of the rarest experiences of my life. The medal is a beautiful one. I will place it with my dearest possessions and it will be a token of your esteem and goodwill.

Assuring you that you have made me most happy, and with kind regards to all, I remain,

Sincerely yours,

ALBERT A. GRINNELL.

Mr. Rowe thanked Mr. Noyes and his committee for their excellent work in putting over the 400th meeting and Mr. Rapp for his work on the medal and fine presentation.

It was decided to place two 400th meeting medals in the Detroit Coin Club cabinet.

Mr. Stehfest exhibited his Lincoln medals.

A ten-minute recess was declared, after which Mr. Fulton conducted an auction of 40 lots.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—35th meeting, February 14, President Yeoman presiding. Twelve members and four visitors were present. Visitors were Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Green and Mr. and Mrs. Grant Satters.

Plans were completed for the second annual banquet to be held at the Knights of Columbus Hall, April 17. Rev. A. G. Weiler will act as toastmaster. Ample room will be available for displays, to be in charge of John Carls. Arthur E. Jones will organize auction material.

Exhibits at the meeting were as follows:

C. E. Green: Complete set of Panama-Pacific International Exposition commemoratives.

Carl Borseth: 1903 Brilliant proof set, one cent to one dollar. 1879 proof set, one cent to one dollar, including Trade dollar. 1882 \$20 gold piece, extremely fine.

Louis Wilczynski: 1853 quarter dollar without arrows and rays, 3 over 2. 1879 proof Liberty seated dime.

John R. Stewart: 1825 proof half dollar. 1878 small s proof Trade dollar. 1921 Philadelphia half dollar, brill. unc. 1921 Philadelphia dime, brill. unc. 1868 pattern cent in nickel proof (A.-W. 698). 1869 pattern cent in nickel proof (A.-W. 820). 1869 pattern dime in silver proof (A.-W. 775). 1800-23 Papal States, Plus VII in gold. 1523-38 Venice, Italy.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Fourth meeting, February 14. Sixteen members and guests present. The meeting was called to order by President Hurst.

R. E. Stevenson announced that we had been voted a member of the club house in Byrd Park, which belongs to the City of Richmond, and that we could use this building for the small sum of \$2 a year. This was immediately accepted and the secretary was notified to mail a check for a year's dues at once.

Sam Levi, R. E. Stevenson, Ellis H. Michael and Russell Mansfield visited the meeting of the Washington Numismatic Society on February 3. Mr. Levi gave a most interesting report on his visit to the Washington meeting, which was most interesting and helpful to our club since we are in our infancy. Mr. Levi said that our members were made to feel at home and were entertained with wonderful exhibits and talks by Mr. Ziegler, Mr. Dyson and Mr. Weikert.

S. W. Freeman, who is one of the best authorities on large cents in Virginia, displayed his collection of uncirculated cents from 1793 to 1857, on which he discussed the different features, etc.

Mr. Hurst asked each member to bring at least one coin to our next meeting, and also announced that we would have our first auction sale at that time.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—February 13. The sixty-eighth meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with forty members and guests present.

W. J. Delaney and F. C. C. Boyd were elected to membership.

Announcement was made of the death of two of our members. Grant S. Hanley, charter member and our first vice-president. Mr. Hanley was one of those who did much to make it what it is today. The death of Howard W. Joline causes us to lose an active member who was always active during the meetings and

ever ready to do his part to help the club. By unanimous vote, pages in the book of minutes were reserved in commemoration.

The greater part of all our meetings are taken with reports of committees and plans for the A. N. A. Convention next Fall. The problem of giving our guests the best convention ever and at the same time keeping the cost per person down to \$5 registration is a very big but interesting task.

Mr. Brittingham resigned as chairman of the membership committee because, we learn with regret, he is leaving the City. Mr. Magee was appointed chairman.

A unanimous vote of thanks was given Mr. Bechtel for his fine co-operation in a gift of stationery for our convention correspondence.

One of the best entertainment programs we have ever had was offered by Mr. Schulman, which included a beautiful display of rare coins, with a discussion of them, and a question and answer quiz that was finally won by Mr. Schick. The prize for winning was a \$3 purchase order on Mr. Schulman. As additional entertainment Mr. Schulman offered us a number of humorous limericks dealing with coins and collecting.

The chance prize, a complete set of King Edward VIII coins, was won by Mr. Vansant. The door prize, Scott's "1941 United States Coins and Currency," was won by Mr. Batt. The vote for having the best display of the evening went to Mr. Leatherman, who presented an appropriate collection of Washington medals.

Following adjournment, a spirited auction was held.

MADISON COIN CLUB—February 10. This meeting was the most interesting from the standpoint of participation and activity, held thus far this year.

After a brief discussion of the coming National Coin Week and how we are going to observe the event, the sixteen members and guests engaged in two auctions. Mr. Barnes, who started the auction of an estate last meeting, completed it with the sale of a variety of copper and gold coins. The other auction was of coins sent to us.

Several members brought interesting exhibits to the meeting. They were as follows:

Louis Burger: 1904 Philippine set.

Ray Rinden: California Ham and Egg currency and State bank bills.

Theo. Werder: Three rosaries with various coins and medals attached.

Mrs. Norton: Indian cent collection in album.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—89th meeting, February 13. Sixteen members and two guests were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Wade read several newspaper items of numismatic interest.

President Husker announced the executive committee for the current year to be C. F. Nettleship, Jr., H. Prescott Beach, Frank Nixdorff, W. C. Blaisdell, Vernon L. Brown and the present officers.

President Husker read a most informative and interesting paper on the Hard Times tokens struck at Belleville, N. J. He said the material was excerpts from Wm. H. Shaw's "History of Essex County," compiled by Mr. Shaw in 1834.

The topic committee reported next month's subject will be "Coins, Tokens, and Medals of the Islands of the West Atlantic."

The topic for the meeting was "Hard Times Tokens Relating to New Jersey" and "Coins of Africa," and the exhibits follow:

Mr. Barnett: Japan, 10-yen gold proof; Japan, 5-yen gold, uncirculated; 1833 Jackson medal in gold and silver, proof; 1860 View of Pikes Peak, pattern in copper; 1861 Clark Gruber & Co., pattern, gold plated; 1861 Clark Gruber & Co., pattern \$20, \$10 and \$5, pewter.

Mr. Beach: A very fine Danish gold piece—2 Frederick d'Or, 1838, reign of Frederick VI; English gold noble of Charles II.

Mr. Blake: Assortment of United States bills; Die proof of A. Lincoln portrait, by G. F. C. Smillie; book, "The American Bond Detector," dated 1869.

Mrs. Brookes: Double Kroner (crown) of Christian IV, 1618; Jersey City Coin Club's third annual banquet token.

Mr. Brookes: Djibouti 50 centimes; Cape of Good Hope pattern; coins from Tunis, German East Africa, Sierra Leone, Toga, Transvaal and Somaliland; set Southern Rhodesia; Cowrie shells; French Ecu counterstamped for Berne; one yen, Japan, counterstamped.

Mr. Husker: Spanish dollars.

Mr. Hermeth: Ten large copper Papal coins, 2, 2½ and 5 baiocci.

Mr. Hughes: Set of Transvaal Kruger coins; Ethiopia, Maria Theresa, and Menelik dollars; St. Helena, 1921, halfpenny; Liberia, 1833, cent; coins from Nigeria and British West Africa; Hard Times and Civil War tokens from Newark, Belleville, Trenton and Jersey City.

Mr. Liveright: Coins from St. Thomas.

Mr. May: Cross to non-commissioned officers and men for the Battle of Eckernförde, April 5, 1849, to the Saxe-Coburg-Gotha battalion in the Schleswig-Holstein campaign. Ernest II (1844-93) of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha commanded the reserve brigade of which this battalion was a part.

Mr. Nettleship: War medals: Queen's South Africa, 5 bars; King's, South Africa, 2 bars; Egyptian, 1 bar; Tunis, Order of Nihlan Iftikhar officer's badge, third class. Coins of Carthage, Morocco, Tunis, Mozambique, East Africa, Uganda, French Cameroons, Egypt, Ethiopia, German East Africa, Liberia, East Africa (British), Eritrea.

Mr. Purrrington: Egypt, 2, 5, 10, 20 piasters; 5 and 10 milliemes. Tunisia, 50 centimes, 1 and 2 francs. Morocco, 25, 50 centimes, 1, 5 and 10 francs; 5-franc note. British West Africa, 3d., 6d., 12d., shilling. British East Africa, 25, 50 cents, 1 shilling. Belgian Congo, 50 centimes, 1 franc.

Mr. Wade: Morocco, ryal and 20 francs. Tunis, 20 francs. Iraq, 1 ryal. Soudan, 20 piasters. Egypt, 20 piasters. Ethiopia, Menelik II and Maria Theresa. Belgian Congo, 5 francs. Comoro Islands, 5 cts.

Mr. Waters: \$5 U. S. gold piece, 1834, without motto.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—January 13. The meeting was called to order by President Bushnell with 25 members and visitors present.

A letter from David M. Bullowa, chairman, stating the purpose of National Coin Week, was read and a committee headed by A. B. Kelley appointed to plan some activity on our part for observance of National Coin Week. Other members of the committee are H. J. Hulett, G. E. May, F. K. Saab, and A. A. Taylor.

An invitation was received from the Cincinnati Numismatic Association to attend their Mid-winter Coin Meeting, January 25 and 26.

A copy of "Our Metallic Money", by E. O. Webb, was received from the New Netherlands Coin Co. as a donation to our library.

An auction was held.

Following the auction we were entertained by the Rev. S. M. Pronko, who gave a short but interesting talk on "The Philippines," based on observations and experiences from his eight years on the islands.

Exhibits for the evening were as follows:

H. J. Hulett: Cents, 2 cents, 3c. nickel, dimes, quarters and half dollars in varying condition with most of the sets complete.

A. B. Kelley: Patterns of various denominations in brilliant proof condition. 1909 Fulton and Hudson gold dollars. 1878 Goloid metric dollar. 1830 Russian 6 rubles in platinum.

T. L. Moore: Complete proof sets, 3c. nickels, and Liberty Head 5c. nickels (including 1912 D and S uncirculated).

G. E. May: Half cents, large cents, silver dollars.

F. K. Saab: Complete sets 20c. pieces, uncirculated and proof; proof quarters, 1858-1892, and proof coins of 1897. Also a number of Morgan dollars in proof and a set of 1937 Dominican Republic coins.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—January 13, with 28 members in attendance. Three visitors were also present, being from Salem, Hillsboro and Portland, Ore.

The newly elected officers for 1941 were installed, and the new president, Mr. Hughes, appointed the various committees and appointive officers.

The secretary read the paper by George Pipes, entitled "Early Currency in the Oregon Country," and President Hughes placed on exhibition several of the mentioned coins, being those of Hudson Bay Company and Northwest Company, which are now quite rare.

The proposed Northwest meeting of coin clubs was discussed and a committee was appointed to arrange for the plans, together with the Seattle and Tacoma organizations. Local exhibitions and the obtaining of display trays were brought up for attention.

Data was taken from the various members with a view to publishing an annual bulletin of the members, addresses, specialties and collection interest.

Arrangements were made for a series of raffles to be held to assist the club treasury. Our leading lady member, Mrs. Cohon, volunteered to commence the raffle at the next meeting.

It was decided to hold a banquet at the Benson Hotel at the February meeting, and a committee was appointed to arrange for the affair.

The club now has 45 members in good standing, including four ladies. One new member joined at this meeting.

A poll was taken among members which favored the continuance of auctions after each meeting and holding short talks by members or others on strictly coin-collecting subjects, in lieu of foreign or other subjects.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—January 15. Six members were present.

The topics discussed during the evening were: All types of emergency money of the world; Austrian and German money in paper, metal, wood, porcelain, linen, silk, kidskin, leather, aluminum foil, etc., used for emergency purposes and for commemorative celebrations; U. S. scrip; wooden money; sales tax; Ohio sales tax coupons; emergency food stamps.

Applications for membership of A. Slabaugh, of Oakland, Md., and Dr. S. G. Holmes, of Boston, Mass., were submitted and approved.

The items exhibited were as follows:

Ten heller wooden money dated 1920, issued at Hadersfeld, Austria. 1 krone emergency note of 1918, issued at Bozen, Austria. 10, 20, 50 heller paper notgeld of 1920, issued at Aigen, issued in eight varieties of colors. Emergency paper notes issued by the Chambers of Commerce, Amiens, France, 50 cent, 1 and 2 francs, 1915, redeemable before 11/5/20; Toulouse, France, 50 cent, and 1 franc, 1917, redeemable before 12/31/22. Municipal emergency notes, issued at Lille, France, 1915-1916, 5, 10, 25 cent, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 francs, 1916. 50, 100 marks printed on kidskin by the City of Osterwieck, in the Hartz Mountains, Germany, 1924. 5c. and 10c. wooden money, issued in 1937 at Dunmore, Pa. 5c. wooden money, issued in 1939 at Redwood Falls, Minn. Set of new Ohio sales tax coupons in pairs—Columbian VIII—3, 6, 9, 15, 30, 60c. and \$3. Scrip issued at Urbana, Ill., by the Association of Commerce, March 7, 1933. 10, 25, 50c., \$1 and \$5. Set of scrip issued at Rice Lake, Wis., March 4, 1933. 5, 25, 50c., \$1 and \$5. Collection of Russian Government credit notes of the last Czar (Nicholas II).

SYRACUSE NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—112th meeting, January 10. The meeting was attended by five members and one guest. In the absence of the president and vice-president, the meeting was conducted by the secretary. Correspondence was read, including a letter from Chairman Bullowa of National Coin Week, March 23rd to 29th. This matter is to be taken up in more detail at our next meeting on February 7.

It was decided to postpone until our next meeting the election of officers for 1941.

Merton Snyder, 407 Pleasantview Ave., Syracuse, was elected to membership.

AKRON COIN CLUB—January 20. 29th meeting was called to order by President R. W. Miller, with 14 members and 6 visitors present.

Mrs. John Thorpe and Mr. E. Gibbs were elected to membership.

A proposed constitution and by-laws was discussed and will be voted on at the February meeting.

Plans were made for the club's participation in making displays during National Coin Week. This year's displays and talks will be the finest ever held in Akron.

R. B. Heuser gave a talk on the prices of coins now, as compared with the past two years. L. E. Herman submitted articles of numismatic news.

President Miller outlined the program for the year. In addition to the regular program presented by the program committee there will be short talks on the following topics: "Numismatic News" and "Numismatic Personalities."

Displays were as follows:

S. J. Kabealo: Trade dollars, half dimes, complete set of Standing Liberty quarters and shield type 5-cent pieces in uncirculated condition.

Mr. Hammett: Coins of Great Britain, Japan, China and Eritrea.

Mr. McKinney: Early English silver coins.

Mr. Miller: Broken-bank bills.

Mrs. Metz: Presidential badges and medals.

V. C. Oblisk: Coins, tokens and medals bearing Presidential portraits.

DAYTON COIN CLUB—38th meeting, December 30, was called to order by President Granger.

The newly elected officers for 1941 are as follows: President, C. B. Lott, Xenia; vice-president, Lorin E. Combs, Dayton; secretary, Clyde S. Gibbons, Spring Valley, R. F. D. 2; assistant secretary, J. Lewis Good, 305 West Second Street, Xenia; curator, F. E. Thornton.

A very interesting letter was read from William Stringham, who has recently retired from business and has built himself a home in Florida, where he and Mrs. Stringham expect to spend quite a little time.

The displays were as follows:

Mr. Thornton and Son: 6 crowns from six countries and a pattern cent.

Mr. Thobe: 1940 proof set; 2 cents, 1868, brilliant proof; ½ Louisiana gold; Feuchwanger's cent, and 1856 cent altered from 1858.

Mr. Lott: 1905 and 1925-D \$2½ gold in unc. condition.

Mr. Granger: 1917 McKinley dollar; one of the largest Egyptian bronzes and one of the tiniest of Greek bronzes; medallion of Lucius Verus in bronze, very fine, and three tetradrachms of the Ptolemies.

Mr. Good: 1/12 anna of India, George V, Unc.; 6 pence, George V of India; 1 real, Guatemala, Unc.; 2 Philippine cents, Ex. F.; penny, England, George V, Unc.; Canada, 5 cents, George V.

Mr. Gibbons: Three medals of Washington 35 and 40 mm.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—301st meeting called to order by Past President Mitchell in the absence of the President, December 11. Sixteen members were present in addition to six guests.

The program committee stated that a Christmas party would be held immediately after the meeting.

The report of the Secretary-Treasurer was accepted and referred to the Auditing Committee.

It was decided to purchase two 25th Anniversary medals for the society's collection and to be passed to the Librarian-Curator.

Mr. Knabenschuh made a motion that the incoming President appoint a social committee. The motion was lost.

The nominating committee rendered the following report for 1941 officers: For president, Earl Parker; vice-president, Stanley Blois; secretary-treasurer, E. Fogler; librarian-curator, Roy Hill.

The balloting resulted in the election of Mr. Hansen and the other three officers nominated by the committee.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—81st meeting, January 21. President Jacob called the meeting to order and presided over a gathering of 13 members and 6 guests.

The President appointed the following committees for 1941, the first named to act as chairman:

Prospects—Messrs. Dewey, Gutttag, Carpenter, Lott and F. Tarter. Topics—Messrs. Stein, Gutttag and Sghia. Membership—Messrs. Cox, Brooke, Bullowa, Baker and De Martini. Medallion Art—Messrs. Coppini, Lighte and Morris. Public Relation—Messrs. Dewey, Lighte and Massey. Legal Advisors—Messrs. McGill and Stein. Ladies Reception—Mrs. Dewey. Annual Dinner—Messrs. Dewey, Deas and Marsden. Guests Reception—Messrs. Sghia and Baker.

The date of Coin Week was announced, and preparations for the observance of this week will be taken up at the February meeting.

The guests of the evening were welcomed by the president and introduced: Miss Price, reporter of the New Rochelle Standard Star, W. Ray Carpenter, of the New York Numismatic Club, Master Walter Trahmstrom, a Mount Vernon member of Boy Scout Troop 36, the first Scout in Westchester County to receive the merit badge for coin collecting, and who was presented with a 1940 U. S. proof set of coins by the club. Mr. and Mrs. Trahmstrom, parents of Walter, were introduced.

G. W. Husker, of Newark, N. J., the first of a series of guest speakers, was introduced and gave a very interesting talk on "Senatorial Bronze Coinage of Rome," with a fine selection of such pieces to illustrate his talk.

Mr. Dewey, chairman of the Award of Merit Committee, was called to present the second annual plaque, which was won by Saul Bellus for his outstanding all-around numismatic work during 1940. Mr. Bellus expressed his appreciations.

Topics of the evening: Copper coins of Massachusetts; U. S. dimes (1796 to 1853); coins and tokens of Canada; Hellenic Kings, and items of your own interest and recent acquisitions.

Exhibits were placed and explained. A paper was read by Mr. Jacob on the subject of Canadian Tokens, with many tokens to illustrate the paper. Mr. Massey also read a paper on the Guildhall, London, which was recently destroyed. Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Sghia: Choice dimes from 1796 to 1853; Massachusetts half cent and cent, and 6 tokens of Canada.

Mr. Husker: 61 Roman bronzes to illustrate talk.

Mr. Weidhaas: Battersea enamel replica of 5-pound note, 1877.

Mr. Dewey: Minor 20th century coins of Canada; 2 medals of Admiral Dewey in white metal, and Massachusetts cent.

Mr. W. Ray Carpenter: Roman coins covering the invasion of Britain; Roman coins commemorating victories over the Britains; Roman coins struck in Britain, British coins struck by Maestrel, Briot, Simon and Wyon, and a Workhouse copper 6-pence token.

Mr. Cox: New York Numismatic Club Presidential medal for Arthur W. Deas, 1937-38-39 and 40.

Mr. Brooke: 35 Canadian tokens from 1781 to 1833, and 2 commemorative pieces of Horatio Nelson made from the copper and wood of his flagship.

Mr. Jacob: Tokens of Canada during both French and British regime.

Mr. Kosoff, past president of the Brooklyn Coin Club, invited the members to the annual dinner of that club. An invitation was also extended to the members by W. Ray Carpenter to attend the annual dinner of the Jersey City Coin Club. Mr. Husker announced the next talk to be given at the American Numismatic Society as being on February 8, 1941.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—January 16th. Thirteen members and five guests were present. This meeting was one of the best meetings we have had for some time. It may have been on account of it being our annual ladies' night.

H. D. Gibbs, the newly elected president, presided and the newly elected secretary was installed.

The new president made his regular committee appointments. As the Pittsburgh Coin Club will entertain the Penn-Ohio Club Association in the Fort Pitt Hotel on April 26th, the members elected Mr. Gibbs chairman for this meeting. He is to name his own committee also to work in conjunction with the president of the Penn-Ohio Coin Club Association, S. J. Kabealo.

Sam J. Kabealo gave a very interesting talk on the aims of this association.

The following exhibits were shown and described:

James S. Kerr: 1806-1826-1831 and 1857 pennies of England.

James H. Layton: \$5 gold from Canada; ten pesos gold from Spain, and Sesqui, \$2½ gold.

Harold J. Kuhl: Collection of undated depression pennies.

Frederick Kobsik: Combination collection of U. S. half dollars and postage stamps in a frame—a nice display.

K. L. McIntosh: Set of Swedish plate money; a set of stainless steel coins from Italy.

Rudolph Rehula: Uncirculated and proof set of U. S. 5-cent pieces 1883 to 1940.

Dr. Gillis: Two nice medals recently acquired by him.

H. D. Gibbs: China: Coin mold from year 300 B. C.; twelve jade coins; twenty Chinese sycee, ½ to 20 tael, and a very nice set of United States cents, 1793 to 1810, inclusive, all uncirculated except the 1799, which is very fine.

J. E. Cunningham: A collection of type coins of the United States.

After the several exhibits were explained by their owners, the club divided into a ladies' and men's quiz party. The president asked questions about coins, also about up-to-date matters. The men beat the ladies this time, but the ladies will do better the next time they are invited to attend our meetings.

MADISON COIN CLUB—January 13. Meeting held at the home of President Gordon Gill. A large number of members and guests were present.

Two letters were read, one telling of National Coin Week and the other inviting the club members to the Milwaukee Coin Club banquet.

Mr. Barns, a guest of the club, assisted by Ray Rinden, auctioned off a large number of foreign and United States coins which he had received from an estate.

After the auction Mr. Gill threw open his hobby room to the club so that it might see his splendid collections.

NORTHWEST COIN CLUB—February meeting, President Nelson presiding. There were 25 members present, and two visitors made application for membership.

Plans were discussed in connection with the annual Twin City stamp and coin exhibition which this year will be held from March 5 through 9, inclusive.

William Hartman resigned as chairman of the board, due to his being called fir military service. Paul Olson was appointed to succeed him.

An auction followed.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—77th meeting, February 7, was called to order by President A. J. Pilmaier.

The secretary was instructed to notify all members in good standing that they should attend the next meeting to vote on a change in the by-laws, Article III, Section 2.

Frank MacNeill, who was dropped by the American Numismatic Association, was also dropped from membership in our club.

Two visitors were present and had a number of coins for sale.

An auction was held.

Mr. Haase exhibited his collection of uncirculated and proof cents.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—January 23. There were 16 members and a guest, George Clark, present.

Dr. Plummer announced that he would have an exhibit of obsolete paper money for our next meeting, a program night, on February 5.

President Cook read the correspondence between Mr. Cockey and F. Sedwick in reference in the interest of the Boy Scouts in the collection of coins the club had given.

An auction was held.

SIOUX CITY COIN CLUB—January 20. The application of the Sioux City Coin Club has been accepted by the American Numismatic Association and the club will become a member of that organization in March, the group learned at its January meeting.

W. A. Guernsey, the program chairman, had arranged a new and interesting feature for the group and stressed the idea of having fun at the meetings as well as the educational side.

In his talk on "Know What to Collect and Why," Mr. Guernsey brought out the fact that there were three classes of people who collect coins—the accumulators, who merely save coins because they thought they might be valuable some day, and gave as an example of this type the many people who have saved Indian head cents with the hope that they would some day be valuable; the collector who has some idea of what he wants to collect, and the numismatist who knows the different grades of coins and collects definite ones.

Mr. Guernsey said that numismatists had been inclined to be liberal in the grading of coins in the past, but there was a tendency toward using a more uniform system of grading all coins at the present time. At this point Mr. Guernsey passed around examples from his own collection of coins illustrating the different types, which are proof, uncirculated, fine, good, fair, poor, and mutilated, and asked the members of the club to rate the condition of the coins themselves before looking to see how he had rated them. He recommended the collecting of better coins and not being in too much of a hurry to fill out certain groups, as there are different coins being put on the market from time to time.

The advent of the coin boards in 1935 caused an increase in the price of coins with the new demand for them. Many of these new collectors were children who saved the smaller coins.

At the conclusion of his talk Mr. Guernsey conducted a quiz on coins, asking questions which numismatists should know. This feature proved very popular with the members and brought forth a lively discussion on some points.

W. S. Snyder was the winner of the door prize.

BURLINGTON COIN CLUB—The regular meeting of January 20 was marked by a discussion of type collecting and plans for the winter and spring program.

An outside speaker will be sought for the first February meeting. The club will send two or three carloads of members to the Quad City meeting in Davenport, March 13.

It was voted to hold meetings on alternate Monday nights instead of the first and third, and also to have a bulletin issued prior to each session.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—January 13. Meeting called to order by President Williams with 14 members and 2 guests present.

A notice was read from Mr. Bullowa in regard to National Coin Week.

A letter was read from Toronto with suggested dates to select from for our invitation. The letter was referred to the committee in charge to select the date.

President Williams appointed Messrs. Herrick, Taylor, Wild, Metz and Howard Myers to the committee on National Coin Week.

J. S. Davenport, of Knoxville, Tenn., was elected to membership.

Mr. Taylor suggested as an item of numismatic interest that each member bring one piece from his collection in which they have some particular interest and display it to the club and give a short talk on it.

Mr. Blackley promised to have some interesting material for auction at the following meeting.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—Fifth meeting, January 22. The regular meeting was dispensed with for the showing of two U. S. Secret Service films entitled "Making Money" and "Know Your Money," both narrated by Lowell Thomas.

Two new members, T. N. Richardson and John W. E. Chambers, Sr., were welcomed into the club.

Following the showing of the films the customary club auction was held.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—76th meeting, January 31. President Culver presided, with forty-four members in attendance.

Mr. Culver, chairman of the C. S. N. S. Convention to be held on the 26th and 27th of April, passed out copies of a one-page periodical called the C. S. N. S. Grapevine. This paper will be issued until the convention date.

President Culver gave the club the highlights of his year in office, calling special attention to the 1940 National Coin Week and to the coming convention, when the Milwaukee club will be hosts to collectors from the Central States area.

A. P. Bertschy and Anton V. Pelecky were admitted to membership.

The new officers installed were: N. J. Hoffman, president; L. W. Culver, vice-president; Harry Collura, secretary; Thaddeus Olbinski, treasurer; George Knippel, sergeant-at-arms; H. L. Polzer, librarian.

President Hoffman briefly outlined plans for the coming year.

A copy of "Private Gold Pattern and Experimental Pieces" was donated to the club library by John Stewart.

The highlight of the meeting was the entertainment furnished by M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary of the A. N. A. By a process he perfected himself, he projected the coins on a screen, thus bringing out in detail all the defects.

blemishes, varieties, etc., of a coin that cannot be seen by the naked eye. Mr. Sheldon has promised to be on hand with his projector for the C. S. N. S. Convention.

Mr. Stewart exhibited fifteen gold, silver and pattern pieces, both United States and foreign.

Edward T. Newell Dies Suddenly

Edward T. Newell, President of the American Numismatic Society, New York, and former President of the New York Numismatic Club, as well as a Life Member of the American Numismatic Association, died suddenly on February 18, 1941. He was 55 years old.

Mr. Newell was the foremost authority on classical coins, and had written extensively on numismatic subjects. He was well known throughout this country and Europe, having brought together one of the finest private collections of ancient coins. As a scholar, his reputation was firmly established, and his affable manner endeared him to all collectors and friends, who mourn his passing. A more complete notice of his numismatic activities will be published in the near future.

LIKES CIRCULATED COINS.

In reply to an article published in the February issue of *The Numismatist* by an amateur collector, I will say that in some respects I agree with him that the collecting of circulated coins is very interesting, and I feel that every collector should have a collection of old coins for show purposes. I like to take my old coins and show them to my friends and patients and sit back and notice their interest and exclamations as they look them over. I find that there is not one in a thousand who has ever seen the following coins: 20-cent silver, 3-cent nickel and silver, Liberty seated coins, large cents, half cents, shield nickels, small gold coins and early American coins.

I have made quite a few new collectors by showing them my coins, and feel that if more collectors would take time and do the same, hundreds of new collectors could be added to our already large number of fans.

A collector just cannot let the general public handle his uncirculated coins because the value would be destroyed. However, in order to build a beautiful, interesting and valuable collection I shall keep on doing it the uncirculated-coin way.

My suggestion to beginners and those who do not like to invest much money in purchasing past uncirculated coins is to start their uncirculated collections right now. We have two new types of coins of recent issues, namely the Jefferson nickel and the Washington quarter, neither of which is as yet expensive, and when completed at some future date will be just as beautiful, interesting and valuable as the past type collection.

DR. R. A. KREHER.

Mondovi, Wis., Feb. 10.

Notice to District Secretaries

Officers and District Secretaries of the Association may obtain from the Director of Publicity a limited number of copies of Haskin's "Everybody's Coin Book."

These booklets have proved to be of value and interest to collectors, especially beginners, and have been of assistance to District Secretaries in previous years in promoting publicity for the Association among prospective members.

This offer is restricted to Officers and District Secretaries, but others may obtain copies of the booklet directly from the publisher, Frederic J. Haskin, Washington, D. C., at a cost of 10 cents each.

LEWIS M. REAGAN, Director of Publicity.

99 Livingston St., Brooklyn, New York.

ADDED STARS MAKE DIFFERENT TYPE.

Collectors have long felt that in some series the types were adequate to represent the issue, and that an entire date sequence was not always required.

As a rule, types have been distinguished either by different designs entirely, or by arrangements of stars, headdress or other significant change.

We should like to take this opportunity to draw attention to the fact that the gold eagles and double eagles issued since 1909 have been of two types. The first type of the double eagle has 46 stars around the obverse field. The second type, issued in 1912, and thereafter until 1933, has 48 stars around the border. The two additional stars, representing the new States, New Mexico and Arizona, were added at right on the rock.

The stars on the eagle are around the edge, as a protective border. The eagles issued prior to 1912 of the St. Gaudens type have 46 stars, and in 1912 and thereafter the number was increased to 48.

In view of the attention which is paid to the early coins of this country with 15 or 16 stars representing the States first added to the Union, it would seem that the change of type, finally establishing the 48 States numismatically, would also be of interest.

NUMISMATIC LANTERN SLIDES AVAILABLE.

Through the courtesy of M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary of the A. N. A., there will now be available for the members and clubs affiliated with the A. N. A. a series of approximately 100 plastic projector lantern slides depicting coins. These slides will make it possible for schools, lecturers and numismatic clubs throughout the country to have illustrated talks on coins, without the necessity of having to ship coins to the place of the lecture.

In several groups these slides have already been shown, and the results have been most encouraging. Attendance at meetings of organizations having illustrated lectures is always an improvement over the usual meeting.

These slides may be obtained by writing the A. N. A. Librarian and Curator, Ted R. Hammer, 1511 S. Main Street, Burlington, Iowa, who will ship selections for loan on a basis similar to that of persons borrowing books from the Library.

PROOF COINS STRUCK SINCE 1936.

Following is the number of proof coins struck since 1936:

	1936.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.
Cents	5,569	9,320	14,734	13,520	15,872
Nickels	4,420	5,769	19,365	12,535	14,158
Dimes	4,130	5,756	8,728	9,321	11,827
Quarters	3,837	5,542	8,045	8,795	11,246
Half Dollars	3,901	5,728	8,152	8,808	11,279

JOSEPH SILVERMAN.

AN EARLY ISSUE OF LEATHER MONEY.

In 1836 an unusual bank note was issued in Prince Edward Island. The note was of the value of two shillings and sixpence and was payable when presented with three other notes. The note was printed on leather by a merchant, William Fitzpatrick.

The issue was occasioned by the scarcity of small currency.

The issuer is said to have composed the following verse about his leather notes:

"Nothing like leather was said of old,
But I have made leather as good as gold."

At present, the notes are so rare that the whereabouts of only two specimens are known.

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Brazil—A new issue of paper currency has been reported which will be used to pay for domestically produced gold sold to the Bank of Brazil for the account of the Republic.

Burma—A curious coin issued in paper is now circulating in Burma. Specially printed one-rupee notes have been released due to the shortage of silver coinage now being hoarded. The one-rupee bank note is not redeemable by the Reserve Bank of India, and is a legal tender by law. In addition to these facts, it is legally considered to be included in the term "rupee coin," so that although it is a paper obligation, it is legally a coin!

Germany—The number of coins held by the citizens of the German Reich has decreased slightly during the last year. The amount of coin held by the banks has decreased almost seventy per cent. The amount of paper currency in circulation has shown a marked increase.

ROYAL CANADIAN MINT COINAGE FOR 1940.

Silver:	No. Struck	No. Issued
Dollar .....	.....	.....
50 cents	1,996,566	1,936,000
25 cents	9,583,650	9,372,000
10 cents	16,526,470	15,340,000
Nickel 5 cents	13,920,197	13,210,000
Bronze cent	85,740,532	82,280,000

In addition to the above there was struck for Newfoundland a total of 600,000 pieces of various denominations.

CHINA ISSUES SMALL-DENOMINATION NOTES.

China has recently issued one-cent notes with a representation of the coinage on the obverse, which has as its central design, the ancient spade money. The notes are printed in red and have on the reverse an ancient pagoda. The notes are issued by the Central Bank of China and have the following inscription in small type on the obverse: UNION PUBLISHERS and PRINTERS, FED. INC., U. S. A. Whether the "U. S. A." means the same to the Chinese as to Americans is not certain.

NUMISMATIC SOCIETY OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

At the May, 1940, meeting of the Numismatic Society of South Australia a talk was given by Mr. J. Hunt Deacon upon the subject of "Coins and What They Tell." This talk was a plea for the taking of greater interest in one's own collection and a more minute study and understanding of the marks which appear upon the coins. Taking for illustration a Spade guinea (a specimen of which was exhibited by the president, Canon T. H. Frewin), the speaker gave the history or meaning of all the markings to be seen; dealt with the portrait; and exhaustively treated the coat-of-arms. He spoke upon the Holy Roman Empire; the Seven Electors; the ninth Electorate (of Brunswick-Luneberg); the history of the House of Guelph, and its division into the lines of Brunswick-Wolfenbittel and Luneberg. While speaking on the coin mention was made of its name, meaning, origin, varying value, metal, standard, gold value, fine gold content, and of other data not actually shown upon the coin. The speaker pointed out that while much of the information gleaned from a minute study of the history of the markings might not be regarded as important to the particular coin studied, the student unsuspectingly would gather a store of information that would be of immense use later in identifying other specimens. The talk closed with an appeal to members not to consider their specimens from the angle of what they were worth, but from what they can tell.

At the June meeting of the society Mr. C. A. Priaulx gave an interesting talk on the "Early History of Japan and the Origins of Its Culture." In his introduction to the numismatic portions of his paper mention was made of the origin of the name Nippon or Nihon (Sun's origin), and from which the land became known as that "of the Rising Sun." From ancient chronicles it is learned that the forerunner of the first Emperor (Jimmu c. B. C. 660) was the god Ninigi, who descended upon the eastern peak of the Mountain Kirishima-Yama. Mention was made that scientific researches into the origin of the Japanese were not seriously made until the Meiji era. Various indications were shown of the Chinese culture, even as far back as the Han dynasty. Particular interest was shown in Mr. Priaulx's account of the Japanese language and the various forms and pronunciations of the characters. The introduction of a settled and uniform currency throughout Japan was one of the many reforms or innovations which followed the overthrow of the Tokugawa Shogunate in 1868, and the Meiji Restoration.

Mr. Priaulx dealt very thoroughly with the modern Japanese coinage, particularly matters concerning the coins themselves, their standards, currency, commissions, and economics. The paper proved to be of outstanding interest in many ways, and was greatly appreciated by all present, as was also the inspection of Mr. Priaulx's exhibition of coins to illustrate his paper.

URGES RESUMPTION OF COINAGE OF GOLD.

Percy H. Johnston, chairman of Chemical Bank and Trust Company, New York City, urged at the 117th annual meeting of the bank's stockholders that any further extension of the President's authority over money should be refused after his power expires on June 30, 1941. Mr. Johnston also suggested that coinage of gold and its free circulation for all money purposes should be resumed as soon as possible.

"One of the gravest dangers in our possession of so much gold is the fact that the dollar can be further devalued at the wish of one man—the President," he asserted. "The United States, with its monopoly of gold, has the greatest opportunity for devaluation of any nation."—New York Herald-Tribune.

MISCELLANEOUS NUMISMATIC BRIEFS.

The Carisia gens in Rome issued a denarius showing on the obverse the head of Juno Moneta, and on the reverse, the tools used in the process of coinage. It was struck about 48 B. C.

There is a very curious coin of Rome, which shows a member of the Cassia gens casting a ballot (yes) in the ballot box. Another specimen of Rome, a denarius of 110 B. C., marks the introduction of the polling booth. That was issued by P. Licinius Nerva.

The Roman portrait series commences about 100 years B. C., when a denarius with the head of Scipio Africanus the elder was issued, bearing his likeness, but about 85 years after his death.

One of the finest medals in the series of English coronation medals is that issued in 1661 by Charles II. It was designed by the famous medallist Simon and is considered the masterpiece of his work. It shows the crowned bust of the king right with long curls. On the reverse the king is seated on his throne, and an angel places the crown on his head.

The medal issued in 1837 by Wyon upon the visit of the Queen to the Guildhall has long been a popular philatelic item, as it is the same profile which appears upon the famous "penny black" postage stamp.

The coinage of the Isle of Man commenced in 1668, when a brass token penny was coined. The last coinage was in 1839, when a series with a portrait of Queen Victoria appeared in the penny, halfpenny and farthing values.

Mark Newby pieces are known in gold, silver, copper and lead.

Japan has an Order of the Golden Kite, which was instituted by the Emperor Mutsuhito in 1891, to be awarded solely for acts of bravery performed in action by officers and men of the Army and Navy. According to an ancient legend, it was a kite which helped win a victory for an early Japanese Emperor.

Southern Rhodesia has joined the large bloc of sterling countries which are prohibiting the importation of currencies. This is aimed chiefly at British pounds, of which large quantities were secured in the occupied and invaded parts of Europe, which England is now trying to freeze out of liquid circulation and which is currently being trafficked in at bootleg rates.

In the early eighteenth century there were more Spanish milled dollars than dollars coined in the United States in circulation, as they were heavier than the latter and commanded a premium.

William H. Crawford, whose portrait appears upon the 50-cent notes of the fractional currency's "Fifth Series," was Secretary of the Treasury from 1816 to 1825, the third longest tenure of office. Albert Gallatin was Secretary of the Treasury from 1801 until 1814. His portrait appears upon the \$500 notes of the first three legal-tender series.

In 1825 Secretary of the Treasury William H. Crawford submitted to Henry Clay, then Speaker of the House, his "Result of the Assays of the Foreign Coins," in which Spanish, English, French and Portuguese silver and gold coins were reported upon. In it the equality of English and United States coins are noted, but those of three remaining countries were found to be inferior. Portuguese money was closest, and Spanish was furthest from the American standard. The American dollar standard in 1825 was 416 grains, the Spanish dollar 415 grains. At a later date the weight of the dollar was reduced to 412½ grains. The trade dollar was subsequently issued at the old weight of 416 grains. The fineness of the silver dollar was changed from 11/12ths to 900/1000ths in 1837.

Argentina, Australia, Brazil and New Zealand were the first nations to abandon the gold standard in the depression of 1929.

In the early days of the United States there was considerable suspicion connected with the issue of paper money. The substitution of paper money for the precious metal was admitted to have the substantial advantage of being cheaper. A famous banker of the time, Gallatin, remarked that bank notes were "cheaper to those who issue them, but to those who receive them they come just as dear as gold or silver."

In 1662 the Assembly of Maryland asked the Lord Proprietor "to take orders for setting up a mint," and a law was passed for that purpose. It was enacted that the coin should be as good as English sterling and that the Lord Proprietor should accept same in payment of his rents or debts.

Delaware valued the Spanish dollar at 6 shillings in 1683, but a few years later, in order to attract foreign coin, raised the rate to 7 shillings and 4 pence in 1700.

John Hull, the famous New England mintmaster who coined the Pine Tree shillings, had a very advantageous contract with the Massachusetts Bay Colony, and the shrewd colonists soon saw that Hull intended to make himself wealthy by his contract permitting him to retain 15 pence out of every 20 shillings coined. The Government made attempts to make a settlement with Hull, but he insisted upon the contract being fulfilled. Finally, the General Court made provision that a certain building had to be used as the mint, and an ample sum as rental was demanded for its use from Hull, so that his profits might not continue too unchecked.

The shortage of currency for small change in Massachusetts early in the eighteenth century led to the issue of small paper tokens of one, two and three pence. The use of the Rosa Americana series in 1722 alleviated the difficulty somewhat.

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(If you are on my "Mehling List," you'll get one anyway.)

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RUSSIA, 1801, Rare Portrait Pattern Ruble of Alexander. Curious young head right, designed by Leberecht. Mint mark of St. Petersburg. Rev. Imperial eagle. Uncirculated. Very Rare	60.00
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1852 \$50.00 Augustus Humbert, 887, milled edge, very good	175.00
1855 \$50.00 Wass, Molitor & Co. A beautiful coin without any serious nicks or scratches, the double LL in dollars strongly struck, and is one of the few in this condition, all the letters clearly struck. Extremely fine without a doubt. The milled edge shows no abuse. Price on application to interested buyers.	
1855 \$50.00 Wass, Molitor & Co. Another beautiful coin, without any serious nicks or scratches, the double LL in dollars not so prominent, but still very clear, other letters are very clear. Milled edge shows no signs of abuse. Very fine	650.00
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1864 \$ 5.00 Brilliant Proof, Scarce.	
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1938 PDS Boone set, unc.\$18.50

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We find the following five items in greatest demand at the present time and will purchase any items that you have available, in the conditions stipulated, at our BID price. We will sell any of the items at our ASK price. All prices are subject to change.

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1856 Flying Eagle Cent		
Proof	\$50.00	\$60.00

1856 Flying Eagle Cent, Unc.	42.00	52.00
1856 Flying Eagle Cent, Fine	35.00	45.00
1922 Grant Star, \$½, Unc.	30.00	34.00
1936 Proof set	10.00	12.50
Full set 111 Unc. Commem. \$½	265.00	300.00
Full set 11 Unc. Gold \$1 and \$2½	65.00	85.00
1915 Panama Pacific Commemoratives, unc.	475.00	535.00

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1846 Russia, Gold 5 Roubles, St. Petersburg Mint, Unc.	12.50
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1871 California 50c. Gold, "Liberty Head" (G). Octagon	2.50
1067-71 Byzantine Gold, Cupped Shape Solidus of Ramanus IV. Ex. fine. Special	10.00
42 B. C.-38 A. D. Rome, Gold Aureus of Tiberius. Rev. "Maxim Pontif." Diva Seated. Ex. fine	14.50
63 B. C.-14 A. D. Rome, Gold Aureus of Augustus. Obv. "Augustus, Divi, F." Rev. "Imp. Y. Sicil." X. fine	14.50
241-146 B. C., Carthage, Gold Electrum Stater. Rev. Horse	15.00

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1838	U. S. Flying Eagle Half Dollar, A.-W. 72, Brill. Proof	27.50
1855	U. S. Flying Eagle Cent, A.-W. 195, Fine \$5.00. Proof	7.50
1859	U. S. Half Dollar, Silver, A.-W. 295, Brill. Proof	12.50
1859	U. S. Cent, Reverse Shield, Type 1860, Unc., A.-W. 311	6.00
1859	U. S. Quarter, Silver, Rev. the Paquet design, A.-W. 307, R. 13. 4 to 5 made. Very Rare. Brill. Proof. Special	35.00
1859	U. S. Half Dollar Pattern, A.-W. 291, Brill. Proof	12.50
1859	U. S. Half Dollar Pattern, A.-W. 293, Brill. Proof	10.00
1860	Clark, Gruber Company \$20.00 Pattern in Copper. The type not struck in Gold. With a pyramid-shaped mountain. Unc.	20.00
1861	Clark, Gruber Company \$5.00 Pattern in Copper. Proof. Rare	15.00
1861	U. S. Pattern \$10.00 in Copper, Thick Planchet, A.-W. 341, Proof	25.00
1863	U. S. Cent in Copper without "L," A.-W. 423, Proof	12.50
1863	U. S. Pattern 3c., Type of the old large Cent. Copper Proof, A.-W. 395	12.50
1863	U. S. Pattern 3c., A.-W. 397, Very rare, Aluminum	17.50
1864	U. S. Pattern Cent, struck in Copper-Nickel, without "L," from a badly fractured die, and very thin planchet. Unc.	35.00
1864	U. S. Pattern Cent, not in A.-W., reg. type on thick planchet, struck in pure copper, Proof, Very rare	50.00
1850	U. S. Pattern Ring Cent, Similar to A.-W. 112, but in Copper-Nickel, which is not listed. Proof. Rare	25.00
1859	U. S. Pattern Half Dollar, Copper, A.-W. 298. Unc.	7.50
1792	Half Disme (Portrait of Martha Washington). This little coin is said to have been made from the silver plate of President George Washington. "Fine." Very rare	50.00
1864	U. S. Cent Pattern. Reg. type in copper-nickel, but on medium thin planchet, the planchet being the thickness of the Bronze Cent of the same date. Unknown to A.-W. and Ex. rare, Proof	25.00
1866	U. S. Pattern 5c. Struck in Bronze, A.-W. 571. Proof	20.00
1867	U. S. Pattern 5c. Nickel, A.-W. 626. Brill. Proof	10.00
1867	U. S. Pattern 5c. Aluminum, A.-W. 629. Brill. Proof	8.50
1868	U. S. Pattern 5c. Nickel, A.-W. 680, Brill. Proof	12.50
1868	U. S. Pattern 5c. Nickel, A.-W. 675, Brill. Proof	12.50
1868	U. S. Pattern 5c. Copper, A.-W. 676, Brill. Proof	10.00
1869	U. S. Pattern ¼ Dollar, Aluminum, A.-W. 758. Proof. Special	5.00
1869	U. S. Pattern Dime in Aluminum, A.-W. 791. Proof. Special	8.50
1869	U. S. Pattern Dime in Copper, A.-W. 788. Proof. Special	3.50
1869	U. S. Pattern ¼ Dollar, Silver, A.-W. 760. Proof. Special	7.50
1869	U. S. Pattern ½ Dollar, Silver, A.-W. 732. Proof. (Beauty)	12.50
1869	U. S. Pattern 3c Nickel, Silver, A.-W. 815. Fine. (Cheap)	3.75
1871	U. S. Pattern ½ Dollar, A.-W. 1133 (Indian Princess). Proof. Brill.	25.00
1878	U. S. Pattern Metric Dollar, A.-W. 1565. Brill. Proof	20.00
1879	U. S. Pattern Morgan's design of the Metric Dollar, A.-W. 1602, R. 11. Very rare. Brill. Proof. (Air Mail this)	75.00
1880	U. S. Pattern Same as above, only 1880. Very rare	75.00
1882	U. S. Pattern 5c Nickel, Type of 1883, without cents, A.-W. 1675. Rare. Brill. Proof. Beauty	15.00

ARTHUR B. KELLEY

4854a Penrose St., St. Louis, Mo.

COMMEMORATIVES

Brilliant Uncirculated Condition

1915 Panama-Pacific	\$10.00	1935 Boone S or D, each	\$ 3.15
1918 Lincoln	.95	1935 Boone small '34	1.10
1920 Pilgrim	1.00	1935 Boone small '34, pair	27.00
1921 Pilgrim	4.85	1936 Boone P-S-D	7.00
1921 Alabama	3.00	1937 Boone P-S-D	20.00
1921 Alabama 2x2	9.15	1938 Boone P-S-D	19.25
1921 Missouri	12.00	1935 Arkansas P-S-D	7.30
1921 Missouri 2x4	18.50	1936 Arkansas P-S-D	4.25
1922 Grant	1.35	1937 Arkansas P-S-D	12.00
1923 Monroe	1.15	1938 Arkansas P-S-D	11.75
1924 Huguenot	1.75	1939 Arkansas P-S-D	20.00
1925 Lex.-Concord	1.15	1936 Oregon P \$1.10, S	4.70
1925 Stone Mountain	.75	1937 Oregon D	1.10
1925 California D. Jub.	1.70	1938 Oregon P-S-D	4.75
1925 Fort Vancouver	5.60	1939 Oregon P-S-D	14.25
1925 Norse, Thick .95. Thin	2.25	1935 Texas P-S-D	3.45
1926 Sesqui. Cent.	1.10	1936 Texas P-S-D	3.50
1926 Oregon P or S	1.00	1937 Texas P-S-D	3.60
1927 Bennington	2.00	1938 Texas P-S-D	12.00
1928 Hawaii	9.65	1936 Wisconsin	1.20
1928 Oregon	2.60	1936 Cincinnati P-S-D	14.85
1933 Oregon	5.35	1936 Long Island	1.00
1934 Oregon	2.60	1936 York Co. or Elgin	1.20
1934 Maryland	1.15	1936 Bridgeport	1.45
1934 Texas	1.05	1936 Columbia, S. C. P-S-D	5.40
1934 Boone	1.70	1936 Albany or Norfolk	1.40
1935 Connecticut	2.25	1936 Lynchburg	1.85
1935 Spanish Trail	3.85	1936 San Francisco or Dela.	1.45
1936 Cleveland .80. Robinson	1.25	1936 N. Roch. or Gettysburg	1.75
1936 Rhode Island, P-S-D	4.00	1937 Antietam	2.00

TRADES

I will trade on catalogue basis the following coins, of which I have a surplus: 1928, 1934, 1936, 1937, 1938 Oregons. 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937 Texas. 1935, 1935 Boone P, 1936 Cleveland, Long Island, Robinson, Bridgeport, Albany.

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The following coins are the ones I need and want to Trade for: Huguenot, Vancouver, Hawaii, Spanish Trail, Hudson, Antietam, Panama-Pacific, Maine, 1938 Texas, 1937 Boones S & D, 1938 Boones, 1939 Arkansas.

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1893 ISABELLA \$ $\frac{3}{4}$	1.95	1935 TEXAS	1.20
1900 LAFAYETTE \$1	3.50	1935 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	10.00	1936 RHODE ISLAND	1.20
1918 LINCOLN	.95	1936 RHODE ISLAND, D & S	2.90
1920 MAINE	2.70	1936 ARKANSAS	1.40
1920 PILGRIM	1.00	1936 ARKANSAS, D & S	2.60
1921 PILGRIM	4.90	1936 ARKANSAS, ROBINSON....	1.35
1921 MISSOURI }	Set	1936 TEXAS	1.20
1921 MISSOURI 2*4 }	Set	1936 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1921 ALABAMA	3.00	1936 BOONE	1.15
1921 ALABAMA 2x2	9.25	1936 BOONE, D & S	5.90
1922 GRANT	1.35	1936 CINCINNATI, P,D,&S Set	16.00
1922 GRANT "STAR"	38.50	1936 CLEVELAND	.80
1923 MONROE	1.15	1936 OREGON TRAIL	1.10
1924 HUGUENOT	1.60	1936 OREGON TRAIL, S	4.70
1925 LEXINGTON	1.15	1936 LYNCHBURG	1.95
1925 STONE MOUNTAIN	.75	1936 LONG ISLAND	1.10
1925 CALIFORNIA	1.70	1936 COLUMBIA S. C., P D & S	5.40
1925 VANCOUVER	5.70	1936 WISCONSIN	1.20
1925 NORSE, THIN	2.25	1936 YORK COUNTY	1.25
1925 NORSE, THICK	.95	1936 ELGIN	1.20
1926 SESQUI	1.10	1936 BRIDGEPORT	1.45
1926 OREGON	1.00	1936 ALBANY	1.25
1926 OREGON, S	1.00	1936 SAN FRANCISCO BRIDGE	1.45
1927 BENNINGTON	2.00	1936 NORFOLK	1.25
1928 HAWAII	9.70	1936 SAN DIEGO, D	1.40
1928 OREGON	2.90	1936 SWEDISH DELAWARE	1.60
1933 OREGON, D	5.40	1936 GETTYSBURG, P	1.50
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1934 MARYLAND	1.05	1937 OREGON TRAIL, D	1.15
1934 TEXAS	1.05	1937 BOONE, P, D & S	21.00
1934 BOONE	1.70	1937 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	8.00
1935 BOONE	1.20	1937 ANTIETAM	2.00
1935 BOONE, D & S	6.40	1937 TEXAS, P, D & S	3.60
1935 BOONE, SMALL 1934	1.10	1938 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.85
1935 BOONE, D. SM. 1934 }	Set	1938 NEW ROCHELLE	1.45
1935 BOONE, S. SM. 1934 }	27.85	1938 BOONE, P, D & S	19.25
1935 CONNECTICUT	2.20	1938 TEXAS, P, D & S	10.35
1935 ARKANSAS	1.45	1938 OREGON, P, D & S	5.00
1935 ARKANSAS, D & S	5.90	1939 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	20.75
1935 HUDSON	4.95	1939 OREGON TRAIL, P, D & S	14.85

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD COINS.

1903 JEFFERSON	\$ 4.95	1917 McKINLEY	\$ 6.70
1903 McKINLEY	4.95	1922 GRANT	9.40
1904 LEWIS & CLARK	14.45	1922 GRANT "STAR"	5.95
1905 LEWIS & CLARK	13.95	1926 \$2.50 SESQUI	4.50
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	3.75	1915 PAN-PACIFIC \$2.50	14.00
1916 McKINLEY	3.95		

COMPLETE SET OF 11 GOLD COINS ABOVE DESCRIBED	\$ 80.00
PAN-PAC. Set of 4 gold, 1 silver	\$610.00

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\$32.50. V. F.	30.00
1803 Unc.	37.50
1840 V. G.	20.00
1841 Very good	20.00
1842 Very fine	22.50
1842-O Very good	20.00
1843-O Very good	18.50
1844-O Ex. fine \$22.00. Very	
fine	18.50
1845 Fine	20.00
1845-O Very fine	20.00
1847-O Very fine	18.50
1848 Ex. fine	22.50
1849 Very fine	20.00
1849 Moffat & Co. Ten Dol.	
Obv. G., Rev. V. G.	35.00
1850-O Very fine	20.00
1851 Very fine	20.00
1851-C Very fine	20.00
1852 Very fine	20.00
1853 Unc.	22.50
1853-O Very fine	22.50
1854 Unc.	20.00
1854-O Very fine	20.00
1854-S Very fine	18.50
1855 Fine	20.00
1858-O Ex. fine \$22.50. V. F.	20.00
1860-O Very fine	22.50
1861 Clark, Gruber & Co., Ex.	
Fine	35.00
1863-S Very good	20.00
1871 Fine	25.00
1872-C. C. Fine	22.50
1874 Ex. fine	20.00
1877-S Ex. fine	18.50
1879 Unc.	18.50
1880-C. C. Ex. fine	22.50
1881-S Unc.	18.00
1883-C. C. Very fine	20.00
1884 Ex. fine	18.50
1888-O Fine	22.50
1889-S Ex. fine	18.50
1890-C. C. Unc.	25.00
1891-C. C. Unc. \$22.50. Ex. fine	20.00
1892-C. C. Ex. fine \$22.50. Very	
fine	20.00
1892-O Ex. fine	20.00
1893-C. C. Fine	20.00
1893-O Unc.	22.50
1893 Ex. fine, proof surface	20.00
1894-O Ex. fine	18.50
1895-O Ex. fine \$20.00. Unc.	22.50
1897-O Ex. fine	20.00
1899 Proof, light scratches	22.50
1899-O Very fine	20.00
1899-S Ex. fine	18.50
1901-O Unc.	20.00
1902 Unc. \$20.00. X. F.	18.50
1903-O Very fine	18.50
1904 Ex. fine	18.50
1904-O Ex. fine	18.50
1905 Unc.	18.50
1906 Unc.	18.50
1906-O Ex. fine	18.50

1906-D Unc., Proof surface ..	18.50
1907 Unc.	18.50
1907-D Unc. \$20.00. X. F.	18.50
1907-S Unc.	25.00
1907 St. Gaudens, with Periods,	
Unc.	38.50
1907 St. Gaudens, Unc.	20.00
1908 No Motto, Unc.	22.50
1908-D No Motto, Unc.	20.00
1908 Motto, Proof \$35.00. Unc.	18.50
1908-D Motto, Unc. \$20.00. X. F.	18.50
1908-S Ex. fine	22.50
1909-D Very fine	18.50
1911-D Unc. \$22.50. X. F.	20.00
1913 Proof \$30.00. Unc.	18.50
1913-S Ex. fine	20.00
1914 Ex. fine	18.50
1914-D Unc.	18.50
1915 Unc.	18.50
1915-S Unc.	22.50
1916-S Unc.	20.00
1926 Unc.	20.00
1930-S Unc.	25.00
1932 Unc. \$22.50. X. F.	20.00

\$3.00

1854 Ex. fine \$6.50. V. F.	6.00
1854-D Very fine	40.00
1854-O Fine \$6.50. V. G.	6.00
1855 Ex. fine \$6.50. V. F.	6.00
1855-S Very fine	7.50
1856 Unc. \$8.50. Ex. fine \$7.50.	
V. F.	6.50
1856-S Large S. V. F. \$7.50. V.	
G.	6.50
1856-S Small S. Fine	7.50
1857 Very fine	6.50
1857-S Fine	8.00
1858 Very fine \$16.00. Fine ..	12.50
1859 Unc. \$9.00. X. F. \$8.00.	
V. F.	7.00
1860 Fine	7.00
1860-S Good	6.50
1861 Fine	7.00
1862 Very good	6.50
1863 Very fine \$8.00. Fine	7.00
1864 Very fine \$8.50. V. G.	7.50
1865 Very fine	18.00
1866 Very fine \$8.50. Fine	7.50
1868 X. F. \$8.00. V. F. \$7.50. F.	7.00
1869 Fine	9.00
1879 Unc. \$11.00. X. F. \$9.00.	
V. F.	8.00
1871 Ex. fine \$9.50. V. F.	8.50
1874 Unc.	7.00
1877 Fine	60.00
1878 Unc. \$7.00. X. F.	6.50
1879 Very fine	8.50
1882 Proof \$15.00. Unc.	9.00
1883 Proof	15.00
1885 V. F. has been a charm ..	7.50
1887 Proof \$12.50. Unc. \$10.00.	
X. F.	8.00
1888 Proof \$12.50. Unc. \$10.00	
X. F.	8.00
1889 Proof \$15.00. Unc. \$10.00.	
X. F.	8.50

Large Stock of other denominations. Prices quoted upon request.

JOSEPH BARNET

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MAIL AUCTION

MARCH 31st

This, our second mail auction, will contain the following:

\$50 Pan-Pacific, Round, in walnut display box.

1883-O Eagle in fine condition.

Large collection Quarter Eagles.

Early Silver Dollars.

Early Gold.

1854-D \$2½.

Large Cents.

Large collection proof and uncirculated quarters.

Large lots of circulated premium Cents, Nickels, Dimes and Quarters.

Romans.

SEND FOR CATALOG TODAY. PRICE LIST OF SALE 50c.

WANTED

Consignments for our next mail auction in June. Very reasonable rates. Correspondence invited. Remember, catalogs are mailed to the customers of not only one but **THREE STORES**. Among our customers are not only advanced collectors, but also beginners, assuring you fair prices for your circulated coins as well as uncirculated and proof. A trial will convince you.

WANTED FOR CASH OR AUCTION

Freaks

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Minor Coins

Pioneer Gold

Oddities

Uncirculated

Silver Coins

Stellas

Misstrikes

Circulated

Gold Coins

Pan.-Pacific Sets

HOLLINBECK

STAMP & COIN STORES

704 Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa, (A. M. Kagin, Mgr.)

1522 Harney St., Omaha, Nebraska, (J. S. Schreiber, Mgr.)

Also in Minneapolis.

Just a few of the many Echoes received from my Parker House Boston, Mass. Auction Sales

CALIFORNIA: "Nice coins, Thanks."

OREGON: "Thanks for executing my bids at a lower figure than I submitted. I am also pleased with the condition of the coins."

NEBRASKA: "I am well pleased with the way you delivered my bids; also pleased to find all coins were as listed."

SO. DAKOTA: "Coins received; very fine bunch; await your next sale."

WISCONSIN: "Thanks, very much satisfied."

OHIO: "Coins received were everything that you claimed them to be."

ILLINOIS: "The fact that all material is exactly as described is pleasing to me, after several experiences in the opposite direction. The several lots purchased substantially below my bids is greatly appreciated."

INDIANA: "Coins received from recent sale are very satisfactory."

MICHIGAN: "The lots were very satisfactory."

PENNSYLVANIA: "Thanks very much for bettering all of my bids."

VIRGINIA: "Accept my thanks for satisfactory way of executing my bids."

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: "Coins are entirely satisfactory."

NEW YORK: "I have had many purchases of lots through various auctions. This is the first time that I have ever secured a lot under my bid. I feel, as a result, that you are to be congratulated on your honesty and methods employed."

MASSACHUSETTS: "I have always found your catalogue descriptions right. Coins are very fine and better than I expected."

Here's a flowery one from **CHICAGO** referring to one of the beautiful coins from my Parker House sale: "An unblemished specimen of virginal perfection."

The above are but a few of the unsolicited testimonials received, and they compensate for my efforts and the time I have spent in trying to make my PARKER HOUSE AUCTIONS a success. I am not infallible; errors in classification will unintentionally creep in from time to time, but remember, if at any time my classification does not meet with your expectations, return the coin or coins within two or three days, and regardless of who is right, full credit will be given without arguments. This, of course, does not apply to errors that **YOU** have carelessly made on your bid sheet.

HISTORY OF ONE UNITED STATES QUARTER DOLLAR

Born in San Francisco in 1901, found a home for several years with a Massachusetts collector, who later sold his collection, including the Quarter, to a New Hampshire Dealer. This New Hampshire Dealer sold the collection to our old Friend and Dealer in Maryland. About 1930, another Massachusetts collector wanted a quarter of this date and mintage and sent his order to Maryland. The Maryland Dealer filled the order and billed the Quarter to the above mentioned collector at fifty cents. This fifty cent investment was allowed to rest quietly within a few miles of the gilded dome in Boston until it was turned over to me for my February 4th, Parker House Auction Sale. It was duly advertised in my catalogue for this sale. Bids commenced to come in starting at \$15.00, \$17.50, \$25.00, \$32.50, \$35.00, \$37.50, \$40.00, \$42.50, \$42.85, then to \$50.00. On the morning of the sale, I received a bid by Air Mail, raising it to \$55.00. This bid was raised on the floor to \$56.00.

50 cents to \$56.00—What a profit!

Auctions scheduled for March and April. What have you for sale?

HORACE M. GRANT, Numismatist

109 Empire Street, Providence, R. I.

TO ANNOUNCE A NEW GREEK COINAGE

We have pleasure in advising subscribers to The Numismatist of the issue of three handsome new Greek coins to commemorate the Restoration of the Monarchy in 1935. These coins comprise the following denominations, and are issued in the strictly limited numbers indicated, at the following prices:

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GOLD 100 DRACHMAE 1935 (20-dollar size)	300	\$100.00 each
GOLD 20 DRACHMAE 1935 (4-dollar size)	750	\$20.00 each
SILVER 100 DRACHMAE 1935 (dollar size)	2000	\$3.00 each

As sole concessionaires for the sale of the coins, we have arranged with the following well-known dealers to accept orders for them:

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 Numismatic Fine Arts, Inc., New York.
 Wayte Raymond, Inc., New York.
 Hans Schulman, New York.
 The St. Louis Stamp and Coin Co., St. Louis.
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Springfield-45, Mass.

H. E. MacIntosh, Manager.

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Quarters, large cents	3	35c
Dimes, Nickels, Cents	4	25c

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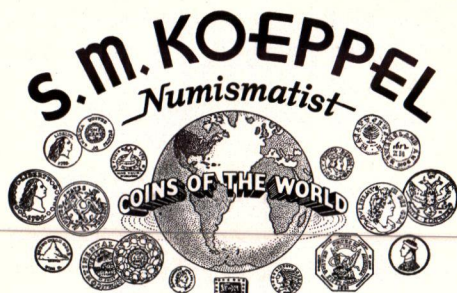
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1824 Very Good	3.00	1917-P I Fine	.50
1825 Over 23, Fine	1.75	1917-P V. F. .75, E. F.	1.00
1825 Over 23, V. F.	2.50	1917-P Bright Unc.	1.75
1825 Over 24, V. F.	3.50	1917-S I Fine	1.50
1828 Prac. Unc., Luster	6.00	1917-D I V. F. \$1.50, E. F.	2.75
1831 L. L., Fine	1.00	1917-PS II Fine \$1.25, V. F.	2.00
1836 Fine	.60	1917-P II Extra Fine	2.50
1848 Extra Fine	3.00	1918-P V. F. \$1.25, E. F.	2.00
1853 Arrows, Fine	.50	1918-S V. F. \$1.50, E. F.	2.50
1854 Fine	.50	1918-D Very Fine	1.75
1855 Bright Unc.	1.75	1919-P V. F. \$1.75, E. F.	3.00
1855-S Very Good	5.50	1919-S Good to Very Good	1.50
1857 Fine	.50	1919-D Very Fine	2.50
1862 Brill. Proof	3.00	1920-P V. F. .75, E. F.	1.25
1868 Brill. Proof	2.25	1920-S Fine \$1.25, E. F.	3.00
1877-CC Fine	.50	1920-D Very Fine	2.50
1878-CC Brill. Unc.	3.00	1921 G-VG \$2.00, Fine	3.50
1880 Brill. Proof	2.00	1923-24-P V. F. .75, E. F.	1.25
1891 Fine	.50	1924-S Extra Fine	2.50
1891 Brill. Unc.	1.25	1924-D V. F. \$1.00, Unc.	3.00
1892-96-P Brill. Unc.	1.75	1925-26-P Brill. Unc.	1.75
1892-S Brill. Unc.	6.50	1926-D Brill. Unc.	1.50
1892-93-O Brill. Unc.	3.25	1927-P Brill. Unc.	2.75
1896-98 Bright Proof	3.00	1927-S V. G. .75, Fine	1.50
1899 Bright Proof	2.75	1927-D Brill. Unc.	3.00
1902-6-7-P Brill. Unc.	1.75	1928-PS Brill. Unc.	2.00
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1913-S & D	.03	1914-D	.75
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1914-D	.50	1915-S to '37-S	.20
1915-S & D	.03	1915-D to '25-D	.30
1921-S	.03	1926-D to '38-D	.10
1922-D	.05		
1923-S	.03		
1924-S	.03		
1924-D	.10		
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 1827 VG 30c., Fine 55c., Ex. Fine 75c.
 1828 L Date VG 35c., F 60c., Ex. F 95c.
 1828 S Date VG 65c., 1829 Fine 55c.
 1830 Fine 45c., Ex. Fine 80c.
 1831 G 15c., VG 25c., Fine 60c.
 1832 G 20c., VG 30c., F 45c., Ex. F 70c.
 1833, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 each, G 15c., VG 30c., Fine 45c., Ex. Fine 65c.
 1839 G 15c., VG 25c., Fine 40c.
 1840, 41, 42, 43 each, VG 15c., Fine 35c., Ex. Fine 45c.
 1844/81 VG 80c., Ex. Fine \$1.90.
 1844, 45, 46 each, VG 10c., Fine 25c.
 1846 Tall Date Good 35c., Fine 65c.
 1847, 48, 49, 50, 51 each, VG 10c., Fine 20c., Ex. Fine 40c.
 1851/81 VG 80c., About Fine \$1.30.
 1852, 53, 54, 55, 56 each, VG 10c., Fine 20c., Ex. Fine 35c., 1857 L Date Ex. Fine \$1.35.
 1857 S Date Ex. Fine \$1.55.
 11 Large Cents VG or better for \$1.00.
 21 Different dates VG or better for \$3.
 Have in stock practically all dates in Ex. Fine to Unc. condition. Priced on request.
 Complete set Lincoln cents VG to Unc \$3.40.
 1907 Indian Head cents Unc. red 20c. each, 2 for 35c.

LINCOLN CENTS BRILL. UNC.

1937-D, 80c. per roll, \$1.55 per hundred.
 1938-D, 1939-D, 75c. per roll, \$1.40 per hundred.

Orders \$3 and over postpaid and insured.

E. M. WRIGHT, 1012 Lyon St., Flint, Michigan.

**BRILLIANT
UNCIRCULATED
QUARTERS**

1934-D	.....	Ea.	\$.75
1935-S	.....	Ea.	.65
1936-S	.....	Ea.	.60
1937-D	.....	Ea.	.55
1938-S	.....	Ea.	.50
1939-S	.....	Ea.	.45
1940-D	.....	Ea.	.40
1940-S	.....	Ea.	.40
One of each (8), \$4.00.			

1924-D	.....	Ea.	1.50
1926-D	.....	Ea.	.75
1927-D	.....	Ea.	2.75
1928-D	.....	Ea.	.75
One of each (4), \$5.00.			

1932-S Ea. 1.25
 One of each above (13), \$10.00.

Have earlier dates in V. F. to Abt. Unc.

\$5.00 and over Postpaid and Insured.

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"DENVER MINT"

Brilliant Uncirculated.

1940-D or S Cents, per 100		\$ 1.35
1939-D or S Cents, per 100		1.50
1937-D Cents, per 50	.....	1.25
1940-D Nickels, per 40	.....	2.45
1939-D Nickels, per 40	.....	2.95
1940-D, 1939-D Dimes, per 10	.....	1.50
1940-D, 1939-D Dimes, per 50	.....	6.00
1940-D Quarters, per 10	.....	3.25
1940-D Quarters, per 40	.....	12.00
1939-D or S Quarters, per 10	.....	3.50
1937-D Quarters, per 10	.....	3.50
1936-D Quarters, each	.....	.45
1939-D, 1937-D Halves, per 10	.....	6.00

MISCELLANEOUS COINS.

1857 F. E. Cent, Proof, gem	.....	\$15.00
1862 Indian Head Cent, Proof	.....	3.00
1864 C.-N. Cent, Proof, rare	.....	5.00
1867 Indian Head Cent, Br. Proof	.....	7.00
1871 Indian Head Cent, Br. Proof	.....	11.50
1877 Indian Head Cent, Red Proof	.....	20.00
1879 Indian Head Cent, Red Proof	.....	1.50
1875 Twenty Cents, Proof, dull	.....	6.00
1906-O Dimes, Brill. Unc., each	.....	1.25
1928-S Quarters, Brill. Unc., each	.....	1.50
1871 Half Dollar, Brill. Proof	.....	4.00
1876 Half Dollar, Brill. Proof	.....	4.00
1894 Half Dollar, Brill. Proof	.....	3.50
1871 Three Cent Nickel, Unc.	.....	1.50
1873 Three Cent Nickel, Unc.	.....	.75
1876 Three Cent Nickel, Br. Proof	.....	4.00
1878 Three Cent Nickel, Br. Proof	.....	6.00
1879 Three Cent Nickel, Br. Proof	.....	1.50
1937-D Buf. Nickel, 3 legs, VG., ea		.50

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
 Orders Over \$5.00 Postpaid.

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 (A. N. A. 7555)

U. S. Specials

HALF CENTS

	Each.
1864 Very Fine	\$0.55
1866, 1867 Fine	.50
1869 Fine	.40
1826, 1828, 1829 Very Fine	.45
1832, 1833 Very Fine	.45
1834, 1835 Very Fine	.45
1851, 1853 Very Fine	.45
1854, 1855	.45

LINCOLN CENTS

All Very Good or Better

	Each.
1909, 1909 VDB	.03
1909-S	.15
1910-S, 191-S, 1912-S	.03
1914-D Good 50c. Very Good	.70
1922-D, 1915, 1914-S	.05
1924-D	.10
1931-S Fine to Very Fine	.15
1934-D, 1935-S, Ex. Fine	.02
1930-S Unc., Tarnished	.03

THREE-CENT SILVER

Fine or Better.

1852, 1858, 1860	.25
1853, 1861	.20

UNCIRCULATED DIMES

1916 Mercury	.40
1929-D, 1931-D	.35
1935-D, '36-D, '36-S	.20
1937-D, '39-D, '40-S and D	.15

UNCIRCULATED QUARTERS

1926-D, 1928-D	.55
1934-D, '35-S, '36-S	.50
1936-D, '37-D, '37-S, '39-S	.45
1940-S or D	.40

UNCIRCULATED COINS IN ROLLS

Cents.	Per Roll.
1940-D and S	.75
1937-D, '38-D, '39-D	.80

Nickels.

1938-D Buffalo	2.60
1938-D or S Jefferson	2.65
1940-D	2.55

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A. N. A.—Dallas Coin Club

511 Monte Vista St., Dallas, Texas.

COINS FOR SALE.

Uncirculated Lincoln Cents.

1927-P	10 for \$1.50
1929-P	10 for 1.50
1929-S	10 for 1.25
1930-P	100 for 4.00
1930-S	100 for 4.50
1935-P, D or S	100 for 3.00
1936-P, D or S	100 for 2.75
1937-P, D or S	100 for 2.00
1938-P, D or S	100 for 2.00

Uncirculated 5 Cent Pieces.

1935-P or S	40 for \$3.00
1936-P, D or S	40 for 2.90
1937-D or S	40 for 2.90
1938-D Buffalo	40 for 2.75
1938-P, D or S	40 for 2.60
1939-P, D or S	40 for 2.60
1940-P, D or S	40 for 2.50

Uncirculated Quarters

1932-S	Each \$1.00
1934-P or D	Each .50
1935-P, D or S	Each .50
1936-P, D or S	Each .40
1937-P, D or S	Each .40

Orders of \$5.00 or more prepaid and insured.

CHAS. V. JONES,

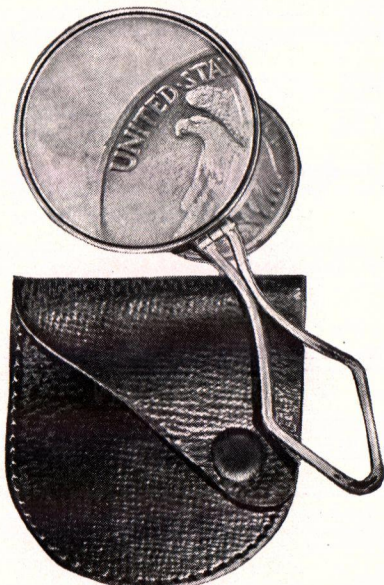
6539 Minerva Ave., Chicago, Illinois.

BARGAINS—SMALL CENTS

1857 Brilliant unc.	\$ 1.35
1858 L. L. Brilliant unc.	3.25
1858 S. L. Brilliant unc.	3.75
1858 Indian head, copper nickel, A.-W. 264, Olive proof	8.75
1859-60 Brilliant unc.	2.00
1861 Brown uncirculated	2.50
1861 Brilliant unc.	3.75
1862-63 Brilliant unc.	.50
1864 C. N. Brilliant unc.	1.00
1864 Bronze Brilliant unc.	1.75
1864 L recut date, Brilliant red gem, unc.	15.00
1864 L recut date and lettering, brilliant red gem, unc.	16.50
1865 Brilliant unc.	1.25
1866-67-68 Brilliant unc.	3.75
1867 Brilliant red proof	6.75
1869-70 Red unc.	3.75
1871 Brilliant unc.	5.00
1872 Brilliant mint red proof	10.50
1873-74-75-76 Brilliant unc.	2.50
1877 Brown uncirculated	7.50
1877 Red unc.	10.00
1877 Brilliant red proof	17.50
1879 Brilliant unc.	1.00
1879 Brilliant red proof	1.50
1880-81-82-83 Brilliant unc.	80c.
1885 Brilliant unc.	1.75
1885 Brilliant mint proof	2.00
1886-87-88-89-90-91 Brilliant unc.	80c.
1895-98-99-00-01 Brilliant unc.	80c.
1902 to 1909	50c.
1908-S About unc., each	1.00
1909-S Brilliant unc.	5.00

LOUIS W. EVANS,

1816 E. 75th, Kansas City, Mo.



3 POWER DOUBLE CONVEX COIN LENS

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SIZE OF DIAGRAM BELOW

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DATE AND DESCRIPTION

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PRICE PAID _____

	PER 1000
BOND, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	\$3.00
KRAFT, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	2.75
MANILA, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	2.50
BOND, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.50
KRAFT, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.25
MANILA, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.25

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FEDERALSBURG, MARYLAND

Choice Nickels

(Including the 1885 proof)

1883 No "Cents," Dull Proof	\$.65
Same, Unc.	15
1883 With "Cents," Proof	 2.00
1885 Proof	 12.00
1887 Proof	 1.20
1890 (Dent on Rev.) Unc.	75
1891 Proof	 1.20
1893 Dull Proof	 1.10
1898 Unc.	90
1899 Unc.	90
1900 Unc.	90
1901 Unc.	90
1902 Dull Proof	 1.10
Same, Unc.	90
1903 Dull Proof	 1.10
Same, Unc.	90
1904 Unc.	90
1910 Very Dull Proof	75

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Large stock of foreign coins and medals of all periods.

Please remember my address, and as soon as this war is over I gladly take up again the agreeable relations with all my old clients and with many new ones. Meanwhile, correspondence by air mail invited.

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In Rolls at Wholesale Prices.

1940-SDP Cents, \$1.50 per 100, \$6.75 per 500, \$12.50 per 1000.

1940-SDP Nickels, Unc., \$2.50 per roll, 5 rolls asst., \$12.25.

1940-SDP Dimes, \$6.00 per roll. 1940-SDP Quarters, \$12.00 per roll.

1940-S and P Half Dollars, \$12.00 per roll.

1909-S Indian Cent, fine, \$3.00 each.

1908-S Indian Cent, fine, 50 cts. each.

1909-S V. D. B. Lincoln Cents, fine \$1.35 each. 1914-D Lincoln Cents, fine \$1.25 each.

Complete set of Lincoln Cents, 89 pieces, very good to Unc., \$3.50 per set.

1909-S Lincoln Cents fine, 20 cts. each.

1924-D Lincoln Cents, fine 20 cts. each.

1931-S Cents, fine 20 cts. each. 1922-D Cents, fine 10 cts. each.

Large Cents, mixed dates, 15 cts. each.

Special prices on earlier dates.

Indian Cents, mixed dates, good to fine \$1.35 per 100.

Wholesale lot of Liberty Standing Quarters and in singles.

Almost complete stock of Commemorative Half Dollars in stock.

Your want list solicited on any of the above coins.

Orders prepaid \$3.00 or more.

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Includes

Sets of Half Cents,
Large Cents,
Small Cents,
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Dimes, Nickels,
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Obsolete Bank Notes

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Choice numismatic items are preferred.

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Data of all Awards and laws governing same.

Shows total awards of each medal.

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A beautiful little 12-page Booklet, entitled, "ABRAHAM LINCOLN: His Life Sayings and Speeches." Issued in 1908. Size 4x5. Cover page has a VERY FINE lithograph picture of Mr. Lincoln.

Front and back pages have gold-leaf borders. Booklet contains Inaugural Speech delivered at Washington, D. C., March 4th, 1861. Emancipation Proclamation. Yarns and Stories, etc., by Mr. Lincoln. Each booklet also contains TWO VERY FINE POST CARDS issued 32 years ago to commemorate the 100th anniversary of Mr. Lincoln's birth. All in FIRST-CLASS condition. We cannot hope to supply all our customers, but will do our best. Our supply is VERY LIMITED. Booklet and Cards sent postpaid for only 45 cents.

Above are RARE ITEMS. One set to a customer—Please.

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34 Years in Business.

See Page 140 of FEBRUARY issue of NUMISMATIST for another BIG BARGAIN.

1915 Panama-Pacific \$50 Round and Octagonal Gold Pieces in unc. condition\$535.00

Set Nickels, 1866 to 1912, in Brill. Proof condition. The set for \$120.00.

Set Buffalo Nickels, 1913 to 1939, all dates and mint marks. Brill. Unc., in new album. Only \$115.00.

Brill. Proof Sets—1936, \$12.50, 1937, \$6.00; 1938, \$4.00; 1939, \$3.25; 1940, \$2.50.

Guaranteed satisfaction or money gladly refunded.

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SCARCE COINS

TRADE DOLLARS, 1876, 77, 78, all S mint, practically Unc., \$1.25 each.

1926 S mint Peace Dollar. Catalogues \$7.50. Unc. \$1.50.

1908-S Indian Head Cent, Ex. Fine, \$1.00.

1931-S Cents, Unc. 40c. ea., 10 for \$3.50.

Large New Illustrated Catalogue No. 16. Just out, 25c. (The 25c. returned with the first \$5.00 order.)

Another Auction sale this Spring. Catalogues free.

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Dunbar & Co. \$5 Gold Piece,
San Francisco, 1851.

Generous reward offered for return of Coin. No questions asked.

The designs of the Dunbar & Co. coin are similar to the Government coins of the period. Obv., Liberty head, with "Dunbar & Co." on coronet, date below. Rev., Standing eagle; inscription, "S. M. V. California Gold. Five D."

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222 W. 83d St., Apartment 15-G,
New York City.

U. S. 5c. Nickels—1912-D, fine 25c.
 About fine 15c. V. good 10c.
 1913-S Mint, Type I, about fine 20c.
 1913-D, Type I, extremely fine 50c.
 Fine 35c.
 1913-D, Type II, about Unc., v. sharp
 \$1.50. Fine 35c.
 1914-S, fine 25c. 1914-D, fine, v.
 scarce 40c.
 1915-P, Unc. \$1.35. Fine, v. sharp 15c.
 1915-S, fine, scarce 35c.
 1915-D, v. fine, v. scarce \$1.00. Fine
 40c.
 1916-S or D, fine, each 15c.
 1917-S, fine, v. scarce 40c.
 1917-D, fine 15c.
 1918-19-20-S or D, fine, each 15c.
 1921-S, fine, v. scarce 40c.
 1923-S, v. fine 40c. Fine 15c.
 1924-S, fine, scarce 35c.
 1924-D, v. fine 35c. Fine 15c.
 1925-S, v. fine 50c. Fine 15c.
 1925-D, fine 15c.
 1926-S, fine, v. scarce 40c. V. fine
 \$1.25.
 1926-D, fine 10c.
 1927-S, extremely fine 75c. V. fine
 40c. Fine 15c.
 1927-D, fine 15c.
 1928-S or D, extremely fine, each 15c.
 1929-S, about Unc., v. sharp 10c.
 1929-D, Unc. 35c. 1930-P-S, Unc.,
 each 35c.
 1931-S, Unc. 25c. About Unc. 15c.
 1934-P-D, 1935-P-S-D, Unc., each 25c.
 1936-37-P-S-D, Unc., each 10c.
 1938-D, Buffalo, 1938-39 Jefferson,
 P-S-D, 1940-S-D Unc., each 8c.
U. S. Cents—1909 Lincoln, S mint, no
 V. D. B., Unc., brilliant \$1.75. Extreme-
 ly fine 50c. V. fine 35c.
 1910-P, Unc., bright red 20c.
 1911-16-D, Unc., bright red, each
 \$1.00. Ex. fine, each 25c.

U. S. 3c Nickels—1865, first year, Unc.,
 br. 30c.
 1879, brilliant proof \$1.35.
 1888-1889, last year, Br. proof, each
 95c.

**U. S. Civil War Tokens and Store
 Cards**, fine to Unc., 10 different, \$1.25
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 3 for \$1.75. (Limit 3 to a customer.)

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 each 35c.

U. S. Dimes—1940-S or D, Unc., each
 15c. 10 for \$1.25.

U. S. Cents—1940-D, Unc., .05. 50 for
 85c.

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 orders under \$5.00.

Orders for less than 50c. not accepted.
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 Enclose a 3c. stamp where answer is
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1626 Washington St., Denver, Colo.

1917—A. E. F.—1941

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 50 Large Cents, common dates, good
 or better. \$4.00. 10 One Half Cents, v.
 good to fine, \$2.60. 10 Lib. Std. Quar-
 ters, common dates, good, \$3.35. 10
 Lib. Std. Dimes, good, common dates,
 \$1.75. 10 Flying Eagles. 1857, good,
 75c.; 1858, Large and Small Letters, 10
 of each, \$2.00. And last but not least,
 with the exception of Isabella Quarter,
 I still have some Unc. Brilliant rolls I
 advertised last month, page 154. Deal-
 ers wishing to swap same, as usual
 catalogue basis.

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1795 Dollar, Bust Type, V. G. \$4.50
 1798 Dollar, Large Heraldic Eagle,
 Fine 4.00
 1800 Dollar, die break "America",
 Fine 5.75
 1847 Dollar, Very Fine 2.00
 1853 Dollar, Very Fine 5.50
 1926-S Dollar, Br. Unc. 3.50
 1878 Trade Dollar, Br. Proof 4.00
 1879 Trade Dollar, Br. Proof 4.00
 1933-S Half Dollar, Unc. 2.00
 1934-S Half Dollar, Unc. 1.50
 1935-S Half Dollar, Unc. 1.50
 1936-S Half Dollar, Unc. 1.00
 1915 Pan-Pac. Half Dollar, Unc. 8.75
 1893 Isabella Quarter, Unc. 2.10
 1900 Lafayette Dollar 3.00
 1920 Maine Half Dollar, V. Fine
 \$1.50. Unc. 2.75
 1935 Hudson Half Dollar 5.00
 1936 Oregon Trail, P Mint 1.25
 1804 Quarter, Fine 10.00
 1815 Half Dollar, Obv. F. Rx. VF 7.25
 1879 Pattern Dollar, Goloid Metric
 design, Br. Proof. A.-W. No.
 1606 R6 6.00
 1875-CC Twenty Cent Pieces 4.00
 1875-S Twenty Cent Pieces 1.25
 1809 Dime, about good, date and
 type clear 1.75
 1824 over 22 Dime, Good 1.25
 1857-O Dime, Br. Unc. 1.25
 1892, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902,
 1906, 1908, and 1909 Dimes,
 Br. Proofs, each 1.25
 1874 Shield Nickel, Br. Unc. 2.50
 1883 Shield Nickel, Br. Unc.50
 1883 Shield Nickel, Br. Proof75
 10 Large Cents, different dates, G.
 to V. G. 1.25
 Satisfaction or money back. Postage
 and insurance extra on orders under
 \$4.00.

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China, Dollar of Sun Yat Sen. Rx.
 Junk. Unc. \$ 1.75
Curland, Taler 1780, Peter Biron.
 Scarce. Ex. F. 5.50
Germany, 5 mark, 1888, Frieder-
 ich. (Died after 3 months of
 reign.) Scarce. Ex. Fine 2.50
France, Ecu. 1643, Louis XIII.
 Rare. Ex. Fine 7.50
Hesse-Cassel, Whirlwind taler.
 1628. Very interesting and
 scarce. Very Fine 9.00
Leuchtenberg, Taler, 1547, St.
 George. Scarce. V. F. 7.00
Mexico, "Globe dollar", 1752.
 Very Fine 2.50
Russia, Rouble, 1741, Ivan III,
 five insignificant pin nicks,
 otherwise Very Fine. Very Rare 12.50
Switzerland, 5 francs, 1874, unc. 2.10
 Postage extra under \$5.00.
 Write for my free price list, which
 contains many foreign crowns.

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Commemorative ½ Dollars. All dates
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Will accept offers on following:

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 1808 \$2½ Gold, V. F.
 1868 \$3 Gold, Unc.
 1795 \$5 Gold, Ex. F.
 1799 \$10 Gold, Ex. F.
 1922 \$20 Gold, Unc.
 1939 Ark. set, Unc.

F. A. SCHOENWISNER
 A. N. A. 4765

**14 Whippoorwill Way,
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GOLD—At your own price.

- Best offer by April 1 buys
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No. 4.

Notes On The Coins Of The Grand Masters Of The Knights Of Malta

By ALFRED FISK GROTZ
Kingston, Pa.

(An address before Susquehanna Commandery No. 18, A. & L. O. Knights of Malta,
Berwick, Pa.)

In speaking to you of the coinage of the Grand Masters of the Ancient Knights of Malta I do so with the thought of bringing to your attention the different inscriptions, mottoes or legends that the various Grand Masters used on the coins of their particular period, to point out to you how many of these inscriptions could well be used to guide the path of the present-day Knights of Malta, and to impress on your minds the deep religious convictions of the Ancient Knights. We do not realize the importance these legends were to the Ancient Knights, who regarded them as their rallying cries and revered their use.

The histories of the Knight Hospitallers tell of the deeds of valor on the fields of battle, their prowess in combatting the Turks and Infidels when they laid siege to the forts and strongholds of these valiant defenders of the Christian Faith against the teachings of the East. These histories can be divided into two general classes; those who wrote from the Masonic point of view, and those who differed with these ideas. These histories deal with the Ancient Knights more as a whole and give them credit for the many deeds of valor and courage ascribed to them as individuals. But to comprehend the real character of the Grand Masters we must turn to their coins and read the legends thereon, for there we find expressions that denote the intimate nature of the individuals.

To the numismatist a coin is as a page from history, and many a coin has bridged a gap in secular history and has confirmed or disputed and corrected the chronology of kings, emperors, rulers and nations.

The history of the Hospitallers is so well known that it is unnecessary to repeat it at this time, and I only want to give you a few dates in the histories of the "Knights of the Temple" or "Templar Knights" and the "Teutonic Order of Knighthood" to show their relations to the Knights Hospitallers of Palestine, Rhodes and Malta.

The Order of the Hospitallers, successively known as the "Knights Hos-

pitallers of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem," the "Knights of Cyprus," "Knights of Rhodes" and "Knights of Malta," are now carrying on as "The Ancient and Illustrious Order of Knights of Malta," had their origin in Jerusalem in 1048, when Latin merchants of Amalfi built a cloister near the Holy Sepulcher consecrated to the Virgin, and a chapel dedicated to St. John the Baptist.

The Templar Knights was founded in 1118 or 1119. Rules governing them were confirmed by Honorius II in 1228, the Red Cross had been assigned to them by Eugenius III in 1146; they were destroyed by Philip IV and Pope Clement V, and their suppression decreed by the 15th General Council in 1311, and their wealth given to the Hospitallers.

The Teutonic Order was founded by Frederick, Duke of Suabia, in 1190, confirmed by Pope Celestine II, and invested with the same privileges as the Knights Templars and Hospitallers by a bull of Celestine II in 1192. They were crushed by Napoleon in 1809.

The Knights Hospitallers never strove for temporal power, but adhered to their ancient vows and purpose of freeing the Holy Land of the Turks and Infidels and to prevent the spreading of Moslemism to the lands west of Palestine.

The Teutonic Order did have ambitions in that respect and reached the highest step in their desires when Maximilian I became Archduke of Austria in 1618.

While the Hospitallers were in Jerusalem till 1187 at Acre to 1291, and at Cyprus till 1309, they had no attributes of sovereignty and were not suffered to emit coins or money. When the Soldiers of the Cross took possession of the Island of Rhodes in 1310 a considerable commerce sprung up with the European ports and a stable media of exchange became a necessity. Hence they began the coinage of silver money, though they were but a religious-military order, banded together with the purpose of stemming the tide of Moslemism, and to a great extent under the control of the Popes at Rome. The Knights Templar never had this privilege, never struck coins, nor were recognized as a sovereign power.

The coinage of money was started by the Hospitallers when Foulques de Villaret was Grand Master in 1307 to 1319. A brief description of the first coins will not be amiss. The coin is of silver, of the character styled by the French as "gros d'argent" or "great silver piece." The obverse shows the Grand Master himself, kneeling with folded hands in front of the Patriarchal Cross in the attitude of supplication. The Maltese Cross is embroidered on the left arm on his simple garment. His feet are bare in token of his humility. Around the coin near the edge is the abbreviated legend, "Fratrī Fulcho de Villerto Dei Gratia Ierosolymae," and around the Cross are the Greek letters "Alpha et Omega" (the beginning and the end). The reverse has a large Cross in the center and in two concentric circles this legend: "Magistro Hospitalis Conventus Sancti Johannis Hierosolimitani Rodi." Translating the two sides we have the English sentence, "Brother Foulques de Villaret by the Grace of God, of Jerusalem, Master of the Hospital of the Convent of St. John of Jerusalem, at Rhodes."

This inscription differed very little for the next hundred years, except for the name of the Grand Master, till Grand Master Antonine Fluvian, 1421-1437, placed this epigram on his coins: "Sit tibi, Christe, datus, Quia tu Regis iste ducatus." Translated it reads: "Let this ducat be given to Thee, O Christ, because Thou dost rule." Which reminds us of the words of Christ when he said "Render therefor unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's, and unto God the things that are God's."

Again in the Grand Mastership of Pierre D'Aubusson, 1476-1503, we find this inscription: "Behold the Lamb of God, which taketh away the sins of the World."

Grand Master Guy de Blanchefort in 1513 made first use of the inscription "In Hoc Signo Vincas" on the coins of the Hospitallers, and this motto or legend is made use of very much in our present-time Knights of Malta.

In 1513 to 1521 Fabrice de Carretto, Grand Master, dedicated his coins "To God and the Blessed Virgin."

One of the most trying times of the early Knights was during the Grand Mastership of Philippe de Villiers-L'Isle Adam, 1521-1534, usually spoken of as L'Isle Adam. During the long struggle with the Turks in 1522 he never lost his cheerfulness, and it is written of him "never once did that

same quiet, placid look, sweet and almost a smile, desert him, whatever was the hurry or difficulty or peril; but he was always gracious and kind to everyone, so that none but loved and revered him." And this sterling quality is reflected in the inscription on his coins, "Brother Philip de L'Isle Adam, Master of the Hospital of Jerusalem." "Give me valor against Thine Enemies." Can a more fitting thought be found to express the wonderful character of this Grand Master.

Perhaps Claude de La Sengle, Grand Master 1553-1557, felt the need for more religious fervor, for his coins bear the warning, "Prepare ye the way of the Lord."

One of the most revered Grand Masters of the Hospitallers was Jean de La Vallette-Parisot, 1557-1568, better known by his family name La Vallette. He successfully met the assaults of Turks, who laid siege to the Island of Malta from May 20 to September 18, 1565, with a force twenty times as great as the Knights, and who founded the city called by his name Vallette. He was a deeply religious Grand Master and his piety and religious fervor were expressed on the coins, that among others bore these legends, "It is not money we want, but faithful service," "On account of Truth and Justice," "St. John the Baptist, Pray for us," and "Under this sign (The Cross) we fight."

I show you a coin of Grand Master Pierre de Monte, 1568-1572, a four-tari piece. On the obverse is the Grand Master's Shield, in whose quarterings are branches of olives, and monticules or little mountains, from which the Grand Master got his name, Monte. The reverse is the same as had been used by La Vallette, the head of St. John surrounded by an inscription reading, "Propter Veritatem et Justitiam." Translated, "On account of Truth and Justice."

The following Grand Masters made use of inscriptions used by former Grand Masters: John Levesque de la Cassiere, 1572-1581, "Give me valor against Thine Enemies." Hugo de Loubena de Verdalle, 1582-1595, "Not Money but Fidelity."

I next invite your attention to the coins of Grand Master Alofio de Wignacourt, 1601-1622. It is a one-tara piece of silver, dated 1619. The obverse shows the Grand Masters' Shield, surmounted by a Crown. On the first and fourth quarterings are the equal Crosses of the Order; in the second and third quarters are three fleur-de-lys and a label. I have said that a coin is as a page of history, so let us read what this simple description means. It says that De Wignacourt was Grand Master of the Holy and Knightly Order of the Hospitallers of St. John of Jerusalem, of Palestine, of Rhodes, and of Malta. That he was of noble birth entitled to six or eight quarterings on his shield; that he was of French parentage; that he was the elder branch or eldest son of the family. I call your particular attention to the legend on the coin, which means in English, "Brother Alofio de Wignacourt, Master of the Hospitallers: Not Money but Fidelity." And we could not find a better motto to guide our own lives than this one.

There is a deep significance and a whole sermon in the legends found on the coins of Grand Master Raymond Perellos, 1697-1720, which reads "Conquer by Piety (or Devotion)"; and more so of Grand Master Marc Antonie Zondadari, 1720-1722, on whose coins was the legend, "Forgiveness meets one; Vengeance is sought."

Grand Master Raymond Despuig de Montanegre, 1736-1741, was one of the least important of the Grand Masters. There was nothing in his time that demanded radical measures or important decisions. One historian wrote, "He lived, he died. This is the sum total of his biography." But he left many coins of his time and many of very excellent workmanship. This can be said of nearly all coins of the Grand Masters, because they had the best sculptors and die cutters to be had. This two-tari piece shows the portrait of Despuig and the simple legend, "Brother Raymond Despuig, Grand Master of the Hospitallers of Jerusalem." The reverse has the Grand Master's Shield with the family coat-of-arms. No other inscription.

Emanuel Pinto de Fonseca, 1741-1773, was the next Grand Master, and I show you three coins of his Stewardship, being 30-tari pieces. The obverse shows the Grand Masters' Shield surmounted by a kingly crown, topped with the Maltese Cross. This was the first time a kingly crown was used; before this time the crown was ducal. The reverse shows St. John the Baptist with the Standard of the Order and a Lamb at his feet. The inscrip-

tion reads "Brother Emanuel de Pinto, Grand Master of the Hospitallers and of the Holy Sepulchre. No Greater (Prophet) has arisen." This is the second Grand Master to refer to the Holy Sepulchre on his coins, the first being Raymond Perellos in 1699. During this time the German Branch rejoined the Hospitallers, and for the second time the Jesuits were expelled from the Order and from the Island of Malta.



4 Tari of Emmanuel Pinto, 1757.

Emmanuel de Rohan Polduc, 1775-1797, is remembered more especially for his deeds of charity at the time of the devastating earthquakes at Calabria in 1783, and summoning a Chapter General to Malta, the first to be called since 1631. His coins show on the obverse a bust of De Rohan with the legend "Brother Emmanuel de Rohan, Grand Master of the Hospital and Holy Sepulchre of Jerusalem." On the reverse a shield surmounted with a Kingly Crown, topped with the Maltese Cross. Also during the term of De Rohan a new Langue was established, (1784), that of the Anglo-Bavarian, the old English Langue which had been inactive for two centuries being revived, and possessions in Bavaria being given them by Charles Theodore. But the glory of the Ancient Knights began to fade with the passing of De Rohan.



15 Tari of Emmanuel Pinto, 1769.

Grand Master Ferdinand de Hompesch, 1797-1798, was a German. The inscription, "Brother Ferdinand Hompesch, Grand Master of the Hospital and Holy Sepulchre of Jerusalem." With the passing of De Hompesch goes the last of the real Grand Masters of the Hospitallers, and Napoleon occupied the island that the Knights had held since 1529.

And why, shall we ask, why was this ancient, most noble and most useful fraternity dissolved? The answer is "God willed it." Its usefulness was gone, there was no further necessity for its existence. The power of the Turks had vanished. The craving for pilgrimage had ceased. The Island of Malta was a prize for nations to contend for, and the first strong man who should pass that way would lay his hand upon it. That man was Napoleon Bonaparte. Had there been a show of resistance or defense, the island would not have been pillaged and destroyed by the hordes of Napoleon, but would have fallen into the hands of the British who were following, and the priceless relics of the Ancient Knights would have been preserved for the descendants of that Holy Order.

The coins of the Hospitallers form a series of genuine monuments set up along the road of knightly history. They extend over a period of nearly five centuries. They are the money by which the food was purchased, the hired forces paid, the ammunition bought, the clothing, medicine, arms and armor secured, shipping built and manned, horses bought and equipped,

cannon cast, charity utilized, religious services supported, and a bulwark maintained against the Turks.

Scanning one of these pieces, the history of dead ages seem to glide before us. It was the money for which the pirates of the Mediterranean fought, and plundered, and burnt, and stained that beautiful sea with blood. This money by thousands of pieces, lies among ruined cities, in plowed fields, at fountain heads, in caves, in vaults and cemeteries. Very often pieces are



30 Tari of Ferdinand de Hompesch, 1798.

coming to light. The washing rains expose it, the spade and plow turn it up, the earthquake brings it to the surface. Sometimes deposits in earthen jars are found where the hand of fear had buried it. Oftener it is found in single specimens, but wherever and whenever a coin of a Grand Master of St. John comes to the light of day, it tells in language of indisputable truth of the honor and glory and fame of the noblest Order of Knighthood the earth has ever known.

A glorious company, the flower of men,
The goodliest fellowship of famous Knights,
Whereof this world has record.
The Knights are dust;
Their swords are rust;
Their souls are with the saints we trust.

This Stuff Called Money

In a recent issue of *The Insurance Accountant*, published in Canada, the following appeared under the above title. The author gives only his initials, "N. B. M.", but our guess is that they stand for Norman B. Mason, of Toronto, District Secretary of the A. N. A. for Ontario. Mr. Mason presents an old subject in a new dress and makes interesting reading.

To most of us the above heading conjures visions of the old pay envelope at the end of the week. To the insurance accountant it can be a headache when thought of in connection with delinquent accounts! But to the shareholder, the profit which said accountant "produces" at the year end is "money."

These cogitations lead us to wonder "WHAT IS money?" Most "money" seen by us is in the form of cheques. Let us look at one that came in the mail this morning. What does it say? So-and-so bank pay to the order of such-and-such insurance company \$100.00. We take this to the bank and what do we get? As the bank makes a profit on its note circulation, they try to hand us their own bills for \$100.00. On examination of these bills we find them merely demand promissory notes—on which the bank pays no interest. (But just try to borrow a few without paying them interest).

As we do not want promissory notes, we ask the bank for some real dough, and they hand us notes of another bank! These to us are still just I.O.U.'s and we ask what is the difference. The banker says none. His

I.O.U.'s are just as good as the other bank's I.O.U.'s, but the Government (whoever they are) say you've got to take the other bank's I.O.U., but you don't have to take so-and-so bank's. This is called legal tender.

By this time our temper is getting tender, too, so we ask the blankety so-and-so bank who we can see about it. Somewhat reluctantly we are directed, but the information is also thrown in, gratis, that this other bank is not intended to serve the public as it is only intended that other banks would deal there.

This makes us a little suspicious and more determined than ever to get some hard cash for these I.O.U.'s, so we find our way to this other bank. It is rather modest looking after the pretentious establishment we have just left. Still the place has an appearance of stability inside and the colour scheme is enhanced by at least one attendant in a scarlet coat. We find ourselves at a barred window and present our notes. A courteous clerk informs us politely we are making a mountain out of a molehill. However, we came here to get hard cash. Don't forget we are trying to find out what money is—and we are going to get it. The clerk, seeing that we are going to be a bit stubborn, says he will give us silver dollars. Having won our point, we "enjoy" a sheepish victory and lug—did you ever heft 100 silver smackers?—away our "money."

When we get back to the office with our real money we are greeted by a junior bookkeeper who tells us we have been stung. He says the silver dollar weighs 360 grains (ours seems like tons) 800 fine. He goes on to say that this means that it is only 80 per cent. silver and that the "value" of the dollar (including its cost of manufacture) is about 35c., but that we can spend them for \$1.00. He advised us not to spend 11 of them all at one time, or maybe we couldn't get rid of them. (We could "get away" with spending 10 at once, though). This, too, has something to do with legal tender, we learned when we found out the kid was right.

Going farther afield we find our friends to the south also have silver dollars, which normally are "just as good" as our own. But we are astonished to find that this "dollar" has 412.5 grains 900 fine, which makes its silver content 30 per cent. more than ours. Yet our gold (yes, we have them) coinages have exactly the same gold content, which is what makes our currencies remain at par, normally.

Still farther afield, we find that steel (they call it acmonital) is used for coins in some countries and that in parts of Africa, even today, certain shells are still used for money. This finally leads us to realize that anything may be used for money . . . provided it has some authority for its issuance.

Supposing we accept this "idea" of "money," how about international trade? Will any foreign country accept "anything" as money, or will we have to go back to the system of barter?

Before we try to solve international affairs, let's see how things look closer to home. Ye insurance accountant "sells" his services to such-and-such insurance company for \$10.00 (maybe \$100.00). What does he do with it? He "buys" food, clothing, housing, etc., to the same tune. Or, on second thought, might it not be said that he barter? And so it is with international affairs! for what are nations, except groups of individuals?

All this beating around the bush has been an effort, in light-hearted vein, to illustrate that "money" may have no intrinsic value, but, given the proper authority, does represent value. Thus it is a medium of exchange and the life-blood of commerce.

When Jacob Perkins was 21 years of age he was commissioned by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to make the dies for their 1787 series of cents and half cents. In 1818 he went to London to compete for the twenty-thousand-pound reward offered by the Bank of England for a bank note which could not be counterfeited.

Vernon L. Brown, member of the Board of Governors of the American Numismatic Association, is expected to talk on Monday, March 24, at 3.30 P. M. over Station WNYC in connection with the observance of National Coin Week.

Coins Of More Than Usual Interest

By DAVID M. BULLOWA
New York City

A SERIES: XI—Danish Patriotic Issue

One of the most interesting coins of the early nineteenth century is the 1/6th rigsdaler of Denmark, issued in 1808 by King Frederick VI, who had just ascended the throne.

Denmark had been involved in the Continental system of Napoleon, and the state had suffered heavily through loss of trade throughout the period. The state debt had risen notably from 41 million rigsdaler in 1801 to over 100 million rigsdaler, in a period of about a decade.



Paper money had been issued in the hope that it would keep trade and business activity alive, but conditions grew worse. The English were very much annoyed that the Danish Government had not cooperated with them against Napoleon, and in 1807 the English fleet, without declaring war, sailed into the harbor at Copenhagen, bombarded the city and destroyed the Danish fleet.

The damage done was considerable, and it was an act of aggression without justification. When Frederick VI came to the throne he recalled the many sacrifices which his people had made, and the first coins he issued were silver 1/6 rigsdaler, struck in part from voluntary contributions the Danish citizens had made to alleviate the suffering and distress caused by the period of unrest and aggravated by the attack on their capital.

The obverse shows the crowned cypher of King Frederick VI, with the inscription, DANISH CURRENCY PAYABLE FOR 1/6 RIGSDALER.

The reverse has an oak wreath with the inscription in seven lines, VOLUNTARY OFFERING FOR THE FATHERLAND, 1808. M. F. are the initials of the mintmaster, Michael Flor, mintmaster at Altona from 1787 to 1818.

British Guiana dollar notes were formerly 7¼ inches by 3½ inches in size. The obverse shows the native bird in the left panel, and the waterfall in the center. At the right is the seal of the colony. The reverse shows a large portrait of George V. The modern notes are smaller in size, and have the portrait of George VI on the reverse. The notes are printed in red, by Waterloo & Sons, in London, and are dated at Georgetown. The higher-value notes are issued by chartered banks. The notes of Barclay's Bank are dated at Demarary.

The new Netherlands East Indies coins being issued at the Philadelphia Mint are struck on the .720 fineness standard. This is the same fineness according to which current Mexican silver pieces are struck.

A Brazilian 20-reis piece of 1900 bears the motto in Portuguese: "Money earned is money saved."

Medals And History

By JOHN LAWRENCE SMITH, M.D.
Los Angeles, Cal.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

PART I

There's something more to a medal than legend and exergue, than obverse and reverse. First, there's always the thrill of the acquisition, of getting something about which there is a lot of finding out to be done; then, as the facts, fables and traditions come to light, it becomes almost a living voice, speaking of events, personalities, heroics, battles and sieges, but rarely of frailties, crimes and treacherous deeds. In short, there will be found in the hidden backgrounds as much evidence of whitewashing as of gilding.

The reproduced text from the 1746 volume by Addison, "Dialogues on the Usefulness of Ancient Medals," shows in that day coins were classed as medals, speaking of Roman coins. This article, however, will deal only

But besides the more solid parts of learning, there are several little intimations to be met with on Medals that are very pleasant to such as are conversant in this kind of study. Should I tell you gravely, that without the help of Coins we should never have known which was the first of the Emperors that wore a beard, or rode in stirrups, I might turn my science into ridicule. Yet it is certain there are a thousand little impertinencies of this nature that are very gratifying to curiosity, tho' perhaps not very improving to the understanding. To see the dress that such an Empress delighted to be drawn in, the titles that were most agreeable to such an Emperor, the flatteries that he lay most open to, the honours that he paid to his children, wives, predecessors, friends or colleagues, with the like particularities only to be met with on Medals, are certainly not a little pleasing to that inquisitive temper which is so natural to the mind of man.

with the purely commemorative medal, not used or designated as indicators of value. The period when this type became a feature is given by G. F. Hill in his book, "Portrait Medals of Italian Artists of the Renaissance," as late in the Fourteenth century, coming into full use and development in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth centuries. Many of the classic artists of that period, practically all the sculptors, even the turbulent and gifted genius, Cellini, tried their hands at medals so that the vogue became established as an attribute of prominence. The early medallists usually made their models in wax which melted in casting, so that each medal was as unique as a bronze statue.

The makers of dies for coins were legion, as in all the centuries since Darius, but they were not considered artists by the great ones, only mere mechanics copying from coin to die, as the dies gave way under the hammerings of strikers.

Few of the portrait medals illustrated in Hill's volume are small enough to be struck from dies, most of them being 60 to 70 millimeters, a very elaborate portrait of Andrea Fosca reaching the magnificent size of 130mm.—five inches. Hence we consider the early medals as universally cast pieces.

The two pieces presented herewith are cast copies, as originals, mostly in museums, are seldom acquired by the everyday collector.

I must begin with the later piece, in time, as it was my first medal and the beginning of the series of "history hooks" on which later entertaining studies have been hung.

On a first visit to Florence, the famed Ponte Vecchio, Old Bridge, Jeweler's Bridge, almost filled with shops, is, as a matter of course, freely visited.

The center of the bridge has a small space unoccupied by shops, where stand a fountain and a bust of Benvenuto Cellini, who, though the opposite of saintlike, has been regarded as the patron personage of the jewelers.

The suave dealer seated us in his tiny showroom overlooking the Arena, where, from the lower stories of the ancient tall buildings built to the water's edge, hopeful fishermen cast lines into the stream. He produced, among many enticing objects, a heavy medal which was irresistible. The obverse held a bust of a grandiose mediaeval-looking personage. His aquiline



Illustration is reduced.

line profile, pouting lips, mailed coat half hidden by abundant curled locks hanging below the shoulder, made a gallant picture. The dealer assured me that it was "Medici, very old, but the name in the legend "IOANNES GASTO," in my sketchy knowledge, gave me no clew as to a membership in the ruling house of Florence and Tuscany. However the following abbreviations in the legend "MAGN. PRINC. ETRUR. (Magnanimous Prince of Etruria) made it worth while to investigate.

Although a copy, the highlights on the allegorical reverse indicated that it had passed uncounted years in cabinets, bolstering the dealer's claim that it was "very old." At home, with time and references for study, it was determined that it really was a Medici medal. Then, a full reading of the entrancing history of the rise and fall of this remarkable family, which was high-lighted by the moderate knowledge of Florence obtained on our recent visit. John Gastone was the last male ruler of Tuscany and Florence from the Medici family. The brief account of his career as ruler, which I quote, will point some kind of a moral, for which I have not words.

"He was the second son of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, Cosimo III, who reigned from 1670 to 1723, and which is described by a historian 'as one of every evil which a ruler at once vain, weak, tyrannical, entirely wanting in brains and sunk in bigotry, can create. His two sons, Ferdinand and Giovanni (Gian, IOANNES, John) were intensely disliked by Cosimo, who repressed their naturally good tendencies by every means, keeping them in the background, and bullying them so as to drive both into the dissipation of the time, a poor outlook for a state to be later governed by one or both. Ferdinand, the heir, died untimely at 50, and at the age of 52,

John Gastone was called from obscurity to the distasteful rulership of Tuscany, which had been so misgoverned by his father for 53 years.

"In spite of all this, he made a valiant beginning. He dismissed at once, all the spies, sycophants and hypocrites that had surrounded his father. He annulled a long list of 'Pensions of the Creed,' established through ecclesiastical influence during Cosimo's reign. These pensions, curiously enough, were paid to Jews, Turks, and Protestants for remaining ostensibly 'converted' to the true faith of the time and place.

"By this, and other strong remedies, taxation was reduced, and he became not merely another ruler but beloved and highly honored by all the people."

It would be at this period that the medal here considered could be consistently designed and executed. The inscriptions on the obverse and reverse would be enthusiastically applied to such a contrasting personality by a populace relieved of burdensome taxes, and especially by the Tuscan exiles, who were welcomed back from foreign states where they had been banished, mostly for offenses against the Church. However, there being no heir to the dukedom, and no apparent possibility, the ever-vigilant chief powers of the time were scheming as to which would acquire Tuscany and its riches on the death of John Gastone and his sister. Spain and Austria were the two principal claimants.

The continual threats and open efforts at acquisition (ancient fashions of what we know as propaganda and "fifth column" activities) were more than the Grand Duke could endure.

A specimen incident of his trials is related. In 1729 he suffered a sprained ankle. Immediately reports of his death spread about! At once Spain assembled a fleet and army to take possession of Tuscany, while Austria sent thirty thousand men into Lombardy at the Tuscany border, and offered them to Gastone! He refused the offer and managed to temporize with Spain, but the strain continued, and on the death of his relative, the Princess Violante who had managed the social side of his reign, he again relapsed into dissipations and retired from public view. In this obscurity, it has been said, "he spent half his time in bed to recover from the half ill-spent out of it."

He died in 1737 at the age of 66, shortly after sponsoring, as his last public act, the erection of a monument to Galileo. He was sincerely regretted by his people, who saw his vices dimly as they mourned the passing of a loved ruler and of a great family.

Three years later, on a subsequent visit to Florence, at the top of the grand staircase in the Uffizi Gallery, my wife said "There's a friend of yours!" On a high pedestal stood a life-size replica in snowy Carrara marble of the bust on my first medal, curled wig, pouting lip and all!

I really enjoyed giving Giovanni Gastone a pat on his marble shoulder!

PART II

Now we will step back two hundred years in the history of the same Medici family to a medal of the first Duke of Florence, secured on a visit three years later. Visiting the Bargello, now a museum instead of the original use as seat of the city government, across the narrow curved street was the astonishing plain sign, in English "Second-Hand Store!" Almost a shock in this city of antiques! In a table drawer of miscellaneous coins appeared one medal which the apologetic merchant assured me was "not oreiginal."

A heavy cast piece over three inches in diameter, it bore on the reverse a crude figure of a melancholy-looking, emaciated, three-toed rhinoceros, whose appearance bore out the schoolboy classic, "the skin of the rhinoceros is made of old stoves." The obverse bears a bust clothed in a distinguished embroidered garment. The legend identifies him as Alexander, Duke of Florence, and he is plainly shown as rather unprepossessing. I quote from the same history of the Medici by C. F. Young.

"Alexander, first hereditary Duke of Florence, appears in Florentine affairs at the age of 13. He had been reared in Naples, where his woolly hair and negroid features had caused him to be called 'the Moor.' His parentage unknown, he was in reality the son of Pope Clement. An Italian

historian, Capponi, is quoted by Young: 'His mother was a mulatto slave, and he had the dark skin, thick lips and curly hair of a negro.'

"In 1531, at the age of 19, Alexander was made head of the Republic of Florence, and only a year later, the Republic being abolished, Pope Clement pushed this detested, incapable and vicious youth into the Dukedom of Florence, giving as justification that Alexander was really the son of the Duke of Urbino.

"Installed as absolute ruler at the age of 20, he displayed all the inherent evil of his nature. Historians of his own time call him a 'creature who would have disgraced the deadliest epochs of Roman villainy. None dared to offend him or refuse him anything lest he should murder those dearest to them.'"

Anthony Trollope said: "The portraits of this youth that hang in Florentine galleries show the lowness of his type. The contracted features, low forehead and mean expression are altogether unlike any of the Medici race, in whom, whatever else they might be, there was always manifestation of intellectual power."

Disgust and indignation at such a rule was the prevailing temper of the Florentines. Large numbers had been driven into exile, sufficient to form



Illustration is reduced.

a political "bloc" termed the *Fuorusciti*, translated as "those who have gone out." This party, collecting in different Italian states and adjoining countries, after the death of Pope Clement, sent an embassy to the Holy Roman Emperor, Charles V, to petition for the removal of Alexander. Failure of this project brought the inevitable end. Decoyed to a neighboring house by the prospect of an amorous adventure, he was assassinated by a hired killer, after an outrageous rulership of five years!

It appears that much discussion has centered around this medal. Self-glorification to place him among the great ones of his reputed family was the obvious reason on Alexander's part. The principal legend, on the obverse, "ALEX. MED. FLOR. DUX. I." (Alexander, First Duke of Florence) is the usual classic identification. On the reverse, "NON. BUELVO. SIN. VENCER." has been varied in translation. One authority says it is Spanish for "I do not return without conquering," and from another source, Latin for "Invulnerable—Invincible." It has been stated that the design was made by Paul Jove at the request of the Duke. Armand, a French authority on Renaissance medals, states that it was the work of del Prato, and was copied by various others.

Whether it was the rhinoceros that was invulnerable, or whether Alexander was a mighty hunter and never returned without "the bacon" seems to be still undecided.

This summary of the reigns of the first and last Grand Dukes of the House of Medici bears out, I hope, the intimation at the beginning that medals may be fully as concealing, as they are revealing.

I wish to acknowledge information received from Spink & Sons, London, and from the books by G. F. Hill and C. F. Young.

Paper Money

By D. C. WISMER
Hatfield, Pa.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Demand Notes, Interest Bearing Notes, Compound Interest Notes, Refunding Notes, Legal Tender Notes (formerly denominated Greenbacks), National Bank Notes, National Gold Bank Notes, Gold Certificates, Silver Certificates, Treasury or Coin Notes, Federal Reserve Bank Notes and Federal Reserve Notes. The ancestry of these Government issues were the bank notes issued by the State chartered banks, known as current money to July 2nd, 1866, when the Act of March 3, 1865, passed by Congress went into effect, taxing the issues of the State chartered banks ten per cent, and prohibiting the issue of notes by corporations and merchants as money.

In 1862 the United States commenced to issue what was denominated as postage currency. The First Issue of these notes in denominations of 5c, 10c, 25c and 50c, were perforated around the edges like postage stamps; later they were printed and issued in sheets without perforated edges. The Second Issue, which was designated as Fractional Currency, authorized by Act of March 3, 1863, in the same denominations as the First Issue of postage currency, had the bust of Washington on the face of the notes. There were three later Issues of Fractional Currency of different designs, the Third Issue including a 3c note, of which there was only one issue. The Fourth Issue included a 15c note, which was not included in the Fifth or last issue of Fractional Currency. The Issue of Fractional Currency was discontinued in 1876.

In 1861, after the beginning of the Civil War between the Northern and Southern States, silver and gold coins disappeared entirely from circulation, being at a premium in the current bank notes and the issues of the United States. Silver and gold coins were either hoarded, held for a premium or as curiosities. This condition of the currency made it impossible for merchants or corporations to make change or to get pay for small transactions. Even the lowly cent was held for a premium of 20 per cent. above face value, causing the issue of thousands of varieties of tokens and store cards that passed current as cents, and for amounts as small as one cent, paper money known as scrip was issued by merchants, storekeepers, corporations and individuals that were carrying on any kind of petty business; also cities, towns, counties and some of the Southern States commenced supplying a fractional currency for the promotion of trade. This condition of the currency caused the issue of the postage currency and the Fractional Currency of the United States and a law inflicting a penalty on anyone issuing notes as currency.

In 1780, after the issues of the Continental Currency had become practically worthless and useless as a currency, the first bank, known as the Pennsylvania Bank, was organized for the purpose of supplying the Continental troops with such items as were needed then, but this bank was of short existence and closed in about eighteen months after it had accomplished all it could do with its capital and funds in furnishing the needed supplies to the Continental troops in its patriotic endeavors at that disastrous period of the American Revolution.

On December 31, 1781, The Continental Congress passed an act chartering the bank entitled, The President, Directors and Company of the Bank of North America. The organization of the company and the selection of the board of directors had been completed at a meeting held at the City Tavern on November 1, 1781. The board of directors chosen were: Thomas Willing, Thomas Fitzsimmons, John Maxwell Nesbitt, James Wilson, Henry Hill, Samuel Osgood, Cadwalader Morris, Andrew Caldwell, Samuel Ingles, Samuel Meredith, William Bingham and Timothy Matlack. Next day at a meeting of the board, Thomas Willing was elected president of the bank, and later Tench Francis was elected cashier.

The Bank of North America, the first bank chartered for the purpose

of issuing paper money, was opened for business January 7, 1782. Special paper had been ordered to be used as money, plates engraved and notes printed and signed, ready to be issued on the day the bank opened for business. My reason for forming this conclusion is the fact that I have a note issued by the Bank of North America, dated February 6, 1782, thirty days after the bank had opened and the paper on which the note is printed is watermarked the denomination of the note. In December, 1781, the bank already had vaults in which was deposited \$8,000.00 paid in by stockholders, and \$470,000.00 in specie deposited by the Continental Treasurer, or Superintendent of Finance, Robert Morris.

On February 7, 1784, the Massachusetts Bank was chartered, and in 1784, the Bank of New York began business. In 1790 The Bank of Maryland was chartered, and in 1791 the United States Congress chartered the Bank of United States, with a capital of \$10,000,000.00, for a period of twenty years.

At the expiration of the charter, March 4th, 1811, Congress refused to extend the charter of the Bank of the United States. Therefore, the bank liquidated its affairs, redeemed all the issued notes that were presented for payment in gold or silver coins, and the stockholders received in dividends the par value of their shares, while they had received fully eight per cent dividends on their shares for the twenty years that the bank was doing business.

After the Bank of the United States was chartered in 1791, the number of State banks rapidly increased. There were sixteen Banks in 1792, and three hundred and thirty banks in operation in 1830. In 1860 there were one thousand five hundred and sixty-two State chartered banks in the United States. All these banks issued their notes as money, in denominations from \$1.00 to as high as \$5000.00 in some cases. All the State laws provided that every bank should have a certain amount of gold and silver coins on hand to redeem their notes, generally about fifteen per cent of their note issues. Whenever a run was made on a bank, it was not by the depositors, but by the holders of their notes, so if they could not redeem their notes in coin at their counter, the bank was closed and a receiver appointed. As a rule, the deposits were very small. The object of practically all the State chartered banks was to issue their notes as money and to keep them in circulation, as they received at least six per cent on all the notes they loaned to persons who happened to want money for business purposes, also notes were often put in circulation in distant cities so that it was not an easy matter to present them for payment. There was always much objection to this kind of paper money, as it was a poor substitute for real money, which consisted of gold and silver coins according to the provision of the Constitution of The United States. The arguments against chartering the Bank of the United States occupied many days as it was a way of getting around the provisions of the Constitution to establish a system of paper money. The Constitution plainly states that the States should not issue any kind of money, neither coins nor paper money, but the States soon commenced the issue of paper money by the system of chartering corporations, giving them the privilege with such safeguards as they thought necessary. One of the objections to the paper money of the State chartered banks was the fact that each bank had a different design on its notes and the numerous counterfeits that were continually appearing during that time. The counterfeit detectors that were a necessity for every business had over one thousand different counterfeits listed before 1860, and when a bank closed, the counterfeits were no longer listed of that particular bank, and more than one thousand banks had failed or were closed voluntarily prior to 1860.

The National Banking Act passed by Congress in 1863 was similar to what was known as the Free Banking Law of the State of New York, and the act passed by Congress in 1862 for legal tender notes, known as greenbacks, were both laws passed as a temporary expedient to tide the United States over the costs of the Civil War. The national banks were chartered for twenty years, when they were expected to liquidate, and the legal tenders were to be retired when specie payment was resumed. However, when the State bank notes were no longer circulated, and there were plenty of national bank notes and legal tender notes in circulation, and the Comptroller had retired over \$100,000,000.00 of legal tender notes, a commo-

tion was commenced to discontinue the retirement of these notes, and Congress obligingly passed a law stopping the retirement of the legal tender notes. That Act was passed in 1873, so that up to the present time, that Act being still in force, any worn legal tenders that come into the Treasury Department are replaced with nice new notes with a red seal.

Peter Cooper, the New York philanthropist, was the candidate for President of the Greenback party in 1876, which had its rise on account of the retirement of the legal tender notes. General Benjamin Butler was the Greenback Party's candidate for President in 1884 and disappeared after that time. Now we have \$5,000,000,000.00 Federal Reserve promises to pay what? These should satisfy all the inflationists, who also have the use of the fifty-nine cent dollar.

The Story Behind The Token

**SAFE BUS CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.**

By B. MORGENTHAU, New York City

This company, founded in 1919, is the only all-negro owned and operated public utility in the United States. It is a well established concern, operating a fleet of 54 buses within the city limits, with a coverage of 10 routes. With a personnel of 83, it compares favorably with other municipal bus companies. Over 10,000 patrons, as many whites as colored, ride its buses



daily. The officers have worked their way up to present posts. Horace C. Woodland, son of a former vice-president, started as a gas attendant. Ellie Brown, ace driver, has a record of having driven one million miles without accident.

The tokens sold 6 for 25 cents. However, and because of their infeasibility, use of same has been discontinued.

National Coin Week publicity appeared in the March, 1941, issue of two far-flung types of publications: "Banking," with an article entitled "The Nickel's 75th anniversary," and in "Scouting," under the heading "National Coin Week." The wide circulation of these publications in different fields indicates the accepted position which National Coin Week is now filling.

A press dispatch relates of the loss of seven cases of new Malayan currency because of "enemy action." The notes were of the series described in The Numismatist some months ago, but were of the \$1 and \$5 values. The notes were en route from the Board of Currency Commissioners in Singapore to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.

Canada's National War Memorial Medal

By W. E. MARLEY
Toronto, 4, Canada

No definite information is available as to how many medals were struck or given to Canadian pilgrims who traveled to Europe to witness, on July 26, 1936, the unveiling of Canada's National War Memorial on Vimy Ridge, in France. The writer was presented with one, during a luncheon tendered by the Confederation Nationale des Anciens Combattants et Victimes de la Grande Guerre at the Hôtel des Invalides in Paris on August 2, where the pilgrims, who were the guests of the French Government, were met and addressed by Marshal Philippe Pétain, who spoke on behalf of the French War Veterans. The medal is believed to have been the specific gift of the French veterans to their Canadian comrades, and, commemorating as it does a unique event of Canadian historic interest, should be included in future catalogues of Canadian or British North American numismatics.

The obverse of the medal, which is of bronze and measures 50mm, depicts the symbolic figure of Canada brooding over the graves of her valiant sons and standing on a base on which is inscribed the letters VIMY. On vertical panels at each side of the figure are inscribed CANADA and FRANCE. To the left of the figure is the date, 26-VII-1936. On a further base receding



from and at each side of the figure, are the words PELERINAGE CANADIEN and CANADIAN PILGRIMAGE above which and incused in small letters are the names "A de Possesse" and "Walter Allward Sculpt."

The reverse shows the front view of the memorial with a series of radiating lines in the background, and around the circumference close to the edge is the inscription CANADIAN WAR MEMORIAL ON VIMY RIDGE. Below the base of the memorial on a wide exergue is inscribed, in incused letters, IN MEMORIAM SEXAGINTO MILLIUM CANADIENSIVM QUI ANNO DOMINI MCMXIV-MCMXVIII ARMIS VITRA MARE VITAM PRO PATRIA VITRO DEDIDERUNT. Below the base of the memorial is the name of the sculptor in very small incused letters. The plain edge has the letters BRONZE incused.

Canada's National War Memorial.

Canada's National War Memorial measures 200 feet square and is 125 feet in height. It occupies the central position on Vimy Ridge in France on land given in perpetuity to Canada, by the people of France. On July 26, 1936, His Majesty King Edward VIII (now the Duke of Windsor) performed the ceremony of unveiling this magnificent monument in the presence of several thousand Canadians, chiefly veterans and members of the families of those who served in the war and who participated in a solemn pilgrimage

to Europe to pay homage to those who made the supreme sacrifice in the Great War. The memorial was designed by Mr. Walter S. Allward, Canadian architect and sculptor, in 1921, under whose supervision and through the years of sustained inspiration and effort it was slowly fashioned in rare stone to its completion. Imposing in its grandeur and sublimity as is the architectural achievement, to fully appreciate this one would have to see it, more impressive still is the glorious simplicity of its symbolism.

Symbolism of Vimy Memorial.

At the base of the strong, impregnable walls of defense are Defenders, one group showing the Breaking of the Sword, the other the Sympathy of the Canadians for the Helpless. Above these are the mouths of the guns covered with olive and laurel. On the wall stands the heroic figure of Canada brooding over the graves of her valiant dead. Below is suggested a grave with helmet, laurels, etc. Behind her stand pylons symbolizing the two forces, Canadian and French, while between, at the base of these, is the Spirit of Sacrifice who, giving all, throws the torch to his Comrade. Looking up they see the figures of Peace, Justice, Truth, Knowledge, and Honour, for which they fought, chanting the hymn of peace. Around the figures are the shields of Britain, Canada, and France. On the walls are inscribed the names of 11,285 missing Canadians—that is, those known to be dead but having no known graves. On the outside of the pylons is the Cross.

COIN EXHIBIT AT COOPER UNION, NEW YORK CITY.

Coins circulated by Mediterranean traders before the establishment of the Roman Empire are being shown at the Cooper Union Museum, New York City, for the Arts of Decoration in a demonstration of the early stages of minting. The development of the art of striking coins, or stamping a piece of metal with a die, is shown as part of a comprehensive exhibit, spanning thirty centuries, of the adaptability of malleable metals to decorative design. More than 250 objects hammered from gold, brass, wrought iron, pewter, tin, and other pliable metals are on display.

The earliest coin on view, the stater of Pharae, dates from the sixth century B. C. in Greece and is little more than a globule of metal which early craftsmen placed between two dies, Carl C. Dauterman of the museum staff explains. One die bore a cross cut in relief, and when the metal was squeezed between the dies, the cross was imprinted on one side of the coin.

The "Stater", made of silver, is one of the first coins to have a design, according to Mr. Dauterman. It circulated only around the city of Pharae. Plain nuggets of metal were originally used for money, but crafty people soon made a practice of trimming off small portions of the metal. Decorative designs were thereupon adopted to mark the edges of the coin, thwarting such dishonest practices.

In contrast with the ancient coins displayed is an equally large group of coins and medals executed in the nineteenth century. Although the process of manufacture is the same, the modern coins show the great technical advances made possible by machines and modern science, Mr. Dauterman points out. Sharper dies and greater pressure have resulted in more clearly cut designs and more perfectly defined figures, and the decorative work is so delicately done that the coins can easily be stacked and packed into neat cylindrical packages, he adds.

Some writers have said that the effect of the base currency issued in the reigns of Henry VIII and Edward VI, although only of sixteen years' duration, dominated the history of labor and wages, to a certain extent, since the sixteenth century.

The American Numismatic Society has issued its eighty-third annual report to the members. The society reported an unusually successful year in point of view of accessions obtained.

To Regulate Future Issues of Commemoratives.

Following is the text of a bill to regulate future issues of commemorative coins, which was introduced in the House of Representatives on February 13, 1941, by Representative Hendricks. It is known as H. R. 3319.

A BILL

To regulate the issuance of commemorative coins.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby established a Commemorative Coin Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission") to be composed of five commissioners to be appointed by the President. The Commissioners first appointed under this Act shall hold office for the terms of one, two, three, four, and five years, respectively, from the date of enactment of this Act, the term of each to be designated by the President, but their successors shall be appointed for terms of five years; except that any person chosen to fill a vacancy shall be appointed only for the unexpired term of the Commissioner whom he succeeds.

Sec. 2. The Commissioners appointed under this Act shall serve in such capacity without compensation. The Commission is authorized to appoint and fix the compensation of such employees, and to make such expenditures, including the necessary expenses of the Commissioners incurred in the performance of their duties, as may be necessary for carrying out its functions under this Act.

Sec. 3. All bills introduced in either House of Congress providing for the issuance of a commemorative coin shall be first submitted, by the Senate or House committee to which such bills were referred, to the Commission for its approval. In determining whether any such bill shall be approved, the Commission shall take into consideration the national importance of the event to be commemorated. In the event the Commission disapproves any such bill pending before any such committee of the Senate or House because the event to be commemorated is not of sufficient national importance no further action shall be taken on it.

Sec. 4. No such bill shall be approved by the Commission unless it provides that (1) the coins authorized to be issued shall be coined at one mint of the United States, to be designated by the Director of the Mint; (2) such coins shall be silver 50-cent pieces of standard size, weight, and composition and of a special appropriate single design to be fixed by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury; (3) such coins shall bear the date of the year in which they are authorized and shall all be issued within one year from the date of enactment of the authorizing Act; (4) such coins shall be legal tender in any payment to the amount of their face value; (5) not less than twenty-five thousand such coins shall be issued at any one time; (6) such coins may be disposed of at par or at a premium by the association, committee, or other organization to whom they are issued and that the net proceeds be used by such association, committee, or other organization in defraying the expenses incidental and appropriate to the commemoration of such event; and (7) all laws in force on the date of enactment of the authorizing Act relating to the subsidiary silver coins of the United States and the coining or striking of the same, regulating and guarding the process of coinage, providing for the purchase of material, and for the transportation, distribution, and redemption of coins, for the prevention of debasement or counterfeiting, for the security of the coins, or for any other purposes, whether such laws are penal or otherwise, shall, so far as applicable, apply to the coinage authorized in such Act.

Sec. 5. All Acts authorizing the issuance of commemorative coins are hereby repealed; but all coins that have been minted under any such Act and not issued, shall be issued to the organization provided for in accordance with the provisions of such authorizing Act.

Sec. 6. There is hereby authorized to be appropriate such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

The first Assay medals, given to members of the annual commission, were designed by Longacre, in 1860.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

SEVENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FIVE-CENT PIECE.

The five-cent piece in nickel was officially created on May 16th, 1866, when the Act of Congress was passed fixing its weight, fineness and proportions. The law also provided that the coinage should be legal tender up to one dollar.

It is interesting to remember, also, that in the late 1850's and early 1860's the term "nickel" which we used to denote the five-cent piece was generally applied to the eagle and Indian head thick cents, which contained a percentage of nickel.

THE ST. GAUDENS' TYPE OF EAGLES AND DOUBLE EAGLES.

In the March issue of The Numismatist an item appeared concerning the change in the number of stars on the eagles and double eagles of the St. Gaudens type issued before and after 1912. The point which we desired to emphasize concerned the fact that none of the current catalogues cov-

ering modern gold coins distinguish between the two varieties. The issues having 46 stars and the issues having 48 stars are not differing types (as was previously stated), but are varieties of the same type. The issue of 1907 had 46 stars, although until November of 1907 there were only 45 States in the Union. The admission of the State of Oklahoma was anticipated in the St. Gaudens coinage, as these specimens have 46 stars.

The eagles and double eagles issued from 1912 to 1933 are the only United States coins bearing 48 stars representing the present number of States.

THIRD-TERM INAUGURAL MEDAL.

Of considerable interest to numismatists is the medal struck by the Philadelphia Mint for the District of Columbia President's Inaugural Committee handling all events leading up to the inauguration of Franklin D. Roosevelt as President of the United States for a third term. The committee itself was headed by Joseph E. Davies as chairman, and Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint, was chairman of the medal division. The committee sponsored the sale of grandstand tickets, souvenir programs and inaugural medals.



The sale of the medals was most unusual and there is very little doubt that the majority of them are in the hands of non-collectors. The medal, 42 mm. in size, was designed by Jo Davidson, well-known sculptor. The obverse shows the head of Franklin D. Roosevelt facing left. The head and background are rough in design—probably to denote the ruggedness of the President, but reported to represent the roughness found on ancient coins. Around this rough central portion is the modern medalist's handiwork, read-

ing FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT * PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA *. The reverse of the medal reads THIRD INAUGURATION * * * * around the outer edge, and within a wreath, the left side of which is an olive branch and the right side an oak branch open at the top and the stems tied with the bows on top and the ends draped over the stems, is the date, January 20, 1941.

The medal reaches numismatic heights (commemorative coin collectors harken) in the manner of its promotion and most amazing sale. The first 1000 medals were sold over the counter and by mail within the first day of sale. The price was \$1 each, plus postage, if sent by mail. A second issue of 1000 was requested. The reverse of the second issue shows a small "2" in the opening at the top of the wreath. This second edition also sold out before the inauguration took place and a third issue of 1000 was struck. The third issue also had the "2" the same as the second edition. The first edition became scarce, and even those in charge of selling the medals reported an immediate appreciation in price. The photograph shows the two reverses one without and the other with the "2."

The Inaugural Committee did an excellent job of distribution and the publicity given these medals, particularly around the Capital City, produced results far beyond the expectations of any member of the committee.

THE ASSAY COMMISSION FOR 1941.

Following is a description of the services rendered at the recent meeting of the Assay Commission for 1941 at the Philadelphia Mint early in February, furnished by Joseph Coffin, of New York, a member of the A. N. A., who served as a member of the commission this year.

The functions of the annual Assay Commission were so well explained in The Numismatist for February that very little can be added to that account, which took in all the main details of the duties of the commission.

About the first thing that strikes one as the commission meets is that it is a serious business and certainly not simply a ceremony which is gone through because it was started many years ago. When the Assay Commission meets each year at the Philadelphia Mint the members almost immediately know that a job is ahead.

The large packing boxes of coins are standing on trucks with the "pyx" envelopes brimming over. It would obviously be impossible to go through the whole number of coins held here in the mint for assay purposes, but a few hundred coins picked at random are weighed by the weighing committee; others chosen by the assay committee are assayed, and whole envelopes likewise picked at random by the counting committee so that a good cross-section of the entire coinage of the three mints is gone over and carefully examined.

Many unusual things were noted by the Commission, but a good many of them were incidental and had little direct bearing on the real business of the commission. The mint officials and employees are examples of rare integrity and devotion to their duties from the very capable Director, Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, and the Superintendent at Philadelphia, Mr. Edwin H. Dressel, down to the workers at the checking tables.

Some of the things which impressed the members of the commission were the portraits showing the superintendents at Philadelphia from early days to the present time, the hospitality and helpfulness of the officials and workers, and the marvelous efficiency of the mint operations, which right now are taxed to capacity.

As stated above, the duties of the annual Assay Commission were explained in a very lucid manner in the February issue. As for the findings of the trials, it goes without saying that this year will undoubtedly compare favorably in results with those of all previous years. The main thing, and the object of the trials, is to see that our silver coinage conforms to the requirements of law as to weight and fineness, and this result is accomplished always without question.

Other things observed which might be of particular interest to numismatists were: The fact that proof coins are included in the tests (as well as commemorative coins when issued), and as the assay coins are melted

in the process of testing, possibly as many as 25 proof coins are thereby eliminated from the comparatively small issues of such coins. Coins minted for foreign governments (generally arranged as a courtesy and without profit, through the State Department) are as carefully supervised as our own, but the silver coins are generally much lighter, sometimes as low as .720 fine. They are not included in the annual coin trials.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Slovakia—The Capitol Coin Company announces that it has been fortunate enough to secure a single specimen of the new 5-koruny coin of 1939 struck for the autonomous state of Slovakia. The coin is of pure nickel, and is the same size as the previous Czecho-Slovak coins of this value. This coin is historically interesting, as it was struck under Nazi auspices for the "independent" state of Slovakia, after the partition of Czecho-Slovakia. This issue



was reported in these pages a year ago last March, but this specimen is the first to come to light. The obverse bears the head of Father Andreas Hlinka, national hero and patriot, who died shortly before Slovakian autonomy was declared. Around his head, the inscription reads "For Our God, Our Life; For Our Nation, Freedom." The reverse consists of a coat-of-arms, the date, and the value, which is expressed as 5 Slovakian kronen.

India—Another new issue comes to us from the Capitol Coin Company. It is the 1-rupee coin of India, dated 1940, and bears the crowned head of George VI. Robert Friedberg, proprietor, reports that it has taken a year of effort and expense before he was able to acquire a few specimens of this coin. It was struck at Bombay early in 1940, but was never placed in cir-



ulation because of the war crisis, widespread silver hoarding, and the issuance of a paper 1-rupee note. Silver half and quarter rupees are in circulation to a limited extent in India and Burma, but the 1-rupee coin is stored in bank vaults and is never seen. It is of the same design as the quarter rupee that was illustrated in this magazine last month, with the exception that the edge is engrailed, which marks an innovation in Indian coinage.

Luxembourg—According to the latest press dispatches, the franc in Luxembourg was declared to be of no legal-tender value after February 5, although the German authorities have agreed to exchange Luxembourg francs for reichsmarks until March 1, 1941.

FARRAN ZERBE ELECTED HONORARY MEMBER OF N. Y. N. C.

At its March meeting, the New York Numismatic Club, one of the oldest local numismatic groups, elected Farran Zerbe, an honorary member of the club. Mr. Zerbe is well known throughout the nation for the famous Zerbe traveling numismatic exhibit, which is now permanently housed in New York, being owned by the Chase National Bank. Mr. Zerbe was also the curator until a few years ago. He is also a former owner of *The Numismatist*, following its acquisition from the Heath estate in 1908.

Mr. Zerbe has served as President of the American Numismatic Association, and is now its Historian. Over a page in *The Numismatist* Fifty-year Index is devoted to the many articles which he prepared in his interesting career.

In the past 30 years the New York Numismatic Club has distinguished less than eight persons with the "honorary member" classification. In taking this action shortly preceding Mr. Zerbe's 70th birthday, the club followed the precedent which the Association established at its Detroit Convention, when Mr. Zerbe was made honorary member by acclamation, in the same fashion as at the New York Numismatic Club.

Mr. Zerbe is also prominent on the West Coast, having founded there, in 1915, the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

After only two years of circulation, the bronze-aluminum 10-sen piece of Japan (first issued in 1938) has been replaced with an aluminum coin of the same denomination and size, that is 22mm. This piece is not holed as was the previous issue. (Specimen from Ernest Kraus, New York City.)



Obverse—A chrysanthemum in the center. Below, the Paulownia flower. Above, "Ten Sen" (the value).

Reverse—A rosette design in the center. Below, "Showa 15 Nen" (the fifteenth year of the Showa era). Above, "Tai Nippon" (Great Japan).

DESIGNER OF STONE MOUNTAIN HALF DOLLAR DIES.

Gutzon Borglum, famed sculptor for his historic work on the Mount Rushmore Memorial, in the Black Hills of South Dakota, died in Chicago on March 6, 1941, at the age of 70.

Although his greatest work is the Mount Rushmore undertaking, he was first known for this type of mammoth sculpture when he undertook, in 1916, to do the head of Gen. Robert E. Lee on the 800-foot granite face of Stone Mountain, Georgia. The group was extended at a later date to include Jefferson Davis, Stonewall Jackson and about 1,200 other Confederate figures.

The work was started in 1916, but was discontinued because of the war. It was resumed in 1924, but after the head of General Lee had been carved there was considerable friction between his employers and Mr. Borglum. Mr. Borglum was dismissed, and Mr. Lukeman was engaged to complete the work. In 1930 Mr. Borglum was again engaged at a time when the project was two-thirds finished.

In order to raise funds for the work of the Stone Mountain Memorial, Mr. Borglum designed the models for the commemorative half dollar, which

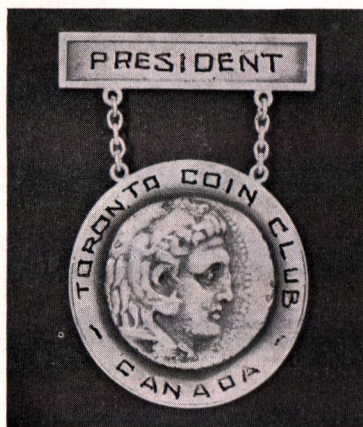
the Memorial Association released in 1925. The initials of Mr. Borglum, in monogram, appear faintly upon the obverse. The Stone Mountain issue was one of the most widely distributed of the commemorative half dollars.

As in the work of the sculpture itself, Mr. Borglum's designs and execution of the half dollar were the subject of divergent criticism. In many ways the Stone Mountain half dollar represented considerable departure from the conventionalized numismatic product.

Mr. Borglum was born in Idaho, of Danish-American parentage, and was given the name of John Gutzon de la Mothe Borglum. He studied art in Europe, under Rodin, and devoted his life to art production and fighting for artistic principles in which he believed.

VALENTINE GIFT TO TORONTO COIN CLUB.

In *The Numismatist* for August, 1939, there was illustrated and described a badge of the Boston Numismatic Society worn by the president during its business sessions. Ever since then the idea has been toyed with in Toronto, and finally Past President G. N. Robillard has had a similar one made for our club.



Unlike the Boston badge, Mr. Robillard had his Alexander the Great tetradrachm mounted on a sterling silver base with a rim projecting, on which the club's name is engraved. The reverse is inscribed, "Presented to the Toronto Coin Club by G. N. Robillard, President 1938-1940."

The club's thanks were tendered to Mr. Robillard for his gift to the club. The presentation was on the evening of St. Valentine's Day, February 14.

NORMAN B. MASON.

Toronto, Feb. 16, 1941.

NEW COIN CLUB IN PASADENA, CAL.

The Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal., was organized February 21, 1941, holding its first regular meeting at 415 East Orange Grove avenue, in Pasadena, and elected officers as follows: John F. Lamb, president; David T. Anderson, vice-president; Wm. D. McCollum, secretary, and Vernon D. Lesh, treasurer.

Regular meetings will be held on the third Wednesday of each month.

The three-cent pieces of 1851 and 1852 are only three-quarters silver. Those coined from 1853 to 1873 are standard quality.

BOOK REVIEWS.

Military Medals and Insignia of the United States. J. McDowell Morgan, Glendale, Cal., 1941. 140 pp. 31 plates. \$3.00, Bound 8vo.

This is perhaps one of the best handbooks on military medals that have been privately published. Needless to state, the material has been drawn largely from official sources, but it is clearly presented, and the many illustrations add much to the text. The author has drawn upon reliable sources, such as the American Numismatic Society, and Mr. Geo. W. Studley, the medal expert, for his illustrations of the actual medals.

In a very comprehensive way, with the historical approach, the military medals of the United States are reviewed, with many references to those who first received the medals. The first medal in the book is that awarded to General George Washington by the Congress, and shows Washington and his aides before Boston. The illustration is from the original in gold, in the Boston Public Library.

There is also a very interesting history given of the Order of the Purple Heart.

From the plates given it is easy to determine the rank and classification of persons in uniform with insignia. Full information is given for army and navy personnel.

Ribbons and Medals. Capt. H. Taprell Dorling, 177 pp. XVI colored plates. Small 8vo. London, 1940.

A new edition of this small handbook on medals and ribbons has recently been received. It is a great improvement over previous editions, the last of which appeared in 1926, and includes illustrations of the very latest issues.

Information regarding precedence of various British decorations is here included, as well as small illustrations of the major decorations of each issue.

It is one of the first publications in English to include the orders of the new states created following the first World War.

As an authoritative publication, all collectors of decorations and orders will find that it fills a long-needed demand for a brief, compact handbook.

OBSERVANCE OF COIN WEEK IN THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

Coin Week will be over by the time this issue of *The Numismatist* reaches its readers, but the following letter received from Edward L. Weikert, of Washington, D. C., dated March 10, shows how the Washington Numismatic Society proposed to give publicity to coin collecting during the 1941 observance of National Coin Week:

I have been selected as the chairman of National Coin Week for Washington, D. C. The other two members are Shirley Leachman and Adam Permoda. We have made extensive plans for this occasion. We have arranged with at least sixteen store windows, as well as three banks for displays of coins during the week of March 23 to 29. We have the very best store windows in our city, the stores that are in the downtown district, where the most people pass during the day and night.

We have arranged with Columbia Broadcasting System station WJSV for a broadcast of fifteen minutes on March 22 at 9.30 to 9.45 A. M., and we may possibly have another broadcast during the week which I am working on at this time, but I do not fully have the promise. I will give the address myself on the 22nd.

Each day from March 24 to 29 inclusive, I will sit in the front office of the Washington News from 5 to 9 P. M. and appraise coins for those who appear there and want to know the value of their coins. The newspaper is offering a prize each day for the person bringing in the oldest dated coin, and for the one bringing in the rarest coin each day of the contest; and at the end of the program there will be a larger prize given for the person bringing in the rarest and oldest dated coin during the week or the time of the contest. I did something very similar to this in 1938, and hundreds of people came with coins and there were thousands of coins brought in for appraisal.

EDWARD L. WEIKERT, JR.

ANNUAL COIN AND STAMP EXHIBITION IN MINNEAPOLIS.

The Northwest Coin Club, Twin City Philatelic Society, Twin City Precancel Club, Minneapolis Women's Philatelic Society and the Independent Stamp Club staged an attractive and successful exhibit in the East Ballroom of the Curtis Hotel, March 5 to 9, inclusive.

Richard R. Sackett, archeologist and historian of the State Historical Society, exhibited two large cases of barter material used in the early Minnesota fur trade, which included silver ornaments, beads, necklaces, earrings, clay pipes, Hudson Bay jack-knives, silver tweezers for pulling out the beard, elks' teeth, steel arrowheads made from barrel hoops, and numerous other items, and which had been excavated personally by Mr. Sackett from sites of camps and settlements.

Carl Becken displayed his unique collection of gold, silver, bronze, etc., coins and medals pertaining to aviation. James Benane displayed gold and silver medieval and Renaissance coins of France. Hjalmer Carlson showed a beautiful collection of gold, silver, and bronze of the Scandinavian countries. Ancient and unusual coins were featured by Paul Olson and Russell Nyberg. American gold, silver and copper were displayed by E. W. Nelson, George Edwards, Karl Aurelius, N. O. Sullivan, J. L. Montgomery, E. S. Lombard, Leo Krumholz, Dwight E. Ward, and Hjalmer Carlson, whose combined displays gave a complete picture of our coinage. Especially fine and valuable were the large cent collections belonging to Messrs. Nelson and Edwards.

National Coin Week will be observed by two large window displays. The barter materials used in the Minnesota fur trade will be displayed in the street windows of the Northwestern National Bank, and there will be a general display of coins in the windows of the Beneficial Loan Company. The Stephens Display Service will handle the arrangement of the large Northwestern Bank display.

PAUL E. OLSON, Chairman of Coin Exhibits.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN MEDALS OF 1940.

Only a few Presidential campaign medals of 1940 appear to have been issued, and this fact should make it comparatively easy to form a list of them. There is no better time than the present to compile a list of them, and we will appreciate it if our readers will send in complete descriptions of any that have not heretofore been mentioned in these pages. Dr. M. W. Emrick, of Harrisburg, Pa., sends descriptions of the two following:

1. Bust of Wendell Wilkie facing on U. S. shield, "Wendell L. Wilkie" above. Rev., "America Wants Wilkie. Souvenir. Ellwood, Indiana. Notification Celebration, August 17, 1940." Gildine. 32mm.

2. Bust of Franklin D. Roosevelt, profile to right, name on left. "President of the United States" above. Rev., U. S. Capitol. "Champion of National Defense" above. "Reelected for a Third Term Nov. 5, 1940. Inaugurated Jan. 20, 1941." Two stars. Gildine. 29mm.

CUMULATIVE COINAGE REPORT.

Following is the cumulative coinage report for January and February, 1941, of all three mints, given in number of pieces coined:

Half dollars	1,754,412
Quarter dollars	3,234,012
Dimes	17,773,012
Nickels	27,445,000
Cents	94,048,000

Total 144,254,436

It should be noted that the San Francisco Mint issued no coins for domestic use during February, but struck a total of 19,650,000 pieces in pure nickel on order for the Government of Indo-China.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

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 8432 C. E. Tuesburg, 1070 Athens St., Altadena, Calif.
 8433 Hans Holzer, 33-14 71st St., Jackson Heights, L. I., N. Y.
 8434 Sidney S. Zolotorofe, 309 W. Lake Howard Dr., P. O. Box 657, Winter Haven, Fla.
 8435 Harold McCready, 130 S. Munn Ave., East Orange, N. J.
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 8443 Henry J. Lietz, 2723 Vauxhall Rd., Union, N. J.
 8444 Herbert S. Mesick, 25 Clark St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8445 Charles L. Rock, 1226 Leavenworth St., San Francisco, Calif.
 8446 Paul J. Mahoney, 524 Rock Road, Glen Rock, N. J.
 8447 William B. Stock, 131 Irving Road, York, Pa.
 8448 Rush L. Marker, 2747 East 14th St., Tulsa, Okla.
 8449 R. E. Stevenson, 3020 W. Cary St., Richmond, Va.
 8450 Blanche E. Clough, 59 West 12th St., New York City, N. Y.
 8451 Mrs. Harry Blunt, 2229 W. Colorado Ave., Colo. Springs, Colo.
 8452 Claire E. Houghton, 108 S. Main St., McPherson, Kan.
 8453 P. G. Gearing, Court House, Sebring, Fla.
 8454 E. Clifford Coss, Annandale, N. J.
 8455 Julius Holzman, 41-41 46th St., Sunnyside, N. Y.
 8456 Harry Pelcyger, 2417 Avenue P, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8457 T. Homer Brooks, 4429 Druid Lane, Dallas, Texas.
 8458 Kingston F. Swallow, 2023 E. Glendale Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
 8459 Carl M. Smith, 2215 Bridle Path, Austin, Texas.
 8461 Arthur V. Lind, 612 Washington St., Dundee, Ill.

- 8462 Julius Windner, 1728 Marlton Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
 8463 David H. Sloan, Box 110, Clifton, S. C.
 8464 Reynold O. Luck, 1143½ S. Cardiff Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.
 8465 J. H. Inman, 1603 Dunn Ave., Richmond, Calif.
 8466 Frederic W. Geiss, 506 S. Austin Blvd., Oak Park, Ill.
 8467 Elizabeth J. Morley, Box 440, Morris, Minn.
 8468 Lyle W. Buckingham, 1127 First St., N. W., Rochester, Minn.
 8469 Evelyn E. Johnston, 8 N. Zuni St., Tulsa, Okla.
 8470 Charles A. Harrison, Jr., 998 H St., San Bernardino, Calif.
 8471 George L. Werley, 508 Delaware Ave., Palmerton, Pa.
 8472 James T. Murphy, 43-26 165th St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y.
 8473 F. Bowman, P. O. Box 280, care Dominion Bridge Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que., Canada.
 8474 Tulsa Coin Club, Kenneth C. Slough, Secy., 570 S. Darlington, Tulsa, Okla.
 8475 Floyd E. Newell, 94 Monroe Parkway, Rochester, N. Y.
 8476 Anthony J. Almone, Box 968, Roslyn, Wash.
 8477 Stephen Francis Kline, 6328 Elwell Crescent, Rego Park, L. I., N. Y.
 8478 C. H. R. Howe, 1224 Greycourt Ave., Richmond, Va.
 8479 C. B. Edwards, 406 N. Estelle Ave., Wichita, Kansas.
 8480 Ernest A. Acker, 142 N. Seventh St., Allentown, Pa.
 8481 Morgan E. Strohl, 221 S. West St., Allentown, Pa.
 8482 J. W. Zarikta, R-6 Long Lake, Kalamazoo, Mich.
 8483 N. J. Hoffman, Theinsville, Wis.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during February, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to May 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the May issue of The Numismatist.

- Culver M. Hillis**, 8484, 308 E. 6th St., Rome, Ga. U. S. Coins. J. J. Gonzales, H. W. Sligh, J. H. Westmoreland.
Elmo C. Rankin, 8485, Custer City, Okla. Old U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Ellis Howard Michael, 8486, 3427 West Grace St., Apt. 3, Richmond, Va. American and Miscellaneous Foreign. Russell Mansfield, C. L. Slavin, Sam Levi, Lewis M. Reagan.
Dmitry N. Moshkaloff, 8487, 2041 Lyon St., San Francisco, Calif. Dollar Size Silver Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, D. Kritsky, M. Gordeney.
William Nelson, 8488, 4830 Schubert Ave., Chicago, Ill. General. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Abe F. Rosenbaum, 8489, P. O. Box 1, Centerville, Iowa. U. S. Large (old style) Paper Money. A. M. Kagin, Francis Connor, Lewis M. Reagan.
A. A. Wilbur, 8490, Box 96, R. 1, Washougal, Washington. All Types. M. Vernon Sheldon, V. C. Munger.
Mrs. Fred. F. Wagner, 8491, 626 Polk St., Amarillo, Texas. U. S. Coins. W. D. Westbay, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Emil Gumpert, 8492, 1501 W. Willow St., Stockton, Calif. American Coins. Grover A. Grider, J. Calvert Snyder, M. Vernon Sheldon.
M. L. Graham, 8493, 4702 East 39th St., Seattle, Wash. General. Edward Flieder, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Howard W. Vandegriff, 8494, 600 Bedford St., Cumberland, Md. American Coins. Louis E. Snyder, W. L. Wilson.
Dr. Ray H. Wilson, 8495, 4003 Goldfinch St., San Diego, Calif. All American Coins. Leonel C. Panosh, Thomas W. Voetter, P. A. Nauman.
M. Robert B. Klinger, 8496, 614 Monroe St., Apt. 3, Ann Arbor, Mich. U. S. Types and Crowns of the World. Lewis M. Reagan, Prof. J. R. Nelson, Prof. A. Dunham.
Eunice Hutto, 8497, Bob Jones College, Cleveland, Tenn. U. S. Minor Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Robert J. Tobin, 8498, care Tilo Roofing Co., Inc., 347 Longbrook Ave., Stratford, Conn. Gold and Half Dollar Commemoratives. Harold O. Weise, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Roy F. Steinert, 8499, 106 Brighton, Highland Park, Mich. U. S. Coins. Robert W. Hubel, Russell W. Stehfest.
Frank L. McIntyre, 8500, 250 East Colombia, Detroit, Mich. General. Russell Stehfest, Benj. A. Nevison.
Milton Marmorstein, 8501, 813 Lancaster Road, Richmond, Va. U. S. Coins and Currency. Russell Mansfield, B. F. Carr, B. W. Williams.
Vern S. Bonebrake, 8502, 1409 N. E. Siskiyou St., Portland, Ore. Rare Coins and Small Cents. R. A. Wilson, Robert Wolfraim, Lewis M. Reagan.
John L. Miller, 8503, 112 South Prospect St., Hagerstown, Md. Commemorative and all U. S. Coins. Wm. Mertes, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Robert Siegel, 8504, 1978 East 17th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. American Coins. Jos. Barnet, Mark C. Housman.
Jack J. Fisher, 8505, Box 767, Coalinga, Calif. All U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Lester Byers, Frank H. Smith.
Joe. B. Davis, 8506, 1414 14th St., Corpus Christi, Texas. General. Lewis M. Reagan, Jack Howard, J. F. Critz.
Thomas F. McDonald, 8507, 176 Broadway, Passaic, New Jersey. U. S. Coins. Frank Wagner, Jr., Lewis M. Reagan.
Myron B. Schumacher, 8508, Chase National Bank, 46 Cedar St., New York City, N. Y. General. Farran Zerbe, Vernon L. Brown, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Charles J. Heath, 8509, Jefferson St., Monticello, N. Y. Coins and Currency. Harold L. Fuller, H. A. Reynolds, Sherwood Trowbridge.

- Emmett W. Tardy**, 8510, Lexington, Va. General. **Lewis M. Reagan**, Leslie W. Pultz.
- Wesley N. Malespino**, 8511, 521 N. Wilson Way, Stockton, Calif. American Coins. **Grover A. Grider**, Pat Padula, Porter Alameda.
- Wilson E. Pollard**, 8512, 2323 Coyner Ave., Indianapolis, Ind. U. S. General. **L. H. Riggs**, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Max Pernt**, 8513, 102 West 80th St., New York City, N. Y. Ducats of the World. **Charles L. Morley**, **Henry Grunthal**, **Edward Gans**.
- Jack Franzen**, 8514, 1122 Milton Ave., Janesville, Wis. U. S. Old Gold Coins. **Maurice Jensen**, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Marcellus S. Miller**, 8515, 357 Hamilton Ave., Norfolk, Va. General. **R. A. Wilson**, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Edwin Otto Schorse**, 8516, 2231 W. Fond du Lac Ave., Milwaukee, Wis. Commemorative Halves. **Jos. C. Madala**, **B. W. Reagles**, **Lewis M. Reagan**.
- Frank A. Seyler**, 8517, 5855 Alderson St., Pittsburgh (19), Pa. All Uncirculated Coins. **William Gaede**, **Prosper De Vos**.
- S. H. Huizenga**, 8518, 5958 W. Roosevelt Rd., Chicago, Ill. General. **James Kirch**, **Chas. V. Jones**, **Tracy Huitsing**.

Deaths.

- 1912 Dr. **John G. M. Luttenberger**, Chicago, Ill.
940 Life No. 9, **Edward T. Newell**, New York City, N. Y.

Resignations.

- 3548 **Albert P. Bissell**, Pittsburgh, Pa.
7289 Dr. **Dale O. Phetteplace**, Fullerton, Calif.
7730 **E. H. Bauch**, Sioux Falls, So. Dak.

Change of Address.

- Boston Numismatic Society, Corporate No. 8, from **Saul Steinberg**, Secy., 11 Temple St., Boston, Mass., to **Ernest R. Shackford**, Secy., 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.
- Hartford Numismatic Society, 4783, from **Chas. B. Miller**, Secy., care The Connecticut River Bank, Hartford, Conn., to **Wilfred Lennon**, Secy., 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.
- Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, Br. No. 7, from **Harvey L. Hansen**, Secy., 1187 Kottenberg Ave., San Jose, Cal., to **Edward Fogler**, Secy.-Treas., 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.
- South Milwaukee Numismatic Society, 8270, from **Robert Walker**, Secy., 1410½ Menomonee Ave., South Milwaukee, Wis., to **Gilbert Kirby**, Secy., 2747 So. Quincy Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
- Toledo Coin Club, 4853, from **S. L. Szyperski**, Secy., P. O. Box 827, Central Sta., Toledo, Ohio, to **S. L. Szyperski**, Secy., 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.
- Waukesha Coin Club, 7595, from **Ralph Wright**, Secy., 501 S. Grand Ave., Waukesha, Wis., to **E. C. Blasing**, Secy., 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.
- Charles M. Barrett**, 7200, from 85 Baldwin Ave., Baldwin, L. I., N. Y., to P. O. Box 327, New Castle, Del.
- Harry W. Bason**, 8232, from 252 East Ninth St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 24 Maple Drive, New Hyde Park, L. I., N. Y.
- Sherman S. Burcher**, 8027, from 1601 Harrison, Topeka, Kan., to 1816 Clay, St. Joseph, Mo.
- R. F. Carter**, Capt. (Q.M.C.), 8191, from Schuylkill Arsenal, 2620 Grays Ferry Road, Philadelphia, Pa., to Office of the Quartermaster General, Railroad Retirement Board Bldg., Washington, D. C.
- Kermit V. Chadwick**, 4887, from 519 Standard Life Bldg., Jackson, Miss., to Station C, Camp Shelby, Miss.
- John S. Dowling**, 5126, from 4809 Leiper St., Philadelphia, Pa., to 2 So. Clinton Ave., Trenton, N. J.
- Benjamin B. DuBoise**, 3967, from 162 King St., Charleston, S. C., to P. O. Box 993, Atlanta, Ga.
- Capt. **Edwin B. Green**, 6439, from care University Oaks Lumber Co., 4401 N. McGregor Way, Houston, Texas, to Corps of Engineers, Engineer School Provisional Battalion, Fort Belvoir, Va.
- Agnella B. McEvilly**, 4912, from 3710 N. Wolcott Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 410 West Webster Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- William E. Marley**, 7621, from 203 Harbord St., Toronto, Ont., Can., to 98 Barton Ave., Toronto, Ont., Can.
- Dr. K. L. Matson**, 7698, from 6537 Kenwood Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 1607 West Craig Place, San Antonio, Texas.
- Dr. Alvaro S. Oliverira**, 4390, from Rua Sao Vincinto de Paulo 386, St. Paulo, Brazil, South America, to Rua Quintino Bocayuva 54, Sao Paulo, Brazil, South America.
- Paul W. Paterson**, 7429, from 198 Nesbit Terrace, Irvington, N. J., to 204 Nesbit Terrace, Irvington, N. J.
- Gus S. Peterson**, 8085, from 1668 Juneway Terr., Chicago, Ill., to 1726 Juneway Terr., Chicago, Ill.
- John Q. Qualtrough**, 7980, from 59 Collingsworth Rd., El Paso, Texas, to 1132 Arizona, El Paso, Texas.
- Leif Ronning**, 3655, from 321 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill., to 331 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
- Bruce Ruggles**, 7623, from 2093 N. High St., Columbus, Ohio, to 5 18th Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Felix Schlag, 7430, from 245 W. North Ave., Chicago, Ill., to Elk Rapids, Mich.
 Duncan Thomas, 7012, from Calle 29, 157 Vedado, Havana, Cuba, to San Rafael
 359 2do piso, Havana, Cuba.

A. E. Washburn, 7890, from 1604 8th Ave. S. E., Cedar Rapids, Iowa, to 725
 30th St. S. E., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Ellsworth R. Wells, 7755, from 507 16th St., Antioch, Calif., to Box 393, Antioch, Calif.

Gerritt Wiers, 5620, from U. S. N. Receiving Ship, San Francisco, Calif., to 2407 Island Ave., San Diego, Calif.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

Philadelphia A. N. A. Convention

AUGUST 16 TO 21, 1941.

The Philadelphia Coin Club is holding special meetings and making final arrangements for the 50th Anniversary and Convention of the A. N. A. We hope to make this the largest convention ever held. Every committee is actively at work and carefully planning to show you the City of Brotherly Love.

The Auction will be held by Ira S. Reed and the catalog is almost completed.

We hope you will plan to attend and see this historic city, the Birthplace of the Nation. This being the 50th Anniversary, we plan to have 50 places of interest to you.

The Program and Badge Committee is on the job. Progress is the word. It is hoped every one will do his share to promote the efforts of this committee. See ad. on page 316, Julius Windner, 1728 Marlton Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., chairman.

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE.

LIBRARIAN'S REPORT, FEBRUARY, 1941.

A total of 97 books were loaned—most of them the latter part of February, due to the appearance of the 1941 Library List. There were 49 different borrowers.

Because so many collectors had similar ideas about what they wanted, there were 30 "back orders" on which requests were received for books already out on loan. Most popular was H-14, the Hazeltine Type Table of Dollars, Halves and Quarters. After 12 back order cards had been accumulated, an additional copy was purchased.

Donations included:

G-47, "Portrait Medals of Italian Artists," donated by David M. Bullowa.

L-20, "From Barter to Banking," donated by D. Appleton & Co.

R-47, "Early Medals of Washington," donated by Wayte Raymond, the publisher.

R-48, "Coins of Central America," donated by Wayte Raymond, the publisher.

S-15, Bound volume, "Coin Collector's Journal for 1940," donated by Wayte Raymond.

S-15, Unbound volume, "Coin Collector's Journal," donated by Edgar Levy.

A-60, Priced catalogues of the Bolender and Kelly Sales.

There were 101 letters from non-members asking information about coins.

About half the books now have pockets in the backs with permanent cards—the same system as used by larger libraries circulating books. This gives a running inventory of books in and out in addition to providing a better record of loans, as well as simplifying the office work. Eight A. N. A. handbooks were distributed. The office now sends an addressed parcel post sticker with each shipment. This was started after the Secretary received some library mail and some books had been missed, while others cost the senders more than book rate because parcels were not marked plainly.

TED HAMMER, Librarian.

Deaths

EDWARD THEODORE NEWELL.

Edward T. Newell, president of the American Numismatic Society, New York City, died very suddenly on Tuesday, February 18, 1941. Mr. Newell was internationally known for his numismatic researches, which resulted in his bringing together the finest collection of classical coins in America. He was also eminent as an author, and his bibliography is an imposing one.

Mr. Newell was born in Kenosha, Wis., in 1886. He attended Yale University, obtaining degrees there in 1907 and 1909. In 1905 he joined the American Numismatic Society. In 1910 he was elected to the Council of the Society, and served in that capacity until his death. He was elected President of the Society in 1916. In 1918 he was named a benefactor of the Society and received the Archer M. Huntington medal. In 1925 the Royal Numismatic Society of England awarded to him its medal for "distinguished service in numismatic research."



Edward T. Newell.

The New York Numismatic Club, of which he was a past President, struck a medal bearing his portrait in 1940, of which a specimen in platinum was presented to him.

Mr. Newell was a Fellow of the Royal Numismatic Society, the British Numismatic Society, and the American Numismatic Society. He was a life member of the American Numismatic Association, and also of the New York Numismatic Club. He held an honorary membership in the Societe Royal du Numismatique de Belge. In 1929 the Prix Allier de Hauterock was awarded by the Academie Francaise. He was a trustee of the Museum of French Art, American School of Oriental Research, and the Huntington Free Library and Reading Room.

In addition to his activities of the Society, he was recently named president of the New York Chapter of the Archeological Institute of America. He was the delegate of the American Numismatic Society to the American Council of Learned Societies, from 1937 to 1940. He attended meetings of the Bronx and Brooklyn Coin Clubs frequently, in which he also held membership.

For over thirty years Mr. Newell devoted his entire time to the study of numismatics. At his passing there is left an inconceivable void, for there is no possible hope that his knowledge can be replaced.

Mr. Newell made collectors, for his delightful stories about coins which he showed or told about always intrigued his hearers. His scope of information and his ability to determine almost by intuition the authenticity of a specimen made him the unquestioned expert and authority to whom others came. His information was always at the disposal of collectors, and whether the coins were classical, medieval or modern, whether they were Oriental or Mohammedan, Mr. Newell always was able to determine what they were, and more often knew intimate details about the circumstances of issue. It is virtually impossible to give an indication of the extent of his numismatic grasp than to say he had the widest numismatic knowledge, with particular emphasis on the classical series of which he had so notable a collection.

Despite his achievements and prominence in the numismatic field, Mr. Newell was never too busy to teach a younger collector the elementary points, and was always eager to be of help when possible. As a gentleman and a scholar he endeared himself to those who had the privilege of knowing him, in such a way that all treasure the memory of his words and his ways. His numismatic life was an ideal which others may strive to emulate.

His wife, Mrs. Adra Nelson Marshall Newell survives.

The researches which Mr. Newell conducted cover a wide series of classical topics. In the Numismatic Notes and Monographs, published by the American Numismatic Society, there are eighteen titles. There are two Numismatic Studies, one published in 1938 and one to be published in 1941. A complete list of his writings, including the articles which appeared in *The Numismatist*, follow below. Mr. Newell also wrote the section on Parthian coins in the "Survey of Persian Art" published some years ago in England.

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF E. T. NEWELL.

Books and Monographs.

- The Dated Alexander Coinage of Sidon and Ake. New Haven, 1916.
 Tyrus Rediviva. New York, 1923.
 The Coinages of Demetrius Poliorcetes. London, 1927.
 Royal Greek Portrait Coins; being an illustrated treatise on the portrait coins of the various kingdoms, and containing historical references to their coinages, mints, and rulers. New York, 1937.

Numismatic Studies, published by The American Numismatic Society.

1. The Coinage of the Eastern Seleucid Mints, from Seleucus I to Antiochus III. New York, 1938.
4. The Coinage of the Western Seleucid Mints, from Seleucus I to Antiochus III. New York, 1941. (To be published posthumously).

Numismatic Notes and Monographs, published by The American Numismatic Society.

2. Octobols of Histiaea. 1921.
3. Alexander Hoards: Introduction and Kyparissia Hoard. 1921.
10. The First Seleucid Coinage of Tyre. 1921.
19. Alexander Hoards, II. Demanhur Hoard. 1923.
21. Alexander Hoards, III. Andritsaena. 1924.
26. Mithradates of Parthia and Hyspaosines of Characene. 1925.
30. Some Unpublished Coins of Eastern Dynasts. 1926.
33. Two Recent Egyptian Hoards—Delta and Kenh. 1927.
39. Alexander Hoards, IV. Olympia. 1929.
46. The Küchük Köhne Hoard. 1931.
58. The Fifth Dura Hoard. 1933.
60. Two Hoards from Minturno. 1933.
64. A Hoard from Siphnos. 1934.
68. Five Greek Bronze Coin Hoards. 1935.
73. The Seleucid Coinage of Tyre. 1936.
76. The Pergamene Mint under Philetærus. 1936.
82. Miscellanea Numismatica: Cyrene to India. 1938.
84. Late Seleucid Mints in Ake-Ptolemais and Damascus. 1939.

Articles in Periodicals.

In The American Journal of Numismatics.

- The Gold Medallions of Abukir. 1910.
 Reattribution of Certain Tetradrachms of Alexander the Great. 1911-12.
 (Also separately reprinted, 1912).
 Some rare or unpublished Greek Coins. 1914.
 (Also separately reprinted, 1915).
 The Seleucid mint of Antioch. 1917.
 (Also separately reprinted, 1918).
 Myriandros-Alexandria Kat'issou. 1919.
 (Also separately reprinted, 1920).
 Tarsos under Alexander. 1918.
 (Also separately reprinted, 1919).
 The Alexandrine Coinage of Sinope. 1918.
 (Also separately reprinted, 1919).

In The Numismatic Chronicle.

- A Cilician Find. 1914.
 Some Cypriote "Alexanders." 1915.
 Nikokles, King of Paphos. 1919.
 The Pre-Imperial Coinage of Roman Antioch.
 A Parthian Hoard.
 Additions to the Delta (Benha el-Asl) Hoard. 1931.

In The Numismatist.

- A Tetradrachm of Gela. 1912.
 The Oldest Known "Siege-Pieces." 1913.
 The Purchasing Value of Coins of the Classic Period. 1916.
 Egyptian Coin Hoards. 1924.
 Inflation in Ancient Times, As Exemplified by Coinage. 1934.

In The Coin Collector's Journal.

Philetaerus, 1934.
 The Coinage of Philip of Macedon. 1934.
 The Coinage of Alexander the Great. 1934.
 The Coinages of Demetrius Poliorcetes. 1934.
 The Coinages of Seleucus I. 1934-35.
 The Coinages of Ptolemy I. 1934-35.
 The Coinage of Lysimachus. 1935.
 Standard Ptolemaic Silver. 1939.

In Revue belge de numismatique.

Un Monnayage de Bronze de Dejotarus. 1934.

In The Elder Monthly.

A Survey of the Coinage of Alexander's successors. 1906.

Numismatic Sections of Excavation Reports.**Coins.**

(In The Alishar Huyuk season of 1927, Part II. By Hans Henning von der Osten, with a chapter by Edward T. Newell. Chicago, 1932).

The Coins.

(In Robert S. Lamon and Geoffrey M. Shipton's Megiddo. I. Seasons of 1925-34. Strata I-V).

Book reviews in American Journal of Archaeology, Classical Weekly, American Historical Review, etc.

In "A Survey of Persian Art," Arthur Upham Pope, Editor; Phyllis Ackerman, Assistant Editor. 6 vols. 1938-1939. London.

The Coinage of the Parthians.

(Chapter 27, pp. 475-492 of Vol. I, pls. 140-144 of Vol. IV).

CHARLOTTE COWDREY BROWN.

Charlotte Cowdrey Brown, wife of Dr. Samuel A. Brown, dean emeritus of the College of Medicine of New York University and former president of the New York Academy of Medicine, died on March 6 at Doctors' Hospital, East End Avenue and Eighty-seventh Street, New York City. She was 69 years old.

She was Life Member No. 28 of the American Numismatic Association, a member of the American Numismatic Society, New York City, and the New York Numismatic Club. Her numismatic interest was centered in the higher grade of medals pertaining to botany.

Mrs. Brown was a former president of the Federated Garden Clubs of New York State and of the Port Washington (L. I.) Garden Club. She was a member of the Horticultural Society and the Society of Colonial Dames.

Besides her husband, she is survived by her two married daughters, a sister and two brothers. Funeral services were held at Dr. Brown's summer home, Harbor Acres, Port Washington. Dr. Brown also maintains a home at 277 Park Avenue.

COINAGE FOR FEBRUARY, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during February, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Silver—			
Half dollars	\$ 754.50	.....	\$ 98,200.00
Quarter dollars	377.25	.....	315,000.00
Dimes	206,150.90	.....	.....
Five-cents	342,575.00	.....	43,000.00
Cents	231,155.00	.....	75,000.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments:

At Philadelphia Mint—Netherlands East Indies, silver, 720 fine, 25 cents, 11,424,000 pieces; silver, 720 fine, 10 cents, 12,000,000 pieces.

At San Francisco Mint—Indo-China, nickel, 20 centimes, 5,820,000 pieces; nickel, 10 centimes, 13,830,000 pieces.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Elks Club, 66 S. High St., Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.
Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner St. S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in City Hall Basement, Boone, Iowa. Morris Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shakford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. A. A. Gullian, 1803 Hertel Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 403 S. Third St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month. Matt. J. Gazso, Secretary, 4206 W. 208th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence. R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Dewey Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennan, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Harry H. Garman, Secretary, 2241 Carrollton Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1352 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 730 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. Harry Collura, Secretary, 2126 N. Oakland Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis Mo. T. L. Moore, Secretary, 318 S. Clark, Ferguson, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. George E. Moore, Secretary, P. O. Box 355, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. James Benane, secretary, 250 Nicolett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Addison W. Wilson, Secretary, 600 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. Robert G. Efker, Secretary, 1029 W. Camille St., Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Marjorie L. Ankeny, Secretary, 218 Essex Lane, Davenport, Iowa.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month. at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. John W. Miller, Secretary, 22 Colebourne Road, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearthstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 403 Cray Bldg., Seattle.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 333 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperksi, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at

Cohagen Cabin at the "Y," Waterloo, Iowa. Marvin O'Connor, Secretary, 118 Sherman Ave., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—337th meeting, March 14th, Vice-President Morris presiding. Twenty-three members and one guest were present.

The secretary informed the Club of the death of our Honorary Member and Past President, Edward T. Newell, and the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Almighty God, in His infinite wisdom, has seen fit to take from us our dear and sincere friend, Edward T. Newell.

"The New York Numismatic Club wishes to record with profound sorrow the passing of our associate on February 18th, 1941.

"Edward T. Newell had been an active member of our club for a period of thirty years, and had held most of the prominent offices in our organization. Through the death of Edward T. Newell the club has suffered an irreparable loss, and the numismatic fraternity throughout the world has lost a devoted numismatist and one of its greatest numismatic scholars."

On motion a memorial page was set aside in the records of our club and a copy of this resolution sent to his wife, Mrs. Edward T. Newell.

The topics for the evening were: Pattern United States Half Eagles; Counter-stamped Coins; Siege Pieces; United States Five-Cent Nickels; New Acquisitions; a paper to be read by Herbert J. Erlanger, entitled "The Counterstamp of the Franconian Circle of 1693-95," and a symposium to be conducted by Farran Zerbe on the United States silver dollar dated 1804.

Mr. Zerbe talked on the 1804 dollar, exhibiting photographs of what is known as a restrike 1804 Dollar, also altered date 1804 dollar, and discussed the various known specimens which he had personally seen. Mr. Zerbe's conclusion was that the 1804 dollar was struck subsequent to 1804. Mr. Boyd exhibited restrike 1801, 1802 and 1803 silver dollars in brilliant proof state, and these restrikes were of the identical workmanship as all of the 1804 dollars known. Both Mr. Zerbe and Mr. Boyd were of the opinion that no dollars dated 1804 were struck in 1804, and that the workmanship on all 1804 dollars proved conclusively that they were made between 1836 and 1838. A rising vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Zerbe for his talk on the 1804 dollar.

Herbert J. Erlanger read a paper on "The Counterstamp of the Franconian Circle of 1693-95." This paper will be published by The Numismatist in some future issue. A vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Erlanger for his paper.

Exhibits were made by the following:

H. J. Erlanger: 14 gulden with the counterstamp of the Franconian Circle as follows: 1676-1677, Charles William of Anhalt-Zerbst; 1677-1678, John Ernest II of Saxony-Weimar; 1678, Augustus Frederick of Holstein-Gottorp, Bishop of Lubeck; 1678, Julius Francis of Saxony-Lauenberg, two specimens from different dies, one with usual counterstamp and one with counterstamp 60 S (Schwabach); 1679, William of Anhalt-Bernburg; 1688, City of Emden; 1690, Anthony the Elder of Montfort Tettwang, two specimens from different dies; 1690-1691, John William, Elector Palatine; 1693, gulden of the Franconian Circle; 1693, Taler of Nuremberg; 1703, Medal on the siege of the Rothenburg fortress.

William Pukall: Silver Mint Assay medals of 1871, 1874, 1892, 1893, 1894.

M. F. Kortjohn: Four pattern eagles and six pattern five-cent nickels.

W. H. Arthur: Representative type collection of U. S. five-cent nickel pieces in uncirculated and proof condition.

Vernon L. Brown: Scrip of Floydada, Texas, issued by Chamber of Commerce, 50c, \$1, March, 1933, stamps on reverse.

Hans Schulman: Siege double crown, 1672, of Amsterdam, Holland, during the French invasion, which at that time was just as unwelcome to Hollanders as many other invasions later. Gold 10 ducats 1590, Salzburg, with the tower in obverse. The extremely rare 5 pounds, 1937, of Faruk of Egypt in brilliant proof condition.

Lieut. O. H. Dodson: Soviet counterstamp of rouble of Czar Nicholas II.

A. C. Semple: English guinea, military type, 1813; English one-half guinea, 1804; English one-third guinea, 1808.

W. Ray Carpenter: Two counterstamped dollars showing oval counterstamp of George III, one of Charles III and the other Charles IV, dated 1786 and 1792, respectively. Two counterstamped dollars showing the octagonal counterstamp of George III, one of Charles III and the other Charles IV, dated 1786 and 1799, respectively. Two counterstamped half dollars showing oval counterstamp of

George III, one of Charles III and Charles IV, dated 1781 and 1792, respectively. Two siege Newark Shillings of Charles I, also a pence siege piece. Silver New York Numismatic Club medal of Mr. Newell. British-Romano imitation of Claudius I sestertius, Sutherland No. 4, Empress Augusta type.

O. G. Schilke: Small lot of Central American tokens and cafe checks. "Un Centavo" pattern piece in brass of the Republica Dominicana, dated 1877. A large medal with the portrait of Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott struck in W. M. All the above struck in Waterbury, Conn.

D. M. Bullowa: Six Portuguese Colonial counterstamped macutas, and counterstamped Azores piece. 5c nickels, 1883, three issues. Five segments of the Carolus dollar counterstamped for Curacao; two Dutch ¼ guilder segments countermarked for Curacao. Countermarked Trade dollar.

M. Schumacher: Spanish milled dollar, 1795, Charles IV, counterstamped with George III of England. Frankfort, 1796, ducat struck during French occupation from gold taken from churches and citizens. Luxemburg, 1795, 1 Sol, Francis II under French siege.

LeRoy E. Cox: Medal issued by Marine National Exchange Bank, Milwaukee, Wis., 100th anniversary, 1839-1939.

Farran Zerbe: Various illustrations and false pieces associated with his talk on the 1804 silver dollar.

A. W. Deas: Four medals of French issue.

F. C. C. Boyd: Restrike Dollars, 1801, 1802 and 1803. Almost complete collection of pattern United States half eagles, struck in gold, silver, copper, nickel, aluminum and white metal.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the April meeting: United States pattern quarter eagles; Coins of Scotland; Ancient Coins of Thrace and Macedonia. This was adopted.

A motion was made by F. C. C. Boyd, seconded by LeRoy E. Cox, that for distinguished services to numismatics over a long period of years, the New York Numismatic Club confer on Mr. Farran Zerbe an Honorary Membership. By a rising vote of the Club, Mr. Zerbe was unanimously elected an Honorary Member.

Mr. Morris greeted our guest, Mr. William Pukall, representing the New Jersey Club, and also stated he was glad to see Mr. James Wade at the meeting.

BRONX COIN CLUB—Ninetieth meeting was called to order by President Stein February 26, with sixteen members and four guests present.

The members present were very much saddened by knowledge of the loss so suddenly of our distinguished member, Edward T. Newell, president of the American Numismatic Society. Mr. Stein spoke fittingly about Mr. Newell, and all the members rose in a moment of silent prayer to his memory. Upon suggestion of the president, our member, Prof. Mabbott, was asked to prepare a suitable resolution.

The exhibits of the evening were as follows:

Mr. Blake: 10 business cards of H. Mouquin, wine merchant, of 20 Ann Street, New York, of about 60 years ago. Reverses have representations of bank notes of about 20 nations.

Mr. Bullowa: Lincoln Centennial medal by Roine, inserted in book; enlarged Lincoln cent, by Metalkraft Company.

Mr. Carpenter: Six denarii of Clodius Albinus, Consecration denarius of Perintax; denarius of Septimius Severus, also silver medal struck in Holland on death of Charles I of England; silver twopence pattern of George III; Penny of George III in silver, as well as farthings and halfpenny issues in thick and thin flans.

Mr. Clark: Proof sets, 1936-41 inclusive; 10 coins of Augustus; coins from Crimea, Brandenburg and a Persian medal.

Mr. Engel: Washington and Lincoln items: Civil War cents; Lafayette-Washington dollar; silver certificates of 1923 and 1896 (History Instructing Youth).

Mr. Freeman: War coins of several cities in lower Austria; Tuscany and Egypt minor coins.

Mr. Gallo: Crowns of Naples and Sicily; necessity square taler of Salzburg, 1593; scudo of Venice, 1666.

Mr. Gans: Medallions of Ephesus and Asia under Augustus; second brass under Tiberius; coins under Augustus; Denarius, 20 B. C.; denarius of Aquilla Family, with Parthian kneeling; Licinian Family with Flaminian cap; Rustia Family, with busts of the two Fortunae, and the Sulpicia Family, with Augustus and Agrippa standing.

Mr. Korenyi: 1630 Silver medal of the Centennial of the Augsburg Confession; portrait of Martin Luther.

Mr. Kelly: 20 U. S. Commemorative half dollars.

Mr. Kortjohn: E. T. Newell medal by J. M. Swanson, of the New York Numismatic Club; Washington medal of the 1937 Washington D. C. Convention.

Mr. Schwartz: Five Washington and five Lincoln medals in various metals.

Mr. Silverman: 1936 cent and 25-cent proofs; Lincoln Tunnel medal; 5 Washington tokens.

Mr. Stein: Coin of Augustus with title "Pater Patriae."

Mr. Wagner: Washington Medals: Congressional medal; Boston Retaken; Presidency Relinquished, and Oath of Allegiance medal, in silver and bronze. Italy medal 1848-70, United Italy; China medal, 1900-01. Colombia, Order of Boyaca, with profile of Bolivar; Belgium, 5 centimes, 1895, and 1895, 5 centimes, Leopold II, 1811 (curious date anachronism.)

Mr. Zygmant: 2 tetradrachms of Askalon; 2 bronze coins of Amyntas II and Philip II of Macedon; coin of Panormus of the Roman period.

President Stein called upon the guests, each of whom expressed considerable pleasure at being present.

A communication was read from Mr. Roth, our member who is serving in the

Reserve Guard, and he was on the point of resigning from the club due to the conflict of meeting nights. The club voted to send Mr. Roth his membership card.

Communications were read from the National Coin Week Committee.

Topics for the March meeting were as follows: Irish Gun Money, with a paper by Mr. Kennedy; Coins of Ireland, a paper by Mr. Zygmant, on coins of stringed instruments, ancient harps, etc.

Mr. Kelly agreed to read a paper on the coins of the Fenian Revolt.

Recent acquisitions will be in order, in addition to the 5c nickel pieces in the U. S. series, which are being featured during National Coin Week.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Recent meetings of the Washington Numismatic Society have featured discussions by its members, in addition to some unusually fine exhibits. The January meeting was held in the beautiful Rose Room of the Washington Hotel, which made the exhibit displayed by Mr. Permoda of even greater attraction. Mr. Permoda had selected from his large collection 250 interesting coins, which, he pointed out, were not of prohibitive value for a beginner in coin collecting. Among the coins displayed and discussed were square siege pieces; coins from the Belgian Congo; wife money from Africa; Russian double eagle in proof condition; a coin of Pilsudski; coins from the Fire Worshipers; a 2-grain gold piece of Nuremberg, one of the smallest coins, a rare Chinese cash piece in silver, struck when Japan was a part of China, and a coin from San Domingo, the first struck in the Western Hemisphere, 1521. Mr. Permoda had an interesting and colorful story to tell of each coin. He emphasized that, with the exception of four Polish coins, he valued the entire exhibit at less than \$100.

The February meeting consisted of a talk by Mr. Sigler on "Strange Facts About Money," in which he discussed claims as to where the first coinage originated; the counterfeit money of Carl Becker; Philadelphia's private mint; Why coins are round; Origin of the expression "Dixie Land," the expression "heads or tails," and numerous other unique items which he has collected during his numismatic studies.

Officers of the new Richmond Coin Club were guests of the Washington Society. A fine collection of bank notes of Virginia from Colonial days was exhibited for their interest by Mr. Dyson. Mr. Rothwell showed a collection of South American coins. Mr. Price displayed Indian wampum; Mr. Leachman had a restrike of a Confederate half dollar. The date, 1340, on a Moroccan coin caused much discussion to determine its issuing date. Mr. Hodge, archivist for the Washington Society, and Mr. Vanderwende, the President, gave talks about the inaugural medal.

The National Coin Week Committee is working hard on plans for Coin Week, developing a radio talk, newspaper stories, and arranging for exhibits in banks and business houses.

New members of the Washington Numismatic Society are Miss Theodora Danecki, who has opened a new shop in Washington; Mr. Key Hart, and Mrs. Pauline Gross.

At the March meeting, exhibits were shown by several members. Mr. Atwood had an attractive display of early American dollars and of American gold dollars; two tiny gold coins of Nuremberg and Bavaria, one of them a 32nd of a ducat, dated 1700; Spanish gold of Charles III; coins of South America, Mexico, the Holy Roman Empire, Russia, Sweden, France. Mrs. Wilkins showed a copy of the first patent ever issued in America; also one of the first coins ever struck in the mint, a 1792 half disme. Mr. Jameson read a paper on "The Dollar When It Was Divided into 90ths Instead of 100ths." Mr. Welkert had a display of coins of practically every nation, and also of their flags and coats-of-arms. It was one of the most beautiful and colorful exhibits seen by the society. Mr. Welkert also gave an interesting talk about King Alfonso of Spain, whose death had just been announced, and displayed coins showing him at various times in his life.

Mr. Permoda read items of interest and amusement from a scrapbook he has been keeping.

New members admitted at the March meeting are Robert E. Corrigan and Herbert Price, Jr.

The members of the Washington Numismatic Society are making plans for a regional convention.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—82d meeting, February 18. The meeting was called to order at 8:45 P. M. by President Jacob, who presided over a gathering of 13 members and 4 guests.

The secretary announced the illness of Mr. Baker, the vice-president. A letter of regret and wishes for a speedy recovery was sent to Mr. Baker.

President Jacob welcomed the guests of the evening—Mr. and Mrs. Brookes, of Newark; Mr. Knobloch, of the Bronx Coin Club, and the guest speaker of the evening, Lewis M. Reagan, of the Brooklyn Coin Club.

Mrs. Brookes, secretary of the Newark Coin Club, gave a brief summary of the newly formed Junior Numismatists, who hold monthly meetings at 96 Wall St., N. Y. Mrs. Brookes asked the members to encourage these young collectors, ranging in age from 12 to 18, by presenting odd coins, giving them talks, etc.

Mr. Reagan was then called upon. The subject of "Famous Women on Coins" was selected by Mr. Reagan and the basis of his interesting talk, with many fine coins to illustrate. On behalf of the club, Mr. Skipton presented a New Rochelle medal to Mr. Reagan.

Mr. Stein read a paper he prepared on "The Influence of Hannibal on Italian Coins" and "The Wars of Carthage," called Punic Wars.

Morton Stack presented a price list of the Gies collection to the Club library.

Exhibits were placed and explained and were as follows:

Mr. Sghia: Washington half dollar, 1792; 2 Washington cents; 7 Roman coins of women and 12 Washington medals.

Mr. Jacob: Civil War tokens with Washington on them; Washington medal and nickel coins of Latvia and Estonia.

Mr. Reagan: Coins of Famous Women: Rome: Cleopatra, Sabina, Faustina, Lucilla, Crispina, Mariniana, Plautilla, Fausta, Helena, Salina, Severina, Julia Domna, Otacilia, Julia Maesa, Julia Mamaea, Orbiana, Aquilia Severa; England, Elizabeth, Anne, Victoria; Russia, Catherine I, Catherine II, Elizabeth, Anne; Austria, Marie Theresa; Spain, Isabella; Holland, Wilhelmina; Sweden, Christina Ulrica Eleanora; China, Tzu, Hsi; Parma, Marie Louise; Syracuse, Philistis.

Mr. Stein: Coins of Hannibal.

Mr. Weidhaas: Washington coins and tokens.

Mr. Massey: 3 English eighteenth century tokens and two types of U. S. dimes.

Mr. Scott: Manley medal in bronze of Washington; large gold medal of Francis I of Austria, 1804, and one unlisted medal of Washington.

Mr. Stack: 120 varieties of Washington items from 1799 to date, including the rare Perkins oval medal.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—February 19, with 19 members present. President Wilson called the meeting to order.

The committee on the constitution and by-laws submitted a clarification and necessary changes in the present constitution. After the reading of these changes they were adopted.

Membership application was posted from George H. Hetzel.

Letters were read from Philip G. Straus, District Secretary of the A. N. A., and Member Clarence Keyes.

Reports were made on the hobby show. Member Funkhouser displayed a sample of a coin display case 24 by 30 inches, made in Cumberland at a cost of \$3 each, a special price to the club. Member Cooper gave a lengthy report on the progress of the hobby show committee and appointed several of the members to contact a number of local people to obtain their hobbies for display at the show.

Member Barrow gave a talk on the various kinds of metals, including gold, silver, copper and bronze. Dr. Frantz exhibited a set of uncirculated Lincoln cents and, Louis D. Young the first 1941 coins.

The meeting was followed by an auction.

SIoux CITY COIN CLUB—January 20, with the president, Mr. Kowalke, presiding. There were eight members and four guests present.

Lucille Butler gave an interesting paper, which offered good advice in considering the buying of coins.

W. S. Snyder told the group several interesting things about fractional currency.

W. A. Guernsey presented some current coin news to the group and conducted a quiz relating to coins and mints that have coined metal coins.

The meeting was concluded with an auction sale.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—March 5, with 22 members and one guest present.

The banquet committee reported its plans were going smoothly and that the event on March 20 would be worth while.

The nominating committee handed in its suggestions for the new slate of officers which is: For president, Arthur B. Stewart; vice-president, Ernest Hawkins; secretary and treasurer, George Requard; curator and librarian, H. C. Brogden, and the board of governors to be the officers with J. M. Cook, Theodore N. Austin and Philip G. Straus. Their report was accepted with thanks.

The program committee was thanked for its efforts for the past season and discharged.

This was a program night, and the feature was an exhibition of crown or dollar-size pieces of the world by Dr. Plummer. Dr. Plummer talked briefly about some of his items.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—February 24, President Pond in the chair. Twelve members and two guests were present.

President Pond made a few remarks upon the recent marriage of Brother Lowenstam, also the absence of Mr. Welti who is in New York. President Pond also spoke of meeting Lieutenant Dodson while on a visit to New York. He also spoke on the recent death of Mr. Newell. Although very prominent in numismatic lines, he was never a member of this society. Dr. Steinberg made a motion that notice of Mr. Newell's death be placed upon the records of this society, and so passed.

President Pond also reported the death of Albert F. Amee, of Cambridge, Mass., a member of the Boston Numismatic Society, on November 3, 1940, and that he had written the family on behalf of the society.

The medals owned by the Stafford estate was the next subject brought up by President Pond and some discussion was held among the various members as to whether the society or some of the members wished to purchase them. The three society medals, one silver, one copper and one brass, came in for considerable discussion by the members and on a motion it was voted to lay the matter on the table until next meeting. The Pilgrim medal was the next item, and Mr. Reynolds made an offer of \$3, which was accepted. On Mr. Stafford's 75th anniversary medal it was voted to buy the medal for the society at a price of \$5, to become the permanent property of the society.

There were comments on general subjects by both Messrs. Grant and Hayden.

CANTON COIN CLUB—March 3, 68th meeting, with twelve members and three guests present. Vice-President T. W. Brown presided.

F. C. Parker was elected to membership.

Plans were completed for an extensive display during National Coin Week in the Massillon (Ohio) Museum, and also a display for Canton, Ohio.

Fraudulent coin advertising, what the layman can look for, and Roman and Greek hairdresses were discussed as radio and newspaper publicity for the same week.

Next followed a discussion of insurance for numismatists.

Announcement was made of the meeting the Stamp Club has planned for our entertainment on March 26.

Announcement was made of the Penn-Ohio Coin Club's meeting in Pittsburgh, Pa., on Saturday April 26.

Speakers for the coming meetings of our local group were discussed, and it was decided that T. W. Brown review "History of American Coinage," by Watson, in 15-minute installments, one installment each meeting. The first installment was then given by Mr. Brown.

Displays were as follows:

V. L. Stover: Complete set of Indian head cents.

W. C. Hague: Postage currency.

T. W. Brown: Colonial and miscellaneous ancients.

Wm. G. Bruce: Colonials and 1837-41 Hard Times tokens.

An auction was held.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—94th meeting, March 5. Fourteen members and one guest, Leo J. Schoen, were present. Vice-President Knoth presided in the absence of President Schwartz.

M. Bullowa read a paper on the "Coins of Saxony, Part III," written by Mr. Schwartz.

Mr. Darrow read a poem he had written called Numismania. The following resolutions were read and adopted:

"Whereas it hath pleased Almighty God, in His infinite wisdom, to remove from our midst our friend and associate, Edward T. Newell; and

"Whereas the said Edward T. Newell has rendered a long and distinguished service to the science of numismatics; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Brooklyn Coin Club records its profound sense of loss in the death of Mr. Newell, who was one of its most honored members and friends. We feel that the Club and the whole numismatic fraternity has suffered an irreparable loss, but we know that his good work and his writings will live after him; be it further

"Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the records of the club and that a copy be sent to his family."

The following exhibits were made:

Mr. Blake: 15 silver 3c pieces from 1853 to 1872.

Mr. Bullowa: 5c nickels of 1883, the three types of that date.

Mr. Darrow: Pattern coins of Central and South America.

Mr. Friedberg: New issue of India, 1 rupee 1940; rupee of Tibet, 1902; Vatican scudo, 1646.

Mr. Heft: New York World's Fair medal; silver dollar-size coins of Canada, Panama, Mexico.

Mr. Knoth: Emergency money, wooden medals of Philadelphia.

Mr. Kraus: Corea, 5 mun, 1888; Japan, 1 yen, gold, 1871.

Mr. Reagan: Types of minor United States coins.

Mr. St. Martin: U. S. Large cents of 1797 and 1854.

Mr. Schmidt: Irish eighteenth century tokens; bread tokens of Elberfeld and Cologne; German iron, zinc and aluminum coins.

Mr. Silverman: Nickel proofs of 1936 to 1940.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—Twenty-eight members and guests were in attendance at the 156th meeting held on March 4.

The report of Mr. Koepfel in reference to the place of meeting, and the matter of revision of the membership roll, occupied the attention of the club.

Dr. John Lawrence Smith then gave a very interesting discourse on the subject of Libya, the North African Italian colony, which he visited in 1938. Apropos of the present world conflict, Dr. Smith called attention to the fact that this beautiful Mediterranean country, which is in about the same latitude as that of California, has always been a battle ground, being occupied in turn by the Phoenicians, Carthaginians, Numidians, Romans, Vandals, Normans, Dutch, French and others. Libya, of which Tripoli is the capital, became an Italian colony in 1912. Dr. Smith exhibited modern Italian coins obtained there and Roman coins found in that vicinity, together with pictures of Tripoli, Leptis Magna and Sabratha, showing the great Roman ruins. Photographs taken by Secretary Stanton, who was also there in 1938, were likewise exhibited. A sample of desert sand from the sand dunes, Tripoli magazines, and the work of native silversmiths completed the exhibit.

Mr. Langford announced that a new numismatic organization has been formed at Pasadena, known as the Pasadena Coin Club, of which Mr. Lamb is the first president.

As usual, an auction followed.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—March 6, President Arthur in the chair. Ten members were present.

Mr. Husker presented a paper on early Roman Republican silver coinage, together with a description of the Roman coinage system. The paper was intensely interesting and educational and the coinage exhibit was excellent.

The exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Blake: A lot of altered nickels.

Mr. Carpenter: Medals of the late Mr. Newell struck by the N. Y. N. C.; silver medal of Howland Wood struck by the same club; Roman bronzes commemorating victories over the Britains; Antonius Pius first bronze ca. 115, also as of

same; Commodus first bronze; Septimus Severus, first bronze; Caracalla, as, and Geta, first bronze.

Mr. Pukall: Uncirculated half dollars, 1795, 1802, 1806, 1807 (50 over 20), 1811, 1814 over 13, 1815, 1829 over 21, 1832, 1836 milled edge, 1842, 1852, 1853, 1873 with arrows, 1873CC with arrows.

Mr. Arthur: Alaska tokens.

Mr. Nettleship: One daler Swedish plate money of Adolph Frederick, 1752.

Mr. Zepfler: German East African rupie; Civil War cents, attributed.

Mr. Van Vorst: Continental Dollar, 1776 Fugio, E. G. Fecit; Pitt token; Pitt farthing; N. Y. Excelsior cent, 1789; Columbia, 1787.

Mr. May: Medals: City of Boston for Mexican border service, 1916, to Massachusetts National Guard; Turkey Crimean War, for British and French forces; France, for Verdun, World War; plaque of Ferdinand I of Bulgaria, by Herrman, 1916.

Activities for Coin Week were discussed.

It was agreed that an auction would be held at the next meeting, each member to donate a coin to be auctioned for the entertainment fund.

Mr. Nettleship is to give a paper on "Encased Postage" at the next meeting.

Exhibits for the next meeting to be nickels, new acquisitions and U. S. encased postage.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 4. President Woodside was in the chair. Nine members and three guests were present. Mr. Eastwood gave a talk on coins bearing botanical subjects and projected enlargements of pictures of a number of examples.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Porter: Representative gold coins from each of the seven U. S. mints; 1936 Philippine commemorative set.

Mr. Buterbaugh: Maria Theresa thaler, 1780.

Mr. Eastwood: Portrait coins of Victoria, Lady Godiva, etc.; coins bearing botanical subjects.

Mr. Laughlin: Four sizes of Chinese Temple money; 2 ancient Chinese bridge coins; Chinese razor coins; large cast bronze of Korea, 1633; two coins of Egypt with portraits of Cleopatra; Maria Theresa thaler, 1780; Japanese tempo, 1835; cob 8 reales, Peru, 1749.

Mr. Woodside: Tray of gold Irish ring money.

Mr. Coatsworth: Tray of U. S. freak coins, most uncirculated.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—265th meeting, March 4, President Lamb presiding, 74 members and 3 visitors being present.

A. E. Beebe, Otto Schubert and Frank C. Wilson were elected to membership.

The president encouraged the members to arrange for public displays of their collections for National Coin Week.

Vice-President Paul Pennington read a short sketch on E. T. Newell's numismatic accomplishments.

The officers of the Central States Numismatic Society cordially invite all Chicago numismatists to participate in their convention in Milwaukee, April 26 and 27.

Due to the building management failure to provide proper exhibit space, the members were unable to make any exhibits.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—Sixth meeting, February 26. Twenty-two members and guests were present.

Gordon G. Hendey and R. M. Sisson were admitted to membership.

The evening's topic was "The Gold Standard."

A paper was read by Mr. Shelby on the Fort Knox gold depository, secured from the Treasury Department and prepared for the National Convention of the American Institute of Banking at Louisville, June 6 to 10, 1938. Mr. Duncan read an article entitled "What is This Gold Standard?" which outlined the gold standard and silver standard under which the United States coinage system has operated from 1792 to the present time.

An auction was held.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—March 12. The regular meeting was held at the home of Mr. Bullowa, who received the following guests: Messrs. Howard, Berliner and Bloom.

Mr. Berliner reported on the quotations he had received from several sources for reproducing rare numismatic books, which would be furnished to members for their individual use on a subscription basis.

Mr. Bullowa exhibited some new notes of British Guiana and British Honduras, as well as specially surcharged notes for use in Natal, Africa.

Mr. Berliner exhibited some of the older German emergency issues and told many interesting experiences of his collecting career.

The next meeting is scheduled for the 2nd Wednesday of April. Guests are always welcome.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—36th meeting, March 14. President Richard S. Yeoman presiding. Fourteen members and one visitor were present.

Final plans were formulated for placing coin displays in banks and business houses throughout Racine and Kenosha in celebration of National Coin Week. Radio and newspaper publicity received special attention at the meeting.

A roll call of the members showed that a large delegation will go to the Central States Numismatic Association Convention in Milwaukee next month.

The secretary was instructed to invite all coin collectors in this area to our annual banquet and auction, April 17, 7 P. M., at Knights of Columbus Hall.

Exhibits at the meeting were as follows:

Karl Borseth: 1870-S Liberty head \$2½ gold piece, extremely fine; 1899-P

Liberty Head \$5 gold piece, extremely fine; 1907-D Liberty head \$5 gold piece, uncirculated; 1925 Holland 10 gulden, proof.

John R. Stewart: Sheet of \$1 uncut bills and sheet of \$2 uncut bills; Russian 6-ruble piece in platinum, very fine; 1858 pattern cent, small letters, flying eagle, proof; 1858 50c, 10c and 3c Silver in proof; Crown of William III, 1696.

Rasmus Jensen: 70 different U. S. commemorative half dollars, uncirculated.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—March 13th. The sixty-ninth meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with forty-four members and guests present.

Lance Hathaway, Solomon Heller and Frank S. Cobb were elected to membership.

The evening was spent mostly in the report of the various A. N. A. Convention committees. Plans are progressing according to schedule, and everything looks as if we will be able to give our guests a wonderful time at the reasonable cost of \$5 registration.

The entertainment of the evening was colored movies, by Mr. Tatnall which he took during a recent trip throughout western United States and Canada. These showings by Mr. Tatnall always mean an interesting evening.

The door-prize, 1926 uncirculated Denver silver dollar, was won by Mr. Windner; the chance prize, "The Silver Dollars of North and South America," was won by H. G. Taylor. The vote for the best display of the evening went to Mr. Moss, who offered the following: Egypt, 500 piastres, red gold, brilliant proof, Fuad I; Turkey, 250 piastres, gold, brilliant proof, Mohammed VI, 1918; and Greece, 100 drachmas, commemorating restoration of monarchy, 1940.

Curator Iannarella conducted a spirited auction, following adjournment.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Fifth meeting, March 14. Twenty-one members and guests were present, President H. F. Hurst presiding.

Ellis H. Michael gave a very interesting talk on the history and collecting of commemorative half dollars.

Nearly every type of United States and the warring nations coins were exhibited, as each member had been asked to bring one or more coins to display. This was so successful that our exhibit committee asked the members to repeat this procedure at our next meeting.

S. W. Freeman announced that the Richmond Times-Dispatch would give us a half-page write-up in the magazine section of their Sunday edition March 23 for the promotion of Coin Week. Mr. Freeman agreed to supply the necessary information to the Times-Dispatch.

R. S. Stevenson, S. W. Freeman and E. H. Michael announced that they had secured windows for displays at Marshall's, Inc., 830 E. Main St.; Thalheimer's Department Store, Broad at Sixth, and F. W. Woolworth Co., 3018 W. Cary St. All members were instructed to leave their coins with Mr. Stevenson, who will have charge of the displays.

After our meeting was adjourned our first auction sale was held and thoroughly enjoyed.

AKRON COIN CLUB—30th meeting, February 17, with 16 members and 6 guests present, President R. W. Miller presiding.

One new application for membership was received.

S. J. Kabealo announced the convention of the Penn-Ohio Coin Association to be held in Pittsburgh on April 26.

A new constitution and by-laws was adopted.

C. W. McKinney outlined a program for National Coin Week and stated that an attractive display would be placed in the leading stores in Akron. The displays will include coins of the Bible, United States, ancient Greek and Roman, and U. S. Colonial.

The following talks were given: S. J. Kabealo, "Numismatics Today"; Howard Certain, "Educational and Historical Coins of the World." Frank Hammett read an article from a 1902 newspaper giving an account of ancient bronze coins that were used in making locks.

Exhibits were as follows:

Howard Certain: Various coins to show the educational and historical value of coin collecting.

A. C. Craycroft: English and Canadian pennies and bank tokens; 20 centimes of Peru and 10 centimes of Napoleon III.

Mildred Metz: Coins of New Zealand and Fiji Islands.

V. L. Oblisk: Lion dollar, Tribute penny, Cob money of Philip V; coins of Poland, Chile, Saxony, France and Akron Centennial medal issued in 1925.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—February 20. Nine members and two visitors were present. President Gibbs in the chair.

J. H. Layton, chairman of the publicity committee, made his report on newspaper publicity and submitted an article he inserted in one of the papers last week.

There was a discussion of the spring convention of the new Penn-Ohio Coin Club Association to be held in the Fort Pitt Hotel Saturday, April 26, 1941. President Gibbs said he desired a nice lot of coins from our club members to be put up for auction during the afternoon. He also requested those members who have cases to bring them to our Fort Pitt headquarters, Room 729, so as to loan them to our visitors for displaying their coins. Protection will be given by the Pittsburgh police department.

Dr. P. M. Gillis and J. E. Cunningham are to prepare a paper for our next meeting in March. C. L. Nickels is to read a paper in April, and our curator or librarian, J. S. Kerr, is to read a paper in May. All papers to be on any subject relating to coins or coin collections or numismatic books.

Each member present then displayed his coins and gave a short talk on each coin:

J. H. Layton: Switzerland gold 1922 20 Francs; U. S. Quarter Eagle, 1891.
 Dr. P. M. Gillis: Medals: Karl Goetz satirical medal, "Watch on the Ruhr"; Swanson Martin Luther 400th anniversary of the Reformation; Alexander Hamilton medal and a medal of California-Pacific International Exposition, 1935.
 R. Rehula: Set of Washington quarters and wooden money.
 H. J. Huhl: Collection of U. S. half cents.
 C. L. Nickels: Uncirculated large U. S. cents and some scarce die varieties.
 W. Keitzer: Uncirculated 1858 \$5 gold; 1883 proof half dollar.
 J. S. Kerr: Turkey, 1 piastre, 94 per cent. pure silver, and new issue of Italy, 1937, 5 and 10 centesimi.
 J. E. Cunningham: U. S. type coins, also a third-term-candidate medal of the 1941 inauguration on January 20th.
 H. D. Gibbs: New Guinea, dog-teeth money; 50 foreign crowns; Columbia, 8 reales, 1655-1759; 30 counterstamped coins.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—February 20th. There were 19 members present and three guests.

Mr. Straus, chairman of the banquet committee, reported that plans were going smoothly and that an interesting program was being arranged. After some discussion it was decided that ladies be invited.

Mr. Duffield presented the new booklet of membership with the by-laws and a short history of the club.

Mr. Hawkins proposed that the club members individually present a small exhibit on any coins of interest at each meeting, in addition to the special feature, auction, etc., of the day, and this was approved.

As our annual election is approaching, President Cook appointed a committee to consider suggestions for a new slate of officers, the committee being all the past presidents, with Mr. Perlitz as chairman.

Mr. Duffield, for the program committee, announced that the next meeting would be devoted to crown-size coins of the world, at which Dr. Plummer would have an exhibit of these coins.

This was an Auction night and we held our usual sale.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—February 20. The meeting was called to order by the President with thirteen members and one guest present.

The door prizes were awarded to the following: January door prize, P. M. Ziegler; February door prize, Roy T. Barnhart.

Out of respect to one of our beloved members who passed away on January 29, Charles Fatzinger, Palmerton, Pa., the members stood in silent respect to his memory.

On motion the club decided to take a quarter-page advertisement in the program of the coming A. N. A. convention this summer.

Mr. Reed, of Philadelphia, told the club of the progress they were making in regard to the coming convention in Philadelphia.

The president appointed a program committee for the coming year, to take care of the monthly meeting entertainment for the members; a membership committee, to investigate all new applications for membership; a sympathy committee, to take charge of all necessary work connected with the sickness and death of any members in the future.

The president read a humorous letter in regard to the life of a coin collector—how he acts in the eyes of a person not interested in collecting.

A short auction followed.

DES MOINES COIN CLUB—58th meeting, January 3. Ten members and four visitors were present.

The annual election was held and the following officers elected: President, L. K. Ferguson; vice-president, Paul A. Stone; secretary-treasurer, J. Reed Capps.

President Ferguson appointed the following as a publicity committee to arrange for the "Know Your Money" meeting to be held January 23: Mr. Radke, chairman; Mr. Smith, Mr. Swanson and Mr. Capps.

Membership applications were accepted from three of the visitors.

A very interesting and lively auction followed.

DES MOINES COIN CLUB—59th meeting, February 7, President Ferguson presiding. Fourteen members and two guests were present.

Paul A. Stone was appointed chairman of the membership committee, and President Ferguson announced that a program committee chairman would be appointed before the next meeting.

There was considerable discussion regarding ways and means of getting the club on a more sound and solvent financial basis, and some discussion of plans for National Coin Week activity.

The usual auction followed.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 10, with President Howard Hughes presiding. Thirty members and nine guests were in attendance.

A report was first made of the display trays. The club had made by a local woodworker a total of thirty trays at a cost of \$1.00 per tray. It is the intention to use these trays at the various exhibitions so that a uniform appearance will be made.

Letters from the American Numismatic Association were read and it was decided to use the trays and hold local exhibitions during National Coin Week from March 23 to March 30. Stores in Portland, Oregon City, Hillsboro, Milwaukie and Vancouver were selected for the exhibitions, and various members volunteered to show their coins and monies.

The club has been placing notices in the local papers of their meeting an-

nouncements, and it was pleasing to have the "visitor attendance" from persons who had merely read of the organization.

A report was made by the convention committee which was discussed at some length. It was finally decided to hold the Annual Northwest Convention, together with the Tacoma (Wash.) and Seattle (Wash) clubs at the Lewis and Clark Hotel at Centralia, Wash., on the last Sunday of the month, March 30th. Appropriate arrangements were directed to be made to secure badges and musical entertainment. Definite and different displays by the various members were taken up and apportioned so that everyone will not be showing the usual commemoratives and nothing else. A vote was taken as to the method of transportation, and the committee was directed to enter into negotiations with the Union Pacific Railroad with a view to obtaining a railroad car for the particular use of the convention trip. It is expected that a total of some fifty-odd displays will be made of various coins, medals, etc. A preliminary poll shows there will be about sixty collectors registered, as well as several hundred guests and spectators.

This evening's meeting lasted so long that only a short auction was held.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—78th meeting, March 7, at the residence of M. S. Hartman, 511 South 51st avenue. This was one of the most enthusiastic meetings the club has held for many years. Practically all of the members of the Club were present, including some who had been unable to attend for a long time. We met in the recreation room of Mr. Hartman's new home, a most attractive spot. Later in the evening we were served sandwiches and coffee and some specially prepared individual pieces of ice cream on which were written "Coin Club."

Many matters of numismatic interest were discussed in an informal way, especially by Mr. Hartman and Mr. Thorson. There was also considerable discussion concerning ways and means of interesting new collectors, especially through National Coin Week.

Mr. Searle told us that he had made arrangements for the attractive display window of the First National Bank. It was decided that the club should avail itself of this opportunity and use this display space during Coin Week. President Pilmaier appointed a Coin Week committee consisting of Mr. Wilson, Mr. Moulton, Mr. Allwine and Mr. Kroeger. Mr. Searle will also give some publicity to Coin Week over radio Station KOIL.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—402nd meeting, February 20. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Twenty members and three guests were present.

Mr. Rowe suggested that the secretary send invitations to all A. N. A. members in this district who are not members of the Detroit Coin Club, inviting them to attend our meetings.

Mr. Rowe opened the discussion about having speakers talk on subjects other than numismatics. It was suggested we contact Messrs. F. Hadley and F. Eggert to see if they would bring their movies to show at a regular meeting.

In honor of Washington's Birthday, Washington medals and tokens were exhibited by Messrs. H. Rapp, Dr. R. H. Renz, R. Stehfest and G. Needels.

An auction was held.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—403rd meeting, March 6th. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Twenty-one members and two guests were present.

A letter was read from David M. Bullowa, chairman of National Coin Week, emphasizing the fact that National Coin Week this year centers about the 75th anniversary of the coinage of the 5c nickel piece, and also the 50th anniversary of the American Numismatic Association. President Rowe called on Mr. Stehfest, District Secretary, who gave a few details of the publicity in the Detroit area.

During a discussion on programs for future meetings Mr. Church proposed that we give prizes for the best talk on numismatics and exhibits by our own members. Mr. Leffingwell told what the Chicago Club did to make their meetings interesting. President Rowe said he was giving the matter plenty of thought and would be ready with an entertainment plan next month.

The application for membership of John R. Drazen was accepted.

President Rowe introduced the visitors. Members present were glad to hear that Dr. R. Renz had changed his office hours and would be able to attend future meetings. Also that Mr. Dworkowski had completely recovered from his recent illness.

The secretary announced that the club still has a few of the Albert A. Grinnell 400th meeting medals for sale at \$3 plus postage.

Harry Rapp showed two Washington medals and several Mexican coins.

An auction was held.

HEART OF AMERICA NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—84th meeting, March 10, called to order by President Ford, with 13 members and 12 visitors in attendance.

It was voted to send Mr. Swofford a 1941 membership card and consider his dues paid for the year. Mr. Swofford, our able past secretary, was mobilized into the service in December and is now stationed at Camp Robinson.

Dr. Helman was elected delegate, with Mr. Schmandt his alternate, to the Kansas City Council of Hobby Clubs. This is a consolidation of all hobby clubs into a non-profit and non-commercial organization, which plans the furtherance of all hobbies through a big hobby show each year in our Municipal Auditorium. Plans for this year's show, to be held May 15 to 18, are already under way.

Mr. Paris read a very interesting and instructive paper on medals and decorations. He illustrated his lecture with a splendid display.

Among the visitors was Mr. Sherwin, from Black River Falls, Wis.

Mr. Hibbs was elected to membership.

Among the large number of coins on display, outstanding was the almost complete set of dates of silver dollars by Mr. Ford. The greater portion were either proof or uncirculated.

DES MOINES COIN CLUB—60th meeting, March 7, President L. K. Ferguson presiding. There were fourteen members and one guest present.

President Ferguson appointed Milton Radke as general chairman of arrangements and publicity, and Art Kagin as organizer of displays for the Club's annual display to be held at Younker's Tea Room during National Coin Week. Younker's will furnish all the necessary display cases, insurance on all displays, and give the event all possible publicity, the same as last year.

It was decided that the members entertain their wives at dinner at Younker's Tea Room some evening during National Coin Week. Wednesday, March 26, was set as the date for the event.

The usual auction followed adjournment.

SYRACUSE NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—114th regular meeting, March 7. The meeting was attended by nine members and one guest. President Paul Burns presided. The following two applications were presented and unanimously accepted:

Geo. M. Miller, 17 Lawton Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.; Stanley Gifford, 927 Ackerman Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.

The matter of National Coin Week, March 23 to 30, was presented. A motion was made and carried to secure space in one of the local banks for an exhibit under the name of our association. The following gentlemen will cooperate in this exhibit: Messrs. Evans, Groeling, Bluestone, Webster, Cassedy, Martin, and Burns. The President appointed a committee of Messrs. Groeling, Webster and Bluestone to arrange the exhibit.

We heard a most interesting lecture by Mr. Harold Nunn, of Hackettstown, N. J., on coins of the World and highlights of the lives of the people who use them. The talk was centered particularly on China, Hainan and the Malay Peninsula. Mr. Nunn had some wonderful exhibits to illustrate his talk.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—295th meeting, March 12, President Sandburg presiding, with ten members present.

A discussion on National Coin Week took place and it was found that there were at least seven or eight that planned to make exhibits.

The numismatic quiz conducted by Mr. MacIntosh was won by Mr. Blackhall, with Mr. Wheeler a close second.

The exhibit by Mr. Oliver was extremely fine and consisted of the most rare pieces of Fractional currency in singles, block of four and large sheets; silver dollars and half dollars; dollar-size foreign silver, medals, old U. S. Treasurer's and Assistant Treasurer's checks, rare Confederate notes, the rare Fugio cent struck in silver, and an odd nugget brought from Nevada in the gold rush days by his uncle.

An auction followed.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—111th regular meeting, March 10, President Archer presiding. Twenty members and four guests were present.

The application for membership of William Thompson was presented and he was elected.

The display case authorized to be purchased at the previous meeting was exhibited. The Secretary was authorized to write to the maker to find out the price.

Vic Chambers asked for suggestions as to the dinner menu for the banquet. Reservations were made by the members.

Charles Kabealo passed out copies of the constitution and by-laws to each of the members present. The President was authorized to appoint a committee to study the constitution and bring the by-laws up to date.

The resignation of Nicholas K. Sharp, secretary, was tendered and accepted. He could no longer carry out his duties because he has been transferred to St. Louis. President Archer appointed Charles Kabealo to fill the unexpired term of secretary.

President Archer appointed a constitution committee to be composed of Charles Kabealo, George Andrews, Dr. J. M. Henderson.

Talks about their displays were made by the following members: Charles Kabealo, half dollars and dollars; Dr. Henderson, gold dollars, half dollars and quarters of California; C. J. Stotts, fractional currency; J. A. Dawson, silver slug; Bruce Ruggles, silver dollars, Peace type; Sam Kabealo, a complete collection of proof nickel five-cent pieces, and a complete set of small cents; J. C. Archer, one-cent pieces.

An auction was held.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—90th meeting, March 13. Fifteen members and three guests were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Wade read several press items of numismatic interest.

The secretary read letters concerning Coin Week. President Husker reported on the Newark Museum exhibit which is to be held in April.

The secretary was instructed to write a letter to the American Numismatic Society expressing the Society's concern over the death of Mr. Newell.

The topic for the April meeting is to be "United States Half Cents and Large Cents up to 1839," and "New Jersey Colonial paper money."

The topic for the meeting was "Coins, Tokens and Medals of the Islands of the West Atlantic," and the exhibits followed the business meeting. Later a spirited auction was held.

The exhibits for the evening were as follows:

Mr. Blaisdell: Complete set of proof 5c nickels.

Mrs. Brookes: Newark food stamps, orange and blue; nine advertising cards depicting the national currency, stamps, coat-of-arms, and costumes of various countries; Edward VII, 1903, one-penny brooch, with head raised and gold-washed.

Mr. Brown: Floydada, Texas, Chamber of Commerce scrip, \$1.00, 1933, self-liquidating type, with stamps on the reverse; Greenville, S. C., cotton nickel, October 1940; Utah sales tax token, 1 mill; United States silver certificate, \$1, series 1923, inverted reverse.

Mr. Duffield: Nine different Canadian communion tokens.

Mr. Hermeth: Vatican City, $\frac{1}{2}$ scudos, 1697 and 1706.

Mr. Husker: Roman and Byzantine coins.

Mr. Liveright: Tokens from Greenland, Hawaii and Puerto Rico.

Mr. Nettleship: Coins, mostly cut and counterstamped, from Curacao (4 different pieces), Barbadoes, Dominica (2 pieces), St. Eustatius, St. Kitts, The Saints, St. Martin, Tobago (3 pieces), Tortola (2 pieces), St. Thomas, Martinique, Nevis, Trinidad, Azores (supposedly Jamaica in catalogue), and a 1940-S quarter with die break across entire bottom.

Mr. Witzel: 1932, Brazil Commemorative set; 1703, English half crown, "Vigo," ex. fine.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—57th meeting, January 30, President Fouts presiding. There were 20 present.

Visitor Sargeant Bryant gave a fine talk on vulcanology, showing lava and various specimens from the eruptions of volcanos in the Hawaiian Islands. He told of having witnessed the eruption of 1933 and mentioned methods used sometimes to divert the flow of lava.

President Fouts read an article on the Pine Tree shilling. It stated that Mr. Jenks made the first mold for the Willow, Oak and Pine Tree shillings all of which bore the same date of 1652.

The meeting was then turned over to Mr. Maine, whose subject was "Interesting Facts in the Lives of the Designers and Engravers of our U. S. Coins." He covered the entire field down to date and gave the club a very comprehensive summary of this interesting phase of our coinage.

Some of the exhibits were as follows:

Dr. Moon: A glass toothpick holder with design of Morgan dollar molded into it.

Floyd Maine: A so-called proof Columbian half dollar which are generally conceded to be not proof, but the first run, which have a beautiful finish.

Mr. Glickert: A very fine Gobrecht dollar with stars in field.

Mr. Fouts: Thalers and double thalers of the Holy Roman empire.

Mr. Hill: His Baltimore penny and also a copy.

Lunch was served following adjournment.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—58th meeting, February 27, President Fouts in the chair and 19 present. The club was agreeably surprised to have President Urch and Secretary Woodford of the Tacoma Coin Club drop in for the meeting.

President Fouts read a letter from J. V. La More, of the Oregon Numismatic Society, regarding holding the second Northwest convention of coin clubs at Centralia again this year on March 30. A motion to attend the convention was carried.

It was also voted to have an auction, and President Fouts appointed a committee to work out the details.

The meeting was turned over to Mr. Saeman, who read a paper which he had prepared on George Washington and of his interest in establishing the U. S. mint. He also mentioned many issues of tokens, patterns, coins and currency bearing his portrait.

Mr. Zeckser read an article on the Lincoln 1909 cent, which was the first regular issue of U. S. coins to have his portrait.

President Fouts gave a very interesting talk on Abraham Lincoln and his greenback issues. He brought out in detail the battle Mr. Lincoln had in his efforts to provide money to finance the Union without having to pay the exorbitant interest demanded by the banks.

He exhibited some of the greenbacks which bear the exemption clause by which the banks enriched themselves at the expense of the public.

Some of the exhibits were:

Mr. Woodford, of Tacoma: A number of postage and fractional currency notes.

Mr. Saeman: Coins and notes bearing Washington's portrait.

Mr. Fouts: A large number of extra fine Jackson cents and old notes, including one of 1869 series.

Dr. Moon: Some fine gold pieces of Mexico.

Mr. Hill: A fine large medal of Washington.

Lunch was served following adjournment.

TRIPLE CITIES COIN CLUB—18th meeting, March 3, with 14 members present. F. G. Belisle, president of the Morris Plan Industrial Bank, was our guest and speaker of the evening.

Final plans for National Coin Week were completed, with the assurance of two exhibits in Binghamton and Endicott.

We decided that our April meeting is to be held at the Hotel Frederick, in Endicott, with exhibits open to the public.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—303rd meeting, February 26th. Twenty-four members and six guests were present.

The membership committee submitted five new applications for active membership.

Secretary Edward Fogler presented the society with a complete secretarial outfit, including a permanent minute and scrap book.

The program, under the direction of Mr. Rock as chairman, was very enthusiastically received by everyone present. President Parker spoke on Washington cents; Mr. Hicks gave a short talk on the official Presidential medals, and Mr. Mitchell outlined in detail his visit to the A. N. A. National Convention. Mr. Kraft spoke on nineteenth century commemorative coins, followed by Secretary Fogler on the issues of the twentieth century. Roy Hill gave an interesting talk on Finland in general.

The exhibits of the evening were as follows:

Mr. Hicks: A complete set of the official Presidential medals.

Mr. Kraft: A frame of nineteenth century commemorative coins.

Mr. Fogler: Four frames of about 160 commemorative coins of the twentieth century.

Mr. Roy Hill: One frame with coins of Finland.

Mr. Harris: Complete set of uncirculated Liberty head nickels.

An auction was conducted after the meeting by Mr. Knabenschuh.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—77th meeting, with President Hoffman presiding. Thirty three members and three visitors were present.

Mr. Culver, chairman of the C. S. N. S. convention, outlined the convention program from the opening on Saturday at 9.30 to closing time last Sunday afternoon. Special attention was called to the auction to be held, and the displays in which all members were urged to participate. Mr. Culver also notified the members that the second issue of the C. N. S. Grapevine was ready for distribution.

It was moved and seconded that the convention booklet include the names and cities of the C. S. N. S. members. Mr. Miller was asked to report on the cost of insurance for the displays. The secretary was asked to check up on the number of cases that the club has for display purposes.

The following committees were appointed for the following year:

Auction, F. H. Miller, chairman; N. J. Marx, clerk; E. Michalak, auctioneer.

Membership, E. C. Gaulke, chairman; J. Guidinger and A. Heck.

Entertainment, Leon G. Grieb, chairman; J. Madala, M. Zavis, Ray Braunel, E. Gerber.

Displays, L. Burmeister.

Publicity, Harry Collura.

The door prize donated by N. J. Marx, was won by E. R. Michalak.

Henry Goral applied for membership in our club.

A bulletin on National Coin Week was read by President Hoffman. The question of having a women's auxiliary was brought up, but was deferred until a later meeting.

Exhibits were as follows:

L. Burmeister: 264 half dollars, Unc. and proof, from 1803 to date.

E. C. Gaulke, Sr.: Gold dollars, 1849 to 1889; California Gold.

R. H. Rosholm: Some very interesting foreign pieces.

Ray L. Kircher: 52 medals of the kings of France.

H. L. Polzer: Three trays of German porcelain money.

E. Knerr: Pine Tree shilling in very fine condition.

Harry Collura: 1824 over '22 large cent in very fine condition.

CONTINENTAL PAPER MONEY

In the hope that this interesting series of our paper money may become more popular in the eyes of the numismatic fraternity, we shall give in the months to follow brief items concerning the issues of the Continental Congress, which we do not believe have heretofore been published.

On December 5th, 1775, a Resolution was passed that the form of the new issue of bills was to be as follows:

CONTINENTAL CURRENCY

No.

DOLLAR

THIS Bill entitles the bearer to receive Spanish Milled dollars or the value thereof in gold or silver, according to a resolution of Congress passed at Philadelphia, November 29th, 1775.

It was further resolved, that the bills be numbered as the treasurers shall direct, provided the number shall be different from the former emission, beginning with one, upwards, in ink of a different color from the last emitted bills.

On December 11, 1775, Congress authorized the signatures of thirty-six gentlemen, with the proviso that "each bill be signed, and numbered by two of the foregoing gentlemen.

The names were: Samuel Morris, Frederick Kuhl, Stephen Collins, Nicholas Garrison, Matthew Clarkson, Samuel C. Morris, Thomas Barclay, Anthony Morris, Jun., James Wharton, Benjamin Fuller, Joel Evans, Andrew Bunner, John Mease, Thomas Coombe, John Bayard, Robert Tuckniss, Isaac Hazlehurst, Thomas Morris, Samuel Caldwell, John Purviance, Mordecai Lewis, George Campbell, Joseph Parker, Daniel Clymer, Joseph Watkins, Jun.,

John Shee, Phineas Bond, James Read, Robert Roberts, John Ord, Isaac Howell, William Webb, Jonathan B. Smith, Cornelius Barnes, Thomas Smith and William Crispin.

In one of the early reports of the Continental Congress there is an interesting entry concerning the currency.

"That the account of Frederick Bicking for 56 Reams of paper for Continental currency, amounting to 388 8/10 dollars, is reasonable."

It was ordered to be paid.

A few days later there is an entry for the account of Wm. & Thos. Bradford, for printing, which was £67.0.10 (178 7/90 dollars.)

In October of 1775 a further bill was presented by Richard Bache, Stephen Paschal and Michael Hillegas "for superintending the printing of the bills of credit, ordered to be struck by Congress, amounting to 272 dollars."

In connection with canceling of these Continental bills, it is of interest to note that Congress specified on December 26, 1775, the method as follows:

"taking care to cut, by a circular punch of an inch diameter, an hole in such bills, and to cross the same, thereby to render them unpassable, tho the sum or value is to remain fairly legible."

David Rittenhouse received 48 dollars for having furnished the "36 cutts" for the Continental Currency.

The second Continental issue was composed of the following denominations: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 dollar bills. Of each denomination an equal number of notes was printed—83,333, totaling 3,000,000 dollars in face value. It was further ordered that the plates used in the "late emission" be used for the second issue.

FIRST NEW YORK PAPER MONEY ON EXHIBIT.

The first paper money of the Colony of New York was issued in 1709 and is dated May 31. The Chase National Bank has recently added to its Collection of Moneys of the World one of these comparatively rare notes in the five-shilling denomination. Coins were scarce at that time and the money in circulation comprised mostly English, Dutch and Spanish pieces. The early colonists carried on many of their transactions by the barter and trade method and in their dealings with the Indians used wampum.

The English were well established in New England and New York by 1709 but France was a constant menace in Canada and continued to cause trouble among the early settlers. As early as 1690 the Colony of Massachusetts sent an expedition against the French in Canada, and in order to help defray the expenses of this war it issued bills of credit or paper currency to the soldiers. In 1709 New York joined with the other New England colonies in an expedition against Canada and issued paper money. New York was the third colony to place paper money in circulation. Besides Massachusetts in 1690, South Carolina issued some notes in 1703. Other colonies to issue paper money in 1709 were Connecticut and Rhode Island.

The early New York note measures about 4 inches by 6 inches and at the top is an ornamental border which has been cut so as to form a scalloped edge to prevent counterfeiting.

The Chase exhibit contains over 50,000 specimens of money and is open to the public without charge. It is located at 46 Cedar Street, New York City.

S MINT COINS SHOW MANY DIE VARIETIES.

The following appeared in the Chicago Tribune of Sunday, February 16, written by Richard McP. Cabeen, a member of the A. N. A. and the Chicago Coin Club:

Recent dispatches indicate the three mints of the United States have been hard pressed to provide sufficient minor coins to cope with a demand created by sales tax and by coin operated devices. Just recently a local item announced that for the first time Chicago had been supplied by the San Francisco mint.

It is not often local collectors are able to obtain a supply of uncirculated

coins with the "S" mint mark, and the event is noteworthy. One collector who examined several rolls of cents found that curious things were happening at San Francisco which do not happen at the other mints. It appears that speeding up the various minting processes has caused a letdown in workmanship. Dies have been used after cracks appeared and have been repaired and continued in use. Two rolls of cents were made up entirely of eight varieties of cracked dies, and there was not a normal cent in the lot. A third roll contained seven of the eight varieties previously found and another new variety, but still no normal coin. A fourth roll yielded eight new varieties, while a fifth roll duplicated one variety each from the third and fourth rolls and added six new varieties. These last two rolls contained ~~36 coins which were normal on the obverse, but only four of the lot were~~ without cracks on the reverse, and these four showed low letters especially in the "PLU" of E Pluribus Unum and the "O" of One. One cent in the lot was missing a large share of its important lettering.

Just to check the work of this mint, one roll of 40 nickels also was examined. Fourteen of these had finished rims while 26 showed the marks of the punch press which cut the coin blanks or planchets. The 14 coins were all normal, with sharp and full letters and good portrait. These coins stacked nicely, but the 26 which appear to have been minted without the collar around the dies were all cracked-die varieties except one and formed a very insecure pile when stacked. The one exception mentioned is below the grade of an ordinary counterfeiter's work and might very well be refused by anyone noticing it carefully.

Coins from the other mints showed nothing out of the ordinary.

DR. FEUCHTWANGER'S SUBSTITUTE FOR COPPER.

A feature of Coin Week observance this year, which is now just over, was the seventy-fifth anniversary of the coinage of the five-cent nickel piece. Nickel for coinage was first brought to the attention of mint officials in 1837, when Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger presented a memorial to Congress asking it to consider the use of a metallic composition known as German Silver for our minor coinage. The story of Dr. Feuchtwanger's efforts has been published in previous issues of The Numismatist.

The original copy of the doctor's memorial recently came into the possession of David M. Bullowa, chairman of Coin Week Committee, from which he had a number of copies photostated and used them in the work of his committee.

Below we publish the text of the memorial:

25th CONGRESS,
1st Session.

[DOC. NO. 7.]

HO. OF. REPS.

SUBSTITUTE FOR COPPER.

MEMORIAL

LEWIS FEUCHTWANGER.

SEPTEMBER 13, 1837.

Referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives:

The memorial of Lewis Feuchtwanger, of the city of New York,
Respectfully Sheweth:

That your memorialist, after repeated labors, has succeeded in making and perfecting a metallic composition, known as German silver, of clean, white, and durable material, of specific value, from which coins and all articles can be advantageously manufactured, as are now wrought out of pure silver.

Your memorialist proposes to your honorable body to substitute the composition for the copper currency of the country, by striking off pieces of the size of a dime, and of the value of one cent, specimens of which he has prepared for inspection.

Your memorialist proposes the furnish this substitute for copper as cheaply

as copper is now furnished to the Mint, and is confident that the "silver cent" thus proposed as a substitute for the cent pieces will be more acceptable, more portable, and would be more generally used in making up the fractional parts of a dollar.

Your memorialist prays your honorable body to take the subject under your consideration; and, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

LEWIS FEUCHTWANGER.

Thomas Allen, print.

NEW ISSUES OF PAPER MONEY.

Bahamas—A new series of paper money for the Bahamas has recently been received. At the left is the seal of the colony, and at the right a facing portrait of King George VI. In the center is a watermark portrait of Columbus. The reverse shows the value and the British arms, supported by lion and unicorn, on a multicolored protective design. The former notes of King George V had no watermark, filling the central part of the note with a harbor scene. De La Rue, of London, prepared the present issue. The notes measure 6 inches by 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ inches.

Persia—The modern bank notes of Persia of the 10-dinar value were executed by the American Bank Note Company in New York. The obverse shows the bust facing of Kemal Pasha at the right. The reverse shows the traditional Persian lion holding a sword, with the crown above. Ten-dinar bank notes are 5 inches by 2 inches in size, and are printed in brown and pink.

EXPORTING CURRENCY REQUIRES INGENUITY.

A story has recently been told, which has appeared in some of the press dispatches, regarding an ingenious method of transferring currency from one nation to another. The method was by destruction of the notes.

The procedure: A citizen desiring to bring some United States currency from central Europe to this country, and realizing the dangers of transporting it upon his person, decided that he would visit an American consular representative and have him note the numbers of the bills. Then, one by one, each note was burned, and only the official record of the consular representative remained giving the denomination and the number of the note. The citizen transported this sheet to the United States and had no difficulty in having Treasury officials issue new currency to him, in view of the validated report of the destruction of the old notes.

PUBLICITY FOR THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION.

To draw the attention of members of the A. N. A. to its Fiftieth Anniversary Convention to be held in Philadelphia August 16 to 31, 1941, the Philadelphia Coin Club has prepared a nifty sticker for outgoing mail. It reads: "American Numismatic Association. The 50th Anniversary, August 16-21, 1941, Philadelphia, Pa. Benjamin Franklin Hotel." It is printed in gilt upon a purple paper.

MR. PELL TO BE PRESIDENT OF THE A. N. S.

Stephen H. P. Pell, a member of the American Numismatic Society since 1908, has been named President of the American Numismatic Society, New York, succeeding Mr. E. T. Newell, who died suddenly in February.

Mr. Pell has been active in the Society for many years, having served on the Council for about twenty years, and having been a governor since 1938.

COINS OF BIBLICAL TIMES.

A splendid series of coins of the Bible (coins mentioned in the Bible or coins issued by rulers of Biblical times) is now on exhibit at the Beverly Hills (Cal.) Library. The collection includes the earliest coins of the world—silver coins of Aegina and Athens, struck in the seventh and sixth centuries B. C. Though these are Greek coins, it is quite probable that they were in use in Babylon during the captivity of the chosen people in that world capital in the sixth century B. C.

On the return from Babylon it is said, in the Book of Ezra, that a certain amount of gold drachms were contributed to the rebuilding of the Temple at Jerusalem. A coin of this type is also included. It is a gold daric of the Persian king, Darius I.

From this period on the collection contains coins of the various dynasties under which Judaea passed for the next 300 years. Coins with portraits of Alexander the Great, Ptolemy I, and several of the Antiochii of Syria are shown.

The very first true Jewish coin is presented next. It is a quarter shekel of Judas Maccabeus, struck in B. C. 161, and is a mute memento of the first attempt of a brave people to free themselves from foreign, heathen oppression.

The liberator of the Jewish people, Simon Maccabeus, is represented with a splendid coin, the celebrated Jewish shekel, struck in B. C. 139. This coin has met with such a popularity among collectors that many imitations of it have been manufactured. The one in this collection is an original.

The Maccabees, which for the next 100 years guided the destinies of the Jewish people, are represented with numerous examples of small copper coins, all in very fine state of preservation. Some of these coins bear inscriptions in Greek and some in Hebrew, depending upon who were in ascendancy at the time of issue, the Sadducees or the Pharisees.

The Herodian dynasty (which began in B. C. 37) is represented with coins of Herod the Great, Herod Archelaus, and Herod Agrippa, all of which rulers are mentioned in the Bible. From this same period there are also coins of the Roman emperors, Augustus, Tiberius and others.

Of special interest in this series are the widow's mites, mentioned in St. Mark xii, 42; the Tribute penny, mentioned in St. Mark, v, 26, and one of the types believed to be similar to the "thirty pieces of silver," mentioned in St. Matthew xxiv, 15.

The collection continues with coins of the rulers of Rome during the lives of the Apostles, Caligula, Claudius and Nero, and also shows coins struck by the Jewish patriots during the First Revolt, as well as the fine Roman coin, the Judaea Capta, struck by Titus to celebrate the fall of Jerusalem, A.D. 70.

Coins of the Second Revolt, A.D. 132-135, are represented with those of Eleazar and Simon, whose defeat and death signified the end of Judaea as a state and the scattering of the Jewish nation to the four corners of the earth.

Some very rare coins struck in Jerusalem by the Romans after the city had been rebuilt as a Roman colony complete the collection and write the final chapter of the story of the Holy Land as it can be told through coins.

The collection is loaned through the courtesy of S. M. Koeppel, 307 West Eighth street, Los Angeles, Cal.

THE FLUCTUATION OF PREMIUM ON GOLD.

In the course of the Civil War the premium on gold was as high as 185 per cent, in July, 1864, a price considerably higher than the Government's \$35 per fine ounce price (as related to the \$20.67 figure long established.) The price of gold increased, commencing at 1½ per cent. in early January of 1862, and reaching 34 per cent. in December of that year. In the next year it rose from about 30 per cent. to as high as 70 per cent., but wavered for the most part at about 52 per cent. In 1864 the price rocketed from the 50 per cent. average to as high as noted above in July, 1864. For the balance of the year the price remained at about 130 per cent. In 1865 the price commenced to decline, and the year ended with gold at only about

40 per cent. It remained at approximately this figure until 1868, when it declined further. In 1869 it fell to about 20 per cent. It remained at a slight premium until the resumption of specie payments.

THE FUNCTION OF A CHINESE CASH-SWORD.

Referring to the January, 1941, issue of *The Numismatist*, page 36, mentioning a sword shaped from Chinese coins:

If not widely known, the following extract may be of interest, quoting from "Social Life of the Chinese," by the Rev. Justus Doolittle, published in 1868:

"What is commonly called a cash sword is considered very efficacious in keeping away evil spirits. It is often hung up on the front and the outside of the bridal bed curtain, in a position parallel to the horizon. About the time of a woman's confinement a cash-sword is sometimes taken and hung inside of the curtain. This sword is usually about two feet long, and is constructed out of three kinds of things, each of which is regarded as a preventive of evil spirits: two iron rods about two feet long constitute the foundation of the sword. Second, about one hundred cash, either ancient or modern (if ancient, or if all of the same emperor's reign, so much the better), are ingeniously fastened on these rods, concealing them from view. The rods are placed in the center, and the coins are tied on the outside in two rows. Third, red cords or wires are used in tying on the cash. These three kinds, joined together in the shape of a sword, make a really formidable weapon, of which the maliciously-disposed spirits are exceedingly afraid."

The two-foot length quoted above is considerably longer than the only example I have noticed.

D. ELLIOTT SMITH (A. N. A. 8050).

50 Moriben Road, Mosman, N. S. W.

REVIVAL OF COMMEMORATIVE COINS PROPOSED.

It is with considerable interest that we print in this issue the text of a bill introduced in Congress by Mr. Hendricks, on February 13th, 1941, which is designed to regulate the further issuance of commemorative coins by the establishment of a Commemorative Coin Commission, which would have authority to pass on each proposal and determine whether sufficient national importance is attached to the commemoration to warrant a souvenir coinage.

The terms of the bill will, if passed, probably prevent any further abuses in the issue of such coins which reached its peak a few years ago, when a few of the commissions had small orders filled at the three mints, or had small orders prepared annually for a few years, in each instance taking account of the demand, and raising the issue price to a prohibitive figure.

The text of the bill is printed elsewhere in this issue. It is similar to a bill introduced about two years ago, which failed of passage.

FIRST MINT ACT 149 YEARS AGO.

April is in some respects the foremost numismatic month to American numismatists, for on April 2, 1792, the act was passed by Congress establishing the first mint and regulating the coins which it would produce.

The first section of this act pertained to the location of the mint ("... carried on at the seat of the Government . . ."). The next sections covered the employees: The Director, assayer, chief coiner, engraver, etc., and specified their respective duties, oaths, salaries and methods of accounting, etc.

Section 9 is devoted to the metals and denominations to be struck:

"And be it further enacted, That there shall be from time to time struck and coined at the said mint, coins of gold, silver and copper of the following denominations, values and descriptions, viz.:

Eagles—Each to be of the value of ten dollars or units, and to contain

247 grains and $\frac{4}{8}$ of a grain of pure, or 270 grains of standard, gold. Half Eagles and Quarter Eagles in exact proportion).

Dollars or Units—Each to be of the value of a Spanish milled dollar as the same is now current, and to contain 371 grains and $\frac{4}{16}$ of a grain of pure, or 416 grains of standard, silver. (Half dollars, quarter dollars, dismes and half dismes in proportion).

Cents—Each to be of the value of the one-hundredth part of a dollar and to contain eleven pennyweights of copper. (Half cents in proportion).

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That, upon the said coins respectively there shall be the following devices and legends, namely: Upon one side of each of the said coins there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an inscription of the word "Liberty," and the year of coinage; and upon the reverse of each of the gold and silver coins there shall be the figure or representation of an eagle, with this inscription: "United States of America," and upon the reverse of each of the copper coins, there shall be an inscription which shall express the denomination of the piece, namely cent or half cent, as the case may require.

From the above it will be observed at once that some of the cardinal features of our present coinage regarding devices, inscriptions and date have been adhered to steadily.

The first United States gold coins, it will also be noted from the figures given, were of the British 11/12 standard for the gold. The proportion of the silver coins, however, was rather complicated, as the dollar was to contain 1485/1664 parts of pure silver. This complicated fraction caused much trouble.

At a later date the fineness of gold and silver coins was fixed at 900/1000, on a decimal basis.

MR. FISHER AGAIN HONORED.

Charles H. Fisher, Cleveland (Ohio) coin dealer, has been elected president, for the third successive term, of the Western Reserve Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

ANYBODY GOT ANY "ISLAND MONEY"?

An early Pennsylvania budget in 1804 lists as one of the liabilities of the State, "Island Money." Any information regarding the meaning of this term would be appreciated.

WILL THIS STIMULATE COLLECTING?

Whenever one inquires of a coin collector his beginning or the inspiration of his hobby, the answer will invariably be that the collector had found an old coin or picked up one in circulation which whetted his curiosity and inspired him to this, the most interesting of all hobbies.

It is the writer's opinion that if each dealer (large or small) would turn loose some old quarters, nickels, halves and even common commemoratives, it would inspire new collectors.

From a business standpoint, there's no use keeping this dead weight. It is just an accumulation. By disposing of them even at face value we will be rewarded by the making of new collectors. It seems that every business must realize a regular turnover. The writer has in the past few months tried this out with thousands of Indian cents, Columbian halves and poor old quarters and halves.

"To have and to hold" fine material is an asset, and by weeding out the poor ones we will be raising our standards. If each of us resolves to give this idea a trial, it will reap its own harvest in time.

MAURICE D. SCHARLACK,
Numismatist, A. N. A. 6698.

Corpus Christi, Texas, March 3, 1941.

IT HAPPENED IN BOSTON YEARS AGO.

At an auction room run by Libbie Bros., who specialized in antiques, rare books and libraries, they were conducting an auction sale of a collection of old coins. The auctioneer was an expert on books, having been brought up in the business. His father had a book store in an adjoining town. He put up for sale an 1856 flying eagle cent.

"What am I offered," he asked.

Bids started—"Five, six, seven."

He hesitated. "Gentlemen," he said, "I'll have to pause a moment to ask you if you are bidding cents or dollars."

The coin sold for ten dollars!

CANADIAN INDIAN CHIEF MEDALS.

When the Canadian Indian chiefs signed treaties they received medals with the portrait of the British Queen, as it was considered a mark of distinction among them to have a portrait of their Queen suspended around their necks. When the small "Victoria Regina" medal was presented they expressed considerable dissatisfaction, as they judged the value largely by the size. As a consequence, huge 94-millimeter pieces were prepared by a Montreal jeweler from the Confederation medal portrait, with a special inscription. These were well received because of their size, and the fact that they had special cords for suspension. However, in view of the fact that the silver of these local pieces was of such inferior grade, they were soon rejected as counterfeits, and further Indian Peace Treaty Medals were prepared in London by the Wyon firm.

GEORGE I OF ENGLAND.

Many persons are often puzzled by the fact that at one time a King of England could not speak English very well. The King referred to was George I, who ruled from 1714 to 1727. Prior to his inheritance of the English crown he had been known on coins as George Ludwig, Elector of Hannover (Brunswick-Luneberg) from 1698 to 1714. When Queen Anne died the next in direct line of succession was the great-grandson of James I (1603-1625), who had previously ruled as James VI of Scotland. James I was a great-great grandson of Henry VII (1485-1509).

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

A new junior numismatists' organization has been established in metropolitan New York. A single page publication has been issued, entitled the Junior Numismatist, of which David Bingham of Westfield, N. J., is business manager. Several members of the American Numismatic Association have taken an active interest in the organization, and it is hoped that it will flourish, developing in its stride, serious and competent numismatists.

Russia has recently issued a bank note of the five-ruble denomination showing at the right end a vignette of an aviator beside the propeller of his plane, outfitted for heavy duty and with a parachute folded and strapped in front of him. The reverse of the note is multicolored as a protective device. The notes measure $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches by $5\frac{3}{4}$ inches.

In the reign of Queen Victoria the obverse dies of the farthing value were sometimes used in the coinage of the obverse of the gold sovereigns.

According to Garside, the Union jack of England has never appeared correctly upon the coinage, the representation on the copper issues having a number of faults. He reports that the only correct metallic reproduction is on an obscure medal issued in 1890 for one of the members of Parliament.

The publications of Henry Garside on British Imperial copper and bronze coins are as painstakingly detailed as many American publications covering the early copper series.

The silver coinage of Philip of Macedon bore the head of Zeus, but the gold coinage had the head of the god Apollo.

The bronze coinage of Imperial Rome was struck with the approval of the Senate and bore the letters S C (Senatus Consulto). The silver coinage was struck by the Emperor and did not have these letters. The head of the Emperor was the corresponding mark of authority.

Bronze coinage was instituted in England in 1860; in America, in 1864.

An ancient Greek philosopher once observed: That nothing so evil as money ever grew to be current among men.

According to information recently received, the Dutch government in England is validating bank notes by consular stamp. Other notes will not be accepted after February, 1941.

According to a news report, Nicaragua is calling in all silver coins from circulation. The Government is paying their "nominal" or face value at present, but after July 9, it is stated, only the bullion will be offered by the Government. The current Nicaraguan coins are nickel and are of the same general design as those of silver issued in 1912.

Until 1666 the English Mint always made a charge for coinage.

Early in the twelfth century the penny was called a "sterling."

A statute enacted in 1266 stated that the penny should weigh thirty-two wheat corns in the midst of the ear.

Two new publications in the Coin Collector's Series have been released by Wayte Raymond, Inc., the "Coins of Central America, Silver and Copper," 1824-1940, and the "Early Medals of Washington," 1776-1834. A new series has been announced, including the following titles: VI. "The Silver Crowns of Great Britain and Ireland". VII. "Standard Ptolemaic Silver". VIII. "United States Cents," 1804-14. IX. "Pattern Dollars of the United States," and X. "French Colonial Coins."

Gresham's Law is that when two coins of equal legal value, but of unequal intrinsic value, are circulating at the same time, the poorer will remain in circulation and drive out the good coin.

The Medal of Honor of the United States, was designed by A. C. Paquet.

On Army Medals of Honor the word appears as VALOR. On the Navy issues it is VALOUR.

The coinage of Uruguay was copper for over 30 years, 1840-1870, with the exception of the silver siege pieces of Montevideo struck by General Oribe in 1844. As Uruguay has no mint, this is one of the few coins which have been prepared domestically.

The Canadian \$4 note was the equivalent of 20 shillings.

Jacob Perkins designed the Massachusetts Colonial cent and half cent.

William Brimelow, of Elkhart, Indiana, a member of the A. N. A. has stated that he will have eight displays during National Coin Week, and is scheduled to give a number of radio addresses during the week.

The Chase National Bank is sponsoring a hobby show of its employes. Many unusual items are on exhibit at the bank's building, varying from coins to hooked rugs, stamps, etc.

In 1749-50 Massachusetts was known as the "Hard-Money" Colony.



FORT WORTH TEXAS

March 10, 1941

THIS DAY

I finished cataloging the great Dunham Collection. It contains practically **every date** of U. S. Coins, from Half-Cents to the \$20 Gold minted. It is the only Collection **ever offered** in the world to contain both, the 1804 Dollar and the 1822 Half Eagle!

**THERE IS A TOTAL OF MORE THAN
FOUR THOUSAND (4,000) LOTS!**

ALSO:—

Ancient Greek and Roman Gold, Silver and Copper Coins.

Platinum Coins.

U. S. Fractional Currency, all rarities, including the 50c. Small perforations, and 50c. Allison and New.

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Canadian Coins and Tokens—a grand Collection with nearly all rarities!

Foreign Silver and Gold (several Hundred lots), including Ten and Twenty Pesos Gold, of Salvador!

Pioneer Gold, including an uncirculated \$50 octagonal, and a round Wass Molitor Slug. Also one of only thirteen known specimens of the beautiful Kellogg \$50 in **Proof!**

Rare Medals.

Numismatic Books.

In fact, **everything** for **Every Collector!**

(Continued on next page.)

(Continued from preceding page.)

THE CATALOG

Will be the most elaborate Coin Sale Catalog ever published! It will be of large size, printed on heavy enamel paper, beautiful Gold Covers, and profusely illustrated with photographic reproductions of the actual rarities!

The 1804 Dollar, the 1802 Half Dime, the 1822 Half Eagle, and the 1852 Half Cent, large berries (only two known in proof), will be illustrated by enlarged photographs, so that you can easily study their varieties! The description, history and pedigree of the 1804 Dollar alone will occupy about twelve pages of Catalog Space! A list of all the known specimens and the present owners of all 1804 Dollars, their former owners, prices paid, etc., is also given.

In short—This is not simply a Coin Sale Catalog, but really, and truly a “**Library of Numismatics**”!

First I ordered two thousand Catalogs. Then had to increase it to 2250 Catalogs, and at the last increased it to 2500 Catalogs. And now, all but less than 150 Catalogs are left for order. Price now is \$3.00. **This includes the Price List of the Sale.**

This price of \$3.00 is good only for the month of April. After April 30th, the price will be \$5.00.

(This great Sale Catalog will cost me about \$3.00 each plus about 30c. postage. Each Catalog will be sent in a box by insured parcel post.)

Only **75** Catalogs and Price Lists will now be sold at \$3.00 each. First come, first served!

B. MAX MEHL

Numismatist

Mehl Building, Fort Worth, Texas.

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1880 (5c, 3c, 1c) Proof	\$4.25	1901 (5c, 1c) Proof	2.25
1881 (5c, 3c, 1c) Proof	3.75	1904 (5c, 1c) Proof	1.85
1897 (5c, 1c) Proof	2.25	1909 (5c, Indian Head 1c) Proof ..	3.00
1899 (5c, 1c) Proof	2.25	1909 (5c, Lincoln Plain, Lincoln	
1900 (5c, 1c) Proof	2.25	V. D. B.) Proof	3.00

COMPLETE PROOF SETS

1910 (50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 1c) Choice	8.25
1912 (50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 1c) Complete and Choice	8.25
1897 (Silver dollar, 50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 1c) Choice	10.00

UNCIRCULATED SETS

1901 Set including the silver dollar. (\$1.00, 50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 1c) Complete, Perfect	6.75
1908 (50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 1c) Choice	5.25
1910 (50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 1c) Choice	5.50

We invite collectors of Classical Series to write us of their wants.

A FEW SELECTIONS FROM OUR FINE STOCK

CARTHAGE, B. C. 340, Fine Gold Stater. Head of Persephone. Rev. Standing Horse. Fine 32.50

MACEDON, B. C. 359-336, Fine Gold Stater with portrait of Philip II laureated right. Rev. Charioteer driving biga to right, symbol fulmen. Very fine, desirable portrait 32.50

PERSIA, About 500 B. C., Gold Daric of Artaxerxes II. Kneeling king holding bow and arrow. Rev. Incuse design. Early gold piece of good workmanship. V. F. 33.00

SILVER PIECES

AEGINA, Stater, Early fifth century type. Tortoise. Rev. Planchet impression divided into five sections. Very fine 24.00

MACEDON, Tetradrachm, Alexander the Great, 323 B. C. Head right in lion's scalp. Rev. Seated Zeus holding eagle. Extremely fine 6.00

MACEDON, Tetradrachm, Alexander the Great, 323 B. C. Fine 3.00

LEUCAS, Stater, fourth century, Corinthian type with L on Reverse. Very fine 3.00

PERSIA, Broad Silver Drachm with portrait of the Sassanian kings. Rev. Altar with two fire worshippers at sides. Thin fabric, interesting, X. F. 1.75

Did you benefit by the results of our Third Mail Auction as a buyer or seller? If not, and you wish to add desirable items to your collection, write us. If you have duplicates of which you wish to dispose, contact us for terms.

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UNITED STATES

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1799 7x6. Very fine	\$5.00
1800 Fine \$5.00. V. fine	7.00
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1871-CC Fine. Rare	7.00
1872-CC Fine. Rare	7.00
1873-CC (Trade). Fine	2.00
1876-CC (Trade). Unc.	5.00
1878-S Unc. Scarce	4.00
1885 Brill. Proof. Scarce	3.50
1887 Brill. Proof. Scarce	3.50
1888 Brill. Proof. Unc. O. Mint	5.00
1889-S Mint (cat. \$30.00 Unc.).	
Very fine. Special price. One	
only	10.00
1898 Brill. Proof	4.00
1899 Brill. Proof	3.50
1900 Brill. Unc. O Mint	6.50
1901 Brill. Unc. O Mint. Scarce	6.00
1902 Brill. Unc. O Mint. Scarce	6.50
1923 Brill. Unc. D Mint	1.75
1926 Brill. Unc. S Scarce	6.00
1927 Brill. Unc. S Scarce	6.00
1934 Brill. Unc. P or D	1.75 ea.

CATALOGUES.

1941 Standard Catalogue of U. S.	
Coins and Tokens. (Keep up	
to date)	2.50
Adams & Woodin. Catalogue of	
U. S. Pattern, Trial & Ex-	
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1806 6 over 5. Fine	4.00
1807 Abt. Unc.	3.00
1812 Unc. (misstrike)	3.50
1813 Fine (Die Break)	1.25
1821 Unc.	2.00
1822 Unc. Scarce Unc.	2.50
1823 Unc. Small 50c	2.50
1826 Unc. Large 50c	2.00
1830 V. F. Large O	2.00
1831 Unc.	2.00
1832 Unc. Small Letters	2.00
1839 V. F. O. Mint. Scarce ..	3.00
1846 V. Fine. O. Mint. V. Rare	
with large date	7.50
1858 V. G. S Mint. Rare	4.00
1861 Unc. O Mint	2.00
1866 Fine. S Mint. Motto	3.00
1875 Unc. S Mint	5.00
1877 Unc. CC	4.50
1877 Unc. S Mint. Drapery ..	2.00
1877 Unc. S Mint. No Drapery.	
Rare	5.00

1877 Unc. P Mint	1.75
1885 Brill. Proof	3.25
1892 Brill. Proof	4.00
1893 Brill. Proof	3.50
1893 Br. Unc. O Mint	4.50
1894 Br. Unc. P Mint	2.25
1894 Br. Unc. S Rare	7.00
1894 Br. Proof	3.50
1895 Br. Proof	3.50
1896 Br. Proof	4.50
1899 Br. Unc. O Mint	4.50
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1927 Br. Unc. S	3.00
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1915 Pan-Pacific. Unc.	9.50
1920 Maine. Unc.	3.00
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1921 Alabama. 2x2.	9.50
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1928 Oregon. Special. Unc.	2.10
1933 Oregon. Rare. Unc.	5.00
1934 Oregon. Rare. Unc.	2.10
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The pair of rare Boones	24.50
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1872 1/2 Dime. Proof	1.50
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1876 Silver Proof "Centennial Dol-	
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1871 U. S. Indian Peace Medal.	
Pres. Grant. Silver Proof.	
Holed as issued. Very rare.	
Beautiful condition	75.00

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Russia—Brick Tea Money. Size $9\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}$ thick. Obv. shows view of factory in Manchuria and large branch of Tea Leaves. Rev. 12 divided squares for circulation, (3 in 1—Money, Drink & Medicine). Circulated as money in Manchuria, Siberia, Turkestan, Mongolia and Tibet. Very rare. Beautiful condition. Museum piece. (Worth \$75.00). Special Price\$50.00

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1600—Tenasserin. Cobra Money. Lead. Very large and heavy. Beautiful patination. Coin is designed like coiled cobra. Obv. "Striking Cobra". Very rare. From the Oriental collection of the late Col. Biddulph 30.00

1802—Annam. Silver bar money. "Gia Long" (1802-20) Schroeder #122. Very fine. Rare 15.00

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1847-83—Annam "Tu Duc" $1\frac{1}{5}$ Kwan. Schroeder #361. Oval with square hole. Rare 5.00

1847-83—Annam. "Tu Duc" $\frac{1}{2}$ Kwan. Oblong Silver Bar. Schroeder #341. Very fine. Rare 10.00

1847-83—Annam "Tu Duc" 50 Cash Bronze or Temple coin. Very curious. Special 3.50

Madras—(India)— $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ Pagoda, also Pattern $\frac{1}{4}$ Pagoda of a different die all very fine to uncirculated. Special. The Lot 5.00

South Sea Islands—Cowry shell Money, (made from parts of Cowries and strung on Coco fibre string) 2.00

California—String of Red Wampum and Indian beads from an old Indian grave in California. (Hurry for this) 3.00

Austria—(Mattighofen) 1919. Rare leather money. 1 Kronen and 10 Heller. The pair 3.00

Yucatan—Stone or baked clay money. 6 pieces, graduated sizes. A large set. Fine for display. The set of 6 12.50

Lahore—Set of nine silver Zodiac Rupees of Shah Juhamgu, (1027-33 A. H.) each coin has a different sign of the Zodiac on the obverse. From fine to very fine. The set of 9 20.00

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1795 X. F. \$55.00. Very fine . . . \$50.00	1857 X. F. 10.00
1796 Very Fine 75.00	1857-O V. F. 12.00
1798 Very Fine 17.50	1857-D X. F. 11.00
1799 X. F., proof surface 35.00	1857-S V. F. 10.00
1800 X. F. \$18.00. Fine \$15.00. G. 14.00	1858-D Unc. \$11.00. X. F. 10.00
1803 Unc. \$18. X. F. \$17. V. F. 16.00	1859 V. F. 11.00
1804 V. F., small date 18.00	1859-C V. G. 10.00
1804 Unc., large date 20.00	1860-C V. F. 10.00
1806 Unc. \$17.50. X. F. \$16.00. V. F. 15.00	1860-D X. F. 11.00
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1807 X. F. \$16.00. Fine 14.00	1861-D Fine 35.00
1807 X. F., head to left 16.00	1869-S Fine 10.00
1809 X. F. \$16.50. V. G. 13.50	1870-S Fine 11.00
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1811 Unc. \$18.50. X. F. \$16.50. V. G. 14.00	1872-S V. F. 11.00
1812 Very fine 15.00	1873 X. F. 10.00
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1835 X. F. \$10.50. V. F. 10.00	1876 Fine 14.00
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1838 Very Fine 10.00	1878 V. F. 10.00
1839-D Very Fine 12.00	1878-S X. F. 10.00
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1842 Small letters, V. G. 25.00	1881 Unc. 10.00
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1842-D V. F., small date 11.00	1881-C C. V. G. 12.50
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1847-C V. F. 10.00	1891-C C. X. F. \$11.00. V. F. 10.00
1847-D V. F. 10.00	1892 X. F., proof surf. 11.00
1848 Fine 9.50	1892-C C. X. F. \$11.00. V. F. 10.00
1848-C V. G. 10.00	1893-S X. F. 10.00
1848-D Fine 10.00	1893-O X. F. 11.00
— A. Bechtler 134 Gr. 21 Ct. V. F. 35.00	1893-C C. V. F. \$11.00. Fine 10.00
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1849 Mormon V. F. \$45.00. Fine 40.00	1894-O Fine 11.00
1849-C V. G. 9.50	1894-S Unc. 10.00
1849-D Fine 11.00	1895 Unc. 10.00
1850 Moffat & Co., Fine 20.00	1896 Fine 10.00
1851 V. F. 10.00	1901 Unc. 10.00
1851-C V. F. 11.00	1901-S Unc., proof surf. 11.00
1852 X. F. 10.00	1902 X. F. 10.00
1852-C V. F. 10.50	1905 Unc. 10.00
1852-D V. F. \$10.00. V. G. 9.50	1906 X. F. 10.00
1853 X. F. 10.00	1906-S Unc., proof surf. 11.00
1853-C Unc. \$11.00. V. F. 10.00	1906-D Unc. 10.00
1853-D V. F. \$10.50. Fine 10.00	1907 Proof \$20.00. Unc. 10.00
1853 Ex. Fine 10.00	1908 Unc. 10.00
1854 Fine 10.00	1908-D Indian Head, V. F. 10.00
1854-D Ex. Fine 10.00	1908-S Unc. \$15.00. Fine 12.50
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1855-D V. F. 10.00	1910-S Unc. 10.00
1855-O V. F. 11.00	1911-1912 Unc., Each 10.00
1856 V. F. 10.00	1913 X. F. 10.00
1856-C V. F. 10.00	1914 Unc. 10.00
1856-D X. F. 11.00	1915 Unc. 10.00
1856-S X. F. \$12.00. V. F. 11.00	1915 Proof Sand Blast 17.50
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	1916-S Unc. 11.00
	1929 Unc. 15.00

Large Stock of other denominations. Prices quoted upon request.

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1. **Rome.** Nero. Aureus. Bust r. Rev. EXSC in wreath. Coh. 204. F-VF. Only \$30.00
2. **Sicily.** Charles V of Spain. Ducat (1550). Bust. Rev. Arms. VF. Rare 19.00
3. **Spain.** Double ducat with heads of Ferdinand and Isabelle, struck for Zeeland (Netherlands) under Philip II. Unusually nice. EF 23.50
4. **Siam.** Mongkut. Largest gold bullet of 16 ticals or ½ ounce. VF. Very rare 31.00
5. **Bavaria.** Gorgeous broad 5 Ducats, 1640. View of Munich. Superb 50.00

6 A Newly Discovered Rarity Egypt. Faruk I

Unknown until recently when exactly six pieces of an extremely limited issue reached the U. S. A. Absolutely no other pieces to come. Rarity guaranteed.

- 5 Pounds, 1937, or 500 Piastres. Bust. Perf. brill. proof \$135.00

G O L D

7 and 8 THREE MARVELOUS COINS

- Egypt. Fuad. 5 Pounds, 1922 or 1929. Bust. Perf. Only \$71.00
- brill. proof. Sells \$80.
9. Venice. John Cornaro, 1709-22. 25 ducats of the type with kneeling doge before Christ. Unusual and rarest weight. A superb, extremely rare piece \$267.50

POPULAR CROWNS

10. **Siam.** Crown of 2 ticals (1860). Elephant. VF-EF 6.00
11. **Annam.** Ming Mang Rule. Famous dragon crown. EF 7.50
12. **San Marino.** Crown of 5 Lire, 1890. EF 4.50
13. **Egypt.** Faruk. Crown. 20 Piastres, 1937. EF 3.75
14. **England.** Cromwell. Famous 1658 crown. Superb 19.00
15. **Guadeloupe.** Crown with square hole cut from center to make it current for 9 Livres. A \$20 coin. To our readers only 13.50
16. **Papal.** Clemens X. Scudo, 1674. Holy door opened. Very pretty. Unc. 4.80
17. **Holland.** Louis Napoleon. Crown of 50 Stuivers 1808. His bust. Unc. 3.75
- CANADA.** A collector requests us to dispose for him of this interesting little collection containing several rare specimens. 35 Bouquet Sous.
Breton's Nos. 670, 1 (2 var.), 4, 8, 9, 680, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 691, 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 700, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16. All fine. V. F. and better. Breton valued a lot like this at \$50-\$70. Nowadays worth considerable less. We are entitled to grant this collection to the first serious offer.

MISCELLANEOUS

18. **Andorra.** 10 Centimos 1875 Arms. Bronze Proof 2.85
19. **Liberia.** Gorgeous pattern 1C, 2C, date 1890. Bronze Brill. proof Each 1.35
20. **Canada.** Interesting 5 Sols, 1670, of Louis XIV. E. 502. EF 24.00
21. **St. Bartholemew.** Cayenne dog ctspd. crown V. F. for coin 2.30
22. **Curacao.** 1/5 part of Mex. dollar ctspd. 3 (Reals) VF 1.60
23. **Braunau.** Zinc prison camp money 1915 of 20, 10, 2, 1 Heller. Square hole in center. Braunau was Hitler's birthplace. Unusual set. Unc. 1.50
24. **Soviet Russia.** ½ ruble 1922 (star) 1924, 27 (blacksmith) EF95
25. — 20 Kopecks 1922, 23, 24, 28, 29, 30. EF40
26. **Colombia.** Bogota. Doblado 1849. Silver pattern for 2 Pesos gold piece. Brill. proof. Extremely rare only 9.75
27. **Siam.** Silver. Heavy bullet of 2 Ticals (1860) 5.75

ANCIENTS

28. **Egypt.** Arsinoe II. Famous dekadrachme. Bust to r. Rev. Double Cornucopiae. Fine with some corrosion at left on obv. Popular largest Greek coin. (EF worth \$80) 29.75
30. **Aegina.** Land turtle stater. Rev. Incuse. Extremely well centered large specimen. Almost VF 10.00
31. **Sidon.** Heavy double shekel. King in chariot. Silv. F. 9.75
32. **Rome.** Otho 69 A. D. Denier. Rev. Securitas. Fine 3.75
33. — Hadrian 117-138 Denier. Rev. Nile reclining comm. Egyptian visit. Fine 3.25
34. — Annius Verus 162 A. D. Small bronze or quadrans. Infant son of Marcus Aurelius, died as baby. Baby head. Coh. 270, 31. Always weak. Rare 4.90

COINS SENT ON APPROVAL

A FEW UNUSUAL COINS WORTHY OF ANY COLLECTION

Kellogg & Co., San Francisco 1854



1854 \$20.00. Obv. Head of Liberty; on the diadem, KELLOGG & CO.; around, thirteen stars, and date beneath the head. Rev. SAN FRANCISCO CALIFORNIA. An Eagle similar to the regular coinage, but the motto omitted from the scroll; below, TWENTY D. This coin is extremely fine.



1855 \$20.00. Design same as last, excepting the date, also ex. fine.



1855 \$50.00. Obv. Head of Liberty facing left, on the diadem KELLOGG & CO. The engraver's name, F. Gruner, in very small letters on truncation; date beneath the head; around, thirteen stars. Rev. SAN FRANCISCO CALIFORNIA FIFTY DOLL. Eagle supporting shield, plain ribbon in beak; on scroll above, 1809 GRS., 887 THOUS. Proof, lightly hairmarked, as are all known varieties.

Price on Application to Interested Buyers.

If you are ready to dispose of your collection, kindly drop us a line. There must be a good reason why all these unusual and rare coins are sold to Smith & Son.

SMITH & SON

ESTABLISHED 1920

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DIVERSEY 2997

SPECIAL COMMEMORATIVE HALF DOLLAR SALE. ALL UNCIRCULATED BRILLIANT.

1892 COLUMBIAN	\$.85	1935 SAN DIEGO	\$ 1.05
1893 COLUMBIAN	.75	1935 OLD SPANISH TRAIL	3.90
1893 ISABELLA \$¼	2.00	1935 TEXAS	1.20
1900 LAFAYETTE \$1	3.75	1935 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	10.00	1936 RHODE ISLAND	1.20
1918 LINCOLN	.95	1936 RHODE ISLAND, D & S	2.90
1920 MAINE	2.70	1936 ARKANSAS	1.50
1920 PILGRIM	1.00	1936 ARKANSAS, D & S	2.60
1921 PILGRIM	4.90	1936 ARKANSAS, ROBINSON....	1.35
1921 MISSOURI		1936 TEXAS	1.20
1921 MISSOURI 2*4 } Set.....	32.00	1936 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1921 ALABAMA	3.00	1936 BOONE	1.15
1921 ALABAMA 2x2	9.25	1936 BOONE, D & S	5.90
1922 GRANT	1.35	1936 CINCINNATI, P,D,&S Set	16.00
1922 GRANT "STAR"	40.50	1936 CLEVELAND	.80
1923 MONROE	1.15	1936 OREGON TRAIL	1.10
1924 HUGUENOT	1.60	1936 OREGON TRAIL, S	4.70
1925 LEXINGTON	1.15	1936 LYNCHBURG	1.95
1925 STONE MOUNTAIN	.75	1936 LONG ISLAND	1.10
1925 CALIFORNIA	1.70	1936 COLUMBIA S. C., P D & S	5.40
1925 VANCOUVER	5.70	1936 WISCONSIN	1.20
1925 NORSE, THIN	2.25	1936 YORK COUNTY	1.25
1925 NORSE, THICK		1936 ELGIN	1.20
1926 SESQUI	1.10	1936 BRIDGEPORT	1.45
1926 OREGON	1.00	1936 ALBANY	1.35
1926 OREGON, S	1.00	1936 SAN FRANCISCO BRIDGE	1.45
1927 BENNINGTON	2.00	1936 NORFOLK	1.35
1928 HAWAII	9.70	1936 SAN DIEGO, D	1.40
1928 OREGON	2.90	1936 SWEDISH DELAWARE	1.60
1933 OREGON, D	5.40	1936 GETTYSBURG, P	1.50
1934 OREGON, D	2.95	1937 SIR WALTER RALEIGH	2.00
1934 MARYLAND	1.05	1937 OREGON TRAIL, D	1.15
1934 TEXAS	1.05	1937 BOONE, P, D & S	
1934 BOONE	1.70	1937 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	
1935 BOONE	1.20	1937 ANTIETAM	2.00
1935 BOONE, D & S	6.40	1937 TEXAS, P, D & S	
1935 BOONE, SMALL 1934	1.10	1938 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.85
1935 BOONE, D. SM. 1934 } Set	27.85	1938 NEW ROCHELLE	1.45
1935 BOONE, S. SM. 1934 }		1938 BOONE, P, D & S	
1935 CONNECTICUT	2.20	1938 TEXAS, P, D & S	
1935 ARKANSAS	1.45	1938 OREGON, P, D & S	5.00
1935 ARKANSAS, D & S	5.90	1939 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	20.75
1935 HUDSON	4.95	1939 OREGON TRAIL, P, D & S	14.85

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD COINS.

1903 JEFFERSON	\$ 4.95	1917 McKINLEY	\$ 6.80
1903 McKINLEY	4.95	1922 GRANT	9.40
1904 LEWIS & CLARK	14.45	1922 GRANT "STAR"	5.95
1905 LEWIS & CLARK	13.95	1926 \$2.50 SESQUI	4.90
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	3.95	1915 PAN-PACIFIC \$2.50	
1916 McKINLEY	4.25		
10 GOLD COINS ABOVE DESCRIBED & PRICED			\$ 66.00
PAN-PAC. Set of 4 gold, 1 silver, Easel, Frame			\$620.00

TERMS: NET CASH WITH ORDER. \$5.00 or over, postpaid and insured.

ALL ABOVE ITEMS SHIPPED PREPAID, VIA PARCEL POST INSURED TO YOUR ADDRESS.

WILLIAM J. SCHULTZ

419 First National Bank Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

AUCTION SALE

APRIL 26th and 27th

Held in connection with the

**Central States Numismatic Meeting,
Hotel Pfister, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.**

PLAN TO ATTEND.

MANY CHOICE OFFERINGS INCLUDING,

1876 Brilliant Proof \$3.00 gold.

Complete Commemorative set, Gold and Silver.

Large collection U. S. Notes.

Wonderful lots of Rare Patterns.

Collection of Bryan Dollars.

Uncirculated 1792 Half Disme.

Several sets of Small Cents.

Confederate Cent in Silver. Proof.

**Many other choice items as well as many moderate
priced coins.**

Write for Your Catalogue.

NEXT SALE IN OCTOBER.

**Reasonable rates. Quality service. Results.
Your collection solicited for sale. Write for details.**

Also
Will purchase any size collection and pay you cash.

JAMES KELLY

Third and Broadway, Dayton, Ohio.

Our Third Mail Auction In June

Is Your Name On Our Mailing List?

SEND 50c. FOR

Price list of our March 31st Auction. You will want to know the market value of your coins.

WANTED

CONSIGNMENTS FOR CASH OR AUCTION.

Very reasonable auction terms. Correspondence invited.

REMEMBER

We offer a mailing list of not only advanced collectors but also beginners. This assures you fair prices for circulated as well as uncirculated and proof coins.

BARGAIN BOX COMMEMORATIVES

1935 Arkansas set ...\$7.50	1936 Cleveland\$.90
1935 San Diego 1.25	1937 Texas set 3.95
1936 Arkansas set ... 3.75	1937 Oregon 1.25
1936 Wisconsin 1.25	1937 Boone 1.25
1936 Long Island ... 1.10	1938 Arkansas set ...11.50

Satisfaction guaranteed. Postage extra under \$3.00

2x2 COIN ENVELOPES

Brown, \$1.10 per thousand; Grey, \$1.25 per thousand
Coin Envelopes Postpaid

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Des Moines store at 704 Grand Avenue, A. M. Kagin, Mgr.
Omaha Store at 1522 Harney St., J. S. Schreiber, Mgr.

Auctions conducted by Des Moines Store.

STEWART'S SPRING SALE

PROOF COINS

Dollars.		Quarters		Shield Nickels	
1865	6.25	1875	1.65	1867	3.20
1866	5.45	1877	2.15	1869	2.40
1877 7 feath.	16.75	1880	1.45	1872	2.40
1879	3.35	1891	2.15	1873	2.40
1880	3.35	1892	2.15	1874	3.95
1881	3.35	1893	2.15	1876	2.40
1895	5.15	1894	2.15	1881	1.65
1904	5.35	1897	2.35	1882	1.10
		1901	2.20	1883	.90
Trade Dollars		Dimes		V Nickels	
1874	4.95	1862	2.15	1883 N. C.	.90
1875	4.95	1875	1.45	1884	2.20
1876	4.65	1876	1.25	1886	2.75
1880	4.15	1878	1.25	1887	1.25
1882	4.35	1879	1.25	1888	1.25
1883	4.15	1884	1.25	1889	1.25
Half Dollars		1885	1.40	1890	1.25
1861	4.95	1886	1.25	1891	1.25
1868	3.15	1887	1.25	1892	1.25
1869	3.15	1888	1.25	1893	1.25
1870	3.15	1889	1.25	1894	1.10
1872	3.15	1891	1.25	1895	1.10
1874	3.15	1892	1.65	1896	1.25
1875	3.15	1898	1.65	1897	1.65
1876	3.15	1905	1.65	1898	1.25
1879	3.15	1936	1.85	1899	1.65
1880	2.90	1939	.60	1901	1.25
1881	2.90	Half Dimes		1902	1.25
1882	2.90	1862	1.85	1903	1.25
1883	3.15	1863	2.90	1904	1.25
1885	2.90	1866	2.90	1905	1.25
1888	3.65	1867	2.90	1906	1.65
1890	4.15	1868	1.85	1907	1.75
1891	4.15	1869	1.85	1908	1.25
1892	3.15	1870	1.65	1909	1.25
1893	2.90	1872	1.65	1910	.90
1894	2.90	1873	2.35	1911	1.25
1895	2.90	Three-Cent Silver		1912	1.65
1896	3.65	1859	2.95	1914	2.75
1898	3.65	1860	3.15	1915	2.75
1901	2.15			1940	.35
1915	8.65			1941	.30

Proof Sets in Holders: 1ct, 5c, 10c, 25c, 50c

1938	3.95	1939	3.35	1940	2.95	1941	2.35
1921 Phil. Mint, Dime, Uncirculated, Rarest of this Series	17.50						
1833 Russia, Six-Ruble Platinum, Very Fine	57.50						
1875 Gold Dollar, Proof, RARE	137.50						
1868 A.-W. 698 Pattern Cent in Nickel, Proof, 6 to 8 coined	14.50						
1869 A.-W. 820 Pattern Cent in Nickel, Proof, 21 to 25 coined	6.50						
1869 A.-W. 775 Pattern Dime in Silver, Proof, 50 to 75 coined	5.75						
1858 A.-W. 256 Pattern Cent in Copper Nickel, Proof, Small flying eagle	12.50						

Unc. Cents

1930 ea. .10, 50 for	2.15
1934-P-D ea. .10, 50 for	1.95
1935-P-D-S ea. .10, 50 for	1.65
1936-P-D-S ea. .10, 50 for	1.35
1938-39-40-P-D-S ea. .10, 50 for	.95
1893 Isabella Quarter, Unc.	2.10
1921 Pilgrim Half Unc.	4.85
1936-P-D-S Rhode Island Set, Unc.	3.75
1938 Arkansas Set, Unc.	8.65
1936 Rhode Is., Unc., Single Coin	1.45
1936 Cincinnati, Unc., Single Coin	5.45
1936 Columbia, S. C., Single Coin	2.25

I WANT TO BUY

1914 Canada \$10.00 Gold, Very fine or better.	
1872 Newfoundland \$2.00, Good, V. F. or better.	
1932-D-S Quarters, Unc., in Rolls.	
1931-P or S Cents, Unc., in Rolls.	
1932-P-D Cents, Unc., in Rolls.	
1933-P-S Cents, Unc., in Rolls.	
1915 Pan.-Pac., 1921 Missouri, 1921 Alabama, 1925 Ft. Van., '28 Hawaii, '35 Hudson, 1935 Connect., '35 Sp Trail; Unc. in lots of 10.	
In writing state your lowest price. Be a sport! Don't ask me what I will pay.	

Orders \$5.00 or over postpaid. Make your second choice on proof coins, as I only have one of each on some.

JOHN R. STEWART

1501 South Tenth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Spring Auction Sale

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Complete Set of "The Numismatist," Volumes
1 to 52. Also Other Choice Books on
Numismatics

SPECIAL

THE ABERNATHY ROCK

Used as Money in Oregon. Unique
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**Superb Collection of
English and Canadian War Decorations
and Other Choice Material**

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THE CONVENTION CITY OF AMERICA

139th
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OF
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And Other Fine Consignments
Monday, April 21, 1941
Catalogues Free—Price Lists 50 Cents.

Many desirable coins and bills are sold in these sales at reasonable prices. Bidding at our sales for things you want will increase the joys of your hobby. With very many of the highest type of men and women in all walks of life it has become a favorite indoor pastime. A trial will not cost much. It will convince you, and you will thank me later for getting you started on this cultural and delightful pursuit.

Your collection or duplicates solicited for our 140th Sale now in preparation for May.

M. H. BOLENDER

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\$2.20

A Bargain That Is A Bargain

\$2.20

500 New COIN ENVELOPES. 2x2 in size. BROWN color. Long flaps. Retail at 65c. to 80c.

SET of THIRTY U. S. CENTS. All different. Large Copper Cents, Indian Head Cents, Lincoln Cents from all three Mints, P-D-S. All are in GOOD to UNCIRCULATED condition. Would average at least 10c. each if bought retail.

One 50 CENTAVOS bill from MEXICO. The SCARCE issue of 1915 date. Printed in THREE colors. Dated, Numbered and Signed. UNCIRCULATED. Retail at 20c. or more.

TWO different WOODEN NICKEL Certificates. 1st and 2nd Series. FISHERMANS JUBILEE. Dated, Signed and Numbered. Size about 2½ by 6 inches. Picture of Fisherman in boat, and Fish. Colored borders. UNCIRCULATED condition. Retail at 25c. each.

Set of THREE all different OLD BANK CHECKS issued years ago. Printed from OLD FASHIONED TYPE. Imprint of U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE TWO CENT STAMP. Dated and Signed. Size about 3x7. VERY FINE CONDITION. A scarce set. Retail at 30c. to 40c.

Set of TEN all different Coins from Various Countries, of the World. Each in a 2x2 envelope. Nice little set. Retail at 10c. to 15c. each.

A VERY BEAUTIFUL set of THREE WOODEN NICKEL Certificates. 5c., 10c. and 25c. denominations. Printed in THREE colors. Picture of OXEN, COVERED WAGON and BUFFALO. Whitley County, Ohio, Centennial. Dated and Signed. Size about 2x4. Uncirculated. Scarce. We have ONLY 400 sets. Worth 50c. to 75c. to add to any collection.

Set of TEN all different bills from AUSTRIA, GERMANY, RUSSIA, MEXICO. An interesting set all in UNCIRCULATED condition.

ONE WOODEN NICKEL Certificate. FULLERTON, Cal. 1937 date. UNCIRCULATED. Size 2¼x4. 15th Anniversary of the founding of Fullerton, Cal. Retail at 15c. to 30c.

WE WILL SEND YOU ALL OF THE ABOVE NAMED ITEMS FOR ONLY \$2.20. ALL POSTPAID.

(We can fill ONLY 400 orders, PLEASE ACT PROMPTLY.)

The above items would cost you between \$6.00 and \$7.00 if ordered separately at a low retail price.

REMEMBER—ONLY \$2.20 POSTPAID.

C. F. CLARKE & CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

34 years in business. We BUY, SELL or Exchange. A. N. A. No. 1625.

See February issue of Numismatist, page 140, for another big bargain.

■ S Q U A R E ■
D E A L 6 and 7 D E A L
■ S Q U A R E ■

Because of a contemplated move to larger quarters before May 1st, our Sixth Auction catalogue has been delayed.

However, a **Two-Day Sale**, combining sale numbers 6 and 7, will be held in April and will contain about 1900 lots.

It is our intention to run sales monthly, so that those consignors who have expressed their confidence in us will be better served.

Our new address will be announced in our auction catalogue and subsequent publications. In the meantime, please address us as usual.

A. KOSOFF

122 E. 57 St., N. Y. C.

WE WANT TO BUY.!

We are always ready to purchase large collections, and accumulations of both United States and Foreign coins, for which we pay spot cash, at highest market prices. If your collection, or duplicates, are for sale, it will pay you to get in touch with us.

Read These Convincing Testimonials:



Pittsfield, Mass.

Gentlemen:

I wish to express my thanks and appreciation for your \$370.00 check in payment of my coins.

It pleased me to receive your check in payment so promptly and I can assure you that your policy of "Highest Prices Paid" and "Prompt Payment on all Transactions" has been fulfilled exactly as represented.

Cordially yours,

HARRY B. JONES.

Ludlow, Mass.

Gentlemen:

Thank you for your check for \$295.50 in payment of my deceased husband's collection. When I liquidated my husband's estate it was necessary for me to sell his collection.

You were highly recommended by a local bank executive who has been collecting stamps and coins for many years, and I concur in his opinion that you pay highest cash prices for such material.

It is indeed a pleasure to do business with an organization that handles their business transactions in such a prompt and efficient manner.

Very truly yours,

SYBIL WRIGHT.

Fort Collins, Colo.

Gentlemen:

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your remittance of \$1120.00 in payment of my collection of United States coins recently submitted.

Permit me to express my thanks and appreciation for your prompt and satisfactory settlement.

Yours very truly,

RALPH F. TIDRICK.



St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Gentlemen:

Thank you for your remittance of \$1696.00 in payment of my coin collection.

You may be interested in knowing that when I decided to sell my collection, I thoroughly investigated the auction method of disposal, and felt that your appraisal and cash offer gave me the best advantages. Incidentally, your offer was substantially more than I was offered elsewhere, and within 5 per cent. of what I actually expected to receive.

In the past, I have purchased many of my coins from the Tatham Stamp & Coin Company, and find that whether the collector wishes to buy or sell, you offer the same fair and courteous treatment.

Very truly yours,

E. R. ROSSELOT.

Our reputation for fair dealing is world-wide. The testimonials we list above are only a few of many on file. We have testimonials from collectors, retired dealers, executors of estates, etc., all of whom appreciate our fair prices and prompt payments. If you do not know us, and desire references, refer to Dun and Bradstreet, or to the editor of any Numismatic or Philatelic magazine in America. 24-page booklet of information entitled 'Before You Sell' sent free upon request.

TATHAM STAMP & COIN CO. - SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

COMMEMORATIVES

Brilliant Uncirculated Condition

1915 Panama-Pacific	\$10.00	1935 Boone S or D, each	\$ 3.15
1918 Lincoln	.95	1935 Boone small '34	1.10
1920 Pilgrim	1.00	1935 Boone small '34, pair	27.00
1921 Pilgrim	4.85	1936 Boone P-S-D	7.00
1921 Alabama	3.00	1937 Boone P-S-D	20.00
1921 Alabama 2x2	9.15	1938 Boone P-S-D	19.25
1921 Missouri	12.00	1935 Arkansas P-S-D	7.30
1921 Missouri 2x4	18.50	1936 Arkansas P-S-D	4.25
1922 Grant	1.35	1937 Arkansas P-S-D	12.00
1923 Monroe	1.15	1938 Arkansas P-S-D	11.75
1924 Huguenot	1.75	1939 Arkansas P-S-D	20.00
1925 Lex-Concord	1.15	1936 Oregon P \$1.10, S	4.70
1925 Stone Mountain	.75	1937 Oregon D	1.10
1925 California D. Jub.	1.70	1938 Oregon P-S-D	4.75
1925 Fort Vancouver	5.60	1939 Oregon P-S-D	14.25
1925 Norse, Thick .95. Thin	2.25	1935 Texas P-S-D	3.45
1926 Sesqui. Cent.	1.10	1936 Texas P-S-D	3.50
1926 Oregon P or S	1.00	1937 Texas P-S-D	3.60
1927 Bennington	2.00	1938 Texas P-S-D	12.00
1928 Hawaii	9.65	1936 Wisconsin	1.20
1928 Oregon	2.60	1936 Cincinnati P-S-D	14.85
1933 Oregon	5.35	1936 Long Island	1.00
1934 Oregon	2.60	1936 York Co. or Elgin	1.20
1934 Maryland	1.15	1936 Bridgeport	1.45
1934 Texas	1.05	1936 Columbia, S. C. P-S-D	5.40
1934 Boone	1.70	1936 Albany or Norfolk	1.40
1935 Connecticut	2.25	1936 Lynchburg	1.85
1935 Spanish Trail	3.85	1936 San Francisco or Dela.	1.45
1936 Cleveland .80. Robinson	1.25	1936 N. Roch. or Gettysburg	1.75
1936 Rhode Island, P-S-D	4.00	1937 Antietam	2.00

TRADES

I will trade on catalogue basis the following coins, of which I have a surplus: 1928, 1934, 1936, 1937, 1938 Oregons. 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937 Texas. 1935, 1935 Boone P, 1936 Cleveland, Long Island, Robinson, Bridgeport, Albany.

TRADES

The following coins are the ones I need and want to Trade for: Huguenot, Vancouver, Hawaii, Spanish Trail, Hudson, Antietam, Panama-Pacific, Maine, 1938 Texas, 1937 Boones S & D, 1938 Boones, 1939 Arkansas.

PLEASE WRITE ME BEFORE YOU SEND, AS I WANT A SOMEWHAT
BALANCED STOCK.

ELIAS RASMUSSEN

4937 Russell Ave. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

What ONE DOLLAR Will Buy

PLEASE ORDER BY NUMBER

UNITED STATES COINS

- No. 101 INDIAN HEAD CENTS, 4 different dates. Unc. Bright Red.
 102 LINCOLN HEAD CENTS, 12 different dates. Unc. Bright red before 1940.
 103 LARGE CENTS, 10 different dates. Very good.
 104 INDIAN HEAD CENTS, 25 different dates. Fine condition.
 105 TWO CENT PIECES, 1864 to 1869. 6 pieces. Very good.
 106 THREE CENT NICKEL PIECES, 7 different. All Fine.
 107 HALF DIMES, 7 different dates. All V. G. to Fine.
 108 DIMES, 1833 to 1861. 4 different. All Fine.
 109 QUARTERS, 1831 to 1861. 2 different. Fine.
 110 HALF DOLLAR, date before 1820.
 111 CIVIL WAR TOKENS, 10 different.

FOREIGN COINS

- No. 200 3 ROMAN COINS, Some 2000 years old.
 201 FOREIGN SILVER DOLLAR SIZE. 2 different.
 202 FOREIGN SILVER HALF DOLLAR SIZE. 3 different.
 204 FOREIGN QUARTER DOLLAR SIZE. 5 different.
 205 Different Copper and Nickel Coins of the World. 35 pieces.
 206 Copper Coins of the World. 40 different.

Small Collection of U. S. Coins

SPECIALLY PRICED

- No. 300 LARGE CENTS, 22 different dates. Good to Fine\$ 5.50
 301 HALF CENTS, 10 different dates. V. G. to Fine 3.25
 302 TWO CENT PIECES, 1864 to 1872 inclusive. 10 pieces. Fine 5.95
 303 THREE CENT (NICKEL), 1865 to 1889. Twelve dates. Fine 2.90
 304 HALF DIMES, 20 different date or mint marks. V. G. to V. 5.25
 305 DIMES from 1820 to 1891, some mint marked. 15 diff. Fine 3.95
 306 QUARTERS, dated from 1831 to 1877, different dates. G. to Fine.
 10 for 3.95
 307 HALF DOLLARS, dated below 1836. V. G. to Fine. 5 for 3.75
 307a HALF DOLLARS, dated below 1836. V. G. to Fine. 10 for 8.85
 308 HALF DOLLARS, dated from 1806 to 1876. V. G. to Fine. 20 for 19.50
 309 Early Type of Dollar dated below 1800. Special 3.65
 310 Three different Types of Dollars, all dated below 1873 7.50
 311 Three Types of Gold Dollars. Fine. Special 7.40
 312 Three Types of Quarter Eagles, \$2.50 Gold. Special 15.95
 313 Three Types of \$5.00 Gold, one dated before 1820. Special 33.50
 314 Set of Gold Coins, \$1, 2.50, 3.00, 5.00, 10.00, 20.00, one of each de-
 nomination, all in V. F. condition. Special 81.00

TYPE COLLECTIONS OF U. S. COINS

- 401 Collection of Large Cent, Flying Eagle & Indian Copper Nickel
 Cents, Indian & Lincoln Bronze, 2c, 3c Silver & Nickel, Half
 Dime, Shield 5c, 10c, 25c and 50c, each dated before 1836, 20c
 piece. Nice condition. Special 3.00
 402 Commemorative Half Dollars, 10 different, all unc. Special 11.25
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April Month 1941.

Hello—Elmer:

Last week I received a postal card from that man Botsford of Nescopeck telling me about a new special size proof set holder for five (5) coins. I sent for a dozen. And, I am so well pleased that I just have to tell you what I think of this coin holder.

That Botsford has more ideas than a dog has fleas. All he does is experiment with housing and proper care and display of proof, uncirculated and fine coins.

The basic idea of "The Botsford Special Proof Set Coin Display Holder" is to put the holder on the coin and NOT THE COIN IN THE HOLDER. The holder measures 2 inches wide, 6 inches long. About the neatest and handiest thing you ever laid eyes on.

Just lay the coin flat on desk with reverse up and in position desired—slip out top slide of holder—then press holder on coin—replace top slide.

Elmer, it works slick as a whistle. Both sides of coin visible. No finger marks nor scratches. And, the black grained surface shows the proofs and the uncirculated off like a young million dollars.

Botsy uses nothing but the best tarnish proof material to build this holder. Coins retain their mint lustre and coinage press bloom for years and years.

Really these holders are the finest and the best I have ever seen or used.

Now take all the proof sets you own, what have you done with them? Precisely nothing, still in the cellophane envelopes just as you purchased them. You should have four (4) of "The Botsford Special Proof Set Coin Display Holders" for each year. First holder for your proof set and the other three holders for Phila., Denver and San Francisco uncirculated coins. Then you would have a set up to own with pleasure and show with pride.

Cost—they are dirt cheap. Twenty five cents (25c) each, four (4) for a dollar, cash with order. Just give Botsford of Nescopeck a chance to provide you with the best coin holder available. He'll do it mighty quick.

Remember, old dear, you promised to meet me at the ANA Convention in Philadelphia this coming August. We'll have a grand time with the old gang of coin enthusiasts.

Best Regards.

Yours,

HOPALONG CHARLEY BOY.



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NESCOPECK, PENNA.

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1852 \$2.50 Gold, Unc.	6.00
1877-S \$2.50 Gold, Unc.	6.00
1878 \$2.50 Gold, Unc.	6.00
1883 \$2.50 Gold, Unc.	7.50
1867 \$2.50 Gold, Fine, Rare	10.00
1925-D \$2.50 Gold, Unc.	4.50
1858 U. S. Quarter Eagle, pattern in brass, A-W. 231, V. G. and rare	7.50
1853 Dollar, Gold, V. G.	1.90
1853 \$1.00 Gold, Fine	2.25
1861 \$1.00 Gold, Fine	2.25
1851-C \$1.00 Gold, Fine	5.00
1858-S \$1.00 Gold, V. Fine, Rare ..	20.00
1903 Jefferson and McKinley Gold Dollars, mounted in lady's brooch, no solder, and can be removed. The pair, V. F.	9.00
1903 Jefferson \$1 Gold, Unc.	5.50
1915 Pan-Pac. Gold \$1, Unc.	3.50
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1804 \$5 Gold, Large 8, V. Fine	22.50
1795 \$10 Gold, V. Fine	72.50
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SILVER DOLLARS

1885-CC Unc. Rare	10.00
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1921-D Unc.	1.90

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1925-S Ft. Vancouver, Unc.	7.00
1928 Hawaii, Unc., dull	9.75
1935 Hudson, Unc.	5.50
1936 Long Island, Unc.	1.25
1936 Norfolk, Unc.	1.25
1841 Fine	1.50
1895 Fine	1.25
1801 Fine	11.00
1815 V. Fine, dull	13.50
1806 Pointed 6, recut Y in Lib- erty, Haz. No. 15. Very few known. Doubt if over half a dozen of this rare variety in collections today. Better than Fine	20.00
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1913-D Mound, V. Fine	.65
1937-D 3-legged buffalo, V. Fine ..	.75

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1913-S Fine, Scarce	4.00
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1917-S No Stars, Unc.	7.50
1912-S Nick on rim, otherwise Ex. Fine	1.00
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1883 Semi-Proof, Beauty	1.50
1888-S Unc.	1.25
1899 Fine	.40
1912-S Obv. fine, rev. V. Fine	1.00
1916-D Mercury, Good	.50

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1862 Unc., dull	.60
1859 V. Fine, dull	1.00

HALF DIMES

1829 Unc.	1.25
1830 Unc.	1.00
1831 Unc.	1.00
1832 Unc.	1.00
1833 Unc.	1.00
1834 Unc.	1.00
1835 Large 5, Unc.	1.10
1835 Small 5, Unc.	1.35
1836 Unc.	1.00
1837 Bust type, Unc.	2.25
1837 Liberty seated, large date, V. Fine	.90
1837 Liberty seated, small date, Unc.	1.75

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1894 Unc.	1.00
1915 Unc.	1.50
1915-S Unc. purple olive	1.00
1914-S Ex. Fine, obv. Unc., rev. olive	1.90
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1931-D Unc., Dark red	1.00

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V. G.	.15	1835 Ex. Fine	.15
1858 Flying Eagle, Unc. \$2.50.		1837 No Stars, V. Fine	.50
V. G.	.15	1842 Ex. Fine	.40
1859 Unc. \$1.50. Proof	2.50	1844 V. G.	.25
1860 Unc. \$1.50. Proof	2.50	1845 V. G.	.15
1861 Unc.	3.00	1853 Arrows, Unc.	.50
1862 Unc. .50. Proof	1.75	1856 Fine	.15
1863 and '64 Unc., each	.25	1857 Unc.	.30
1864 Copper Proof \$3.50. Unc.	1.00	1858 Unc. .50. V. G.	.15
1866 and '68 Unc., each	2.00	1860 Unc. and 1861 Unc., each	2.00
1871 Unc.	7.50	1862 Proof	1.50
1875 and '76 Unc., each	1.50	1872 and '73 V. Fine, each	.45
1877 V. G.	1.50		
1879 Proof	1.00		
1881 and '82 E. Fine, each	.25		
1883 and '84 Proof, each	.75		
1886 Ex. Fine	.25		
1889 Unc.	.50		
1890 Proof	.75		
1891, '92, '93 Unc., each	.50		
1906 Unc.	.20		

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1864 Small Motto, Unc.	7.50
1864 and '65 Unc., each	.35
1867 Unc.	.75
1868 and '69 Unc., each	1.00

HALF DIMES

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1831 Proof	10.00

NICKELS

1866 Unc. \$1.25. Fine	.25
1867 Unc. .50. Fine	.15
1868 Unc.	.75
1870 Unc.	1.25
1872 and '73 Unc., each	1.00
1874 Unc.	2.00
1875 Unc.	1.50
1876 Unc.	1.00
1882 Unc.	.50
1883 Unc. no cents	.15
1883 Unc. cents	.50
1884 and 1899 Unc., each	.50
1889 and 1891 Unc., each	.75
1799 Dollar, 5 Stars, V. G.	6.50
1799 Dollar, V. Fine	5.00
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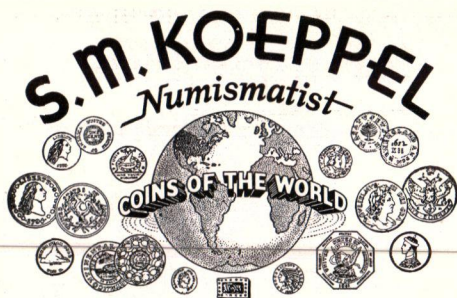
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1804 Dime, Fair	10.00
1809 Dime, Fine	6.00
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1822 Dime, Very good	10.00
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 1930-D Unc. 25c.
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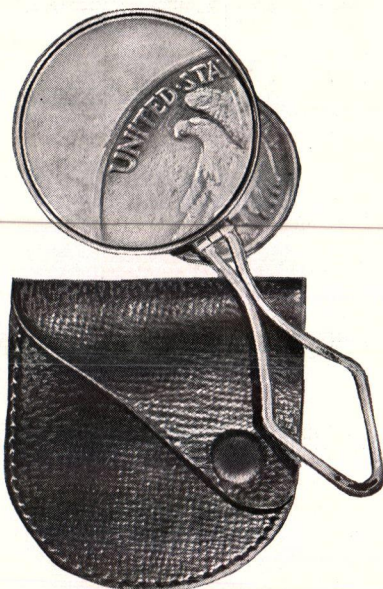
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No. 5.

Copper Coins Of Sweden

By O. P. EKLUND
Spokane, Wash.

Legal copper coins were first minted in Sweden in 1624. While copper coins were struck prior to that date, for example, John III's 2 ore, 1573 and 1591, they were, when minted, given a very thin coat of silver plating and issued as silver coins.

The square coins were first struck by the old hammer method, but later on this method proved too slow and roller coining presses were inaugurated. All of the round coins until the year 1718 were coined by the latter method. On these coining machines the coins were struck, or, rather, pressed between rollers on which several dies were cut or punched in, on long strips of metal, several coins on each strip. As the dies on the two rollers did not always match, many of the coins are found more or less off the planchets. It often happened that the dies were too hard and crumbled under the rollers, causing lumps on the coins. This roller method of coining was invented in Germany about 1560 and introduced in Sweden in 1625.

The following article deals with coins supposed to have been struck for circulation only. Swedish pattern coins and trial pieces are, with few exceptions, very rare and seldom found in this country. No attempt has been made to list all of the known varieties.

Gustavus II Adolphus, 1611-1632.

I. Square Coins. Struck at Sater.

1. Fyrk ($\frac{1}{4}$ ore), 1624. Obv., a sheaf in form of a vase with handles (the emblem of the Vasa family); at sides, G-R; above, A (Gustavus Adolphus Rex). Rev., three crowns, the lower dividing I-F one fyrk), date above. Crudely struck by the hammer method. Rare in good state of preservation.
2. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1624-27. Obv., similar to last. Rev., two crossed arrows (arms of the Province of Dalarna, the location of the mint); in the side angles, $\frac{1}{2}$ -OR; in the lower angle the last two figures of the date; above, a crown. (1624 and 1627 very rare).

3. 1 ore, 1625-27. Obv., G-A-R around three crowns. Rev., similar to last. (1627 rare).
4. 2 ore, 1625-27. Obv., G A R | S under a crown. Rev., a sheaf divides 2-OR, date above. (1625 very rare).



No. 1.



No. 3.



No. 4.

There are many varieties of the above, such as crowns with closed or open bottoms, with or without pearls above the arches, etc.

II. Round Coins. Struck at Sater.

5. 1 fyrk, 1628. Obv., GVSTAVUS ADOLPHUS . D . G . REX. SVEC. Sheaf divides 1-F (1 fyrk). Rev., MONETA NOVA CVPREA DALAREN (New copper money of Dalarna). Two crossed arrows divide the date; above, a crown. Very rare.
6. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1627-31. Obv. GVSTAVUS . ADOLPH . D . G . SVEC . GOTH . VAN . REX . M . P . F. (King of Sweden, Grand Duke of Finland). Shield of arms, crowned. Rev., MONETA NOVA CVPREA DALARENS, date in roman numerals. Crossed arrows; in the side angles the value $\frac{1}{2}$ -OR; above, a crown. (1627 very rare).
7. 1 ore, 1627-31. Similar.
8. 1 ore, 1627. Similar to last, but the value in the lower angle of the arrows. Scarce.
9. 1 kreutzer, 1632. Obv., GVSTAV. ADOLP. D. G. SVE. GOT . VAN . REX. Crowned shield of arms. Rev., MONETA CVPREA, date in roman numerals. Crossed arrows divide the value, 1 . CR—EVTZ; above, a crown. Rare.

10. 1 kreutzer, 1632. Similar, but 1 . CRE-UTZ. Rare.
 11. 1 kreutzer, 1632. Similar, but CRE-UTZ and the 1 in the upper angle of the arrows. Very rare.



No. 7.



No. 8.



No. 11.

The "creutzers" were struck for use in Germany during the Thirty Years War.

Coins Struck at Nyköping.

12. Fyrk, 1628-29. Obv., GVSTAVUS . ADOLPHUS . D. G. REX . SVEC. A large sheaf divides the value, 1-F. Rev., MONETA . NOVA . CVPREA . NICOPENS (New copper money of Nyköping). A griffin rampant (the arms of the province of Sodermanland, the location of the mint), the date below. Scarce.
 13. Fyrk, 1629. Similar but without NOVA, and the date in the legend. Scarce.
 14. ½ ore, 1627-29. Obv., GVSTAVUS . ADOLPH . D G. SVEC. GOTH. VAN. REX. M. P. FINL. Shield of arms, crowned. Rev., MON-

ETA . NOVA . CVPREA . NICOPENSIS, date in Roman numerals. A griffin with up-pointed wings divides the value, $\frac{1}{2}$ -OR. (1628 rare).

15. 1 ore, 1627-29. Similar to last.

16. 1 ore, 1627. Similar, but the griffin's wings are pointed downward.



No. 14.



No. 16.

A variety of both types, dated 1627, has an Arabic 7 in the date instead of Roman.

Coins Struck at Arboga.

17. 1 ore, 1626-27. Obv., G-A-R around three crowns, date below. Rev., a spread eagle (arms of the town of Arboga) divides the value 1-OR; above, ARBOGA. Klippe. Very rare. (1626 extremely rare.)



No. 18.

18. 1 fyrk, 1627. Obv. G-A-R-S around three crowns. Rev., ARBOGA | 1. FYRK | 1627.

19. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1627. Obv., GVSTAVUS . ADOLPHUS . D. G. SVEC . GOTH . VAN . REX . M. D. FI. Ornate shield of arms, crowned, streamers at sides of the crown and shield. Rev. MONETA . NOVA . CVPREA . CIVIT . ARBOGENSIS . 1627 . $\frac{1}{2}$ OR. A large spread eagle with the head turned to right. Rare.

20. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1627. Similar but without the streamers on obverse. Very rare.

21. 1 ore, 1627-28. Similar but a different shield, and the value, 1 . OR, below the eagle.
22. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1628. Obv., similar to last, but square-top shield. Rev., MONETA NOVA CVPREA ARBOGENS. M.DG.XXVIII. (Roman instead of Arabic date). Spread eagle, with the head turned to left, divides the value, $\frac{1}{2}$ -OR. Extremely rare.
23. 1 ore, 1628. Similar to last, but ornate shield and the value 1-OR. Rare.



No. 19.



No. 21.



No. 23.

Most of the larger coins listed above show the mint master's marks, usually a small shield of arms, in the reverse legends.

Christina, 1632-1654.

Coins Struck at Avesta, Nykoping and Sater.

24. $\frac{1}{4}$ ore, 1633-44. Obv., C-R-S (CHRISTINA REGINA SVETICIE) around three crowns. Rev., a sheaf in crowned shield; at sides, the value; above, the date.

25. $\frac{1}{4}$ ore, 1644-54. Similar, but the date lower down and divided by the bottom of the crown.



No. 24.



No. 25.

Most of the coins display the coat of arms of Markus Kock, mint master (1627-42), an upright arrow between stars on obverse. (Coined 1633, '34, '35, '36, '37, '38, '40, '41, '42, '44, '45, '53, '54.)

26. 1 ore, 1638. Obv., CHRISTINA . D. G. SVECO . GOTH . VAND . DESI . REG . ET . PR . HE. (Designated Queen and Princess hereditary). Plain shield of arms, crowned. Rev., MONETA . NOVA . CVPREA . DALARENSIS (new copper money of Dalarna, or Dalecarlia), date in Roman numerals. In the field, two crossed arrows with the value, 1-OR, in the side angles; in the upper angle a crown; in the lower the mint master's shield of arms. Scarce.



No. 27.

27. 1 ore, 1638-53. Similar, but with ornaments on the sides of the shield.
 28. 1 ore, 1644. Similar, but an Arabic 4 in the date. Rare.
 (Coined 1638, 39, 40, 41 (very rare), 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53 (rare).)

On some of the coins dated 1644 and on all of the following dates the abbreviation of DESIGNATA is omitted, the Queen having been declared independent ruler the day before her 18th birthday, December 7th, 1644.

Charles X Gustavus, 1654-1660.

Coins Struck at Avesta.

29. $\frac{1}{4}$ ore, 1655-60. Obv., C-G-R-S (CAROLUS GUSTAVUS REX SVEICIE) around three crowns. Rev., a lion rampant under a large crown, date and value at sides.

**No. 29.**

30. $\frac{1}{4}$ ore, 1658. Similar, but C-R-S only, the G omitted. Struck from a die used in the preceding reign. Rare.

(To be continued)

The "Champagne Thaler"

**By SHEPARD POND
Boston, Mass.**

"A name given in jest to the double thaler struck under the German monetary union from 1838 to 1871 because a bottle of champagne then cost two thalers." (Trans. from von Schrötter's Wörterbuch der Münzkunde, Berlin, 1930.)

To Americans who know that under our coinage system each silver dollar must contain a certain number of grains of fine silver, thus establishing it as an individual unit of weight in a monetary sense, it may come as a surprise to learn that until the creation of the German Empire in 1871 the customary German practice was to coin a given number of pieces from a recognized weight of fine silver, which made the coin a division of a weight unit instead of a unit in itself.

For centuries the mark—one half of a pound—had been a universally recognized standard in Europe for weighing the precious metals. But, as often happens over long periods of time, weights and measures come to vary from their original standards, so that eventually a number of different marks, varying slightly as to weight, had become legalized in different parts of Germany.

As a result of this and the different divisions of these marks into coins the monetary systems of the numerous German states offer, prior to the imperial currency unification following the Franco-Prussian War, a complicated and patience-trying study to present-day numismatists. That these conditions were a great handicap to commerce is evidenced by the successive monetary conventions that gradually simplified currency relationships until the eventual unification. The subject of this article is a distinctive coin authorized by one of the last such conventions.

After the great European readjustments following the Napoleonic wars of Germany, barring Austria and several minor states, had settled down to one of two monetary systems; in the north that based on the thaler of Prussia, then decidedly the dominant northern power, and in the south that of the gulden.

Under the conventions of 1837 and 1838, which authorized the issuance of our piece, the mark adopted as the convention standard was the Prussian

mark, which equalled 233.812 grammes, or 3609 grains. From this mark of fine silver were to be struck 14 thalers for the northern states and 24½ gulden for the southern, establishing a ratio of 4 thalers to 7 gulden. The Prussian thaler struck on the surprisingly low standard for a great state of .750 fine silver was worth slightly over 69 cents United States money of that time; the South German gulden, .900 fine, nearly equalled 42 cents.

To provide a coin of common denomination which would be recognized and accepted throughout the monetary union and which would facilitate commerce a large silver piece was authorized. It was to pass equally for 2 thalers or 3½ gulden. Both denominations were shown on the reverse of the coin, together with its silver fineness (.900), the word "VEREINS MUNZE" (in English, coinage of the monetary union) and the date. The obverse bore the head of the sovereign or the arms of the issuing country and appropriate legends. These broad and well struck coins offer an interesting portrait series of mid-nineteenth-century German rulers.

This double thaler, coined by most, if not all, of the contracting states on the basis of seven to a mark of fine silver became very popular. It was struck in great numbers and circulated widely even after the currency unification following on the formation of the German Empire. As the monetary unit of the empire, the "mark" (a new coin, not a weight), was exactly one-third of the old Prussian thaler, our coin then passed for 6 marks.



Double Thaler of Frederick William IV of Prussia, 1844.

The price of a bottle of champagne in the Germany of one hundred years ago being usually two thalers, our piece soon acquired the nickname of "Champagne Thaler." In the case of the Prussian double thaler of Frederick William IV (see illustration), we have the curious coincidence that this unfortunate monarch who died demented under the regency of his brother, later William I of the German Empire, was said to have been a champagne addict, with the result that he was nicknamed "Le roi Cliquot," an unusual combination of names for King and coin alike the appropriateness of which it would be hard to duplicate!

The county of Neuchâtel, in Switzerland, had an independent coinage for many years. The last of the line of its house of Orleans-Longueville was Marie, Duchess of Nemours, who ruled from 1694 to 1707. Following her death, bringing the extinction of the house, the various pretenders to the throne chose as their successor Frederick I of Prussia. The Kings of Prussia struck a special series of coins in gold, silver and billon for this principality. The coins of Marie, the last duchess, have either the portrait of this ruler or four crowned M's in the form of a cross, with the value in the center, and the fleur-de-lys of Orleans in the angles. The reverse bears the arms of the principality, with the motto in Latin, taken from the 34th Psalm: "Oculi Domini Super Iustos." ("The eyes of the Lord are toward the righteous").

Recent news reports have been to the effect that by possible Governmental agreement the Canadian dollar may be equalized with the American dollar.

The Counterstamp Of The Franconian Circle Of 1693-1695

By HERBERT J. ERLANGER
New York City

(Paper presented at a recent meeting of the New York Numismatic Club.)

The last quarter of the seventeenth century witnessed the final disintegration of the monetary standard which for over a century had prevailed in the empire, and which was based on the monetary edict of 1559 and its amendment of 1566. For in 1559, after two prior unsuccessful attempts by Emperor Charles V, his successor, Ferdinand I, had finally succeeded in settling the difficulties that had been brought about by the appearance of a large silver coin, the taler, which was worth 21 times as much as the largest silver coin previously known in the Empire—the groschen.

This settlement was achieved by an imperial edict accepted by the Estates at the Augsburg Diet of 1559 and known as the "Ferdinandische Muenzordnung" or the "Zweite Augsburger Muenzrezess." This edict created the so-called Imperial Reichsguldiner or Reichsguldengroschen, which was to be equal to 60 kreuzer, but it did not provide for a taler-size coin. Nine and a half gulden (not 10½ as Hirsch erroneously prints) were to be coined from the Cologne mark at 233,855 gr., which gives them a weight of 24,616 gr., and they were to be 14 lot 16 gram fine—that is, 930.5/1000. They consequently contained 22,905 gr. fine silver. Or, as the edict itself puts it, the 100 per cent. fine Cologne mark was to contain 10 gulden 12 kreuzer. The fact that the edict did not provide for a taler, but only for a smaller coin, the gulden, constituted a victory of the non-silver-producing Estates over the silver-producing ones. The latter, particularly the Emperor, the Elector of Saxony and the Elector of Brandenburg, had an interest to obtain as large a current silver coin as possible, whereas the former, particularly the Spiritual Electors, the Elector Palatine and the cities were the champions of gold coinage and desired no large silver coin that could compete with it.

For this very reason, however, that it was too one-sided, the new law of 1559 did not become generally popular nor enforceable. The silver-mining estates continued to strike talers, and in 1566 talers were authorized again at another Diet at Augsburg. This is the origin of the so-called Ferdinandische Reichstaler or for short Reichstaler. Eight taler were to be coined from the Cologne mark, which gave them a weight of 2 lot or 29,232 gr. Their fineness was to be 14 lot 4 gram or 888.9/1000, and they consequently contained 25,984 gr. fine silver. This makes exactly 9 talers out of the 100 per cent. fine Cologne mark and gives the taler a value of 68 kreuzer as compared to the gulden of 60 kreuzer.

But soon silver prices rose, and as early as 1580 it was generally accepted that the taler had a value of 90 kreuzer. The coinage of Reichsguldiner or guldengroschen at 60 kreuzer consequently became obsolete and disappeared, except in very few of the Estates. Among the latter was the City of Nuremberg, which persisted in coining Reichsguldiner long after everybody had ceased to do so, and in fact its last one bears the date of 1660.

Generally in the empire, the Reichstaler of 90 kreuzer became the standard silver coin, and with the exception of the few years of high inflation at the beginning of the 30 Years' War remained so for a hundred years. In North Germany, where the kreuzer coin was not used, the taler was considered to be worth 24 good groschen (gute groschen) or 32 mariengroschen. As said in the beginning, the last quarter of the seventeenth century saw the disintegration of this monetary system through progressive debasement of the silver coinage by many Estates.

The cause of this, of course, was the constant wars which filled this period and the needs of the princes who fought these wars for more and

more money. The principal seat of this debasement was North Germany, and through the insistence of the larger North German Estates, such as Brandenburg, Saxony, Brunswick, etc., a Diet in 1667 decided by majority vote that the Reichstaler henceforth should equal 96 kreuzer instead of 90. If it is remembered that the Reichstaler of 25,984 gr. is a constant value, it will be understood that this decision in reality was not an increase of value of the taler, but a devaluation of the kreuzer and any new "taler" worth 90 of these debased kreuzers.

The decision of the Diet of 1667 remained a dead letter because while the South German Estates opposed any change in the value of the taler, the Electors of Brandenburg and Saxony entered the same year into a monetary convention known as the Zinna Convention, which set the value of the old Reichstaler at 105 kreuzer or 28 good groschen, and 10½ new talers, the so-called Zinna talers at 90 kreuzer, were to be coined out of the fine Cologne mark. The Zinna Convention, however, did not actually provide for the coinage of entire talers of that fineness and weight because that would have been a violation of the imperial law. The Zinna Convention, quite to the contrary, provided that only $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ talers were to be coined according to the new standard and these were to be worth 60 and 30 kreuzer respectively, for which reason they were called gulden and half gulden.

The trend of events, however, was stronger than even the limited good intentions of the Electors of Brandenburg and Saxony. In 1690 they were compelled to abandon the Zinna Convention and, together with the Duke of Brunswick-Lueneburg, entered into a new convention, known as the Leipzig Convention, which raised the value of the Reichstaler to 120 kreuzer, thereby further debasing the kreuzer and creating a further debased so-called taler at 90 kreuzer. The Leipzig Convention, too, did not actually provide for the coinage of entire talers but only for gulden and half gulden. These gulden were to contain 12,992 g. of fine silver, as, according to the Leipzig standard, 12 talers were to be coined out of the fine Cologne mark.

The Franconian Circle did not accede to the Zinna nor to the Leipzig Convention, nor did Bavaria or the Emperor do it. In effect, while the Franconian Circle stubbornly insisted that the old Reichstaler should be worth not more than 90 kreuzer, the Emperor, the Elector of Bavaria and the Bishop of Salzburg made a convention in 1681 which fixed the value of the Reichstaler at 96 kreuzer.

The general confusion which was thus created all over the Empire gave a number of minor Estates and even some major ones a chance to debase their coinage much further than even the Leipzig standard permitted and soon the Empire was flooded with gulden of a very doubtful value.

The Franconian Circle, which was among the strong defenders of sound currency in the Empire, tried to stem the flood, but without much avail. At first it proceeded to classify the gulden, which were coined all over the Empire according to their real silver value, and we possess long lists containing such classifications. That, however, did not help the small tradesmen, and when finally, in 1693, the Franconian Circle was compelled to acknowledge the Leipzig Convention as a reality which could no longer be escaped, it was decided not only to coin gulden of the Franconian Circle according to that standard, but also to counterstamp all foreign gulden which had an intrinsic silver value of 45 kreuzer according to the old imperial standard. This constituted, of course, an acceptance of the Leipzig standard, because 45 old kreuzer was the value of the gulden of the Leipzig standard. And, in effect, the counterstamp which the Franconian Circle then placed on these coins does not bear the figure 45, but the figure 60, although the oath that the assayers had to swear committed them to counterstamp only such coins as were worth "45 kr."

The history of the counterstamp itself goes back to a meeting of the Franconian Circle on July 12, 1691, when the City of Nuremberg, which was the driving force of the Franconian Circle behind all money matters, proposed to counterstamp "those coins that could still be tolerated." At a subsequent meeting of July 27, 1691, the mint master of the Circle, Peter Paul Mezger, proposed to counterstamp them in four classes, at 59, 52½ and 50 kreuzer, but not until its meeting of December 15, 1693, i.e., after the Circle had joined the Leipzig Convention, was the question of the counter-

stamp officially discussed. Then there was considerable discussion how and where to counterstamp. The general opinion was that the counterstamp should be placed on the coins in Nuremberg, although the Circle had three other official mints, viz., Schwabach, which belonged to the Margrave of Ansbach; Wuerzburg, which belonged to the local bishop, and Mergentheim, which belonged to the Teutonic Order, the latter mint at the time being closed.

It was finally decided that the mark should bear a design indicating the entire Franconian Circle and not only the City of Nuremberg, and that is why the mark as it was finally adopted contains the letters FC, that is, Fraenkischer Creis or Franconian Circle. But the Margrave of Ansbach was not satisfied with this, and after a series of rather energetic interventions by his envoy to the director of the Circle, the Bishop of Bamberg, it was finally conceded that each of the three mints should receive a stamp and that coins should be counterstamped in all three places. The three stamps were to be distinguished by the letters N for Nuremberg, S for Schwabach and W for Wuerzburg, which were to be placed behind the figure 60. The three stamps were made and on December 22, 1693, the envoys of the Margrave of Ansbach were advised to be ready to receive their stamp in Nuremberg, where it had been manufactured. They took delivery of it, while the Bishop of Wuerzburg who had always insisted that all counterstamping should be done in Nuremberg, refused to do so, and in effect no counterstamping was done in Wuerzburg at all. We do not know exactly when the counterstamping started, but it was most likely begun very early in 1694, and from a gulden of Charles XI of Sweden, which was struck for Pomerania and bears the date of 1695, we know that the counterstamping still went on in that year. The coin in question has appeared as No. 582 in the sale of the Collection Bratring, which was conducted by Adolf Hess on November 25, 1912.

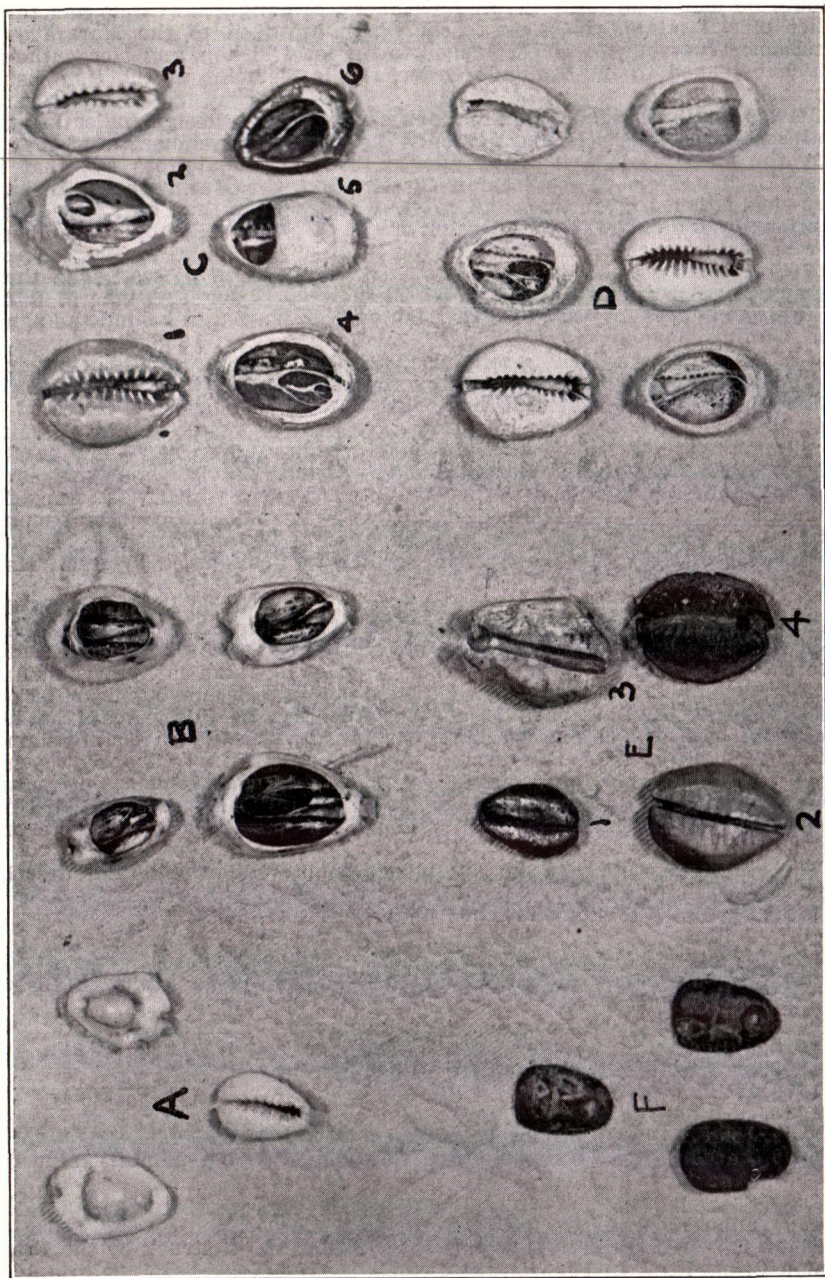
The number of counterstamped gulden is fairly large in so far as the Nuremberg counterstamp is concerned. The Margrave of Ansbach, however, seems to have insisted on his rights merely for the sake of principle. The late C. F. Gebert, the foremost authority on Franconian monetary history, in an article published in "Die Mitteilungen der Bayerischen Numismatischen Gesellschaft," 1906-07, page 19 ff., declares that in thirty years he has only seen or heard of one specimen bearing the Schwabach counterstamp. This specimen, he says, is a Sachsen-Lauenburg gulden sold a "few years ago" at an auction in Frankfurt. One of the specimens which you can see here tonight is a Sachsen-Lauenburg taler of Julius Francis, dated 1678 and bearing the Schwabach counterstamp, and most likely it is the one Gebert is referring to.

The other coins all bear the Nuremberg counterstamp and their description is the following:

- 1676, Charles William, prince of Anhalt-Zerbst (1667-1718).
- 1677, John Ernest II, duke of Saxony-Weimar (1662-1683).
- 1677, Charles William, prince of Anhalt-Zerbst (1667-1718).
- 1678, Augustus Frederick, duke of Holstein-Gottorf as Lutheran Bishop of Luebeck (1666-1705).
- 1678, John Ernest II, duke of Saxony-Weimar (1662-1683).
- 1678, Julius Francis, duke of Saxony-Lauenburg (1666-1689).
- 1678, same prince, but struck from different die.
- 1679, William, prince of Anhalt-Bernburg-Harzgerode (1670-1709).
- 1688, City of Emden.
- 1690, John William, Elector Palatine (1690-1716).
- 1690, Anthony the Elder, count of Montfort-Tettnang, administrator for his minor nephew, Anthony the Younger (1686-1706).
- 1690, Same prince, but struck from different die.
- 1691, John William, Elector Palatine (1690-1716).

There is also, for the sake of comparison, the gulden struck by the Franconian Circle itself in 1693 on the Leipzig standard.

It is believed that St. George, St. John the Baptist, and St. Peter are most often represented upon coins.



The Cowrie Shell in Primitive Currency.
 (For descriptions, see bottom of opposite page.)

The Cowrie Shell In Primitive Currency

By A. S. KENYON
Victoria, Australia

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Attempts have been made to invest the cowrie with several esoteric implications, but without sufficient justification. Prof. Grafton Elliott Smith asserts that it was originally the symbol of "the one entrance into life" (cf. Ben Sari, *The Book of Wisdom*), a belief that is still widespread among both cultured and uncultured peoples. A certain support of this view is given by the French name of the cyprea, pucelage, but there is no mystic sense in this usage.

Currency began, in the earliest stages of main development, as witnessed by the Australian aboriginal, a race without external culture contacts since its arrival in an empty continent not long after the emergence of the human from the world of beasts. The brown aboriginal not merely had currency, native tobacco, gum cement, tomahawk stone and other desiderata, but had even evolved a definite form of promissory note, known popularly as "letter sticks." Although this race lived largely on shellfish, both fresh water and marine, shells, which were not a useful commodity, were not used for currency. Cowries, however, of many varieties abounded on the greater part of the coast line. Their neighbors, the Papuans and Melanesians had, however, largely abandoned commodity form of currency, and had adopted shells among other scarce and ornamental natural products. These could be described as precious and not valuable, save that much time had to be expended in their gathering. Cowries took a prominent position. The orange cowrie (*Cyprea Aurantium*) was the sole prerogative of the chiefs and was worth many whale's teeth. The pure white ovum was in lesser esteem, while the usual one-inch cowrie had a special treatment. The back was ground off flat as in the case of the majority of the Chinese and Egyptian shell money.

It may be confidently stated that wherever the cowrie is found it is highly esteemed, not from any obscene association but from its beauty and rarity, as in the case of cones, olives and other shells. When the Chinese, the Bak tribes from the world's center of civilization, occupied China in the fourth millenium before Christ, they found shells, tortoise shells in various sizes and cowries forming the currency. Although the population was largely inland and possessed but poor means of communication; although the cowrie shell was uncommon on the China coast, being found in two places only, the Pei-tai-ho (plenty of cowrie shells) Beach on the extreme northeast coast and Tsing-tao which has a sandy beach, the tortoise shells were of much greater value.

The illustrations show cowries, both real and artificial, taken from a tomb belonging to the Yin dynasty, 1401-1122 B. C., the latter period of the Shang dynasty, 1766-1122 B. C., and another of the Chou dynasty, 1122-255 B. C. Tang was the founder of the dynasty whose capital city was Po in the present province of Anhui. Later the capital was removed to Yin, north of the Yellow river, in Honan, by P'an Keng, 1401-1373 B. C.,

A—Money cowries, as still used in India.

B—Cowries—ground backs. Papua.

C—Cowries—ground backs, 1, 2, 5 and 6 from Hsin Chêng-sien, south of Yellow River, and Cheng-chow; 3 and 4 from Chang-teh Fu, north of Yellow River. Yin Dynasty, 1401-1122 B. C.

D—Cowries—ground backs, from eighteenth Dynasty tombs, Riggeh, Egypt (1914).

E—Cowries—ground backs: 1, plated with gold-leaf; 3, imitation in pearl-shell, both from ancient tombs, 600-400 B. C., at Chin-chun-hsien 15 miles north-east of Loyang, Honan province; 2, imitation in limestone; 4, baked clay; 2 and 4 from Hsin Chêng-sien.

F—Cowries, metallic imitations. Ghost head or ant-nose money.

Natural size.

who changed the name of the dynasty to Yin. It is recorded that in 852 B. C., owing to their extreme scarcity, tortoise shells and cowries were imported from the southern country of Ts'u, and although metallic coinage, pu and tao money, was introduced in 670 B. C., not long after the Western invention of coins, it was not until 221 B. C. that the King of Ts'in, assuming the title of Shih Huang-ti, First Universal Emperor, announced that the use of gems, pearls, tortoise shells, cowries and tin for currency was prohibited. In 48 B. C. counterfeiting had reached such a pitch that the reintroduction of grain, silk and shells in place of coin was seriously contemplated. Wang Mang, the usurper of 923 A. D., actually did this, but with little success. Shell money became ceremonial. It may be conjectured that the imitation cowries in pearl shell, stone, wood and baked clay were used only in connection with sepulchral rites and were not in general circulation. In no case were the cowries whole, as in many parts of the East—India for instance—where they still are in use. In China there were two kinds of grinding, the whole of the back ground off to a flat surface, or half of it ground off in a step fashion. Both these sorts are found in the tombs of Egypt, but they have hitherto been described as necklace shells. These tombs, evacuated by the Egyptian Exploration Fund Committee, date from the twelfth dynasty, 2200 B. C., to the nineteenth, 1300 B. C., approximating to the Chinese dates mentioned. There seems little room for doubt that cowries formed a part at least of the Egyptian currency of the Middle Kingdom as they did, and do in some cases, in all parts of the world, save Australia, where the cyprea family, over one hundred and fifty species, are found.

MEDALS AND PLAQUES OF SCIENTISTS ON DISPLAY.

Medals and plaques bestowed upon thirty-five outstanding scientists of the past two centuries were displayed by Dr. Ernst Berl, research professor of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, at the 101st meeting of the American Chemical Society in St. Louis, April 7 to 11.

Men of science, from Antoine Lavoisier, founder of modern chemistry, to Richard Willstaetter, professor emeritus of chemistry of the University of Munich and Nobel laureate in 1915, are represented in Dr. Berl's collection, which was made before the outbreak of the First World War. The display included a cast-iron and a porcelain medal of Napoleon I, who, Dr. Berl explained, "has influenced science indirectly so that the showing of his medals may be justified."

Dr. Berl, who was head of Austrian explosives industries during the First World War and one of the pre-Hitler Germany's most noted chemists, came to this country in 1934. With his associates, he recently succeeded in producing crude oil, coal, asphalts, and coke from grass, leaves, seaweed, wood, molasses, corn, cornstalks and other carbohydrate-containing materials.

At the meeting, Dr. Berl showed pictures of the men represented in his medal collection, and described his personal contact with some of them. One of the medals which he prizes was made in 1909 on the seventieth birthday of his teacher, George Lunge. It was struck by Hans Frei, a Swiss sculptor, who was a pupil of the great French artist, Roty.

"Roty, with Chaplain, was responsible for a renaissance in the French art of producing medals and plaques," Dr. Berl points out. "Since the most wonderful performances of the Greeks and the great artists of the Italian Renaissance, no higher climax in this special art was reached than was the case about 60 to 40 years ago in France."

These medals, he explained, were made first on a large scale in clay, and then reduced with a pantagraph to the desired size.

"One rather rare kind of reproduction is the cast medal," he continued. "This art was used about 120 years ago with a low-melting cast iron produced with wood charcoal. Those cast-iron medals were made in Austria. But most of the medals are produced in mints by stamping with hardened steel dies.

"The preparation of these steel dies, or copper dies hardened by the addition of beryllium, is a very difficult piece of work. For the chemist it is

interesting to know that very many different metals and ceramic materials are used in making these plaques. The preferred composition is bronze. My private judgment is that the bronze used in the mint in Paris is the most perfect material.

"Gold, silver, nickel, copper, tin, lead, and in former years also platinum, are the preferred metals. Unglazed and glazed porcelain allows the production of plaques of the highest artistic value. I have a small collection of biscuit medals made in Sevres, near Paris, where this art has been developed to an unbelievably artistic height."

Nickel's Contribution To The Art Of Coinage

By E. F. FEELY
New York City

The Golden Jubilee of the American Numismatic Association and the celebration of the National Coin Week this year coincide with three other anniversaries of importance to those who are interested in the metallurgy of coinage: First, the one hundred and ninetieth anniversary of the discovery and separation of the metallic element nickel by the Swedish scientist Cronstedt in 1751; second, the seventy-fifth anniversary of the creation of the five-cent cupro-nickel coin by the United States on May 16, 1866; and finally, the sixtieth anniversary of the first issue of pure nickel coins by Switzerland in 1881.

Each of these events had a profound effect upon modern coinage systems, but the real story of nickel in the art of coinage begins over 2,000 years ago, since it is now known to have been a constituent of an alloy used for certain coins by the Bactrians, an ancient Asiatic people who, in the second and third centuries B. C., inhabited what is now Russian Turkestan.

Some numismatists advance the interesting theory that the Bactrian cupro-nickel alloy was a kind of "paktong" or "white copper" imported from China by caravan, pointing out that the Chinese are known to have used an alloy of quite similar composition for industrial purposes. It is of interest to note in this connection that the metal most widely used in Ancient China for coins was bronze, and until very recently the coins were always cast.⁽¹⁾ There is no record of any known use of nickel for coinage purposes in Ancient China, nor in any other part of the world, except Bactria, until its reappearance in Europe in the early nineteenth century.

Other students contend that the Bactrians have found deposits of the ore in their own territory, and had acquired sufficient metallurgical knowledge to smelt and refine it to the degree necessary to render it fit for coining, which was no simple matter.⁽²⁾ While the source of the ore and the metal must remain a matter of speculation, analysis of certain Bactrian coins made by Dr. Walter Flight⁽³⁾ showed percentages of copper and nickel strikingly similar to those of the popular modern binary alloy of which the United States nickel is made, viz., 75 percent copper and 25 percent nickel, so widely used for fractional coins since its adoption by Belgium in 1860.

Just as in Ancient China, the early Greeks found bronze the most suitable material available to them for coinage purposes, and it usually contained small percentages of nickel. In a comprehensive study of the composition of Ancient Greek bronze coins, Professor Caley⁽⁴⁾ found that

(1) "The History of Minting in China." E. Kann, Bulletin of the Numismatic Society of China, No. 5, Shanghai.

(2) "The History of Nickel Coinage." F. R. Barton, C. M. G., London.

(3) Numismatic Chronicle, Vol. VIII, N. S. 1868, Page 305.

(4) "The Composition of Ancient Greek Bronze Coins." E. R. Caley, Memoirs of the American Phil. Society, Vol. XI, 1939.

nickel appears more frequently than any other metal as an impurity in Greek coinage bronze, but never in percentages that would warrant the opinion that it had been purposely added to the alloy. While these early instances of the occurrences of nickel in coinage metals are of importance in numismatic history, 2000 years were to elapse before the actual birth of nickel as a member of the family of elements, and another hundred years passed before it was first used for coinage purposes.

The discovery of a reddish ore in Bohemia and Saxony, and its refusal to yield its copper content to the crude efforts of the smelters, came to the knowledge of the eminent Swedish scientist Cronstedt. Because of the intractable behavior of the ore, the smelters christened it "kupfer-nickel," or devil's copper, but Cronstedt, in 1751, succeeded in breaking down the ore and separating from it a new metal to which he appropriately gave the name "nickel."

The modern history of the metal from Cronstedt's discovery and the widespread use of nickel for coinage purposes, not to mention its growing consumption in industry and the arts, makes the commemoration of Cronstedt's achievement a peculiarly apt feature of National Coin Week.

The experiments involving the use of the new metal that were made in the century that followed its discovery by Cronstedt were directed chiefly toward the production on a commercial scale of the Chinese alloy "paktong" and led to the development of the alloys now known as the nickel silvers. Among the nickel silvers that came into use as the result of the discovery of nickel was the alloy "argentan," with a 16 percent nickel content, which, with some modifications, was adopted by Switzerland for its fractional coins in 1850, just 100 years after the discovery of nickel. This marked the first authorized use of nickel for coinage purposes in modern times. These copper-nickel-zinc alloys were variously known as German silver, argentan, packtong, American silver, white copper, etc., and later as maillechort, alpaca, and nickel silver, and should not be confused with the cupro-nickel alloy of which the U. S. five-cent piece is made, containing 75 percent copper, 25 percent nickel.

They were first introduced into the United States by Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger (5) about 1831, and he is also said to have been the first to manufacture one of these alloys, known as the Feuchtwanger composition, in the United States. Dr. Feuchtwanger is best known for the series of nickel-silver tokens he issued in 1837 at 2 Cortland Street, New York City, in denominations of 1 and 3 cents, during the "Hard Times" period.

In a memorial presented to Congress on September 13, 1837, Dr. Feuchtwanger proposed the issuance of a cent piece made of his composition to replace the copper cent then in use, but of a smaller size, offering to supply the alloy at the same price as the mint was then paying for copper planchets, viz., 32 cents per pound. The prices of the metals composing the Feuchtwanger composition at the time were: Copper, 25 cents; zinc, 5 cents, and nickel, 75 cents per pound. This was the first proposal made to the United States Government for the use of a nickel-bearing alloy for coinage, but it was not until 1857 that a nickel-alloy coin was issued in the United States.

Dr. Feuchtwanger's proposal did not prosper. The Director of the Mint, Dr. R. M. Patterson, in a letter to Senator Benton, dated January 4, 1838, recommended the rejection of the proposal on several grounds, including the variable and uncertain proportions of the metals entering into the Feuchtwanger composition, as indicated by analysis of five similar alloys; the ease of counterfeiture, and the uncertainty of price of the component metals. The Director also took occasion to state that there was no foundation for Feuchtwanger's implied claim that he was the inventor of German silver. In any event, the plan was officially rejected and nothing more was heard of the use of the Feuchtwanger composition for coinage purposes in the United States. The Government, however, subsequently reduced the size of the cent piece and eventually issued a three-cent piece, but in silver and in cupro-nickel, not in nickel silver. Chile, Venezuela and Honduras many years later issued coins of a copper-nickel-zinc alloy, somewhat simi-

(5) "Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger." Edgar H. Adams, *The Numismatist*, Vol. XXVI, June 1913. Note.

lar to that of the Feuchtwanger tokens, but they have since been replaced by cupro-nickel.

The next important use of nickel in coins was the adoption by the United States, by Act of February 21, 1857, of a binary alloy of 88 percent copper and 12 percent nickel for a new and smaller cent, which was to replace the cent and half-cent coins then in use. The new cent was the first nickel-bearing coin to be issued by the United States and was of interest from other points of view, both economic and numismatic.⁽⁶⁾ From the date of the issuance of this new cent until the definitive reorganization of the currency in 1873 the question of the use of nickel as a coinage alloy was the subject of frequent and acrimonious debate, but in spite of opposition to its use, based on the scarcity of supply, its relatively high cost, and certain difficulties that the mint experienced in its early attempts to work the nickel alloys, it has continued to this day to be a constituent part of the coins of at least one denomination in the United States coinage system.

The first supplies of nickel used by the United States Mint were of European origin, but the demand for coinage purposes and the relatively high price of the refined metal resulted in the short-lived exploitation of the nickel ore deposits in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, under the direction of Professor J. C. Booth, about 1854.⁽⁷⁾ Efforts to utilize this ore on a commercial basis were unsuccessful until 1863, when Joseph Wharton,⁽⁸⁾ of Philadelphia, installed a smelter at the mine and a refinery at Camden, New Jersey, with an annual production of 50,000 pounds of refined metal.

The world's total output of metallic nickel in 1866 was estimated at 1,300,000 pounds,⁽⁹⁾ and because of the growing demand for use in the manufacture of nickel silver and in coinage, the price had risen from 75 cents to about \$3.00 per pound, as compared with a total world consumption of 256,000,000 pounds of nickel and a base price of 35 cents per pound for the virgin metal in the calendar year 1939.

Mr. Joseph Wharton was an ardent advocate of nickel for coinage, and his name is closely connected with the early history of the metal in the United States. He operated the Lancaster Gap mines and the Camden refinery for about 20 years until 1883, and only abandoned the business then because he was unable longer to compete with European producers, who were favored by low import duties in the United States. A part of the Wharton nickel was shipped to England in the form of matte, refined there, and re-imported into the United States. The cupro-nickel three-cent piece, authorized by Act of March 3, 1865, was for some years coined with nickel that had been produced in the United States and refined in England. Just one year after the Wharton refinery began operations, the coinage of the 12 percent nickel cent of 1857 was discontinued and replaced by the issuance of the bronze cent (95 percent copper and 5 percent tin and zinc), which is the alloy still in use for the present cent coin.

The second anniversary of which National Coin Week will take cognizance is the seventy-fifth anniversary of the passage of the law of May 16th, 1866, authorizing the issuance of the United States five-cent piece, popularly known as the "nickel," and containing 75 percent copper, 25 percent nickel. None of the basic features of this coin were changed by the revision of the coinage that took place in 1873 and the same alloy has been used without interruption since its first issuance, although there have been some changes in design.

The nickel has proved to be one of the most popular and useful coins in the United States system and over two billion pieces of a total nominal value of \$118,126,951 and a weight of 11,812 tons have been issued to December 31, 1940. If all the five-cent pieces coined since 1866 were laid

(6) "Nickel and Nickel Alloys in Subsidiary Coinage." E. F. Feely, *The Numismatist*, Vol. LIII, No. 12, December, 1940.

(7) See "Congressional Globe," 38th Congress, First Session.

(8) "Project for Reorganizing the Small Coinage." J. Wharton, Philadelphia, April 15, 1864.

(9) Joseph Wharton, "Statement Made to the Commissioners of Revenue," Philadelphia, 1866.

flat, side by side, in a single row, they would reach around the earth at the Equator with a good many miles to spare.

Worthy of note in connection with the physical characteristics of the nickel is its odd weight, 77.16 grains. This is approximately the equivalent of five metric grams, and it is possible that this weight was assigned to the coin as a first step toward the introduction of that system of weights and measures in the United States.

Since its adoption by Belgium in 1860, the use of the cupro-nickel alloy of which the nickel is made has spread over the entire world, and there are but few countries that have not used it at one time or another for one or more coins. Its good appearance, relatively high-wear resistance, and its malleability make it an ideal metal for certain types of coins.

Following the example of the United States, all of the Latin American countries have used the cupro-nickel alloy for one or more coins, and, with two exceptions, are using it at present for standard or fractional coins. One of the exceptions is Ecuador, which employs pure nickel for the entire coinage system, and the other is Guatemala, where the value of the monetary unit still permits the use of silver for all of her coins. Wide fluctuations in the price of silver and a rather steady depreciation in the value of their monetary units have led to the demonetization of silver in eleven of the twenty Latin American Republics, and in each instance cupro-nickel or, more recently, pure nickel, have been substituted.

The third event of interest to numismatists is the sixtieth anniversary of the first issuance of coins of pure nickel, made by Switzerland in 1881, one hundred and thirty years after the discovery and separation of nickel by Cronstedt. The great success attained by the cupro-nickel alloy was due to its whiteness, malleability, attractive appearance and resistance to wear and corrosion. These characteristics directed the attention of coinage experts to a more thorough study of the metallurgy of nickel and the possibility of its employment in the pure state for coinage purposes, since the principal advantages of the alloy, in so far as coinage was concerned, were traceable to the presence of nickel.

There was one other important reason that led the Swiss authorities to strike coins of pure nickel, and it had to do rather with the economics than with the metallurgy of coinage. The theory was prevalent that there must be a close approximation between the bullion value of a given coin and its nominal or circulation value in order to assure its acceptance by the public. This meant that it would be necessary to give the coins of higher denominations an excessive weight, or else add a precious metal to the alloy to bring up its intrinsic value. The experience of the Swiss Mint with the addition of silver to the nickel-silver alloy then in use for minor coins had been unfortunate, and although the theory that there must be a certain relationship between intrinsic and nominal values of coins had been discarded in principle by the mints of the United States and Belgium, the Swiss Legislature was reluctant to accept the cupro-nickel alloy for the 20-rappen coin because of the great disparity between the bullion value and the nominal value of the piece.

A compromise was finally reached by authorizing the mint to have the 20-rappen piece struck in pure nickel, then selling for just about double the cost of the cupro-nickel alloy which was being used for the two lower denominations of Swiss fractional coins. The effect of this was to double the intrinsic value of the 20-rappen piece and to bring it near enough to the nominal value of the coin to satisfy the scruples of the Swiss legislators.

The first planchets of pure nickel were made in Austria and struck by the Swiss Mint in 1881. These Swiss pieces of pure nickel are still to be found in circulation and show but little signs of wear after 60 years in active use.⁽¹⁰⁾

This first issue of pure nickel coins by Switzerland, although made in deference to a fallacious conception of the role of fiduciary currency, is nevertheless a significant event in the chronology of the monetary use of

(10) Barton, op. cit.

nickel, and the foremost contribution made to the art of coinage by this versatile metal.

Prior to that time nickel had only been used as an alloy of other metals to insure whiteness, lustre, and wear and corrosion resistance in the finished coin. The Swiss experiments showed that the pure nickel coins not only possessed all of these advantageous characteristics to an even greater degree than the white alloys in which it had been used, but also that because of certain engineering properties, the pure metal presented almost insuperable obstacles to the imitator and counterfeiter.

Fifty years after the issuance of the first pure nickel coins, the Swiss government, in 1932, again put its stamp of approval on pure nickel as a coinage metal by issuing two additional denominations of minor coins in that metal. Coming, as it did, after a practical experience of five decades with various coinage alloys, the issuance of the 5 and 10 rappen pieces in pure nickel was a fitting tribute to the many advantages of pure nickel for minor coins.

Another striking physical property of pure nickel is that it is highly magnetic, which makes possible the easy detection of most counterfeits by the use of a simple magnet. The possibilities of this peculiar feature of nickel in the prevention of loss arising from the use of counterfeit coins, tokens, or substitutes in coin boxes, vending machines, etc., have not been fully exploited as yet.

Because of its many advantages for coinage purposes, pure nickel has taken its place as a primary coinage metal, and its use has spread rapidly. Up to this writing, 36 countries have issued 108 coins in 90 denominations of a total weight in excess of 22,000 tons, as follows:

20. Albania (4)	30. Euzkadi (2)	23. Luxembourg (3)
15. Angola (1)	5. France (6)	7. Mexico (1)
34. Argentina (1)	35. French Indo-China (2)	8. Montenegro (2)
2. Austria (2)	10. Germany (4)	14. Morocco (2)
16. Belgium (8)	12. Greece (4)	19. Poland (4)
17. Canada (2)	32. Hong Kong (2)	31. Roumania (2)
29. China (3)	3. Hungary (2)	13. Siam (2)
33. Czechoslovakia (1)	24. Iraq (2)	36. Slovakia (1)
6. Danish W. I. (1)	22. Ireland (2)	1. Switzerland (3)
27. Danzig (4)	4. Italy (9)	11. Turkey (5)
21. Ecuador (7)	28. Japan (2)	25. Vatican (4)
26. Ethiopia (3)	18. Latvia (3)	9. Zanzibar (1)

Note—First number indicates order in which countries adopted pure nickel coinage; the number in brackets indicates the number of denominations of pure nickel coins issued by each.

Ballaaios Of Pharos

By **HANS HOLZER**
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An essay read before the Bronx Coin Club.

In 1747 the coin collection of a Venetian poet named Apostolo Zeno, including 10,767 pieces, was acquired by the Convent of St. Florian in Austria for the sum of 20,000 florins. In this collection, assembled to a great extent in what was then the possessions and colonies of Venice, including Albania and Dalmatia, figured, among other coins, a silver piece of a dynast hitherto almost unknown to history as well as to numismatics—Ballaaios.

Neumann, in his work (*Num. pop. et reg. II*, 154), knows of 14 copper coins bearing the portrait and name of this ruler said to be found near Scodra, today's Scutari, in Albania.

The great Eckhel (*Doctrina Numorum Veterum*, vol. IV, 167) accounts for six copper coins of Ballaaios, supposedly found near Scodra, and at the time part of the collection of Mr. Viczay.

Next to mention anything about a ruler named Ballaios was Nisiteo in his work (*Annali XIV*, 126) in 1842, and Cavedoni discussed the matter in the very same publication. In his description of the Museo Fontana, Sestini mentions a silver coin at that time in the famous Trieste Cabinet (D. d. M. F. III, 20, pl. III, fig. 9).

In 1871 the first full-fledged discussion of the problem was published by Friedrich Kenner, keeper of coins at the Imperial Cabinet of Vienna, in his catalogue of the collection in the Convent of St. Florian (p. 40).

The great English numismatist, Arthur J. Evans, in the *Numismatic Chronicle* of 1880, pp. 270 sq.), gave account of his excavations in Albania and related the finding of a large number of coins bearing Ballaios' name and title.

Finally, Dr. Brunsmid, keeper of coins at Agram, published a book entitled "*Die Inschriften und Muenzen der Griechischen Städte Dalmatiens*", ("*The Inscriptions and Coins of the Greek Cities in Dalmatia*"), printed in Vienna in 1898 (p. 76), which is the most complete publication on the subject.

There may be and probably are more recent accounts of the finding of coins with Ballaios' name or relating to this dynast, yet nothing really new or worth while has been published since and we may safely say that the state of affairs, as Dr. Brunsmid found it, has not materially been changed since.

It would be too tedious would I now try to relate all the phases of understanding of this historical problem and tell you how, gradually, little by little, light has been shed upon a figure in history whose life and deeds were neither very important nor too interesting. Yet his position was basically the same as that of the unlucky Zogu, whose days as King of the Skiptars are not yet over, it seems—and because of the current events which have brought and will bring this part of the world into the spotlight—it might be of interest to relate the life-story of Ballaios of Pharos.

As I have said before, the part of the world which has furnished the background for the history of Ballaios is today's Albania and was at that time known under the name of Illyria. In its southern part, where the coast line grows more and more uneven and thus offers not only excellent harbor facilities but also special opportunities for piracy, with its deep firths and gulfs, there lies the Rhizonic Gulf, at present known as the Bocche di Cattaro to the Italians and the Bokka Kotorska to the Yugoslavs who own it.

The expression "*Rhizon Potamos*", dark-pooled Illyrian river, which is used by the historian Polybios (II, 11), excellently describes the appearance these long, narrow water lanes have, namely, that of a river. At the very spot where today the village of Risano, a small fishery place, is sole survivor of the once strongly fortified town of Rhizon or Rizinium, as it was later called by the Romans, once stood this stronghold of the royal Illyrian dynasty of the Ardiaioi, where Arthur J. Evans discovered the ruins of the ancient city and coins covering different periods of its history. Just across the bay and one of the southernmost islands of the group, lies the Island of Pharos, sometimes called Pharia, but now known as Lesina in Italian and Hvar in Slavic. It belongs to the Kingdom of Yugoslavia. This stretch of land and the little island has been since the earliest time the center of pirate activities, and no other place in the world, apart from the famous North African hideouts and China's Bias-Bay, has seen so much fighting over piracy and safety of commerce as has the coast of Albania and Dalmatia.

In 229 B. C. this fight, now led by the Romans who feared for their Adriatic trade, came to a head when the Illyrian Queen Teuta, whose piratic "*Lembi*," as they were then called, were the terror of the sea, had to flee to the city of Rhizon, and later on, when 200 Roman men-o'-war had cleaned her pirate fleet right out of the Adriatic, she was forced to gave up the Greek cities previously seized. (Ranke-Friedrich, *Weltgesch.*, p. 103, 1928 ed.).

During the Macedonian War of 172 B. C., which lasted up to 168 and involved the Romans and her allies in the East on one side and the King

of Macedon, aided by some Greeks, on the other side, the fate of Eastern domination was decided upon. In this struggle, whose importance for the Roman influence over the Balkans and the East was just as great as was that of the Punic Wars for the West, the Illyrian Kingdom found itself in the unpleasant position of a buffer, unable to keep neutrality and the loser whoever its ally was.

Polybios (III, 16) tells us the history of the tyrant Demetrios of Pharos, who, during the Hannibalic War of 220 B. C., had tried to make the best of the precarious situation of his domain by attacking first. Although allied with Rome, he had sacked and destroyed her allies on the mainland, and not even the opening of hostilities through the fall of Saguntum could prevent the Romans from taking revenge. The following ambush then is fully described and how the Roman Consul Aemilius, by using a trick, overpowered the tyrant.

Demetrios, seeing himself attacked on Pharos from two sides and his cause lost, had to flee the island, making use of some ships put aside for just such a contingency at a lonely spot and sailed away at nightfall, managing to reach King Philip of Macedon, at whose court he spent the rest of his life. Aemilius then took Pharos at once and razed it to the ground. (Pol. III, 19.) Apparently, the fate of his ancestor did not prevent the ambitious King Genthios from playing the game. First he tried to line himself up with Rome by offering ships to support the Romans when the Macedonian War was about to start in reality as some sort of an ancient "blitzkrieg," in June of the year 171 B. C., but his offer was not accepted.

Perseus of Macedon, in his preparations for a final showdown with the arch-enemy Rome, tried to draw on his side the tyrants and petty kings of the Illyrians. Not without Perseus' knowledge, one of them, Arthetiauros, who was known as a close friend of Rome, was murdered. The most powerful of these rulers, however, Genthios, son of Pleuratos, of the Royal House of Illyria, had, as did his father, a treaty of friendship with Rome. However, the envoys of Issa, another island, came to tell the Roman Senate that Perseus had a secret treaty with Genthios and that the latter's ambassadors in Rome were actually Macedonian spies. (Mommsen, p. 405, Phaidon I.)

While the Romans and Macedonians faced each other without much action, Genthios was finally bribed by the king to break his ties with Rome openly and had the Roman ambassadors thrown into jail. When it came to pay off, Perseus, however, greedy as he was, failed to keep his promise, reasoning that Genthios by now was compelled to take his side in the struggle anyway. (Mommsen, p. 414.)

This time, just as in 220, things did not work out the right way. After the complete defeat of the Macedonian Army at Pydna on September 4, 168 B. C., the campaign against Perseus' ally Genthios got under way. Within one month the pirate fleet was seized, the capital, Scodra, taken, and the King, Genthios, had the privilege to enter Rome as a prisoner side by side with his great partner, Perseus of Macedon. It must be remembered, however, that the defeat of the much more powerful Perseus had only taken half as long, 15 days from the arrival of Aemilius Lepidus at general headquarters, near Herakleion. (Mommsen, p. 416.)

After Macedon had been divided into four federations—in the true spirit of the word "Divide et Impera" (Divide and reign!) under Roman guidance and disarmed completely, Illyria was taken care of in a similar way.

The domain of Genthios was cut into three small states and the taxes formerly paid to the royal fiscus, were paid now to new governments, who, in their turn, had to deliver half of it to the Romans. Only those cities which had supported the Roman cause went tax exempt. The pirate fleet was confiscated and presented to the more important Greek communities of this coast. All the troubles caused to Greek and Roman shipping were thus ended. (Mommsen, p. 417.)

This was the political situation into which we have to place an unknown tyrant named Ballaios. As has been proved by the disastrous fate of Demetrios, the natural policy of a tyrant of Pharos was with and not against the Romans, but if necessary, against the main line of the Illyrian House. While Kenner placed the reign of Ballaios during the Macedonian War and

believed that Ballaios might have been an ally of Rome, rewarded after the war by the territory of Rhizon, Evans, and after him Dr. Brunsmid, are of different opinion. They reason that it is much more probable to place the reign of Ballaios between the years 167 and 135 B. C. and make him a Romanophile who ruled over a part of the territory not included in the division of Illyria after the defeat of Genthios. It seems that the latter view has more probability, but future finds will certainly be of significant interest.

Having thus disposed of the historical part of my essay, I should like to describe the coins issued by and under Ballaios.

There are a number of types with minor varieties, the main types being the ones with his royal title and those without. The coins are in bronze, but Kenner mentions three specimen and Brunsmid counts two specimens of a silver coin, similar in type and, as Kenner has perfectly proved, struck according to the standard of the Dyrrachian drachme or Victoriatus of 3.41 grammes. The obverse of the bronze as well as of the silver coins has the head of Ballaios, either to the left or to the right, and sometimes covered with a peculiar hat not unlike a petasos, but smaller in size. The reverse shows Artemis either to left or right, facing or walking, with one or two spears over her shoulder. The inscription in Greek reads either "Ballaïou Basileos" or just "Ballaïou" without royal title.

By reason of finds, Brunsmid believes that the coins with the royal title are from the continental mint at Rhizon, while those without would be products of a local Pharian mint. This division has first been made by Evans, who excavated some blank planchets of the bronze coins at the site of Rhizon, thus deducing that Rhizon was a minting place at the time of Ballaios. As to the frequency of these coins, it has been mentioned before that the drachme is extremely rare. The bronze coins are more common, but by far not numerous.

Mionnet (Tome II, 45) mentions five specimen of the bronze coin; Brunsmid records 27 bronze coins of Rhizon type and 19 of the pieces struck at Pharos; the British Museum Catalogues list a few specimen and one silver piece, and the collection of Theodore Unger, sold in Vienna by Kubasch and Egger in 1897, contained 82 bronze pieces, mostly from one hoard.

There are autonomous coins of Rhizon apparently struck during the period of Ballaios as a local issue, and there exist also certain coins of Pharos, with the local type of head l., rx. Kantharos, phi-alpha, which Kenner has ascribed to Ballaios. In fact, the head on these bronzes is very similar to the one figuring on the pieces with Ballaios' name.

There exist also barbarous degradations of the Ballaios coins and a later copy of the reverse with the letters MYN, discovered by Evans, which may belong to one of the later successors to Ballaios. Many coins of Ballaios are struck over contemporary Illyrian issues, mostly of Pharos.

This brings to a close the story of Ballaios, which is so much more alive today, as we all have witnessed a much similar development during the past years. All we have to do in order to get the political constellation of the period from 1935 to date is to change a few names.

For Illyria, let us say Albania; for the House of Illyria, King Zog; for Macedon, Greece, and for Rome, Italy.

The Albanian invasion by Italy thus compares to the Roman invasion of Illyria, and the Macedonian campaign of then was re-enacted in the Greek-Italian war which we are witnessing now. Let us hope, however, that there is one detail where history will not repeat itself: The fate of Perseus—and the future of Greece.

The magic tokens of the American sleight-of-hand artists seem to appear quite regularly in coin accumulations. An English nickel specimen has recently been noted, about the size of our half dollar. The obverse shows a head of the Sphinx, with the address of the firm below, and following above: HAMLEY'S LATE BLANDS MAGICAL PALACE. The reverse depicts the magic demon, with another London address and the legend: HAMLEY'S MAGICAL SALOONS. (While spelling is accurately transcribed here, it would appear that the meaning of the word SALOON, would approximate what is designated now by SALON.)

As The Twig Is Bent, So Is The Tree Inclined

A Coin Week Observance

Coin week observance, 1941, is now a thing of the past. It is too early to fully appraise the good results that will follow, both to the collecting fraternity and to the public. A partial report of the activities of the clubs and individuals taking part is published in this issue, with other reports to follow later.

The thanks of the members of the A. N. A. will go to the committee which arranged the observance on a larger scale than ever before, and of which David M. Bullowa was chairman, as well as to those who contributed of their time and effort to make it such a successful demonstration of what serious coin collecting really is. Here and there a local club or an individual or group of members seemed to feel that the success of the observance of the week as a whole depended upon their effort in their particular locality. That is the proper spirit.

Several instances have come to our attention where the proposed program of activities for the week seemed out of proportion to what might ordinarily be expected from those localities. Perhaps the most conspicuous example of this kind comes from Newark, N. J. The committee expected that the New Jersey Numismatic Society, with headquarters in Newark, would take an active part in the observance, but they were hardly prepared for what really took place along educational lines in that city by the secretary of the society—and the secretary is a lady, Mrs. Frank H. Brookes. Mrs. Brookes has been an occasional contributor to *The Numismatist* for some time past. Just prior to the observance Mrs. Brookes outlined to *The Numismatist* her program for the week, which is published here for the benefit of those who assisted elsewhere this year and who may be in position to help along similar lines next year:

"On Monday morning I shall be at the bank at 7.30 to arrange a display of North, South and Central American coins, mostly \$1 size, and several types of our \$1 bills, also 47 silver commemorative coins of the United States, as well as a type set of our nickels. At 9 o'clock I am due at the Cleveland Junior High School to talk from three to six times to two classes at a time. I don't know how many classes I can cover in one day. In that school I shall be able to show my coins at the time I talk. On Tuesday I shall be at the Ivy Street School to talk in assembly at noon, and shall show the coins after that in the school library to two classes at a time until all classes have seen them. On Wednesday I am to talk twice to two assemblies at the McKinley Junior High School, and shall show the coins in the recreation room at 3 o'clock to the children. That school has asked me to show the frames of currency to the adult neighbors near that school, so I shall be there that night, too. Thursday I'll be at the Madison School to talk to two assemblies and to show the coins between the talks to the classes (two at a time) in the school library. I expect three (perhaps four) newspapers will print an article on our U. S. nickel this Sunday, and they will tell of the bank exhibit so as many as possible will know about it and see it. The bank has kindly cooperated to allow the school children in to see the case of coins. The bank exhibit is in the name of the New Jersey Numismatic Society."

In arranging her exhibits Mrs. Brookes had the cooperation of a number of prominent collectors in Newark, Jersey City and Greater New York through the loan of specimens suitable for the occasion.

To others—either ladies or gentlemen—who are able to undertake similar educational work in schools, Mrs. Brookes has prepared the following, which may be used as a sample talk to potential numismatists in junior high and high schools in any locality, along with suitable exhibits, which may be either large or small as the occasion may seem to justify. It must always be borne in mind among present-day numismatists that it is from the younger

groups that the numismatic material of tomorrow will come. It is hoped that everyone will do his or her share to give the necessary thought to this angle and actually make a contribution toward the training of the younger numismatic generation.

Mrs. Brookes' sample talk is as follows:

United States History as Shown on our Coinage.

By EMILY LARSON BROOKES.

If you were to trace our United States history from our coinage you would realize how much we have grown and by what steps. In the early days before our country was the United States, the settlers here used Spanish money for trading as shown here by a piece-of-eight. This coin was often cut in four pieces in order to have more pieces of change available. Each piece was worth "two bits," or twenty-five cents.

The Indians used wampum, and through trading with them the white settlers came to use it, too, as currency. There were three colors of wampum—white, black and gray. The black was worth most and the gray the least in monetary exchange. The Governor of New Jersey, in the early 1600's, was allowed to travel free from Jersey City to what is now New York City, but others had to pay so many pieces of wampum for their commutation.

Soon England and France struck coins for their colonies here, and they were used also by the early settlers. Among the English coins are the Rosa Americana and the Hibernian coins, struck by William Wood for use in Ireland. The latter were refused there, so were sent to America. These coins undoubtedly circulated to some extent among our early colonists. France sent coins marked "French Colonies" for use in all her possessions in North America.

The first mint established in this country was authorized by the General Court of Massachusetts in 1651 and began operations in Boston in 1652. The Pine Tree shilling was one of the most popular pieces struck by that mint, although it struck a few other types of coins, too. The story is told that the mint-master, John Hull, gave his daughter's weight in these shillings as her dowry when she married. It is said, also, that the mint-master became so wealthy in coining these pieces for his wage of one for every twenty coined that the Massachusetts government attempted to change his wage.

Along about the time when Adams, Jefferson and Franklin were attempting to form our nation, the Continental Congress met and issued paper notes soon after the Revolutionary War began. The redemption of these notes rested in the States. The States had their own financial problems, however, and they were not truly united as yet, either, so they failed to support the credit of the paper bills. The value of the bills became greatly reduced; in fact, they became worthless. The expression "Not worth a Continental" came from this currency and its lack of value. Please note we were called "The United Colonies" then. About this time coins called "Nova Constellatio" and "Fugio" cents appeared. The latter is said to have been designed by Benjamin Franklin; it was the first coin issued by the American nation. The thirteen linked circles represent the unity the thirteen colonies, which first formed our United States, hoped to achieve. These cents circulated among the colonies, as did the Washington cents. The Washington cents are intriguing because although they were ordered and paid for by American patriots they were struck in Birmingham, England. Benjamin Franklin was a friend of Matthew Boulton of England, a die cutter who struck these pieces for use here. It is said when President Washington was asked if the Washington cents could become Government issues of the United States, he refused to allow his portrait to be put in such a kingly fashion on the coins of a democracy. Because of the shortage of money these various coins were needed and used by the United Colonies.

Not having any Federal currency to use, several of the States, after the Revolution, established their own mints and issued coins and paper notes for use in those particular States. A few of these coins and notes are shown. One is a coin from Connecticut, another is from New Jersey, and one is

from Vermont. Here is a paper bill from New Jersey, and a paper note from North Carolina. This coinage by the States caused much confusion, however, as a person might travel from what is now New York City to Jersey City and find he would need two types of currency. One State thought its currency more valuable than that of another State, and the States had a difficult time adjusting their finances to each other's satisfaction.

What to do was a problem which Alexander Hamilton and Thomas Jefferson solved. It was Alexander Hamilton who realized the United States needed a Federal banking system, and he it was who started it. Thomas Jefferson originated our decimal system. The manner of dividing our currency into tenths—ten cents to a dime, and ten dimes to a dollar—was Jefferson's idea. Incidentally, the United States was the first country to legalize the decimal system. Along in 1793 the first United States coins were issued. These were the half cents and cents. Later we had two-cent pieces, and silver and nickel three-cent pieces, just as our need for various pieces of change arose. The small-size cent did not come into existence until 1856, and it was first a flying eagle cent before it became a thick Indian head cent, then a thin Indian head cent, and finally, a Lincoln cent.

The nickel, whose 75th anniversary we are celebrating this year, was first struck in 1866, and we have had five different types of the nickel before our present Jefferson nickel. These are all shown. The first has rays through the stars; the next has plain stars and no rays; next is the Liberty type nickel without the word "cents" on it; next is the Liberty nickel your parents were accustomed to seeing, and then the Buffalo nickel you are still using together with the newer Jefferson nickel.

Half dimes and twenty-cent pieces are odd amounts of currency to us, but the United States mint struck these half dimes from 1794 until 1873, and the twenty-cent pieces from 1875 until 1878.

Four types of United States dimes are shown, and five types of quarters. Some of these may look strange to you, but they were common in the early days of the United States. You will see four types of half dollars from regular coinage, and two of what are called "commemorative" half dollars. These latter coins were made at the United States mint for certain organizations to sell at more than face value to help defray the cost of certain worthy projects. The Columbian half dollar, for instance, was coined to help defray the expenses of the Chicago World's Fair, which was held in 1892 and 1893. The Stone Mountain half dollar was struck to help defray the expenses of the gigantic memorial to the military leaders of the Confederacy, at Stone Mountain, Georgia. You probably have seen pictures of the huge faces cut in the stone of the mountain. The Isabella quarter is our only twenty-five-cent commemorative coin and is the only one which bears a foreign monarch's portrait. The ladies at the Chicago World's Fair had it struck, in 1893 as their share towards the expenses of the exposition.

A few types of silver dollars will show you how we have changed the design on that specie of currency, and a two-and-one-half-dollar gold piece represents a type of the United States mint's coinage which is now out of circulation.

The remaining exhibits are interesting historical pieces, even though the United States mint did not issue them. They are, perhaps, more interesting for that very reason, because necessity caused our ancestors to use them as money. During the Civil War period a shortage of currency arose which caused merchants to strike tokens to circulate as money. Useful as advertising, also, they filled a great need for small change. One of special interest to the girls is from Troy, N. Y., and says "hoop-skirts" on it. This shows quite clearly the fashion of the period.

A Mr. J. Gault, in 1862, patented his idea of encasing postage stamps under mica in metal to protect them from wear and to have these various encased postage stamps circulate as money.

American patriots struck pieces of metal similar to coins, which are called Civil War Tokens. They differ from the merchants tokens in the fact that they have no advertising on them. Many have patriotic expressions on them. One says "Millions for Defense, But Not One Cent for Tribute." They circulated as money also. Fractional currency of various amounts, from three cents to fifty cents, was a product of these times, also, but these

bills were Government issues in lieu of small change which was needed so badly. The same elderly gentleman I spoke of before told me he remembered the conductors on trains wrapping these pieces of paper money around their fingers, using a different finger for each value. This was to have their "change" ready for quick service.

Last, but not least, of the currency of these times were the notes of the Confederacy. Looking at these you can realize how a Southern millionaire could become a pauper when the Union won the war. A rather pathetic touch is in the wording on the various bills. First the Confederate States promised to pay within six months after a peace treaty had been ratified; later issues state payment would be made two years after ratification. Apparently they had expected not only to win the war but to have their currency on a paying basis within six months' time!

There is also a coin that is called a Trade dollar. It was struck in the United States, but was used for trading in China. Since it is an oddity in our coinage history, I thought it might be interesting to you.

During the gold rush to California private issues of gold were coined. Some were called ingots. The latter were flat bars of gold. The Mormons struck coins, also, and that is interesting in our country's monetary history. The United States has, also, of course, issued paper bills of various types. The coins and bills I have shown, however, give a fairly comprehensive coverage of the types of money the United States coined or the types which the people used at some period in our history. I hope seeing these coins will make studying United States history more interesting to you.

TWO-BILLIONTH NICKEL COINED DURING NATIONAL COIN WEEK.

A curious coincidence in anniversaries has recently occurred in the coinage of nickel five-cent pieces. In the course of the observance of National Coin Week by the American Numismatic Association, the Treasury Department announced the coinage of the two-billionth specimen. We reprint herewith the editorial of the New York Times, March 28, 1941, as an item of timely interest:

Two Billion Nickels.

Nearly three-quarters of a century ago the first nickel was stamped at the Federal mint. The two-billionth has just been put in circulation, so that, roughly, if no coin had been lost or worn out and if they could all be gathered in one ownership, an American might have a fortune of \$100,-000,000, all in nickels.

This, one believes, will not happen. The nickel is our most democratic coin, for it travels with pennies in the poor man's jeans and with wads of bills in the pants pockets of the affluent. For certain purposes, such as using the telephone at a pay station or getting into the subway in a hurry, it can do what untold wealth cannot do. In boyhood memories it symbolizes the trolley ride to the park, a bag of peanuts, five sticks of licorice, admission to the nickelodeon. The wealth of the Indies in adult life is dress compared with the possibilities held out by one's first nickel.

In a sense the nickel is a fraud, for it is three-fourths copper. It is related to that dreadful thing, "fiat money." But this is only to say that the countless transactions in which it figures every hour of every day are all acts of faith. As long as the nickel flourishes, and is even hoarded by those of us who anticipate tomorrow's telephone call and tomorrow's transportation, the Republic will stand.

At a recent meeting of the New York Numismatic Club, Thomas F. Morris exhibited a check drawn on Thomas F. Morris & Co., bankers, in the 1860's. Mr. Morris stated that the firm, having a name identical with his own, was not related. It brings to mind another instance, of the coinage of Hanau-Muenzenberg, a small principality in central Europe, which issued coins in the first quarter of the seventeenth century bearing the portrait and titles of Philip Morris. (Philip Mauritius, 1612-38).

WHAT IS THIS GOLD STANDARD?

(A paper by L. H. Riggs read at a meeting of the Indianapolis Coin Club on February 26, 1941.)

When the United States mint was established in 1792 it was decided to coin both gold and silver coins. Alexander Hamilton set the ratio as 15 to 1 with the intention to fix the legal ratio to approximate the market ratio. Owing to Hamilton's lack of information about the world's gold and silver, this double standard did not last and the gold standard was in effect within a year.

About 1820 the coinage system was on a silver basis because the gold coins were too valuable to circulate at par with the silver coins. Gradually the gold coins had been removed from circulation.

The act of June 28, 1834, reduced the legal weight of gold coins and, in effect, the gold standard was set up again. Under this act the standard fineness was set at 899.225. However, the act of January 18, 1837, modified the 1834 act and, while leaving the legal weight the same, it increased the standard fineness to 900 thousandths. This is the gold standard under which the United States operated until January 30, 1934.

During the banking crisis and unstable foreign currency situation in 1933 more than thirty countries went off the gold standard and lowered the value of their currencies in relation to the dollar. Our foreign trade diminished and prices of farm products and other commodities went lower and lower.

On January 30, 1934, the Gold Reserve Act went into effect and the dollar was devalued 41 per cent. by making its gold content 59 per cent. of its former weight. By deducting 41 per cent. we find that 15 5/21 grains of gold, 900 thousandths fine, was raised from \$20.67 per ounce to \$35 per ounce.

The devaluation of the dollar put us on what the experts called the international gold bullion standard. No one could demand gold at the Treasury for gold certificates, but the Government could buy and sell gold.

We have always been and still are on what we call the gold standard, because whenever the ratio between gold and silver has been upset to the advantage of silver, we have always gone back to the gold standard by legislation.

L. H. RIGGS.

ARTICLES WANTED FOR THE YOUNG COLLECTOR.

While the standard of articles for The Numismatist is maintained at as high a level as is consistent with its subscribers, The Numismatist is always glad to receive for inspection articles touching on the more elementary phases of numismatics.

The fact that The Numismatist has been published for fifty years, and now is in its fifty-fourth volume, is in no wise to be interpreted as a sign that it has passed the beginners' stages many years ago, and has no interest in the presentation of material to the newer collector.

In its monthly appearances The Numismatist attempts to bring material of interest to every collector, whether novice or seasoned numismatist.

Indeed, The Numismatist feels the need for competent articles on phases of beginning collecting.

In the July issue we should like to publish brief articles covering the following topics, which we would like to have written by collectors:

1. Why I Started Collecting U. S. Minor Coins (any series).
2. Why I Started Collecting Foreign Crowns (or other foreign series).
3. My Collection of American Paper Money (obsolete or current).
4. Medals Which I Have Collected (U. S. or foreign).
5. Tokens Which Are of Interest to Me (sales tax, transportation, etc., are included).

If you are a collector who commenced collecting in the past year or two, we should be very grateful for your views. We feel that what you have to say will stimulate others who are newer to these pages. In the fiftieth anniversary year of the Association we hope all collectors will cooperate in doing their share to make new collectors and to encourage and help the younger and new collector.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

NUMISMATICS AS A PRACTICAL TOOL.

The use of numismatics in educational work has long been suspected, and some few pioneers have taken the first steps in developing it. Perhaps one of the real objectives of the American Numismatic Association can be expressed in the preparation of a proper manual to have available for teachers, outlining the functions which numismatics can be made to serve in the classroom, thereby sowing the seed for the future numismatic students of America.

While it has long been acknowledged that numismatists are those who seek the hobby's thrills rather than those to whom the hobby is brought, there can still be a happy medium in at least making available the possibilities of the hobby to those desirous of going further.

It has been determined that the actual numismatic materials need not necessarily involve a large outlay. But it will require the time and effort of those interested in furthering the educational aspects of the hobby. It will mean that teachers in many parts of the nation will have to be shown how coins may prove a help in their class work. Before any teacher can impart the thrill of numismatics to a class, the teacher must have that very

thrill within him or her. It is the transfer of that thrill from our Association's members to those who are in position to pass it further that we must look today.

Without doubt this is the true problem facing the future of numismatics and numismatists in America today. We hope that our Association will approach this problem with a realistic view and take steps deemed plausible in furthering the presentation of numismatics to a newer and younger audience, who, in turn, will again do likewise for coming generations.

NATIONAL COIN WEEK.

At the time The Numismatist goes to press it is still too early to give any indication regarding the final results of National Coin Week. One thing, however, has already manifested itself from reports that have been received, and that is that National Coin Week in 1941 was observed on a scale greater than ever before. Communities in many parts of the country, not even having a member of the American Numismatic Association, had coin displays, and coin articles in local papers, due to the efforts of those "working behind the scenes."

National Coin Week has justified itself, and it is hoped that future observances will be coordinated so that the Association may gain the greatest amount of benefit from the efforts which are put into it.

IN THE MONTH OF MAY.

On May 19, 1828, the act of Congress was passed under the provisions of which the mint was continued at Philadelphia. It seems curious to us today that the Mint, which was authorized by Congress in 1792, was to be located at the seat of Government, only "for the time being," and that in March, 1801, an act was passed continuing the mint at Philadelphia until 1803. In 1803, a further act was passed to cover the ensuing five-year period. In 1808 another act prolonged the life of the Philadelphia Mint for a five-year term. Similar legislation was passed in 1812 and 1818, but in 1828 the wording was revised to read that the mint would continue in Philadelphia until otherwise provided for by law.

On May 16, 1866, the heretofore noted coinage of the 5-cent nickel piece was authorized.

The month of May also witnessed the legislation by which the coinage of the 20-cent piece was prohibited.

MR. EKLUND PRESENTS A LIST OF COPPER COINS OF SWEDEN.

In this issue we begin the publication of a descriptive list of the copper coins of Sweden, compiled by O. P. Eklund, of Spokane, Wash. Mr. Eklund is no stranger to the readers of The Numismatist. During the past fifteen or twenty years we have published a number of similar lists by him of the copper coins of many of the countries in the Western Hemisphere and Europe. He is without doubt the leading collector of the copper coins of the world and an acknowledged authority on them. As usual, the list will be profusely illustrated, and will be published in five or six installments, the plate coins of Sweden occupying a separate section. We bespeak a cordial reception of his latest list.

WILL PROOF COINS BE DISCONTINUED?

It is reported that the Treasury Department has been checking up on the cost of issuing proof coins, and if it developed they were losing money on these coins they might discontinue their issue. The proof coins issued since 1936 have proved very popular and the number struck annually has shown a steady increase. Collectors would probably be willing to pay a reasonable increase in price rather than see the proofs discontinued.

"THOSE EARLY VOLUMES."

It is with considerable interest that we see that a set of the first six volumes of *The Numismatist* (or *American Numismatist*, as Volume 1, No. 1, was styled) catalogued in Mr. Fisher's sale of May 3rd. While it is generally conceded that the information to be obtained from these early numbers is not significant, the collectors' love of completeness and desire to have rare items, make the sale of this series of our predecessor in the anniversary year of the Association an item of note. It is seldom realized how few complete sets of *The Numismatist* are available.

THE ASSAY COMMISSION MEDAL FOR 1941.

A medal is struck each year at the Philadelphia Mint to commemorate the meeting of the Assay Commission. A report of the meeting this year was published in last month's issue of *The Numismatist*. Each member of the commission is presented one of the medals, which is illustrated below. The medal from which the illustration is made was furnished by Joseph Coffin, of New York City, a member of the A. N. A. and one of the members of the Assay Commission for 1941.



Obverse: A scene showing a workman in front of a furnace pouring molten metal from a ladle into molds in the manufacture of ingots. Around the border is the inscription, ANNUAL ASSAY COMMISSION 1941, UNITED STATES MINT, PHILA.

Reverse: The figure of a woman seated by a stand on which is a pair of scales symbolizing the people of the United States as represented by the Assay Commission, weighing coins which are stacked before her; in her left hand she holds a scroll upon which the annual report will be made; in the background above is a shield with the seal of the Treasury Department; in the left field is a stack of bars and in the right field a modern coining press; around the edge are the names of the five principal departments.

Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint, posed for the figure of the woman on the medal, which was executed by J. R. Sinnock, chief engraver, U. S. Mint.

The Plancia family of Republican Rome had only a single member who was permitted to strike coins. He was Cnaeus Plancius, who flourished about 68 B. C. The obverse shows the head of Diana Planciana, and the reverse a gazelle, symbolic of the Cretan origins of the family, with which the animal was associated.

THE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION.

During the course of the past few months we have been hopeful that collectors throughout the country would write *The Numismatist* from time to time, asking for general information about specific numismatic problems which they have.

While the Association cannot endeavor to give information regarding dealers, or credit information, it does wish to place its facilities at the disposal of the Association's membership, to assist in the classification or attribution of coins, medals, tokens or paper money.

Matters concerning the history of certain coinages, or the reason for their appearance, can be discussed. There can be information given as to the sources to which collectors should look for certain types of information. Some collectors from time to time, have asked for data about building up their own numismatic libraries.

If you have questions, we shall be glad to answer them, yet it is not our desire to discuss controversial matters, such as have been previously treated, and which are not of general interest.

We wish to make the Association of use to you, and our only way of determining that we are of service to you is by being asked to assist you. There is no charge for this service, or strings of any kind. We only want to serve you better, and trust that there is some way in which this may be manifested.

MEDAL FOR BALTIMORE COIN CLUB'S ANNIVERSARY.

At the sixth anniversary dinner of the Baltimore Coin Club, March 20, each one present was presented a souvenir medal cast in bronze and measuring $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. The medals were designed and executed by John M. Cook, president of the club the past year, and presented by Mr. Cook as a memento of the occasion. The obverse shows the head of Cecil Calvert, Lord Baltimore, as it appears upon the Maryland shilling.



The lettering, incused, reads: CECIL CALVERT, BALTIMORE COIN CLUB. The reverse shows the worm, landscape, and two doves depicted upon the Annapolis shilling, struck by Chalmers. Lord Baltimore's coinage was issued in 1659, and that of Chalmers was struck in 1783.

The inscription on the reverse, incused, reads SIXTH ANNIVERSARY, MARCH 20, 1941.

MR. SNYDER ASKS SOME QUESTIONS.

What has happened to our "silver" market? San Francisco mint struck no coins during the month of February. Denver mint coined no dimes in February and no half dollars all last year. Philadelphia mint made 1500 proof sets in February, but no regular halves or quarters throughout February. Are we short on silver? Philadelphia mint made but 2,060,000 dimes in February while they made 7,790,503 dimes in January. Have we need for another mint?

C. LOU SNYDER, A. N. A. 7859.

2827 N. Burling Street, Chicago, Ill.

THE CONVENTION AS A MEETING PLACE.

The Numismatist is pleased to see the whole-hearted manner in which the numismatic Philadelphians have girded themselves to be the hosts of the American Numismatic Association Convention in August. No pains are being spared to make the Jubilee Convention one of the most memorable conventions the Association has held.

The promise that the complete Convention program ticket will cost only \$5, is being fulfilled, and it is certain to be supported by every person interested in numismatics and present at the Convention.

It is hoped that none will attempt to benefit by the convention without contributing his share. Both the dealer and the collector should support the convention—the dealer at the bourse table and the collector by his registration. We hope that during the Jubilee Convention the number of those failing to share the responsibility will be smaller than ever before.

If you are a member of the Association and cannot afford the registration fee, you do not have to register at the annual convention. We do ask, however, that all who make the trip come prepared to participate in the fun, in the payments, and in the pleasures which every convention of the Association affords to the numismatist.

NEWCOMER COLLECTION OF MULTIPLE TALERS TO BE SOLD.

A large collection of over one hundred talers issued in Germany in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, including specimens of the highest rarity, will be auctioned on Thursday, May 15th, 1941, by J. C. Morgenthau & Co., New York. The collection was formed by the late Waldo Newcomer, of Baltimore.

Many of the specimens in the collection are the large "redemption" multiples issued by the Dukes as loans, which were to be repaid in peace times. The principle involved was for the Dukes to issue to the wealthy citizens these heavy silver coins in the 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 10 thaler denominations, and in time of war these would be called in, forming the Dukes' war chest. In better times, they would be repaid again. They were not exchangeable and were virtually registered in the names of the owners, who were always accountable for them. Loans, however, could be executed against them. The sale of these pieces is remarkable, in view of quality and quantity.

The finest collection which has ever been assembled of the rare series of silver multiple talers of Brunswick was that of the Duke of Cumberland, which was catalogued by Edward Fiala many years ago. The Duke of Cumberland was a relative of the English Kings, since the Hannoverian line of Brunswick became English Kings through George I, who prior to 1714, was Elector of Brunswick and Luneberg. When Queen Victoria came to the throne, the royal families were separated, as Salic law prevailed in Hannover.

The present offering is one of the finest that have been presented in this series in this country, in many years.

MR. HEAD'S DEFINITION OF "NUMISMATICS."

The great English numismatist, Barclay V. Head, made the statement that numismatics, as a term, strictly speaking, should be limited to pieces which have actually served as currency, thus eliminating from the meaning, tokens and medals, but possibly including paper money.

The introduction to Boyne's "Tokens of the Seventeenth Century" is an interesting survey of early money conditions in England. He states: ". . . transactions requiring money of inferior value were carried on by means of black mail, turneys, Abbey-pieces, crockards, dotkins, staldings, and other base foreign currency." Even Frey's "Dictionary of Numismatic Names" fails to enlighten the curious numismatist as to the derivation and source of some of these odd phrases.

COINAGE FOR MARCH, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during March, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Silver—			
Half dollars	\$379,754.50	.....	.....
Quarter dollars	327,377.25	.....	\$103,200.00
Dimes	454,170.90	.....	590,000.00
Five-cents	495,280.00	.....	286,000.00
Cents	381,066.00	.....	10,500.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments—

At Philadelphia Mint—Netherland East Indies, silver, 720 fine, 25 cents, 13,056,000 pieces; 10 cents, 13,000,000 pieces.

At San Francisco Mint—Indo-China, nickel 20 centimes, 7,185,000 pieces; 10 centimes, 11,670,000 pieces.

CUMULATIVE MINT REPORT.

Following is the cumulative mint report for the production at the three mints through March 1941. Figures given indicate number of pieces coined:

Half dollars	2,513,921
Quarter dollars	4,956,321
Dimes	28,214,721
Five cent nickels	43,070,600
One cent bronze	133,204,600

Total coinage 211,960,163

It will again be observed that the entire production of the San Francisco mint was devoted exclusively to the coinage of the Indo-China pure nickel 5-cent and 10-cent pieces.

PROOF COINS STRUCK FOR FIRST THREE MONTHS OF 1941.

The following shows the number of proof coins struck for the first three months of 1941: Cents, 4,600; nickels, 4,600; dimes, 3,721; quarter dollars, 3,521; half dollars, 3,521.

JOSEPH SILVERMAN.

BOOK REVIEW.

The Coinage of the Western Seleucid Mints. Edward T. Newell, Numismatic Studies, Number 4, 1941. 465 pages, 85 plates. American Numismatic Society, N. Y. \$10.00.

This final work, by the classical scholar, Edward T. Newell, was in the final stages of proofreading when the author met unexpected death, and had to leave to those who survived him the task of publication. As a consequence, the work has been published by the American Numismatic Society posthumously.

A review of the study will appear in a subsequent issue.

The Buffalo Numismatic Association has recently issued another of its tokens. The latest issue reads: BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED MAY 13, 1927 in six lines. The reverse reads: PRESIDENT P. D. WILLIAMS, TREASURER A. A. GULLIAN, SECRETARY B. N. BAILEY, 1941, in seven lines. The tokens measure 30 mm in diameter and have a plain edge.

AMERICAN NUMISMATIC SOCIETY.

The quarterly meeting of the American Numismatic Society was held in their museum on Saturday afternoon, April 12, 1941, Mr. Pell presiding.

Mr. Noe, as secretary of the society, read a very moving minute, approved by the Council, on the passing of Mr. Newell. A report was also read by Mr. Noe, in his capacity as curator, of the acquisitions, by gift or purchase, which had come to the Society's collections since January.

Mr. Pell, in introducing himself to the members, explained that he was not a numismatist, and was president pro tempore, filling the unexpired term of Mr. Newell. There had never been any provision for a vice-president of the society, and for that reason, at the annual meeting in January 1942, appropriate amendments will be offered to remedy the situation.

Following the meeting, there was an informal hour.

TOLEDO COIN CLUB EXHIBIT AT HOBBY SHOW.



The above photograph shows a coin display sponsored by the Toledo (Ohio) Coin Club at the Toledo Hobby Show during National Coin Week.

NEW CHINESE NOTE.

A new Chinese 5-yuan note has been received, bearing the facing bust of Dr. Sun Yat Sen in an oval frame at the left. At the right is the value. All wording on the obverse is in Chinese. The predominant color is ultramarine blue. The reverse is printed in English and shows a pagoda or temple at the right in an oval panel, and a large 5 in the center. The notes are issued by the Bank of China and are dated 1940. They were engraved by the American Bank Note Company and measure 6½ by 3 inches.

William III of England, 1684-1702, was William II of Scotland, and William I of Great Britain, Ireland and France. On his coinage for Scotland the numerals were omitted following his name.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST CONVENTION OF COIN CLUBS.

Collectors from all over Oregon and Washington met at Centralia, Wash., on Sunday, March 30th to hold the second annual Pacific Northwest Convention of Coin Clubs. Approximately 100 collectors were registered at this meeting, held once each year as a joint session of the Tacoma Coin Club, Seattle Coin Club and the Oregon Numismatic Society of Portland. These clubs selected Centralia this year as a place equidistant between the two localities and engaged the Lewis-Clarke Hotel for the event.

The Tacoma club was represented by 7 members and the Seattle club by 27 members. The Portland club was represented by 44 members. Approximately 20 collectors from Western Washington were present. Judge Beall, of the Washington Supreme Court, at Olympia, and Albert Deishl, collector-dealer, from Spokane came down especially for the event.

The committee handling this year's arrangement were Jos. V. LaMore, chairman, of Portland; Paul Fouts, of Seattle, and Mr. Louis K. Woodford of Tacoma.

Adequate protection was made by the Washington State police, who had several men on hand to guard the displays, conservatively estimated to be worth over \$15,000. The Portland club brought into use its 30 trays which had just been made for the members' use. Several trays were devoted to pioneer gold, including the rare California Shults & Company \$5 piece of 1851. Most of the exhibit was devoted to American pieces and covered almost the entire field from fractional currency, colonials, patterns to street-car tokens, encased postage stamps and medals. One tray alone was insured for \$2,000. The oddest exhibit was a collection of 550 all-different street-car tokens.

A banquet was served from 1.00 o'clock until 2.30, accompanied with music and entertainment stunts.

The officers of the several clubs held a short business session and elected Fred W. Urch, of Tacoma, chairman for the 1942 meeting; Leonard Trythall, Portland, and Dr. H. L. Moon, Seattle, assistant chairmen, and L. K. Woodford, Tacoma, secretary-treasurer.

At the general meeting in the afternoon the officials of the several clubs were introduced. Short talks were given by the chairman, Mr. LaMore; by Mr. Urch of Tacoma, and Howard Hughes, of Portland. The principal speakers were Paul Fouts and Judge Walter B. Bealls, Washington State Supreme Court Judge. Mr. Fouts made a very interesting talk on the story and history of the Columbian Exposition coins. Judge Bealls spoke on coin collecting in general and told of a number of his personal experiences. The meeting was closed with a showing of current war moving pictures.

An auction was held with Mr. Glickert and Mr. Fouts acting as auctioneers.

COLUMBUS CLUB CELEBRATES ANNIVERSARY.

The tenth anniversary display by the Columbus (Ohio) Numismatic Society, celebrating the opening of National Coin Week for 1941 and the seventy-fifth anniversary of the nickel five-cent coinage, was attended by more than 10,000 people. Old-timers, who have attended many conventions and exhibits, claimed they have never seen the equal. The two-day program started at noon, Saturday, March 22. From the time the doors were opened until they were closed there was a steady stream of visitors. Sunday afternoon the coin auction of 100 lots was well attended. Auctioneer Sam Kabealo did his usually fine job.

Following the display, Sunday evening at 7 P. M., the members celebrated the founding of the Columbus Numismatic Society at a banquet in the Neil House. Besides the members the following were present: Mrs. J. M. Henderson, Mrs. Vic Chambers, Mrs. J. C. Archer and her two sons, Mrs. C. W. Randolph, Mrs. H. R. Rodecker, Mrs. Starkloff, Mr. and Mrs. James Kelly and Mr. and Mrs. Welch.

The history of the Columbus Numismatic Society was reviewed by the charter members present, Dr. J. M. Henderson, S. J. Kabealo and George Andrews. Interesting sidelights and comments were given by Mrs. J. M.

Henderson, who has observed and helped behind the scenes. The secretary, Charles Kabealo, told of the society's development from 1931 to date.

After the banquet the guests were entertained by a fine dance recital by members of the classes of Breckenridge Dancing School. Among the dancing entertainers was Joan Elizabeth, the talented daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Vic Chambers.

The displays by members of the Columbus Club are as follows:

Charles and Sam Kabealo: United States cents, nickels, dimes and quarters.

Dr. J. M. Henderson: United States Peace dollars and different types of U. S. gold pieces.

George L. Andrews: United States paper money, store cards, and broken-bank notes.

Fred Burton: United States fractional currency.

C. A. Dunlap: United States large cents and quarters.

E. C. Henderson: Choice collection of European crowns.

C. J. Stotts: United States fractional currency.

J. C. Archer: United States coins.

C. W. Randolph: Choice United States paper money.

M. F. Higgy: Six cases of choice and very rare United States coins.

Bruce Ruggles: Varieties of United States coins.

L. M. Skidmore: United States large and small cents.

Herman Chaney: Oddities in United States coins.

The Columbus club is to be commended on the wonderful attendance and good newspaper publicity which it received.

BOSTON SOCIETY TO HOLD NEW ENGLAND CONFERENCE.

At its regular monthly meeting, March 31, the Boston Numismatic Society voted to devote its May 23rd meeting to a general numismatic conference to be open to members of all numismatic societies in New England, as well as to any members of the American Numismatic Association in that territory and not affiliated with any local club. Tentative plans now call for the usual society dinner preceding the meeting, and afterwards an evening of general discussion designed to give all present a complete picture of numismatic activities in New England. It is probable that one or two papers on subjects of special interest will be prepared.

The date for this dinner and conference has been set for Friday, May 23. The hour and place are not yet determined. The Boston Numismatic Society is communicating with other societies regarding attendance and emphasizing the fact that it is desired and hoped that visitors will bring their ladies to help make the evening a pleasant one. This meeting will take the place of a similar conference the Rhode Island Coin Club hoped to hold in Providence, but abandoned owing to lack of enough active members to make it a success. The Rhode Island Club is planning full support to the Boston conference.

Further information will be given gladly by Ernest R. Shackford, secretary, Boston Numismatic Society, 20 Garfield Street, Cambridge, Mass.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB HOLDS ANNUAL DINNER.

The seventh annual dinner of the Westchester County Coin Club was the usual well-attended suburban numismatic affair, held this year on April 15 at the Donnybrook Lodge, in Scarsdale, N. Y.

While the practice at many numismatic meetings throughout the country has been on annual occasions to have outside guest speakers address the collectors and their friends, the Westchester County Coin Club inaugurated an innovation, which should take wide hold in numismatic circles throughout the country.

The club's dinner committee, headed by William S. Dewey, asked three members of the club to make brief addresses on topics of their own selection. Thus, native talent, and a diversity of topic, pitch and exhibits are assured.

The three speakers, who were introduced by that genial and popular col-

lector, Kenneth L. E. Marsden, were Homer R. Stephens, of Ossining, N. Y., who spoke about the railroad notes of this country in its formative period. Mr. Stephens has a remarkable collection of the notes, and drew many interesting experiences from his wide range of material, which has been the outcome of many hours of research into railroad histories, financial histories and the like since the 1820's, when such companies were first organized.

The second speaker was David M. Bullowa, of New York, who spoke on the English penny of Canute, explaining its historical significance and interpreting the changes which have resulted since the early days prior to the Norman Invasion in 1066, when the pennies were silver coinages. A Canute penny was exhibited. The constant debasement of coinages was shown to the present time, when pennies are brass, or bronze, and multiple pennies are silver.

The third speaker of the evening was Harry J. Stein, of Long Island, N. Y., who spoke of the use of coinage as a means of propaganda by the Roman Emperors in furthering their own ends and deceiving the people. Mr. Stein had several specimens of the classical period with him, bearing inscriptions more in the nature of wishful thinking, as history as shown conclusively the falsity of the statements. Mr. Stein explained how the circumstances developed in each instance, and made the use of numismatic propaganda, even in Roman times, very plausible.

NEW PAPER MONEY FOR VENEZUELA.

Through the courtesy of P. K. Anderson, District Secretary of the A. N. A. for Venezuela, we are able to furnish a description of the new 100-bolivares note, issued by the Central Bank of Venezuela. The notes are dated February 22nd, 1941, and show the name of the issuing city above the central oval bust of Simon Bolivar, the Liberator. The notes were engraved by the American Bank Note Co., and show the bust in the center, with the values at the side. The notes are remarkable in that Venezuela, a nation on the gold standard, makes no mention of the security of the note. The phrase reads: "Pagaderos al portadores en las oficinas del Banco (Will pay to the bearer at the offices of the Bank)". The 100-bolivares notes are mainly brown in color. The reverse has the shield of Venezuela, with the double anniversary dates: 19 April 1810, Independence, 20 February, 1859, Federation. The notes measure approximately 6 by 2¾ inches. The protective devices are a rainbow-colored grill-work design and colored confetti in the paper.

A SUGGESTION FROM MR. HEARN.

I have helped many friends get a start in coin collecting by giving them some of my duplicates and helping them with my limited knowledge and library on coins. I also have written to several papers in New York City, asking them to publish articles for the beginner on coins, and suggested that they could get the cooperation of the coin dealers by securing ads designed for the beginner.

A campaign in this direction, in my opinion, would help greatly to increase the number of real collectors and thus increase our membership.

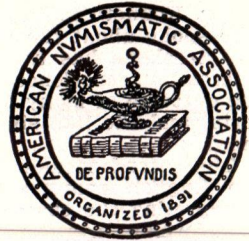
HALL HEARN, A. N. A. 7630.

106 Gold Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

In 1789 a curious 42-kreutzer piece was issued by the Canton of Sarine and Broye, which was a part of Freiburg prior to February 1789, and was again reunited to it in the end of May of that same year. The obverse shows the cap of Liberty, and the reverse the value within a wreath.

The U. S. Mint in 1812 struck one denomination in gold, silver and copper—the half eagle, half dollar, and the cent, respectively.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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Report of The General Secretary

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- 8485 Elmo C. Rankin, Custer City, Okla.
- 8486 Ellis Howard Michael, 3427 W. Grace St., Apt. 3, Richmond, Va.
- 8487 Dmitry N. Moshkaloff, 2041 Lyon St., San Francisco, Calif.
- 8488 William Nelson, 4830 Schubert Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- 8489 Abe F. Rosenbaum, P. O. Box 1, Centerville, Iowa.
- 8490 A. A. Wilbur, Box 96, R. R. 1, Washdougla, Wash.
- 8491 Mrs. Fred F. Wagner, 626 Polk St., Amarillo, Texas.
- 8492 Emil Gumpert, 1501 W. Willow St., Stockton, Calif.
- 8493 M. L. Graham, 4702 East 39th St., Seattle, Wash.
- 8494 Howard W. Vandegrift, 600 Bedford St., Cumberland, Md.
- 8495 Dr. Ray H. Wilson, 4003 Goldfinch St., San Diego, Calif.
- 8496 M. Robert B. Klinger, 614 Monroe St. Apt. 3, Ann Arbor, Mich.
- 8497 Eunice Hutto, Bob Jones College, Cleveland, Tenn.
- 8498 Robert J. Tobin, care Tilo Roofing Co., Inc., 347 Longbrook Ave., Stratford, Conn.
- 8499 Roy F. Steinert, 106 Brighton, Highland Park, Mich.
- 8500 Frank L. McIntyre, 250 East Colombia, Detroit, Mich.
- 8501 Milton Marmorstein, 813 Lancaster Rd., Richmond, Va.
- 8502 Veri S. Bonebrake, 1409 N. E. Siskiyou St., Portland, Ore.
- 8503 John L. Miller, 112 South Prospect St., Hagerstown, Md.
- 8504 Robert Siegel, 1978 East 17th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
- 8505 Jack J. Fisher, Box 767, Coalinga, Calif.
- 8506 Joe Benton Davis, 1414 14th St., Corpus Christi, Tex.
- 8507 Thomas F. McDonald, 176 Broadway, Passaic, N. J.
- 8508 Myron B. Schumacher, Chase Nat'l Bank, Money Exhibit Dept., 46 Cedar St., New York City, N. Y.
- 8509 Charles J. Heath, Jefferson St., Monticello, N. Y.
- 8510 Emmett W. Tardy, Lexington, Va.
- 8511 Wesley N. Malespino, 521 N. Wilson Way, Stockton, Calif.

- 8512 Wilson E. Pollard, 2323 Coyner Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.
 8513 Max Pernt, 102 West 80th St., New York City, N. Y.
 8514 Jack Franzen, 1122 Milton Ave., Janesville, Wis.
 8515 Marcellus S. Miller, 357 Hamilton Ave., Norfolk, Va.
 8516 Edwin Otto Schorse, 2231 W. Fond du Lac Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
 8517 Frank A. Seyler, 5855 Alderson St., Pittsburgh, (19), Pa.
 8518 S. H. Huizenga, 5958 W. Roosevelt Rd., Chicago, Ill.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during March, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to June 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the June issue of The Numismatist.

- James F. Stewart**, 8519, 26 Knoerl Ave., Buffalo, N. Y. General. J. M. Taylor, N. J. Hopkins.
Lieut. Com. Walter M. Wynne, 8520, 149 68th Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. U. S. and Canadian Coins. Lieut. Com. O. H. Dodson, Denis A. Moloney.
George S. Ragee, 8521, 159 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y. General. Arthur W. Deas, T. F. Morris.
Mortimer De Groot, 8522, 110 W. 34th St., New York City, N. Y. U. S. Coins. Arthur W. Deas, Thos. F. Morris.
H. A. Barrill, 8523, 2709 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Calif. U. S. Coins. Edward Fogler, E. A. Parker, H. L. Hill.
N. Key Hart, 8524, 4322 Second Road North, Arlington, Va. U. S. Coins. Fred-eric E. Hodge, Walter F. Oakes, Parker F. English.
Theodore C. Brandts, 8525, Mercelina Park, Celina, Ohio. Cents. James Kelly, Charles-Boos, Dr. Scheidt.
William Pietsch, Jr., 8526, 2119 North 69th St., Wauwatosa, Wis. U. S. Coins. R. A. Wilson, Lewis M. Reagan.
Wm. H. Dillistin, 8527, 33 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y. Paper Money. Lewis M. Reagan, Vernon L. Brown.
James Lee, 8528, care Big Jo Lumber Co., Roswell, N. Mex. U. S. Coins. R. L. Koerth, L. M. Hoffecker.
R. J. Benedetti, 8529, 92-25 Silver Rd., Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y. U. S. Cents. William L. Clark, L. Melucci, Dr. N. Pilosi.
A. B. Grant, 8530, 7434 Wyoming, Kansas City, Mo. Fifty-Cent Pieces. H. E. Rowold, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Anthony A. Mishani, 8531, 340 E. Mifflin St., Lebanon, Pa. U. S. Coins. Paul H. Herbein, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Floyd Austin Barber, 8532, 52 Norton, Pontiac, Mich. General U. S. Coins. Walter L. Willson, Laurence Comstock, Leona Fleckenstein.
Paul M. Johnson, 8533, 2733 N. W. 17th, Oklahoma City, Okla. U. S. General. Jake B. Sureck, H. W. Zeigler.
Herbert E. Mangels, 8534, R. F. D. #1, care H. Schmitt, Silver Spring, Maryland. General. Jos. Barnett, Carl Sandberg, F. M. Hiatt.
B. E. Brown, 8535, Long Lake, Box 365, Ingleside, Ill. U. S. General. R. H. Rosholm, M. Vernon Sheldon.
George Adams, 8536, 55 Locust Ave., New Rochelle, N. Y. General. Lewis M. Reagan, Abraham Kosoff.
Alan Burghheimer, 8537, 350 Central Park West, New York City, N. Y. Commemorative and Regular Half Dollars. Jos. Barnett, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Adolph Friedman, 8538, 39 Burkewood Rd., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. American Gold and Silver. Saul Bellus, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Ernest A. Kehr, 8539, 230 West 41st St., New York City, N. Y. General. David M. Bullowa, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Fred G. Wirthman, 8540, 3436 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo. Copper, Silver and Gold Coins. H. E. Rowold, B. Payne, R. P. Buford.
E. J. Asthalter, 8541, Box 118, Muscatine, Iowa. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Irving Markel, 8542, 4708 Williamsburg Ave., Richmond, Va. U. S. Coins, Russell Mansfield, H. E. Hurst, Phil Berg.
Malcolm B. Berger, 8543, 401 North Taylor Ave., St. Louis, Mo. U. S. Coins. Fouad K. Saab, Geo. E. May, John H. Snow.
Robert William Brown, 8544, 233 Plaza Hotel, Colorado Springs, Colo. U. S. Coins. Edgar Levy, M. Vernon Sheldon.
John Francis Wall, 8545, 2110 Wolcott St., Flint, Mich. General. Elton W. West, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Edward T. English, 8546, 119 East 84th St., New York City, N. Y. U. S. Coins Generally. Jos. Barnett, M. Vernon Sheldon.
C. B. Lott, 8547, Xenia, Ohio. American. Lewis G. Granger, J. Lewis Good.
James G. McNeas, 8548, 719 Minnesota Ave., Kansas City, Kansas. Type Sets and Small Cents. R. A. Wilson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Wm. Blaser, 8549, 2421 Le Claire, Davenport, Iowa. U. S. Copper Coins. Loyd B. Gettys, M. Vernon Sheldon.
E. Kann, 8550, 941 Avenue Foch, Shanghai, China. China. David M. Bullowa, H. Aufwerber.
Rev. H. Earl Schlotzhauer, 8551, 2455 South 4th Street, Allentown, Pa. All U. S. Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, Newton Lorney.
Jules Girden, 8552, 321 West 44th St., New York City, N. Y. Cents and Commemorative Half Dollars. Karl G. MacDonald, Nicholas C. Scarpelli, M. B. Blackman.
B. A. Talmadge, 8553, 8006 Stroud Ave., Seattle, Wash. General. Paul Fouts, C. C. Saeman.

- Walter S. Flickinger**, 8554, Camp NP-16, Star Route, Quantico, Va. Early American Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, T. J. Martin, Allan Gray.
- R. R. Bacon**, 8555, 1600 Altamira, Martinez, Calif. American Coins. Alwyn C. Lytle, A. H. Calderwood, P. D. Butcher.
- Henry Tucker**, 8556, 719 Bryant St., Stroudsburg, Pa. All Coins. Roy T. Barnhart, Kenneth Lobb.
- F. J. Bolton**, 8557, P. O. Box 951, Harrisburg, Pa. Paper Currency. Samuel A. Levin, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Edwin R. Hatheway**, 8558, 48 High St., Newburyport, Mass. General. Ambrose J. Brown, W. M. Bickford, R. C. Brown.
- Randolph S. Kuriger**, 8559, 511 Hemlock St., Jackson, Miss. General. Jno. Taylor, E. M. Eversole.
- Ary L. Turner**, 8560, P. O. Box 121, Mesquite, Texas. All Types of One-Cent Coins. H. B. Wyatt, Claud M. Denney.
- John R. Agurkis**, 8561, 96 Thornton St., Wollaston, Mass. U. S. General. Ralph G. Longfellow, Lewis M. Reagan.
- Harry R. Sterrett**, 8562, P. O. Box 1800, Milwaukee, Wis. Small U. S. Coins. John R. Stewart, Lillard W. Culver.
- Dale A. Swift**, 8563, 14 East 28th St., New York City, N. Y. U. S. Half Dollars. Farran Zerbe, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- James Buchbinder**, 8564, 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wis. American Coins. H. L. Polzer, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Miss Florence Cromley**, 8565, 516 Griesheim Bldg., 219 N. Main St., Bloomington, Illinois. General. Col. R. A. Wilson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Harry Cutler**, 8566, 311 Grant Ave., San Francisco, Calif. General. Edward Fogler, E. A. Parker.
- Dr. C. K. Gibbons**, 8567, Kearney, Neb. Silver Dollars. John A. Henry, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- James Melton**, 8568, Box 8, Westport, Conn. Foreign Gold, U. S. Gold and Silver. P. R. Gregory, H. M. Lane.
- H. Warren Lawrence**, 8569, 57 High St., Middletown, Conn. American Gold. Jos. B. Stack, M. Vernon Sheldon.

Life Membership Application.

- Life No. 58, Vine D. Lord, 5329, P. O. Box 26, Cando, N. D. Half Dollars and Commemoratives. M. Vernon Sheldon, Lewis M. Reagan, J. Henri Ripstra.

Reinstatement.

- 6869 William Stringham, R. R. 1, Largo, Fla.

Deaths.

- 2919 Life Number 28, Mrs. S. A. Brown, Port Washington, L. I., N. Y.
 3720 Julius C. Garrell, Santa Monica, Calif.
 4122 Thomas Ray Dille, Morgantown, W. Va.

Resignations.

- 7170 Roy H. Caraway, Cleveland, Tenn.
 5752 Sol Orabella, New York City, N. Y.
 6043 Joseph Reiss, Washington, D. C.
 8063 M. A. Hibbs, Kansas City, Mo.
 6442 J. Carlisle Pierce, Jamesville, N. Y.
 7813 D. A. Murray, Seattle, Wash.
 1200 Geo. A. Steele, Willow Grove, Pa.
 6889 Mrs. P. R. Hilleman Sr., Pittsburgh, Pa.
 4208 A. A. Horne, Galveston, Texas.
 7165 James Quinn, Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y.

Change of Address.

- Quad City Coin Club, 7267, from Marjorie L. Ankeny, Secy., 218 Essex Lane, Davenport, Iowa, to Vera C. Strachan, Secy., R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.
 Boone Numismatic Association, 8140, from Maurice W. Wilson, Secy.-Treas., 824 Allen, Boone, Iowa, to Maurice W. Wilson, Secy.-Treas., 516 Crawford St., Boone, Iowa.
 Flint Coin Club, 8100, from Roland G. Curtis, Secy., 2210 Pennsylvania Ave., Flint, Mich., to Elton W. West, Secy., 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.
 The Oklahoma City Coin Club, 7118, from H. W. Zeigler, Secy., 3211 Military Ave., Oklahoma City, Okla., to L. H. Smith, Secy., 2511 West Park, Oklahoma City, Okla.
 Orange County Coin Club, 7868, from Robert G. Efker, Secy., 510 S. Garnsey St., Santa Ana, Calif., to L. A. Gowdy, Secy., 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Calif.
 Capt. D. R. Adan, 6502, from 20 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill., to Battery B, 122nd Field Artillery, Camp Forest, Tenn.
 Trygve Berg, 5128, from 1232 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill., to 3058 N. Kolmar Ave., Chicago, Ill.
 Lieut. H. S. Brush, Jr., 5586, from 6050 Blackstone Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 2810 Oakland Ave., Nashville, Tenn.
 Henry O. Carlson, 7292, from 400 N. 17th St., Beech Grove, Ind., to 5932 University, Indianapolis, Ind.

- Melroy J. Cassidy, 4979, from 26 Prospect St., Turners Falls, Mass., to 1226 E. Lee St., Tuscon, Arizona.
- Harry D. Chapman, 3426, from 2588 East 130th St., Cleveland, Ohio, to 2584 East 130th St., Cleveland, Ohio.
- Oce Curtis, 5235, from 1335 La Salle Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., to 1212 Yale Place, Minneapolis, Minn.
- William S. Dewey, Life No. 52, from 186 Beechwood Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y., to 72 Brookdale Drive, Crestwood, N. Y.
- James E. Duke, 6936, from Major James E. Duke, Jr., 27th Bomb Group, Municipal Airport, Savannah, Ga., to Lieut. Col. James E. Duke, Jr., Savannah Air Base, Savannah, Ga.
- Dr. O. K. Grier, 7811, from 455 E. Ocean Blvd., Long Beach, Calif., to 714 Adelaide Pl., Santa Monica, Calif.
- Merlin N. Harris, 8150, from 145 N. Lake Ave., Pasadena, Calif., to 794 E. Colorado St., Pasadena, Calif.
- F. A. Hennessy, 7142, from Calmar, Iowa, to Box 134, Pioneer Hall, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.
- Roy Hill, 4455, from 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Calif., to 1140 Sutter St., San Francisco, Calif.
- Capt. Montgomery C. Jackson, 4283, from Advance Company, Third Training Battalion, The Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., to Company G, 176th Infantry, 29th Division, Fort Meade, Maryland.
- Eugene D. Johnston, 8364, from 4333 41st St., San Diego, Calif., to 4751 Marlborough Drive, San Diego, Calif.
- Morris G. Kahn, 7563, from 2340 Teviot, Los Angeles, Calif., to Box 5226, Metro. Sta., Los Angeles, Calif.
- Aaron J. Kaufman, 7862, from 2616 West Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif., to 2616½ West Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.
- Harvey L. Kimerly, 7004, from 4869 Bedford, Detroit, Mich., to 1416 Vernier Rd., Grosse Point Woods, Michigan.
- L. McCormick-Goodhart, 2566, from 4880 Glenbrook Rd. N. W., Washington, D. C., to Langley Park, Silver Spring, Md.
- J. W. McHugh, 8127, from 17 N. Ferry St., Schenectady, N. Y., to 1085 Wendell Ave., Schenectady, N. Y.
- Rex McLornan, 7259, from 1007 Marston, Ames, Iowa, to Box 83, State Center, Iowa.
- Edsel W. Madsen, 7332, from 2305 18th St. N. W., Washington, D. C., to 5309 Chevy Chase Pkwy., Washington, D. C.
- Brad Mills, 7820, from 1416 Kipling St., Houston, Texas, to Box 461, Houston, Texas.
- Stanley A. Nicholas, 5709, from 1452 Elm St., Youngstown, Ohio, to P. O. Box 91, Barberton, Ohio.
- Walter H. Rauert, 6927, from 3140 Sheridan Blvd., Denver, Colo., to 418 Boston Bldg., Denver, Colo.
- Russell Root, 6438, from 111 West Kearsley St., Flint, Mich., to 1334 Hughes Ave., Flint, Mich.
- Moe H. Scher, 4500, from 1025 Boynton Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 898 Bryant Ave., New York City, N. Y.
- Nicholas K. Sharp, 7970, from 33 West Vine St., Columbus, Ohio, to care Mills Automatic Mdse. Corp., 826 Clark, St. Louis, Mo.
- H. M. Sidlett, 4918, from 350 West 57th St., New York City, N. Y., to 3569 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
- Elver M. Slade, 3110, from 29 Wood St., Somerset Centre, Mass., to 864 Prospect St., R. F. D., South Somerset, Mass.
- Paul A. Straub, 4638, from 105-107 5th Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 19 East 26th St., New York City, N. Y.
- L. M. Sullivan, 5387, from 2014 Del Norte Ave., Richmond Hts., Mo., to 6809 Plateau Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
- Lieut. Perry Swofford, 4671, from Med. Det. 161-F. A., Camp Robinson, Little Rock, Ark., to 110th Medical Regiment, Camp Robinson, Little Rock, Ark.
- Frank J. Valtman, 4121, from 2124 Highland Ave., Berwyn, Ill., to 207 N. Grant St., Westmont, Ill.
- C. R. Van Loven, 8373, from 225 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C., to 5300 Harrisburg Blvd., Houston, Tex.
- Henry M. Weeks, 7993, from 9 Oriole Ave., Providence, R. I., to 941 Berkeley Ave., Trenton, N. J.
- M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

NO CHANGE IN DESIGN OF OUR DIME CONTEMPLATED.

L. W. Hoeffecker, President of the A. N. A., has received from Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint, in reply to an inquiry from him, the following letter:

"Dear Mr. Hoeffecker: No change in the design of the current dime is at present contemplated. Should a change, however, be determined upon, you may be sure that consideration will be given to the advocacy of the American Numismatic Association that the portrait of Benjamin Franklin be used, who was outstanding among the early patriots for his brilliance, versatility and usefulness.

"NELLIE TAYLOE ROSS
"Director of the Mint."

REPORT OF A. N. A. LIBRARIAN.

The library had its biggest month of 1940-1941 during March, with a circulation of 155 books and 119 information queries from non-members. Other A. N. A. officers report a similar gain in letters from people interested in learning the value of coins in their possession.

Some members still do not understand that copies of *The Numismatist* in the library are, for most part, bound volumes (by years). When single copies (we have a few) are sent, they go as printed matter, while the bound volumes can be mailed at the book rate of 1½ cents per pound.

Donations included:

1941 report of U. S. proof coinage, an annual donation by Martin Kortjohn.

U-17, "Coinage Laws of the United States," by W. C. Weagar, donated by David Bullowa.

Fifty copies of the Chase National Bank "Moneys of the World," 1941 ed. There also were several donations of duplicates, and, of course, the A. N. S. publications.

Several members have written us for copies of the 1941 Library list, but such queries should go to Secretary M. V. Sheldon, 451 Wrightwood avenue, Chicago, Ill., as we have no extra copies. We received some favorable comment about the new Library list, which was prepared by former Librarian William Dewey.

In February and March it was necessary to delay 46 requests because several volumes were in particular demand. Anyone not yet receiving books ordered then is asked to drop us a card, although at this time we have about 10 requests still in the "back order file."

T. R. HAMMER, Librarian.

Philadelphia A. N. A. Convention August 16 to 21, 1941.



PHILADELPHIA A HISTORIC AND MODERN CITY.

Philadelphia is frequently referred to as the Quaker City because it was founded by that great Quaker, William Penn, and a group of 800 Quakers in 1681. He called it Philadelphia from two Greek words meaning Brotherly Love. It soon became the leading city of the country. Today it ranks third in population, but that is no criterion of a community's importance, greatness or usefulness to the nation. During the Revolutionary period it was the scene of practically all activities.

Here can be seen Carpenters' Hall, where the first Continental Congress assembled and where the Articles of Confederation were adopted. Here is located the most important historical edifice in our country, the beautiful and stately Independence Hall. In this sacred building, George Washington, in 1775, became the Commander-in-Chief of the Colonial Army; here the Declaration of Independence was signed on July 4, 1776; here the second Continental Congress met; and here also the Constitutional Convention, presided over by General Washington, met in 1787 daily for four months laboring arduously in the preparation of that document which has been described by Gladstone, four times Prime Minister of Great Britain, as "the most wonderful work ever struck off at a given time by the brain

and purpose of man." Here also is now enshrined the Liberty Bell. Here one can view the very rooms and the very furniture where the founding fathers and patriots such as Washington, Franklin, Jefferson and Madison met and guided the new republic. Philadelphians, therefore, with justification, revere this noble structure as the Cradle of American Liberty.

Philadelphia was the capital of the new nation for ten years, from 1790 to 1800.

Traveling about the city, one may pass in review three centuries represented by buildings, either historically important or interesting from their antiquity. Old Swedes Church (Gloria Dei); Christ Church, where President and Martha Washington worshipped; the colossal City Hall surmounted by the heroic statue of William Penn; the beautiful Art Museum, reminding one of the Acropolis of Athens; the wide Benjamin Franklin Parkway, lined with its magnificent architectural gems; Fairmount Park, the largest cultivated city park in existence; the University of Pennsylvania, which was founded by Franklin and has just celebrated its 200th anniversary; Temple University; Jefferson Medical College; Betsy Ross' House, where the first flag of our country was made; Franklin Institute and Curtis Institute of Music. The first United States Mint was erected in Philadelphia, and the present ornate building is the third edition. Many internationally known industrial and manufacturing establishments too numerous to mention are located in Philadelphia. Hence, it is also frequently called the "Workshop of the World." Philadelphia is the recognized medical and surgical center of America. The homes and gardens of Germantown, Chestnut Hill and its suburbs are a treat to the eye.

Within its borders and adjacent thereto are many institutions of higher learning, such as Valley Forge Military Academy, Bryn Mawr College, noted woman's college; Villanova College and others. Valley Forge, where Washington and his starving army spent the winter of 1777-78 is close at hand, and its monuments and memorials fittingly commemorate the sacrifices and the hardships endured by the soldiers.

It is a city of traditions and at the same time modern and progressive, but prides itself upon its friendly and hospitable spirit and, therefore, hopes above everything else, whether historical or material, to be known as the "American Friendly City."

Your host, the Philadelphia Coin Club, has arranged an elaborate and interesting program for the Golden Jubilee Convention of the American Numismatic Association at the very conservative fee of \$5.00, which includes everything, even the banquet.

Appreciating the honor of acting as host, we extend to you and yours an opportunity of attending this interesting convention and of seeing a very historical and progressive community. A royal welcome awaits you.

THE PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

From the Committee on Exhibit and Bourse.

We are now accepting reservations for Bourse tables for the A. N. A. Convention to be held in Philadelphia, August 16th to 21.

These tables will be a meeting place where your many friends will find you. Don't miss this opportunity.

All you dealers a table will want,
To barter your gold and coppers.
Ten bucks is all we want,
We know your sales will be whoppers.

Make checks payable to Philadelphia Coin Club and mail to Alfred D. Norris, 403 Schaff Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa., Chairman of Exhibit and Bourse.

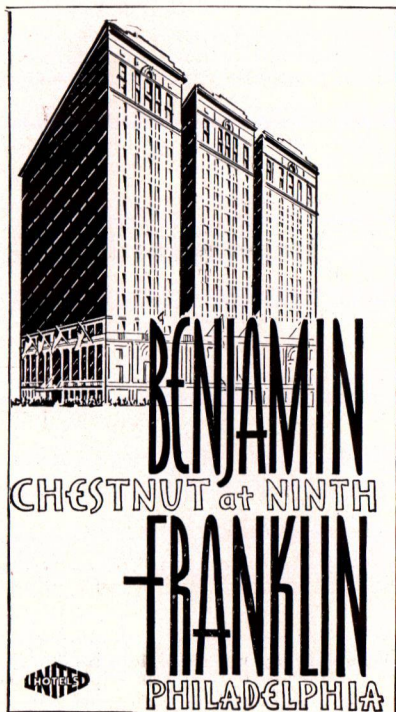
Collectors could make a very interesting list of coins which have been officially sanctioned, but which have never been coined. While patterns and trial pieces are a stage of coinage prior to official circulation, the study of denominations or units which have been authorized and never were fostered beyond that stage, might prove well worth the effort of accumulating the data.

OFFICIAL A. N. A. COMMEMORATION MEDAL

Below is illustrated a drawing of a medal made by our Howard A. Davidson. The Philadelphia Coin Club has adopted it, and our parent association has sanctioned it. This is the Official Commemoration Medal, commemorating our Fiftieth Anniversary, excepting a few minor changes. This medal will be sold by subscription, in bronze, \$1.35; in sterling silver, \$2.75. Prices for gold on application, according to carat 14, 18 or coin, if desired.



Only those who subscribe will be assured of receiving this medal, as there will only be made a small quantity over the actual orders received for the guests at the Convention. Make checks to order of The Philadelphia Coin Club and address all communications to Julius Windner, Chairman of Program and Badge Committee, 1728 Marlton Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa. Remittances must be sent with order, and they are expected at your earliest convenience.



Philadelphia's

MOST
MODERN

Hotel

Extends Welcome to
Delegates and Members

AMERICAN
NUMISMATIC
ASSOCIATION

... not only the last word in facilities and appointments, but expressing a luxurious charm that will make your stay delightful. A gracious service thoughtfully anticipates your every comfort and convenience. And the rates begin at \$3.50 single and \$5 double.

THE PHILADELPHIA MINT.

While the majority of American numismatists are familiar with the fact that our Mint was established in Philadelphia by an Act of Congress in 1792, largely due to the efforts of President George Washington, the difficulty with which the continuation of the Mint was made possible is not so generally known.

It must be remembered that in the early days of this country the large proportion of the business done with coined money was transacted in foreign coinage. In order to coin sufficient pieces to bear the burden of the nation's business, a large amount of money would have been required, which Congress was loath to invest in the Mint. As a result, the Mint operated virtually by sufferance for many years. The Mint had no capital, and had to wait for citizens to sell it silver or gold, which in turn they would convert into coins. While the conversion was taking place, often a matter of many weeks, the money was tied up, as the Mint had no appropriation permitting it to have a reserve of coins which could be exchanged on sight for precious metal presented for coinage. It was not until 1800 that Congress permitted the Mint to purchase copper in the open market for the coinage of cents and half cents.

It was the original hope of the financial wizards of our country that the new coinage of the nation would not only displace the foreign currencies from circulation, but that it would also be a profitable undertaking. Actually, the foreign coinages continued to circulate after 1800, although the minor coins gradually decreased in number, but the Mint was discovered to be a very costly luxury, it was thought, for the new Government. As heretofore noted, the Mint's life was usually on a five-year basis, and on several occasions suggestions were offered in Congress for the discontinuance of the Mint.

There were several factors which tended to operate against the success of the Mint. The methods were very inadequate and European coining methods were far in advance. Another handicap was the provision requiring each deposit to be separately coined. The ratio between the two metals (gold and silver) was not correct, and as fast as silver coins were minted, they were shipped out of the country to be sold as bullion, since their value as metal in terms of gold was greater. In the early years of the Mint from 1804 to 1836 there were no silver dollars coined, and as a result the most necessary coin became the half dollar. Minor silver coinage in many of the years of this period was negligible.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner St. S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shakford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A., A. A. Guilian, Secretary, 293 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 403 S. Third St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of each month. Wallace Sargis, Secretary, 11208 Edgewater Drive, Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Dewey Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Harry H. Garman, Secretary, 2241 Carrollton Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7.30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. Harry Collura, Secretary, 2126 N. Oakland Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis Mo. T. L. Moore, Secretary, 318 S. Clark, Ferguson, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. James Benane, secretary, 250 Nicolett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Addison W. Wilson, Secretary, 604 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Vellier, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. John W. Miller, Secretary, 22 Colebourne Road, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearthstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 403 Cray Bldg., Seattle.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa.—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada.—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa.—Meets first Friday of each month at Cohagen Cabin at the "Y." Waterloo, Iowa. Marvin O'Connor, Secretary, 118 Sherman Ave., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—388th meeting, April 11th, President Sghia presiding. Fourteen members were present.

In the absence of the secretary, the president appointed Mr. Bullowa secretary for the evening.

The topics of the evening were as follows: United States Pattern Quarter Eagles, Coins of Scotland, Ancient Coins of Macedonia and Thrace.

Exhibits were made by the following:

W. H. Arthur: A split U. S. Dollar note of 1935 A, cut practically its entire length. 1813 U. S. half dollar, with the motto E PLURIBUS UNUM appearing on the obverse, in faintly raised letters.

Jos. Barnet: 8 Panama Pacific Exposition medals; 2 rolled cents, one over large Canadian cent; 13 medals of the Golden Gate International Exposition, one with replica of the 8-real piece. 5 different gold-dollar-size pieces, 1939-40; one silver, 1939. Half Eagle, with Indian head colored with baked enamel. Check of 1793, for \$75, signed by Aaron Burr.

Mr. Carpenter: Charles I. Scotch Coronation medal; Briot's Scotch crown; Scotch shilling of Falconer; Coronation medal by Simon; Scotch merk by Simon. Queen Anne medal in silver commemorating the Union of England and Scotland. George VI Scotch shilling.

Mr. Clark: Eleven miscellaneous pieces, new acquisitions.

Mr. Bullowa: Scotch penny of David II, 1349-71; tetradrachm of Alexander III of Macedonia, 336 B. C.; Chile, 20 pesos, paper, 1939, new issue; France, 100 francs, paper, 1939, new issue.

L. E. Cox: Bronze medallion by G. Devreese, entitled the "Dawn of Victory."

G. Husker: Six middle bronzes of Vespasian, and 4 of Titus.

M. Kortjohn: Pattern 3c pieces, including one in style of large cent, and 3c silver piece of 1864, struck in copper. Also half dimes of 1864, struck in copper.

L. Kusterer: Misstruck 5c nickel, 1896.

T. F. Morris: Canceled check dated 1868 on Thomas F. Morris & Co., bankers, Yonkers, N. Y., but no relation to the exhibitor.

L. M. Reagan: Alexander the Great, two types of tetradrachms; Ptolemy I, VI and VII, tetradrachms.

O. T. Sghia: Ryal of Scotland; 1565, of Mary and Henry Darnley; half crown of Anne, 1707. Bawbee of Charles II, 1679; tuner of Charles II, 1680, and bodle of William and Mary, 1693.

The executive committee suggested as the topics for the May meeting: Medals, Books and Documents relating to Moritz Wormser. Coins in which he was particularly interested, such as multiple talers, Transylvanian Coins, Mining Coins, Territorial Gold Coins, and Encased Postage Stamps. U. S. Topic: Pattern \$3, \$2.50 and \$1 pieces. This was adopted.

Mr. Kortjohn spoke about the plans for the A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia. Messrs. Bullowa, Husker, Clark and Sghia discussed the question of junior clubs in the metropolitan area.

The absence of the regular secretary-treasurer of the club was observed and noted with considerable regret.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—404th meeting, March 20. Twenty-four members and seven guests were present.

The Librarian reported that we have forty-two 1925 A. N. A. badges, thirty-nine with full programs and three without programs. It was suggested that we put three A. N. A. badges in auction. We have on hand the following: Eleven 1941 400th Meeting medals and ninety 1940 A. N. A. Convention badges.

Mr. Needles reported that Mr. Henry Leonard was ill.

Mr. Rowe suggested that our members plan ten questions on numismatics and bring them to the next meeting.

A ten-minute recess was declared, after which Mr. Fulton conducted an auction.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Needles: Lincoln pamphlets, Lincoln post card and 8 McKinley badges.

Mr. Drazen: 7 frames, consisting of Buffalo nickels, Liberty Head nickel cents, Indian head bronze cents, Quarters 1916-1930, Washington quarters, Mercury Head dimes, silver dollars.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—405th meeting, April 3. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Twenty-three members and two guests were present.

Mr. Needles drafted a resolution honoring our late member, James Graham Duff. A copy is to be sent to Mrs. Duff and the A. N. A.

"James Graham Duff was born in St. Andrews, Scotland, 1872. In 1901, he was decorated by order of British Parliament for organizing the Tynside Scottish Volunteers Corps. A student of philosophy and astronomy, he studied the fundamental principals at Madras College, St. Andrews, Scotland.

"He came to this country, and settled in Detroit in 1906. He was employed by the Ford Motor Company for twenty-three years in the metallurgy laboratories.

"He was an authority on Scotch and English coins, but preferred United States proofs. For years he had been a member of the American Numismatic Association and the Detroit Coin Club. He always enjoyed attending the local meetings, and had several articles published in The Numismatist and other periodicals.

"He is survived by his wife, Gladys Duff. He was buried in Acacia Park Cemetery, the services being conducted by Lodge No. 489, F. & A. M."

Mr. Rowe suggested that Mr. Needles also draft a resolution for our late member, Dr. James Kier, and a copy be sent to Mrs. James Kier and the A. N. A. This was adopted.

Mr. Hubel reported having entertained the Bath City Stamp and Coin Club at his home in Mount Clemens. He exhibited Roman coins.

Applications for membership were received from D. A. Packard and Jacques D. Fryer. They were elected to membership.

Mr. Stehfast reported that he could obtain 10 frames for an exhibit in the J. L. Hudson Company's Hobby Show to be held June 2.

A ten minute recess was declared after which Mr. Fulton conducted an auction of 45 lots.

Mr. Drazen: Frames of cents, nickels, dimes and quarters.

Mr. Leffingwell: Three coins of Napoleon II.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 31, President Pond in the chair. Thirteen members were present.

The President then spoke at length on the status of the present membership of the B. N. S. with the A. N. A., whether a corporate member or a branch.

President Pond then spoke on a conversation he had had with Mr. James Risk, of Cambridge, Mass., who he expected to be present at the meeting, but had been called away at the last moment, and that he expected to be with us at some future meeting.

The matter of the three society medals, which disposition was held over from last meeting, was the next matter taken up. Mr. Reynolds notified the president that he was unable to find anything of this description. Mr. Grant then asked at what price they could be bought, and the figure of \$5 was considered about right. It was decided to have the society purchase the medals from Mrs. Stafford for \$5.

Mr. Pond then spoke a few words on the secretary's books, advising he had bought a new record book, and would have the last one bound to match the others.

James J. Stiff was elected a member.

After talks by Mr. Grant, Mr. Reynolds, Mr. Doyle, Mr. Subak, Mr. Evanson and others, it was decided to hold a ladies' night on May 23rd. Mr. Pond then made a few remarks along these lines and a program is to be worked out by a special committee and himself and to report back at the next regular meeting.

Mr. Grant made a few remarks on National Coin Week, which had just closed, and spoke of a display of coins in the Outlet Store in Providence, which was exhibited by a member, Mr. Chell-Frost, and remarked that it was a very fine display. Dr. Steinberg also told the society he had made quite an extensive display at the West End Branch of the Boston Public Library.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Grant showed two sight drafts issued by Adams & Co., San Francisco, one issued in September, 1852, for \$700.00, and one issued January 23, 1853, for \$400.00, and explained just what the procedure in sending such drafts in those days was.

Mr. Stiff: Large silver Duke of Brunswick thaler, which is listed as very rare.

Mr. Evanson: Picture of the New Orleans Mint.

Mr. Pond: Bronze casting of the seal of the City of Cambridge. This is not in Storer's "Medals of Massachusetts."

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—266th meeting, April 2, President Lamb presiding.

Eighty three members and five visitors were present.

The resignations of R. H. Rosholm and S. E. DeWitt were accepted.

The president introduced Richard Yeoman, of the Racine Coin Club, who extended a cordial invitation to attend their annual banquet on April 17.

The executive board submitted its report on planned meetings for the balance of the year, which was accepted.

The officers of the Central States Numismatic Society extended their final invitation to attend their convention in Milwaukee, April 26 and 27.

An auction was held.

Exhibits were as follows:

R. W. Smith: Ancients of Byzantine, Alexandria, Syracuse and Tauromenium; two copper coins of the French Revolution, one with deeply serrated edge, the other crudely engraved on the reverse with standing Liberty beside pedestal holding tablet.

D. C. Keefer: Two plaques issued by the Chicago Numismatic Roundtable for 1939 and 1940; only seven issued.

R. McP. Cabeen: Small gold souvenir pieces of Alaska gold from the Lewis and Clark Exposition, 1905; Alaska Yukon Pacific Exposition, 1909. Also pieces from the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, and from Montana and British Columbia.

Dr. Jos. Reich: Commemorative pieces in silver, bronze and porcelain of Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, also a contemporary bust.

Wm. G. Rayson: Hammered and milled silver coins of Queen Elizabeth of England, 1558 to 1603, 15 pieces, from the crown to the penny.

M. V. Sheldon: Dekadrachm of Syracuse, after the engraver Euainetos, his early work, Dionysios dynasty B. C. 405-345, weight 654.5 grains.

CLEVELAND COIN CLUB—Fourteenth meeting, Hotel Carter, February 19th. Thirty-seven members and guests were present.

Dr. H. L. Dell, one of the founders of the Cleveland Coin Club, donated a trophy cup to the organization to be awarded to the member rendering the most outstanding service to the club. The cup, known as the Dell Trophy Cup, was awarded to Michael Kaputa for his unselfish service to the club during 1940.

Mr. Maresh gave an excellent description of each piece of his exhibit, which included certificates, photographs and casts of Abraham Lincoln. He also invited the club to visit him at any time at his home and view his nationally famous collection of Lincolniana.

Christian J. Bannick, guest speaker of the evening, delivered an inspiring speech in which he contrasted Lincoln and the darkest period in American history with the present day where once again we find the people of America striving to continue the way of living that Washington began and Lincoln preserved.

Donald W. Martin described the display of Fred Green, who was unable to attend. This exhibit included a rare collection of Lincoln stamps and Civil War covers.

Mr. John Tidd described his display of steel etchings and prints of Lincoln. Dr. Sargis displayed Confederate currency notes of \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$100 and \$500 denominations. Also a \$1 note, History Instructing Youth. Three medals of George III and a silver medal of Lincoln showing his bust on obverse and the log cabin of birthplace on the reverse.

CLEVELAND COIN CLUB—Fifteenth meeting, March 19th, Hotel Carter, with thirty-eight members and guests present.

A communication from Howard Gibbs was read concerning the first convention of the Penn-Ohio Clubs Association to be held in Pittsburgh April 26. Mr. Kabealo, president of the association, supplemented the reading of Mr. Gibbs' letter with a more detailed description of the purpose of the organization. Mr. Gibbs then made a motion that the Cleveland Coin Club make application for membership in the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs Association, which was unanimously adopted.

Miss Helen McIntosh then made a motion that the club also make application for membership in the A. N. A. This motion was seconded by Mr. Carpenter and passed unanimously by the membership.

Mr. Gazso suggested that the Cleveland Coin Club give its copy of *The Numismatist* to the Cleveland Public Library, with the understanding that the publication be kept in the rack for public use.

Allen Ewing, William Hlavin and Frederick Brew were elected to membership. President Sargis gave a brief description of the principal subject at the coming April meeting.

Vice-President Martin was to deliver a talk on St. Patrick, but due to illness was unable to attend. Mr. Gibbs substituted for Mr. Martin and gave an interesting discourse on Ireland and its coinage. Mr. Gibbs then followed with a eulogy of our late beloved member, Herbert Walker.

The meeting was then turned over to Mr. Harold Dennerle, of the Federal Reserve Bank, who spoke on "What We Know About You, Mr. Dollar Bill," beginning with the designing, printing and the meaning of each inscription to its final end in general circulation.

Dr. Sargis took the current dollar bill, advanced 2000 years hence, and broke down its history from the viewpoint of a numismatist in the year 3941. Beginning with the portrait of Washington on the obverse to a general description of the Great Seal on the reverse, he pointed out how the forty-eight stones of the Pyramid denoted unity and the waters on each side symbolized the Atlantic and Pacific; how the three corners of the pyramid represented the three principal ideals of America and the all-seeing eye our faith in a Supreme Being; how the great eagle clutching the olive branch in the claws of one foot represented our desire for peace and the arrows in the other our readiness to fight if we must.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—239th meeting, February 12, 1941. Twenty-five members and eight guests were present. Judge Sawicki presided.

A letter was read from the Cleveland Public Library in regard to National Coin Week. In response to Judge Sawicki's request, the library consented to honor the Western Reserve Numismatic Club by granting it sole privilege to exhibit numismatic and historical material during the celebration of National Coin Week.

The lecturer of the evening was John Cramer. If ever one of us is uncertain about Lincoln and his life, kindly consult the eminent Mr. Cramer. We learned much from him. In Mr. Cramer's own words the title of his discourse was "The Historian Strips Lincoln and the Great Man Emerges." It was decided to have a new roster and membership list printed. Judge Sawicki appointed Mr. Spencer chairman of the roster and membership committee.

Exhibits were as follows:

Otto C. Budde: Federal Reserve note, St. Louis; \$5 silver certificate of the 1934 series, numbered H000000003; six notes of the Confederate States of America; three fractional bills of New Jersey, series 1862.

Edgar G. Bell: Two interesting books, "Medallic History of Napoleon," issued in 1819; "Historic Record of Medals Conferred on British Navy and Army from Queen Elizabeth to Queen Victoria."

Harley L. Freeman: Five Spanish American doubloons or 8 scudos of Carlos III and Ferdinand VII, 1597; 8 reales of Spain with OMNIUM on reverse, only year of such issue; 1633 double ducaton of Antwerp (Anvers) under Philip IV of Spain.

Ambrose P. Spencer: Medals of Washington, Franklin, Mayflower, commemorative; Bennington and Lexington half dollars; three Colonial notes of denominations, 20 shillings, 40 shillings, 2 dollars.

William M. Jacka: Collection of large cents, exclusively overdates.

John W. Gregor: Lincoln half dollars; large medal of Lincoln with his famous Gettysburg Address inscribed on the reverse; silhouettes of Washington and Lincoln, by Froese.

Joseph F. Sawicki: Washington medals in silver and bronze; also of Lincoln in same metals; large medal of Washington, Kosciuszko and Lafayette in jugata.

Fred Hahlen: Collection of Washington items, including commemoratives; Lincoln half cent; Civil War period commemoratives.

Fred C. Roth: Pine Tree and Oak Tree shillings; side view Bank token of Canada dated 1839.

A short auction followed.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—240th meeting, March 12. Twenty-five members and five guests attended. The chair was occupied by Judge Sawicki.

The report of the board of governors was delivered by Mr. Mallon. In his report Mr. Mallon suggested that it would be for the good of the club if the bourse were closed at the beginning of the auction. No direct action was taken, however.

Ambrose P. Spencer outlined for us a numismatic history of ancient times in the Mediterranean region.

Exhibits were as follows:

Fred Hahlen: Coins of England and colonies; coins of the Orient; Germany and the coins of the conqueror countries; Russia and Turkey.

Ambrose P. Spencer: A group of 30 coins representing the numismatic history of the Mediterranean countries, Aegina, Corinthus, Sicilia, Macedonia, Mauretania, Cyrenaica, Carthage, Athens, Crete, Malta, Egypt, Italy.

John W. Gregor: 1818 120 grani of Sicilia and Espana; 1894 5 mk. of Deutsche Neuguinea portraying the famous Bird of Paradise; 1793 Convention thaler of Ratisbon showing Francis II as Emperor of the Holy Roman Empire, and on the reverse a view of the city of Ratisbon.

Otto C. Budde: Coins of Italy; silver medal of South Africa issued during the first World War.

William M. Jacka: Medals honoring Grant; fractional currency.

Fred T. Joers: Copy of Volkischer Beobachter, giving Hitler's reply in the German Reichstag to the 21 questions propounded to him by President Roosevelt, April 29, 1939.

Clyde J. Drawing: Minor coins of Britain; tokens of England and India; German, Italian, and Spanish coins.

Joseph F. Sawicki: Tetradrachms of Mithradates VI of Pontus and Bosphorus; 3 tetradrachms of Syracuse portraying Arethusa, Persephone, and Philistis; didrachm of Sybaris; tetradrachms of Thasos, Lysimachus, Alexander the Great, Philip II, Leontini, Athens, Carthage; staters of Metapontum, Tarentum, Rhodes, Istrus, Argintum, and a solidus of Arcadius.

C. L. Nickles: Indian Head cents in various beautiful colors.

An auction was held.

TRIPLE CITIES COIN CLUB—Nineteenth meeting, April 7, at the Hotel Frederick Endicott, with 11 members, 10 visitors present. We also had as our guests two troops of Boy Scouts (47 boys), who enjoyed every minute. Our exhibits proved a great attraction for them, and from their comments this section of the country will soon have a large number of junior collectors. It was really surprising the interest shown by these boys. Their every question about coins was answered. This meeting proved to be the best yet and we intend to duplicate it in the near future with other Scout troops.

Our speaker of the evening was our own Dr. Mills, who told us about his recent visit to the Philadelphia Mint.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—95th regular meeting, April 2, with President Max M. Schwartz presiding. Seventeen members and two guests were present.

Mr. Hegarty read a paper on Irish Gun Money of James II. Mr. St. Martin read a paper on Commemoratives and Prohibition, in which he drew an interesting analogy between the two with respect to overindulgence, misuse, and need for proper regulation.

The club was especially favored in having as its guest Dr. Walter K. Abell, dean of the New York Institute of Dietetics and a recognized authority in the field of paleography (study of ancient manuscripts). Dr. Abell delivered a fascinating address based on his studies in the Library of the Vatican. His work there was devoted largely to the dating of old manuscripts, and his address included interesting sidelights on the old Etruscan civilization, the manner in which the Vatican acquired much of its library of old manuscripts, and the methods used in identifying the authors and the dates.

The club was pleased to have as its guest also Frank Sternberg, an expert on ancient coins. Mr. Sternberg spoke briefly on some ancient coins in connection with Dr. Abell's address.

The following exhibits were made:

Mr. Coffin: Papal scudos, Popes Innocent XI to Leo XII; nickel and copper coins of Pius XII.

Mr. Eill: Set of U. S. proof coins, 1941.

Mr. Friedberg: Gold coins of Austria, Bulgaria, Japan and Switzerland, with floral decorations.

Mr. Hegarty: Irish gun money of James II.

Mr. Knoth: 23 papal scudos from Urban VIII to Pius IX.

Mr. Kosoff: four silver medals of Pius IX.

Mr. Reagan: Sixteen silver coins of Roman Empire.

Mr. Schmidt: Copper coins of Papal States; coins bearing floral decorations.

Mr. Schwartz: Sixteen thalers of Saxony.

Mr. Silverman: Set of Vatican coins of 1939.

Mr. Sternberg: Sixteen ancient coins, Greek, Roman and Byzantine.

Mr. Van der Meer: Token of the Tailors' Guild of Antwerp 1563; a large silver repousse medal of Prince William III of Orange (afterward William III of England) dated 1654.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—April 9th, with three members present. The attending members were: Messrs. Berliner, Di Bella and Howard.

Charles N. Cooley, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was admitted to membership.

The discussions of the evening were on emergency money of the world and the items displayed were:

Sets of wooden money from Tulsa, Oklahoma, Jackson, Tennessee, Mount Vernon, Washington. Sales Tax token on milk, issued at Grand Rapids, Michigan (now obsolete). German bank notes, 5-mark, 1904 (Reichskassenschein), 2-mark 1914, with red emblem and blue emblem (Darlehenskassenschein), ditto 2-mark issued in 1922; Reichsbanknotes 100 marks, 1922; 5000 marks, 1922; 100,000 marks 1923; 200,000 marks, 1923; 2 million, 5 million, 100 million, 1 milliard, 5 milliard and 50 milliard marks all issued in 1923.

Two very scarce numismatic books were shown by our president, Mr. Howard. One was Keller's catalog of notgeld and Reichsbank notes, 1874-1924, and Keller's catalog of the fifth edition.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—304th meeting, March 26th. Twenty-eight members and eight guests present.

Five new members were elected and three new applications were submitted for membership.

Secretary Edward Fogler presented the society with a large scrap book, which he dedicated to Farran Zerbe, the founder of the society.

The report on National Coin Week revealed that seven members made displays as follows: Rev. Clark, Messrs. Ellison, Sherow, Werling, Hill, Poizner and Fogler.

The program under the chairmanship of Mr. Rock, consisted of a very fine talk by N. O. Slate on U. S. half dollars. He displayed a very attractive and most complete set of U. S. half dollars. Also few frames of coins and paper money were displayed by different members. A round-table question-and-answer game followed, which was of great interest. The April meeting will probably be held at the San Francisco Mint with a visit of the same.

R. N. Wiltberger, a member of the Central States Numismatic Society, extended an invitation to their next meeting.

Secretary Fogler submitted the newly written by-laws, and the president appointed Messrs. Schulz, Redfield and Harris to submit a report at the next meeting. He also reported that it will be printed in book form, which also will include the names of the entire membership of the society.

A successful auction was held after the meeting by Mr. Knabenschuh, assisted by Mr. Harris.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—79th meeting, April 7th. Since the club is in very fine shape financially, the club was host to all of the members present. We had a very nice steak dinner, with all the trimmings. While the executive committee had previously approved having the club pay for the dinner, Mr. Thorson moved that this action be taken and the motion was passed.

Having a quorum of members, we then entered into a discussion of changing Section 2, Article 3 of the constitution. This matter having been previously taken up at a meeting, it was proper for us to take a vote. This section deals with membership. It was moved that the amendment be adopted and was passed by a vote of 15 to 3. The new Section 2, Article 3 now reads as follows:

"Voting for new members shall be by secret ballot, and no applicant shall be elected to membership if two or more blackballs oppose his election. Be it further resolved in connection with this paragraph, that any applicant rejected cannot again apply for membership within one year."

Mr. Thorson proposed a revision of Section 3, Article 7 of the Constitution, which would make it more difficult to change the constitution or by-laws. It was proposed that this section be amended to read as follows:

"However, amendments may not be acted upon at the same meeting at which such proposed changes are introduced, but can be acted upon only after three readings have been made of the proposed change."

After considerable discussion of this, in which some members felt the constitution was now sufficiently difficult to change, a vote was taken approving Mr. Thorson's motion. Under the terms of our present constitution, this will be voted upon at the next meeting.

The annual election takes place in May and the president appointed a nominating committee, consisting of Mr. Thorson as chairman; Messrs. Haase, Rath-sack, Moulton and Ogden.

Mr. Thorson advised us that our club had received a black eye from dealers and other numismatists throughout the country because of the expulsion of one of its members. It seemed to be the unanimous opinion of our club members, however, that our club should be commended upon having the fortitude to expel an unsatisfactory member.

After an auction, the meeting was adjourned.

CANTON COIN CLUB—69th meeting, April 7, with an attendance of 15 members and 16 guests. The meeting was called to order by President Caster.

The club sincerely regrets the passing of our dear friend and member, John J. Kinser.

A letter of thanks from the Massillon (Ohio) Museum was read. This letter was the result of the display during National Coin Week. A total of 1258 persons viewed the extensive exhibit, among whom were four classes of school children. Members were on hand to answer the many interesting questions and comments. It was a grand success, as evidenced by the comment of Albert E. Hise in the letter of appreciation: "We hope that we may have another exhibition in the not too far distant future."

Miss Stoner, of the North Canton Library, requested a display for the near future.

Twelve members promised to attend the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs Convention at the Fort Pitt Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa. on April 26.

George Riddle's application for membership was approved unanimously.

The speaker of the evening was Mrs. Walter Curry, who appeared in full Civil War regalia and gave us many interesting items. Mrs. Curry possesses an exceptionally fine working and speaking knowledge of history, which resulted in many questions from the club members regarding Ohio history. In line with her talk, "Civil War Days," members displayed material of that time.

Displays were as follows:

V. L. Stover: 1907 gold \$10, 1911 gold \$2½, Confederate and broken-bank bills, and a U. S. Government check for 3c, payable to V. L. Stover.

Paul J. Blank: Civil War tokens, fractional currency, and Confederate bills, 50c to \$500.

S. J. Kabalo: Fractional currency, including some scarce red backs.

George Riddle: A set of large cents, including three 1793, two 1799 and two 1804 cents; a set of uncirculated small cents, including 1856 Flying Eagle.

Wm. G. Bruce: Civil War tokens, encased postage, and a sheet of uncut broken-bank bills that were printed on both sides of the sheet.
An auction was held.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—37th meeting, April 11, President Richard S. Yeoman presiding. Twelve members and two visitors were present.

The meeting was devoted mainly to final reports of the various banquet committees and arrangements for displays and auction. A special feature of this year's banquet program will be an invitation to the general public to view the coin exhibits during the afternoon preceding the banquet.

Paul Pennington, of Chicago, will be the main speaker at the banquet, which is to be held April 17th.

Exhibits at the meeting were as follows:

Louis Wilczynski: 1798 large freak cent with die break; 1801 large cent, three errors, one stem to wreath, fraction 1/1000 and IIited; 1910 Olympic 22-carat gold medal, sharpshooter, issued by the Government at Berne, Switzerland.

John R. Stewart: 5, 10 and 20 pesos, new, Chihuahua, Mexico.

Arthur E. Jones: 1936 Chinese yuan note.

Karl Borseth: 1897, 1898 and 1904 brilliant proof sets one cent to one dollar; 1899-S extra fine \$20 gold piece. 1914-D uncirculated \$20 gold piece.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—91st meeting, April 10th. Twenty members and two guests were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Wade read several newspaper articles of numismatic interest. One of especial interest told of Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint, making a report on the nickel in connection with National Coin Week.

President Husker warmly welcomed our members who had not attended recent meetings, and our guests, Miss Larson of Troy, N. Y., and David Bingham, business manager and editor for the newly formed junior coin club. David Bingham spoke to us about the boys' club, of the six original members, and of their specialties in collecting.

The topic committee reported the topic for the May meeting will be: "Large Cents after 1840, Two Cent pieces, and Coins from the Eastern Coast of South America."

The topic for the meeting was "United States Half Cents and Large Cents up to 1839," and "New Jersey Colonial paper money." The exhibits follow:

Mr. Adams: An Oak Tree twopence.

Mr. Barnett: 1836, 1844, 1847 and 1848 half cents, all proofs and restrikes; 13 Pan-Pacific medals; 13 Golden Gate Exposition medals; 5 different gold dollars and 2 silver coins, gold-dollar size; \$5 and \$20 bills issued by the Newark Clearing House on March 5-12, 1933; \$5 gold piece, Indian head, enameled; 1867 Daddy dollar with name of C. A. Richards Co., of Boston; 1868 Heilbenger card, \$20 gold piece obverse; Aaron Burr signature on check for \$75, April 22, 1793; 7 New Jersey Continental notes; 5 pieces New Jersey fractional currency.

Mr. Beach: 25-lei gold coin of Roumania; 16-tical bullet piece of Siam; 2-rupee gold coin of Burmah; bar money of Annam; taler, 1620, of Mansfeld; copper proof 10 centimes of Andorra, the only coin ever issued there.

Mr. Beach gave a humorous talk on the Andorra coin, which was enjoyed very much by the members.

Mr. Blake: Ten foreign gold coins of \$5 size.

Mrs. Brookes: Massachusetts cent, 1787; Cleveland commemorative half dollar; a type set of uncirculated nickels, U. S.; six frames of coins used during Coin Week.

Mr. Brookes: 42 tokens commemorating various fairs, centennials, etc.; lepton of Judea (widow's mite).

Mr. Capstick: Order of White Eagle of Serbia; Order of Karageorge of Serbia; Order of Danilo I of Montenegro.

Mr. Dalley: 1800 \$5; 1855 \$3; 1806 half dollar, 1807 half dollar, 1848 quarter, 1888-S quarter, 1796 cent; Pine Tree 3 pence, all uncirculated.

Mr. Hermeth: Vatican City, Sede Vacante, Guillo, 1559; Lincoln head made from paper money destroyed at the U. S. treasury. Set of 3 Hawaiian coins.

Mr. Husker: 1937 proof set of Southern Rhodesia.

Mr. May: Waterloo medal to the Second Br. Grenadier Guards; Crimea medal with bar Alma to the 38th Regiment; Bulgarian Red Cross medal for the World War; plaque of the Order of the Star of David; U. S. Army crests of the first and third Cavalry Regiment.

Mr. Nettleship: 68 specimens of New Jersey Colonial notes.

Mr. Purrington: Early cents and half cents; New Jersey Colonial paper money.

Mr. Wade: Crown of Zanzibar, 1299; ½ pagoda of Madras; Chinese Pavillion dollar; 5 pengo, commemorative of St. Stephen, Hungary; Saxony thaler, 1658.

Mr. Witzel: Chinese Dr. Sun Yat Sen dollar patterns, 3-masted junk on stormy sea, 3-masted junk on calm sea.

MADISON COIN CLUB—March 10. The meeting was called to order by President Gill. Twelve members were present.

National Coin Week stickers, display cards and literature were distributed by the secretary. It was announced that several large display cases were available in the banks for anyone to show their coins during Coin Week.

Several suggestions were made as to how we could create greater interest in and about Madison and make the people more coin-conscious.

President Gill distributed some 60 questions among the members for each one to answer and discuss. This proved to be very interesting.

Displays were as follows:

Miss Smiley: George V gold coin.

Ray Rinden: Brass Centennial dollar, 1876; Chinese brass dollar; Chinese 1-cent piece and 5 cents, 1940.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—The second March meeting and the sixth annual banquet were held in the Terrace Room of the Belvedere Hotel on March 20, with 49 members and guests present, including 13 from the Washington Numismatic Society. President Cook presided. After an enjoyable dinner the meeting was called to order, and a motion was carried to postpone all business until next meeting, and the program was turned over to the banquet committee, of which Philip G. Straus was chairman. David M. Bullowa, of New York City, was introduced, who gave an interesting talk on "General Collecting Fields." Mr. Bullowa had an extensive display of coins and paper money to illustrate his talk.

Features of the program were several numbers on the accordion by Miss Elva Jarvis, a high school young lady, and community singing, with Mrs. Charles E. McCormick at the piano.

The principal feature of the program was a mock auction sale of coins, with Mr. McCormick, the club's regular auctioneer, acting in that capacity. Each coin was sealed in an envelope to prevent possible damage by handling, and specimens of all the great rarities in the U. S. coinage were included, according to the catalog. No opportunity was given to examine the coins, but the terms were: "Bid as much as you like, take the coins home with you, and send checks at your convenience." One of the oddities offered was a \$50 Panama-Pacific gold piece, "round on one side and octagonal on the other," according to the auctioneer. Another coin was a half dollar, dated 1942, struck at the new mint in Indiana. Surprises were general when the envelopes were opened, but the terms of the sale were so liberal that no complaints were registered, and occasionally a coin was knocked down to some one who had not even made a bid on it. The auctioneer's verbal pyrotechnics kept everybody in good humor for a half hour.

During the evening a souvenir of the occasion was distributed to each member and guest present in the form of a medal $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, made by John M. Cook, of Annapolis, who has been president of the club the past year. This medal is described and illustrated elsewhere in this issue.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—March 20, with Howard D. Gibbs presiding. Secretary J. E. Cunningham was reported as being in Florida.

The meeting of the Ohio-Penn Coin Club, to be held in Pittsburgh, Pa. on April 26, was discussed. As the Pittsburgh Coin Club will act as the host club, President Gibbs will make an effort to contact all clubs and interested coin collectors to attend this affair. The ladies will also have a large share in the entertainment.

There were nine members present, who displayed a number of interesting coins. H. D. Gibbs showed some Irish coins and gave a detailed description of each coin. Dr. P. M. Gillis showed the Washington-Voltaire medal.

President Gibbs requested that our members bring any coins they desire to be auctioned at the Ohio-Penn Coin Club in the afternoon.

SIoux CITY COIN CLUB—March 17. Meeting called to order by President Kowalke, with 13 members and 2 guests present.

W. R. Felton featured a display of commemorative half dollars and also gave a short talk on early United States silver money.

An illustrated talk on valuable and outstanding foreign coins was given by a member of the club, C. S. Kynell, who was born in Europe and traveled extensively and collected coins from the various points he visited. Many of the types of coins owned by Mr. Kynell are no longer in circulation, having been called in by the various governments. Many of the countries of Europe do not have national mints, Mr. Kynell told the club, but coins are minted by various provinces, each division having a different type of coin. Mr. Kynell said that no European country had a system of coinage as fine as that of the United States but rated Great Britain as having the second-best system.

A coin quiz regarding Indian Head and Lincoln cents was conducted by Ed Kowalke. Each member was fined a small sum for each question answered incorrectly and the proceeds were added to the club's treasury.

The club made plans to enter some exhibits of coins at the hobby show which is to be held in Sioux City.

March 23 to March 29 is National Coin Week this year and commemorates the seventy-fifth anniversary of the first five-cent nickel. The club plans to exhibit various coins and will announce from time to time what exhibits are being shown and where they may be seen.

The public is urged to make use of The Numismatist which has been placed in the Public Library by courtesy of the Sioux City Coin Club and is available to anyone interested in reading this publication of the A. N. A.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—March 19, with 19 members and 1 guest present, Mr. Bruce Fable. The meeting was called to order by President Wilson.

George H. Hetzel was elected a member. An application was posted from Bruce Fable. Action on this application will be taken at the next regular meeting.

Letters were read from Gov. Herbert O'Connor and Carter Glass, Jr., each promising an exhibit for the Hobby Show. Other letters were read from United States Senator Millard E. Tydings, Secretary of the Interior Harold T. Ickes and M. A. LeHand, Private Secretary of President Roosevelt.

Member Cooper, chairman of the Hobby Show committee, reported that space for the Hobby Show exhibits was practically all taken by exhibitors. President Wilson was appointed to take charge of all radio, newspaper and circular publicity advertising the Hobby Show. Entry blanks, passes, tickets and programs were distributed to the members. Grand opening of the Hobby Show was set for 7 P. M. Monday April 21, with opening ceremonies by the Mayor and City Council and other dignitaries of the city of Cumberland.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—83d meeting, March 18. President Jacob called the meeting to order and presided over a gathering of 14 members and 1 guest.

The members of the club deeply regret the death of Edward T. Newell. Flowers and condolence were sent. A card of acknowledgement by his widow was read to the club.

The exhibits for National Coin Week will be as follows: Saul Bellus, a collection of U. S. types from the silver dollar down to the half cent will be placed in the First National Bank, Mount Vernon; Pitt M. Skipton, a type collection of U. S. coins and coins of countries conquered by Hitler will be placed in the First National Bank, New Rochelle; Arthur D. Baker, a collection of coins and paper money to be placed in the Bronxville Trust Company; Arthur H. Brooke attributed a collection of coins which were at the Payne Memorial House, New Rochelle; William Lighte reported having had an exhibit at the Scarsdale Theatre, Scarsdale.

Topics of the evening: U. S. 20-cent pieces, misstruck coins, freaks or something out of the ordinary, coins of Turkey and Yugoslavia, items of your own interest, and recent acquisitions.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Baker: 1902, 5 and 2 marks on the death of King Albert; 1904, 5 and 2 marks on the death of King George; 1909, 5 and 2 marks on the 500 anniversary of Leipzig University (1409-1909); 1913, 3 marks on the dedication of National Battle Monument at Leipzig (1813-1913); 1917, 3 marks on the 400th anniversary of the Reformation (1517-1917). All of the above are twentieth century commemoratives of Saxony.

Mr. Skipton: Coins of Yugoslavia, Turkey, 1 pound gold of South Africa, and La Rochelle jeton of Louis XV.

Mr. Kosoff: Misstruck U. S. colonials, cents, half dollars, \$2½ gold, Civil War tokens and Mexico.

Mr. Schwartz: A collection of 40 types of thalers of Saxony.

Mr. Cox: 52 small cents, 8 nickels, 3 10 cents and 1 large cent, all misstrikes, and a paper dollar folded before printing obverse.

Mr. Brooke: A badge of office of one of the Mayors of the City of Mons, in the form to be worn on a ribbon.

Mr. Jacob: Medals awarded to the Mathushek Piano Manufacturing Company; Minor coins of Turkey and Saxony.

Mr. Guttag: 1854 cent and 1853 half cent, holed; 2 reals, pillar type; 1757 Mexican real, 1759 5 centavos of Bolivia, all holed.

Mr. Massey: Three English eighteenth century (Conder) tokens of 3 famous old London Gates, and 2 Australian silver and copper coins.

Mr. Lighte: Set of Presidential coins in treasure box issued by Force; glass ring money from Egypt about 500 B. C.

Mr. Jacob read a very interesting paper on "Medals Presented to Commercial Products" with a few medals to illustrate. An interesting paper on "The Three Gates of London" was read by Mr. Massey with tokens of the gates to illustrate.

Max Schwartz, the guest speaker of the evening, read a lengthy and interesting paper he prepared on the subject "Saxony: A Glimpse at Its History as Exemplified by Its Thalers."

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—78th meeting, March 28, President Hoffman presiding. Thirty-one members and ten visitors were present.

Mr. Yeoman, president of the Racine Coin Club, introduced the Racine members. President Yeoman cordially invited the Milwaukee club to attend a banquet to be given in Racine on April 17th. An auction and a very interesting display will be held.

Mr. Culver reported on the progress being made on the C. S. N. S. convention. Many rare coins are to be shown by many prominent collectors. Twenty-six cases have been reserved by out-of-towners. Police and detective protection will be on hand day and night for the duration of the convention.

The next regular meeting will be held April 18, one week sooner than the regular time, due to the closeness of the regular meeting night with the convention.

Henry Goral was admitted to membership in our society.

H. R. Sterrett, Ralph Schaefer and Geo. P. Geig applied for membership.

The C. S. N. S. president was given the power to draw from our treasury up to a certain amount to be used for convention purposes.

Exhibits were as follows:

T. Olbinski: Twelve Federal Reserve bank notes in crisp condition.

J. R. Stewart: 1870 proof set; 1883 to 1912 5c. in proof; Maundy money; 1858 flying eagle cent, and Russian platinum 3 ruble.

Mr. Kuebler: German pattern set of 1913 from 2 to 20 mark in silver and gold in proof.

Harry Collura: Philippine commemorative set and miscellaneous foreign.

A lively auction was followed by adjournment.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—The 157th regular meeting, April 1, attended by thirty members and guests, three of the guests being admitted to membership, namely the speaker, Frederick C. Dockweiler, R. W. McDougall and Oscar J. Larson.

Reports of the Pasadena Coin Club, recently organized, and of the Orange County Coin Club were received. The meeting was marked by an unusual occurrence—it began and ended on time.

Frederick C. Dockweiler then addressed the club on "The History of United States Currency," and mentioned the interesting fact that our paper money, although of no intrinsic value, has continued in use since the first Government notes were issued in 1861 and is still deemed valuable notwithstanding the

enormous national debt. The gold notes, first issued in 1863, the silver certificates issued in 1878 and thereafter, private gold notes issued by California banks, and the hard times clearing house certificates were also discussed. A fine collection of currency was exhibited in connection with Mr. Dockweiler's address, illustrating the large-size currency in use prior to 1929 and the finest known examples of currency engraving.

Impromptu remarks by Mr. Jorgensen, Oscar Larson and others closed the meeting, after which an auction of thirty items was held.

AKRON COIN CLUB—31st meeting, with 17 members and 4 guests present, President R. W. Miller presiding.

M. B. Fenton was admitted to membership.

A letter was received from C. Merle Foraker, who is now serving as first lieutenant in the Signal Corps, stationed at Red Bank, N. J.

National Coin Week displays are ready to be placed in the Akron stores and we are using the theme, "Numismatics Is an Interesting and Inexpensive Hobby."

A vote of thanks was extended to Joseph Silverman, of Brooklyn, for his donation of the Fifty-Year Index to The Numismatist for the club's library.

Talks were given by Mr. Hammett, Mr. Shondel and Mr. Kabealo.

Displays were as follows:

F. W. Hammett: 5 pesos of Alphonso XII and XIII; Ancient Greek stater of Corinth.

S. J. Kabealo: Set of uncirculated small cents.

V. L. Oblisk: An \$8 Continental note featured by Ripley in "Believe It or Not." Ancient Greek and Roman coins to be used in public displays.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—April 3, President William H. Arthur in the chair. Nine members and one guest were present.

Dr. Gaeta, the guest, was welcomed by the president.

Mrs. Brookes spoke regarding her exhibits during National Coin Week. She exhibited at the meeting her numismatic exhibits at various schools. The club voted her its thanks for her endeavors.

Mr. Nettleship read a paper on United States encased postage.

The meeting closed with an auction of coins donated by the members. The proceeds were allocated for the benefit of the club's entertainment fund.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Carpenter: Album containing Roman Consular denarii with descriptions covering their history and attributions.

Mrs. Brookes: Uncirculated nickels. Six frames of U. S. coins used for display during coin week.

Mr. Arthur: A collection of uncirculated U. S. minor coins.

Mr. Brookes: 43 tokens; Masonic Penny; lepton of Judea; German encased postage; large bronze medallion of the Cudahy Packing Company.

Mr. Pukall: Collection of English halfpenny and farthing tokens from 1792 to 1800.

Mr. Nettleship: 31 encased postage, various denominations and different issues.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Sixth meeting, April 11th, with Mr. D. A. Robinson presiding in the absence of President Hurst.

Applications for membership were read from S. E. Fairlamb, 2220 Lakeview Avenue and Howard E. Musser, 3033 Park Avenue.

Hayden Clements made a very interesting talk on "Strange Facts About Money."

All members present voted to take up at our May meeting the question of revising our different committees that are inactive.

D. A. Robinson, our vice-president, will make a talk at our meeting May 9th.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—April 1. President Woodside in the chair. Twelve members and one guest were present.

This meeting featured exhibits of tokens. Several members offered interesting talks on their exhibits.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Laughlin: Tradesmen's tokens of Civil War period, both general and local Pittsburgh items; tokens of post-war Germany in base metals; Chinese temple money; Anglesey Mine token, 1791, England; proof half cent, 1886, British North Borneo; bronze uncia of Lucania, Italy, B. C. 300-200.

Mr. Eastwood: 18 U. S. Hard-Times tokens.

Mr. Woodside: 31 East India plantation tokens; bicentenary medal of University of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mr. Porter: Tray of tokens, medals and Colonial cents.

Mr. Piper: 17 Grand Lodge badges, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Buterbaugh: Collection of uncirculated tradesmen's tokens.

Mr. DeVos: 10,000 marks, Westphalia, 1923; U. S. Double Eagle, 1923-D; Missouri commemoratives.

Dr. Kastlin: Medal of the five botanists of the de Jussieu family, 1704 to 1853, struck in 1853.

Mr. Gaede: English silver and gold coins, modern; several U. S. patterns.

Mr. Coatsworth: Tray of Canadian bank tokens, principal varieties.

ALBANY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—88th meeting, March 27. Vice-President Sartoris opened the meeting at 8.35 P. M. Seventeen members were present.

After some discussion as to the place of our coming fifth annual banquet, it was decided that it be held at Howard Johnson's, on Central Avenue. The date was tentatively set as May 8th, and it was decided that no entertainment other than the guest speaker would be provided. A motion was carried that two gold dollars and a 1941 proof set be provided as door prizes.

The secretary read a letter from Vernon L. Brown, stating his inability to accept our invitation to be guest speaker. Word is expected from T. James Clarke in the near future. If he declines, Mr. Hardstock is to contact Mr. Newell or others in the Rochester club.

The nominating committee reported for president, Dr. K. J. Sartoris; first vice-president, H. H. Kurth; second vice-president, Dr. J. L. Robertson, and secretary-treasurer, W. J. McKinney, election to be at the next meeting.

A proposal extending to Mr. Van Kleeck a life membership in recognition of years of faithful service and three terms as president was brought up by Dr. Sartoris. The proposal was unanimously approved, presentation to be at the banquet.

Mr. Reynolds then conducted a numismatic quiz program. Cards bearing numbers of questions were distributed. Each person in turn read his number or numbers and was asked a question by Mr. Reynolds. A correct answer brought applause while failure to answer entailed a penalty of 10 cents. Total penalties were \$2.00.

Next a 1908-S mint cent, donated by Mr. Larkin to raise money toward banquet door prizes, was raffled. \$1.80 was realized on this event.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—April 3. Twenty members were present.

The dinner committee, Mr. Straus, chairman, made its report on the dinner held at the Belvedere Hotel on March 20th, which showed a small profit to the Club. This was accepted with thanks and the committee was discharged. Mr. Duffield suggested that in the future it might be advisable to hold such affairs on Saturday night rather than on the regular meeting night, so as to give our friends in more distant places more convenient opportunity to attend. It was decided to bear this in mind in the future. The secretary was instructed to write to David M. Bullowa and thank him for coming down and addressing us.

Mr. Heiserman reported upon his investigation about a projector for exhibiting coins, discussed at a previous meeting. As the apparatus seems to be too expensive for us, the matter was held for further attention.

The annual election of officers was held with the following results: President, Arthur B. Stewart; vice-president, Ernest Hawkins; Sec.-Treas., George Regard; curator and librarian, H. C. Brogren; board of governors, the officers named with John M. Cook, Stewart Hooper, Philip G. Straus and Theodore Austin.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—59th meeting, March 27, Paul M. Fouts presiding. Most of the meeting was devoted to making final arrangements for the club's participation in the second Pacific Northwest Convention of Coin Clubs to be held at Centralia March 30th.

Mr. Glickert, chairman of the auction committee, gave a report on the rules and regulations to apply at the sale.

Mr. Fouts reported that arrangements had been made to take a photographer from Seattle. The matter of transportation was talked over and all those driving cars listed.

Mr. Sanford, who exhibited a tray of foreign dollars, said a few words regarding the popularity of these large silver pieces throughout the world ever since their introduction.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—April 14, 112th meeting, President Archer presiding. Twenty-one members and eight guests were present.

Victor Chambers, chairman of the National Coin Week committee, reported upon the display and banquet held on March 22 and 23.

The principal speaker of the evening was S. J. Kabealo, Youngstown, Ohio. His topic was "The One Cent Coinage of America." Mr. Kabealo told of the varieties in dies used in striking cents. He told many interesting anecdotes. According to Mr. Kabealo, the position of creating most collectors, formerly held by the commemorative half dollars series, is now occupied by the one-cent series.

After Mr. Kabealo's talk there was a lively discussion on cents and literature to be found about cents.

Dr. Henderson promised to bring out for display at the next meeting the only known 1821 over 20 large copper cent.

George Andrews will display and tell of his collection of Lincoln cent varieties and die breaks.

Displays were made by the following:

Mike Higgy: 1795 half eagle, uncirculated.

Clint Higgy: A collection of Hard Times tokens of 1837.

Dr. Henderson: Ancient Greek and Roman gold coins.

Roy Starkloff: Early type half dollars.

John Warner: Campaign buttons.

S. J. Kabealo: Half dollars, and an 1867 double-cut date uncirculated Indian head cent.

Bruce Ruggles: Varieties of large cents.

Charles Kabealo: Complete set small cents, uncirculated and proof.

J. C. Archer: Collection of silver dollars.

An auction was held.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—March 13. There were ten members and one guest present. Mr. Baker, the president, presided.

Mr. Baker appointed Vera C. Strachan as secretary. It was moved and seconded that the president's appointment be approved.

Mr. Milton gave a report about his talk and coin display which he gave to the Y. M. C. A. Hobby and Craft meeting January 10.

Mr. Baker made a suggestion that each member tell an interesting story about coins at the next meeting.

Dr. B. H. Sherrard gave a very enlightening and interesting talk about trans-

portation tokens and brought his collection of tokens for display. All members enjoyed Dr. Sherrard's talk very much.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—March 20th, Pen Argyl, Pa. The meeting was called to order by the president, with 16 members and one guest present. The door prize was won by Morgan Strohl.

A very interesting talk on large cents and coins in general was delivered by Roy T. Barnhart, which brought to light many interesting oddities of the large cents in particular.

Mr. Smith, of Stroudsburg, Pa., will arrange the next regular meeting, which promises to be very interesting.

All the members participated in a general discussion in regard to National Coin Week, and they all promised to do their best to make it a big success in this locality. A special poster for the occasion was printed and will be distributed through the entire valley, including coin displays.

A short auction followed.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—There were twenty-nine members present at our April meeting and five guests. Among the guests was Julius Windner, of the Philadelphia club, who discussed plans for the convention. Mr. Windner is chairman of the badge and program committee. Another guest was Mr. McCormick, an ex-president of the Baltimore club, who acted as auctioneer for the auction that was a feature of the meeting. A large number of coins were submitted for sale, all proof, fine or rare.

National Coin Week was a success in Washington, through the efforts of the committee in charge. Interesting exhibits were displayed in Washington, Alexandria, Anacostia, and Columbia Heights. Mr. Weikert, former president of the society, served with the Washington News to appraise coins brought in by its readers, and gave a report to the club of the many interesting ones that were brought to his attention.

Mr. Rothwell displayed at the April meeting a card of coins under the caption of "Hot Spots of the World," flags and coins displayed with a touch of humor. Mr. Jameson gave a report of the meeting in Baltimore, attended by many of the Washington members. Tribute was paid to Mr. Permoda for his generosity in bestowing upon the club members a beautiful booklet of the Washington Numismatic Society, giving its constitution, by-laws, membership and history. The booklet, a copy of which was given to each member, is dedicated to Hon. George H. Russell, co-founder of the Society and its first President, who died in 1936.

Hon. Elmer Thomas, United States Senator from Oklahoma, will speak to the society at the May meeting. Outstanding public figures, who are honorary members of the Washington organization, are also expected to be present.

ORANGE COUNTY COIN CLUB—April 15. The meeting was called to order by President Howard Robinson.

The program, which was very enjoyable, consisted of several selections by a quartet of horns, an address by F. C. Wasson, of the U. S. Secret Service, on "Know your Money," and a motion picture of the same title; a talk by Adolph Larson, Jr., of Los Angeles, on "Nature Never Duplicates," and an address on "Highlights of Coins for Twenty-Six Centuries," by Holger Jorgensen, of Los Angeles, illustrated by a coin of each century.

Before and following the meeting, collections of various hobbyists were on display. Two hundred members and guests were present.

DISTRIBUTION OF MAUNDY MONEY IN LONDON.

In spite of the European war, England held fast to the traditional observance of Maundy Thursday by giving away specially designed silver coins to old men and women.

The King and Queen, who usually perform this service, were unable to do it this year. So the Archbishop of Canterbury distributed a total of about \$60 in green, white and red purses to forty-six men and forty-six women in Westminster Abbey. Each received 46 pence, a penny for each year of the King's life. They also received some additional money for food and clothing.

These coins are highly prized by collectors because of the special design and very limited issue. The coins are in denominations of one, two, three and four pence, all in silver. It is reported that speculators usually await the recipients outside the cathedral with offers to buy the coins at considerable premium.

The three Greek city-states, Metapontum, Sybaris and Caulonia, issued coins of a thin fabric, which was quite different in standard and appearance from other Greek pieces of the period. The coins were struck from two dies, of which the obverse and reverse dies were of similar type, one in relief, and the other intaglio. The two dies were perfectly matched, so that the appearance of these coins is most remarkable.

**IN THIS GOLDEN JUBILEE YEAR
OF THE
AMERICAN NUMISMATIC
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Fifty-Year Index

TO

THE NUMISMATIST

The contents of this magazine over a period of half a century embrace articles on every phase of numismatics.

RECENTLY ISSUED

PRICE \$1.00

ADDRESS

THE NUMISMATIST

4215 FERNHILL AVE., BALTIMORE, MD.

STATE OF WASHINGTON TO HAVE ORANGE-COLORED TOKENS.

Through the courtesy of H. C. Glickert, of Seattle, Wash., a member of the American Numismatic Association and active leader in Northwest numismatic circles, we have received information about the newly adopted orange-colored sales tax tokens. The tokens are to be made of plastic material, and the decision to have bright colors was well received in order to avoid confusion with other money.

A number of persons who were asked to state their choice advocated a green token, in view of the State's nickname as the Evergreen State. It has been announced that the tokens should be ready when the three per cent tax goes into effect. If the plastic tokens are not ready by May 1st, emergency cardboard tokens may be substituted.

The State has long had aluminum tokens with a pierced center.

The new tokens will be thicker and will not have the central hole. Although 60 millions of the aluminum tokens have been struck and distributed, the State does not expect to receive more than 25 per cent of this number in return for redemption. A Washington State official disclaimed any knowledge as to what ultimate use the tokens were put after having served briefly for the collection of the sales tax. He did note, however, a serious public demand for the tokens, as keepsakes.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Yugoslavia—A specimen of the new pure nickel Yugoslavian coinage has recently been reported by the New Netherlands Coin Co., New York. The specimen shows on the obverse the bare head to right of Peter II, who succeeded to the throne following his father's assassination in 1934. By a coup d'etat several weeks ago the control of the Government was seized by Peter II as a rallying point to unite the various factions of the kingdom.

The obverse of the pure nickel coins, unlike the silver pieces previously reported, does not bear his name or title. It reads in Cyrillic letters, YUGOSLAVIAN KINGDOM. The artist's name appears in small letters below the bust.

The reverse has an oak and olive wreath surrounding the crowned value and date: 10 DINARS 1938. It is 23mm. in diameter and has a reeded edge. Despite the 1938 date, it is believed to have been struck in 1939 or 1940.

It is of particular interest to note that the reverse of this coinage confirms in every detail with the gold 20-dinar struck by his father in 1925. The shape of the letters, the spacing, the wreath, and the date are factors interesting to compare.

MANY BOGUS NICKELS.

Music boxes and mechanical devices, which have created an unprecedented demand for nickels, causing the United States Government mints last year to use 358 tons of nickel in the production of 359,729,159 new five-cent pieces, have also led to the counterfeiting of the five-cent piece, according to Frank J. Wilson, chief of the Secret Service. The counterfeiters merely cut metal slugs of the size, thickness and approximate weight of nickels and sell them as slugs to dealers, he said. These dealers, in turn, sell them to persons who use them instead of nickels to buy chewing gum, sandwiches and other vending machine articles.—New York Sun.

St. Eligius, the patron saint of numismatists and of gold and silver smiths, appears upon the coins of Paris and Marseilles, as well as upon the ecclesiastical coins issued by the Bishops of Noyes and Limoges.

News has been received to the effect that the Mint mark of Vienna has been changed to B. It had been A for a great many years.

NEWS OF NEW BANK NOTES.

Chile—A new lithographed 20-peso note has recently been received in this country, showing upon the obverse, in a center oval panel the facing bust of a Spanish nobleman of the Colonial period. An aboriginal Indian's portrait is watermarked at the left. The notes are dated Nov. 22, 1939, and are convertible into gold, in accordance with the law. The notes are issued by the Banco Central. The reverse shows an old church courtyard with a statue in the foreground. The color of the notes is deep purple on the reverse and purple-brown on the obverse. The size of the notes is $5\frac{3}{4}$ by $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches.

France—Specimens of the new 100-franc notes issued by the French Government prior to the collapse of that country have recently been seen. The notes are engraved in the typical Bank of France style. The obverse shows a figure symbolic of Liberty standing beside a child holding a shield, in which appears the bank's watermark. In the background is an aerial view of Paris, showing in the foreground the Cathedral of Notre Dame, on the island. The reverse shows a male figure with large ruff collar, dressed in the period of Henry IV of France. In the background is a chateau, and a shepherd tending his flock. Also a number of cows, and a farmer plowing. In the lower right corner of the note appears a French phrase meaning: Tilling and grazing are the two productive sources of France. The notes measure 7 by $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. The protective devices, in addition to the watermarks, are the expert use of multi-color engraving.

CONTINENTAL PAPER MONEY.

On Friday, June 23, 1775, the Continental Congress, sitting in Philadelphia, resolved that the Continental bills should be issued in the following denominations and numbers: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 dollars, of each, 49,000 bills; 20 dollars, 11,800 bills.

This issue totaled 403,800 bills and had a face value of \$2,000,000.

The Congress also prescribed the form of the bills, as follows, at its session:

Resolved, That the form of the bills be as follows, viz.:

CONTINENTAL CURRENCY.

No.

DOLLAR

This bill entitles the bearer to receive Spanish Milled Dollars, or the value thereof in gold or silver, according to the Resolutions of the Congress, held at Philadelphia, on the 10th day of May, 1775.

Resolved, that Mr. John Adams, Mr. John Rutledge, Mr. James Duane, Doctor Benjamin Franklin and Mr. James Wilson be a committee to get proper plates engraved, to provide paper, and to agree with the printers to print the above bills.

FIRE IN HAVANA AFFECTS COINS AND BANK NOTES.

A recent news dispatch from Cuba has revealed that a fire in the Treasury Department almost destroyed a quantity of \$1,300,000 in deteriorated silver certificates which were stored in their vaults. The vaults also held \$34,000,000 in silver coins and \$1,200,000 in gold coins and bars.

It would be an enterprising idea to form a collection of coins which have been issued by localities which never advanced beyond the first coin. In this class would be the Antigua farthing of 1836, the Andorra 10 centimos of 1873, the Magdalen Island penny of 1815, the Florida 1/24 real of James II.

Paris was the first name of the Archbishop of Salzburg from 1617 to 1653.

THE COINS OF SCHAUMBURG-LIPPE.

A recent publication from Portugal has reached this country, entitled, upon translation: "Coins of William of Schaumburg-Lippe, Commander in Chief of the Portuguese Army." The author is L. P. Garcia, of Portugal. Although only seven pages, it is a detailed study of the coinage of this interesting continental petty ruler of the eighteenth century, who was born in London, but succeeded to the Countship of Schaumburg-Lippe, and who fought in the continental wars in the service of Portugal. He was commander in chief of the armies which, with England, were fighting the Spanish. The King of Portugal named the German count a Prince of the Blood. There are both gold and silver coins, which bear inscriptions referring to his Portuguese military activities.

THE 1866 AND 1867 FIVE-CENT NICKELS.

For many years collectors have considered that the two varieties of shield pattern nickels were those of 1866 and 1867 with bars (or rays), and those issued in 1867 and in the year thereafter until 1883, which had only the thirteen stars surrounding the large numeral 5.

A careful examination of these coins indicates that in 1866 a die was used for the reverse which varies from the die used in 1867. The difference, it is true, is minor, but it is quite apparent upon a careful comparison.

The 1866 die has the star which is directly above the 5 directly below the final S in STATES. In the year 1867, on the type with the rays, the star is centered between the final ES in STATES.

The pure nickel pattern of 1867 (A.-W. 631) was struck from the same reverse die as that of 1866, and should not be confused with the type of the regular issue, in which the position of the stars differ.

GERMAN PAPER MONEY IN OCCUPIED AREAS.

We receive news of the notes being forced into circulation in Europe's occupied areas, from Vernon L. Brown, member of the Board of Governors, of the A. N. A., and curator of the Chase Bank Money Exhibit. The notes have been issued in accordance with a decree of the German National Credit Office. The reverse of the notes bears only the threat of imprisonment for counterfeiting. The notes carry no promise as to redemption or signatures for validation. They measure $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches by $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Specimens of the 50 pfennig and 1 mark issues have been seen. The notes are only legal in the occupied areas and are without value in Germany.

The Spanish city of Valencia was besieged in 1823 by a French expedition under the Duke of Angouleme, representing the reactionary forces attempting to reestablish the power of the legitimatist ruler, Ferdinand VII. The capitulation of the city followed very quickly after the arrival of the foreign army, and a special 4-real piece was coined, showing upon the obverse the bust of the King, and upon the reverse the crowned diamond-shaped shield of the city with the inscription: VAL(ENCIA) SITIADA POR LOS ENIMIGOS DE LA LIBERTAD, meaning, Valencia besieged by the enemies of Liberty.

In 1878 the United States was represented at the International Monetary Conference, held at Paris. One of the questions before the Congress related to the selection of an international coin which would have accepted circulation in various countries. While there was considerable effort to have the standard piece approximately gold dollar or \$5 size, it is to be noted that the pattern coinage of stellas in the two succeeding years was a direct result of this conference, in that the \$4 piece approximately equaled a number of then current European gold coins.



TO THE TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED COLLECTORS

who received—or will very shortly receive—my Catalog
of the celebrated Dunham Sale Catalog.

This great Sale is the culmination of an anticipated epoch
extending for more than a quarter of a century.

The advance orders for the Catalog and Price List has,
undoubtedly, surpassed by far any former record.

It is my earnest desire to surpass all former records for
“attendance” at this Sale.—(And I am confident that this
will surely be the case.)

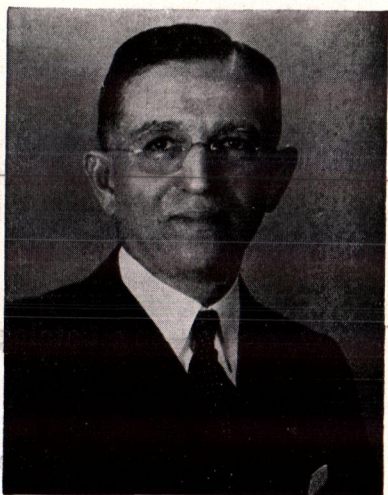
I most respectfully invite your bids for the items that
may interest you. There are coins and notes of every kind
to interest every kind of a collector. You are assured of
most faithful execution of your bids.

Am also sure you realize the added interest and satisfac-
tion you will derive by possessing a coin or note from this
great Sale.

A great task is ahead of me. I want to do a good job of
it. You can help me by sending your bids early.

Thanking you,

B. MAX MEHL.



At The Very Last Moment:---

I again had to increase the number of Catalogs ordered for the great Dunham Sale. And even these were almost all promptly spoken for.

Only a very small number of the Catalogs are now available. These may be had for \$5.00 per copy. This also includes the Price List of the Sale.

The Catalog consists of nearly three hundred pages; a total of 4,169 lots. The largest Sale I have ever conducted and one of the largest ever conducted in the history of American Numismatics. The description and history of the 1804 Dollar occupies fourteen (14) pages!

Nearly two thousand five hundred advance cash orders were received for the Catalog before it was published! I appreciate this wonderful expression of confidence.

The Catalog was a greater task to produce than I had anticipated. But when you see it, am sure you will agree that it is worth while waiting for.

B. MAX MEHL.

A Collection of Interesting Half Dollars

1805 Fillet head, H. 4. Very Good..	\$2.25	1836 Small date. Ext. Fine	1.25
1806 Similar type, variety without stem through claw. Good ..	1.50	Very Fine	1.10
1807 Fillet Head, large 8 in date. Very Fine	1.75	1843 Seated Liberty. Very Fine ..	1.25
1808 Capped Liberty. Very Fine ..	1.10	1853 Arrows at date. Rays on Rev. Ext. Fine	1.50
1809 Large 9. Fine	1.10	1853-O Arrows at date. Rays on Rev. Very Good	1.10
1812 Ext. Fine	1.75	1855-O Arrows. Very Good	1.10
1814 Very Fine	1.25	1858-O Very Good	1.10
1817 Very Fine	1.50	1859-O Good	1.00
1818 over 17. Ext. Fine	1.75	1863 Very Good	1.00
1819 Very Fine	1.50	1876 Motto on Rev. Ext. Fine ..	1.25
1820 Square base 2. Very Fine ..	1.50	1877-S Very Fine	1.10
1821 Square base 2. Ext. Fine ..	1.75	1877 Ext. Fine	1.25
1823 Very Fine	1.25	1892 About Unc.	2.00
1824 Fine	1.50	1894 About Unc.	2.00
1825 Square base 2. Very Fine ..	1.50	1898 About Unc.	2.00
1826 Blunt 2. Fine	1.25	1928 Capt. Cook Commemorative, Ext. Fine \$8.50. Unc.	10.50
1827 Curled 2. Ext. Fine	1.50		
1827 Square base 2. Very Fine ..	1.50		
1828 Square base 2. Very Fine ..	1.50		
1830 Ext. Fine	1.35		
1831 Very Fine	1.10		
1832 Ext. Fine	1.50		
Very Fine	1.10		
1833 Very Fine	1.10		
1834 Small 50c. Very Fine	1.10		
1835 Small date. Very Fine	1.10		

DOLLARS

1873-CC Trade Dollar. Ext. Fine ..	6.50
1878 Standard Dollar, 7 tail feathers. Ext. Fine	3.50
1886 About Unc.	2.25
1889 About Unc.	2.25
1893 Unc.	2.50
1900 About Unc.	2.25

COINS IN THE NEWS

ETHIOPIA. 1894, Talar, Menelik II. Crowned bust right. Rev. Lion of Judah. Pattern signed by J. C. Chaplain. Extremely Fine. Rare	6.50
IRAN. 1926, 5 Kran. Portrait of Rhesa Shah. Rev. Lion with sword. Uncirculated ..	3.00
ROUMANIA. 1906, Commemorative 5 Lei with youthful and aged busts of Carol I. Unc., choice	2.75
SERBIA. 1904, Commemorative 5 Dinar, Peter I and Kara George. Rev. Commemorative dates above crowned arms on mantle. Very Fine, Rare ..	4.00
HAWAII. Dollar, 1883, Kalakaua. Extremely Fine	2.10
PUERTO RICO. 1895, Peso, Alfonso XIII. Head of boy king left. Extremely Fine ..	1.80

WEST INDIAN COUNTERSTAMPED SEGMENTS

TORTOLA, 5 Livres. Counterstamped on cut half of Spanish milled dollar. Fine, Rare	4.50
TORTOLA, 4 Livres. Counterstamped on smaller portion of Spanish milled dollar. Fine, Rare	6.00
TORTOLA, 2 Livres. Counterstamped on cut quarter segment of Spanish milled dollar. Edges serrated. Fine, Rare	3.50

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Continued from December issue

GREEK COINS

Campania. ALLIBA. abt. 4th cent. Litra. Apollo. Rx. Scylla & shell VF \$ 4.00	
PHISTELIA. 380-350. Obol. Young head facing. Rx. mussel-shell and corn-grain	EF 5.00
HYRIA. 400-335. Didrachm. Helmeted head of Athena. Rx. Manheaded bull. Rare in this superb condition	22.00
Apulia. VENUSIA. 268-217. AE. Sextans. Athena. Rx. Owl on branch VF	6.00
Calabria. TARENTUM. 4th-3rd cent. We always keep a fine selection of varieties of this beautiful type	6.00-30.00
Lucania. THURIUM. 400-350. Distater. Athena. Rx. Rushing bull. According to Head, "These coins rank among the finest of numismatic art"	F \$45.00. VF \$105.00 and \$120.00
Bruttium. RHEGIUM. 480-466. Tetradrachm. Mule car. Rx. Hare running VF	35.00
SICILY. MESSANA. 461-396. Litra. Hare running. Rx. MES in wreath F	3.75
SYRACUSE. 485-479. Drachm. Horseman. Rx. Female head	VF-F 8.00
357-317. EL. 25 Litrae. Apollo. Rx. Lyre	VF 15.00
216-215. 10 Litrae. Hieronymus. Rx. Fulmen	alm. EF 24.00
MACEDON. BISALTA. King Mosses. 500-480. Drachm. Warrior beside horse. Rx. Inscription	abt. VF/VG 10.00
ACANTHUS. 500-424. Tetrobol. Forepart of lion. Rx. incuse VF	7.00
SCIONE. 5th cent. Tetrobol. Young heroic head (not well centered). Rx. helmet. R.	VF 10.00
PHILIPPI. 358-340. Hemidrachm. Head of Heracles. Rx. Tripod. R. VF	15.00
AUTONOMOUS ISSUES. 185-168. Tetrobol. Macedonian shield. Rx. After-part of ship	EF 4.50
Tetrobol. Head of Maenad. Rx. As before	EF 7.00
Paeonia. AUDOLEON. 315-286. Tetrobol. Head of Athena, facing. Rx. forepart of horse	VF 9.00
Thrace. Abdera. 430-408. Triobol. Griffin. Rx. Kantharos	VF 11.00
Triobol. Griffin. Rx. 3 ears of corn	VF 10.00
Triobol. Griffin. Rx. Head of Apollo	EF 12.00
AENUS. 4th cent. Diobol. Head of Hermes r. Rx. Goat. Charming little coins in extremely fine condition	10.00-12.00
Thasos. 550-463. Stater. Naked Satyr carrying nymph. Rx. Swastika inc.	VF 9.50
411-350. Drachm. Bearded Dionysos. Rx. Heracles kneeling shooting with bow. R.	EF 28.00
¼ drachm. Silenos with kantharos. Rx. Amphora	VF 4.00
Thessaly. LARISSA. 400-344. Drachm. Head of nymph Larissa, facing. Rx. Horse grazing. Different interesting varieties	VF 8.00-10.00
SCOTUSSA. 480-400. Drachm. Forepart of horse. Rx. Grain of corn VF	6.00
THESSAL. LEAGUE. 196-146. Drachm. Apollo. Rx. Athena fighting	VF 5.00
Aetolian League. 279-168. Drachm. Artemis. Rx. Aetolia std. on shields and symbols	VF 5.00
Euboea. CHALKIS. 369-336. Drachm. Female head. Rx. Eagle w. serpent	VF 3.00. EF 6.00
ERETRIA. 369-336. Drachm. Head of nymph Euboea. Rx. Head and neck of bull	F 3.50. VF 5.00. EF 7.50
HISTIAEA. 196-146. Tetrobol. Head of Maenad. Rx. Nymph seated on galley	VF 5.00
Corinth & Colonies. Stater. Pegasus. Rx. Head of Athena, many varieties	4.00-12.00
Sicyon. 400-323. Stater. Chimaera. Rx. Dove flying in wreath . alm. EF	12.00
Messene. After 280 B. C. Triobol. Zeus, high relief. Rx. Tripod	EF 4.50
Megalopolis. 234-146. Triobol. Zeus. Rx. Pan seated on rock	VF 5.00
Lesbos. 480-350. EL. Hekte. Head of Apollo. Rx. Calf's head	VF 18.00
Bosporus. Sauromates 94-124. EL. Rx. Hadrian	Unc. 25.00
EUPATOR. 155-171. EL. Rx. L. Verus and M. Aurel	VF 15.00
Rhescuporis. 212-229. Base EL. Rx. Caracalla	VF 10.00
Rhescuporis. 212-229. Base EL. Rx. Severus Alexander	VF 8.00
Rhescuporis. 212-229. Fine EL. Rx. Caracalla	EF 15.00
Aeolis. TEMNUS. 3rd cent. AE. Dionysos. Rx. Grapes	VF 2.00
Cilicia. TARSUS. 378-372. Satrap Datames. Stater. Ob. Female head facing. Rx. Head of Mars	VF 9.00
TARSUS. 378-372. Stater. Ob. Baaltars seated. Rx. Mars	VF 9.00

SPECIALS

Parthia. MITHRADATES II. 123-88 B. C. Drachm. Ob. Head of king. Rx. Archer	F \$1.00. EF 1.50
Kings of the 1st and 2nd cent. A. D. Drachm. Ob. Head of king. Rx. archer	F .50. VF .75. EF 1.00
Bactria. MENANDER. 160-140. Hemidrachm. Ob. Helmeted head of the king. Rx. Pallas fighting	VF 1.00
Arabia. HIMYARITES. 1st cent. A. D. Hemidrachm. cupshaped. Heads on both sides	VF \$1.00. EF 1.50
Mauretania. JUBA II. 25 B. C.-23 A. D. Ob. Head of the king, different Reverses	All VF 3.00-8.00

Coins are of silver if not otherwise stated. AU—Gold. AE—Bronze. EL—Electron.

To be continued

NUMISMATIC FINE ARTS, INC. (Continued)

ROMAN CONSULAR COINS, FAMILIES D-I.

Denarii unless otherwise stated

DECIMIA. Head of Roma. Rx. Biga. B. 1	ab. VF	1.35
DIDIA. Head of Concordia. Rx. Villa Publica. B. 1	EF/VF	4.00
DOMITIA. Head of Ahenobarbus. Rx. Trophy on galley. B. 21 (20.00) F/VF		4.00
DURMIA. Head of AUGUSTUS. Rx. Boar pierced by arrow. B. 8. (12.00)		
	ab. VF/EF	4.00
EGNATULEIA. Quinar. Apollo. Rx. Victory writing on shield	ab. VF	1.00
EPPIA. Africa personified. Rx. Hercules. B. 1. (15.00)	EF	4.75
FABIA. Head of Roma. Rx. Horn of plenty and thunderbolt crosswise.		
Ex. Coll. Gneccchi. B. 5	VF	1.80
Head of Roma. Rx. The priest Fabius Pictor seated. B. 11	ab. VF	.75
Head of Kybele. Rx. Victory on Biga. B. 15	VF	2.25
FANNIA. Head of Roma. Rx. Victory on Quadriga. B. 1	alm. EF	1.70
FARSULEIA. Bust of Liberty. Rx. 2 warriors on Biga. B. 2	good VF	2.00
FLAMINIA. Head of CAESAR (splendid portrait). Rx. Juno stdg. with		
sceptre and caduceus. B. 3. RR	EF	42.00
FONTEIA. Double head of Pontus (son of Janus). Rx. Galley. B. 1	EF	2.75
Jugated heads of Dioscuri. Rx. Galley. B. 7	VF	1.80
Head of Apollo. Rx. Winged child on goat Amalthea. B. 9	EF	2.75
Same. B. 10	VF	2.25
Same. B. 11	VF	2.10
FUFIA. Jugated heads of Honor and Virtue. Rx. Italy and Roma, per-		
sonified. B. 1	VF	2.00
FULVIA. Head of Roma. Rx. Victory on Biga. B. 1	VF	2.50
FUNDANIA. Head of Roma. Rx. Victory on Quadriga. B. 1	VF	2.40
FURIA. Head of Roma. Rx. Diana on Biga. B. 13	VF	2.25
Head of Janus. Rx. Roma crowning Trophy. B. 18	alm. VF	.90
Head of Ceres. Rx. Curulic chair. B. 23	EF	2.30
GALLIA. Second Brass. On both sides inscriptions. B. 2	F/VF	1.00
GARGILIA. Head of Apollo. Rx. Jupiter on quadriga. B. 1. (50.00)	VF	9.00
AS. Double head of Janus. Rx. Prow. Rare in such condition	EF	7.00
GELLIA. Head of Roma in wreath. Rx. Mars on Quadriga	ab. VF	.90
HERENNIA. Head of Piety. Rx. Amphinomus carrying his father. B. 1	VF \$1.50. Superb	3.00

Horatia. Restitution Denarius of Trajan

This coin ranks among the rarest of all Restitution Denarii. Faked pieces are known, but we guarantee the authenticity of this specimen.

Our coin is V. G. condition only, being somewhat damaged on both sides; nevertheless, design and legend clearly legible. Bab. I, page 545 and II, 577.23. A most desirable coin considering its great Rarity and the reasonable price of

HOSIDIA. Diana. Rx. Calydon boar, pierced, attacked by dog. B. 1	EF	2.50
Same. B. 2	alm. VF	1.40
HOSTILIA. Head of Pallor. Rx. Diana stdg. B. 4	VF	2.00
Head of Venus. Rx. Victory walking. B. 5	EF/VF	4.00
ITIA. Head of Roma. Rx. Dioscuri on horseback. B. 1. R.	VF	12.00

Time of Caesar and Augustus

JULIA. Venus. Rx. Aeneas carrying h. father & palladium. B. 10	EF	2.00
Laureated head of Caesar (beautiful portrait). Rx. Venus holding little		
Victory & sceptre. B. 35	EF	18.00
Heads of Caesar & Augustus opposite. Rx. inscript. B. 129 (80.00)	VF	22.00
JUNIA. Bust of Apollo. Rx. Victory crowning trophy. Legend: Q. CAEP.		
BRUT. IMP. B. 49 (80.00)	Superb	25.00
POMPEIA. Neptune. Rx. Naval trophy. B. 21	F 6.00. VF 12.00.	EF 20.00
ANTONIA. Interesting portrait of M. Antony. Rx. Trophy. B. 77	VF	3.50
Legion Denarii, many common legions	from 1.00 up	
The extremely rare Legionis primae	ab. VF	75.00
The extremely rare Legionis trigesimae	ab. VF	60.00
ANTONIUS & CLEOPATRA. Their portraits on either side. R. B. 95	VF	15.00
ANTONIUS & LUCIUS. Their portraits on either sides. B. 48	VF	12.00
AUGUSTUS. His portrait. Rx. Apollo, playing lyre. C. 61	F 2.00. EF	3.50
His portrait. Rx. Victory on globus. C. 64	alm. EF	4.00
His portrait. Rx. Ithyphallic term. C. 114	VF	2.50
His portrait. Rx. Quadriga on arch. C. 123	VF	3.00
His portrait. Rx. Statue of Augustus on rostral column. C. 124	VF	2.50
His portrait. Rx. Capricorn. C. 147	better than VF	4.00
His portrait. Rx. Mercury w. caduceus & legion eagle. C. 259	EF	3.00
His portrait. Rx. Shield betw. legion eagle & mil. sign. C. 265, 267.	F-EF	2.50-6.00
His portrait. Rx. Shield, inscr. S. P. Q. R. CL. V. C. 294	VF	2.50
His portrait. Rx. Victory stdg. on prow. Quinar. C. 328. (60.00) ab. VF		6.00

Two Augustus Medallions, Silver, finest style, superb condition

His beautiful portrait. Rx. 6 corn-ears. Struck in Asia. C. 32	35.00
His beautiful portrait. Rx. Altar. Struck in Ephesus. C. 33	40.00

To be continued

NUMISMATIC FINE ARTS, INC. (Continued)

ROMAN IMPERIAL DENARII

Obverse shows portrait of ruler.

DIDIA CLARA. Rx. Hilaritas. C. 3. (300.00). RR	VF	40.00
JULIA DOMNA. Rx. MATRI DEUM. C. 137	Unc.	1.50
CARACALLA. Rx. Circussip. C. 118. (50.00). R.	Unc.	10.00
PLAUTILLA. Rx. Venus and Cupido. C. 25	EF	1.75
MACRINUS. Rx. Felicitas. C. 15	EF	2.00
DIADUMENIANUS. Rx. Emperor with 2 standards. C. 12	Unc.	5.00
JULIA PAULA. Rx. Concordia. C. 6	Unc.	2.00
AQUILIA SEVERA. Rx. Concordia. C. 2. (20.00)	Unc.	5.00
JULIA MAESA. Rx. Pudicitia. C. 36	Unc.	3.00
ORBIANA. Rx. Concordia. C. 1. (20.00)	Unc.	7.00
JULIA MAMAEA. Rx. Juno. C. 35	EF	1.50
PAULINA. Rx. Empress on peacock. C. 2. (50.00). R.	EF	18.00
BALBINUS. Rx. Providentia. C. 23	EF	6.00
PHILIPPUS PATER. Rx. She wolf and twins. C. 178	EF	3.00
OTACILIA. Rx. Concordia. C. 4	EF	2.25
PHILIPPUS JUNR. Rx. Principi Juvent. C. 54	EF	1.30
TRAJANUS DECIUS. Rx. Fertility stdg. C. 105	EF	1.25
ETRUSCILLA. Rx. Pudicitia seated. C. 19	VF	1.50
HERENNIUS. Rx. Principi Juventutis. C. 26	alm. EF	1.80
HOSTILIANUS. Rx. Principi Juventutis. C. 34	VF	3.75

ROMAN AND BYZANTINE GOLD COINS

Our stock contains several hundreds of Aurei, Solidi, etc., from Julius Caesar until John II Comnenus, ranging between \$6.00 and \$600.00.

We cordially invite collectors to correspond with us, and we are perfectly willing to make written offers on any particular subject. Approval shipments can be arranged.

ROMAN IMPERIAL FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD BRASS

Obverse shows portrait of ruler.

AGRIPPA. SECOND Brass. Neptune. C. 3. Beautiful patina, superb condition		12.00
ANTONIA. SECOND. Wife of Nero Drusus. Rx. Antonia stdg., veiled	VF	10.00
NERO. FIRST. Roma seated on shields. C. 277. Tiber patina	VF	9.00
NERO. SECOND. Roma seated on shields. C. 280. Green patina	VF	2.20
GALBA. SECOND. Fine portrait on broad flan. Rx. Liberty stdg. C. 103	VF	2.25
TITUS. FIRST. Annona w. basket, behind ship. C. 14	VF/F	3.25
TRAJAN. FIRST. Trajan std. beside praetor; before him Parthian king presenting kneeling Parthia. C. 328. (20.00). R.	abt. VF	9.00
HADRIAN. SECOND. Aeternitas, holding heads of Sun and Moon. C. 135	good F	1.75
ANTON. PIUS. FIRST. Pyre, richly ornamented. C. 165 var.	alm. EF	8.00
ANTON. PIUS. FIRST. His statue on column. C. 354	alm. EF	10.00
ANTON. PIUS. FIRST. Altar. C. 358	EF	12.00
FAUSTINA MATER. FIRST. Pietas burning incense on altar. Broad flan like a medallion. A real gem in superb condition. C. 240		40.00
M. AURELIUS. FIRST. The emperor, veiled, sacrificing. C. 1032 var.	EF	10.00
M. AURELIUS. SECOND. Pax stdg., w. torch. C. 365. Nice green patina	VF	2.75
FAUSTINA JUNR. FIRST. Kybele std. between 2 lions. C. 169	EF	10.00
FAUSTINA JUNR. FIRST. Her sons Commodus & Antony playing on throne. Finest light green patina. C. 193	EF	20.00
FAUSTINA JUNR. SECOND. Venus. Finest dark green patina. C. 258 EF		15.00
SEVER. ALEX. FIRST. Mars Ultor. C. 163	EF	9.50
SEVER. ALEX. SECOND. On medallion planchet. Emperor stdg. Restitutor Mon(eta). On the reinstatement of the Second Brass. See C. IV. 453. 516. Interesting rare coin	abt. VF/F	8.00
JULIA MAMAEA. FIRST. Rx. Venus. C. 62	VF	5.00
VOLUSIANUS. SECOND. Temple of Juno. C. 42	alm. VF	4.00
LAELIANUS. THIRD. Victory walking. C. 4	F \$3.75.	VF
VICTORINUS. THIRD. Pax. C. 83 and C. 93	VF	1.20
CLAUD. GOTH. THIRD. Different reverses	F/VF	1.00
VABALATHUS AND AURELIANUS. THIRD. Their portraits on either side. C. 1	VF	4.50
TACITUS. THIRD. Different reverses	EF	1.00
PPROBUS. THIRD. Different reverses	VF .75.	EF
NUMERIANUS. THIRD. Different reverses	VF	1.00
CARINUS. THIRD. Different reverses	VF 1.00-1.75	
DIOCLETIAN. THIRD. Different reverses	VF	.75
DIOCLETIAN. SECOND. Different reverses	VF	2.50
ALLECTUS. THIRD. Rx. Galley. C. 81. Colchester	Good F	3.75
ALLECTUS. THIRD. Rx. Fides Militum. C. 8. Colchester	EF	8.00
LICINIUS, CONSTANTIN I, CRISPUS, CONSTANTIN II, CONSTANTIUS.	F.30. VF	.60

To be continued

NUMISMATIC FINE ARTS, INC. (Continued)

JEWISH COINS

Coins are of bronze, unless marked AR—Silver.

SIMON MACCABAEUS.	136/135 B. C.	Lulab and 2 ethrogim.	Rx. Chalice.		
			abt. F 3.25.	F 4.00.	VF 5.75
ANTIOCHUS SIDETES.	140-129.	Ob. Flower.	Rx. Anchor		VF 5.75
JOHN HYRKANUS.	135-104.	Ob. Inscription.	Rx. Dble. cornucopiae		F 1.25
ALEX. JANNAEUS.	103-76.	Ob. Inscription.	Rx. Dble. cornucopiae		F 1.40
ALEX. JANNAEUS.	Ob. Anchor.	Rx. Wheel of 8 spokes			1.00-1.50
ANTIG. MATTHATHIAS.	40-37.	Ob. Dble. cornucopiae.	Rx. Ivy wreath		
			abt. F		6.00
HEROD I.	37-4 B. C.	Ob. Dble. cornucopiae.	Rx. Anchor		F 2.00
HEROD I.	Ob. winged caduceus.	Rx. Poppy-head			F 7.50
HEROD I.	Ob. Helmet.	Rx. Circular shield		abt. F	6.00
HEROD I.	Ob. Wreath.	Rx. Tripod		VG 5.50.	F 8.50
HEROD ARCHELAOS.	4 B. C.-6 A. D.	Dble. cornucopiae.	Rx. Galley abt.	F	4.75
HEROD ARCHELAOS.	Ob. Grapes.	Rx. Helmet		VF	2.25
HEROD AGRIPPA.	37-44.	Umbrella.	Rx. 3 ears of barley		from .50-2.00
AGRIPPA II.	50-100 A. D.	Ob. Head of Domitian.	Rx. Nike writing on shield	R.	F 5.00
AGRIPPA II.	Head of	Rx. Palm tree.	Unpublished. RR.	Ob. M./Rx.	F. 8.00

PROCURATORS

COPONIUS.	Ob. Ear of barley.	Rx. Palm tree			1.25-1.50
AMBIBULUS.	Ob. Ear of barley.	Rx. Palm tree			1.25-1.50
VALERIUS GRATUS.	Diff. designs				.75-2.50
PONTIUS PILATUS.	Diff. designs				1.00-2.50
ANTONIUS FELIX.	Diff. designs				.50-3.50

FIRST REVOLT

Shekel.	AR.	Year 2.	Chalice.	Rx. Stem w. 3 flowers	EF 50.00
Shekel.	AR.	Year 3.	Chalice.	Rx. Stem w. 3 flowers	VF 35.00. EF 50.00
Half Shekel.	AR.	Year 2.	Chalice.	Rx. Stem w. 3 flowers	
				F 20.00.	VF 30.00. EF 40.00
Bronze.	Year 2.	Ob. Amphora.	Rx. Vine leaf		2.25-5.00

JUDAEA CAPTA

TITUS.	Rx. Trophy with captive			G	4.00
TITUS.	Rx. Victory writing on shield			F	6.00
DOMITIAN.	Rx. Athena placing helmet on trophy			VG	4.00

SECOND REVOLT

Shekel.	AR.	Ob. Screen of Tabernacle.	Rx. Lulab and Ethrog	VF	40.00
Bronze.	Small type.	Ob. Grapes.	Rx. Palm tree	VF 3.50.	EF 9.00
Bronze.	Large type.	Ob. Vine leaf.	Rx. Palm tree from the first year,		
		second year, undated.	Diff. varieties		3.50-7.00
Bronze.	Ob. Palm branch in wreath.	Rx. Lyre.	R.		VF 9.00

AELIA CAPITOLINA

ANTONINUS PIUS.	Rx. City Goddess			G	1.00
M. AURELIUS and L. VERUS.	Rx. Nike.	R.	Ob. F./Rx. E. F.!		12.00
DIADUMENIANUS.	Rx. Temple w. city goddess.	Holed		F	5.00
ELAGABALUS.	Large Bronze.	Rx. She-wolf and twins.	R.		EF 16.00

ROMAN COINAGE—JUDAEA CAPTA

VESPASIAN.	AR.	Denar.	Rx. Mourning Judaea	VF	4.00
VESPASIAN.	Sestertius.	Rx. Mourning Judaea with captive.			
			F 9.00.	Average	VF 12.00
VESPASIAN.	Second brass.	Rx. Mourning Judaea		abt. VF	6.00
TITUS.	Second brass.	Rx. Mourning Judaea		abt. VF	5.00
NERVA.	Sestertius.	Rx. Palm-tree; calumnia piece		VF	15.00

Imperial Coinages in Palestine and Neighbouring Countries

Struck at Caesarea, Gadara, Neapolis, Nabathaea, Panias, Philadelphia, Ptolemais, Samosate, Sebaste, Tiberias and other places.
Apply for written offer.

**WE ARE IN THE MARKET TO BUY
U. S. GOLD & FOREIGN GOLD COINS**

NUMISMATIC FINE ARTS, INC., 30 East 95th St., New York

EDWARD GANS

Spring Numismatic Bargains

Paper Necessity Money from World War No. 1, 1915-18.

Belgium. 191 different pieces (some rare). The collection\$15.00
France. 126 different pieces (some rare). The collection 15.00

U. S. 5c. Nickels. 1883 shield to 1912 D and S. 34 pieces all brilliant proof except '12 D and S. The set	65.00
U. S. 25c. Proofs. 1858 to 1916 (1916 Unc.). Perfect proofs. Mounted in National Coin Album No. 2. 60 pieces. Beauties	150.00
The Rare Boones. 1935, Small 34, D and S. The pair	24.00
1804 Quarter. Very Rare. About fine. (Special)	9.00
1805 Quarter. Brill. Unc. Browning No. 4. This is the rarest variety of this date and is the original die of the famous '06 over '05. Only one other known in this condition. (Worth \$75.00.) Special price	35.00
Early uncirculated quarters are hard to get. Air mail for this.	
1825 Quarter. '25 over '23. Brill. Unc.	8.50
1828 Quarter. Brilliant unc.	9.00
1855 Quarter. O Mint. Fine. Ex. Rare	8.00
1894 Quarter. O Mint. Brill. Unc. (2 only). Rare	5.75
1900 Quarter. S Mint. Brill. Proof. (Superb condition)	10.00
1905 Quarter. S Mint. Brill. Unc.	5.50
1906 Quarter. O Mint. Brill. Unc. RARE	2.50
1917-P Type 1 and 2. Brill. Unc. Quarters. The pair	7.50
1917-D Type 1 and 2. Brill. Unc. Quarters. The pair	20.00
1917-S Type 1 and 2. Brill. Unc. Quarters. The pair	20.00
The set of six Brill. Unc. 1917-PDS. Both types	45.00
1918-D Brill. Unc. Quarter. (Scarce)	10.00
1924-D Brill. Unc. Quarter	3.00
1927-D Brill. Unc. Quarter	5.00
1919-P Brill. Unc. Quarter	Rare 11.00
1938-PDS Boone Half Dollars. Unc. Rare	18.50
1937-PDS Boone Half Dollars. Unc. Rare	19.00
1918-S Mint Half Dollar. Brill. Unc. (Rare)	9.00
1941 Raymond Standard Catalogue of U. S. Coins and Tokens. Post-paid	2.25

Wanted—Private Gold Coins, Proofs, Uncirculated Lots, etc.

ARTHUR B. KELLEY

4854a Penrose St., St. Louis, Mo.

U. S. Pattern, Trial, And Experimental Pieces

(From A Great Collection)

- 1860 Clark, Gruber & Co. \$10.00 Pattern in Copper, with view
of the Peak. Brill. Proof. Extremely rare \$25.00
1861 Clark, Gruber & Co. \$5.00 Pattern in Bronze. Brill. Proof 15.00
1861 Clark Gruber & Co. \$20.00 Pattern in Copper. Proof ... 25.00

The machinery that struck these coins is now in the U. S. Mint at Denver. Clark, Gruber & Co. coins were almost exclusively from gold produced in Colorado mines.

- 1850 Baldwin & Co. \$10.00 Pattern in bronze. Proof. Rare.
This is the famous "Cowboy" Coin of early California ... 25.00
1879 Morgan's U. S. Metric Design Pattern Dollar, A.-W. 1602,
R. 11. Very rare. Beautiful Brill. Silver Proof 75.00
1880 Morgan's U. S. Metric Design Pattern Dollar, A.-W. 1639.
Rev. of No. 1636. R. 11. Very rare. Beautiful Brill.
Silver Proof 75.00

The above two dollars are considered by experts to be the most handsome of all the pattern dollars.

Excessively Rare Pair of Pattern \$4.00 Stellas.

- 1879 U. S. \$4.00 Copper Pattern Stella. A.-W. 1579. "Liberty
with coiled hair". Extremely rare. Proof. Worth \$100.00 75.00
1880 U. S. \$4.00 Copper Pattern Stella. A.-W. No. 1631. "Flow-
ing hair design". Extremely rare. Proof. Worth \$100.00 75.00

Excessively rare Washington head 5c nickel Proof.

- 1866 U. S. Pattern 5c. Nickel. Bust of Pres. Washington.
A.-W. 541. Brill. Proof (add this to your nickel collection) 25.00

Rare Pattern Cents (In Great Demand).

- 1850 U. S. Pattern. Ring Cent. Similar to A.-W. 112, but in
copper-nickel, which is not listed. Very Rare. Proof.
Special price. (Worth \$30.00) 20.00
1852 U. S. Pattern Ring Dollar. Silver Proof. A.-W. 153 20.00
1855 U. S. Flying Eagle Large Cent. A.-W. 197. Proof 7.50
1859 U. S. Cent, type of 1860. A.-W. 312. Brill. Unc. 8.50
1863 U. S. Cent. Struck in copper without "L." A.-W. 423. Proof 12.50
Adams and Woodin's "Pattern, Trial and Experimental Pieces."

A catalogue every collector should have. Postpaid only 3.00

Wanted—"Coin Collections That Are For Sale."

ARTHUR B. KELLEY
4854a Penrose St., St. Louis, Mo.

Bridgeport *Barnum*... HALF DOLLAR

**Struck in 1936 to Commemorate
the 100th Anniversary of the City**

P. T. BARNUM, memorialized on Bridgeport's Centennial Half Dollars, is known the world over as a great showman. Bridgeport reveres him as one of its most illustrious citizens.

*George Washington's nurse, Joice Heth
—ZIP, the Great Whatisit . . . Jumbo,
Jennie Lind and others made famous by
him are dead and gone . . .*

BUT— Bridgeport still has a fine hospital which he founded . . . Thousands enjoy the beautiful parks which he gave to the city.

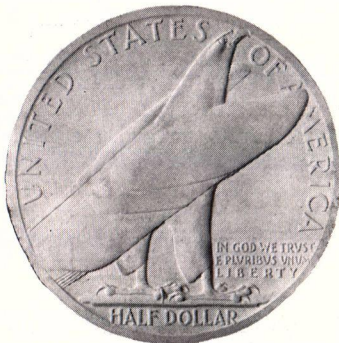
IN KEEPING WITH HIS SPIRIT OF PHILANTROPY ALL
CENTENNIAL COINS NOT SOLD IN 1936 HAVE BEEN
TURNED OVER TO THE COMMUNITY CHEST.

SECURE YOURS . . . \$2⁰⁰ Plus 10c mailing charge for 1 to 3 coins.
WHILE THEY LAST

Community Chest & Council

881 LAFAYETTE STREET

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.



BID AND ASK QUOTATIONS

Our recent listings under this title have been very popular, and this is possibly due to the incorporation of items that are in greatest demand at the present time. We will purchase any of the coins that you may have available in the condition stipulated at our "bid" price. We will sell any of the items at our "ask" price. We are also interested in purchasing other items in the line of U. S. and foreign coins that are not listed below and suggest that you submit a list of what you may have to offer. All prices are subject to change.

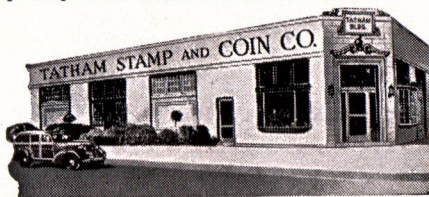
U. S. Proof Sets.		Bid.	Ask.	Unc. Commemoratives.		Bid.	Ask.
1936	.....	\$10.00	\$12.50	1915 Pan.-Pac.	.....	\$ 7.50	\$ 9.50
1937	.....	4.00	6.00	1921 Missouri	.....	8.00	11.00
1938	.....	3.00	4.00	1921 Missouri 2*4	.....	15.00	17.75
1939	.....	2.50	3.50	1922 Grant *	.....	30.00	34.00
1940	.....	2.00	2.50	1928 Hawaii	.....	7.00	9.00
1941	.....	1.80	2.25	1935/34 Boones S&D	.....	24.00	27.50
Miscellaneous.				1936 Cincinnati PD&S	.....	12.00	14.50
1856 F. eagle cent, pr.	....	\$50.00	\$60.00	1937 Boone S&D	.....	15.00	18.50
1856 F. eagle cent unc.	....	42.00	52.00	1938 Boone PD&S	.....	14.00	18.00
1856 F. eagle cent fine	....	35.00	45.00	1938 Texas PD&S	.....	8.00	10.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. \$50 round	.....	250.00	290.00	1939 Arkansas PD&S	.....	16.00	18.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. \$50 oct.	.....	200.00	240.00	1939 Oregon PD&S	.....	10.00	13.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. Com. set	.....	475.00	535.00	Comp. set 111 pieces	.....	260.00	300.00
				Comp. set Com. gold \$1 &			
				\$2 1/2	.....	65.00	85.00

Scarce New England State Bank Notes

VERMONT, Jamaica, The West River Bank, \$1, \$2, \$3 and \$5, Red letters, beautiful steel engravings. Crisp, Unc. Set of 4		1.50
Same as above in one uncut sheet, suitable for framing. Crisp, Unc.		2.50
MAINE, Searsport, The Searsport Bank, \$1, \$2, \$3 and \$5. Shipping and Horticultural scenes. Crisp, Unc.		1.50
Same as above in one uncut sheet, suitable for framing. Crisp, Unc.		2.50
Sanford, The Sanford Bank, all V. Fine or Unc.—		
\$10.00 Train of Cars. Black and green	.....	1.00
\$5.00 Wood Cutters. Black and green	.....	.50
Same. Black and red	.....	1.00
\$3.00 Haying scene. Black and red	.....	1.75
\$2.00 Loom workers. Black and green	.....	.75
Same. Black and red	.....	1.00
\$1.00 Cattle buyer, Train of Cars r., Black and green	.....	.75
Same. Black and red	.....	1.00
Cumberland, Allegany County Bank, \$5.00, Black and red, Miners		.85
MASSACHUSETTS, Boston, The Lafayette Bank—		
\$20.00 Industrial Scene, Justice 1.	.....	.75
\$5.00 Same, Washington in ornamental frame	.....	.75
RHODE ISLAND, Providence, Mount Vernon Bank—		
\$2.00, Lg. ornamental "2" r., "TWO" in red, signed, crisp	.....	1.00
\$1.00, "ONE" in red, signed, crisp	.....	1.00
Newport, Used notes. The Newport Bank—		
\$5.00 Steamship	.....	.50
\$2.00 Justice and Liberty by large figure "2"	.....	.50
\$1.00 Indian Maiden	.....	.50
OTHER SCARCE NOTES		
FLORIDA, Jacksonville, Bank of St. Johns, used notes—		
\$5.00 Cotton boll, pink paper	.....	.50
\$10.00 Deer hunter, pink paper	.....	.75
PENNSYLVANIA, Smethport, McKenn County Bank—		
\$5.00 Lumber yard scene, Three "5's" and "FIVE" in red, Signed, Crisp, Unc.		.75
Unsigned, Crisp, Unc.		.25

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FLORIDA STATE NOTE, Raymond No. 25, Series of Jan. 1st, 1864—
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James I, 1603-1605, Unite, M. M. Thistle. Very fine. Rare	25.00
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James II, 1684-1688, 5 Guineas, 1687. Very fine	70.00
James II, 1685-1688, Five Guineas, 1688. Brilliant unc. Choice	100.00
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George III, 1760-1820, Pattern Seven Shilling, 1776, by Yeo. Proof	15.00
George III, 1760-1820, Pattern Spade Guinea, 1787, by Pingo. Brilliant proof	30.00
George III, 1760-1820, Spade Guinea, 1787. Extremely fine	11.00
George III, 1760-1820, Half Guinea, 1803. Unc.	7.50
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George IV, 1820-1830, Sovereign, 1821. Proof	20.00
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1913 Type I	.25
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1913 Type II	.65
1913-S Type II	6.75
1913-D Type II	2.75
1914	1.40
1915	1.75
1916	.75
1917	.75
1918	1.45
1920	1.00
1921	1.25
1923	1.00
1926	.65
1927-D	1.75
1928	.50
1928-D	.50
1930	.40
1935-S	.35
1935-D	.35
1936	.20
1936-D	.25
1937-S	.20
1938-D	.15

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UNCIRCULATED**

1916	.85
1916-S	.50
1917-S	.85
1918	1.75
1920	1.75
1923	1.50
1924-D	1.75
1925	1.25
1925-D	1.75
1926	1.25
1927	1.20
1928	1.10
1929	.60
1929-D	.65
1931-D	.50
1934	.25
1934-D	.35
1935	.20
1936	.20
1936-S	.30
1936-D	.25
1937	.19
1937-D	.20
1938	.18
1938-D	.20
1939-D	.20
1940-S	.20
1940-D	.20

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LARGE CENTS, 1793, 1799, 1804, 1809, 1811, 1857 IN ANY CONDITION.
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1893 COLUMBIAN	.75	1935 OLD SPANISH TRAIL	3.90
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1900 LAFAYETTE \$1	3.75	1935 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	10.00	1936 RHODE ISLAND	1.20
1918 LINCOLN	.95	1936 RHODE ISLAND, D & S	2.90
1920 MAINE	2.70	1936 ARKANSAS	1.50
1920 PILGRIM	1.00	1936 ARKANSAS, D & S	2.60
1921 PILGRIM	4.90	1936 ARKANSAS, ROBINSON....	1.35
1921 MISSOURI	} Set..... 32.00	1936 TEXAS	1.20
1921 MISSOURI 2*4		1936 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1921 ALABAMA	3.00	1936 BOONE	1.15
1921 ALABAMA 2x2	9.25	1936 BOONE, D & S	5.90
1922 GRANT	1.35	1936 CINCINNATI, P,D,&S Set	16.00
1922 GRANT "STAR"	40.50	1936 CLEVELAND	.80
1923 MONROE	1.15	1936 OREGON TRAIL	1.10
1924 HUGUENOT	1.60	1936 OREGON TRAIL, S	4.70
1925 LEXINGTON	1.15	1936 LYNCHBURG	1.95
1925 STONE MOUNTAIN	.75	1936 LONG ISLAND	1.10
1925 CALIFORNIA	1.70	1936 COLUMBIA S. C., P D & S	
1925 VANCOUVER	5.70	1936 WISCONSIN	1.20
1925 NORSE, THIN	2.25	1936 YORK COUNTY	1.25
1925 NORSE, THICK		1936 ELGIN	1.20
1926 SESQUI	1.10	1936 BRIDGEPORT	1.45
1926 OREGON	1.00	1936 ALBANY	1.35
1926 OREGON, S	1.00	1936 SAN FRANCISCO BRIDGE	1.45
1927 BENNINGTON	2.00	1936 NORFOLK	1.35
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1934 MARYLAND	1.05	1937 OREGON TRAIL, D	1.15
1934 TEXAS	1.05	1937 BOONE, P, D & S	
1934 BOONE	1.70	1937 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	
1935 BOONE	1.20	1937 ANTIETAM	2.00
1935 BOONE, D & S	6.40	1937 TEXAS, P, D & S	
1935 BOONE, SMALL 1934	1.10	1938 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.85
1935 BOONE, D. SM. 1934	} Set 27.85	1938 NEW ROCHELLE	1.45
1935 BOONE, S. SM. 1934		1938 BOONE, P, D & S	
1935 CONNECTICUT	2.20	1938 TEXAS, P, D & S	
1935 ARKANSAS	1.45	1938 OREGON, P, D & S	5.00
1935 ARKANSAS, D & S	5.90	1939 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	20.75
1935 HUDSON	4.95	1939 OREGON TRAIL, P, D & S	14.85

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1903 JEFFERSON	\$ 4.95	1917 McKINLEY	\$ 6.80
1903 McKINLEY	4.95	1922 GRANT	9.40
1904 LEWIS & CLARK	14.45	1922 GRANT "STAR"	5.95
1905 LEWIS & CLARK	13.95	1926 \$2.50 SESQUI	4.90
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	3.95	1915 PAN-PACIFIC \$2.50	
1916 McKINLEY	4.25		
10 GOLD COINS ABOVE DESCRIBED & PRICED			\$ 66.00
PAN-PAC. Set of 4 gold, 1 silver, Easel, Frame			\$620.00

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1851 Ex. Fine	38.50	1899-S	37.00
1851-O Fine	37.50	1900 Ex. Fine	37.00
1852-O Fine	37.50	1900-S Ex. Fine	36.50
1854 Ex. Fine	38.00	1901 Unc.	40.00
1855 Very Fine	38.00	1903 Ex. Fine	38.50
1855-S Ex. Fine	38.00	1903-S Unc.	38.50
1856 Very Fine	38.00	1905 Ex. Fine	40.00
1856-S Very Fine	37.50	1906-D Ex. Fine	37.50
1857 Ex. Fine	40.00	1907 Unc.	38.00
1857-S Ex. Fine	37.50	1907-D Unc.	40.00
1858-S Very Fine	37.50	1907-S Unc.	37.50
1859-S Fine	37.50	1907 Unc. Wire Edge. St.	
1860-S Ex. Fine	38.50	Gaudens	42.50
1861 Ex. Fine	37.00	1907 Unc. Flat Edge. St.	
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1863-S Fine	37.00	1907 Unc. Arabic Date	
1864-S Very Good	37.00	\$42.50. X. F.	40.00
1867-S Very Fine	37.50	1908 Unc. No Motto	36.50
1869-S Ex. Fine	38.50	1908 Motto. X. F. \$38.50.	
1872-S Very Fine	37.50	Unc.	40.00
1873 Very Fine	37.50	1908-D Unc. Motto	40.00
1873-S Ex. Fine	37.50	1908-D Unc. No Motto	38.50
1874 Ex. Fine	40.00	1908-S Unc.	45.00
1874-CC Ex. Fine \$42.50.		1909 Unc.	38.50
Fine	40.00	1909-D Unc.	42.50
1875-S Ex. Fine	37.50	1909-S Unc.	37.50
1875-CC Fine	42.50	1910 Unc.	38.50
1876 Very Fine	38.00	1910-S Ex. Fine	36.50
1876-S Very Fine	37.00	1911 Unc.	38.50
1876-CC Very Good	40.00	1911-D Unc.	37.50
1877-S Ex. Fine	38.50	1911-S Unc.	37.50
1877-CC Very Fine	42.50	1912 Unc. \$38.50. X. F.	37.50
1878 Ex. Fine	38.50	1913 Unc.	38.50
1878-S Very Fine	36.50	1913-D Unc.	37.50
1880 Ex. Fine	45.00	1914 Unc.	40.00
1882-CC Very Fine	42.50	1914-D X. F.	37.50
1883-CC Very Fine	42.50	1914-S Unc.	36.00
1884-CC Very Fine \$40.00.		1915 Unc.	40.00
Fine	38.50	1915-S Ex. Fine	37.50
1887-S Ex. Fine	40.00	1916-S Unc.	38.50
1889-CC Fine	40.00	1922 Unc.	40.00
1890-CC V. G.	38.50	1923 Unc.	38.50
1892-CC Very Fine	42.50	1924 Unc.	38.50
1893-CC Fine	42.50	1924-D Unc. \$80.00. X. F.	65.00
1895 Ex. Fine	37.00	1925 Unc.	38.50
1896 Ex. Fine	37.50	1926 Unc.	38.50
1896-S X. F. Proof surface	37.00	1927 Unc.	40.00
1897 Unc.	38.00	1928 Unc.	37.00
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Poland —Sigismund III. 5 Ducats. Danzig. Date 1614. Very Rare. Extremely Fine	100.00
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1883	\$.30	1902	.25	1910 "S"	.50	1930 "S"	.10
1886	.55	1903	.25	1928 "S" Quarter			.65
1895	.40	1904	.30	1921 "D" Dime			1.10
1896	.40	1905	.25	1929 "S" Dime			.45
1898	.75	1906	.25	1931 "S" Nickel			.25
1899	.35	1907	.25	1883 3c. Proof			1.00
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1901	.30	1909	.20	1883 5c., Shield, Proof			.50

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1880 \$2.00, Rosecrans & Huston, brown seal and red seal.

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1880 \$5.00, \$10.00 and \$20.00, Rosecrans & Hyatt, red seal.

1880 \$5.00, \$10.00 and \$20.00, Rosecrans & Huston, brown seal.

1880 \$5.00, \$10.00 and \$20.00, Rosecrans & Huston, red seal.

1880 \$1.00, \$5.00, \$10.00 and \$20.00, Rosecrans & Nebeker, brown seal.

1907 \$5.00, Napier and Thompson.

1880 \$20.00, Bruce & Wyman, red seal.

1880 \$5.00, \$10.00 and \$20.00, Scofield & Gilfillan, large brown seal.

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1880 \$10.00, \$20.00 and \$50.00, Rosecrans & Hyatt, red seal.

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1890 All denominations, Rosecrans & Nebeker, brown and red seals.

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1891 \$20.00, Tillman & Morgan, red seal.

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1861 \$50.00 and \$100.00, 7 3/10% interest.

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SPECIAL—ONE SET ONLY—Commemorative half dollars, lacking only the Grant with star. Housed in the Wynne Holders. Some of these half dollars are tarnished. However, in this set is the Isabella quarter, Lafayette dollar, Norse thin and thick, Pony Express Medals thin and thick. There are 116 pcs. to this set. Special\$300.00

Complete set of Commemorative half dollars, Brilliant Uncirculated. 111 pcs. Housed in two Wayte Raymond Albums 325.00

Complete set of Commemorative gold dollars and two quarter eagles. Uncirculated. In holder. 11 pcs. 85.00

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1915 Panama-Pacific \$50.00 Round, Uncirculated 325.00

1915 Panama-Pacific set, 5 pcs. Uncirculated. In case 565.00

Complete set of Gold dollars, 78 pcs., including the coins struck at the Branch Mints. This set cost the original owner over \$2000.00 to complete. This set will average very fine and is a real bargain. Will ship to any Bank for inspection1500.00

1821 \$2.50 Brilliant Proof. Very rare in this condition 195.00

1848 \$2.50 Brilliant Proof. CAL over eagle. Very rare 185.00

1897 \$2.50 Proof, scarce 14.00

1898 \$2.50 Proof, scarce 11.50

1901 \$2.50 Proof, scarce 9.00

SPECIAL—1929 D Mint Dimes. Catalog value \$1.50 each. We are offering one roll to a customer. \$75.00 Catalog value, only 8.75

1915 20 Pesos Chile, Uncirculated, scarce 45.00

1915 20 Pesos Cuba, extremely fine 47.50

1916 10 Pesos Cuba, extremely fine 22.50

1916 5 Pesos Cuba, extremely fine 10.00

1916 2 Pesos Cuba, extremely fine 5.00

1915 1 Peso Cuba, extremely fine 3.00

1200 Pala or Dekan of Ceylon, fine 10.00

1343-1354 Ducat of Venice, extremely fine 10.00

Abt. 1400, Florin of Lubeck, extremely fine 10.00

1603-1625 1 Crown, Scotland, James I, extremely fine 10.00

1746 Ducat, Bremen, very fine 10.00

1750 2 Thaler, Hannover, England, very fine 10.00

1841 10 Thaler, Prussia, file mark on edge, otherwise ex. f. 30.00

SILVER DOLLARS

1795 Flowing hair, fine\$10.00 1846, 1859-O, very fine 2.25

1795 Bust type, very fine 12.50 1849 v. f. \$2.75. 1856 v. f. 4.75

1796 S. D., L. L., fine to v. f. 10.00 1858 Proof, very scarce 75.00

1798 13 stars, S. E., f. to v. f. 20.00 1878 3 Feathers, Proof 15.00

1799 7x6 very fine 7.50 1878 7 Feathers, Proof 25.00

We have most of the other dates from 1859 to 1904 in Proof, kindly send us a list of your needs in this series.

WANTED

We are in the market to purchase slugs, all types and series. Kindly quote your best price in first letter. We are also interested in all the other series of Minors and Rare Gold coins.

ESTABLISHED 1920

Smith & Son

2267-69 CLYBOURN AVENUE

Chicago, Illinois

DIVERSEY 2097

Very Rare Sales Tax Tokens, printed on wood. Tenino, Washington, Thurston County Independent. 1935. Obverse a Donkey; below, "Is His Face Red?" Reverse, "Redeemable for Sales Tax 1/5 Cent, Thurston County Independent, Tenino Washington." 1 inch square. Unc. 40c.

Same, printed on single sheet of wood, Unc., v. rare, 75c.

Same, Donkey's head only, no date, Unc., rare, 60c.

Same, no Donkey, blank on one side. Unc., 15c.

Same, Paramount Service Station, Unc. 20c.

Same, Jiffy Lunch, Unc. 20c.

Same, L. A. McLain, Unc. 20c.

State of Washington Aluminum Sales Tax, round, round hole in center, Unc. 5c. 7 for 15c.

Oklahoma, 1 Mill, aluminum, 5 Mills, brass, round, round hole in center, Unc. The pair, 7c.

Illinois Aluminum square token for 1½ cents. Unc. brilliant, v. scarce, 25c.

Same, round, Unc. brilliant, scarce, 15c.

Charleston, Illinois, round brass token for ¼ cent. Unc. br., v. scarce, 25c.

Mattoon, Illinois, round Aluminum token, ¼ cent, fine, rare, 20c.

Colorado, 1935, square aluminum token, round hole in center, 1/5 cent. Second issue, round, cross in center, 2 mills. Unc. The pair, 5c.

San Francisco Milk Token, good for ½ cent, printed on one side only, on pasteboard bottle cap. Only used a very short time. Unc., v. scarce, 5c. 4 for 10c.

U. S. Dollar, 1900, O Mint, about Unc., sharp, \$1.75.

Same, 2 die breaks reverse. About Unc., sharp, v. scarce, \$2.00.

1921 Morgan Type D Mint, last year. Unc., v. brilliant, \$1.85.

1926-27-D, Unc. br., each \$1.35.

1935-S, last year of dollar struck. Unc., v. scarce, \$1.65.

Lundy Island, 1929, 1 and ½ Puffin. Obverse, the deposed king, Martin Coles Harmon, his Portrait. Rev. the nation's puffin bird. Unc. brilliant, red, v. scarce. The pair, 25c.

Philippine Islands under United States. Copper ½ centavo, Unc. red, 10c. Ex. fine 4c.

Same, 1904, Unc. red 10c., Ex. fine 4c.

Same, Nickel 5 Centavos, Unc. 15c. V. fine 7c.

Same, 5 Centavos 1906, Brilliant Proof, 25c.

Same, Silver 10 Centavos, 1907-1909-1913-1915, all S. Mint, v. fine, each 10c.

Same, 20 Centavos, 1907, ex. fine, 20c., reduced size.

Same, 20 Centavos, 1904, large size, Br. Proof 50c.

Same, 10 Centavos, 1905, Br. Proof 40c.

Same, Copper 1 Centavo, various Dates, Unc., spotted, each 4c., 3 for 10c.

Dominica, 1877, Brass 1 Centavo, Unc. brilliant 7c.

Hawaii, 1883, set of Silver. 1 Dollar, ½ and ¼ Dollar, and Dime, v. fine, set of 4 pieces, only \$2.65.

Cuba, 1915, Silver 10 Centavo, v. fine 15c.

India, 1901, Victoria, 1-12 Anna, her portrait, Unc. red 6c.

Cuba, 1915-16 and 1920. Silver 20c Centavo, ¼ Dollar size, Ex. fine, each 25c.

U. S.—5c Nickels, 1912-D, v. fine 75c. Fine 15c. About fine 10c. Good or better, 10 for 70c.

1913 Buffalo, S. Mint, Type II, about fine, rare, 50c.

U. S. Dime, 1875, Proof \$1.25.

U. S. ½ Dollar, 1941-D, Unc. 70c.

Foreign Silver Coins, 10c size, fine to v. fine, 10 different, a nice lot, only 53c.

U. S. Dimes, 1821, large date, v. good 50c.

1823 Good, strong date, 40c.

1827 V. good, 50c.

1835 Fine, 35c.

U. S. Cents, 1914, S. Mint, about fine, 10c. 3 for 25c.

U. S. ¼ Dollar, 1806 over 05, about fine, v. scarce, \$2.50.

U. S. ¼ Dollar, 1932-D, Unc., \$1.35.

Postage and insurance extra on orders under \$5.00.

Net Cash with all orders.

FRED GREENCLAY

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Commemorative ½ Dollars. All dates and issues, in sets or single pieces. Reasonable prices. Get my list.

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R. R. 6, Decatur, Ill.

WANTED

1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940
Proof Sets.

Send list for your needs. I may have just what you need.

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U. S. Coins

ANY QUANTITY.

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1857	\$18.00	1878 8 feathers	15.00
1859	6.50	1879	3.50
1860	6.50	1880	3.50
1861	6.50	1882	3.50
1869	4.00		

TRADE DOLLARS

1877	\$ 5.00	1881	4.50
1878	5.00	1882	4.00
1879	4.00	1883	5.00
1880	4.00		

COMPLETE SETS

1936 Cent, Nickel, Dime, Quarter Dol., Half Dol.	\$13.50
1937 Cent, Nickel, Dime, Quarter Dol., Half Dol.	7.50
1938 Cent, Nickel, Dime, Quarter Dol., Half Dol.	4.50
1939 Cent, Nickel, Dime, Quarter Dol., Half Dol.	4.00
1940 Cent, Nickel, Dime, Quarter Dol., Half Dol.	3.50
1941 Cent, Nickel, Dime, Quarter Dol., Half Dol.	2.50

Postage and Insurance is extra on all orders for less than \$5.00.

WILLIAM RABIN
905 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa.

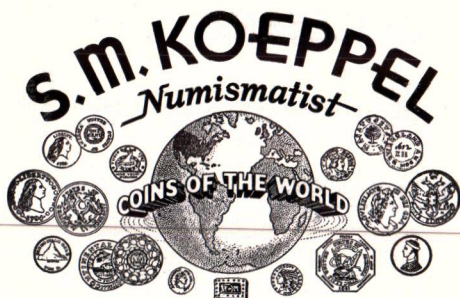
SAN FRANCISCO MINT

1940-S Mint Unc. Lincoln Cents, 100 for	\$1.25
1940-S Mint Unc. Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.50
1940-S Mint Unc. Dimes, 10 for	1.50
1940-S Mint Unc. Quarters, 10 for	3.50
1940-S Mint Unc. Half Dollars, 10 for	6.00
1937-S Mint Unc. Lincoln Cents, 100 for	2.00
1937-S Mint Unc. Buffalo Nickels, 40 for	2.75
1938-S Mint Unc. Lincoln Cents, 10 for	1.75
1938-S Mint Unc. Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.75
1938-S Mint Unc. Quarters, 10 for	4.00
1939-S Mint Unc. Lincoln Cents, 100 for	1.50
1939-S Mint Unc. Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.50
1939-S Mint Unc. Dimes, 10 for	1.75
1939-S Mint Unc. Quarters, 10 for	3.75
1939-S Mint Unc. Half Dollars, 10 for	6.50
1926-S Mint Unc. Silver Dollars, each	1.50

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A. N. A. 4874.



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1793 Half Cent, Fine	\$15.00
1795 Half Cent, Very Fine	6.00
1797 1/2-Cent, lettered edge, Good ..	15.00
1793 Large Cent, Chain, Good ..	15.00
1793 Large Cent, Lib. Cap, Fair ..	12.00
1798 Dime, Fine	9.50
1802 Dime, Good	6.50
1804 Dime, Fair	10.00
1809 Dime, Fine	6.00
1811 Dime, Very good	4.00
1822 Dime, Very good	10.00
1804 Quarter, Very good	10.00
1853 Quarter, no arrows, V. Good ..	15.00
1855-S Quarter, V. Good	8.50
1858-S Quarter, Good	2.00
1928-S, '29-S, '30-S, '32-S and '35-S Quarters, Uncirculated, each ..	1.00
1936-S, '37-S, '38-S, '39-S and '40-S Quarters, Uncirculated, each ..	.50

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1861 Clark Gruber & Co. \$10.00 Fine	27.50
1860 Clark Gruber & Co. \$10.00 View of Pike's Peak, EF ..	85.00
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1801 U. S. Eagle, Very fine ...	32.50
1798, 1806 U. S. \$5.00., VF ea	22.50
1849 Norris, Grieg & Norris, \$5 Gold Piece, Very Fine ..	45.00
1874 Genuine Cal. Gold 1/4-Dol. Unc.	1.75
1869 Genuine Cal. Gold 1/4-Dol. Unc.	1.75
1869 Genuine Cal. Gold 1/2-Dol. Unc.	2.00
1925 Norse Comm. Gold, Unc. ..	75.00

Miscellaneous Foreign

75 coins of 75 countries, fine to unc. ..	5.00
100 Diff. Foreign coins, classified ..	2.00
20 Diff. French coins, V. G. to F. ..	1.00
20 Diff. British Colonies, V. G. to F. ..	1.00
20 Diff. Scandinavian, V. G. to Fine ..	1.00
20 Diff. Africa Coins, VG to F ..	1.00
20 Diff. India Coins, VG to F ..	1.00
50 Diff. Foreign Coins	1.00
20 Diff. So. Am. coins, V. G. to F. ..	1.00
20 Diff. Cen. America & Caribbean ..	1.00
20 Diff. China coins, classified ...	1.00
12 Diff. Canada Provinces	1.00
25 Diff. dates, Canada Large Cents ..	1.00
20 Diff. Mexico coins, V. G. to F. ..	1.00
20 Diff. East Indies, V. G. to F. ..	1.00
20 Diff. Uncirculated coins	1.00
Saxony, 1620-44 Broad Crown, Fine ..	2.75
China, 3 Diff. Bust Dollars, VF. ...	2.00
Siam, 2 Diff. Porcelain coins, F. ..	1.00

**Merritt Bldg. 8th & Broadway
LOS ANGELES * CALIF.**

PHILADELPHIA

A. N. A. CONVENTION

1941

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY

The Program and Badge Committee respectfully solicits your ad in the official Convention Program. This is a chance to renew old acquaintances and make new ones. The rates are:

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Chairman Program and Badge Committee,
1728 Marlton Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

QUARTERS

Proof		1853-O Arrows (Semi-Proof sur- face)	.65
1857 (Slight wear) rare	\$4.50	1856-O (Semi-Proof surface)	.85
1861 (Dull)	2.00	1858	.70
1898 (Dull)	1.75	1891	.50
1939	1.00	1901	.50
1940	.95	1916-D (Morgan type)	.50
Br. Uncirculated		1928	.40
1924-D	1.25	1928-S	.60
1925	1.50	1929-P, S or D	.45
1928-D	.50	1930	.40
1932	.60	Very Good	
1934-D	.75	1831 Small letters	.50
1937-D or S	.50	1834	.50
1938-S	.45	1835 or 1837	.50
1939-P or D	.40	1838 Bust type	.50
1940-P or S	.35	1840-O Without Drapery	.50
Extremely Fine		1853 Arrows and rays	.40
1834 (Pin scratches on Obv.)	.80	1856-O	.40
1853 Arrows and rays	.65	1857-P or O	.40
1897	1.00	1860	.40
1898	1.00	1877-S	.40
1899	1.00	1892	.50
1900	1.00	1899-O or S	.65
1930	.50	1902	.40
Very Fine		1903	.40
1859 (Was proof)	1.25	1915-D	.50
1894-O Scarce	2.00	Good or Better	
1899	.75	1815	1.15
1916-D Morgan type	.85	1818	.90
1926	.65	1821	.90
1927	.65	1833, 34, 35, 38-Bust, 39, 43, 44-O, 50-O, 54, 61, 70, 76, 76-CC, 77, 78, 88-S, 91, 95, 96, 1907, Each	.40
Fine		1841-O, 1849, 1908, 08-D, 09-D, 14, 14-D, Each	.50
1831 Large letters	.60		
1849-O RARE	10.00		
1853 Arrows and rays	.40		
Satisfaction guaranteed.		Orders of \$3.00 or over postpaid and insured.	
Coins also bought.			

Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders of \$3.00 or over postpaid and insured.
Coins also bought.

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921 Ky. Home Life Bldg., Louisville, Kentucky

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The balance of the 1941 issues of the

NUMISMATIC SCRAPBOOK MAGAZINE

(Eight numbers, May to December)

Will be mailed to you for

75 CENTS

The Numismatic Scrapbook Magazine is published on the 15th of each month; 52 to 72 pages each month. Contains about 100 different advertisements, and articles for all numismatists.

HEWITT BROS., Publications

5450 N. Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

The Franklin Coin Mart

C. E. HIGGY, Manager

73 East Frambes Avenue, Columbus, Ohio

MISCELLANEOUS GOLD.

1907 \$20 Roman numerals Unc.	\$38.50	England, Victoria, 1892, Half Sovereign	VF 4.25
1850 \$20 Very choice	XF 38.00	England, Victoria, 1842, Half Sovereign, with loop	Good 4.00
1888-S \$20	F 34.00	Netherlands, 1825, 10 Gulden VF	8.50
1889-S \$20	F 34.00	France, 1911, 10 Francs	F 3.00
1799 \$10 Lightly hay marked. A beauty	Unc. 40.00	France, 1855, 10 Francs	F 3.00
1795 \$5 Small eagle	XF 45.00	France, 1858, 5 Francs	VF 2.00
1854 \$3 Loop removed, otherwise fine	5.50	France, 1859, 5 Francs	Unc. 2.50
1855 \$3 Trace of solder on rev.	5.50	Spain, Carolus III, 1787 Unc.	3.00
1855 \$3	VF 6.00	Spain, Carolus III, 1776, Holed, otherwise Fine	1.75
Montana Gold Tokens, 25c., 50c., \$1, Round	Unc. 3.50	Spain, 1833, Two Scudos	F 8.00
Idaho Gold Tokens, 25c., 50c., \$1, Round	Unc. 3.50	Mexico, 1896, One Peso	Unc. 2.00
Washington Gold Tokens, 25c., 50c., \$1, Round	Unc. 3.50	Austria, 1893, 20 Corona, a beauty	Unc. 8.75
California Gold Tokens, Lib. H., 25c., 50c., \$1, Round	Unc. 3.50	Saxony, 1901, 10 Marks, a beauty	Unc. 5.00
California Gold Token, Ind. H., 25c., 50c., \$1, Round	Unc. 3.50	A BIG BARGAIN IN HALF DOLLARS	
California Gold Token, 25c., 50c., \$1, Oct.	Unc. 3.50	1853, 1853-O, 1854-O, 1855-O, 1856-O, 1858, 1858-O. They run VG to fine. First come get the choice. 90c. each. 1936 Cents, Brill. Unc. A roll of 50 for 85c.	
Byzantine, A. D. 527 to 565, Justinianus	XF 10.00	1927-S Nickels, Scarce	VG 65c
England, Victoria, 1864, Sovereign	XF 8.50	1924-D Quarters, Brill. Unc.	3.00
		1925, '26, '26-D Quarters, Brill. Unc.	1.25
		1927-D Quarters, Brill. Unc.	2.50
		1929-SD Quarters, Brill. Unc.	1.50

Postage extra on orders under \$5.00

PART III

The GEORGE A. GILLETTE COLLECTION

Hotel Seneca, Rochester, N. Y.

MAY 24th, 1941

Catalogues now ready. Mailed on request.

ANCIENT and MODERN COINS. Medals and Paper Money.

Address

GEORGE J. BAUER

225 Franklin St., Rochester, N. Y.

Specials from Dallas

COMMEMORATIVE HALF DOLLARS

Bright Uncirculated

1935 (Small '34) Boone	\$.98
1937-D Oregon Trail	.98
1936 Cleveland	.89
1936 Arkansas-Robinson	1.10

Uncirculated Dimes

	Roll. Each.
1941-D	\$6.50 \$.15
1916 Mercury	.40
1929-D, 1931-D	.35
1935-D, '36-D, '36-S, '38-D	.20
1937-D, '39-D, '40-S and D	.15

Uncirculated Quarters

1926-D, 1928-D Brilliant	.55
1934-D, 1935-S, 1936-S	.50
1936-D, '37-D, '37-S, '39-S	.45
1940-S or D	.40

Uncirculated Nickels

	Roll. Each.
1938-D Buff	\$2.60 \$.08
1938-D or S Jeff., '40-PDS, '39-PDS, '37-D, '36-D	.08
1936-S, 1937-S	.10

Uncirculated Cents

	Roll. Each.
1940-D or S	\$.75 \$.03
1938-D	.80 .03
1939-D or S, 1938-PDS, 1939, 1937- P and D	.03
1935-PD, '36-SD, 1937-S	.04

1934-D Half Dollars Unc.	.70
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Wanted—Wholesale lots of Uncirculated coins and all other worth-while coins. Correspondence answered if stamp enclosed.

All orders under \$3.00 must include 10c. extra for postage.

Send money with order. It will be returned if I am sold out.

Elbert M. Whitwell

511 Monte Vista St., Dallas, Texas.

Member A. N. A., Dallas Coin Club.

CHOICE COINS

UNCIRCULATED CENTS

1859	\$2.50	1909 Plain ...	.20
1860	2.50	1909 VDB ..	.15
1861	4.50	1909-S VDB ..	2.75
1871	5.00	1913-D	3.50
1874	2.75	1914	1.50
1875	2.75	1914-D	6.00
1883	.90	1916	.30
1886	.90	1918	.40
1888	.90	1919-S	.75
1889	.75	1922-D	1.25
1890	.75	1929-D	.50
1892	1.00	1930-D	.35
1898	1.00	1931	.50
1906	.35	1931-S	.40
1907	.50	1933-D	.20

PROOF CENTS

1859	4.50	1890	1.25
1862	3.00	1894	1.50
1863	3.25	1895	1.35
1868	6.00	1901	1.50
1878	4.50	1902	1.00
1882	1.25	1903	1.00
1883	1.25	1904	1.00
1885	2.75	1905	1.25
1888	1.25	1906	1.25
1889	1.25	1909	2.50

LIBERTY NICKELS

1883 NC Unc. .25	1899 Proof ..	1.75
1883 NC Pf. .100	1901 Unc. ...	1.00
1883 WC Pf. .250	1902 Unc. ...	.90
1884 Proof .. 2.50	1903 Proof ..	1.50
1887 Proof .. 1.25	1904 Unc. ...	.90
1888 Proof .. 1.50	1905 Unc. ...	.90
1889 Proof .. 1.25	1906 Unc. ...	1.25
1890 Proof .. 1.25	1907 Unc. ...	1.25
1891 Proof .. 1.25	1908 Unc. ...	1.00
1892 Proof .. 1.25	1909 Proof ..	1.50
1893 Proof .. 1.25	1911 Unc. ...	.90
1895 Proof .. 1.25	1912 Unc. ...	.90

Special—1939 Denver Mint Brill. Unc. Sets (50c., 25c., 10c., 5c., 1c.), \$1.25 each. With display holder, \$1.50.

Jefferson Nickels: 1938-PSD, 1939-PSD, 1940-PSD, and 1941-D, Brill. Unc., per set 85c.

Lincoln Cents: 1934 to 1940 incl., all dates and mints, 20 coins, Brill. Unc., catalogue \$1.55. Special, per set 75c.

BRILLIANT UNC. COIN IN ROLLS

1941-D Cents, per 100	\$1.35
1941-D Nickels, per 40	2.45
1940-D Nickels, per 40	2.45
1939-D Nickels, per 40	2.95
1938-D or S Nickels, per 40	2.95
1940-D or S Cents, per 100	1.35
1939-D Cents, per 100	1.50
1941-D, 40-D, 39-D Dimes, per 50 ..	6.00
1941-D, 40-D, 39-D Dimes, per 10 ..	1.50
1941-D Quarters, per 40	11.50
1940-D Quarters, per 40	12.00
1941-D, 40-D Quarters, per 10	3.25
1939-D, 37-D Quarters, per 10	3.50
1939-D, 37-D Halves, per 10	6.00

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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1787 Mass. $\frac{1}{2}$ c., Prac. Unc.	\$2.50
1787 N. J. Cent, Ex. Fine	2.00
1878-S Silver \$1. Unc.	1.65
1879-S Silver \$1. Unc.	2.25
1880-S Silver \$1. Unc.	1.95
1881-S Silver \$1. Unc.	1.65
1883-O Silver \$1. Unc.	2.00
1884-O Silver \$1. Unc.	2.00
1885-O Silver \$1. Unc.	2.00
1884-CC Silver \$1. Unc.	1.75
1923 Pedley-Ryan, Unc.	1.50
1927 Silver \$1. Unc.	1.40
Same, 5 for	6.65
1924 Silver \$1. Unc.	1.50
5 diff. Silver \$1. fine or better	6.00
1873 Trade Dollar, Unc.	1.65
1875 Trade Dollar, Unc.	1.75
1877-S Trade \$1. Unc.	1.35
1865 2c., Red Unc.	.45
1851 3c. Silver, Ex. Fine	.50
1852 3c. Silver, Ex. Fine	.50
1853 3c. Silver, Unc.	1.15
1862 3c. Silver, Unc.	.60
1927-D Nickels, Unc.	1.15
1843-O \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gold, Unc.	6.00
1847-C \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gold, Unc.	6.00
1849-D \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gold, Unc.	9.00
1869-S \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gold, Unc.	6.50
1879 \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gold, Unc.	5.75
1914-D \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gold, Unc.	5.00
1858 \$1 Gold, Unc.	3.25
1872 \$1. Gold, Unc. (small spot solder)	4.25
1821 Silver $\frac{1}{2}$, Br. Unc.	1.75
1838 Silver $\frac{1}{2}$, Br. Unc.	1.65
1836 Milled Edge $\frac{1}{2}$, Fine	3.75
1842 $\frac{1}{2}$, Unc.	2.50
1843 $\frac{1}{2}$, Unc.	1.75
1849-O $\frac{1}{2}$, Unc.	2.25
Unc. $\frac{1}{2}$ —1825, 1826, 1829, 1831, 1832, 1846-O, 1854, 1854-O, 1855-O, 1856-O, 1858-O, 1859-O, 1869, 1874, 1876, each	1.15
Fine or better $\frac{1}{2}$ —1840-O, 1858, 1865, 1875, each	.75
1858 Proof $\frac{1}{2}$	5.00
1909 Brill. Proof $\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
1915 Brill. Proof $\frac{1}{2}$	8.00
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3 Diff. Foreign Silver Dollars, fine or better	1.50
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1938 Oregon Set, Unc.	4.50
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- 1926-S Quarter, UNC.
- 1855-S Half Dol., Obv. Fine. Rev. Abr.
- 1857-S Half Dol., Fine. Die-lump Rev.
- 1862-S Half Dol., VF.
- 1866-S Half Dol., VF, with motto.
- 1871-S Half Dol., Fine.
- 1872-CC Half Dol., VF. Rare so.
- 1917-S Half Dol., XF. Lustre. S on Rev.
- 1918-S Half Dol., XF. Lustre.
- 1927-S Half Dol., UNC.
- 1871-S Half Dime, UNC.
- 1872-S Half Dime, UNC. Both Tps.
- 1873-S Half Dime, UNC.
- 1884-S Dime, XF. Rare so.
- 1886-S Dime, VF.
- 1874-CC Trade Dollar, Abt. Unc.
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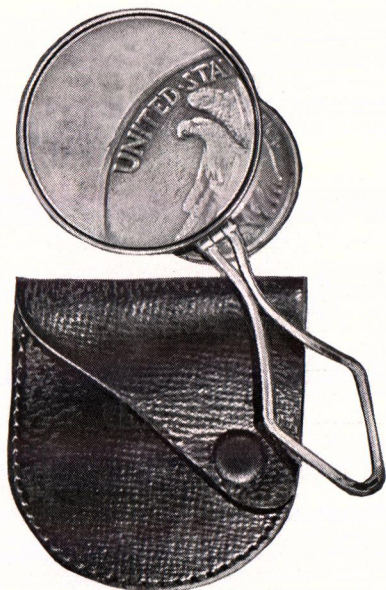
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PER 1000
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KRAFT, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE 2.75
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1914-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for		.45
1915-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for		.40
1922-D Fine, ea., .10, 10 for		.75
1923-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for		.40
1924-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for		.40
1924-D Fine, ea., .20, 10 for		1.75
1926-S Fine, ea., .05, 10 for		.40
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1921-S	.03
1922-D	.07
1923-S	.04
1924-S	.04
1924-D	.12
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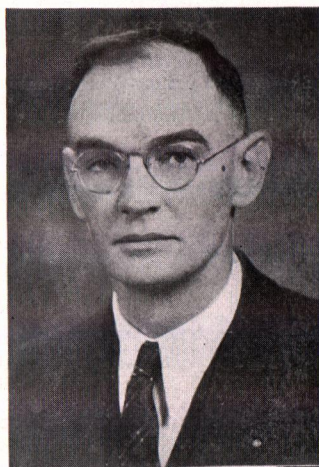
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VOL. LIV.

JUNE, 1941.

No. 6.

Copper Coins Of Sweden

By O. P. EKLUND
Spokane, Wash.

(Continued from last month.)

Charles XI, 1660-1697.

Coins Struck at Avesta.

"Copper Money."

31. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, K. M. 1661-64. Obv., C-R-S around three crowns, date below. Rev., a lion rampant under a crown divides the value. Very scarce.



No. 31.

32. 1 ore, K. M. 1661-64. Obv., three crowns in crowned shield; above C. R. S.; date in field. Rev., two crossed arrows; in the side angles the value; in upper angle a crown, and in the lower a small shield of arms of the mint master. Scarce.
33. 2 ore, K. M. 1661. Obv., similar to last, but a lion in the shield, which has ornaments both at the corners and center. Rev., three crowns in crowned shield, value at sides, mint mark below. Rare.
34. 2 ore, K. M. 1661-65. Similar, but no ornaments at the corners of the shield.
35. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ore, K. M. 1661. Obv., similar to next to preceding. Rev., three crowns and value; below, the mint master's shield. Very rare.

There are varieties of all of the above described coins, especially in regard to width of shields, size of letters, etc.

"Silver Money."

36. 1/6 ore, S. M. 1666-73. Obv., C-R-S around three crowns, date, undivided below. Rev., a lion rampant under a large crown, value at sides.

(Coined 1666, '67, '68, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73.)



No. 32.



No. 33.



No. 35.



No. 37.

37. 1/6 ore, S. M. 1673-86. Similar, but the date divided by a star.
(Coined 1673, '74, '75, '76, '77, '80, '81, '82, '83.)



No. 38.

38. 1 ore, S. M. 1669-86. Obv., a lion in crowned shield; above, C. R. S., date at sides. Rev., crossed arrows divide the value; in the upper angle a crown; in the lower a star. (On all of the coins dated 1669 and on some of 1673 a rosette is replacing the star).

(Coined 1669, '73, '75, '76, '77, '78, '79, '80, '83, '84, '85, '86.)

Charles XII, 1697-1718.

Coins struck at Avesta.

First coinage.

39. 1/6 ore, S. M., 1705-13. Obv., C inclosing XII, and R-S around three crowns, the date in curved line below. Rev., a lion under a crown divides the value.

(Coined 1705 (extremely rare), 1707, 1708 and 1713 (extremely rare)).



No. 39.



No. 40.

Second coinage.

40. 1/6 ore, S. M., 1715-18. Obv., similar to last, but C. XII instead of the monogram, and the date in straight line. Rev., a lion in crowned shield, the value at sides.

(Coined 1715, 1716, 1717 (extremely rare), 1718).

41. 1 ore, S. M. 1715. Obv., a lion in crowned shield; above, C. XII. R. S.; at sides of the shield the date. Rev., two crossed arrows; in the side angles, I. OR—S. M.; in the upper angle, a crown, and in the lower, a star. Very rare.



No. 41.

Necessity Coins Struck at Stockholm.

"De Gortz Dalers," So Called.

42. 1 daler ("Silver Money"), 1715. Obv., a crown, date below. Rev., I | DALER | S. M. (2,189,000 coined).
 43. 1 daler, 1716. "Publica Fide." Obv., a female ("Svea") seated, holding olive branch and spear; at her side a shield bearing three crowns. Rev., same as last. Thick planchet with oblique milling on the edge. (3,808,600 coined).
 44. 1 daler, 1717. "Wett Och Wapen" (Reason and Arms). Obv., a warrior (Mars) standing holding sword and Svea shield. Rev., value in a shield surmounted by a lion's head; below and at sides emblems of peace and war. (9,059,000 coined).
 45. 1 daler, 1718. "Flink Och Fardig" (Agile and Ready). Obv. a warrior and lion. Rev., value in a circle surrounded by emblems of peace and war. (7,368,000 coined).
 46. 1 daler, 1718. "Jupiter." Obv., the figure of Jupiter with attributes. Rev., value within a circle surrounded by two laurel branches through three crowns. (3,000,000 coined).
 47. 1 daler, 1718. "Saturnus." Obv., "Father Time" with a scythe and nude infant. Rev., value within ornamented oval. (3,000,000 coined).
 48. 1 daler, 1718. "Phoebus." Obv., the sun god with attributes in a circle of rays. Rev., similar to last. (3,000,000 coined).
 49. 1 daler, 1718. "Mars." Obv., the war god standing holding a shield on which the coat-of-arms of Cleves. Rev., value within ornate circle surmounted by a ducal crown. (3,000,000 coined).
 50. 1 daler, 1718. "Mercurius." Obv., the figure of Mercury with attributes. Rev., value within ornamented oval. (6,000,000 coined).
 51. 1 daler, 1719. "Hoppet." Obv., the figure of Hope with anchor. Rev., similar to last. (1,500,000 coined).

The last two were struck in the following reign.

Ulrika Eleonora, 1718-1720.

Coins struck at Stockholm.

52. 1 ore, K. M., 1719-20. Obv., three crowns; above V. E. R. S. ("Ulrika Eleonora, Queen of Sweden"), date below. Rev., crossed arrows in crowned shield, the value at sides. The edge milled in squares. Struck over "De Gortz dalers."
 53. 1 ore, K. M., 1719-20. Similar, but thicker and the edge milled diagonally. Struck over De Gortz "Publica Fide." (1719 scarce. 1720 rare).
 54. 1 ore, K. M., 1719. Similar, but plain edge. Rare.



No. 42.



No. 48.



No. 44.



No. 45.



No. 46.



No. 47.



No. 48.



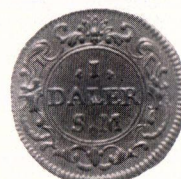
No. 49.



No. 50.



No. 51.



THE SO-CALLED BARON DE GORTZ DALERS.



No. 52.

Frederich I, 1720-1751.

Coins struck at Stockholm and Avesta.

"Silver Money."

55. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, S. M., 1720-21. Obv., three crowns; above, F. R. S.; below, the date. Rev., crossed arrows in crowned shield, value at sides. Thick planchet with oblique milling on edge. Struck over De Gortz "Publica Fide." (1721 scarce).



No. 55.

56. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1720. Similar, but thinner and the edge milled in squares. Very rare. Also struck over "De Gortz dalers."

"Copper Money."

57. 1 ore, K. M. 1720-21. Similar to preceding, but "K. M." instead of "S. M." Oblique milling on edge. (1720 rare, 1721 very rare).
58. 1 ore, K. M., 1720-21. Similar, but the edge milled in squares. Overstruck "De Gortz dalers."

The following were struck on original planchets with plain edge.

59. 1 ore, K. M., 1724-50. Similar to preceding. (Coined 1724, '25, '26, '49 and '50).



No. 59.



No. 60.

60. 1 ore, K. M., 1746. Similar but smaller different crowns and the date in straight line. Rare.

There are several other minor variations of the above, as broad or narrow shields, with or without period in the upper angle of the arrows, etc. Coins dated 1720, '21 show triangular stops between F. R. S., 1721-25 rosettes, 1725, 1726 five-pointed stars, and 1746-50 plain pellets.

"Silver money." Second coinage.

61. 1 ore, S. M., 1730-46. Obv., two script F's linked and crowned, the upper curve on the F's like a circle, three crowns surrounding.

Rev., two crossed arrows divide the value, a crown above and the date below.

62. 1 ore, S. M., 1737. Similar, but the upper strokes on the F's have a double curve. Rare.
 63. 1 ore, S. M., 1746-50. Similar, but a single oval curve on the F's. (Coined every year from 1730 to 1750 inclusive).



No. 61.



No. 62.



No. 63.



No. 64.

64. 2 ore, S. M., 1743-50. Obv., a lion in crowned shield, F. I.—S. G.—V.—R ('FREDERICUS I SVECIE GOTHORUM VANDALORUM REX') and three crowns surrounding. Rev., similar to last.
 65. 2 ore, S. M., 1746. Similar, but with a straight instead of curved 7 in the date. Scarce. (Coined every year from 1743-50 inclusive).

(To be continued.)

Railroad Notes

By HOMER R. STEPHENS,
Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y.

(Paper read at the Annual Meeting of the Westchester County Coin Club,
April 15, 1941.)

The series of notes to be discussed are in many cases the sole remaining record of wonderfully conceived, but in many instances poorly executed, plans for railroads. To understand the reason for the existence of these notes we must digress momentarily.

At the beginning of the eighteenth century means of communication between the various settlements were very poor. Walking or horse power were employed in traveling to points not located on or adjacent to rivers or along the seaboard. Water-borne travelers used shallops, sloops and schooners, depending upon wind and tide, and in some instances oars for power. As the population increased, the necessity for a better means of communication became apparent. Popular trails were widened into tote roads and bridle paths; then to carriage roads, and finally into highways connecting town with town and colony with colony. However, this transition was slow and laborious. Necessity alone compelled the colonists to drive their way through forests, across marshes and hills. Nothing else could have made them endure the arduous and dangerous riding over those same trails and roads.

As time passed the country immediately adjacent to the coast became a network of local roads and inter-sectional highways, principal of which was the great intercolony post road running from Portsmouth to Savannah. It was during this latter period that stage-coach lines, supplemented with river and coastwise packet companies, began to operate. Then certain ambitious individuals, seeing an opportunity to make the traveling public pay, organized themselves into companies and constructed stretches of excellent road at various strategic points, mostly where detours would involve considerable time and danger. These companies were called Turnpike Companies, and they charged certain established rates to all using their rights-of-way. Other companies were formed for the purpose of erecting bridges at points where the principal roads crossed creeks, rivers or gullies. They likewise charged a toll to all crossing their structures. In some instances the articles of incorporation of these old companies extended to them the right of banking privileges, principal of which was the right to issue bank notes bearing their name.

However, a great number of the incorporations did not secure this banking privilege. Nevertheless, they also issued notes of a similar nature illegally, and as these notes were not substantiated with funded capital, they soon became a glut on the hands of the public, many of whom lost considerable sums.

At the end of the eighteenth century, and as the nineteenth century passed from swaddling clothes to young manhood, the greatest invention of all came into being—"The Iron Horse," or, as it is prosaically called, "The Railroad." In many instances the new companies took over the rights-of-way of the toll companies and built their railroads over them. This now indispensable carrier was not received with shouts of jubilation or with any degree of thankfulness. On the contrary, people were wary of its usefulness. Laws were passed prohibiting movement of cars at speeds in excess of horse-drawn vehicles. The locomotives frightened cattle and people, and the smoke from the wood-burning boilers thoroughly contaminated the clean countryside. It was with these circumstances surrounding them that the more far-seeing of our ancestors strove to improve and extend this new means of communications. Charters were obtained, in some instances after years of pleading before the various Legislatures. These charters usually contained clauses canceling them from and after a certain date providing the line had not been completed. They also precluded the start of construction until such time as subscriptions had been received to a certain amount, a corresponding sum to be advanced by the corporate body.

In order to obtain funds and to avoid the necessity of using their often meagre capital the usual method was to have a clause inserted in the charter permitting the establishing of banking facilities. Along with this went the privilege of issuing notes bearing the company's name, these notes to be used in paying for supplies, labor in connection with construction, and for passage over the proposed line. This method of financing was not new, as it had been conceived and put into execution by the toll companies of the previous century. Innumerable companies were formed, wonderful prospectus printed, notes issued, but in the majority of cases no actual construction was ever performed. The result was to create a deep and profound conviction in the minds of the people that these new companies were as dishonorable as their predecessors. However, the idea was a sound one, as we now know, and in spite of all obstacles grew and developed until today the benefits derived more than offset any past losses.

New inventions always create history. I have selected some of the more important incidents and dates in the railroads' development as a part of this paper.

The first road of rails (note differentiation from railroad) was built in 1795 at Beacon Hill, Boston. This road was used to transport clay from the hill to a street below. Then in 1809 the first tramways were built in Delaware County, Pennsylvania, and used in connection with quarries. In 1810 one was built in Virginia; in 1818 another in Pennsylvania, and in 1825 in New Hampshire. The motive power of these early companies was gravity—horse or man power.

In 1815 John Stevens, of Hoboken, obtained the first charter issued in the United States covering the construction of a steam railroad. This charter was issued by the State of New Jersey and permitted said Stevens to build and operate a steam railroad between New Brunswick and Trenton, both within the State. However, this charter expired without the road being built. The idea persisted, however, and on March 7th, 1832, the New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company (now a part of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company) was chartered to build across the State. On January 1, 1839, the line was opened for traffic between New Brunswick and Trenton.

The delay in fulfilling the requirements of this charter, the first to be issued, allowed the company to be antedated by the Granite Railway Company, incorporated in Massachusetts March 4, 1826, the first company to actually operate in these United States. It is still in existence as a part of the Old Colony Railroad, one of the predecessor companies of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company. The construction of this early company is rather interesting. The roadbed was of crushed granite. The sleepers (now known as ties) were of stone, and the rails, set five feet apart (the standard gauge is now four feet eight inches) were of wood capped with iron. The cars of this company were horse-drawn.

It was not until December 25, 1830 that the first steam locomotive was placed in regular service on any American Railroad. This was the "Best Friend of Charleston," built at the West Point foundry in the State of New York, and put into service at Charleston, S. C., on the South Carolina Railroad (now a part of the Southern). This road, the South Carolina, was the pioneer railroad of the South. It was the owner not only of the locomotive just referred to, but also of the second to be regularly operated—the "West Point"—which was placed in service on July 15, 1831. It was on this road that the first mail was transported by rail westward from Charleston in November, 1831. Of interest also is the fact that an employe of this road was the first to devise a mechanical means of illuminating the track in front of moving trains—a flat car attached to the front of the locomotive. This car was covered with a heavy layer of sand on which a bonfire of pine knots was kept burning. Prior to this great advance a man was employed to walk or ride, after sunset, in front of the slowly moving trains waving a torch. I have for your edification one of the notes issued by this road, the acquisition of which caused me to brush up on my history.

I have told you of the first steam road chartered and the road upon which the first locomotive was regularly operated. Now I will give you a few facts in connection with the oldest original chartered road—the present Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. On July 4, 1828, the laying of the first stone in the construction of the B. & O. took place at Baltimore, Md. At-

tending this historic ceremony was a Masonic Lodge in full regalia. The guest of honor on this occasion was Charles Carroll of Carrollton, 91 years of age, and the last living signer of the Declaration of Independence. This Revolutionary patriot said in a speech delivered that day: "I consider this among the most important acts of my life, second only to my signing the Declaration of Independence, if even it be second to that." The B. & O. was the first railroad to serve as a public conveyor of passengers and freight, being opened for revenue traffic between Baltimore and Ellicott's Mills, Maryland, a distance of 13 miles, on May 24, 1830. Horses were used for motive power. This railroad was the first to be crossed by a highway bridge, and it was to the Baltimore station of this road that the first telegraph message, "What hath God wrought!" written by the inventor, Samuel F. B. Morse, was sent by Annie Ellsworth from Washington, D. C., on May 24th, 1844. In 1835 the formal opening of the Washington branch of the B. & O. brought to our Nation's Capital the first steam transportation. I also show you a note of this company.

Alongside of the note of the B. & O. R. R. you will find displayed one of the Western & Atlantic Railroad. This note when acquired brought back to my mind an incident of the war between the States. It was on the line of the Western & Atlantic that there occurred one of the most colorful and romantic chapters of that conflict. Perhaps some of you will recall reading about it during your school days. On April 12, 1862, Capt. James J. Andrews and some of his Yankee raiders escaped from their captors and seized the locomotive "General" (exhibited at the 1939-40 World's Fair) and started down the rails at top speed tearing up ties, throwing out parts of the cars attached to the locomotive and creating confusion generally. They were pursued by a group of Confederate soldiers and recaptured after a thrilling chase between Atlanta and Chattanooga. This incident has been the theme of many ballads and stories, and even a motion picture.

There is also placed for your examination a note of the Columbus & Tombigby Transportation Co. The note is evidence of the fact that this company issued paper money (and while the note reads "Will pay upon demand at their bank in Columbus"), Section 19 of the charter granted to this company specifically states that nothing therein contained shall be so construed as to grant the company the right to bank. This note might be said to be in the illegal category. Then there is the note of the Concord-Manchester and Lawrence R. R., the small one printed in green, overprinted with the name of the issuing company in red. This note is peculiar in that it bears the name of a company that never existed as a corporate body. It is a record of an operating convenience. There were two companies operating in the neighboring States of New Hampshire and Massachusetts, the Concord Railroad and the Manchester & Lawrence Railroad. In 1856 an agreement was entered into whereby the officers of the Concord Line would operate the portion of their company between Concord and Manchester, N. H., in conjunction with that portion of the Manchester & Lawrence running from Manchester, N. H. to Lawrence, Mass., as a unit or division, thereby providing through service. The note shown was issued indicating the name of the through route and as there was no corporate entity, this one might be said to be considered illegally issued.

Last but not least is the note of the "Ohio Railroad" issued by a company formed under one of the greatest and most remarkable of the early schemes foisted upon the gullible public. This line was organized in 1836 to run from New York City to and up the Tioga River—to Lake Erie—along the shore of the lake, and after crossing the Cuyahoga, Sandusky and Wabash rivers was to terminate where the Rock River enters the Mississippi, a distance of 1,050 miles. The headquarters of this undertaking was the City of Ohio, located somewhere near the present location of Chicago. It was from this point that the notes were issued. The cost of this proposed line was to be less than \$1,000,000 for the entire distance, same to be built on stilts. The original plans called for a double line of piles or posts with planks edgewise—to be bolted thereto. No provision was made for iron rails or ties. Presumably the cars were to run on the planks. This plan, with a slight change—the addition of a light strap-iron rail, was adopted by the Ohio Company. The charter of this strange undertaking when obtained was most liberal and gave the company banking privileges. This privilege was utilized to the extent of issuing \$400,000 in notes similar to

that shown, none of which were ever redeemed. In addition the company received cash subscription for stock amounting to \$1,991,000. After three years construction was commenced—a right-of-way 100 feet in width was cleared and 112 piles and 1,056 ties were laid to the mile. The first pile was set at Fremont, Ohio, in 1839. However, before work had proceeded very far the Ohio Plunder Law, passed in 1837, under which this company had milked the State of a quarter of a million dollars, was repealed in 1840, and the Ohio Railroad collapsed, which was very fortunate, for only 10 years later the Toledo, Norfolk and Cleveland R. R. was built and operated for \$2,500.00 per mile less than the estimated cost of the Ohio Company.

There are many more facts—all a part of our great national history—and incidents aplenty, some historical and some humorous, of which I could speak. However I will close by calling your attention to a stock certificate of the Fort Wayne & Southern R. R. Co. displayed with the notes previously mentioned. It is quite evident that someone was gypped to the tune of \$500.00. Note the number of this certificate—1492, the beginning of America—the transfer date 1776, date of our Independence and that of the sucker, "The Butcher's Clerk." Now glance at the President's signature—"Saw Bone Dick." Someone had a very good sense of humor, don't you think?

The foregoing remarks are some of the reasons for my being a collector of this particular type of "rag." The study of the notes, the reason for their being issued, locating the present whereabouts of the issuing company and other incidents seem to me to be of educational value in addition to such numismatic worth as the notes themselves may have.

The Ducat: Once An Important Coin In European Business

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Vol. XIV, No. 2.
Boston, Mass.

How many of those who listen to Shylock's famous lament, "My daughter! O my ducats!" realize that the ducat was for centuries the world's best-known gold coin? For ducats had been in wide circulation as many years before Shakespeare's time as the great dramatist antedates our present era.



A Dutch Ducat—Typical Type.

With the breakup of the Roman Empire the art of coinage deteriorated greatly in the West, the coinage of gold ceased, and the most-used circulating medium was silver, always crudely struck, often debased, and usually badly worn. This condition prevailed through the Dark Ages until the economic forces aroused by the Crusades brought the rise of the famous Italian maritime and mercantile States. The great increase in Italian trade to the Levant, where gold was habitually used as currency, brought realization of the usefulness of a more valuable and less bulky coinage than silver.

The first great step ⁽¹⁾ toward the creation of the ducat came in 1252,

(1) The first gold coins issued in Italy after Roman days appear to have been struck in Genoa almost exactly one hundred years earlier. They left no mark in numismatic history.

when the city of Florence struck her first florino d'oro, or florin, which established the approximate weight and fineness for the great series of gold pieces which later came to be known as ducats. The very high proportion of gold in this coin—it was $23\frac{2}{3}$ carats, or .985 fine—brought it such quick recognition in the world of commerce that in 1284 the great maritime republic of Venice began the coinage of a similar gold piece, the zecchino, so-called after the zeccha or mint of Venice.

For hundreds of years until Bonaparte's destruction of the Venetian Republic in 1797 the zecchino (sequin; chequin in Arabic) retained its characteristic design, one side of which showed St. Mark presenting a banner to the kneeling Doge, the other a standing figure of Christ with the legend, "Sit tibi Christe datus quem tu regis iste ducatus." From the abbreviation of this last word came the name ducat (2), which was applied later to the countless imitations of the zecchino which appeared over most of Europe.

The first ducat struck north of the Alps was in Hungary, in 1325. Holland, having achieved independence, began in 1586 a long series with the design, unchanged even in the nineteenth century, of a knight standing holding a sheaf of arrows. The Dutch sea trade gave these pieces an extremely wide circulation, especially in the Baltic, where Russia and Poland imitated them greatly. Many of the States of Central Germany, both secular and ecclesiastical, struck ducats freely until the time of Napoleon, while the nineteenth century saw many such pieces produced in Austria and Hungary.

In size a typical ducat has about the diameter of a United States $\$2\frac{1}{2}$ gold piece, but is noticeably thinner. The gold content would average roughly 9 per cent. less. While the ducat, like most coins, was usually round, it has appeared in square and hexagonal form, and its divisions and multiples have ranged from $1/32$ (struck at Nuremberg and often called the world's smallest coin) to superb broad Venetian pieces running to even 100 ducats and several inches in diameter.

A remarkable feature about the ducat and its companion pieces, the florin, goldguilder, sequin, etc., is the maintenance in almost all countries—except the Barbary States—of very close to the original weight and fineness. The great area over which it circulated is evidenced by the fact that, while in the first half of the eighteenth century Dutch ducats were in common use in the East Indies and the Venetian coinage throughout the Mediterranean region, Barbary ducats, also called zequeens and chiquins, debased both in weight and fineness, were enjoying official ratings in Bermuda, in some of the West Indies, and in Maryland and Virginia (3).

The gradual discontinuance of the ducat in commerce may be attributed to the rise of nationalism, to the introduction of national currencies, and probably also to the increased supply of the precious metals and the desirability of gold coins of larger denominations, such as the English sovereign and the French twenty-franc piece. In any case, the ducat died hard, for even after the World War Austria issued ducats, although probably more for collectors than for commercial use, and the Netherlands mint at Utrecht is said to have coined over five hundred thousand pieces in 1925.

SHEPARD POND,

Ex-President, Boston Numismatic Society.

(2) A silver, concaved Byzantine type of coin struck about a century earlier by the Norman king, Roger II of Sicily, and sometimes called ducat, should not be confused with the gold ducat.

(3) In Maryland at 108 pounds of tobacco, in Virginia at two pieces-of-eight, or Spanish dollars, the latter a clear evidence of the lower value of the Barbary ducats.

In the Tanganyika Territory a medal was issued under King George V to those who received certificates of honor, which shows upon the obverse the head of the sovereign to left, and upon the reverse the head of a young giraffe. The border of the medal is of floreated design, with lion's heads at the top supporting a crown. A similar issue for the Uganda Protectorate shows upon the reverse a golden crested crane, with native huts in the background. The majority of the colonial medals show native animals upon the reverse.

Embossed Business Cards Of Ohio

By **WALDO C. MOORE**
Lewisburg, Ohio

(Paper read at a recent meeting of the Cincinnati Numismatic Association.)

The shell or embossed business card was first introduced as an advertising medium in 1867. The lifetime of this style or manner of card advertising was of short duration, as history will show. A few cards issued during the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia bear the dates 1776 and 1876, but the greater number bear the dates 1867 and 1867; a few are dated 1869. Where are all these attractive business cards today? Practically all have gone the way of the wind would be perhaps as good an answer as anyone might offer.

The shell card was intended solely for advertising purposes. During the reconstruction following the Civil War throughout the Southland, history has it that the illiterate colored and the poor white folk were constantly being imposed upon and taken advantage of in many ways by Northern gentleman speculators who worked their nefarious schemes on the innocent and unsuspecting. The embossed advertising card was introduced in their crooked practices and was passed on these poor creatures as being Uncle Sam's money, good for all transactions.

Eventually the Government authorities stopped the practice, but not until the poor of the Southland became still poorer and were left holding the empty bag. For the short time they were in circulation these valueless imitation gold and silver pieces worked great havoc and hardship. Had they been used entirely for the purpose for which they were intended, everything would have doubtless gone well. Because of the violation of propriety, because of sins of omission and commission—in plain English, because of disposition to willful wrongdoing, new laws must be made and the people are therefore denied many liberties which once were theirs.

A list of the then-known Embossed Business Cards was published by Harry A. Gray in the January, 1920, issue of *The Numismatist*. The present article lists only those cards of Ohio found in the private collection of the writer. Other varieties and types may be extant, and, according to the Gray list, there should be other Ohio specimens sticking around in some of the collectors' cabinets. The writer would be pleased to hear from any collector who may possess any of these embossed business cards, and especially if they should be Ohio cards.

Mr. Gray does not contend that he had in his collection all the cards listed in his article, but states, as interpreted, that the list as is had been gleaned from old sale catalogues which he examined. Some of the Ohio cards he lists are not in the writer's collection, while there are several in the collection not listed by Mr. Gray. Such circumstances as these always make collecting more exciting and more interesting. Whenever a find is made, how much more appreciated! There is real joy.

Murdock & Spencer, also Joseph J. Sayre, manufactured the greater number of the Cincinnati cards. During the career of the manufacturing plant of Murdock & Spencer the company's name was changed several times to meet changing conditions. Only in recent years did the Murdock & Spencer business pass to the Osborne Register Company, engravers and die-sinkers. The original engraving house of Jos. J. Sayre is known today as The Jos. J. Sayre & Son Company. S. J. Hoggson, of New Haven, Connecticut, was a manufacturer of cards. Richards & Mark, of New York City, were manufacturers of these shell cards. T. N. Hickox & Co., of New York City, according to Gray, seems to have specialized in the mirror reverses, as shown in an advertisement which reads, "Celebrated Mirror Business Cards." Doubtless there were other engravers and die-sinkers who did embossed cards.

There are none of the mirror type of Ohio cards in the writer's collection. Gray lists but two of the mirror type of Ohio cards, that of C. S. Dyer, also that of Mitchell & Rammellsburg, both credited to Cincinnati. How inter-

esting it would be should some fellow numismatist make a find of shell cards and then shout it from the housetop!

There are several distinct types of these Ohio card issues and the reverses differ in that some are of metal and others are of cardboard. All the shell business cards in the writer's cabinet were circulated by Cincinnati business houses, excepting two as here noted: Loomis & Barnett, Dayton, dated 1876, cardboard reverse. It is possible to trace the Loomis hardware business from 1832 to the 1878 Directory of the city of Dayton, after which there appear no further entries. Also A. J. Blocksom, a druggist of New Lisbon, card dated 1868, metal reverse. The city has since changed its name from that of New Lisbon to Lisbon.



The following list of cards are of the obverse designs of the \$20 and the \$10 gold pieces and are all dated 1868. All are metal reverses, excepting the first and the last listed, namely Brooke and Winkler. These two cards have cardboard reverses. J. H. Brooke, A. J. Clark, DeLand's, F. & H. Dinkelaker, James Foster, Jr., & Co., Hammett & Cheseldine, Knight Bros., Murdock & Spencer (two varieties), Jos. J. Sayre (three varieties), Selley & Co., Smith, Anderson & Co., S. E. Stephens & Co., J. Van & Sons, John F. Wiltsee, Chas. Winkler.

The following are of the silver \$1 Liberty seated design and are dated 1867 and 1868. All have cardboard reverses excepting one variety of Leavitt & Bevis, which is metal: Max Bell (three varieties), Hoover, Pumphrey & Co., Leavitt & Bevis (three varieties), Joseph C. Ringwalt.

Mentioned also is a metal reverse of the Murdock & Spencer card. It is very similar to the reverses of the Murdock & Spencer cards already listed, perhaps with one exception. This very noticeable difference is in the letter "C" preceding and following the street number, 139. On this reverse it is in much larger type. This card reverse accompanies the exhibit for comparison.

The writer would appreciate hearing from any collector who may be so fortunate at this late date as to possess any of these Embossed or Shell Advertising Business Cards, especially if representing any Ohio advertisers. The writer's collection of Embossed Cards of Ohio is on display in the evening's exhibit.

In France the monetary law of 1803, establishing the French coinage system on a decimal basis, made provision for a silver three-fourths franc coin. The same law also made provision for a 2 and a 3 centime piece in pure copper. These three denominations were never coined.

On Some Egyptian Glass Tesserae Of The Roman Period

By THOMAS OLLIVE MABBOTT
New York City

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Through the courtesy of a private collector in New York I was recently able to see and obtain plaster casts of seven Egyptian glass tesserae, dating from the first to the fourth centuries of the present era, bought recently by the present owner while visiting Egypt. Pieces of this kind are not very common, and publication and discussion of them is not frequent in numismatic literature. For that reason this brief article may be of interest, and in a field where very little is known, I may be pardoned for stating some opinions (tentative, but the result of considerable thought) on the nature and use of these pieces, which show connections on the one hand with ancient lead tokens, and on the other with the Arabic glass weights, with which of course most collectors are familiar.

In his "Catalogue of Arabic Glass Weights in the British Museum," London, 1891, p. xviii, Poole stated that he believed the Arabic weights were descendants of Byzantine weights, and these of earlier Roman glass pieces. He stated that the British Museum had about eighty Roman and Byzantine glass pieces of the kind (in addition to one piece which he thought Phoenician, and even earlier), but he merely gave brief descriptions of a few specimens and neglected to catalogue them. However, he did observe that while the Arabic and Byzantine pieces conformed to known weight standards closely, the Roman pieces seemed not to do so, but to be quite irregular.

Now it is well known that both occasional inscriptions on the pieces themselves, and some documentary evidence, confirm the idea completely that the Arabic glass pieces were made and issued as weights. This has led all (save a few old-fashioned dealers) to reject the old designation "glass coins" for them, and perhaps also has dampened the enthusiasm of some collectors. Yet I have come to feel that the arguments, which seem so conclusive for the weight theory, may blind us to some other bits of evidence. Most modern collectors suppose these things coins until they are told better. Now, in remote places, in the East (and elsewhere, too, as in Canada in the early part of the last century) what looks like a coin is commonly accepted as a coin of the lowest value, whatever that may be. In English taverns two centuries ago, we have the authority of Gilbert White, who wrote the "Natural History of Selborne," and the "Antiquities" of the same place, Roman coins in poor condition from a find passed as farthings. Is it not likely that in remote places even Arabic glass weights sometimes circulated in like fashion? There is some evidence they did, for Mr. J. Walker, in describing the finds, near Zanzibar, of the bronze coins of the local Sultans of Kilwa, records that a few foreign coins and three Arabic glass weights were found with them, and that one of the last was much worn. See the "Numisma Chronicle" for 1936, No. 61, p. 76. A reverse of the process is to be observed when we recall that the large copper coinage of George III was meant to give the people not only small change but just weights, against which any tradesman's scales could at any time be tested.

We may accept the primary use of the Arabic pieces as having been weights, and we may also accept a conclusion hard to escape that they were the descendants of the Roman glass pieces, through the Byzantine weights. But when the fact is considered that the Roman pieces have not an observable weight standard, and that in type they resemble coins and tokens, I think we may take a stronger position, and assume that primarily they were not weights at all. The designation "tesserae," which is indefinite enough, certainly seems the only one justified by our present knowledge for pieces of the Roman period.

During the time of the Roman Empire the currency situation in Egypt was peculiar. Besides the plentiful base metal and bronze coinage of

Alexandria there were always lead tokens in circulation. Those of the city of Memphis are inscribed and are already mentioned by Mionnet, and I believe at least one can be safely attributed to Sais. In addition, there are pieces with little or no inscription, which are perhaps the issues of local temple authorities; and perhaps of tradesmen and the owners of great estates. While they are far less common than bronze pieces, they survive in sufficient numbers to make it certain (when the perishable nature of the material is considered) that a good many were in circulation. It may be added that if the situation was parallel to that in England in Elizabeth's time, leather pieces may also have been used, but survival of a specimen is most unlikely.

By the fourth century the official bronze coinage in Egypt, as in Britain, seems to have been accompanied by a series of imitations so plentiful in finds that we must conclude they were tolerated by the authorities. Among these Mr. J. W. E. Pearce has pointed out that occasionally tiny pieces of lead occur. He kindly sent me the irregular pieces he discovered in a hoard found by Sir Flinders Petrie at Hawara. Among them are some thin metal blanks and several pieces of lead. On several of these I have been able to make out definite types, chiefly imitated from official coins, but in at least one case showing a rather original human head. I have also found one or two pieces of this kind, though without record of find spot, among the lead pieces collected by Feuardent, now in my own collection.

The question arises whether Roman glass pieces have ever been found in such hoards—and this I cannot at present answer with certainty. However, many of the glass tesserae are very small, like the bronze of the fourth century. And I did once get a single specimen from a lot of about a hundred late Roman pieces, all in wretched shape, which perhaps is a find. This last piece is added to my list of the seven glass pieces turned over to me for publication below. It may be added that Dattari had observed the close similarity of the glass pieces and the lead tesserae to the regular coinage of Egypt, especially that of the Nomes, and he listed those in his possession in his "Numi Augg. Alexandrini," Cairo, 1901. The glass pieces are there numbered 6548-6564, and 6575-6580, and a few are illustrated on his plate xxxvii.

The method of manufacture was, of course, casting. But in some cases this was apparently rather effected by pressing a mold into a lump of half molten glass, which was then allowed to cool. In some cases the impression is not too clear, and of course when the glass is clear the types are not too easy to make out. But by making a cast, or wrapping the specimen in tin foil, it is easy enough to see what remains of a type, and a photograph may be made of a cast, which is thus rather better for study than the original. In the following list, I have included varieties already known as well as those which seem to be undescribed, for the pieces themselves are all hitherto "new to science," and publication of duplicates in a field so little studied is perhaps pardonable. Weights are given in grammes.

To recapitulate. We find in Egypt pieces of glass of the Roman period which, except for material, look like coins, having types either identical with or apparently imitated from those of known coins and tokens, which are perhaps occasionally found associated with coins. They closely resemble lead pieces of similar nature. Their weights seem to conform to no standard, although the weights of specimens published are not yet perhaps numerous enough to make a final statement possible. The present writer thinks these pieces were originally issued as tokens or tickets by local authorities, temples, estate owners and tradesmen in Egypt, and that they had an occasional circulation of a monetary kind, like tokens, imitations, and counterfeits of the kind called "officially tolerated" have had in many parts of the world, ancient and modern. I believe that they are ancestral to the Byzantine and Arabic glass weights, and that these latter may have also occasionally had monetary usage, although this was not the primary purpose of their issue.

List of Tesserae.

1. Facing figure of the Egyptian god Bes, in form of a grotesque dwarf. Rev. Similar to obverse.

Blue glass, 24 mm., 3.57 grms. A similar piece is mentioned by Poole; the style is perhaps as early as the first century A. D.

2. Head of Nilus, crowned with lotus, to right.

Rev. Cornucopiae, top to left.

Gray glass, 20 mm., 1.85 grms. Representations of Nilus are, of course, very common on the Imperial coinage of Alexandria and on a large proportion of known Egyptian lead tesserae.

3. Bust of Nilus to right.

Rev. Bust of Euthenia (?) to right.

Light green glass, 22 mm., 2.17 grms. Very similar to a slightly smaller piece, Dattari No. 6551.

4. Head of Hercules to right.

Rev. Bust of Victory facing, hands on shoulders (partly off the flan).

Green glass, 21 mm., 2.70 grms. Very closely similar to Dattari 6553, from which one can identify the reverse type. The popularity of Hercules as a coin type in Egypt needs no comment.

5. Ibis (or pelican) to right.

Rev. has a small stamp, perhaps of a snake?

White opaque glass, 22 mm., 2.85 grms. Similar to a somewhat smaller piece, "Dattari 6563." The type is used on Alexandrian coins.

6. Head of Hercules (somewhat like the portrait of Septimius Severus) to right.

Rev. blank.

Green glass, 19 mm., 2.45 grms. Like Dattari 6558.

7. Victory to left; in exergue, inscription SMTRP, the last letter uncertain.

Rev. blank.

Red-brown glass, 20 mm., 1.70 grms. This very interesting piece seems to be made from a mold cast from one of the common imperial Roman coins with the type of Constantinopolis on the obverse. Its date is about the time of the reign of Constantine the Great. Even the color might suggest a bronze coin.

8. Male figure draped in toga to right, clasping hand of a female figure to left.

Rev. blank.

Dark blue opaque glass, 13 mm., 0.62 grms. The type is quite clear, despite the small size of the piece, and seems to represent the common Alexandrian subject of the Emperor welcomed by the city of Alexandria, although the emperor and empress clasping hands (Concordia Augg.), also occasional on Alexandrian coins, is possible. This piece is in my own collection, having been found with coins.

Cnut, King Of England

By DAVID M. BULLOWA
New York City

(Paper read at the Annual Meeting of the Westchester County Coin Club,
April 15, 1941.)

This evening I have before me a small silver coin, approximately the same diameter as our dime, but infinitely more crude, and having a substantially more interesting background.

Canute, or Cnut, was one of the Anglo-Saxon Kings of England, prior to the Norman Conquest in 1066.

It must be remembered that Cnut was a Danish King, who had with his forebears succeeded in conquering England. At the time that Cnut gained the throne, however, the conquered possessions had assumed greater importance than the home land, and England was truly the hub of his empire, which included, Denmark, Norway, Iceland and the Faroe Islands.

Cnut commenced his reign in typically eleventh-century style by levying at once a tax of 72,000 pounds on England, and of 15,000 pounds on the

city of London, showing that it, too, as early as 1016 was a city of no small proportion or wealth.

A few years later, at Oxford, a meeting was held, and Cnut modified his entire policy, no longer treating England as a captured nation, but as the elected king of the entire population. Cnut sent his troops back to Denmark and retained in England only a skeleton force.

Following the settlement at Oxford, Cnut became an active arm of the Church, endowing both churches and monasteries in England, Denmark, and on the Continent. Going a step further, he married a daughter of the Imperial German family, and actually made a pilgrimage to Rome.

In the management of the English Government he adopted a system then in general use, of dividing the administration into large earldoms. At the death of Cnut, by prior arrangement with his wife, his three sons were to receive his estate: Harold, in England, Harthacnut, in Norway, and Svend, in Denmark. Upon the death of Harold, Harthacnut ruled the two kingdoms again. This was the actual division, although the intentions of Cnut had been for his eldest son, Harthacnut, to be his English heir. At this period England enjoyed a greater prosperity than any of the surrounding nations in point of wealth and population.

The coins of Cnut are very numerous, and he is said to have coined at more mints than any other English sovereign.



The general types of his silver pennies show his bust on the obverse with the titles: CNUT REX ANGLO. The reverses have a cross, as a rule, and bear the names of his moneyer and the town where minted. The specimen shown this evening appears to have been struck at Herford by a moneyer named Ordric. Cnut is known to have at least 617 varieties of pennies. Of this tremendous silver coinage this is but a single specimen, which serves to illustrate graphically the King of England over 900 years ago.

To be able to present an actual specimen of a coinage which is in itself a historical landmark makes numismatics an enjoyable and a thoroughly interesting hobby.

The word penny is nowadays very casually used to denote cent in this country, but it is rather worth while to look back and note the fact that the penny was originally a silver coin, and that it was as a result of constant debasement and inflation that it eventually became the bronze or copper piece of modern times.

The silver penny was the standard of value in early English days. Until the middle of the fourteenth century the large business of the nation requiring coinage was transacted in this denomination. Only ransoms and other huge payments required computation or payment in terms of gold.

The original penny was the result of natural evolution. Previous coins were sceattes and stycas, and the penny was very similar. The abbreviation "d" used to denote pence is associated with the "libra-solidus-denari" relationship. The "d" may also have been to denote "denier," the French equivalent of the term.

Larger than penny silver coins were not struck in England until the time of Edward III, when the half groat and the groat made their appearance.

The earliest pennies were fairly good quality silver, but as the years passed, some of the sovereigns debased their minor coinage, and subsequently the coinage of silver pennies, except as Maundy pieces, ceased. Following the great era of merchants' tokens in England, the penny, halfpenny and farthing were coined in copper.

A Civil War cent of 1863, issued in New York City, shows an Indian head on the obverse and a casket on the reverse. The specimen, which is struck in copper, was issued by a German undertaker, the obverse inscription being in German, and the reverse in English.

Modern Analyses Of Ancient Coins

By C. W. BRANDT, M. Sc.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Results of analyses of a large number of early coins have showed how coinage bronzes of various times and places differed in tin, lead and iron contents. Bronze coins from Macedon manufactured in 400 B. C. contained a considerable amount of tin and very little lead. Greek bronze in general contained less tin and more lead as time went on. The changes were so regular in certain series of coins that they could serve to decide questions of serial order or date of issue. Professor Caley had suggested that since in most early coins any decrease in the tin content was accompanied by an equal increase in lead content, either lead came to be substituted for part of the tin used in the manufacture of the alloys or that tin-lead alloys were substituted for pure tin. The substitution was thought to have been largely the result of attempts to produce a bronze more suitable for coinage than the high tin-bronze first used, but economic considerations may also have played a part. The instances of very high lead content (20 to 30 per cent.) occurring in the coins of the first and second centuries B. C. were probably due to melting coins of previous issues with metallic lead. The evidence suggested that that practice came into general use after the middle of the second century B. C., and that production of new coinage bronze largely ceased. The change in minting practice may have been the result of the destruction of Carthage by the Romans in 146 B. C., with the consequent disappearance of the sea trade in Cornish tin. The scarcity of tin in the ancient Mediterranean world for a long time after this period was also indicated by changes in the composition of Roman minor coins.

Studies of the micro-structure of the Greek coins showed that only a few (principally the larger coins) had the undisturbed structure characteristic of cast metal. A large proportion had been made by striking cast blanks, but by far the greater proportion had evidently been made by striking blanks that had been prepared by methods other than casting. The study was of practical as well as historical interest, for examination of the degree of corrosion of the various coins had led to the conclusion that the most resistant bronze was one which contained a low proportion of tin and a low to moderate proportion of lead. Thus, not only could chemistry provide some idea of the time of manufacture of previously undatable coins, but the age of objects found along with such coins would in the future be more readily determined. Detection of forgery of ancient bronze could also be aided by the knowledge of the content of copper, tin and lead and other impurities, such as arsenic and sulphur, which latter were very much lower in modern bronzes.

Recent work on tarnishing of silver and copper had shown that these metals, when alloyed with small amounts of either aluminum or beryllium and then subjected to certain oxidizing processes developed protective surface films consisting of oxide of aluminum or beryllium. These films possessed remarkable resistance to oxidation and tarnishing, but details of their resistance to surface abrasion were not yet available and it was not, therefore, easy to state the full practical possibilities of the process.

The "Family Circle," a publication which appears weekly throughout the nation, had an article in its March 7 and March 14 issues entitled "Pieces of Fate," by John Proctor. The article covered the entire numismatic series in a very popular style, from the earliest coinages of the Greeks and Romans to our own commemorative issues. Collectors wishing in a single article a comprehensive review of money, written in a non-technical vein, with some attempts at humor, are referred to it. There are many illustrations of famous coins, as well as odd and curious moneys.

The Story Behind The Token

**The Oakland, Brooklyn and
Fruitvale Railroad Company**

**By B. MORGENTHAU
New York City**

The Oakland, Brooklyn and Fruitvale Railroad Company, a horse-car affair, popularly called the "Tubbs Line," was organized in 1871 with a capital of \$100,000. At the time, the Tubbs Hotel, located at Fifth Avenue and East 12th Street, Oakland, Cal., was one of the city's leading hostelryes.



Hiram Tubbs, founder of the hotel, played a large part in the building of the railroad as a means of providing transportation for guests coming in from Eastern trains at Seventh Avenue and Broadway. When completed, the line extended from Seventh Avenue and Broadway north to Twelfth and East Thirteenth. Fare was 10 cents, or three "tickets" for 25 cents.

Short as was the road, it provided the only street-car service to East Oakland for nearly 20 years, or up to the coming of the electric cars in 1892. Then, after vainly trying to continue operation with but a single car, it succumbed to the opposition of modern transportation.

These tokens, not all perfectly struck, show cars with 7 windows, and some with 8 windows. Rare enough at one time to command auction prices of \$5, today they are plentiful enough to be had for but a few cents.

SILVER CERTIFICATE, SERIES OF 1933, 1933-A.

After publication in the *Coin Collector's Journal*, June, 1936, of the check list of Silver Certificates of the small series, several collectors have questioned the existence of the \$10 certificate, Series of 1933-A, fac-simile signatures of Julian and Morgenthau. Apparently none are to be found in private collections.

The letter below will serve to clarify this matter to the satisfaction of all.

Treasury Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing,
Washington, D. C.

April 3, 1941.

Mr. Robert H. Lloyd,
55 Falconer Street,
North Tonawanda, New York.

Dear Mr. Lloyd—In reply to your letter of March 26, 1941, in regard to the \$10 silver certificates, series of 1933 and 1933-A, you are advised that a total of 552,000 of the two were delivered to the Treasurer of the United States in 1934. Of this number at least 300,000 were series 1933-A.

Of the number delivered to the Treasurer, 184,000 were issued between January and August, 1934, and the remainder, 368,000, were destroyed in November, 1935. Whether any 1933-A's were among those issued apparently cannot be determined. However, as the 1933 plate were first at press, it is possible that all the certificates issued were from this plate.

Very truly yours,
A. W. HALL, Director.

Thus we see that while both were printed and sent to the Treasury, it is entirely possible that all of those issued for circulation were from the first printing, namely, Series of 1933, Julian and Woodin.

If all the notes issued were taken from the "top of the stack," then the 184,000 put out were all the 1933 style, and of the balance destroyed

68,000 were 1933's and 300,000 were 1933-A's. If such was the case, then all of the 1933-A series were destroyed.

Therefore, it is possible that collectors can never complete their collections of all printed notes. It is not easy to understand how paper money collectors, many of whom are well known in Treasury circles, could let an opportunity like this slip by them. The practice of regularly examining current emissions at the banks is recommended for collectors.

For those who lack this type of note, a bit of explanation will show how interesting the Series of 1933 is in a representative collection of paper money. It is a transitional style of certificate.

The Series of 1933 are inscribed "The United States of America—Ten Dollars In Silver Coin Payable to Bearer on Demand. This certificate is issued pursuant to Section 45 of the Act of May 12, 1933, and is legal tender at its face value for all debts, public and private." No other issue bears this statement. The 1934 issue makes no mention of "Coin."

One plate was used on Series of 1933, W. A. Julian and W. H. Woodin. Three plates were used to print the Series of 1933-A, W. A. Julian and Henry Morgenthau, Jr. It is the 1933-A Series that is apparently nonexistent.

ROBERT H. LLOYD.

NATIONAL BANK NOTES STILL POPULAR.

There are still in circulation over 153 million dollars' worth of the National Bank notes, which were issued up to 1935. Whether these notes are in this country, or have been lost, destroyed, or been hoarded abroad, is not known definitely, but the rate of return is now less than \$12,000,000 annually.

In the days of the bank holiday of 1933 there were over \$921,000,000 of the National Bank note currency outstanding.

National Bank notes are to be quickly distinguished from Federal Reserve notes (green seal) or Legal Tender notes (red seal), or Silver Certificates (blue seal), as this issue in the small-size series had brown seals.

The Federal Reserve Bank also reported that there was outstanding over \$20,000,000 of the emergency issue of Federal Reserve notes, printed on National Currency sheets. At the time of the bank holiday there was a large stock of the National Currency sheets on hand, which lacked only the name of the bank and the names of the officers. In the emergency these sheets, reading "National Currency," were hurriedly reprinted, the titles of Cashier and President, being inked out, and Governor and Cashier substituted. A supplementary statement was also printed in covering the security of the notes, as it differed considerably for Federal Reserve notes from National Bank notes.

The notes reading "National Currency" at the top, and then in the place of the National Bank's name the name of one of twelve Federal Reserve Banks, are at present quite difficult to secure in crisp condition.

SPANISH 50-CENTIMO SILVER PIECES.

The small 50-centimo pieces of Spain are worthy of some attention. It is well known that the first types, with the portrait of Alfonso XIII, show successively his baby head, his curly head, and finally the boy head issue of 1895-9. In 1904 a new type was designed showing the king in a uniform. An additional type, varying only slightly from that of 1904, was coined in 1910 (and was not identified in "Coins of the World"). This type shows the head of the king slightly enlarged.

The coins of Spain have carried since the reign of Isabella II's successor, Amadeo I, small stars at the sides of the date, in which the actual coinage year is given. On the larger coins the date is divided. In smaller coins, only the two final figures appear.

In the 50 centimos appears 0 4, showing that it was struck in 1904. A second specimen of the 1904 50 centimos carries the extra figures within the stars, 1 0, showing that it was struck in 1910.

The specimen which bears the large date 1910 also has the 1 0 within the stars at the sides of the date, showing that two varieties were struck in 1910.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

THE THRILL OF NUMISMATICS

The hobby of numismatics can prove to be one of the most thrilling if it is always treated as a hobby of collecting and not one of the ability to purchase unlimitedly.

A recent auction indicated clearly the difference between the "hobby collector" and the "buying accumulator" of a hobby item.

While the ability to purchase what one requires to fill certain series in a collection is unquestionably a great convenience, the purchase of masses of material more rapidly than they can be absorbed will ultimately result in the complete loss of interest in the hobby from either a student's or collector's angle, from sheer inability to know what has and what has not been acquired.

We have always had the feeling that there is never a necessity to "buy everything" irrespective of financial ability. Most material, whether at auction or in a dealer's stock, will appear upon the market again in due course. The attitude that "now or never" everything must be owned will tend to create within the hobby the loss of younger collectors, the very ones we are most anxious to initiate.

We should like to point out that in the hobby of numismatics everything is fairly handled, and that collectors have equal opportunity to acquire material. When we see at auction lot after lot selling for fictitious values merely because two individuals have no regard for the price bid, we are much discouraged, and wonder what younger collectors can think of the hobby. (Curiously enough, the lots which brought such consistently high prices might be obtained in any dealer's stock throughout the nation at nominal cost, only a fraction of the price obtained).

Collectors may pay what they wish for items which they insist upon having. We only ask that no one try to "buy it all."

To us the thrill of numismatics is not in buying all that is offered, even if in the very series desired. The hobby is based upon the assumption that some material will consistently be obtainable to interest us over a long period of years and thus maintain our activity in the field.

The true collector waits a long while for a certain mint-marked coin to come upon the market, just as another collector might wait for a certain etching or piece of silverware. To be able to buy all at "one clip" takes all the fun out of it.

Imagine for yourself that all the prize specimens in your collection had been offered to you in one day. Would you have the collection you now have? Needless to state, it has taken a matter of years to obtain the specimens desired, and often a financial struggle for certain of the choicest pieces.

We know from experience that the specimens purchased "when they should have been passed by" for reasons of the exchequer are a great deal more appreciated now than those which were wanted and obtained without the sacrifice.

MR. POND'S SERIES OF ARTICLES TO APPEAR.

It is with considerable pleasure that The Numismatist presents this month the first of a series of articles by Shepard Pond, F. R. N. S., who is well known to the readers of The Numismatist for his delightfully readable articles, which carry with them the profundity of thorough scholarship.

Mr. Pond's series first appeared in the Bulletin of the Business Historical Society, an organization of scholars and business men devoted solely to the study and preservation of business history and the publication of valuable source material.

There have been published to date four articles, of which three will appear exactly as they were printed in the Bulletin. These three articles are "The Ducat," "The Louis d'Or" and "The Spanish Dollar." The fourth article, "The Maria Theresa Dollar," will be published at a later date, as the Bulletin of the Business Historical Society, could devote space only to a resume of this exhaustive topic, which Mr. Pond has delved into for a period of years, and which will appear in The Numismatist in its entirety.

As a specialized student of numismatics for over twenty years, Mr. Pond is particularly well fitted to discuss these historic moneys, and The Numismatist welcomes the opportunity of permitting a far wider circle of numismatists to enjoy his essays than would be possible through their exclusive appearance in the Bulletin of the Business Historical Society.

UNFAMILIAR WORK ON CONNECTICUT CURRENCY.

Most paper money collectors are familiar with Jos. B. Felt's "Historical Account of Massachusetts Currency," first published in the year 1839. This volume is one of the best sources of material on Colonial paper money and the general financial condition of the Colonies.

Not so generally known is the rare work of Dr. Henry Bronson, entitled "Historical Account of Connecticut Currency, Continental Money and the Finances of the Revolution," published in 1865.

This publication gives a good deal of valuable material not elsewhere available. While the numismatic history of Massachusetts has been covered in numerous works, the material on Connecticut has been somewhat neglected.

TWENTY-THIRD MEDAL OF THE SOCIETY OF MEDALISTS.

The Society of Medalists, Architectural League, 115 East Fortieth street, New York City, has just issued its twenty-third medal. The sculptor is Joseph E. Renier, of New York City, and the medals were executed by the Medallie Art Company. (The illustration is reduced.)



The message from the artist is as follows:

"The underlying theme of this medal is the devotion of womanhood and manhood to country and to humanity.

"The obverse presents the woman, tender but strong, who contemplates the future of her child with faith and hope—but also with apprehension and misgiving. She must carry on her many sacrifices resolutely, however, with a faith born of her own courage. The reverse is the symbolic story of Prometheus Bound, whose contribution of light and civilization to mankind was made by his willingness to suffer and by his unflinching strength of will to resist the evil forces which sought to deter him from his purpose.

"Though the lives of many people receive their just recognition in fame and praise and glory, the great sustaining throb of life is to be found in the faith, hope and devotion of the millions of human beings in the universe whose lives go by unsung. Today, greatness of character is manifesting itself in some parts of the world in spite of tragedy, and in other parts of the world to help relieve where sorrow and suffering abound.

"I dedicate this medal to all those who contribute their something to life, with the hope for the future of the country and of humanity."

MORE 1940 PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN MEDALS.

The following descriptions of political medals issued for the Presidential campaign of 1940 have been furnished by C. Edwin Aldrich, 7 Booraem Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.:

Obv., Franklin D. Roosevelt, bust facing right, name along lower edge. Rev., "Roosevelt and Wallace November 1940" in five lines.

Obv., Wendell L. Willkie, three-quarters bust to right; above, "A Man Has Risen"; below, "Wendell L. Willkie." Rev., "Willkie McNary in November 1940" in four lines.

CHARLES M. WORMSER NOW IN NAVY RESERVES.

Charles M. Wormser, of the New Netherlands Coin Company, of New York, has been called into active duty in the Navy, having been a Naval Reserve officer, stationed in Hoboken, N. J., for several years. He is now proceeding with the Fleet Division to Norfolk, Va., to enter the training school prior to embarking on a tour of regular sea duty.

BOOKS ON NUMISMATICS.

Many collectors of classical coins are familiar with the encyclopaedic work of B. V. Head entitled "Historia Nummorum," a most useful and authoritative work, which will probably never be superseded in so far as the writing of a single work so comprehensive is concerned. Dr. Head first published his "Historia Nummorum" in 1887. A revised edition was issued in 1911, which is today the standard work. The work of Dr. Head covers all classical Greek coins known at the time (Greek meaning all coinages within the Greek influence from the earliest times to about 300 A. D.).

While the publication is the most reliable single text available in English to cover this series, it must be remembered that the work is not a narrative one and not one in which to find the romance of the hobby. It is strictly a source book to which one may refer for information as to dynasties, coinage systems, rulers, inscriptions, weights, etc.

The chief difficulty to a novice in making rapid use of this work is the system by which it is arranged. Classical scholars are familiar with it, and have little difficulty with it, yet to a new collector of the classic series it presents some obstacles.

The arrangement is based on geographical principles, commencing with Spain and continuing in an Eastern direction around the Mediterranean. A thorough knowledge of geography is essential to the rapid use of the book, although there are several indices available.

A publication arranged upon an entirely different principle is the work of L. Anson, entitled: "Numismata Graeca." This work, published in several parts with many plates, is an arrangement of Greek coins by their major types. In other words, one may find coins pertaining to naval matters in one section, coins pertaining to agriculture, architecture, religion, or science, appearing in other classifications. Anson's work is useful in so far as it goes, but, unfortunately, the author of the work died prior to a completion of the study, and the result is that only certain sections have been completed for publication. The work appeared over a period of years, from 1910 to 1916. Famous coins from important sales are illustrated, and the many plates are a great aid to collectors in comparing specimens.

ANNIVERSARY MEDAL ISSUED BY CUDAHY PACKING CO.



Through the courtesy of Frank H. Brookes, of Newark, N. J., we are able to illustrate the new Cudahy Packing Company's bronze anniversary medal. The obverse shows the portraits facing of the founder, E. A. Cudahy in 1890, and E. A. Cudahy, Jr., in 1940.

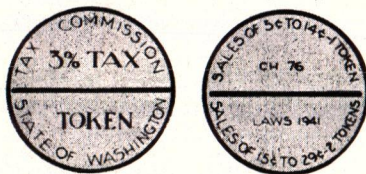
The reverse advertises some of the company's products. The medal was struck by the Medallist Art Co., of New York, and measures three inches in diameter. The medal is not signed by the artist.

STATE OF WASHINGTON'S 3% SALES TAX TOKENS.

The war has done many curious things both to collectors and to their hobbies. Here in the State of Washington the collectors of sales tax tokens find that, due to the wartime demand for aluminum, our aluminum tax tokens are being replaced by vulcanized fiber. This makes the State of Washington the first in the entire nation to use fiber for sales tax tokens.

At a recent election we voted a \$40 old-age pension, which in part is responsible for the boost from 2 per cent. to 3 per cent. in sales tax on May 1. This necessitated the making of the new token. Much controversy arose as to what material to use, and a much louder controversy when it came to choosing the color. The State Tax Commission, composed of H. H. Henneford, chairman, T. M. Jenner, and T. S. Hedges, favored plastic material, and all will agree that it would have made attractive tokens. When it was learned that plastic could not be delivered in time, the switch was made to vulcanized cotton fiber. The western part of the State of Washington is delightfully green the year round. Many winters we have no snow at all, thus the State is called the Evergreen State, and this was the deciding factor in selecting the color for the new token. Red was suggested and a few trial pieces struck, but only the very liberal thought it a good idea. However, the dark olive green is to be a short issue, as a brilliant green color will be issued within a few weeks, according to Mr. Henneford.

As the deadline of May 1 approached, an emergency was averted only by the diversion of eight tons of olive green fiber from army use, where it had been set aside for making foot-lockers. Rushed by fast freight, it arrived just in time to supply most of the merchants with a few tokens on the day the law went into effect. During the transition period the old aluminum tokens will be accepted at the new 3 per cent. rate. Of course these things are a headache to the commission but a joy to the collectors of tax tokens, as the more varieties the better, and the smaller the issue the rarer.



This olive green fiber token brings to four the authoritative State varieties for this State, with a fifth coming up about the time this is being read. At first we had the aluminum 2 per cent. token, then a bluish paper 2 per cent. token, followed by a temporary yellowish paper 2 per cent. token, and now this olive green fiber 3 per cent. token to be issued only until the bright green fiber 3 per cent. is issued shortly. In 1935 the first sales tax tokens were authorized and, the Tax Commission being slow in getting them out, many merchants printed their own, and these are much sought and next to impossible to obtain today. These privately printed tokens, however, should not be confused with the regular State issues.

Accompanied by Mr. Henneford and Mr. Lippmann, president of Converters, Inc., the manufacturers of the tokens, I was permitted a preview of the token situation. I was shown the big five-ton pneumatic stamping machine that was already stamping out tokens at the rate of 30,000 an hour. I was told this machine was very unusual in that it cuts the blanks and stamps them in the same operation. I saw stacks of the raw fiber in approximately 3x5-foot sheets, and in turn I saw these being put through the cutting machine and being cut into long thin strips just wide enough to stamp out a double row of tokens. The operator explained that this fiber is extremely hard to stamp and, though 16,000 pounds pressure is used, some tokens are not in very high relief.

In size the new token is .888 of an inch, or 22½ mm. in diameter, and the thickness of a nickel. The inscription on the obverse reads, TAX COMMISSION STATE OF WASHINGTON, forming a circle, within which is 3% TAX above a horizontal center line with the word TOKEN below

the line. The reverse reads, SALES OF 5c TO 14c, 1 TOKEN. SALES OF 15c TO 29c, 2 TOKENS forming a circle within which is CH 76 above the center line and LAWS 1941 below the line. The CH 76 refers to Chapter Number 76 of the laws of 1941.

The Tax Commission has set aside \$118,458 with which to redeem the old aluminum tokens, but experts say that out of the 60 million that have been issued only about 15 million will show up for redemption. This will net the State the tidy sum of about \$30,000 profit. Where they go no one knows, but if they are being hoarded for the precious aluminum in them, then the hoarders will have to hoard a million tokens to realize \$2,000. It is interesting to learn that one reason for making the new tokens .0002 of an inch smaller is to prevent their use in British Columbia telephone boxes. It seems they will work in the Canadian phone boxes but not in ours. After losing hundreds of dollars in the last few years, the Telephone Company will be glad to know that the new fiber tokens of Washington are fool-proof as far as their phone boxes are concerned.

The tax tokens will be used for sales on the following basis:

Sales 5 to 14 cents	1 token
Sales 15 to 29 cents	2 tokens
Sales 30 to 49 cents	1 cent
Sales 50 to 84 cents	2 cents
Sales 85 to \$1.14	3 cents

For sales above 30 cents no tokens will be used, the customer paying in cents. This will reduce the number of tokens necessary in transacting business.

PAUL FOUTS,

A. N. A. District Secretary for Washington.

A PONY EXPRESS PROPOSED FOR KANSAS.



Claire E. Houghton, of McPherson, Kan., a member of the A. N. A., sends us the token illustrated here commemorating an event of considerable historic interest. He writes as follows:

A token has been issued for different parts of the State of Kansas to commemorate the four hundredth anniversary of the exploration of one Coronado, who in the year 1541 made a trip with 75 horseman Indians, etc., to conquer the Seven Cities of Caboli and its vast amount of riches, of which there were none, his trip taking him into Kansas. A large hill north of the city, or rather north of Lindsborg, Kansas, is named Coronado Heights, and is used for picnics, public gatherings, etc. The purpose of the tokens is to raise money to be used to sponsor a Pony Express, which will run from Garden City, Kan., to Westport Landing, in Kansas City.

During the year nearly all the towns of any size will have celebrations from time to time. The dress of the people will be Spanish—whiskers, boots and all. The celebration for McPherson will be in May, three days, and the other towns at different dates. The tokens are struck in stainless steel, with a few in brass or similar metal.

The obverse shows a mounted Indian, with the inscription "Coronado Quarto Centennial. 1541 Kansas 1941." Reverse, "Good for 5c. in Trade Until Pony Express."

Haiti's twentieth century coins in nickel bear the portrait of Nord Alexis.

CENTRAL STATES NUMISMATIC SOCIETY.

The third annual conference of the Central States Numismatic Society was held in Milwaukee, at the Hotel Pfister, on Saturday and Sunday, April 26 and 27, 1941. The president of the society, Hubert L. Polzer, was on hand at all times to meet incoming members and guests, as were also Secretary-Treasurer Robert E. Meder and Chairman L. W. Culver. The host of the society was the Milwaukee Numismatic Society, of which N. J. Hoffman is president.

On Saturday morning the exhibits were placed on the seventh-floor rooms devoted to the society. Exhibits of collectors were outstanding in the proof series (a complete set, 1858-1941, by the Rev. A. G. Weiler), foreign crowns (Mr. Gaulke), U. S. patterns (Dr. Judd), Oriental silver and copper coins (Mr. Keefer), numismatic books (Mr. Powills), classical Greek specimens (Mr. Sheldon), early English gold (Mr. Rayson), small coins (Mrs. Rayson). There were also exhibits of gold coins, money used in sieges, emergency wooden money, as well as a number of frames of fine paper money, both single and in blocks.

After a brief business meeting of the society on Saturday afternoon the meeting was turned over to M. V. Sheldon, a member of the Central States Numismatic Society and General Secretary of the American Numismatic Association, who showed a number of lantern slides, explaining the methods used in their preparation, and also the potential numismatic possibilities associated with their use.

At the business meeting Dr. J. Hewitt Judd, of Omaha, Neb., was elected president for the ensuing year. I. T. Kopicki, of Chicago, secretary of the Chicago Coin Club, was named first vice-president. The office of secretary-treasurer is appointive, and was not announced by President Judd.

The society, upon motion, voted to hold the 1942 conference in Des Moines, Iowa. Upon suggestion that the society make greater efforts in gaining new members and in spreading the message of numismatics, it was suggested that a cup or plaque be given to the organization doing the most outstanding work. Mr. Stack, a visitor at the conference, offered to donate the plaque, which was accepted with thanks.

The banquet of the week-end was held on Saturday evening, with Rev. A. G. Weiler, of Racine, the guest speaker. President Hoffman called upon some of the numismatic personalities present, who acknowledged the introduction.

Rev. Mr. Weiler spoke informally and related many incidents of his collecting career. All enjoyed his remarks.

In the evening, following the banquet, an auction conducted by James Kelly of Dayton, Ohio, was held.

On Sunday morning the "Information Please" program was held. Mr. Noske, of Milwaukee, conducted the program. The first speaker was J. Henri Ripstra, of Chicago, who explained with diagrams the altering of dates on coins, such as an 1803 to an 1804 dollar, or a 1910 nickel to a 1913 nickel, etc. Many questions were asked from the floor, and the discussion proved stimulating to all. Mr. Ripstra's expert knowledge, of die-making, cutting and striking made possible a simple explanation of many curious errors not previously generally understood.

C. E. Green, of Chicago, spoke about restrikes, electrotypes and other imitation coins, and had a fund of information at his disposal. Following his talk there was a general attempt to answer all questions from the floor, and qualified members in the audience replied. Mr. Rayson, of Chicago, spoke about Maundy money, its origin and development.

In the afternoon the auction was continued, which had its first session the previous evening.

Approximately 200 people attended the Central States Numismatic Society's week-end, and all agreed that it was a delightfully pleasant and well-managed affair. The thanks of the convention were extended to the Milwaukee Numismatic Society's members for the ideal fashion in which all arrangements had been worked out, resulting in such a successful convention.

Tell your friends about the Association and The Numismatist.

ENTHUSIASTIC NUMISMATISTS IN THE NORTHWEST.

The accompanying photograph shows the group of members of the Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, as they boarded the special train to take them to the Pacific Northwest Convention of Coin Clubs at Centralia, Wash., on



March 30. About 100 members were in attendance, made up of the Oregon Numismatic Society, the Tacoma Coin Club and the Seattle Coin Club. A report of the convention was published in the May issue of *The Numismatist*.

RACINE COIN CLUB'S BANQUET.

The Racine (Wis.) Coin Club held its annual banquet on April 19 at Knights of Columbus Hall. The principal speaker was Paul Pennington, a member of the Chicago Coin Club.

"Propaganda, although rampant today as never before, is not new but flourished as far back as 330 B. C.," Mr. Pennington said. He attempted to prove his point by displaying Grecian, Roman and Byzantine coins of bronze, silver and gold.

"Because of the great mass of propaganda flooding the news channels of the world today, by air, press and oratory, I am going to try to show you that the practice, while greatly facilitated, is not new," said the speaker. "I am going to show you that coin collecting is not merely a hobby but a serious study, casting more light on ancient civilization than perhaps any other medium.

"While means of spreading propaganda now are elaborate, they were extremely limited 25 to 14 centuries ago. Books, all hand copied, were scarce and few could read them when they were available. One excellent method of spreading propaganda was through the coin system. It still is being used today but not quite so effectively. We have, for instance, our Lincoln cent, which to my mind was designed to instill patriotism and teach us to be good citizens."

To carry out his illustrations of propagandists in ancient times, Mr. Pennington displayed a number of Greek and Roman coins.

Others speakers were H. L. Polzer, of the Milwaukee Numismatic Society; Lillard W. Culver, Wisconsin, secretary of the American Numismatic Association; R. C. Hoffman, president of the Milwaukee club, and R. S. Yeoman, president of the Racine club. Rev. A. G. Weiler, an enthusiastic collector, was toastmaster.

Patriotic numbers were sung by Mrs. Elsie McGrath, with Mrs. Alice Kaiser as accompanist, and accordion numbers were given by Miss Rosemary Waltz. The committee in charge, with Mr. Yoeman as chairman, included John M. Carls, J. A. Velicer, Rev. A. G. Weiler, Arthur E. Jones and Louis Wilczynski.

A number of interesting coins were displayed by members and out-of-town guests.

THE ORIGIN OF THE WORD "DUCAT."

In the April issue of *The Numismatist*, in an article by A. F. Grotz, on the "Coins of the Grand Masters of the Knights of Malta," mention was made of the ducat: "Sit tibi, Christe, datus, Quia tu regis iste ducatus," and the translation given was "Let this Ducat be given to Thee, O Christ, because Thou dost rule."

Although this is not the usual interpretation of the meaning of ducat, it is an interpretation which appeared in the publication of William Morris, a writer on the "Coins of Malta," in the 1880's.

Through the courtesy of Shepard Pond, F. R. N. S., of Cambridge, Mass., our attention is drawn to the fact that the correct translation of the Latin "ducatus" would be duchy. The original inscription referring to "ducatus" given by A. R. Frey in the *Numismatic Dictionary*, published by the American Numismatic Society in 1917, is as follows:

"Sit tibi Christe datus, quem tu regis iste ducatus," which is translated to read: "To Thee, O Christ, be dedicated this duchy which Thou rulest." As Frey states, it is the last word in the motto which gave the name to the denomination.

It is interesting to observe, also, that ducat in Latin still means duchy, which is clearly indicated on a large silver taler, of Wurttemberg, issued in 1795, with a portrait of Duke Frederick Eugene. The reverse bears the crowned arms of Wurttemberg, with the legend in the exergue: "Tert. Ducat. Secular," meaning the third centennial of the duchy.

THE DUNHAM SALE BY MEHL ON JUNE 3.

The catalogue of B. Max Mehl, of Fort Worth, Texas, of the Dunham Collection, which is to be sold at mail-bid auction, June 3, 1941, has recently been received. As an outstanding catalogue of the year, Mr. Mehl is deserving of much felicitation. His presentation is remarkable, and an inspection of the research material presented indicates that Mr. Mehl has spent considerable time in its preparation.

The sale contains coins of the highest rarity, which are obtainable only when a remarkable collection is dispersed. The highlight specimens, are, of course, the 1804 silver dollar and the 1822 gold half eagle. For many years to come numismatists will gather to discuss the rarities which were offered for sale in the Dunham collection. It will be a pleasure in these years to come to handle the catalog which Mr. Mehl has so painstakingly prepared, as it will undoubtedly continue to be a numismatic "yardstick."

Mr. Mehl has truly produced a catalogue which carries with it the spirit of the cataloguer. In this sense he has achieved the goal which ranks him with some of the best numismatic cataloguers this country has had in the past fifty years.

A WASHINGTON FEATURE OF COIN WEEK.

During National Coin Week Edward L. Weikert, Jr., had an arrangement with the Washington News to have headquarters in their office to appraise old and rare coins for the people of Washington and vicinity. The News ran news articles several days in advance, and also each day during the educational program, inviting the public to bring their old coins to their office so that they could be made acquainted with their present-day value.

The educational program was conducted each day from 5 to 9:30 P. M., but on account of the large crowds the hours were extended. The News offered an additional inducement to the people by presenting \$1 each day

to the person bringing in the oldest dated coin, and \$1 each day to the person bringing in the highest appraised coin, and at the end of the program the News gave \$5 to the person presenting the oldest dated coin and \$5 to the person presenting the rarest coin for the week. No coins were bought or sold during the program. Only their present value was told, and any other instructive information about their outstanding coins was given by the appraiser.

There were some very fine coins submitted, but about ninety per cent. of the entire number submitted had only face value, or were of the foreign type and of very little value. The members of the Washington Numismatic Society were excluded from presenting their coins in the contest.

During the week 726 people presented themselves, with a total of 12,664 coins which had a numismatic value of \$3571.67. This was the second educational program conducted by Mr. Weikert with the Washington News. The first one was held in March 1938, for the duration of one week. Mr. Weikert received no compensation for his service rendered during either program.

PORTUGUESE GUINEA ISSUES COINS.

The African Colonial possessions of Portugal, in addition to Mozambique and Angola, whose issues are well known to collectors of modern coins, include Guinea, a comparatively small area, on the coast of Senegambia, on the Atlantic Ocean. The coins have been seen in three denominations in copper and two in nickel, 5, 10 and 20 centavos in copper and 50 centavos and 1 escudo in nickel. The coins are all dated 1933, but have been unknown to collectors until very recently.



The two nickel values show the head right, representing the Republic, with the reverse bearing the value and the arms. In small letters appears the name GUINE. The three copper values have the head of the Republic facing left, and the name on the obverse field, behind the head, GUINE. The reverse bears all other inscriptions.



Whether these coins have been struck recently or not is not known definitely, but it is to be observed that the coins for the Cape Verde Islands were all dated 1930, and were first noted in this country in 1938. The coins of 1933 date (Guinea) are first noted in 1941. It seems curious that coins should take eight years to reach collectors in each instance.

There are Italian and Vatican coins known to have been designed by the great craftsman of the Renaissance, Benvenuto Cellini.

The American Numismatic Association Convention in 1941 will be in Philadelphia. Make your plans now to permit you to be present.

THE MINT REPORT FOR APRIL, 1941.

The San Francisco Mint for the past three months has coined no domestic money. It has however, produced a great many million coins in pure nickel for shipment to Indo-China, which is a French colony.

The mint report of January referred to the coinage which had been struck at the San Francisco Mint as 10/100 and 20/100 piaster. The February and March reports referred to the coinage as 10 centimes and 20 centimes. A letter to the Treasury Department, inquiring as to the cause for the change, which was believed to have been official, indicates that there has been no revision of the French colonial currency system for Indo-China, and the April report again refers to the coinage as 10/100 and 20/100 piaster.

The French franc is divided into 100 centimes. The Indo-China piaster is divided into 100 cents. According to information furnished by the Treasury Department, the French franc was valued by decree at 1/10 piaster.

COINAGE FOR APRIL, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during April, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.

Silver—	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Half dollars	\$ 606,754.50	.....	\$325,000.00
Quarter dollars	1,833,377.25	.....	.....
Dimes	2,355,180.90	.....	854,100.00
Five-cents	647,060.00	.....	410,000.00
Cents	618,774.00	.....	20,000.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments—

At Philadelphia Mint—Netherland East Indies, silver, 720 fine, 25 cents, 2,072,000 pieces; 10 cents, 1,800,000 pieces.

At San Francisco Mint—Indo-China, nickel 10/100 piastres, 9,435,000 pieces; 20/100 piastres, 15,180,000 pieces.

CUMULATIVE MINT REPORT FOR FIRST FOUR MONTHS OF 1941

Figures given are for total number of pieces coined.

Half Dollars	4,377,430
Quarter Dollars	12,289,830
Dimes	60,307,530
Five Cents	64,211,800
Cents	197,082,000
Total coinage	338,268,590

Mint operations were extremely heavy during April, and, as will be noted in the monthly report for April, over 126 million coins for domestic use were issued. This is a tremendous increase over previous months, particularly so in view of the fact that the San Francisco Mint has not been coining American currency.

COUNTERFEITS OF U. S. CENTS IN 1844.

Collectors occasionally find counterfeits of large United States cents. Some information of interest about them is found in a brief article in a daily newspaper published in Philadelphia, the Native American, for July 1, 1844, recently found by one of the members of the A. N. A. It is stated that they were made at Attleborough, Mass., and to be had for sixty cents per hundred; that they could be easily distinguished by comparison, and that a great many were in circulation.

VERMONT HOPES TO ISSUE HALF DOLLAR IN 1941.

We are pleased to be able to report that a bill was recently introduced in the House of Representatives (April 21, 1941) by Representative C. A. Plumley, as follows:

"H. R. 4450. A bill to authorize the coinage of 50-cent pieces in commemoration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the admission of the State of Vermont to the Union; to the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures."

We are indebted to Vernon L. Brown, member of the A. N. A. Board of Governors, for furnishing this data.

The importance of the admission of the fourteenth State into the Union is one which should be observed by the striking of a special half dollar, as the observance of State anniversaries is one specially fitted for commemorative coinage.

The text of the bill follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, as soon as practicable, and in commemoration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the admission of the State of Vermont into the Union as a State, there shall be coined at the mints of the United States silver 50-cent pieces to the number of one hundred thousand, such 50-cent pieces to be of the standard troy weight, composition, diameter, device, and design as shall be fixed by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, and said 50-cent pieces shall be legal tender in any payment to the amount of their face value.

Sec. 2. That all laws now in force relating to the subsidiary silver coins of the United States and the coining or striking of the same, regulating and guarding the process of coinage, providing for the purchase of material, and for the transportation, distribution, and redemption of the coins, for the prevention of debasement or counterfeiting, for security of the coin, or for any other purpose, whether said laws are penal or otherwise, shall, so far as applicable, apply to the coinage herein authorized: Provided, That the Government shall not be subject to the expense of making the necessary dies and other preparations for this coinage.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB'S HOBBY SHOW

If we may judge from reports published in the Cumberland newspapers, the First Hobby and Antique Show, sponsored by the Western Maryland Coin Club, of Cumberland, April 21 to 26, was an unqualified success. The show had a historic background in that it was held in Emmanuel Parish House, on the site of historic Fort Cumberland, and the visitors had the thrill of visiting the tunnels under the church grounds which were built during the French and Indian wars.

The Show was sponsored by the Western Maryland Coin Club, and while the club's members displayed coins, medals and paper money, this was only a small part of the entire show. About forty different subjects were listed and there were displays in all of them. It will be recalled that the Western Maryland Coin Club won first prize two years ago for the best observance of A. N. A. Coin Week. At that time the club was only a year old.

THE JUNIOR NUMISMATIC SOCIETY.

The group of boys who have organized a numismatic club which meets in the Museum of the American Numismatic Society, Broadway and 156th Street, New York, N. Y., have officially changed their name from the "Junior Numismatists" to the "Junior Numismatic Society" in order to avoid possible confusion. The name of their publication has also been changed from the "Numismatic Journal" to "The Junior Numismatic Journal." The business manager of the Society is David Bingham, who also edits their publication.

American Numismatic Association



Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.

The annual dues and subscription to The Numismatist are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to The Numismatist.

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Report of The General Secretary

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 8520 Lt.-Comdr. Walter M. Wynne, 149 68th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8521 George S. Ragee, 159 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 8522 Mortimer DeGroot, 110 W. 34th St., New York City, N. Y.
 8523 H. A. Barrill, 2709 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Calif.
 8524 N. Key Hart, 4322 Second Road North, Arlington, Va.
 8525 Theodore C. Brandts, Mercelina Park, Celina, Ohio.
 8526 William Pietsch, Jr., 2119 North 69th St., Wauwatosa, Wis.
 8527 Wm. H. Dillistin, 33 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.
 8528 James Lee, care Big Jo Lumber Co., Rosewell, N. Mex.
 8529 R. J. Benedetti, 92-25 Silver Rd., Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y.
 8530 A. B. Grant, 7434 Wyoming, Kansas City, Mo.
 8531 Anthony A. Mishani, 340 E. Mifflin St., Lebanon, Pa.
 8532 Floyd Austin Barber, 52 Norton, Pontiac, Mich.
 8533 Paul M. Johnson, 2733 N. W. 17th, Oklahoma City, Okla.
 8534 Herbert E. Mangels, R. F. D. 1, care H. Schmitt, Silver Spring, Md.
 8535 B. E. Brown, Long Lake, Box 365, Ingleside, Ill.
 8536 George Adams, 55 Locust Ave., New Rochelle, N. Y.
 8537 Alan Burghermer, 350 Central Park West, New York City, N. Y.
 8538 Adolph Friedman, 39 Burkewood Rd., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
 8539 Ernest A. Kehr, 230 West 41 St., New York City, N. Y.
 8540 Fred G. Wirthman, 3436 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.
 8541 E. J. Asthalter, Box 118, Muscatine, Iowa.
 8542 Irving Markel, 4708 Williamsburg Ave., Richmond, Va.
 8543 Malcolm B. Berger, 401 North Taylor Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
 8544 Robert William Brown, 233 Plaza Hotel, Colorado Springs, Colo.
 8545 John Francis Wall, 2110 Wolcott St., Flint, Mich.
 8546 Edward T. English, 119 East 84th St., New York City, N. Y.
 8547 C. B. Lött, Xenia, Ohio.
 8548 James G. McNeese, 719 Minnesota Ave., Kansas City, Kansas.
 8549 Wm. Blaser, 2421 Le Claire, Davenport, Iowa.
 8550 E. Kann, 941 Avenue Foch, Shanghai, China.

- 8551 Rev. H. Earl Schlotzhauer, 2455 S. Fourth St., Allentown, Pa.
 8552 Jules Girden, 321 West 44th St., New York City, N. Y.
 8553 B. A. Talmadge, 8006 Stroud Ave., Seattle, Wash.
 8554 Walter S. Flickinger, Camp NP-16, Star Route, Quantico, Va.
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 8556 Henry Tucker, 719 Bryant St., Stroudsburg, Pa.
 8557 F. J. Bolton, P. O. Box 951, Harrisburg, Pa.
 8558 Edwin R. Hatheway, 48 High St., Newburyport, Mass.
 8559 Randolph S. Kuriger, 511 Hemlock St., Jackson, Miss.
 8560 Ary L. Turner, P. O. Box 121, Mesquite, Texas.
 8561 John R. Agurkis, 96 Thornton St., Wollaston, Mass.
 8562 Harry R. Sterrett, P. O. Box 1800, Milwaukee, Wis.
 8563 Dale A. Swift, 14 East 28th St., New York City, N. Y.
 8564 James Buchbinder, 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
 8565 Miss Florence Cromley, 516 Griesheim Bldg., 219 N. Main St., Bloomington, Ill.
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Life No. 58, Vine D. Lord, 5329, P. O. Box 26, Cando, N. D.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during April, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to July 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the July issue of *The Numismatist*.

- T. V. Varnedoe**, 8570, Commerce Union Bank, Nashville, Tenn. General. J. J. Gonzales, J. R. Kellam, D. D. Robertson.
John Christensen, 8571, 9 S. 11th St., Fort Dodge, Iowa. U. S. Coins and Stamps. Wallace R. Danielson, Philip B. Nelson, Paul Ennis.
James F. Lawry, 8572, Terrace P. O., Homeville, Pa. Comm. Coins and Paper Money, U. S. Coins, Tokens, Gold. Lewis M. Reagan, Ray Friedman, John Davis.
James H. Peacock, 8573, 2401 Garrison Blvd., Baltimore, Md. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Theodore J. Gundlach, Jr., 8574, 77 Fordham Drive, Buffalo, N. Y. U. S. Coins. Jesse M. Taylor, Theo. J. Gundlach.
J. S. Gifford, 8575, 1707 N. 8th St., Terre Haute, Ind. General U. S. Coins. S. G. Kasberg, Ralph E. Duncan.
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George W. Root, 8577, 817 Glenn Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. U. S. Coins. J. J. Gonzales, Bert E. Surry.
Trent S. Russell, 8578, Prairie View State Normal, Prairie View, Texas. U. S. Coins, Half Dollars and Quarters. T. R. Hammer, E. D. Hempel, Gladys Nelson.
Charles Harpin, 8579, Box 382, Laferia, Texas. Stamps and American Coins. T. R. Hammer, Lee Hewitt, Dr. A. V. Eisenhart.
John F. Fritz, 8580, 6 Vanderbilt Drive, Lake Success, Great Neck, N. Y. General. Lewis M. Reagan, Wm. E. Fee, Frederick R. Schnelter.
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G. Denbroder, 8582, 2522-A Fourth St., Santa Monica, Calif. General U. S. Coins. W. E. Pike, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Ottis Richard Penn, 8583, 13037 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. Indian and Lincoln Cents. Dr. Y. A. Sargis, M. J. Gazso, Norman T. Glaefke.
Carroll C. Watkins, 8584, 342 Callahan St., Muskogee, Okla. U. S. Silver. Lewis M. Reagan, H. C. Bain, T. M. McCarty.
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Mrs. Orra B. Linman, 8588, 4128 Butternut St., Indiana Harbor, Ind. General. Arthur Rutz, Paul Weiger, C. B. Pound.
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F. Redding Hood, M. D., 8590, 1200 N. Walker St., Oklahoma City, Okla. American Coins. Maurice D. Scharlack, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Charles T. Prickett, 8591, 153 Hinman Ave., Buffalo, N. Y. U. S. and Great Britain. Robert Lloyd, Jesse M. Taylor.
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- Jack W. Hart**, 8600, 435 Audubon Blvd., New Orleans, La. U. S. Coins. A. E. Bebee, G. J. Drez, George Dawson.
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- Thomas B. Petersen**, 8608, P. O. Box 13, Prelate, Sask., Canada. U. S. A. Dollars and so-called Dollars. Norman B. Mason, Robert May, J. R. Gaffield.
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- Frank Huber**, 8625, 2840 N. Hartung Ave., Milwaukee, Wis. Silver and Gold Coins, U. S. and Foreign. John R. Stewart, Martin R. Zavis, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Morton A. Elsner**, 8626, 700 Prospect Ave., Hartford, Conn. Foreign Silver Coins. Mrs. Walter F. Stiles, Lewis Foy, Harry L. Nau.
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Change of Address.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, 3251, from Otis C. Chapman, Secy., 74 Woodell Ave., Cheektowaga, N. Y., to Albert A. Gullian, Secy., 293 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Ann Abrams, 4317, from 7933 N. E. Second Ave., Miami, Fla., to 22 N. W. 105th St., Miami, Fla.

Fred Adams, 6459, from 1233 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 449 Ridgewood Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Edward A. Bardon, 5312, from 1705 Randolph St., St. Paul, Minn., to 1840 Princeton, St. Paul, Minn.

A. W. Bradley, 4990, from P. O. Box 1484, Memphis, Tenn., to P. O. Box 184, Sylacauga, Ala.

Dr. Robert A. Buchman, 5912, from 2263 Salem Ave., Dayton, Ohio, to 145 West Peach Orchard Rd., Dayton, Ohio.

Charles J. Bunn, 3035, from 125 Grove Lane S. E. 5, Camberwell, London, England, to 38 Barkwest Way, Orpington, Kent, England.

Paul Dore Burks, 3555, from 4217 1/4 Menlo Ave., Los Angeles, Calif., to 2410 Sixth Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.

Charles M. Campbell, 5958, from 6129 Buena Vista Terrace, Los Angeles, Calif., to 6127 Buena Vista Terr., Los Angeles, Calif.

W. H. Cathcart, 2183, from 10700 Euclid, Cleveland, Ohio, to 10825 E. Blvd., Univ. Centre, Cleveland, Ohio.

Archie G. Clark, 7460, from 920 Federal Ave., Seattle, Wash., to 204 Great Northern Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

G. W. P. Cleary, 4338, from 1645 Gregory St., Chicago, Ill., to 1615 West Gregory St., Chicago, Ill.

Joseph Cohen, 6397, from 234 18th Ave., Paterson, N. J., to 408 East 34th St., Paterson, N. J.

Clifton W. Coston, 7571, from 3314 Douglas St., Dallas, Texas, to 4416 Lemmon Ave., Dallas, Texas.

Fuller A. Coy, 7213, from 3507 S. Kay St., Tacoma, Wash., to 509 S. 58th St., Tacoma, Wash.

Charles R. Dale, 8129, from 1012 N. Center, Stockton, Calif., to R. 1, Box 6534, Stockton, Calif.

James W. DeGraff, 5209, from Mill River Rd., Oyster Bay, L. I., N. Y., to East Hampton, L. I., N. Y.

Frank DeLucia, 7702, from 95 Union St., Franklin, Mass., to 12 Milliken Ave., Franklin, Mass.

Dr. D. L. Edlund, 5612, from 230 Beverly Rd., Mt. Lebanon, Pa., to 325 Pennsylvania Blvd., Mt. Lebanon, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Thomas L. Elder, 140, from P. O. Box 1116, Greenville, S. C., to Pleasantville, N. Y.

Edward E. Eron, 4539, from Rt. 5, Box 225-D, West Allis, Wis., to 3344 S. 46th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Allan Fargeon, 5342, from 1006 Van Horne, Montreal Que., Canada, to 5120 Trans Island Blvd., Montreal, Que., Canada.

Henry J. Fortier, 4831, from 300 Bridgeport Ave., Shelton, Conn., to R. D., Southbury, Conn.

Charles L. Grimm, 3198, from Jacksonville Beach, Fla., to Box 364, Ortega Station, Jacksonville, Fla.

James G. Guinotte, 5974, from 700 Fidelity Bldg., Ninth and Walnut Sts., Kansas City, Mo., to 1004 Fidelity Bldg., 911 Walnut St., Kansas City, Mo.

Walter F. Heines, 8162, from Lowry Field, Denver, Colo., to Fresno Air Base, Fresno, Calif.

C. E. Higgy, 5035, from P. O. Box 362, Dunedin, Fla., to 73 E. Frambes Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

R. W. Hungerford, Com. U. S. Navy, 3797, from Fourth Naval Dist. Hdqrs., Philadelphia, Pa., to 2515 S. Lambert St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Wm. R. Jones, 8339, from 1112 Fifth Ave., Altoona, Pa., to P. O. Box 461, Altoona, Pa.

Harold J. Keefer, 7837, from 463 West St., New York City, N. Y., to 130-46 Lefferts Ave., S. Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y.

Abraham Kosoff, 4477, from 122 E. 57th St., New York City, N. Y., to 42 East 50th St., New York City, N. Y.

James A. Mastrangelo, 7348, from 49 East 34th St., New York City, N. Y., to 47 East 34th St., New York City, N. Y.

Ralph J. Metcalf, 7145, from 1013 Isadore St., St. Joseph, Mo., to 2628 Mulberry St., St. Joseph, Mo.

Kenneth Nauman, 4396, from 512 Main St., Hellertown, Pa., to 516 Main St., Hellertown, Pa.

Geo. C. W. Oberst, 5003, from 122-04 111th St., S. Ozone Park, L. I., N. Y., to Margaret Ave. and Grace Ave., Merrick, N. Y.

B. M. O'Hea, 8252, from Box 394, Houston, Texas, to Gen. Del., San Antonio, Tex.

Wm. H. Roberts, Jr., 7845, from McCloud, Calif., 1066 N. Country Club Blvd., Stockton, Calif., to P. O. Box 302, Stockton, Calif.

Herman Rosenberg, 3979, from Schwanenplatz #1, Lucerne, Switzerland, to Haldenstrasse, 5, Lucerne, Switzerland.

Edgar P. Schaefer, 6874, from 1807 N. Garrison Ave., St. Louis, Mo., to 5053a Delmar Blvd., St. Louis, Mo.

Raymond R. Soash, 8185, from 811 1/2 W. 2nd Ave., Spokane, Wash., to 222 1/2 W. Second Ave., Spokane, Wash.

Dan F. Townsend, 7440, from 705 S. Sloan, Compton, Calif., to 12629 Waldorf Dr., Compton, Calif.

Rev. G. A. Sowash, 4117, from The Meadows, Owing Mills, Md., to Zephyrhills, Fla.

Wm. H. Veit, 7943, from 433 S. Bridge St., Visalia, Calif., to 103 Linden Ave., Visalia, Calif.

P. E. Wickes, 5965, from 164 Babcock St., Hartford, Conn., to care Frank Haskover, 9612 Hilgert Dr., Cleveland, Ohio.
M. VERNON SHELDON, General Secretary.

A. N. A. LIBRARIAN'S REPORT FOR APRIL, 1941.

Circulation for April totaled 83, bringing the number for the year to 630. There were 37 different borrowers during the month, for a total of 287 books.

Donations included:

D-33, Davis' Coin Encyclopaedia, donated by the author, H. A. Davis.

W-453, Washington Numismatic Society Constitution.

A-60, Stack's priced catalogue for March 28 sale.

There were 97 queries from non-members and nine from members on various phases of numismatics. It was necessary to delay four book orders because the works requested were out on loan. The office distributed seven A. N. A. handbooks (a descriptive book on coinage for prospective members) and 21 A. N. A. application blanks.

We regret to report an error in the March report. U-17, "Coinage Laws of the United States" should have been credited as a donation by W. C. Weagar.

T. R. HAMMER, Librarian-Curator.

A. N. A. CONVENTION COMMITTEES APPOINTED

I wish to make the following announcement regarding convention committee appointments:

Committee on Credentials—According to Article 5, Section 5, of the Constitution and By-Laws, I have appointed the following to serve on this committee: Mr. Horace M. Grant, of Providence, R. I., chairman; Mr. J. H. Morris, of Homewood, Ala., and Mr. C. E. Higgy, of Columbus, Ohio.

Committee on Papers—Mr. William S. Dewey, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., chairman; Mr. David M. Bullowa, of New York City; Mr. T. R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa; Mr. Elias Rasmussen of Minneapolis, Minn.; Mr. Harley L. Freeman, of Cleveland, Ohio.

L. W. HOFFECKER, President.

El Paso, Texas, April 23, 1941.

CALL FOR NOMINATION OF A. N. A. OFFICERS

Article 4, Section 2, of the By-Laws states that the President shall call for nominations for the officers ninety days prior to the convention; therefore, all members are requested to send in their choice for the election at this year's convention to be held in Philadelphia, Pa., August 16 to 21.

Officers to be elected are: President, First Vice-President, Second Vice-President, General Secretary, Treasurer, Librarian and Curator, and five members of the Board of Governors.

Nominations to be sent direct to the General Secretary, Mr. M. Vernon Sheldon, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Lincoln Park Station, Chicago, Ill.

Nominations are accepted up to 45 days prior to the convention. Thereafter, nominations can be made at the convention.

L. W. HOFFECKER, President.

El Paso, Texas, April 23, 1941.

AUDITING COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

I have appointed Mr. Philip M. Poorman, of 116 St. Paul's Road, Ardmore, Pa., and Mr. F. J. Schaefer, of 614 Upland Ave., Noble, (Jenkintown P. O.), Pa., on the Auditing and Finance Committee, the former committee being dissolved. Mr. Poorman will act as chairman.

L. W. HOFFECKER, President A. N. A.

El Paso, Texas, May 8, 1941.

Deaths.

GEORGE A. GILLETTE.

We regret to announce that George A. Gillette, of Rochester, N. Y., died on May 3 following a lingering illness. Mr. Gillette held membership No. 1914 in the American Numismatic Association. He was also a member of the Rochester Numismatic Association, and for many years of the American Numismatic Society. He was 79 years old.

Mr. Gillette's collecting tastes were quite varied, ranging from the classical Greek and Roman series to the latest European new issues. He had an unusually fine collection of medals, and was a true collector. He traveled frequently, always on the numismatic quest, and his impressions were published in *The Numismatist* in 1925 under the title, "Numismatic Trip Around the World."

He had attended many of the A. N. A. conventions was well known, and always popular. His passing will cause much regret among his wide circle of friends.

During the last few months his collection has been sold at auction, Part III having been offered on May 24. The catalog was by his long-time collecting friend, George J. Bauer, of Rochester, who also conducted the sale.

Mr. Gillette was born at Milford, N. Y., and went to Rochester as a youth with his parents, the Rev. and Mrs. Charles C. Gillette. He attended local schools, entered the University of Rochester and was graduated in 1882. Shortly after graduation he left for California. There he studied law, teaching at the same time in Pacific Methodist College and Dr. Finley's college at Santa Rosa. He was admitted to the California bar in 1884. He became a member of the Lake County Board of Education.

Mr. Gillette returned to Rochester in 1887 and was admitted to the New York State bar. Entering the real estate business, he opened several subdivisions, building over 700 houses.

He was a member of various Masonic units, Delta Upsilon Fraternity and the Rochester Bar Association. He also had served as president of the Rochester Numismatic Society.

Besides his brother, Willis K. Gillette, a New York State Supreme Court Justice, who retired from the bench in 1936, Mr. Gillette leaves a widow, Mrs. Bessie Baker Gillette; a daughter, Miss Annette L. Gillette; three sons, Percival W., Charles L. and George A. Gillette, Jr.; two sisters, Mrs. J. Stuart Page and Miss Mary C. Gillette, and six grandchildren.

JOHN C. ENGSTROM.

The Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club mourns the passing of its president, John C. Engstrom, who died May 3, 1941. Mr. Engstrom was a well known Jamestown (N. Y.) business man, having lived there 40 years. He was treasurer of the First Mission Church for 24 years, and also served as trustee. He was a life Member of the local Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Engstrom was one of the oldest members of the Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club and was serving his fourth successive year as its president. He was a member of the A. N. A. and the A. P. S., and a nephew of Oscar Engstrom, of Smethport, Pa., one of the early members of the A. N. A.

At a meeting of the Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club held on May 14th the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas Almighty Providence has taken from our midst our beloved President, John C. Engstrom, on Saturday, May 3, 1941, in the fifty-third year of his honorable and upright career; and

Whereas during his eleven years of membership in the Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club he brought every available resource of his social, numismatic and philatelic experience to building up and strengthening this organization in its membership and character; and

Whereas his unflagging services and devotion as president of this club

for more than three successive years has set an unexcelled record of successful achievement; and

Whereas his long association and friendly personality has endeared him to the hearts of the members of this club and associates, and his passing leaves them humbly sharing a common grief; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club hereby expresses its deep sorrow at the parting which fate has ordained in the death of our beloved friend and associate; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread in full, on a separate page in the minute book, and that a certified copy be sent to his immediate family, and that notice of this action be published in the philatelic and numismatic magazines.

PHILADELPHIA CLUB PLANS PROGRESS FOR CONVENTION.

The Philadelphia Coin Club, host to the American Numismatic Association at their Golden Jubilee Convention in August, from the 16th to the 21st of the month, is making rapid headway in its preparations for the affair. The convention booklets, priced at \$5, have been printed. These contain the tickets for the daily events. The program and badge committee, under Mr. Windner, is also reporting steady progress in obtaining advertisements for the program.

Activity at their meetings indicates an "all hands out" effort to make the Jubilee Convention a memorable one. The final designs for the official medal, which will be struck in three metals, was shown to the members at the last meeting and was most favorably commented on.

Everyone is assured of a fine time this year. Special events have been scheduled for the ladies.

Philadelphia A. N. A. Convention August 16 to 21, 1941.



The Parkway—City Hall to Fairmount Park.

DETAILS OF CONVENTION ARRANGEMENTS.

To dealers and members of the A. N. A., the Philadelphia Coin Club invites you to have a Bourse table, where you will be able to display and sell your coins. These Bourse tables will be set up in the same room where the exhibition tables are, giving you the best opportunity to do business.

Here you will meet old and new customers without a doubt. Please make your reservation, and we would like to include you in the club, for which there is a small charge of \$10, this being payable in advance with your reservation. All checks should be drawn to Philadelphia Coin Club, Alfred D. Norris, 403 Schaff Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. Norris wishes you to make your reservations for exhibition of coins, as follows:

Kindly state the kind of material you are going to exhibit, also how much space you wish reserved. This space is free of charge. Since we do not want too much duplication in exhibits, that is why we ask you to state what you are exhibiting. ~~Already the reservation for very fine collections have been reserved.~~ We ask you to make reservations at once, as the number of cases is limited. But we can assure you that it will be a great exhibition, as well as varied.

The Registration Committee has completed the book of tickets, which consists of a reception and entertainment by the Vice-President of the Philadelphia Coin Club; a trip to Valley Forge; a complimentary dinner by J. G. Macallister; a trip to the U. S. Mint; the auction sale; a ladies' theater party; a trip to the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society and Evening Bulletin; the annual banquet. All these and lots more for the registration fee of \$5.00 only. These books are already placed on sale. The chairman will be glad to receive your check for same, S. A. Tatnall, 503 Hansbury St., Philadelphia.

We hope every A. N. A. member will avail himself the opportunity to attend this Convention. Never before has there been offered such a great variety of entertainment for the small sum of \$5. Next month we will furnish you with the complete entertainment features.

IRA S. REED, Chairman Publicity Committee.

CORRECTION IN NOTICE OF HOTEL RATES.

The announcement of the Benjamin Franklin Hotel in the May issue erroneously quoted their regular rate of "\$3.50 and up" for single rooms.

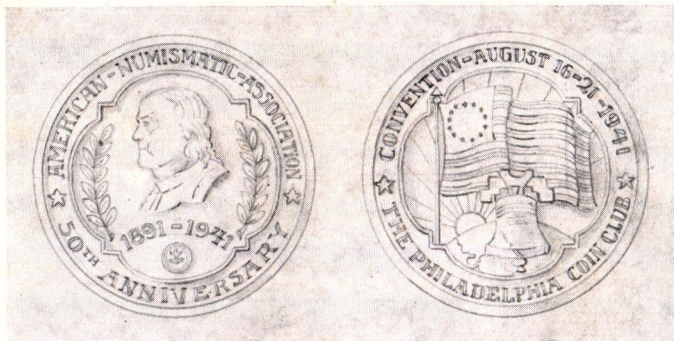
Special rates have been established for A. N. A. members and guests as follows:

Single rooms, \$3 per day.

Double rooms, \$5 per day.

All rooms have private bath, tub and shower combination and circulating ice water.

OFFICIAL A. N. A. FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY MEDAL.



Here is the final drawing of the medal designed by our Howard A. Davidson, a member of our committee. As mentioned in the last issue, it has been adopted by the Philadelphia Coin Club and has the sanction and the

approval of the American Numismatic Association officials as the official medal commemorating our Fiftieth Anniversary.

This medal will be sold by subscription, in bronze, \$1.35; in sterling silver, \$2.75. Prices for gold on application, according to carat—14, 18 or coin. The medal is the size of illustration.

Only those who subscribe will be assured of receiving this medal, as there will be made only a small quantity over the actual orders received, for the convenience of guests at the convention.

Make checks to the order of The Philadelphia Coin Club and address all communications to Julius Windner, Chairman of Program and Badge Committee, 1728 Marlton Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

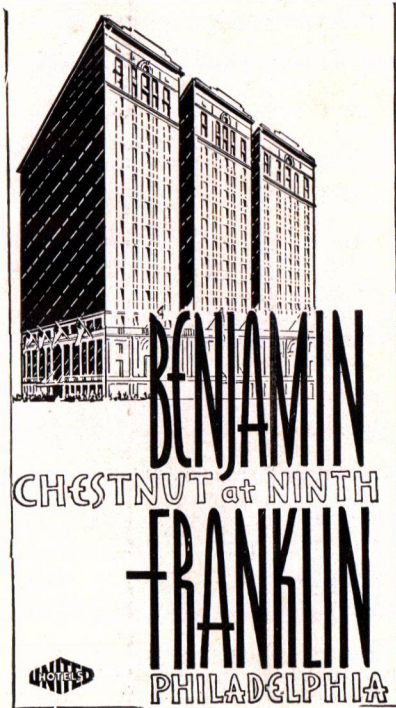
Remittances must be sent with order, and they are expected at your earliest convenience.

THE PUBLICITY COMMITTEE.

ITALIAN PAPER MONEY OVERPRINTED BY BRITISH.

Through the courtesy of Vernon L. Brown, member of the Board of Governors of the A. N. A., we are able to advise paper-money collectors about a bank note issue which may be very rare. The notes referred to are circulating in Somaliland, British East Africa, in captured territory formerly Italian. The notes of Italian manufacture are surcharged BRITISH OCCUPATION.

A curious uniface Japanese item was recently noted. The obverse reads "Meiji, 28th Year." Then follows the usual three characters for Japan, and at the base in English letters appears the word KANAI. The central device is a dove, with eagle-like attributes. The piece is brass and 24mm in diameter.



Philadelphia's

**MOST
MODERN Hotel**

**Extends Welcome to
Delegates and Members**

**AMERICAN
NUMISMATIC
ASSOCIATION**

... not only the last word in facilities and appointments, but expressing a luxurious charm that will make your stay delightful. A gracious service thoughtfully anticipates your every comfort and convenience. And the rates begin at \$3.00 single or \$5 double.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner Ave., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shakford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A., A. A. Gullian, Secretary, 293 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 403 S. Third St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of each month. Wallace Sargis, Secretary, 11208 Edgewater Drive, Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence. R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Harry H. Garman, Secretary, 2241 Carrollton Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfner, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 730 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. Harry Collura, Secretary, 2126 N. Oakland Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis Mo. T. L. Moore, Secretary, 318 S. Clark, Ferguson, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. James Benane, secretary, 250 Nicolett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Addison W. Wilson, Secretary, 600 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month. at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. John W. Miller, Secretary, 22 Colebourne Road, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 928 32d Ave., Seattle, Wash.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szypperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at

Cohagen Cabin at the "Y," Waterloo, Iowa. Marvin O'Connor, Secretary, 118 Sherman Ave., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—389th regular meeting of the New York Numismatic Club, May 9, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Sixteen members and one guest were present.

The topics for the evening were: Medals, Books and Documents relating to Moritz Wormser; Coins in which he was particularly interested, such as multiple talers, Transylvanian coins, mining coins, territorial gold coins and encased postage stamps; pattern \$3, \$2.50 and \$1 pieces.

Exhibits were made by the following:

L. Kusterer: 12 encased stamps; Wormser medal issued by the New York Numismatic Club.

W. H. Arthur: A collection of U. S. freak coins.

LeRoy E. Cox: 2 Medals of the Port of New York Authority, by Kilenyi—Bayonne (N. J.) Bridge, 1931; twentieth anniversary of Authority, 1941.

W. Ray Carpenter: The New York Numismatic Club and the American Numismatic Association's bronze medals of Moritz Wormser; Tribute penny of Tiberius (denarius); British imitation of a Claudius sestertius; the new bronze medal issued by the British Relief; silver medal issued during the last World War, St. George shown on the obverse, struck by Gorham & Company.

H. J. Erlanger: Double taler of Nuremberg with bust of Emperor Charles VI, no date; double taler of Bavaria, 1840, on inauguration of Durer Monument of Nuremberg; double taler of Bavaria, 1846, on opening of the Ludwig Canal between the Main and Danube rivers.

Lieut. O. H. Dodson: 1, 2, 4, 10, 20, 50 and 200 fils of the Kingdom of Iraq.

Vernon Brown: Holland, satirical, 25c. and 50c., 1916; Slovakia Republic, 10, 20 heller, 5 korona; Portuguese Guinea, 5, 10, 20, 50 centavos, 1 escudo, 1933; Panama, 1½, 2½ centesimos, 1940; Medal, Freedom Luck token, issued by British American Ambulance Corps.

A. W. Deas: 1905 Lewis and Clark gold dollar; New York and Brooklyn Bridge R. R. ticket; Dunham Collection Sale Catalogue.

J. Barnett: Store card of Ebling's, Columbia Garden, 200 Bowery, counter-stamped on ¼ taler of 1764, Fred. II of Prussia; 1c. encased stamp North American Life Insurance Company; 10c., Bailey & Company.

O. T. Sghia: Taler of Transylvania, 1621, of Gabriel Bethlen, 1613-1629.

G. H. Blake: 16 German talers and double talers.

D. M. Bullowa: Moritz Wormser New York Numismatic Club Medal; Moritz Wormser American Numismatic Association Medal; Moritz Wormser Transylvania book; Woodrow Wilson cast plaque in bronze, 1919, by Allan G. Newman; 1666 Brunswick, Augustus, on 88th birthday, 4 taler.

F. C. C. Boyd: Exhibition of 33 United States pattern \$2.50 gold pieces struck in gold, silver, copper, aluminum and white metal; 34 United States pattern \$3 gold pieces, struck in gold, silver, copper, aluminum and white metal.

Julius Windner, representing the Philadelphia Coin Club, spoke of the progress being made by the various committees for the coming convention of the A. N. A. He requested the cooperation of our club in the advertising to be placed in the convention program, and exhibited a dummy copy of the program. He also spoke of the medals to be issued, struck in gold, silver and bronze. We were very happy to have Mr. Windner as our guest this evening.

Harry Stein read a paper entitled "The Influence of Hannibal's Invasion on the Coinage of Italy." This paper will be published by The Numismatist in some future issue.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the June meeting, Pattern Silver Dollars and Pattern Gold Dollars; Notes and Specimens English Paper Money; Coins and Paper Money of Egypt and Iraq; Shell Advertising Cards. This was adopted.

Shepard Pond invited the club members to attend the New England Conference to be held in Boston on May 23, and expressed the hope that many of our members will be able to attend.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—The 96th meeting was held on May 7, President Schwartz presiding. Nineteen members and two guests were present. The guests were Miss Candella, a Brooklyn High School teacher, and David Bingham, president of the Junior Numismatists, a recently formed organization of young collectors. Mr. Bingham made a brief address in which he explained the aims and purposes of the junior collectors and he expressed his thanks for some

coins and numismatic literature which was presented to him for distribution to the members.

The topics of the meeting were: United States twenty-cent pieces, Coins of Salvador, Copper coins of France, and Silver coins of the Roman Republic. Frank Schmidt read Part I of a paper on the copper coins of France. Part II will follow at a later meeting.

Mr. Klaif reported for the committee on arrangements for the observance of the one hundredth meeting. It was decided to hold that meeting on October 8, 1941, and to invite members of other local clubs to participate.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Bingham: Counterfeit Bill Detector, Hachita de Cobre, two pieces of German leather money, lucky penny, commemorative of George VI, Confederate bond, other paper.

Mr. Coffin: United States mint medals of John Paul Jones and Jacob Jones, U. S. Assay Commission medal of 1941.

Mr. Friedberg: Thirteen Chinese dollars.

Mr. Hegarty: Collection of copper coins of Roman Republic, early copper coins of France.

Mr. Knoth: Nineteen crown-size coins of France from 1652 to 1933, bronze medal of Benjamin Franklin, five denarii of the Roman Empire.

Mr. Kraus: Iraq, 3 coins of Feisal I and Ghazi; Czecho-Slovakia, paper koronna of 1919.

Mr. Kosoff: Set of Connecticut medals and the two Connecticut commemorative half dollars.

Mr. Reagan: Five Greek and Egyptian tetradrachms of Alexander and the Ptolemies.

Mr. Schmidt: Copper coins of France, 1574 to 1804.

Mr. Sghia: Testoon of Francis I (1515-1547) of France; double tournois of Henry III, 1587, 9 coins of Salvador, 35 Roman denarii of Republic, scudo of Roman Republic 1798, 40 baiocchi of Roman Republic 1849.

Mr. Silverman: Cape Verde, 1930, 5, 10, 20, 50 centavos, 1 escudo; Portuguese Guinea, 5, 10, 20, 50 centavos, 1 escudo, 1933; Slovakia 1939, 5 kroner; New York Port of Authority token for 20 years of progress.

Mr. Schwartz: Copper, nickel and silver minor coins of France.

Mr. Van der Meer: World War medals: Battle of the Marne, 1914; Verdun, 1916; British Offensive, 1917; Pershing, 1918; Armistice, 1918; Peace Treaty, 1919; Red Cross plaque; Lindbergh on New York-to-Paris flight.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—April 10. Seventieth meeting was called to order by President Leatherman with thirty-two members and guests present.

Past President Davidson was given a rising vote of thanks for his splendid gift toward the cost of furnishing medals and designs for the coming A. N. A. convention.

The many questions that come up before the meeting in relation to the convention take almost all the time, and all members seem to take more interest in making plans than they do in the regular matters of meeting. So many members are giving a lot of their time and effort to help make the coming convention the best that we have ever had.

The entertainment of the evening was offered by Mr. Enburg in the form of a talk on his recent trip from New York to the West Coast, by way of the Panama Canal. His talks are always interesting because he is such an ardent collector of so many items.

The door prize, a beautiful copper cent of 1798, was won by Mr. Enburg; the chance prize, a 1941 proof set, was won by Mr. Windner.

A profitable auction followed adjournment.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—May 8. The seventy-first meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with thirty-seven members and guests present.

The secretary was able to report that we lost only six members during the last fiscal year. It was the feeling of the members that this is a good average, inasmuch as four of the six have left the vicinity. We are constantly gaining new members and expect to show a great increase before the convention. Care is being taken, however, to admit only those who really show a decided interest in numismatics and are not trying to join for the sake of personal gain during the convention.

We were lucky to have a number of interesting visitors present at this meeting. Mr. Bowker, connected with the United States Navy, stationed at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, gave us a few interesting remarks on his experience in collecting various items, while stationed in foreign countries.

David M. Bullowa, Assistant Editor of The Numismatist and chairman of the National Coin Week Committee was a welcome visitor. Mr. Bullowa gave us a brief outline of the work done during National Coin Week, and while he was unable to go into detail, it looks as if the year was the best ever.

The speaker of the evening was D. C. Wismer, paper money expert, who gave us an interesting paper on "Money." This paper will be published in The Numismatist in the near future.

The door-prize, a copy of "Silver Dollars of North and South America," was won by Mr. Sipe; the chance prize, a 1941 proof set, was won by Mr. Batts.

The vote for the best exhibit of the evening was won by Mr. Havens, who offered a large map of the world cross-indexed with reference to the various pieces of money used, which were attached to the map. Others exhibits worthy of mention included:

Mr. Bullowa: A number of beautiful medals, including the 1919 plaque of Woodrow Wilson and a plaque of Thomas Edison.

Mr. Farley: A beautiful collection of ancient and modern coins of Mexico.

In the absence of Curator Iannarella, the auction was conducted by Ira S. Reed, who offered the members present a chance to purchase a number of bargains.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—Regular monthly meeting, May 14, with six members present.

The discussions of the evening were on all types of emergency money of the world. A motion was made, that the Club adopt a new form of membership receipt and the motion was favorably accepted. Starting with the 1942 season we shall send out new membership receipts printed on a white card.

The following items were displayed by the members present:

Two Canadian bank notes \$4 each, dated 1900 and 1902; 100-mark notes, dated Feb. 7, 1908, Sept. 9, 1909, Apr. 21, 1910, issued in Berlin (Reichsbank); set of 5-10-50 pfg. cardboard emergency money issued at Grunhain, Germany; 10-25-50 pfg. 1920 issued in metal, Beethoven commemorative coins from Bonn, Germany; 1-mark, green porcelain, 1921, Charlottenburg, Germany; April, 1941, emergency sales tax token, green plastic material, issued in the State of Washington (this is very dark green and the permanent issue will be out in May in light green); emergency sales tax token, 1941, white cardboard, from Spokane, Wash.; set of 6 different wooden nickels, 1941, from Russell, Kan.; 5c. metal scrip token, 1941; issued for the "pony express" celebration held in Ellinwood, Kan.; set of new Ohio sales tax coupons, 1, 2, 3c., by Reserve (R-VII), April, 1941; set of paper notgeld, dated 1921; 25, 50, 75 pfg. and 1 mark issued at Hameln, Germany, from which point the story of the "Pied Piper of Hamelin" originated.

SYRACUSE NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—116th regular meeting, May 2. The meeting was attended by eight members and one visitor, Mr. Adams, of Auburn. President Paul Burns presided.

Motion was made and carried to hold the next regular meeting the second Thursday in June, which will fall on June 12th. The change was made in an effort to get a larger attendance at our last meeting before summer vacations. The June meeting will be to commemorate the ninth anniversary of our association.

The secretary was asked to invite the Cortland, Tri-City and the Rochester clubs to make a joint meeting in Syracuse on June 12.

The following appointments for the balance of 1941 were made by President Burns: George Miller, auctioneer; Merton Snyder, chairman of program committee; Stanley Gifford, publicity director.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—406th meeting, April 17. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Nineteen members and one guest were present.

President Rowe appointed Mr. Rapp to get some information on how many of the 400th meeting medals we should order.

It was decided to increase our library collection by purchasing proof sets and books from 1936 to date.

Mr. Reynolds stated that he would donate to the library a set of non-tarnish, sulphur-free holders to preserve our proof sets. The donation was accepted.

The following obituary was placed in the Detroit Coin Club minutes and a copy to be sent to Mrs. Ina Kier:

"Dr. James A. Kier, a retired Detroit physician, was born 86 years ago in Pennsylvania. A descendant of an old Detroit family, his father, an early Detroit physician, moved to Pennsylvania and returned to Detroit when James was 6 years old. Dr. Kier for many years was a member of the American Numismatic Association and an active member of the Detroit Coin Club. He always enjoyed attending meetings when physically able, was highly respected by all fellow members, and widely known as a numismatist.

"Dr. Kier was the oldest charter member of the Detroit Elks, No. 34, and for three years served as exalted ruler of the organization. He passed away at his home in Detroit, March 28, 1941. He is survived by his wife, Ina. Interment in Woodmere Cemetery."

An auction was held.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—407th meeting, May 1st. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Seventeen members and two guests were present.

Mr. Fulton, our auctioneer, asked to be relieved of the auction sales during the summer months. President Rowe announced that he would discontinue the auction sales during June, July and August.

Mr. Rapp reported on prices for a re-order of the 400th meeting medal. The Club decided to order 50 medals in silver and 50 in bronze. It was incorporated in the above motion by Mr. Rapp that the medals be mullared.

An auction was held.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—May 1, President Arthur in the chair. Thirteen members and one guest were present. Mr. Mathews, the guest, was welcomed by the President.

Mr. Arthur read excerpts from Harper's Weekly of February 7, 1857, on the U. S. copper-nickel 1856 flying eagle cent.

It was voted to grant Mr. Herwig free membership for the duration of his service with the armed forces of the United States.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Herwig: Draft papers, U. S. induction.

Mrs. Brookes: Nine early Colonial cents.

Mr. Arthur: A medal of the Universal Exposition, Paris, 1900, designed by Victor D. Brenner, designer of the Lincoln cent.

Mr. Van Vorst: 17 early dimes from 1796 to 1825.

Mr. Pukall: Coins of countries occupied by Germany, i.e., silver, nickel, bronze, copper and base metals of Austria, Belgium, France, Greece, Finland, Czechoslovakia.

Mr. Simms: Various types and denominations of U. S. and foreign gold.
Mr. Nettleship: \$2 note State Bank of Newark, N. J. Byzantine solidus of Theodosius II.

Mr. Hughes: Star \$5 notes, 1934 series, with consecutive numbers. 1798 U. S. cent with a number of obverse and reverse die breaks.

Mr. May: Russian silver medals for police service, Alex. II, Nicholas II. Cap badge, 212th Overseas Batt. C. E. F., and a regulation crest of the first U. S. Cavalry.

Mr. Zepfler: A Thessalian Larissa Drachm (400-336 B. C.); a broken-bank note; a Standard Oil Co. employee's badge with portrait.

Mr. Carpenter: Denarius of Pertinax; Tribute Penny of Tiberius; Gothic and Godless florins of Victoria.

It was agreed to hold the annual picnic at Greenwood Lake on June 8th at the cottage of Mr. and Mrs. Simms. The picnic will take the place of the regular monthly meeting. ~~Members will be notified and transportation arranged.~~

An auction was held of a piece of silver of the ancient Zoaroasters, donated by Mr. Carpenter for the club's entertainment fund. Mr. Van Vorst purchased the piece and redonated it to the club, and it was reaucted to Mr. Nettleship who also made a gratuitous disposition.

The club was happy to have present its only honorary member, Mr. Blake, who had recently been sick.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—April 17. Twenty members were present.

This was the first meeting since our election of officers and our new president, Arthur B. Stewart, presided. He made a short talk outlining his plans for the coming year. He announced that Mr. Weikert, of the Washington Numismatic Society, would read a paper at the first meeting for May on his Russian medals, and that Mr. Reagan, of Brooklyn, N. Y., would talk at a later meeting. Also, that Theodore Austin would continue his discussion of the fractional paper currency by series at a later meeting.

The auction committee, composed of Messrs. Warfield and Sprague, had some suggestions to make for the betterment of the auctions. It was suggested that no private sale between members be permitted on auction nights before or during the auction. The suggestions were discussed and approved.

Ed. Cockey exhibited a number of gold coins, including an English noble of Edward III, and an Indian mohur.

The rest of the meeting was devoted to an auction under Mr. Warfield as auctioneer.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—May 1, President Stewart presiding, with 14 members and one guest, Edward L. Weikert, of Washington, present.

President Stewart announced that we are to have a visit by Lewis M. Reagan, Director of Publicity of the A. N. A., at our meeting on June 5, who will give a talk and have an exhibit on "Famous Women on Coins." He also announced that Hans M. F. Schulman was planning to visit us on October 2 and give a talk and display of foreign coins.

This was our program night, and for the occasion Mr. Weikert displayed an unusual collection of medals, mostly Russian, with a few American and other pieces added. He read a very interesting paper on old Russia and the present economic set-up in the Soviet Union. He described some of his outstanding medals, which ranged from the Dukes of Kiev of the ninth century, through the Dukes of Moscow and down to the end of the Czarist regime. We enjoyed his talk and exhibit.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—April 14, with 34 members and 6 guests in attendance.

Two new members joined the club at this meeting—James Hohn and J. B. McNeil.

The news items of the club's activities and monthly announcements in the papers of the meetings have been attracting a good visitor attendance.

Jos. V. LaMore gave a report on the Second Annual Pacific Northwest Convention of Coin Clubs held in Centralia March 30th. A selection of convention pictures were distributed.

Hugh Davenport and Dr. Paul Firth made reports on methods of auctions. In line with these reports it was voted by the club to charge a 5 per cent commission on all auctions, with a maximum charge or fee of 25c on each lot. It is hoped that this will induce members to sell at auction the coins which many have been selling on the side, and will attract the higher priced coins. Members were requested to place all items for auction in an envelope and properly describe the coins thereon.

A report was taken of the exhibits during National Coin Week, which were as follows:

Eight trays of U. S. fractional currency shown at the Bank of California, Portland, by Stephen Bibler.

A general assortment of coins shown at the First National Bank, Hillsboro, by Don Jurgensen, Howard Hughes, and R. B. Coyner.

Complete sets of Indian and Lincoln cents, buffalo nickels and Mercury dimes, and a general collection of U. S. gold and foreign silver coins, at Jensen's Market, Portland, by Hugh Davenport and Till Jensen.

Display of satirical medals issued since the World War, shown at El Ray's Book Store, Portland, by George Pipes.

Two trays of old broken-bank bills, and fractional currency issued by Canada and the Confederate States, shown at the Pacific Drug Company, Portland, by Stephen Bibler.

An almost complete set of U. S. 50c pieces, and foreign coins, shown at the Neighbors of Woodcraft, Milwaukie, by Chas. Braun, Jr.

The secretary reported that as a result of the displays and newspaper publicity

he had received about 15 letters and a large number of inquiries in person. The president of the club had also received a number of letters.

Mr. Brooking Gex sold lots on the White Elephant for the evening, which was won by Hugh Davenport.

An auction was held.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 10. No club business was handled during the course of the evening. As suggested at our February meeting, members came prepared for an evening of buying, selling and trading. Judging from the comments made our first "swap nite" was a huge success. Twenty eight members and visitors were present.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—April 14. The meeting was called to order by President Bushnell with 27 members and visitors present.

Applications for membership were received from Wm. Ahlersmeyer and Truman Pyles.

A brief business meeting was held to discuss the club's present and future financial outlook. Tentative plans were laid for May and June programs, and another auction is promised for our May meeting.

Due to the lack of a speaker and an auction for the April meeting, another "swap fest" was held following the close of business.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—79th meeting, April 18, with President Hoffman presiding. Twenty-eight members and one visitor were present.

President Hoffman gave a report of the banquet held by the Racine Coin Club on April 17th, which was attended by eighty-one members and friends.

H. R. Sterrett, Geo. P. Geib and Ralph Schaefer were admitted to membership. Leon G. Grieb, chairman of the program and entertainment committee, reported on the special meeting of his committee on March 17.

Mrs. Polzer was to contact the wives of the members to form a ladies' committee to serve during the C. S. N. S. Convention. The Milwaukee Philatelic Society has offered the use of their display cases for the duration of the convention.

It was suggested that a lake cruise replace our annual picnic this year.

The May meeting was held on May 23rd instead of the 30th, due to the holiday falling on our regular meeting night.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—May 6, President Woodside in the chair. Thirteen members and two guests were present.

Mr. Gaede gave a very interesting account of the Morelos Mexican Revolutionary coinage.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Laughlin: Copper and silver coins of Argentina, Guatemala, Brazil, Bolivia, Mexico, Panama, Nicaragua and Peru; 8 revolutionary paper notes of Mexico, 1914 to 1916.

Mr. DeVos: 1858 flying eagle cent, small eagle, proof; 1937 Canadian Coronation set of George VI; 1940 Century of Progress medallion of New Zealand.

Mr. Gaede: Several trays of coins from many periods and countries.

Mr. Eastwood: Eighteenth and nineteenth century coppers of Portugal.

Mr. Woodside: Six U. S. 20c. pieces; 24 U. S. silver 3c. pieces; 8 tokens of Sumatra; 4 Civil War sutler's checks; Aegina stater (tortoise); Suez Canal token.

Mr. Hall: Tray of lead Lincoln pieces.

Mr. McIntosh: Specimen of rare Tartar note, Chinese inscriptions.

Mr. Kietzer: Set of U. S. small cents, Indian heads, unc. and proof.

Mr. Butterbaugh: Miscellaneous coins of Latin America.

Mr. Coatsworth: Complete Panama set, 1904; portrait coins of Brazil; miscellaneous coins of Latin America.

PASADENA COIN CLUB—Third meeting, April 16. In the absence of President Lamb, who was ill, his place was filled by Mr. Langford.

A peppy program was the order of this meeting of this young club. Six applications for membership were received. We also had six visitors present. Kenneth Lee, District Secretary of the A. N. A., of Glendale, honored us with his presence and gave an interesting talk on Pioneer Silver and the part it has played in our numismatic history.

Mr. Langford showed coins from 600 B. C. to the present time, giving a short history of the most unusual ones.

This club observed National Coin Week by displaying various U. S. coins in one of our leading banks, and a disc of sixty-two foreign dollar-size coins in a newspaper office. We have had many favorable comments on these displays.

We have been asked to enter a display in the Pasadena Hobby Show, May 4 and 5 and we will comply.

Our club is run on a unique basis—no fees; no dues.

ATLANTA COIN CLUB—On March 5 our annual banquet was held at the Henry Grady Hotel. On display was a very fine collection of Bechtler gold belonging to George O. Walton, of Charlotte, N. C. Mr. Walton gave a very interesting talk on the Bechtler brothers and the history of their gold coins.

Our officers for 1941 are as follows: President, Geo. M. Todd, Box 2211, Atlanta; vice-president, Harry Moses, Box 912, Atlanta; secretary and treasurer, Edwin Harrison, 1084 Deckner Ave. S. W., Atlanta.

During National Coin Week, March 24th, members of the club made numerous displays in book stores and downtown department store windows.

At our April 2nd meeting we had eighteen members and two visitors present. Eight new members have been accepted into the club this year.

The club voted to hold an auction the first meeting in May.

Mr. O'Rear will lecture at the April 16 meeting to the members, who will have as their guests a group of Boy Scouts.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—The seventh anniversary dinner meeting of the club was held on April 15, at the Donnybrook Lodge, in Scarsdale. The meeting was called to order by President Jacob, who presided over a gathering of 22 members and 20 guests.

President Jacob welcomed the members, the many guests and representatives of the neighboring clubs. Kenneth Marsden, librarian of the club, was introduced and acted as master of ceremonies. The regular order of business was dispensed with and dinner was served.

Mr. Marsden spoke of the many fine exhibits displayed during National Coin Week. The first speaker of the evening was introduced, Homer Stephens, who read a paper he prepared on the subject of, "History of Railroad Notes."

Mr. Marsden read a telegram from Stanley Scott, who sent his regrets on not being able to attend.

David M. Bullowa, our next speaker, gave a very interesting talk on the "English Coinage of King Cnut." Harry Stein, the third speaker of the evening, spoke on the "Usage of Coins by Roman Emperors to Spread False Propaganda." All these talks were short and very interesting, with many fine exhibits to illustrate.

William Freybourg, Mount Vernon, was introduced and gave a fine exhibition of card manipulating. A few members and guests acted as assistants. This was enjoyed by all as it was something different and the magician was very humorous. Mr. and Mrs. Freybourg were the guests of Mr. Marsden.

Exhibits for the evening were laid over to the next meeting as the time was getting late. The meeting was turned over to the president, who adjourned the meeting.

Favors for the ladies were potted plants. Mrs. Dewey very graciously consented to purchase and distribute the plants to our lady guests.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Thirty-eighth meeting, May 9, President Richard S. Yeoman presiding. Sixteen members were present.

Clarence R. Stein, of Kenosha, a new applicant, was admitted to membership.

The various banquet committees made their reports. The consensus of opinion was that this was our most successful banquet.

Those who visited the C. S. N. S. Convention in Milwaukee reported on the affair. R. S. Yeoman was elected to the board of directors of the C. S. N. S. for the ensuing term.

Exhibits at the meeting were as follows:

John R. Stewart: 105-78 B. C., lepton or widow's mite, Rogers, plate 1-17, Judaea.

Alexander Jannaes: 1875 \$2½ gold, extremely fine; 1928, 100 schillings, Austria, proof; 1837 dime without stars in proof.

Karl Borseth: 1882 proof set from cent to dollar, including Trade dollar; 1912-1913-1914 Canadian \$5 and \$10 gold pieces, unc.; 1865 to 1888 complete set of eight \$2 gold pieces, Newfoundland; 1857 100 francs, Napoleon III, semi-proof; 1879 Stella proof.

Gene Arnesson: 1793 large cent, 12-L, very good; 1803 large cent, large date, very good.

Louis Wilczynski: 1913-P Morgan quarter, brilliant proof; 1913-P half dollar, brilliant proof; 1863-1933 Romuald-Traugutt 10 zloty Polish Commemorative silver piece; 1754 five thalers August III Polish Commemorative gold piece, very fine; 1941-D Jefferson nickel, planchet not of uniform thickness unc.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—80th Meeting, May 2, President Pilmaier presiding.

The nominating committee submitted the following recommendations for officers: For president, A. J. Pilmaier; for vice-president, A. G. Blaufus; for secretary, Raymond Moulton; for treasurer, Gilbert Haase. The nominees were unanimously elected.

Dr. Judd was elected President of the Central States Numismatic Society at Milwaukee and gave us a very interesting report on that meeting. He told us of many of the interesting exhibits and of the latest gossip among the coin dealers and collectors. While Dr. Judd did not mention it in his report, we know that his beautiful exhibit of patterns was one of the outstanding exhibits at the Milwaukee meeting. The meeting next year will be held at Des Moines, which will make it very convenient for the members of our Club to attend.

We then discussed at some length the suggestion of establishing an exhibit to be sponsored by the coin club. Dr. Judd moved that the newly elected officers be appointed a committee to study the matter and report back at the next meeting. The motion was passed.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—The 158th meeting, May 6, brought out a record attendance, exceeding forty members and guests.

In view of a report that the U. S. Mint might discontinue the striking of proof coins, it was suggested that the secretary write the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia to the effect that this club is in favor of the continuance of the striking of these coins.

The applications for membership of George Bennett and Harry L. Canann were favorably voted on.

Holger Jorgensen, the speaker of the evening, then piloted his audience on an amazing numismatic survey of "Twenty-six Centuries of Coins" in less than twenty-six minutes, illustrating each century with an appropriate coin representing some important person or event. His historical cabinet of coins commenced with Chinese money of the time of Confucius, continuing with coins of Athens, Macedon, Rome, Jerusalem, Persia, Mohammed, Haroun al Raschid, Byzantium, the Crusades, Richard the Lion Hearted, the Mongols, Edward the Black Prince, one of the first dated coins of the fifteenth century; Mexico, Gustavus Adolphus, George Washington, Queen Victoria, and a coin of the Philippine Islands bearing the portrait of President Roosevelt. Without a

break in continuity, the history of the world in times of peace and of war was vividly portrayed with its various human accomplishments and failures and the rise and fall of many nations and leaders. Taking great and justifiable pride in Mr. Jorgensen's mastery of numismatic and historical knowledge, the club extended a sincere vote of thanks for a most unusual and informative address.

An auction closed the evening.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—305th meeting, April 30. Twenty-six members and eleven guests were present.

President Earl A. Parker turned the meeting over to Vice-President Stanley Blois and announced that he thought it a good idea to give the vice-president a little experience.

Mrs. George B. Koch was elected to membership and two new applications were received.

A door prize donated by the secretary, consisting of a bottle of champagne, was won by Mr. Settlemier, who, in turn, put the same up for auction, and the proceeds were turned over to the Chinese Relief Fund.

Mr. Rock, chairman of the program committee, announced that the visit to the San Francisco Mint will take place at a later date.

Weston Settlemier, executive of the Historical Coinings Society, spoke on the "March of Money" and outlined that the society will endeavor in the near future to bring before the public, through the medium of radio talks, general displays in theatres and short screen educational features, coin collecting in general, its historical background, and to foster and encourage the study of numismatics in all its forms and branches. His talk was enjoyed by all present and a great hand was given him.

The May meeting will be held in conjunction with the Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, and Roy Hill, councillor, announced that the boys will make a great display and will give short talks in connection with their different displays.

An auction was held.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—May 9, President H. F. Hurst presiding.

Two new members were admitted to our club, namely, S. E. Fairlamb and Howard E. Musser. An application for membership from C. H. R. Howe, 1224 Greycourt Ave., was turned over to the membership committee.

R. E. Stevenson, D. A. Robinson, Sam Levi, C. I. Slavin and Russell Mansfield were appointed by President Hurst to recommend a program committee.

The lecturer for the evening was D. A. Robinson, a local banker.

We had an excellent exhibit of medals and paper currency.

An auction was held.

CANTON COIN CLUB—70th meeting, May 5, with 16 members and 7 guests attending.

L. A. Salasek, Charles Bolus and Walter E. Welch were appointed by President Caster to arrange a program for the Akron Coin Club meeting on the third Monday in June.

Mrs. Geo. R. Caster and Wm. G. Bruce were appointed a committee to investigate the advisability of moving our meeting place from the Hotel Belden to the new Canton Art Center.

The seventy-second meeting was chosen to celebrate completion of our sixth year with a dinner. V. L. Stover, T. W. Brown and Wm. G. Bruce were appointed on the committee.

It was decided that Mrs. Caster be reimbursed for her expense in securing Mrs. Curry as speaker for the previous meeting. Mrs. Caster was given a rising vote of thanks for her fine spirit.

The following committees were appointed for the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs Picnic: Reception, T. W. Brown and Paul J. Blank; Entertainment, L. A. Salasek; Refreshments, George R. Caster; Finance, Wm. G. Bruce.

Our representative to the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs meeting, L. A. Salasek, gave his report of the meeting.

R. W. Miller, Gerald Duryee and W. P. Gundel were unanimously elected to membership in the Canton Coin Club.

Dr. Y. A. Sargis talked about U. S. Dollars; Joseph Patti, of the U. S. Navy, about China and its money; Frank J. Krajoe, of the U. S. Marines, about Cuba and vicinity.

Displays were as follows. W. E. Welch: brilliant proof sets of 1895 and 1903. V. L. Stover: 1723 Rosa Americana twopence; 1855 pattern \$10 gold, A.-W. 193, only 6 to 8 coined.

Gerald Duryee: U. S. Colonial, Roman, and ancient English silver, also a die for a Washington medal.

Wm. G. Bruce: Miscellaneous paper.

An auction was held.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—April 28, President Pond in the chair. Mr. James H. Risk was the guest speaker of the evening. Eighteen members and one guest were present.

President Pond then presented James F. Stiff with his membership certificate. Frederick A. Whetton, of Needham, Mass., was unanimously elected to membership.

President Pond read a letter from the Pinkerton Detective Agency requesting the society to be on the lookout for a Pine Tree shilling recently reported stolen from Shreve, Crump & Low Co., of Boston, Mass.

A letter was read from a Mr. Cheng, of Cambridge, offering Chinese Soviet Republic linen money to any member interested. Mr. Dodson, one of our mem-

bers now located in New York City, had already examined the bills, and advised that there was no doubt of the genuineness of them. Mr. Dodson also loaned the society a pamphlet on Chinese Soviet coins and notes which treated of this type of note.

Mr. Grant spoke on the illness of Walter P. Nichols and made a motion, seconded by Willey that the society purchase flowers for Mr. Nichols, and it was unanimously passed. The secretary was then authorized to make the purchase and convey to Mr. Nichols the sympathy of the society.

A letter from Henry Schuhmacher, member and also president of the Boston Philatelic Society, was then read, calling attention to their dinner on May 15.

The matter of the next regular meeting, May 23, was then brought before the members by President Pond, explaining to the members just what progress had been made up to the present time. He appointed a committee of arrangements, consisting of the president, the secretary, Mr. Doyle, and Mr. Grant to handle the outside angle. Final arrangements will follow in a few days.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Vikre: Two pattern U. S. half dollars of 1859.

Mr. Grant: 1866 nickel, proof. Card containing several U. S. coins in very fine condition.

A very interesting talk was given after the close of the meeting by Mr. James H. Risk, of Harvard University, on British Orders and Decorations. This talk was thoroughly enjoyed by the members and considerable comment has been heard since the meeting as to the interest displayed by the society in this line. Mr. Risk was assisted by our treasurer, Mr. Evanson, with the lantern slides.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—267th meeting, May 7, President Lamb presiding. Eighty-five members and 29 visitors present.

The president reported the death of Anton Budvitis on April 11.

The application of Thomas R. Robinson was referred to the membership committee.

This meeting being set aside as "open house," the president personally introduced all our visiting guests.

Reports on the Central States Milwaukee convention were given by Messrs. Hewitt, Ripstra, Powells, Rayson, Sheldon and Evans.

J. Henri Ripstra gave a very interesting talk on the numismatic life of the late William F. Dunham, especially relating the incident of the proposed offer to purchase the famous 1822 \$5 gold piece.

The entertainment committee reported that at the next meeting Dr. A. M. Rackus, former curator of the National Museum in Lithuania, will give a talk on his European numismatic experiences.

Hans Schulman, of New York, read his original numismatic jingles and spoke on his fine exhibit.

Exhibits were as follows:

Ernest Jonas: Set of Hudson Bay Co. tokens; bronze and silver medal of the San Francisco Exposition.

Harry Boosel: Complete brilliant proof set of 5-cent nickel pieces, 1866 to 1912, inclusive—50 pieces, including 1867 with rays in proof. Uncut sheet of \$1 notes, series of 1935, thirty-third sheet issued.

R. W. Smith: Complete set of Canadian cents from 1858 to 1940, 61 dates.

Earl F. Barger: A collection of about 500 Civil War and tradesman tokens in fine and uncirculated condition.

E. E. Lamb: Complete collection of small cents 1856 to 1909, proof, except the 1864 L; 1909 to 1941 uncirculated and proof; 1908-S proof.

J. R. Stewart: 1913 V nickel.

D. C. Keefer: A collection of Chinese bamboo tokens of different values.

Dr. Jos. Reich: French lithograph, by Travies, "The Antiquarian," legend very antique, but not decipherable.

Wm. G. Rayson: Gold angels of Edward IV, 1471; Henry VIII, 1509, and Elizabeth, 1587, York groat of Edward IV, 1464; presentation silver set of George V, 1927, threepence to the crown; touch piece of Queen Anne, 1706.

Paul Pennington: Intaglio coins of southern Italy.

M. V. Sheldon: A representative collection of ancient specie from the earliest Aegina stater to tetradrachms struck under Roman authorization in pre-imperial Rome. The fabric of Macedonian staters and art shown by the ¼, 1 and 2 units in gold. Several pieces of Syracuse outlining ancient coinage art at its pinnacle.

M. H. Jackson: Various denominations of large-size notes.

R. L. McBrien: Various large-size crowns.

I. T. Kopiciki: Hard Times tokens Nos. 117 and 120 in nickel.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—92nd meeting, May 8. Eighteen members and two guests were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Wade read newspaper items of numismatic interest.

Mr. Purrington reported for the membership committee and proposed Mr. Gensheimer, of Hillside, N. J., and Mr. Boertmann, of Cranford, N. J., for membership. Both were unanimously elected.

The topic committee suggested the topic for June be "All United States Three-Cent Pieces" and "Coins of the World from 800 to 1500."

Mr. Beach gave a fine talk on his exhibit of rare coins from South America. He spoke in his usual fascinating manner of two short-lived governments set up in Patagonia in 1858 and 1888.

The topic for the meeting was "Large Cents after 1840, Two-Cent pieces, and Coins from the Eastern Coast of South America," and the exhibits follow:

Mr. Barnett: Large Cents, 30 different dies—four of 1850, six of 1851, five of 1852, nine of 1853, three of 1854, one of 1855 and two of 1856.

Mr. Beach: A collection of silver, gold and copper coins of British and French

Guiana, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay. An extremely rare uncirculated gold 5 gramos coin of Tierra del Fuego.

Mr. Blake: Two-cent pieces, including the rare 1873 in proof. Several South American dollar-size silver coins in very fine condition.

Mrs. Brookes: A dollar-size silver coin struck on the death of Frederick VII and the accession of Christian IX, of Denmark. Denmark, specie dollar, Christian VII, and 4 mark, Frederick III.

Mr. Brookes: Token of the 100th anniversary of Knabe, showing Flagstad's portrait; token of Westinghouse Golden Jubilee; Feigenspan employes' check; one gazetta (Isole and Armata); quattrino of Milan; 1857 U. S. cent; two Newark, N. J., merchants' tokens; German counterfeit United States half-dollar, 1878 (brass).

Mr. Brown: Slovakia Republic, 5 korona, 1939; Portugese Guinea, 5, 10, 20, 50 centavos, 1 escudo, 1933; Panama, 1½ and 1½ centesimos, 1940; Germany, Nazi currency used in occupied countries, 50 pf., 1 mark; Mehl's catalogue of Dunham Collection; Freedom luck token to aid Britain, issued by British-American Ambulance Corps.

Mr. Duffield: 25c, 1915, uncirculated; 10c, fine to uncirculated, some were proofs, 1823, 1827, 1829 (2), 1832, 1834, 1835, 1838, 1839, 1858; 3c nickel proof, 1878; 2c uncirculated, 1872; 2c proof, 1873; 1c uncirculated, 1879.

Mr. Hermeth: Eleven pieces of Vatican City before 1700, copper and bronze.

Mr. Hughes: \$5 Star Notes, series 1934A, with consecutive numbers, taken out of circulation.

Mr. Husker: A chopmarked peso of Mexico; copper of Tunis.

Mr. Nelson: A sheet of fractional currency.

Mr. Nettleship: Coins of Argentina, Brazil and Uruguay.

Mr. Wade: 12 South American coins; Set of small cents; miscellaneous fractional currency.

Mr. May: Coins of Uruguay and Paraguay.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—60th meeting, April 24, at the home of President Fouts. There were 12 members and visitors present.

The first part of the evening was devoted to talking over the annual Northwest convention, held at Centralia, which was a great success. The exhibits were said to be the finest ever shown in this section.

The registration indicated a healthy gain in each of the clubs represented over that of last year. The clubs participating were Seattle, Portland and Tacoma.

The Seattle Club handled the auction and many fine pieces were sold.

Mr. Wagner suggested that the club hold a sale of coins as a means of raising funds, so it was decided that each member donate coins for this purpose, the sale to be held at the next meeting.

Mr. Fouts gave a short talk on the new sales tax tokens, regarding which he is preparing an article to appear in an early issue of *The Numismatist*.

Mr. Glickert exhibited a wonderful collection of campaign buttons and Presidential medallions from Washington to date. There was a great variety of buttons representing the last election.

Mr. Maine displayed some beautiful proof trade dollars, and Mrs. Worth a type set of commemorative half dollars.

Refreshments were served.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—April 17, H. D. Gibbs presiding. There were 10 members present and 4 lady guests. As the Pittsburgh Coin Club was the host Club for the next meeting of the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs, to be held in the Fort Pitt Hotel on Saturday, April 26, it was thought best by those present to make our plans for that meeting, hear reports from the several committees and offer suggestions to make the joint meeting a success. Remarks were made by Convention Chairman Howard D. Gibbs, and suggestions were made by President Sam J. Kabealo of the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs. The club members also offered suggestions. Coins on display were as follows:

H. D. Gibbs: 200 dollar-size coins from the British Isles, Scotland, India and other Colonials.

S. J. Kabealo: Postage currency.

Paul Drew: Two uncirculated U. S. silver dollars.

W. G. Kietzer: 1899 \$20 gold.

K. L. McIntosh: A large paper bill of the Ming Dynasty of China, 1368 to 1399 A. D.; also some pictures of coins he displayed in the First National Bank of McKeesport, Pa., during National Coin Week.

A. Sallach: Coins from Yugoslavia.

R. Rehula: 10 dates of the U. S. \$5 gold from 1800 to 1813, fine to uncirculated.

J. H. Layton: A number of U. S. gold quarter eagles.

J. S. Kerr: 1794 U. S. cent and 1/3 farthing, 1902, of Malta.

J. E. Cunningham: 1941 Uncirculated U. S. half dollar and two 1941 uncirculated dimes. The three pieces were genuine, but had a dead sound like counterfeit coins when dropped on table.

PITTSBURGH COIN CLUB—April 26. The meeting of the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs Association was held in the Fort Pitt Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa., on this date, with President Sam J. Kabealo being introduced by Convention Chairman Howard D. Gibbs, of the Pittsburgh Coin Club, in the chair. There were 52 members and 11 ladies present.

The President called for committee reports. The new constitution, rules and by-laws were read and adopted with a few minor changes. It was decided that all the present membership be called the original club membership. After the adjournment of this meeting there was an auction sale of about 131 different coins mostly United States uncirculated pieces. The auction was conducted by Mr. S. J. Kabealo. After the auction there was a drawing for six door prizes,

from which the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs Association was enriched over \$26, which will be added to the Club Treasury.

Dr. Y. A. Sargis gave his usual interesting talk, which the joint clubs membership always enjoy. After dinner the membership returned to their meeting room and had the pleasure of seeing a moving picture, "Know Your Money," under the direction of the United States Secret Service, by Capt. Wm. H. Houghton, agent in charge of the Pittsburgh office.

Mr. Gibbs had invited those who cared to, to visit his home after the meeting to view his display of coins of the world, which is considered one of the largest and best now owned by an individual collector.

The Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs Association expect to hold a picnic in the summer.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—May 5. The Washington Numismatic Society was honored with the presence of a distinguished guest speaker at its May meeting, when Senator Elmer Thomas, of Oklahoma, discussed monetary policies of the Government and his silver program.

Since the evening was primarily devoted to silver, silver coins were the feature of the exhibits. A thousand silver coins of the dollar size were shown by members. This is considered the largest exhibit of its kind ever assembled.

Senator Thomas viewed the coins and then informed the gathering that he was not interested in coins from the standpoint of antiquity; that he was interested in the modern type of money. "These coins have served their duty and generation," he said. "History shows that at some time or other practically everything has been used as money. No country has used a greater variety than has the United States." He then discussed the history of barter, and the early American coins.

Senator Thomas explained the difference between the commodity dollar and the credit dollar, and recited the history of the fluctuation of values from 1920 to 1933. "Gold was too valuable in terms of the property dollar in 1933," he said, and then explained the purpose of his introduction in the Senate of the amendment to cheapen the dollar. He explained that because of the high-valued dollar, living costs were too high, and that he sought to bring the dollar back to the 1926 value. He explained the three phases of the amendment, with special attention to the coinage of free silver. He also gave attention to the meaning and causes of inflation.

Among other guests present were Hon. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint; General Charles Hines, of the Army-Navy Munitions Board; Mr. James A. White, Clerk to the Senate Special Committee on Silver, and Miss Dorothy Tomlinson, Secretary to the Chief Assayer of the Mint service. Many of the members had brought guests to view the display of coins and hear Senator Thomas explain the intricacies of the monetary system.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—April 17. The meeting was called to order by the president, with 15 members and one guest present.

The door prize a commemorative half-dollar was awarded to D. Nissley.

One new member was elected to club membership—Mr. Joseph Small, Stroudsburg, Pa.

The several committees appointed at our meeting in February reported progress.

Mr. Forrest Smith, Stroudsburg, Pa., presented a paper on early coinage, which was enjoyed by all present.

A short auction followed.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—The 38th meeting was called to order by the President, with 18 members and two guests present.

The door prize was awarded to President Shepherd, which was used towards the purchase of an 1803 large cent.

A letter from Geo. J. Patterson, secretary of the Philadelphia Coin Club and chairman of the entertainment committee of the coming A. N. A. Convention in August next. In his letter he informed the club that the Philadelphia Coin Club are going to hold their banquet on August 20th, the same week of the Convention, and advised all the members who wish to attend to get their reservations in at least a week before the banquet.

The club was informed that one of our members Claude Beck of Stone Church, Pa., was called for service in the U. S. Army, and the club's good wishes are being sent to him, including an honorary membership while in the service.

Aside from the usual program of the club meetings, the members enjoyed an unexpected movie of current news events put on by Robert S. Taylor, Jr., and enjoyed by all.

A short auction followed, after which the meeting adjourned.

DISTINGUISHING FEATURE OF PERU'S NICKEL COINS.

The minor coins of Peru in nickel have long been distinguished by the fact that the date appears below the bust in words. The latest issue reads UN MIL NOVECIENTOS CUARENTA (one thousand nine hundred forty). A change in the date by the change of a word precludes the possibility of discovering Peruvian overdates, as an entirely new die must be cut each year.

Make Your Reservations Now at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin.

COIN COLLECTOR RECEIVES JAIL SENTENCE.

Last June a coin dealer and member of this Association received a letter which read in part as follows:

"I am starting a collection of commemorative half dollars, and would appreciate your sending me the following on five days' approval, payable within five days from date of shipment, for those retained. (Then followed a list of pieces totalling less than \$10 value.) Please enclose statement of these coins for quick payment.

Yours truly,

(Signed.)

In August a card was received stating that payment would be made in a few days. In September and October he was requested to make payment or the return of the coins. In late November a registered letter was sent, which closed with the phrase: "I hope you are aware that all has transpired through the U. S. mails."

On March 18th, 1941, this man was sentenced to ten months in prison by a Federal judge for "fraudulent use of the mails in obtaining commemorative coins."

The name of the man, and of the dealer responsible for his apprehension is withheld by request. The convicted man was not a member of the Association.

The story is furnished, however, in order that persons may exercise care in obtaining merchandise through the mails in the event that they are not sure whether they can pay, and also if they do not intend making a prompt return. Shippers of merchandise to unreliable persons through the mails are assured of prompt and vigorous action by the Postoffice authorities in such instances, where an attempt to evade payment by use of the mails is evidenced.

NEWS OF NEW BANK NOTES.

Guine, a Portuguese colony, has recently issued a new 10-escudo bank note with a portrait on the obverse of Joao Teixeira Pinto. The notes are issued by the Banco Nacional Ultramarino, at Lisbon, and are dated Sept. 14, 1937. The reverse bears the usual scene of a ship at sea, with a young girl seated on a wharf. The predominant color is brown. The notes are printed in England, by Bradbury, Wilkinson & Co., and measure 3 by 5 inches.

Egypt—A new 25-piastre note of Egypt has been received, showing upon the obverse a harbor scene. The notes are dated at Cairo, 6 June 1940. The reverse bears a classical Egyptian wing motif and is printed in orange and blue. The obverse color is tope. The notes measure 3 by 5 inches and were printed by Bradbury, Wilkinson & Co., in England.

Mozambique—A 20-centavo note, issued by the Company of Mozambique, is dated at Beira, 25 Nov. 1933. These fractional notes measure only $2\frac{1}{4}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$ inches. The 100 escudos of Mozambique, printed in scarlet tones, bears on the obverse the facing portrait of Antonio Ennes.

MR. SILVERMAN MAKES A SUGGESTION.

During the past few months, in reading the notices of the societies and clubs connected with the American Numismatic Association, I noted that many members have been called to serve in the armed forces of the United States as part of the National Defense Program.

The American Numismatic Association can do its part, too, in no small way. Some consideration should be given to these members in the form of having The Numismatist sent to them free of charge starting with the January, 1942, issue.

Who shall be entitled to this free subscription is a question which calls for deliberation, but it is my opinion that any member in good standing

for a year or more is certainly eligible to receive The Numismatist as a token of good will on the part of our Association.

Good will is always far-reaching and I know all A. N. A. members now serving will indeed have something happy to look forward to if favorable action is taken on this recommendation.

Numismatically yours,

JOSEPH SILVERMAN.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 7, 1941.

OLD COINS GATHERED BY BRITISH RED CROSS.

More than 1,000,000 coins and medals—three tons of them, filling 129 mail bags—have been the answer to an appeal by the Very Rev. Edgar Rogers, dean of Bocking, Essex, England, who last year at a British Red Cross meeting urged people to contribute old coins to the fund. Dean Rogers is a well-known numismatist. An ancestor of his was Master of the Mint in Queen Elizabeth's reign.

When his appeal was made coins began to roll into the deannery. A sorting depot was opened in London, and the dean, says the London Express, journeyed up to town every few days, took off his coat and sorted hundred-weight after hundredweight of dusty coins. He has detected 100 clever forgeries of ancient coins. A parcel of Sunday-school medals, worthless except as scrap, contained a valuable Spanish gold coin. A rare Persian gold coin was concealed in a boxful of Belgian centimes worth only a few pence. The gems of the collection have been sold under the hammer at Sotheby's, in London.—New York Times.

NEW YORK STORE HAS RARE COINS ON SALE.

A New York department store, Gimbel Brothers, at Thirty-third street and Sixth avenue, has recently inaugurated a new policy of merchandising, according to a circular recently received.

Rare coins from celebrated collections are on view with the Hearst and Mackay treasures which are being dispersed. Coins on sale are a Clinton cent of New York, a Brasher doubloon of New York, and a target reverse octagonal slug. There are also many of the popular foreign rarities among the rare gold shown. There are classical pieces in silver, as well as aurei and solidi.

While no attempt is made to represent that these coins came from the Hearst or Mackay collections, prominent authorities in the numismatic field who have viewed the specimens were able to vouch for their authenticity and from their personal records were able to establish the collection from which they emanated.

Notice to District Secretaries

Officers and District Secretaries of the Association may obtain from the Director of Publicity a limited number of copies of Haskin's "Everybody's Coin Book."

These booklets have proved to be of value and interest to collectors, especially beginners, and have been of assistance to District Secretaries in previous years in promoting publicity for the Association among prospective members.

This offer is restricted to Officers and District Secretaries, but others may obtain copies of the booklet directly from the publisher, Frederic J. Haskin, Washington, D. C., at a cost of 10 cents each.

LEWIS M. REAGAN, Director of Publicity.

99 Livingston St., Brooklyn, New York.



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Fine Books every Collector should have in his Numismatic Library.

GREEK COINS, by Charles Seltman. Over 300 pages, 64 plates, gilt top. New, Perfect	\$ 6.75
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ENGLISH COINS, by G. C. Brooke. 277 pages, 64 plates. New, Perfect	6.50
GOLD COINAGE OF LATIN AMERICA, by H. F. Williams. 14 pages, 2 plates, bound. Very Fine	2.25
GUTTAG COLLECTION LATIN AMERICAN COINS. 514 pages, many illustrations on each page, describes over 5000 issues. New	3.00
SILVER AND GOLD COINS OF THE WORLD, Scott's 1910 edition. 180 pages, unbound. Very Good	2.00
CANADIAN COINS AND MEDALS, Illustrated Guide by Breton, 1912. 195 pages, illustrates all medals, tokens and coins. List at end gives valuation for every item. Paper covers. Fair, Scarce	1.75
LARGE UNITED STATES CENTS, Dr. French Collection, cataloged by Mehl. Complete detailed descriptions of one of the finest cent collections. Priced, 139 pages. Extremely Fine, scarce	3.00
HANDBOOK OF ENGLISH COINS, by Jewitt. Small 16mo, 77 pages, 10 plates. Fine	1.00
PAPER MONEY, Price list by Wismer. 63 pages, valuations of over 1600 items. Extremely Fine, paper covers	1.25
COIN COLLECTORS JOURNAL, First Series, edited by Frossard. Volume I, No. 1 through Volume XI, No. 133. Not complete, much interesting information, total of 26 issues. Fine	2.50
THE NUMISMATIST, 1926, 12 issues, complete with index. Perfect	3.00
1927, 12 issues, complete with index. Perfect	3.00
1928, 12 issues, complete with index. Perfect	3.00
1930, 12 issues, complete with index. Perfect	3.00
1937, 12 issues, complete with index. Perfect	2.50
INCOMPLETE VOLUMES OF THE NUMISMATIST, 1911, 4 issues. Extremely Fine	.50
1913, 5 issues. Extremely Fine	.75
1920, 5 issues, including index. Extremely Fine	.65
1930, complete except June and October. 10 issues	2.00
1936, complete except June. 11 issues. Ext. Fine	2.25
MISCELLANEOUS GROUP OF NUMISMATISTS, 1913-1939. 11 issues. Extremely Fine	1.10

NEW ISSUES

PORTUGUESE GUINEA, 1933. Has taken eight years to obtain. Nickel 1 Escudo and 50 Centavos, copper 5, 10, and 20 Centavos. Extremely Fine	2.00
NEW ZEALAND, 1940. Commemorative set, Half Crown, Penny, and Half Penny. Unc., set of 3	2.00

ODD AND CURIOUS

Strange Siamese Silver Pack Saddle money. Six strange counterstamps. Very Fine	5.50
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ATTRACTIVE RARE GOLD

HONDURAS, 1902, Gold Peso. Liberty head. Rev. Arms. Extremely Fine	9.00
GREAT BRITAIN, 1833, Gold Sovereign, William IV. Head right. Rev. Crowned shield. Uncirculated Gem	14.00
MEXICO, Proclamation Escudo, 1808, Ferdinand VII. Crowned shield, Rev. Monogram with star above. Extremely Fine	5.00
PERSIA, Gold Toman, 1305 A. H. Commemorating new year. Lion with sword to left within wreath, Rev. Native inscription. Uncirculated	7.50
SARDINIA, 1839, Portrait 10 Lire. Head left, Rev. Crowned arms. Uncirculated	4.75

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Our Fourth Mail Auction Sale Catalog has been distributed.
Have you received your copy? The Date is June 12th, 1941.

There are many fine consignments listed of numismatic interest, including Rare Paper Money, U. S. Gold, Foreign Gold and Silver, Ancient Gold and Silver, Numismatic Books, and Decorations. Items for every collector, whether beginner or advanced. There is still time to receive a catalog if you act promptly. Learn by your own experience why we can serve you better.

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MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

1793	13-L Liberty Cap Large Cent, about fine, scarce	\$60.00
1856	Flying Eagle Cent, very fine, \$45.00. Dull Proof	65.00
1861	Confederate Cent, Cop.-Nickel. Dull Proof	50.00
1838-O and 1864-S	Half Dimes, about good. The pair	5.00
1868	A.-W. 692 Three-Cent Proof, Rarity 12. Very scarce	15.00
1885	Five cent Brilliant proof, very scarce	20.00
1839	Half dollar, Brilliant proof, rare	30.00
1567	30 shillings of Scotland, Counterstamped, very fine	10.00
California type set classified, 25c. oct. & rd., 50c. oct. & rd., \$1.00 oct. & rd. Set averages about fine. Not many sets in stock ..		
1879	\$ 4.00 Stella Proof	185.00
1879	\$ 4.00 Stella, A.-W. 1575, Flowing hair, Proof. R. 1. Gold.	
1879	\$ 4.00 Stella, A.-W. 1578, Coiled hair, Proof. R. 11. Gold.	
1880	\$ 4.00 Stella, A.-W. 1630, Flowing hair, Proof. R. 9. Gold.	
1880	\$ 4.00 Stella A.-W. 1633, Coiled hair, Proof. R. 11. Gold.	
The above four Stellas sold as a set. Price on application.		
1818	\$ 5.00 very fine	35.00
1795	\$10.00 very fine. First year of issue scarce	70.00
1803	\$10.00 very fine, scarce	40.00
1925	Norse medal Gold, Uncirculated; only 100 pcs. coined	75.00
1931	\$20.00 Uncirculated, scarce	125.00
1932	\$20.00 Uncirculated, scarce	150.00
1933	\$20.00 Uncirculated. Price on application.	
1750	2 Thaler Hanover, England, very fine	10.00
1841	10 Thaler Prussia, last King of Poland, ex. fine	35.00
1603-25	Crown of Scotland, James I, ex. fine	10.00
1746	Ducat of Bremen, very fine	7.50
1343-54	Ducat of Venice, ex. fine	7.50
1200	Pala or Deka of Ceylon, fine	7.50
1400	Florin of Lubeck, ex. fine	7.50
1888	5 Pesos of Argentina, ex. fine	10.00

PROOF SILVER DOLLARS

1858	\$1.00, very scarce	\$75.00	1879-88	each	4.00
1859	\$1.00 Dull, scarce	7.50	1879	Trade dollar	4.75
1860	\$1.00, scarce	8.25	1881	Trade dollar, Dull	5.00
1861	\$1.00, scarce	7.75	1889-90,	each	4.75
1862	\$1.00, scarce	6.25	1891-94,	each	3.50
1863	\$1.00, scarce	6.75	1896	\$1.00	4.25
1864-65	\$1.00, scarce, each	7.25	1897	\$1.00	4.50
1866-67	\$1.00, scarce, each	6.25	1899	\$1.00	4.00
1868-69	\$1.00, each	5.00	1900	\$1.00 Tarnished, dull	3.25
1870-73	\$1.00, each	4.50	1902	\$1.00	4.75
1878	\$1.00, 8 feathers	12.50	1903	\$1.00	7.25
1878	\$1.00, 7 feathers	25.00	1904	\$1.00	6.25

NUMISMATIC LITERATURE

Scott's Silver & Gold Reprint, cloth cover, new	\$ 2.00
Doughty's United States Cents Reprint, new	2.00
U. S. Pattern and Experimental Pieces Reprint, cloth cover new	2.00

We have many other interesting items in this series on hand. Kindly drop us a list of your needs so that we may quote, if possible.

Postage and Insurance extra on all orders under \$10.00

SMITH & SON

2267 Clybourn Ave., Chicago, Ill.

PIONEER GOLD COINS

1830	\$ 2.50	Templeton Reid, strictly fine	\$200.00
	\$ 2.50	C. Bechtler, Rutherford 67G. 21C. fine	49.50
	\$ 5.00	C. Bechtler, Rutherford 134G. 21C. fine	37.50
1860	\$10.00	Clark Gruber & Co. very fine	80.00
1861	\$ 2.50	Clark Gruber & Co. fine	35.00
1861	\$10.00	Clark Gruber & Co. very fine	32.50
1861	\$20.00	Clark Gruber & Co. very fine	275.00
1849	\$ 5.00	Utah, Mormon Gold, fine	47.50
1850	\$10.00	Baldwin & Co. Horseman, extremely fine	950.00
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 880, Incused without 50 on rev., ex. f.	500.00
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 887, Incused with 50 on rev., ex. fine	750.00
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 880, Milled edge, extremely fine	350.00
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 887, Milled edge, extremely fine	350.00
	\$10.00	Miner's Bank, extremely fine	275.00
1849	\$ 5.00	Moffat & Co. extremely fine	25.00
1850	\$ 5.00	Moffat & Co. extremely fine	30.00
	\$16.00	Moffat Bar, abt. fine, fine, very fine, and extremely fine. Four to choose from; Price on Application	—
1849	\$ 5.00	Norris Grieg & Norris, very fine	50.00
1852	\$50.00	United States Assay Office 887, Abt. Unc.	500.00
1852	\$50.00	United States Assay Office 887, extremely fine	350.00
1852	\$50.00	United States Assay Office 900, extremely fine	350.00
1853	\$20.00	United States Assay Office 900, Abt. Unc.	60.00
1853	\$10.00	United States Assay Office 884, fine	37.50
1855	\$50.00	Wass Molitor & Co., extremely fine	—
1849	\$ 5.00	Oregon Exchange Co., retooled fine	100.00
1860	\$ 2.50	Clark Gruber & Co., extremely fine.	
1860	\$ 5.00	Clark Gruber & Co., uncirculated.	
1860	\$10.00	Clark Gruber & Co., very fine.	
1860	\$20.00	Clark Gruber & Co., strictly very fine.	
1861	\$ 2.50	Clark Gruber & Co., extremely fine.	
1861	\$ 5.00	Clark Gruber & Co., uncirculated.	
1861	\$10.00	Clark Gruber & Co., extremely fine.	
1861	\$20.00	Clark Gruber & Co., extremely fine.	

The above eight coins are offered as a set. Price on application.

1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 880, Incused without 50 on rev. Abt. Uncir.	
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 887, Incused with 50 on rev. Abt. Uncirculated.	
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 880, Milled edge; Abt. Uncirculated.	
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 887, Milled edge; Abt. Uncirculated.	
1852	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 887, Milled edge, fine to very fine.	
1852	\$20.00	Aug. Humbert Abt. Uncirculated.	
1852	\$10.00	Aug. Humbert extremely fine.	

The above seven coins are offered as a set. Price on application.

PIONEER PATTERN COINS

1860	\$10.00	Clark Gruber & Co. Proof	\$ 25.00
1860	\$20.00	Clark Gruber & Co. Uncirculated	30.00
1861	\$20.00	Clark Gruber & Co. Proof	30.00

WANTED

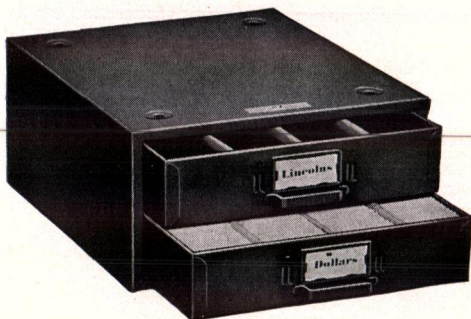
1851	\$50.00	Aug. Humbert 887, Incused without 50 on rev. Uncirculated.	
1855	\$50.00	Wass Molitor & Co. Uncirculated.	
1855	\$50.00	Kellogg & Co. Brilliant Proof.	

SMITH & SON

2267 Clybourn Ave., Chicago, Ill.

THE "ROYAL" COIN CABINET

ALL STEEL CONSTRUCTION



stacked. There are holes punched in the feet, and recessed top, so that several cabinets may be all bolted together in one unit.

SPECIFICATIONS:

SIZE:—Length 11½ in.; Width 9½ in.; Depth 5 in.

DRAWER SIZE:—Length 11½ in.; Width 9 in.; Depth 2 in. Each drawer has 8 sections—Length 5½ in.; Width, Depth 2 in.

CONSTRUCTION:—Heavy gauge first grade cold rolled fire-resisting steel. All sections firmly welded.

FINISH & COLOR:—Especially hard baked Moss Green Enamel.

WEIGHT:—5 lbs. 4 oz.

This cabinet has many improvements over similar cabinets on the market, yet the price is less. Order one today. **Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.**

Introductory Offer

1 Royal Coin Cabinet, Regular price	\$2.75
1000 2x2 Kraft Coin Envelopes, Regular price	1.10
Total Value	\$3.85
Both Sent Postpaid for \$2.75!	

Gift Suggestions

Either of these fine cabinets would be a welcome gift to any numismatist.

Wholesale prices to dealers.

THE "ARISTOCRAT" COIN CABINET

ALL STEEL CONSTRUCTION

This cabinet is just twice the size of the Royal cabinet—holds up to 1800 half-dollars, or 4400 small cents, etc. all conveniently filed in 2x2 envelopes.

SPECIFICATIONS

Cabinet Size:—Length 11½ in.

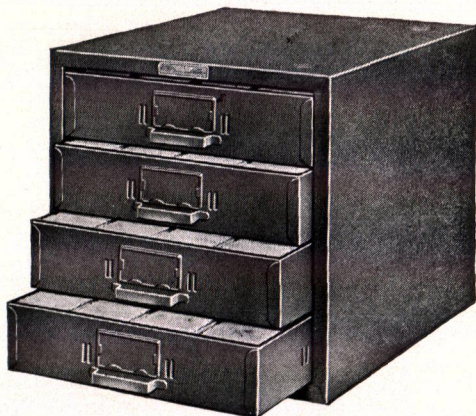
Width 10 in.; Height 10 in.

Drawer Size:—Same as Royal Coin Cabinet.

Construction:—Heavy gauge steel. Flush lap joint corners electrically welded. One piece drawer supports. All edges hemmed or returned—eliminates all sharp edges. Drawers have card-holders and bar pull.

Finish & Color:—Outside of Cabinet attractive Grey Ripple hard baked Enamel. Drawers have smooth Grey Enamel Finish.

Weight:—9 lbs. 14 oz.



SPECIAL

OFFER

1 "Aristocrat" Coin Cabinet, regular price \$5.00
1,000 2x2 Coin Envelopes, regular price 1.10

Total Value

\$6.10

Both for

\$5.00

F. O. B.

TATHAM STAMP & COIN CO., Springfield-45, Mass.

H. E. MacIntosh, Manager.

\$2.00

(All Sent Postpaid)

\$2.00

OUR MAMMOTH BARGAIN PACKAGE

500 NEW COIN ENVELOPES. 2x2. Long Flaps. Brown. Retail at 75c.

35 U. S. CENTS. All different. Large Cents, Indian Head Cents, Lincoln Cents, P-D-S Mints. GOOD, FINE, UNCIRCULATED. Retail at 10c. to 20c. each.

6 All different WOODEN NICKEL Certificates. UNCIRCULATED. Issued by various States. 3 colors. Scarce. Retail 20c. up.

10 All different COINS from various Countries. SILVER-NICKEL-COPPER-BRASS. Nice set. Retail 10c. to 20c. each.

1 Beautiful 12-page Booklet, "ABRAHAM LINCOLN": His Life, Sayings and Speeches. Gold-leaf borders. 4x5. Issued in 1908. Inaugural speech, Emancipation Proclamation. Yarns that will please the little woman, etc. A rare little item. Worth 50c. or more to add to any collection.

2 BILLS from MEXICO. 25 and 50 CENTAVOS. Dated and Signed. Three colors. Scarce issue. Retail 20c. each.

20 All different bills from various Countries. ALL FINE to UNCIRCULATED. Interesting set. Retail 5c. to 15c. each.

2 Different WOODEN NICKEL Certificates. Fishermans Jubilee. Angola, Ind., Picture of Fisherman and Fish. Dated and Signed. 2½x5. Colored borders. Retail 20c. each.

6 All different OLD BANK CHECKS. Imprint of U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE TWO-CENT STAMP. Signed and Dated. Printed years ago from old-fashioned type. FINE CONDITION. Scarce. Retail 50c. up.

1 or more items of your own selection. A retail value of 20c. or more. Must please YOU.

The above items would cost you between \$8.00 and \$9.00 if ordered separately at a low retail price.

We will send you all of the above named items for only \$2.00.

All Postpaid

Send all orders to

C. F. CLARKE & CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

34 YEARS IN BUSINESS. WE BUY, SELL, EXCHANGE.

A. N. A. NO. 1625.

Bargain Circulars and a Free Gift sent with each package.

THOUSANDS OF COINS FOR SALE.

GOLD

DOLLAR GOLD PIECES

1849 Open wreath unc. -----	\$3.95
1873 Uncirculated -----	3.65
1881 Brilliant proof -----	7.35
1884 Brilliant proof -----	7.35
1887 Brilliant proof -----	7.35
1888 Proof, scratch on reverse -----	6.50
1889 Brilliant proof -----	7.35
1915 Pan.-Pacific -----	3.95

Satisfaction guaranteed.

QUARTER EAGLES

1802 over 1 Uncirculated, slight file marks on obverse -----	39.50
1842 Very fine -----	24.50
1881 Uncirculated with proof surface --	25.00
1885 Uncirculated with proof surface --	20.00
1892 Uncirculated -----	13.50

Postage extra under \$3.00.

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Brilliant Uncirculated COMMEMORATIVES

1915	Panama-Pacific	\$10.00
1918	Lincoln	.95
1920	Pilgrim	1.00
1921	Pilgrim	4.85
1921	Alabama, Plain	2.90
1921	Alabama 2x2	9.15
1921	Missouri	12.00
1921	Missouri 2x4	18.50
1922	Grant	1.35
1923	Monroe	1.15
1924	Huguenot	1.75
1925	Lex-Concord	1.15
1925	Stone Mountain	.75
1925	California D. Jubilee	1.70
1925	Fort Vancouver	5.60
1925	Norse-American, Thick	.95
1925	Norse-American, Thin	2.25
1925	Norse, Large S. Pl. Bronze	45.00
1926	Sesqui-Cent.	1.10
1926	Oregon, S or P	1.00
1927	Bennington	2.00
1928	Hawaii	9.65
1928	Oregon	2.50
1933	Oregon	5.25
1934	Oregon	2.50
1934	Maryland	1.15
1934	Texas	1.10
1934	Boone	1.65
1935	Connecticut	2.20
1935	Boone P, S, D	7.50
1935	Boone, small '34 P	1.10
1935	Boone, small '34 S & D	27.50
1935	Spanish Trail	3.85
1935	Arkansas, P, S, D	7.30
1935	Hudson	5.25
1935	San Diego	1.25
1935	Texas P, S, D	3.45
1936	Texas P, S, D	3.60
1936	Boone P, S, D	7.00
1936	Arkansas P, S, D	4.10
1936	Rhode Island P, S, D	4.00
1936	Cleveland	.80
1936	Robinson-Ark.	1.25
1936	Cincinnati P, S, D	14.85
1936	Oregon	1.15
1936	Oregon S	4.70
1936	Lynchburg	1.85
1936	Long Island	1.00
1936	Columbia, S. C., P, S, D	5.40
1936	York Co. or Elgin	1.20
1936	Wisconsin	1.20
1936	Bridgeport	1.45
1936	Albany or Norfolk	1.40
1936	San Fran., Br. or Delaw.	1.45
1936	New Rochelle	1.75
1936	Gettysburg	1.75
1936	Antietam	2.00
1937	Boone P, S, D	20.00
1938	Boone P, S, D	19.25
1937	Arkansas P, S, D	12.00
1938	Arkansas P, S, D	11.25
1939	Arkansas P, S, D	20.00
1937	Oregon D	1.10
1938	Oregon P, S, D	4.25
1939	Oregon P, S, D	14.25
1937	Texas P, S, D	3.60
1938	Texas P, S, D	12.00

Maryland Medal Unc.	.90
Iceland Comm. Set, 10 Kr., 5 Kr. and 2 Kr., Unc.	7.75

PROOF SETS

1937 Brilliant Proof	7.25
1938 Brilliant Proof	4.50
1939 Brilliant Proof	4.00

Proof set holder furnished free.

(Only one of each date)

1840 Liberty Seated Dol., v. fine	3.00
1841 Liberty Seated Dol., ex. fine	3.75
1842 Liberty Seated Dol., v. fine	2.25
1843 Liberty Seated Dol., fine	2.00
1844 Liberty Seated Dol., v. fine	3.25
1847 Liberty Seated Dol., v. good	1.50
1848 Liberty Seated Dol., v. fine	5.00
1849 Liberty Seated Dol., v. fine	3.00
1853 Liberty Seated Dol., fine	5.00
1856 Liberty Seated Dol., v. fine	5.00
1859 Liberty Seated Dol., v. fine	5.75
1859-O Liberty Seated Dol., ex. fine	2.50
1860 Liberty Seated Dol., Unc.	6.00
1861 Liberty, tiny edge dent, proof	6.00
1862 Liberty Proof, but not br.	5.00
1863 Liberty Proof	5.25
1864 Liberty Proof	6.50
1865 Liberty was proof	5.75
1867 Liberty with motto, proof	6.00

1838 Half Dol., milled edge, Unc.	5.25
1839 Half Dol., milled edge, v. fine	1.50
1839 Half Dol., with drapery, v. fine	3.50
1841 Half Dol., O mint, v. fine	2.00
1842 Half Dol., small date, Unc.	7.50
1844 Half Dol., Liberty seated, Unc.	4.75
1846 Half Dol., Liberty seated, Tall date, Unc.	4.00
1847 Half Dol., Liberty seated, v. fine	3.00
1848 Half Dol., Liberty seated, v. fine	2.50
1850 Half Dol., Liberty seated, O mint	1.50
1851 Half Dol., Liberty seated, O mint, fine	1.25
1852 Half Dol., Liberty seated, v. fine	5.00
1853 Half Dol., Liberty seated, with Arrows & Rays Unc.	5.00
1854 Half Dol., Liberty seated, with arrows Unc.	2.00

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Complete stock of circulated, uncirculated
and proof coins for sale. Priced reasonably.
Find out about my approval service.

JAMES KELLY

Third and Broadway,

Dayton, Ohio.

STEWART'S SUMMER SPECIALS

U. S. Small Cents Uncirculated

1858 L. L. . . . \$3.10	1868-9 \$3.25	1882-3 \$.90	1895. \$.65
1858 S. L. . . . 4.15	1870 4.60	188490	1896-790
1859 2.15	1871 5.50	1885 1.75	1898-990
1860 2.15	1872 7.00	188690	1900-190
1861 3.95	1873 1.80	188790	190230
1862-365	1874-5 2.75	188890	1903-440
1864 1.00	1876 2.75	188965	1905-630
1864-L 13.50	1877 12.50	1890-165	190740
1865 1.00	1878 2.90	189290	1908-930
1866 4.25	1879 1.10	189365	1908-S 2.25
1867 4.25	1880-190	189490	1909-S 5.50

Lincoln Cents Uncirculated

	P	Mint	D	Mint	S	Mint
1909 VDB	.10	—	—	2.50	—	—
1909 Plain	.20	—	—	1.95	—	—
1910	.20	—	—	.30	—	—
1911	.20	1.10	—	1.60	—	—
1912	.30	2.60	—	1.75	—	—
1913	.40	3.00	—	3.00	—	—
1914	1.75	5.25	—	3.25	—	—
1915	2.60	1.10	—	2.20	—	—
1916	.25	1.10	—	1.25	—	—
1917	.30	.90	—	1.25	—	—
1918	.35	1.60	—	1.60	—	—
1919	.30	1.10	—	1.10	—	—
1920	.25	1.10	—	1.25	—	—
1921	.35	—	—	2.25	—	—
1922	—	1.25	—	—	—	—
1923	.25	—	—	4.25	—	—
1924	.40	4.25	—	3.60	—	—
1925	.25	1.25	—	3.50	—	—
1926	.40	1.10	—	4.50	—	—
1927	.20	1.60	—	2.10	—	—
1928	.20	1.25	—	1.65	—	—
1929	.10	.60	—	.20	—	—
1930	.10	.40	—	.10	—	—
1931	.40	.95	—	.40	—	—
1932	.30	.35	—	—	—	—
1933	.40	.15	—	—	—	—
1934	.10	.10	—	—	—	—
1935	.05	.10	—	.10	—	—
1936	.05	.10	—	.10	—	—
1937	.05	.05	—	.05	—	—
1938	.05	.05	—	.05	—	—
1939	.05	.05	—	.05	—	—
1940	.05	.05	—	.05	—	—

Cents Unc. Wholesale Lots

	10	50	100
1929-D	4.25	—	—
1929-S	1.75	—	—
1930	.75	2.25	4.00
1930-D	3.75	—	—
1930-S	.95	4.75	8.00
1931	3.75	14.00	25.00
1931-D	8.00	37.50	—
1931-S	3.75	—	—
1932	2.85	—	—
1932-D	3.25	14.00	—
1933-D	1.45	—	—
1934	.50	100	500
1935-P	1.75	3.00	13.25
1935-D	1.25	2.25	10.50
1935-S	1.75	3.10	14.00
1936-P	1.75	3.10	14.00
1936-P. Special	1.10	1.95	9.00
1936-D	1.25	2.15	9.50
1937-P	1.00	1.85	8.50
1937-D	1.00	1.85	8.50
1937-S	1.00	1.85	8.50
1938-S	1.25	2.15	9.25
1938-D	1.00	1.85	—
1938-S	1.00	1.85	—
1939-P	1.00	1.85	—
1939-D	.90	1.75	—
1939-S	.90	1.75	—
1940-P	.85	1.60	8.00
1940-D	.85	1.60	7.50
1940-S	.85	1.60	7.50
1941-D	.85	1.60	7.50

Unc. Cents, 500 each, as follows:
 1934-P, 1935-P, D, S, 1936-P, D,
 S, 1937-P, D, S, 5,000 Cents.
 Special 87.50

Set Complete Washington Quarters Uncirculated 1932-1940, 22 pieces	13.50
1879 Proof Set in holder, 1 ct., 3 ct., 5 ct., 10 ct., 25 ct., 50 ct., \$1.00, Tr. \$1.00	19.50
1888 Proof Set in holder, 1 ct., 3 ct., 5 ct., 10 ct., 25 ct., 50 ct., \$1.00	14.75
Set V Nickels in Proof, 1883-1912, 31 pieces in holder	53.75
1940 Proof Set in holder	\$2.95
1941 Proof Sets in holders	\$2.35
Complete type set U. S. Commemorative Coins. All choice Unc. This set consists of 45 different type half dollars, Swedish 2 Kroner, Norse thick and thin, Norse gold, only 100 made, Large Norse bronze silver plated, only 75 made, Washington-Lafayette Dollar, Isabella and Washington Quarter, 1909 Lincoln Cent in Proof, 54 beautiful and historical coins. Special	
1925 Large Norse Bronze Silver Plated, only 75 made. Special	\$247.50
25 different type Commemorative half dollars Uncirculated	32.50
20 different type Commemorative half dollars Uncirculated	25.00
15 different type Commemorative half dollars Uncirculated	18.00
10 different type Commemorative half dollars Uncirculated	11.00
1936 Cin. Single Coin, \$5.25. 1936 Col., S. C., Single Coin, \$2.15. 1936 R. L., Single Coin	1.35
Wisconsin, York, Sen. Robinson, Cleveland, Elgin, Long Is., Maryland, Monroe, Each	1.15
1893 Isabella Quarter, Unc: \$2.25. 1866 Nickel Proof	9.25

Order Early. Orders \$5.00 or over postpaid. Coins subject to prior sale.

JOHN R. STEWART

1501 So. Tenth St., Miuwaukee, Wisconsin.

■ SQUARE ■
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8

JUNE 21st

Sale No. 8 will contain Ancients, Half Cents, Cents, etc., thru Dollars. Gold Coins—some choice rarities—Foreign Gold, Books, Obsolete Notes, Hard Times Tokens, Civil War Tokens and Cards, Patterns, Foreign Crowns, Medals, Pedley-Ryans, and Part IV of the Gutttag Latin American Collection.

~~49872~~

(Note: Price List Free to Successful Bidders).

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GOOD!

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We're planning another of our "Square Deal" auction sales. Watch the Numismatist for further announcements.

AUGUST 21-22

■ SQUARE ■
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9

BERNS

Max Berenstein (A. N. A. 4103)

435 Madison Avenue, New York City

Rare Gold Coins For Sale

UNITED STATES

DOUBLE EAGLES

Set of the 1931 and 1932, Uncirculated	\$200.00
1907 St. Gaudens, High Wire Edge, Uncirculated	40.00
1898 Proof	60.00
1884 CC Mint, Fine	38.00
1856 O Mint, Fine, Very Rare	80.00
1850 Extremely Fine	37.50

EAGLES

1852 U. S. Assay Office, San Francisco, Fine	26.00
1799 Very Fine	30.00
1800 Very Fine	30.00
1801 Very Fine	30.00
1907 Brilliant Proof, Liberty Head	30.00
1909 Uncirculated	18.00

FOREIGN GOLD

England, George V, 5 Pounds, Brilliant Proof, Date 1911	70.00
Austria, Francis Joseph, 100 Kronen, Very Fine, Date 1914 ..	50.00
Portugal, John V, One Joe, Very Fine, Date 1726	35.00
Roumania, Carol I, Bust on both sides, 20 Lei, Fine, Date 1906	10.00
Australia, Government Assay Office of Adelaide, One Pound, Very Fine, Date 1852	15.00
Argentina, Republic, 5 Pesos, Very Fine, Date 1887	10.00
Bulgaria, Ferdinand I, 20 Leva, Uncirculated, Date 1894	15.00
Denmark, Christian IX, 10 Kroner, Very Fine, Date 1898	6.00

U. S. COINS PRICED BELOW CATALOG VALUE

Please include Postage on Orders Under \$5.00.

ALL UNCIRCULATED

INDIAN HEAD CENTS		LINCOLN HEAD CENTS		HALF CENT 1854 \$.90	
1863	\$.40	1909 Plain . . .	\$.10	FIVE CENTS (NICKELS)	
1879	.90	1909 V. D. B. .	.05	1883 No Cents .	.10
1880	.60	1909-S	1.10	1900	.60
1881	.65	1910	.15	1925	.70
1882	.60	1910-S	.35	1928	.45
1883	.45	1911	.20	1929	.20
1884	.65	1911-D	1.00	1931-S	.25
1885	1.55	1912	.30	1935-S	.20
1886	.65	1914	1.20	1937-S	.10
1895	.45	1916	.30	1938-D, Buff. .	.10
1898	.80	1920	.20	DIMES (10c.)	
1899	.40	1924	.25	1921-D	1.10
1900	.45	1924-D	4.75	1929-D	.65
1901	.30	1926-D	.90	1934-D	.35
1902	.25	1928-S	1.35	QUARTERS (25c.)	
1903	.25	1928-D	1.20	1926-D	1.20
1904	.35	1929-S	.25	1928-D	.95
1905	.25	1930-S	.10	DOLLARS (\$1.00)	
1906	.25	1932-D	.25	1922-D	1.40
1907	.25	1933	.25	1926-D	1.40
1908	.40	1933-D	.10	1927-D	1.35
1909	.20	1934-D	.10	Extra Special 1928-S Quarter .65	

EXTRA SPECIAL

Collection of 40 different Half Dollars all in very fine condition, different dates or mint marks, 1806 to 1877, Special \$50.00

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1881-S Listed at \$5.00	For 2.50	1923-S	For 2.00
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1883-O	For 2.00	1926-D	For 2.00
1884-O	For 2.50	1926-S Listed at \$7.50	For 3.00
1884-CC	For 2.50	1927 Listed at \$3.00	For 1.75
1902	For 2.50	1927-D Listed at \$2.50	For 1.75
1921 Peace	For 1.50	1928 Listed at \$3.00	For 1.75
1922	For 1.50	1928-S Listed at \$3.00	For 1.75
1922-D Listed at \$4.00	For 2.00	1935-S Listed at \$2.00	For 1.50
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Postage extra on orders under \$5.00.

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1793 CENTS

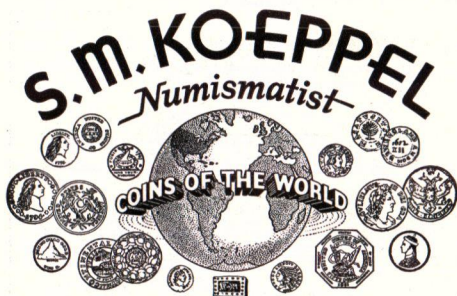
1793—Chain, Ameri. Crosby 1-A. Very good; rough spot before face. All letters and date fine. Cheap at	\$10.00
1793—Chain, Ameri. Crosby 1-A. Dark, evenly worn, well centered, all lettering, obverse and reverse, sharp. Date good	20.00
1793—Chain, America. Crosby 1-C. Sharp coin, slight surface corrosion. A bargain at	15.00
1793—Chain, America. Crosby 2-C. Very good and bold	20.00
1793—Chain, America. Crosby 3-C. Obverse very good, "Liberty" and date sharp. Reverse fine. A real nice cent	30.00
1793—Chain, America. Crosby 4-C. Very good, evenly worn cent	20.00
1793—Wreath. Crosby 7-F. Very good	12.50
1793—Wreath. Crosby 7-F. About fine	18.00
1793—Wreath. Crosby 7-F. Very fair. Good date and very cheap at	6.00
1793—Lettered edge. Crosby 11-J. Sharp, strictly very good	18.00
1793—Crosby 9-H. Sharp struck, well centered coin	15.00
1793—Liberty cap. Crosby 13-L. Very rare, broken die variety with break running from E of "Liberty" to 3 of date. Strictly good for this coin, which is usually found poor	40.00
1793—Liberty cap. Crosby 18-L. An evenly worn dark and nice appearing cent. All lettering and date sharp	25.00

As I have but one of each of above Cents, first check gets them. Returnable if in any way not up to your expectations for immediate cash refund.

I respectfully solicit the want lists of serious collectors. Let me have a list of coins you want and condition desired and am sure I can fill some of your wants.

WILLIAM RABIN

905 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa.



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Catherine I, 1725-27, Fine	\$3.50
Anna, 1730-40, V. G. \$2.00; Fine ..	3.00
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Catherine II, 1762-96, V. G. \$1.25; Fine	2.00
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Alexander I, 1801-25, Fine	1.25
Nicholas I, 1825-55, Fine	1.25
Alexander II, 1855-81, Fine	1.25
Alexander III, 1881-96, Fine	1.25
Nicholas II, 1896-1918, V. G. 75c; Fine	1.00
U. S. S. R. 1921-25, Fine	2.00

UNITED STATES \$1.00 SPECIALS Good condition unless otherwise stated

3 Diff. Flying Eagle Cents (1857-58LL-58SL)	
6 Diff. dates copper nickel cents (1859-64)	
20 Diff. uncirculated Lincoln Cents	
3 Different dates of Half Cents	

1913-P-D&S, Type I Buff. Nickels (set of 3)	
1913-D & S, Type 2 Buff. Nickels (2 coins)	
1914-P, D&S, Type 2 Buff Nickels (set of 3)	
10 Dates of Buff. Nickels (1915-38) (any date or mint mark)	
1938, '39, '40, P, D & S Jefferson Nickels, Uncirculated (set of 9 coins)	
Half Dollar, before 1820	
10 Different Civil War Cents	
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3 Diff. pieces of Fractional Currency (Different Values)	

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20 Diff. Small Silver coins	
8 Diff. 20c and 25c size Silver coins	
4 Diff. 40c and 60c size Silver coins	
2 Diff. Foreign Dollars	
England: 5 different 6 pences 1727-60 Shilling & 6 pence	
Half Crown, before 1760, very good	
Edw. 8th, compl. set of 7 coins, Unc.	
China: B. C. 300 Forkshaped Pu	
1934 Dollar with Junk	
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5 Diff. Roman Bronze coins, good	

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LOS ANGELES ★ CALIF.**

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HALF DIMES.

	Gd.	Fine
1829	\$.20	\$.40
1830	.20	—
1831	—	.30
1834	.15	.30
1835	.15	.35
1836	—	.30
1837	.20	—
1838	.15	—
1841-O	.35	—
1848-O	.50	—
1848	.25	—
1849	.15	.30
1850-O	.45	.90
1850	.15	—
1851-O	.25	—
1852	.30	.75
1853	.40	—
1853-O	.15	.30
1854	.15	.30
1855	.15	.30
1855-O	.60	—
1856-O	.60	1.00
1858-O	.15	.30
1859-O	.15	.30
1860	.15	.25
1861	.15	.25
1862	.15	.30
1872	.15	.30

NICKELS.

	Gd.	Fine
1866	\$.30	\$.65
1867	.30	.60
1868	.30	.60
1869	.30	.60
1872	.30	.65
1876	.45	—
1882	.15	.30
1883	.10	.20
1887	.25	—
1889	.40	—
1890	.40	—
1891	.35	—
1892	.35	—
1893	.40	—
1895	.25	.35
1896	.20	—
1897	.25	—
1898	.25	—
1899	.20	—
1900	.20	—
1901	.20	—
1902	.20	—
1903	.20	—
1904	.20	—
1905	.20	—
1906	.20	—
1907	.20	.40
1908	.20	.40

NICKELS.

	Gd.	Fine
1909	\$.20	\$.40
1910	.20	.40
1911	.20	.40
1912	.20	.40
1912-S	2.00	—
1912-D	1.50	4.00
1913	—	.30
1913-S	—	1.50
1913-D	—	.75
1914	—	.50
1914-S	.85	—
1914-D	.85	—
1915	—	.75
1915-S	.75	—
1915-D	—	1.75
1916	.15	.30
1916-S	.40	—
1916-D	.40	—
1917	.20	.40
1917-D	.75	—
1918	—	1.00
1918-S	.90	1.50
1918-D	—	2.25
1919	.20	.40
1919-S	.75	1.50
1919-D	1.00	—
1921	—	.65
1921-S	—	2.50

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1940-S Mint Unc. Dimes, 10 for	1.50
1940-S Mint Unc. Quarters, 10 for	3.50
1940-S Mint Unc. Half Dollars, 10 for	6.00
1937-S Mint Unc. Lincoln Cents, 100 for	2.00
1937-S Mint Unc. Buffalo Nickels, 40 for	2.75
1938-S Mint Unc. Lincoln Cents, 100 for	1.75
1938-S Mint Unc. Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.75
1938-S Mint Unc. Quarters, 10 for	4.00
1939-S Mint Unc. Lincoln Cents, 100 for	1.50
1939-S Mint Unc. Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.50
1939-S Mint Unc. Dimes, 10 for	1.75
1939-S Mint Unc. Quarters, 10 for	3.75
1926-S Mint Unc. Silver Dollars, each	1.50

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1936 Brill. proof set	\$15.00
1937 Brill. proof set	7.50
1938 Brill. proof set	4.50
1939 Brill. proof set	4.00
1940 Brill. proof set	3.50
1941 Brill. proof set	2.25
Just watch these sets go. Better buy now.	

1938 Ark. PDS set, Unc.	\$ 8.00
1939 Ark. PDS set, Unc.	20.00
1921 Missouri 2x4 Unc.	19.00
1925 Vancouver, Unc.	5.10

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1915 Pan.-Pac., \$1.00, Unc.	3.73
1922 Grant Star, \$1.00, Unc.	5.10
1922 Grant, no Star, \$1.00, Unc.	7.95
1916 McKinley \$1.00, Unc.	3.94
1905 Lewis & Clark \$1.00, Unc.	12.00
1904 Lewis & Clark \$1.00, Unc.	12.00
1903 Jefferson \$1.00, Unc.	4.43

Only two of each, so hurry.

1805 Dime, Fine, only	\$10.00
1824 Dime, V. Good, overdate, only	1.00
1923-S Quarter, Br. Unc., \$11.00, "Special."	

Set Wash. Quarters, Br. Unc. 1930 to 1939, per set, \$15.00. **Watch these Quarters.**

VERY SPECIAL.

1915 Pan.-Pac., Round \$50., Unc.	\$315.00
1915 Pan.-Pac., Oct. \$50., Unc.	\$250.00

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30 each of 1937 Brill. Proof Nickels, Dimes and Quarters "at once."

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The coins listed in this advertisement are all very good buys. Satisfaction is guaranteed or your money will be refunded. All coins advertised subject to prior sale.

	P	O	S	D
1892	.50	.75	1.50	—
1893	.50	.95	1.25	—
1894	.50	1.25	1.50	—
1895	.50	1.25	.95	—
1896	.50	1.75	3.50	—
1897	.50	.95	1.75	—
1898	.50	.95	.95	—
1899	.50	.75	1.75	—
1900	.50	.50	.95	—
1901	.50	2.00	10.00	—
1902	.50	.50	.95	—
1903	.50	.75	.95	—
1904	.50	.75	—	—
1905	.50	.75	.95	—
1906	.50	.50	—	.75
1907	.50	.95	.95	.75
1908	.50	.50	1.50	.50
1909	.50	1.25	.95	.50
1910	.50	—	—	1.00
1911	.50	—	1.25	1.25
1912	.50	—	1.75	—
1913	1.50	—	4.75	.75
1914	.50	—	2.00	.75
1915	.50	—	1.25	.75

STANDING LIBERTY QUARTERS

1916	14.00	—	—
1917 Ty. 1	.50	2.00	2.00
1917 Ty. 2	.75	2.50	2.50
1918	.75	2.00	2.00
1919	2.00	6.00	2.00
1920	1.25	4.00	4.00
1921	4.50	—	—
1923	1.50	3.00	—
1924	.95	2.75	.75
1925	.75	—	—
1926	.75	1.00	.75
1927	.75	1.75	1.00

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1941

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1818 Very Good	\$1.00
1828 Very Fine	3.50
1842 O mint, large date. V. Fine	1.00
1854 Fine	.50
1856-O Very Fine	.80
1877-CC About Unc.	1.00
1892 Ext. Fine	1.00
1893 Isabella, Unc.	2.00
1915 Unc.	1.75
1916 D Mint, old type	1.75
1917 Type I, Unc., Bright	1.50
1920 Unc.	3.50
1926 Abt. Unc.	1.25
1930 Abt. Unc.	1.00
1932 Unc.	.50
1934 Unc.	.50
1935 Unc.	.50
1937 PDS, the 3 pieces, Unc.	1.20
1939 Unc., Bright	.40

TWENTY CENTS.

1875 Dull Proof	3.50
1875-S Average V. G., 7 Pcs. Lot	3.00

NICKELS.

1866 Ext. Fine	1.00
1867 No rays, Ext. Fine	.40
1868 V. Fine	.40
1869 V. Good	.40
1870 Very Good, stained	.50
1883 No "Cents", Ext. Fine	.20
1890 Unc. Bright	.75
1899 Unc. Bright	.75
1900 Unc. Bright	.75
1913 Type I, Unc.	.25
1915 Unc.	1.25
1935 Unc.	.20
1936 Unc., S Mint	.25
1937-PDS, Unc., the 3 pcs.	1.00

DIMES.

1835 Ext. Fine	1.00
1854 Fine	.30
1855 Very Fine	.45
1862 Unc., some proof surface	2.00
1889 Unc. Bright	.50
1890 Unc. Bright	.50
1899 Unc. Bright	.65
1905 Very Fine	.35
1905-O Mint, Very Fine	.50
1925 Unc.	1.00
1937-PDS, Unc., the 3 pcs.	.75

DOLLARS.

1881-S Mint, Unc.	3.00
1883 Unc.	1.50
1904 Unc., Scarce	2.50
1921 Peace, Ext. Fine	1.50
1922 Unc.	1.50
1927 Unc.	1.50
1928 Unc.	1.75
1934 Unc.	1.50
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1878-S Mint, Trade Dol., Unc.	3.00
1883-1933 Colorado Com., "One ounce pure silver"	3.00

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1940 PDS	1938 PDS	1936 PDS

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1934 D	1928 PDS	1924 PS
1932 D	1927 PDS	1920 P
1930 D	1926 PD	1919 P
1929 PDS	1925 PDS	1918 PDS

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1936 Bridgeport in original boxes, each, Unc.	1.40
1937 Texas set, Unc.	3.25
1937 Oregon, Unc.	1.15
1936 Elgin, Unc.	1.00
1936 Albany, Unc.	1.25
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1936 Arkansas, Robinson	1.10

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1838	Unc. 1.00. V. Gd.	.25
1838-O	Gd.	2.50
1839	Unc. 1.00. V. Fn.	.50
1839-O	X Fn.	1.15
1840 No Drp.	Unc. 1.15. X Fn.	.75
1840 No Drp.	Gd.	.25
1840-O No Drp.	V. Fn. 1.00. Fair ..	.25
1841	Unc. 1.25. V. Gd.	.50
1841	Gd. .25. Fair	.10
1841-O	Gd. .25. Poor	.10
1842	Unc. 1.25. Fine..	.75
1842	V. Gd.	.25
1843	Unc. 1.25. X. Fn.	1.00
1843	Fn. .50. V. Gd.	.25
1844	Unc. 3.00. Fine..	.75
1844	Gd.	.20
1844 Re. Eng. Dt.	Unc. 2.00. V. Fn.	1.15
1844 Re. Eng. Dt.	Gd.	.25
1844-O	Gd.	1.00
1845	Unc. 1.25. X. Fn.	1.00
1845	V. Gd.	.25
1845 Re. Eng. Dt.	V. Fn. 2.00. Fine ..	1.25
1845 Re. Eng. Dt.	V. Gd.	.50
1846	V. Gd.	6.00
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1848 Sm. Dt.	Unc. 1.25. X. Fn.	1.00
1848 Sm. Dt.	V. Gd.	.50

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1909 V. D. B. .10	1921-S 3.75
1909 Plain 2.20	1922-D 1.20
1909-S V. D. B. 2.75	192330
1909-S Plain. 2.50	192440
191025	1924-S 3.75
1910-S50	1924-D 6.50
191125	192530
1911-S 2.50	1925-S 3.50
1911-D 1.25	1925-D 1.50
191230	192650
1912-S 2.90	1926-S 5.00
1912-D 3.00	1926-D 1.40
191345	192725
1913-S 3.75	1927-S 1.90
1913-D 3.00	1927-D 1.45
1914 1.50	192825
1914-S 4.00	1928-S 1.50
1914-D 6.50	1928-D 1.30
1915 2.00	192910
1915-S 2.00	1929-S25
1915-D 1.00	1929-D70
191635	193010
1916-S 1.35	1930-S15
1916-D 1.20	1930-D40
191730	193145
1917-S 1.35	1931-S40
1917-D90	1931-D 1.40
191835	193225
1918-S 1.80	1932-D35
1918-D 1.80	193340
191925	1933-D15
1919-S 1.20	1934 to '40 ea. .05
1919-D 1.20	1934 to '40-S, ea.10
192030	1934 to '40-D, ea.10
1920-S 1.30	
1920-D 1.30	
192145	

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\$20	1931 Uncirculated	77.50
\$10	1914 Sand Blast Proof	28.50
\$5	Very fine, lustrous	77.50
\$5	Superb! Uncirculated	117.50
\$5	1803 over 2, V. Fine	15.00
\$5	1885 E. Fine, Proof surface	10.00
\$3	1880 Brilliant Proof	18.00
\$3	1860 "S", V. Fine	7.75
\$2½	1896, 1897, 1898, Unc.	5.25
\$2½	1900, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905-7, Brilliant Proofs	7.50
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1914-S, fine, 25c. Good, 10c.

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1923-S, v. fine, 35c. Fine, 15c. 5 for 55c.

1924-S, fine, 25c. Good, 10c.

1924-D, v. fine, 35c. Fine, 15c. Good, 10c.

1925-S, v. fine, 25c. Fine, 15c. 5 for 55c.

1925-D, fine, v. scarce, 25c. Abt. fine, 15c.

1926-S, v. fine, rare, \$1.25. Fine, 40c. Good, 15c.

1926-D, v. fine, 15c. Fine, 10c.

1927-S, ex. fine, 75c. V. fine, 35c. Fine, 15c. 5 for 55c.

1928-S or D, v. fine, each 15c.

1929-S or D, 1930-P or S, Unc., each 35c.

1931-S, Unc., 25c. Ex. fine, 15c. 5 for 55c.

1934-P or D, 1935-P, S, D, Unc., each 25c.

1936-37-P, S, D, 1938-D Buffalos last year. 1939-1938-P, S, D, 1940, 1941-D, Jefferson, Unc., each 10c.

1927-D, v. fine, 25c. Fine, 15c. 5 for 55c.

1882 Unc. to brilliant with Proof surface, 65c.

1883 Last year Shield type, Unc., v. br., 55c.

U. S. Cents—1910, -P Mint, Unc. br. red, 20c.

1920-25 Unc. br. red, each 20c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollars—1834-35 and 1837, Ex. fine, each \$1.00. Fine, 65c.

1838 Last year bust type. Fine, 75c.

1853 Arrows, Ex. fine, 75c. Fine, 50c.

1854 V. fine, 50c.

U. S. Dimes—1856, small date. About Unc., 55c. Fine, 30c. Good, 20c.

1857 v. fine, 40c. Fine, 30c. V. good, 25c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollar—1932-S, first year with Head of Washington, abt. Unc., sharp, 65c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{2}$ Cents, 1800, fine, \$1.50. V. good, \$1.00.

U. S. $\frac{1}{2}$ Dimes, 1831-1832, abt. Unc., each 40c. 1832 Fine, 30c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollar, 1928-D Unc., \$1.65. 1934-D Unc., 85c.

U. S. 3c. Silver—1852, about Unc., 45c. 1853 Unc., \$1.00. Abt. Unc., 45c.

1854 Abt. Unc., v. scarce, \$1.25.

1861 Unc., 60c.

U. S. Large Cents, 1838 Fine, sharp, 20c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{2}$ Cents, 1851 Abt. Unc., 45c.

1854 Unc., traces of red, \$1.10. About Unc., 50c.

1855 Unc. red, v. scarce, \$1.35. Abt. Unc., sharp, 50c.

1857 Last year, Unc. part red, v. scarce, \$1.50. Ex. fine, 85c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollars, 1941-D, 10 for \$5.50. (Postage extra).

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1938	Boone, PSD.
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1926-S	Brill. Unc. Peace Dollar		1.65
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1883 nickels, v. f., 10c. ea.
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Quarters and \$½; also Commem. \$½.
1891 \$1 Treasury note, f. \$1.75.
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An Illustrated Monthly For Those Interested in Coins,
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VOL. LIV.

JULY, 1941.

No. 7.

Copper Coins Of Sweden

By **O. P. EKLUND**
Spokane, Wash.

(Continued from last month.)

Adolph Frederich, 1751-1771.

Coins Struck at Avesta.

"Silver Money."

66. 1 ore, S. M. 1751-68. Obv., AF in monogram, crowned, three small crowns around. Rev., crossed arrows divide the value, crown above, and date below.

(Coined 1751, '58, '59, '60, '61, '63, '68).



No. 66.

67. 2 ore S. M. 1751-68. Obv., a lion in crowned shield, A. F.—S. G.—V.—R. and three crowns surrounding. Rev., similar to last.
(Coined 1751, '55 (rare), '56 to '68 inclusive).

Variations: The 1 ore, 1760, has either a large or small crown on reverse; 2 ore, 1755, is with and without period after date; 2 ore, 1764, has a rare variety with a period before the "V", instead of after, on obverse.

"Copper Money."

68. 1 ore K. M. 1768. Obv., three crowns, A. F. R. S. above, date below.
Rev., crossed arrows in crowned shield; at sides, the value.

Variations: Broad or tall narrow shield, and with or without period in the upper angle of the arrows.



No. 67.



No. 68.

Gustav III, 1771-1792.

Coins Struck at Avesta.

"Copper Money."

69. 1 ore K. M. 1772, '78. Obv., three crowns; above, G. R. S.; below, the date. Rev., crossed arrows in crowned shield, the value at sides.
70. 1 ore K. M. 1772. Same, but larger and thicker planchet. Of double weight very rare; quadruple weight extremely rare. The so-called boy penny or "pojkk oret."



No. 69.



No. 70.

"Silver Money."

71. 1 ore S. M. 1778. Obv., crowned G inclosing III, three small crowns surrounding. Rev., crossed arrows divide the value, a crown above and the date below.

(On some specimens the crown is resting on the G, but most of the coins show a space between the crown and the letter).

72. 2 ore S. M. 1777. Obv., a lion rampant before three streams in crowned shield. G. III—S. G.—V.—R. and three crowns surrounding. Rev., similar to last. Two varieties; with large or small date. Very scarce in fine state of preservation.



No. 72.

Russian five kopecks struck in 1778 at Avesta for use on the Russian frontier during the war with that country, 1778-90.

73. 5 Kopecks (1778). Obv., the monogram of Catherine II divides the date. Rev., the Russian imperial eagle, value in Russian. Of same type as the Russian coins, with exception of the crowns, which are royal, i.e. with five arches, instead of imperial. Dated 1764 (very rare), 1778 (extremely rare), and 1787 (rare).



No. 73.

Gustav IV Adolph, 1792-1809.



No. 76.

Coins Struck at Avesta and Stockholm.

- The ore denomination changed into skillings; one half skilling=one ore.
74. 1/12 skilling, 1802-08. Obv., G A IV in monogram, crowned, two

small crowns at sides and another below. Rev., crossed arrows, value and date.

(Coined in 1802, '03, '05, '08).

75. $\frac{1}{4}$ skilling, 1802-08. Similar.

(Coined 1802, '03, '05, '06, '07, '08).

76. $\frac{1}{2}$ skilling, 1802-09. Similar.

(Coined 1802, '03, '04 (rare), '05, '07, '09).

77. 1 skilling, 1802-05. Similar.

(Coined in 1802, '03, '05).

Most of the half skillings dated 1802, '03 and '05, and all of the one skillings were struck in Stockholm over old coins.

Tokens Issued by the National Bank.

78. $\frac{1}{4}$ skilling, 1799-1800. Obv., R. ST. R. GS. ("RIKENS STANDERS RIGSGALDS") CONTORS POLETT. (Official token). In the center, three crowns on a globe. Rev., value and date.



No. 79.

79. $\frac{1}{2}$ skilling, 1799-1802. Similar.

Charles XIII, 1809-1818.

Coins Struck at Avesta.



No. 80.

80. $\frac{1}{12}$ skilling, 1812. Obv., crowned C inclosing XIII, the king's motto: FOLKETS VAL MIN HOGSTA LAG ("The people's welfare my highest law") around. Rev., value, date, and three crowns.



No. 82.

81. $\frac{1}{4}$ skilling, 1817. Obv., two C's linked and crowned inclosing XIII; three small crowns and inscription as last. Rev., two crossed arrows, value and date.
82. $\frac{1}{2}$ skilling, 1815-'17. Similar.

83. 1 skilling, 1812-'17. Similar.
(Coined 1812, '14, '15, '16, '17).

Charles XIV John, 1818-1844.

Coins Struck at Avesta.

84. 1/12 skilling, 1825. Obv., crowned C inclosing XIV; the king's motto: FOLKETS KARLEK MIN BELONING ("The people's love my reward") surrounding. Rev., value, date and three crowns.



No. 85.

85. 1/6 skilling, 1830-31. Similar.
86. 1/4 skilling, 1819-28. Obv., similar but with three crowns in the field.
Rev., crossed arrows, value and date.
(Coined 1819, '20, '21, '24, '25, '27, '28, '29, '30).



No. 87.

87. 1/2 skilling, 1819-30. Similar.
(Coined 1819, '20, '21, '22, '24, '25 (rare), '27, '28, '29, '30).
88. 1/2 skilling, 1822. Similar, but with the L and the S in the obverse legend retrograde. Rare.
89. 1/2 skilling, 1827. Similar to next to preceding, but without the hyphen between SKILLING. Scarce.
90. 1 skilling 1819-30. Similar, but with hyphen.
(Coined 1819, '20, '21, '22, '25, '27, '28, '29, '30). The 1 skillings dated 1819 have the edge milled in squares, other dates have oblique milling.



No. 91.

New Coinage. Struck at Stockholm.

91. 1/6 skilling, 1832. Obv., CARL XIV SVERIGES NORR. G. O. V. KONUNG ("Swedens, Norways, Gothes and Vendes King"). Undraped bust to right. Rev., value, date and three crowns.
92. 1/6 skilling, 1832. Similar, but draped bust.
93. 1/4 skilling, 1832-33. Similar to last with two crossed palm branches above the date.
94. 1/2 skilling, 1832. Similar.
95. 1 skilling, 1832. Similar.

**No. 95.**

"Banco" coinage. One-third skilling = one ore.

96. 1/6 skilling banco, 1835-44. Obv., same as the first coinage. Rev., value, crossed arrows and date within a wreath of oak.

(Coined 1835, '36, '38, '39, '40, '43, '44 (last date rare and the only denomination coined that year).

97. 1/3 skilling banco, 1835-43. Similar.

(Coined 1835, '36, '37, '39, '40, '41 (rare), '42, '43). The first date has a double wreath on reverse, the other dates single, same as next.

**No. 98.**

98. 2/3 skilling banco, 1835-43. Similar.

(Coined 1835, '36, '37, '39, '40, '42, '43).

99. 1 skilling banco, 1835-43. Similar.

(Coined 1835, '36, '37, '38, '39, '40, '42, '43). All with single wreath.

100. 1 skilling banco, 1835. Similar, but with double wreath. Rare.

101. 2 skilling banco, 1835-43. Similar.

(Coined 1835, '36, '37, '39, '40, '41, '42, '43). All with single wreath.

**No. 101.**

102. 2 skilling banco, 1836. Similar, but double wreath. Rare.

(To be continued.)

The United States Mint at Philadelphia coined on account for the Cuban, Honduran and Dominican Republic governments in 1939.

Roman coins bearing the portrait of Domitia, the wife of the last of the Twelve Caesars, Domitian, are extremely rare.

Paper Money Vs. The Other Kind

By D. C. WISMER
Hatfield, Pa.

(A paper read at a recent meeting of the Philadelphia Coin Club.)

At the present time money is made of bronze, nickel, silver and paper, mostly paper in the United States. Less than twenty years ago gold was also used as money and a great many of the citizens of the United States considered it as the only real money, whereas bronze, nickel, silver and paper were considered as substitutes. So if Rip Van Winkle would have awakened now from his twenty years' sleep and offered a \$10 note—five inches wide and nearly a foot long in a restaurant for a hearty meal, it would be refused. Also, if he offered a \$10 gold piece they would think him foolish and perhaps look around to see if anyone was looking and then give the change.

However, the numismatist likes nice new money of all varieties to keep and forms a collection to suit his particular fancy. He may devote his time and researches to the collecting of the different dates and varieties of cents coined and issued in the United States. Should he start forming such a collection at present and make all his requirements fine or better, he will soon find that it will take considerable money and quite some time before he can even obtain half of them for his collection. In a recent publication I saw the statement that a person making a collection by using coins found in circulation was not a numismatist. Why not? He is commencing in an extensive undertaking if he follows it up continually and then adds by purchases of items that are not in circulation. He should be respected and assisted in his efforts whenever he requires it.

Medals have always been considered as items to be collected, and medal collectors were always considered as numismatists. That is proper because medals are coined from the same materials as coins, and to those who choose to collect them and to study them it becomes an absorbing study. In addition, a fine collection can be formed with small expense as most of them may be obtained at small cost or outlay.

Coins were developed during the early stages of human trade, when all metals were scarce and difficult to obtain. Gold was for many centuries the metal most desired as a means for purchasing the things wanted because it retained its beauty and color, also was difficult to procure, and to the person with wealth it is the most desirable money to collect. However, the only place to preserve a collection of modern and ancient gold is in a burglar-proof safe or in your safety deposit box in a bank.

Our money at the present time consists of metals in the form of bronze cents, nickel 5-cent pieces, silver 10-cent, 25-cent and 50-cent pieces. All of these are only token money, their value being established by law, the metal content being of no importance; also paper money in denominations of—\$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000 and \$10,000. And of the last mentioned \$10,000 notes, I actually held \$1,000,000 worth of that currency in my hands for a few seconds by courtesy of the attendant of the vault. The \$2 notes are still in circulation, but are more of a nuisance than of value, the other denominations serving all requirements and are convenient.

The silver dollar is no longer wanted in trade. Its metal value is less than half of its legal-tender value, which is still enforced; so if you owe a man \$10,000 or more and you hire a truck to deliver it to him, he has to take the payment of the debt in silver dollars, and if he refuses he has no longer the right to sue for its payment. So the silver dollar, the dollar of our daddies, is no longer needed or wanted and should be demonetized, together with the gold coins, and gold alone used as a standard of value, which should be made available at a price established by Congress in dollars an ounce.

Paper money is the money of civilization, and has been developed in the last few hundred years. Our present paper money consists of legal-tender notes, silver certificates and Federal Reserve notes.

The legal-tender notes were introduced in 1862. Before that time there was not a legal paper dollar in the United States. Before 1862 and until July 2, 1866, the bank notes issued by the State chartered banks were the current paper money with which most of the business was transacted in the United States. The State bank notes were current money by sufferance and had no legal standing. That is, you did not have to take these bank notes in payment for a debt or anything else.

I am exhibiting four specimens of merchants' money, a kind of money that passed and was current locally. This kind of currency may properly be called necessity money, as its issue was caused by the disappearance of coins as change, on account of what was denominated the stopping of specie payments, causing the coins to bring a premium in the current bank notes, and the banks refusing to pay their notes in coins. Then the merchants were under the necessity of issuing fractional parts of a dollar in these paper promises-to-pay in many denominations. The following denominations have been noted and are in collections: 1c., 2c., 3c., 4c., 5c., 6c., 6¼c., 7c., 8c., 9c., 10c., 12c., 12½c., 15c., 18¾c., 20c., 24c., 25c., 30c., 35c., 37½c., 40c., 48c., 50c., 60c., 75c. and 87½c. This particular kind of paper money was issued during the following periods in the United States:

(1) 1814 to 1816—During the war with England. The banks at that time also issued fractional notes. After that time no banks except a few privately organized banks issued notes in fractional parts of a dollar, as all States had passed laws prohibiting their chartered banks from issuing notes for less amount than one dollar.

(2) 1837 to 1840—At this time all the banks, with a few exceptions, refused to redeem their issues in coins, which was called the Hard Times, when the Hard Times Tokens were also used as change in cent denominations. These Hard Times were caused by the closing of the Bank of the United States, which had been chartered by Congress. Congress passed an act to renew the charter, but President Jackson vetoed the bill destroying that thirty-five-million-dollar bank, although during its entire twenty years' existence it supplied the best paper money in use. Every note issued by this bank and presented for payment after the closing of the bank was paid in full. The State-chartered banks were the principal opponents of the Bank of the United States, because it made most of the State-chartered banks keep their issues within reasonable amounts. So after the demise of the Bank of the United States came the troop of Western and other wild-cat banks, the District of Columbia supplying a very large quota of these banks.

The First Bank of the United States was chartered in 1791 for a period of twenty years. Its charter expired in 1811, and through the efforts of the State-chartered Banks Congress failed to renew the charter, so the bank was honorably closed having provided itself with \$5,000,000 in coins for the redemption of its outstanding bank notes. Funds were kept on hand for the redemption of any notes that might turn up for over twenty years. As late as 1829, the records show, the commissioners redeemed a note. This bank issued no note for less than \$10 as current money, and I am of the opinion that there is not a single genuine note issued by this bank in existence. There are still a few counterfeits in collections, but most of them have also been destroyed as worthless after it closed its doors.

(3) 1861 to 1864—When the suspension of specie payments occurred for the third time, and when an unknown variety of merchants' necessity notes were issued. The specimens shown are of this period, all of the 25-cent denomination. Two of the notes were issued by a group of merchants located at and around Ninth and Spring Garden streets. This was near the terminal of the North Pennsylvania Railroad and the Norristown branch of the Reading Railroad Company at Ninth and Green streets, a prominent business section sixty years ago. One note was issued by Edward Friel, at the northwest corner of Ninth and Spring Garden streets, being note No. 39, issued and signed July 16, 1862. The other note was issued by J. M. Ellis & Son, at the southeast corner of Ninth and Spring Garden Streets, note No. 98, issued 7 month 16, 1862 (evidently a Quaker). Both notes and all of the notes issued by any of this group of merchants were redeemed at any of the stores in the Association containing six members or stores. Another note was issued by E. S. Kerkeslager at 128 Walnut St., Philadelphia,

note No. 11, dated Nov. 29, 1862. And another note was issued at Rough and Ready, still a postoffice in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, by D. S. Herb, being note No. 64, printed date, December 29, 1862.

(4) The fourth and last issue was caused by the Roosevelt bank holiday in 1933, mostly by corporations which found themselves without ready money because the banks were closed. However, this was of short duration. A set of 3-cent notes of this issue is also exhibited, issued by the Gorton-Pew Fisheries Co., Ltd., dated March 10, 1933, in denominations of 25c., 50c. and \$1.00. Void unless exchanged within 60 days. Location: Gloucester, Massachusetts.

The Louis D'Or

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Probably most Americans who read Dumas' immortal "Three Musketeers" and its sequels have no clear idea of the coins in question when the great novelist writes of "pistoles" and "louis d'or." And though the "louis d'or" was coined for only about a century and a half, it has left, thanks to a fortunate combination of circumstances, a lasting mark in history.

At the time of the setting of the "Three Musketeers" (the siege of La Rochelle in 1627, in the reign of Louis XIII), the "louis d'or" did not exist. The French currency, gold and silver alike, was in a state of disorder, not having been effectively standardized after the civil wars of a generation or more earlier.

At that time the gold and silver of the Americas was flowing into Spain in a steady stream, and in an equally steady stream was flowing out again to the Lowlands (then partly Spanish) and other countries. The dominant Spanish gold piece of the period (and Spanish coins, gold and silver alike, dominated Europe) was called the "pistole", a coin name which has never been explained to the satisfaction of numismatists. The "pistole", which was then circulating very widely in France, is mentioned constantly in the "Three Musketeers." It was a broad gold piece, 22 carats of .916 fine, weighing about 6.70 grams, and was rated at 10 "livres tournois."⁽¹⁾ Its gold content was about 7 per cent. less than that of our recent \$5 gold piece.

Therefore, when a great French currency reform came in 1640 under Louis XIII, what was more natural than to take the ubiquitous pistole as the standard for the new French gold unit.⁽²⁾ From then on "pistoles" were restruck into French gold coins in great volume. The new piece was given a ribbed edge to expose clipping, which in those days was practiced to an unbelievable extent even by the "best people." Halves and doubles of the piece were struck.⁽³⁾

Louis XIII died in 1643, leaving his young son, Louis XIV, aged 5 years, under a regency during which the coinage continued on the same standard, with the gold unit still generally called "pistole" and rated, as before, at 10 "livres tournois." With the majority of Louis XIV and his ascendancy in Europe as "le roi soleil," we came to the creation of the coin name "louis d'or."

Both Louis XIV and his father, Louis XIII, had married Spanish princesses, Spain had been the source of much of the specie circulating in France, things Spanish were the "mode" in France—witness the frequency of the word "pistole" in Moliere's plays—but there came a turning point. The dies for the French gold of both Louis XIII and Louis XIV were cut by Jean

(1) The "livre tournois" was the old French monetary unit. Never a coin but always a money of account, its value was very nearly but not quite equal to the franc, which superseded it in 1795.

(2) Actually the French gold ran nearer .900 fine than .916.

(3) Under Louis XIII four- and ten-louis pieces were struck, but as medallions rather than coins.

Varin (Warin), one of the greatest medalists of the time, the pieces were outstandingly handsome, the coinage was abundant, the weight at the time was constant, and, above all, the preeminence of Louis XIV in Europe was undisputed. Thus the French gold piece bearing the effigy of the world's mightiest monarch received quite naturally the name "Louis d'or." And just as most of the German princes of the time emulated the grandeur of Versailles in their way of living, so they did with their coinages, and over the next hundred years there came into being a series of "pistole" sized pieces known variously as the "Friedrich d'or," "August d'or," "George d'or," and so on.



As the reign of Louis XIV drew to a close, France—suffering from the almost constant wars of that monarch—came to be in a really desperate financial condition, which continued throughout the earlier years of Louis XV, the period of Law's Mississippi Bubble. The financial legerdmain of the early eighteenth century was appalling and extremely complicated; so much so that a leading French numismatist wrote recently; "I have read various descriptions of these proceedings; none have made them really clear to me." Briefly, the operations seem to have been a progressive re-rating, sometimes re-stamping, and, in the case of gold, several changes in weight and fineness. This, in view of the fact that none of the gold or silver pieces bore stamped values,⁽⁴⁾ permitted that "louis d'or" to be raised from its original rating of 10 livres in 1640 to 12½ in 1689, to 14 in 1693, to 15 in 1704, to 20 in 1709, to 30 in 1716, and even to 36 in 1718. Finally, aided by an appreciable reduction in weight, it stabilized at 24 livres, where it remained until the French Revolution brought in the new decimal system based on the franc. The changes in creditor-debtor relations in this transition were tremendous.

Stimulating these gyrations was the changing ratio of gold to silver—for France was on a bimetallic system in those days—shown by the fact that while the gold "louis" rose from 10 to 24 livres, the silver crown, or "ecu," only doubled in value. These values prevailed for several generations, the coins continuing to bear the same old Latin inscriptions without stamped values until the volcanic Revolution created in 1795 a new coinage with the franc as the unit. The decimal system, based on the metric system, was adopted; French instead of Latin legends were used; each piece stamped with its value; and, thanks to improvements in coining, the coins were more finely executed and more uniform in appearance. The result?—another great coinage under Napoleon I with the 20-franc piece, or "napoleon," emerging as the outstanding French gold coin, which, in its turn, through the nineteenth century set the standard for many other European gold coinages. Now, alas, owing to the upset world conditions, both the napoleon and the more famous "louis d'or" are merely collectors' pieces.

SHEPARD POND.

⁽⁴⁾ We who nowadays are so accustomed to see a value stamped on all our coins must remember that this is a comparatively recent practice. Witness the English sovereign and crown as survivors of the old custom.

The earliest American bank notes were printed on plain paper, without the protective use of watermarks or silk threads. The legal-tender notes of 1869, however, had the silk fibers at the left and right ends respectively.

Transportation Tokens Of Los Angeles

Their Pioneer Background

By A. C. ZAKOR, Los Angeles, Cal.

Los Angeles was founded September 4, 1781, but not until 1873 was there a need for some sort of public conveyance. The population then was about 7,000. This was the year the first public transportation service was started in Los Angeles and consisted of a horse-drawn omnibus line, named the "Carryall." The line ran from Temple and Main streets down Main to Washington street. A few months later a competitive line was established over the same route. However, the opposition line retired under the Sheriff's hammer as a result of financial troubles a few months later.

In 1868 David V. Waldron and family moved to Los Angeles from Virginia City, Nev. They purchased 35 acres of land on the southwest corner of Washington and Main Sts. and proceeded to develop the tract with an orange orchard. In 1870 Mr. Waldron opened a saloon and beer garden at this corner, naming it "Washington Gardens." Mr. Waldron then made the first effort to furnish street-railway transportation in Los Angeles, applying for a franchise July 2, 1873, which was approved by the City Council a few days later. The fare was to be ten cents the first two years for any distance under two miles, and after two years the fare to be fixed by the Mayor and Council. The line was to replace the Carryall, covering the same route down to Mr. Waldron's beer garden. They formed a corporation in April, 1874, naming six directors. Capital stock, \$30,000.00, to be divided into 600 shares of \$50 each. Interest soon died and the franchise was allowed to lapse.

Spring and Sixth Street Railroad Token—In December, 1873, Judge Robert M. Widney, an attorney, secured a franchise to construct and operate a single-track street railway, using horses as motive power. The line was to run from Temple and Spring streets over Spring, First, Fort (Broadway), Fourth, Hill, Sixth to Pearl street (Figueroa), with the right to extend the line north to Main and Alameda streets in the event the Waldron franchise was allowed to lapse, which occurred.

This line, known as the "Spring and West Sixth Street Railroad," started operation July 1, 1874, and had the honor of being the first street railway in Los Angeles. The equipment consisted of one horse-car and two horses. Another car had to be ordered and was put in service December 1. The fare was ten cents straight, or four tokens for twenty-five cents. Small change was scarce those days, and these street-car tokens soon dropped into general circulation and were received at their face value at any business counter in the city.

Despite the fact that hundreds of these tokens were in general circulation, there are at present only four or five known to be in the hands of various collectors and are considered rare.

Description of token: Brass, 23mm., solid. Obverse inscription, "Spring & Sixth St. R. R. Co. 20 Tickets 1.00 Single Fare 10c 4 Tickets 25c" Reverse blank.

Several years later, when Judge Widney was asked what was the source of inspiration which prompted building the Spring and Sixth St. Railroad, he said it came from his wife. They lived on Spring, near First street. He promised his wife if she would consent to the building of a home there he would construct a street-car line past the house. In order to do this it was necessary to turn off Broadway at Fourth and south on Hill to Sixth, instead of going down Broadway to Sixth and then on Sixth to Figueroa street.

Main Street and Agricultural Park Railway Token—After the Spring and Sixth Street Railroad was built the news of great profits was broadcast in the community. This stimulated Mr. Waldron and others to renewed action and they again applied for a franchise, which they secured on Septem-

ber 28, 1874. The route of this line was similar to Waldron's first attempt. In addition, it was to be extended beyond his beer garden over Washington to Figueroa, down Figueroa street to the Southern District Agricultural Association, in Agricultural Park, now known as Exposition Park (Los Angeles Coliseum).

Operation of the line started July 1, 1875, and was known as the Main Street and Agricultural Park Railway.

Hellman, Temple & Co. ran a general store and had the only large safe in town. They stored so much gold for the pioneers that they decided to organize a bank in 1871 and called it the "Farmers and Merchants National Bank." It acted as treasurer of the Main Street Line shortly after the line's inception, and today is Los Angeles' oldest banking firm.

The fare was ten cents. According to Harry Leland, of Los Angeles, former A. N. A. member, tokens were sold at three for twenty-five cents. He states that they were used for a short time in the latter part of 1876, and for some unknown reason the company discontinued the tokens, replacing them with green paper tickets. Leland also states that he obtained one of the tokens as late as 1913 when he bought a small collection of assorted coins from a lady in Los Angeles. He sold it, along with a small lot of other tokens, to an unknown collector in 1919. He tells about another one a friend of his possessed which was presented to a former curator of the Southwest Museum in Los Angeles. However, it has been difficult to locate one of these tokens or obtain authentic information regarding them, and any additional data would be appreciated.

Description of token: Brass, 23mm., solid. Obverse inscription, "Main Street & Agricultural Park Railroad Co." Horse car and horse. Reverse, "Good for 1 Ride."

The builders of the early street railway lines, while not very profitable to the promoters, proved a decided benefit to the community. One item in the Express of January 22, 1877 says: "Both sides of the street through which the road runs are lined with houses, and at every point where the road leaves the street, there the buildings seem to have stopped abruptly, or else followed the track on a new street."

It is said the horse cars for the Main Street Line were made in San Francisco, and favorable comment was made in a news item: "The cars were of very fine workmanship and are provided with patent money boxes, which permit every passenger to pay his fare without the assistance of the conductor or driver."

Los Angeles Railway Corporation Token—At the turn of the century the growth and development of Los Angeles was greatly influenced by the faith and vision of Henry Edwards Huntington. After proving his business ability to his Uncle Collis, his uncle made him superintendent of a sawmill in West Virginia. Huntington was soon owner of the mill, and from that time on continued his relentless accumulation of wealth. After gaining considerable experience on his uncle's railroads, he became president of the Market Street Cable Railway in San Francisco. This convinced him of the future possibilities of electric traction, and after visiting Los Angeles in 1898 he proceeded to buy controlling interest in all the local transportation lines, both urban and interurban. In 1900 his Uncle Collis died, leaving him several million dollars, the executorship of his estate, and the opportunity to become the leader of the Southern Pacific Lines; but he preferred to develop the possibilities of electric traction in Southern California and sold his interests to E. H. Harriman.

Through Huntington's effort the transportation system of Los Angeles and vicinity was, in anticipation of the future, expanded far beyond the needs of the times. In 1910 the miles of track operated per capita were nearly four times that of other major cities in the United States. This aided the development of suburban communities so extensively that Los Angeles soon became the largest city in area in the United States.

In November, 1910, it was decided to separate the urban from the interurban lines. All the urban lines were incorporated in the Los Angeles Railway Corporation, and the Pacific Electric Railway absorbed all the interurban lines. At this time Huntington gave control of the latter company to the Southern Pacific Company because he wanted to retire and devote more time to his hobby.

Huntington collected rare books and paintings; in fact during one period of six years he is said to have spent \$6,000,000 on rare books alone.

At his death in 1926, Huntington left to his memory the Huntington Hotel in Pasadena, Cal., the Huntington Art Gallery and Library in San Marino, Cal., and the Collis P. Huntington Memorial Hospital.

The Los Angeles Railway maintained a 5-cent fare until October, 1928, when tokens were again introduced in Los Angeles. The fare was then 7 cents, or four tokens for a quarter. The company selected as a fitting design for the new tokens, the Old Mission Bell, since Southern California is famous for its Old Missions. This bell symbol was stamped through the tokens. They were issued to the conductors wrapped in rolls of 40, just as they were received from the manufacturer. As they came back from circulation and passed through the routine check for defaced or mutilated coins it was discovered that there were some mis-strikes. These had no bell stamped through them and were solid, but otherwise normal. About five of these found their way to various collectors and are now rare in the original die.

Description of token: White metal, 16 ½ mm., solid. Obverse inscription, "Los Angeles Railway." Reverse, "Good For One Fare."

The Suez Tokens— An Unpublished Piece

By DAVID M. BULLOWA
New York City

There are probably few engineering feats in the world which are as amazing as the construction of the Suez Canal. Ancients as far back as Pliny and Aristotle foresaw the development, but were unable to supervise the construction.

In a more modern age, Louis XIV, and even later Napoleon, speculated upon the undertaking. In the middle nineteenth century a French society, Societe D'Etudes Pour Le Canal De Suez, was formed under the leadership of Prosper Enfantin. In 1854 Ferdinand de Lesseps came into the picture, having organized the Compagnie Universelle Du Canal Maritime De Suez. His company obtained a 99-year lease of the canal site, after which it would become the property of the Egyptian Government. Egypt was at that time under the rule of the Sultan of Turkey, and de Lesseps went to Constantinople to secure the necessary authority. The English Government did not wish to see a French company in control of the "life line" to the East, and caused considerable delay. It was not until 1866 that the Sultan's confirmation of the concession was finally obtained.

However, in 1858, the de Lesseps company was organized and commenced its stock flotation. The capital was 200 million francs, divided into 400,000 shares of 500 francs each. (500 francs then was the equivalent of \$100 U. S.) France and Turkey subscribed most heavily to the offer.

Work actually commenced in April, 1859, and one of the conditions of the concession was that native Egyptian labor should be employed. In fact, four-fifths of the employes had to be Egyptians. The Egyptian pasha undertook to supply laborers, and the canal company undertook to house and feed them and pay stipulated wages.

Although the terms of employment were an improvement over normal conditions and wages, the British Government did not look very favorably upon the forced labor system which was in effect.

After a series of difficulties regarding the labor matter, which almost brought the work to a standstill, arrangements were made to continue the work, but to discontinue the despised method of "forced labor" for the construction. The company, as a consequence, received certain concessions.

The labor question was vital, as the removal of so many people meant that mechanical devices could be installed, and the work more speedily done. Several contractors received specific sections. Ch. & A. Bazin was one, and

another was Borel, Lavalley et Compagnie. Each issued token currency on the franc system, and all are dated 1865.

The token of the Bazin firm is illustrated herewith, which is struck in silver. This firm also issued a 1-franc token of similar design in brass. The Borel, Lavalley Company tokens are issued in the 1-franc and 50-centime values in brass and show upon the obverse a sailing ship (instead of an antiquated galley as depicted on the Bazin issue), and read upon the obverse: "Travaux Du Canal De Suez" (Work of the Suez Canal). In exergue "Egypte." The reverse bears the firm's name, the value and date. The Bazin tokens bear the word "Subsistences" (Subsistence).



The canal was completed within a few years, and in 1869 was formally opened, when Empress Eugenie of France (wife of Napoleon III) traversed its entire length.

The activity of the British was increased in the Suez Canal when in 1875 Lord Beaconsfield obtained for the English Crown the shares of the canal which had been held by the Khedive of Egypt.

Following his work at the Suez Canal, de Lesseps attempted to construct the Panama Canal, but the difficulties here were of such nature that the work had to be abandoned until the twentieth century, when the United States Government undertook the construction.

Tokens of the Suez in brass have been noted in the early issues of the Scott copper-nickel catalogues of both issuing companies previously mentioned. Specimens of the 5-franc value have not been noted, and it is believed that this specimen is published herewith for the first time.

"The Silver Badge of Courage"

(From the U. S. Army Recruiting News, May, 1941.)

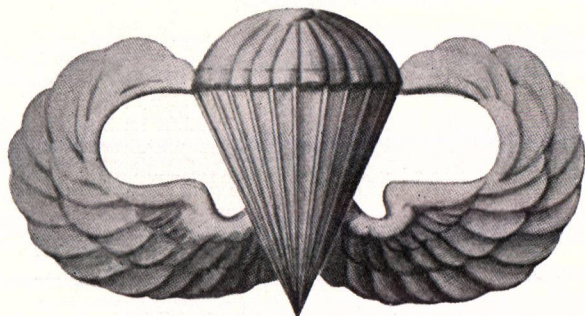
With the advent of new organizations of the expanded army there have appeared distinctive badges and insignia of styles hitherto unfamiliar to the service. One of the rarest of these is the qualification badge which distinguishes a new type of infantry soldier, "the parachutist." This coveted silver emblem can truly be called "the silver badge of courage," for it designates its wearer as a man who has voluntarily taken the risks of jumping to earth at varying heights from moving airplanes, not as a last resort expedient to save his life from threatened danger in the air, but as a matter of regular training for his hazardous duty. He is an aerial adventurer who has felt, perhaps enjoyed, the thrilling sensations of floating to earth, supported only by the resistance of the air against an oversized silk umbrella.

To earn the right to wear his qualification badge, the parachutist must have voluntarily and successfully made each of the required jumps of the present qualification course. These are one jump from 1500 feet, one from 1000 feet, two from 750 feet and two mass jumps against time, from 750 feet.

The parachutist thus qualified is privileged to wear his badge and retain his rating for a period of one year. He loses the privilege, however, if through transfer or otherwise, he is removed from a jumping status. Should a parachutist refuse to make any jump at any time, he forfeits the right to wear the badge.

The parachutist's badge, shown in the accompanying illustration, was designed by Captain William P. Yarborough, of the 501st Parachute Bat-

talion, Fort Benning, Georgia. It is made in two styles, one of silver, for wear with the service uniform, and the other of white embroidered silk for wear on the rayon jumping uniforms. Similar in intent to other heraldic devices, its composition and design describe symbolically, the origin, history and duties of the parachutist. The wings, in their raised position supporting the parachute, symbolize the transportation of the parachutist in air by wings of others. The passive uptilted position of the wings also conveys the idea, not of flight, but of gliding or floating to the parachutist's objective. The inflated parachute in the descending position portrays the actual instrument by which he travels to earth.



Parachutist's Qualification Badge.

(Badge is half size of illustration.)

Captain Yarborough's design for the parachutist's badge was approved by the War Department, March 10, 1941.

A badge similar to that now in use, but with golden wings, is under consideration for designating a senior parachutist upon the authorization of that rating for a soldier with fifty or more successful jumps to his credit.

Presentation of the new parachutist's insignia to qualified officers and men of the 501st Parachute Battalion were made at a formal ceremony held recently at Fort Benning, Georgia, where the parachute units are stationed.

Captain Yarborough, the designer of the badge, is a native of the State of Washington. He first entered the military service as a private of Headquarters and Headquarters Company, First Tank Regiment. After a year he was enrolled as a cadet at the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y. He was graduated, with the degree of bachelor of science, on June 12, 1936, and commissioned a second lieutenant of infantry. He has served with that arm in the Philippine Islands, at Fort Jackson, S. C., and Fort Benning, Ga. While serving at Fort Benning, he was detailed with the 501st Parachute Battalion upon the activation of that unit. He was promoted to first lieutenant June 12, 1939, and to captain in 1940.

NATIONAL BANK NOTES HAVE GEOGRAPHICAL LETTERS

It is not generally known to many collectors of paper money what the letters mean which appear upon some of the national bank notes issued in the first quarter of the twentieth century.

The following letters appear: N, E, S, M, W, P, representing the geographical location of the issuing bank, as follows: N (New England), E (East), S (Southern), M (Middle), W (Western) and P (Pacific).

The purpose of the letters was to aid in rapid classification of the notes in the Bureau of Redemption without necessity of having to read the State names.

A giraffe appeared upon the coinage of the Romans when a special medallion commemorating the wedding of Marcus Aurelius and Faustina was struck.

The Flowery Order Of The Pegnitz And Its Medals

By HERBERT J. ERLANGER
New York City

(A paper read before the New York Numismatic Club.)

The subject of tonight's paper is not a numismatic one properly speaking. It is rather one of those curiosities which a historical minded coin and particularly medal collector comes across occasionally, and which to my way of thinking are one of the greatest charms afforded us by numismatics.

Everyone knows about the French Academy, which was founded in 1634 by Richelieu with the avowed purpose of purifying the French language. This august body of Forty Immortals was not the only French literary society at the time, although, due to the protection of Richelieu, it was the only one that gained an official status and has survived to this day, and as the fruit of its work has produced the famous Dictionary of the French language which was started only four years after the foundation of the society itself.

The French Academy was not an original idea. It was modeled after the "Academia de la Crusca," or "Chaff Academy," of Florence. This unusual name was derived from the idea that the academy was supposed to separate the flour of the Italian language from the chaff of impurity. The symbol of the academy, consequently, was a mill, and the symbolism was further expressed in the meetings of the academy itself, where a kneading-trough served as a table and flour baskets as seats.

The French Academy without all that symbolism has quietly gone after its work of setting definite rules for the French language.

Language purification at the time was in the air. As a result of the Renaissance and the Humanistic movement all continental languages had become heavily intermixed with Latin, and the reaction was not surprising. What happened in Italy and France happened in Germany, too, and already before the outbreak of the Thirty Years' War, during which the foreign mercenaries that flooded the country filled the language, too, with innumerable foreign words, the Fruitbearing Society, or "Order of the Palm" (Fruchtbringende Gesellschaft oder Palmenorden), was founded in 1617 by a number of noblemen and scholars. Its symbol was the cocoanut palm. This tree in those times served as a symbol for something everlasting because of its leaves, which stay green all year round, and also at the same time for something that bears fruit on account of the cocoanut that grows on it. The symbol, in effect, was used widely for the Word of God, that is, the Bible or the Protestant religion as established by Luther, and I have here two coins, a ducat and a half taler commemorating the 200th anniversary of the Reformation showing a cocoanut palm with the chronogrammatic inscription: "FOLIUM EIUS NEC DEFLUET (1717)" or "Its foliage will not disappear."

The Fruitbearing Society was a highly poetical institution. Each member had to select a flower or fruit for his symbol and also had to adopt a poetical name for use inside the Society. Frederick Wilhelm of Brandenburg, also known as the "Great Elector," for instance, was called "The Unimpeachable," whereas Duke John George of Anhalt had the lovely name "The Fine Smelling," and Duke Louis of Anhalt-Coethen "The Nourishing." Among those members of the order who were scholars rather than princes there was a certain Georg Philipp Harsdoerffer, a Nuremberg patrician. His poetic name was "The Playful." He was responsible for the "Flowery Order of the Pegnitz" (Pegnesischer Blumenorden), which he founded on October 16, 1644, after his return to his home town. The Pegnitz is a small river that flows through Nuremberg and is seen on all of its coins that show a city view. In the meantime several other similar orders had been founded all over Germany, such as the "Upright Fir Order" at Strass-

burg, which at that time still was an Imperial Free Town and formed part of the Holy Roman Empire. The most amazing one of these societies was the "Germanistically Inclined Society" or "Teutschgesinnte Genossenschaft," founded in 1643 at Hamburg by a certain Philip von Zeesen. This man had the theory that German was the original language of the universe and that all other languages were a perversion thereof. He therefore proceeded not only to cleanse the German language from any word that was not of strictly Germanic etymology, but even started to germanize all other languages, particularly the names in the Roman and Greek mythology. He soon found a competitor in Hamburg, where this enemy, a pastor by the name of John Rist, founded another order and called it the "Order of the Swans of the Elbe," an order of which Lessing about 100 years later said that it consisted mostly not of swans but of geese.

But all these societies did not live longer than the eighteenth century, whereas the "Flowery Order of the Pegnitz," also known as "Pegnitz Shepherds," has continued to exist to this very day. It was modeled largely on the Fruitbearing Society. Each member had to select a flower as his symbol and to adopt some poetical name, and the meetings of the society were held in a little park called the Poets' Park. The members disguised themselves as shepherds and, of course, there were sheep around, too.

The Pegnitz Shepherds did not share the extremes of language purification as practiced by their Hamburg brethren. But if Harsdoerffer, their chief, and his principal collaborators, Claj and Betulius (who, oh horror! had even latinized his name "Birke" i.e., birch) did not share the abstruse ideas of Zeesen, had no less strange conceptions of poetry. He held that it could be taught and learned like any other craft. So he published a book entitled "A Poetic Funnel wherewith to infuse within six hours the Art of German Rhyme and Poetry without use of the Latin language." Part of this strange poetry course in six easy lessons was the instruction to say for "blood" "wet gold of life," for spring "father of flowers," "driver of clouds" or "bringer of joys," for wine "victor over mourning," "bringer of sleep" or "juice of poets." By so doing, Harsdoerffer pointed out, a person was certain to be recognized as a poet.



Medal on Acceptance of Frederick I of Gotha Into the Flowery Order of the Pegnitz.

(Illustration is slightly reduced.)

There are not many medals of this society, and, unfortunately, due to the fact that it was founded in the middle of the worst time of the Thirty Years' War, there does not seem to be any medal commemorating its foundation. There is, however, a fairly early medal commemorating the entry of Duke Frederick I. of Saxony-Gotha into the Order. He reigned from 1680-1695, so that the medal can certainly not be of a later date than 1695. I have it here with me and it is a rather large silver specimen. It shows on the obverse the duke nailing his shield with his monogram to a tree in the Poets' Park of the Society. All the paraphernalia of shepherd poetry are

visible. On the reverse there is an inscription in Latin, namely, "For everlasting memory."

The coin was designed by I. G. Schomberg and its connection with the Flowery Order of the Pegnitz was established by Schwabacher in his catalogue of the Voit von Salzburg collection.

In 1744, when the society had existed for a century, a medal was issued showing on the obverse the Poet's Park with the City of Nuremberg in the background, and on the reverse a wreath of flowers. The flower in the middle on the top is the symbol of the Society itself, whereas the other flowers are the symbols of the members which were then living. The inscription commemorates the one hundredth anniversary of the foundation of the society.



Medal of the Jubilee of the Flowery Order of the Pegnitz.

The medal was designed and cut by Peter Paul Werner, at least, so Imhoff tells us. He also says that the initials P. P. W. appear on the medal, but in reality they don't. But, inasmuch as Werner at the time designed a great number of Nuremberg medals, it is quite likely that he has designed this one, too.

In 1844 the two hundredth anniversary was celebrated by another medal struck both in silver and bronze. It was designed and cut by the famous Bavarian medalist, A. L. Dallinger. It shows on the obverse a very good portrait of Georg Philipp Harsdoerffer, strangely enough wearing around his neck the insignia of the Fruitbearing Society—that is, a medal with a palm tree on it. The inscription celebrates him as the founder of the Flowery Order of the Pegnitz.



Medal for the Anniversary of the Flowery Order of the Pegnitz.

On the reverse there is a thick flower wreath containing no doubt the symbols of all members living at the time, and there are superimposed on the wreath of flowers, on top the three shields of the City of Nuremberg,

and at the bottom the flower symbol of the order itself. And in the center there is an inscription celebrating the two hundredth anniversary.

As said before, the order still exists, although it certainly does not serve any practical purpose any more.

The Story Behind The Token

**Angels Flight Railway Co.
Los Angeles, Cal.**

**By B. MORGENTHAU
New York City**

This incline cable railway, built in 1901, is still in successful operation on Third street, Los Angeles, between Hill and Olive streets, a distance of one block. It is claimed by the company to be the shortest and most profitable railroad in the world. It hauls an average of 4,000 passengers a day at a cost of one cent per ten passengers. Fare is 5 cents the round trip, or a book of 50 tickets for 50 cents. At no time in its history has the company used other than paper tickets.



However, in 1932, for some reason never made clear, permission was given a certain Mr. X to have dies made and to have struck 200 metal tokens, 50 brass, 50 bronze, 50 solid and 50 perforated aluminum (all reverses are blank), X to take over the entire 200 at an agreed price plus cost of dies, dies to become the property of the company. The dies are still in the possession of the company.

None of the tokens have ever been used as fares, none ever presented for redemption. And with the passing of the year 1932, their face value became nil. Today not even the angels themselves can place the collector value upon these obviously speculative items.

CANADIAN BANK NOTE COLLECTORS.

The great dearth of written material about Dominion of Canada bank notes leads us to inquire whether any collectors have ever attempted cataloging their collections so that future paper money students may have some idea of the information now available and unwritten which may otherwise become lost.

As an example, we might cite the fairly common notes of the 1911 issue. How many collectors who own these notes can identify the portraits of the lady and gentlemen shown? Needless to state, upon some of the early Dominion notes the reigning sovereign was not always shown, and the personages depicted are less famous people, usually the Governor-General and his wife.

The series of Canadian bank notes has been quite neglected, and is well worthy of some consideration. The notes have interesting vignettes, for example, the popular \$4 note showing the American locks at the Soo, or the \$1 note of Newfoundland, issued in 1920, (and now very difficult to obtain). Newfoundland also issued fractional notes of 50 and 25 cents, the same size as our old size \$1 notes.

The ibis, as the sacred bird of Egypt, appears on the coins of Hadrian, having the legend AEGYPTOS. It also appears on the coinages of some of the later rulers.

The Silver And Copper Coinage Of Pre-Moghul India

By C. L. SCHANZLIN
Upland, Ind.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

A silver coin of about 170 to 180 grains had existed in India under various names long before Sher Shah had begun to coin silver rupees. The Turkish Delhi Emperor Altamish (1210-1235) introduced a silver coin of 165 grains, following in its broad flat shape most likely Central Asia patterns. It was a tankah, and tankahs remained the principal type of silver in the kingdom of Delhi and North India up to the time of Moghuls. Alau-d-Din, of the Khalji dynasty (1295-1315), struck that type of tankahs in gold, a piece weighing 170 grains, a close copy of his silver tankah.

The Delhi kingdom, however, had not achieved at that time a satisfactory system of fractional currency. As had been the case in other parts of India during previous periods, many attempts were made to use billon, an amalgam of silver with copper, for that purpose. The pieces of fractional currency were named gani. The tankah was divided into 48 parts, and 2, 6, 8, 12 and 16 gani pieces were issued. It seems that no attempt was made to coin the fractional denominations out of the same material—silver—as the tankahs. This may have been due to an insufficient supply of silver. Whatever the reasons may have been, they were likely practical ones; billon coins were also used a good deal in Europe during the Middle Ages. In India the Moghuls very definitely abandoned the coining of billon, returning to pure copper for their lower values of coins. That during Moghul times larger amounts of both silver and copper were available than had been the case in previous centuries seems clear. How large a share, if any, the large supplies of the American continent had to do with this remarkable abundance of both metals in these later periods is a subject which probably still awaits investigation. It is at least reasonable to suppose that some of the American silver at least found its way, directly or indirectly, to India as early as the sixteenth century, as it has later on down to our time.

The accounts of the Muhammadan historians, dealing with the establishments of the kings of Delhi in the fourteenth century, show the tankah as the chief item of the legal currency of the realm and mention rather large amounts of these coins in circulation. How far the Delhi coins were accepted at face value beyond the boundaries of the shrinking territories of the later Tughlaq rulers, down to the beginning of the fifteenth century, is another question. The imperial sweep of Akbar's realm also in monetary matters had, of course, never been approached by any of his predecessors on the throne of Delhi. Nevertheless, the more outstanding sultans of both the so-called slave dynasty, as those of the house of the Khaljis, had at their disposal resources sufficient to enable them to indulge on a large scale in that ambition of rulers to provide proper mediums of exchange for their subjects, as well as to immortalize their names and deeds in beautiful coins. And well it is that they did. Where would the study of Indian history (as all other) be today had it not been for these almost infallible and incorruptible witnesses—the coins—dug out of their quiet resting place of centuries and milleniums.

Giving our attention now to the relative metal and face values of silver and copper coins in pre-Moghul India, the question arises whether copper during this period, as to its metal value, had any place in the fiscal and financial systems of this period. As I in a previous article (I. H. Q., 1933, Vol. IX, p. 157) have tried to show, copper in the original Moghul scheme of things probably did possess an appreciable inherent metal value in its place in the currency system, and perhaps only during the dissolution of the empire or, rather, during the beginning stages of its decay, sank down again to the position of a mere token, with no other inherent value than the stamped governmental credentials of the face of the coins. While the

metal value of copper, perhaps, has remained at a rate to silver in the proportion of 1 to 40 or 50, the economic conditions of the greater majority of India's population always seemed to require the convenient medium of exchange of a cheaper metal than silver. It is worthy of notice how the Indian copper (now bronze) pice piece, with the silver rupee, has become a standard coin in many countries outside of India, a testimony to the merits of these two types of coinage.

It would be interesting to know, where medieval India got its supplies of silver and of copper. In exchange for the great variety of its exported products, India has from the beginning of our era down to the time of the fall of the Western Roman Empire helped to drain the Western world of the greater part of the gold reserves which the Pax Romana had enabled the Western world to accumulate. This is probably part of the reason why South India for centuries had a better developed gold currency than any other part of India. Seeing that, due to political causes, the commercial relations between the South and the North were of a somewhat intermittent character during most of the centuries down to Aurangzeb's conquests in the Deccan and South India, it is at least likely that also a good part of the silver used in South India came there by sea rather than by land. As to Bengal and other parts of India north of the Vindhya, they have perhaps always been what they still are, great reservoirs for the accumulation of precious metals rather than countries producing such minerals. South India, of course, always had its gold mines, and also other parts of the country have produced some amount of gold, silver and copper, but it seems clear that for the bulk of silver and copper India has always been dependent on middle and northern Asia. The quest is one that falls into the borderland between the respective spheres of the numismatist and the student of commercial and economic history, belonging rightly perhaps to neither sphere. There can be no doubt however, that the great migration westward of the Turkish tribes in the tenth and eleventh centuries, followed by the conquests of the Mongols in the thirteenth, and the wars of Timur in the fourteenth century, for long periods of time deranged commerce in Asia, and must have seriously interfered with getting the precious metals necessary for the pursuits of civilized life.

The period covered by the Tughlaq emperors of upper India, from 1320 to about 1412, presents an epitome of the turbulent conditions so characteristic of the earliest Delhi empires. Much has been made of the attempted token currency of Mohammad III ibn Tughlaq, his plan of making brass (likely bronze, rather) tankahs do the work of silver tankahs. If that was really the sultan's intention, it all depended on the stability of his own government to make that plan succeed. His token tankahs have been compared with the paper money of Kublai Khan in China, as they might be compared with any modern legal tender paper money system, which are not necessarily backed by precious metal reserves, behind the circulating token, but by the whole credit, prestige and solvency of the Government which issues the tokens. I somewhat doubt the story that Mohammad redeemed the tokens, counterfeits and all, when the plan was shown to be a failure. Had Muhammad Tughlaq been better established in his kingdom than he seems to have been, the supposed mass counterfeitings could presumably have been prevented.

In order to understand the political fabric of the Hindu and Muhammadan medieval systems of state, it has now become almost essential to have at least a speaking acquaintance with the Kushana empire and its institutions. In many ways Kanishka is no unworthy, even if a distant, successor to great Asoka, great Buddhists both of them, nor is Kanishka an unworthy forerunner to the great Moghul Akbar, both barbarians as to race, but sons by adoption of great civilizations and founders of great systems of statecraft and statesmanship. The great ideal of a united India, with uniform laws, a uniform currency and a uniform type of culture, was handed down from Asoka to Kanishka, through the Hindu Guptas, through the Turkish and Afghan rulers of Delhi on to Sher Shah and Akbar. A splendid succession, even if some of these great rulers were not fully conscious of this fact and of their own great mission.

These are the facts which a careful study and comparison of coins bring out. Namely, that in the continuous history of any given country or empire there are no isolated facts, but a continuous chain of cause and effect,

of loaning and borrowing ideas and institutions from contemporary or historic sources. We have seen that the silver tankah was the prototype of the later silver rupee. Presumably, the idea of having a silver piece of that weight and fineness commended itself early to rulers and populations, and so the rupee finally became what it is today, one of the greatest standard coins of the world.

We have seen how one of the chief currency problems of the earlier Delhi rulers was the providing of smaller coins, a problem that can be studied in practically all earlier currencies anywhere in the world. The multiples of the even numeral two, that is, the four, eight, sixteen, thirty-two, sixty-four, and so on, were the first and earliest ones to suggest themselves not only in India but elsewhere in the world. The twenty, forty and eighty require the additional factor five; the twelve, twenty-four and so on, the factor three. Of all these combinations we have a super-abundance in the long history of Indian currency.

Akbar, always a few centuries ahead of his time, experimented with the decimal system on some of his coinage. I refer to the copper tankah of two dam, weighing 644 grains, of which fractional coins were made of one, two and four tankis, a tanki being the tenth part of a copper tankah. I do not know whether this system was based on some older Indian types or borrowed from Central Asia. In my previous paper it has been pointed out how the number five, especially in its double and quadruple, the ten, and the twenty, has played a large part both in weights and moneys of Moghul India.

The two, weights and moneys, are closely related. Also the old English silver penny for centuries was as much a weight as it was a coin (the clumsy bronze pennies of England were a late innovation). It is remarkable that the silver rupee has been the standard tola weight for long centuries, an additional proof of the excellency of the rupee system.

A word ought to be said about another interesting item in the history of coinage. It always attached itself to cities, rather than to commonwealths in the abstract. Beginning with the city republics of ancient Greece and Asia Minor down to very late times, the legends of coins, in the majority of cases, perhaps, name cities almost as much as rulers. There are today thousands of Roman coins preserved, designated as having been coined in the city of Treves, in Germany, once the capital of all Roman Gaul and Britain. The coins of the Plantagenets almost invariably bear on the reverse the legend LONDON CIVITAS (the city (state) of London), rather than the name of the country.

This same idea is also noticeable in the coins of the Muhammadan dynasties of India, both Moghuls and earlier ones. In both periods very much was made of the cities that possessed mints—a highly valued privilege. In fact, the titles given to such cities on the coinage are often even more fanciful and high-flown than the titles and honorific names of the rulers themselves. At what times did this custom originate in India, or, if borrowed, by what ways did it reach India? While large numbers of pre-historic coins bear hallmarks of their origin in certain cities (compare the famous Ujjain emblem), with the coming of organized monarchies, the capitals of such early states have not as a rule left their marks on pre-Moslem coins. India having gone her own way in her earlier coinage does not present many coins which were clearly city coins, as Europe does, except, perhaps, in the older and oldest coins with the mintmarks of early guilds of merchants, of the "negama" types.

Thus it happens that such cities as Taxila, Pataliputra, Prayag, Benares, centers of the political, social and religious life of the country for ages, are hardly, if ever, expressly mentioned on the coins, which, nevertheless, must have been coined within their walls in large numbers before the Muhammadan conquest. It is only with the rise of the Muhammadan states that the names of the mint cities appear unmistakably on the coins, and then only gradually, first in a very general way with such a legend as Biladu-l-Hind. (Coined in the cities of Hindustan.) As to dates, the billon coins of Alau-d-Din seem to be the first ones where the dates are expressly mentioned, and does not have to be inferred from other evidence.

What were the laws against counterfeiting and how were they enforced? "To counterfeit is death" is clearly printed on the first Colonial American currency notes. Perhaps somebody through the pages of the I. H. Q. will enlighten us on this subject in Indian numismatics.

Out of the welter of details and minutely specialized historic investigation of the antiquities of India, the land richest of all in historical material (no matter how safely buried under the accumulations of ages) there arises more and more the long-sought-for ideal of generations of investigators and students, a real history of India, and toward the fulfillment of that ideal numismatics has contributed a lion's share.

Hawaiian Pattern \$20 Gold Piece

By KENNETH W. LEE, Glendale, Cal.

(A paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

There has recently been purchased by a prominent Southern California collector a private pattern \$20 gold piece of Hawaii, dated 1893. Because this is such a little-known rarity and because we are so familiar with most of the other issues of Hawaii, I felt it might be worth while to bring this item to the attention of general collectors at this time, as this may be the first of such pieces to ever grace a collection in this country.

The \$20 gold piece mentioned is an issue of the last Queen of the Hawaiian Islands, Queen Liliuokalani. The coin bears on its obverse a bust to left of the Queen, with the inscription "Lilivocalania Dei Gratia." The reverse shows the arms, crossed sceptres with crown above, with the inscription "Hawaiarum Regina," and below the sceptres, "20 Dala, 1893."

According to the records given by Reginald Huth, for whom these were privately made, only three pieces were struck in gold. Mr. Huth, a London collector, had these made and they were issued for him by Messrs. Pinches & Co., London medalists of the time. The same person and firm struck the 1 dala silver pieces of the Queen in 1891. It is also interesting that this \$20 piece was proposed for 1893, as the Queen was dethroned on January 17 of that year. This might indicate that a regular issue was being considered, but the Queen's untimely end to the throne stopped any further consideration. In any case, the piece represents a portion of interesting history not otherwise covered by any regular issues.

Mr. Huth's extreme interest in coins prompted him to propose various artistic issues, but I am not aware that any were accepted or regularly issued. Certainly this piece far surpasses in artistic beauty, design and execution many of the regular issues of general late vintage. The piece has a brilliant proof field, with sand-blast relief, and is typically English and patterns much in execution after some of the proofs of Victoria. Certainly this piece is an outstanding addition to any collection and is so unusual and so little known or seen as to warrant general attention when it does appear, especially to be added to a collection in this country.

THE FRANKFURT DUCATS.

It is interesting to note, when comparing the various gold ducats of Frankfurt, that for many years these coins showed upon the obverse a city view, with the rays of the sun issuing from a triangle, representing divine guidance.

When the Napoleonic wars brought to Frankfurt the exaction of a tribute levy, the special issue of gold ducats which were prepared for this purpose showed a large cloud over the city, instead of the usual peaceful scene.

SAN FRANCISCO MINT TO CELEBRATE 89th ANNIVERSARY.

The San Francisco Mint will be 89 years old on July 3, 1941. The opening of the mint was authorized by Act of Congress on July 3, 1852. The need for a mint was felt very soon after the gold rush days of '49. One of the provisions of the authorizing act was to permit the mint to assay gold bullion brought in and cast same into bars or ingots at a nominal charge.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

NUMISMATIC BOOKS

A collector who attempts to form a collection without books is not unlike a workman attempting to perform his task without proper tools. The job can be done without proper tools; makeshift work is usually distinguishable. The same is true of a collection which can be formed without books. Guesswork, memory and chance do the work that might be done on a more sensible basis by fact, reference and foresight.

With reasonable exceptions, there are numismatic books covering the series which you collect. It is good advice for a young collector to start a young numismatic library to keep pace with him. There are many things not covered in numismatic books, but it is worth while to take advantage of the material which **IS** now available.

It is not necessary to buy books. Members of the American Numismatic Association have at their disposal a very fine library, covering all series, which is no farther than your doorstep. The postman will bring you books from the Association's free lending numismatic library, located in Burling-

ton, Iowa. There is no charge for borrowing books other than actual postage expended in forwarding them to you. You may keep the books two weeks. There is a Library List which was published early the present year. Periodic additions are published in *The Numismatist* from time to time. Collectors having duplicate volumes, for which they wish a permanent home, are assured that their gifts will be warmly received.

THE RIGHT TO COIN MONEY.

July is a significant numismatic month. It was on July 9, 1778, that one of the Articles of Confederation (Article 9) was endorsed as follows:

"The United States in Congress assembled shall have the sole and exclusive right and power of regulating the alloy and value of coin struck by their own authority, or by that of the respective states."

The Constitution of the United States later confirmed the authority to coin money (Art. I, Sec. 8, Par. 5), but it abrogated the right of the States to coin money (Art. I, Sec. 10, Par. 1). The entire history of our Federal coinage emanates from this provision in the Articles of Confederation. In roughly scanning this period of our national existence it is interesting to observe that our national Association has been in existence almost one third of the time.

As the time for the celebration of our Fiftieth Anniversary approaches, and the need for greater cooperation becomes obvious in order to ensure the success of the convention, it is hoped that all will assume their share of the responsibility by being willing to contribute their time to the various committees which must function throughout the convention.

Make every effort now to attend the convention from the 16th to the 21st of August, and when present do not fail to do your share, if called upon.

Bring an exhibit which will reveal some of your collecting interests, some of your prized rarities, and some of the pieces in your collection, which you have never exhibited before. (Be sure to write the Exhibit Committee, advising of the space you require, so that it may be reserved for you.) All exhibits will be fully insured, and there will be 24-hour police protection.

Don't deny yourself the fun and the benefit of an American Numismatic Association Convention. The Fiftieth Anniversary Convention is being planned to "go over the top." It will. Will you be there, too?

THE COINAGE OF CRETE

The island of Crete, which has recently figured so prominently in the news, issued coins as early as 500 B. C. Many of the cities, such as Chersonesus, Gortyna, Itanus, Lyttus, and Phaestus were of considerable commercial importance.

Each of the Cretan cities mentioned above struck distinctive coinages. In the later period, when the Romans conquered Crete, it was ruled by the legions as a province.

An independent coinage for Crete did not emerge again until the twentieth century, when Prince George of Greece, the High Commissioner in Crete, issued a series of denominations in silver, nickel and bronze, dated 1900 and 1901.

The silver coins show the head, right, of the High Commissioner who was appointed in 1896, and who continued to serve until 1906, with the signature of the artist, A. Borrel, below. The inscription and date completely surround the bust. The reverse of the silver 5, 2 and 1 drachma show the crowned arms of Greece, supported by two wild men upon a mantle, but on the 50 lepta silver the arms appear without embellishment. The silver coins are all dated 1901. The nickel coins, of 20, 10 and 5 lepta, show a crown upon the obverse, and a wreath surrounding the value upon the reverse. The bronze 2 lepta and 1 lepton are similar to the nickel coinage. All the coins bear the Greek inscription: CRETE GOVERNMENT, as well as the mintmark or symbols of the Paris Mint, where the issue was struck.

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., WANTS COMMEMORATIVE COIN

From information received through the courtesy of Vernon L. Brown, member of the A. N. A. Board of Governors, there is a proposal before Congress authorizing the coinage of commemorative 50-cent pieces to mark the anniversary of the founding of the city of St. Augustine (one of the oldest cities in North America), as well as to provide funds for the restoration of the historical portions of the city.

The proposal is in the form of a joint resolution and is No. 186. It was introduced by Representative Hendricks. The most important provisions in the resolution are, first, that an issue of not more than 2,000,000 coins is asked for, and that they may be issued until December 31, 1945, although all are to bear the date 1940; and, second, that the commission in charge of the distribution may dispose of them "at par or at a premium of not more than \$2 each in addition to their face value." The resolution also provides for competitive designs for the coins.

The text of the resolution follows:

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the coinage of 50-cent pieces in commemoration of the founding and in aid of the historical restoration of Saint Augustine, Florida, and for other purposes.

Whereas Saint Augustine, Florida, was founded in 1565, being the oldest permanent white settlement in the United States; and

Whereas the city of Saint Augustine in cooperation with a national committee, including representatives of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service, the Smithsonian Institution, and authorities of national reputation, is engaged in developing, preserving and restoring the historic sites and remains of the said city and its environs, including the historic and prehistoric records of said city; and

Whereas the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings, and Monuments has determined the national historical significance of Saint Augustine and its environs and has recommended to the Secretary of the Interior that national recognition be extended to that area under the provisions of the Act of August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 666): Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby established a Saint Augustine, Florida, Commemorative Coin Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "commission"), to be composed of three commissioners who shall be appointed, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, by the Saint Augustine Historical Preservation and Restoration Association, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Florida.

Sec. 2. There shall be coined at one mint only of the United States, to be designated by the Director of the Mint, not to exceed two million silver 50-cent pieces of standard size, weight, and composition, and of a special appropriate single design to be fixed as provided in section 3 of this Act, but the United States shall not be subject to the expense of making the necessary dies and other preparations for this coinage.

Sec. 3. Subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Section of Fine Arts of the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department is authorized to hold a public competition in the submission of designs for the coins herein authorized under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and to select an appropriate single design for such coins, the cost of such public competition and selection of the design to be borne by the Saint Augustine Historical Preservation and Restoration Association.

Sec. 4. The coins herein authorized shall bear the date 1940, irrespective of the year in which they are minted or issued, shall be legal tender in any payment to the amount of their face value, and shall be issued only upon the request of the commission, upon payment of the par value of such coins, but not less than twenty-five thousand such coins shall be issued to the commission at any one time and no such coins shall be issued after Decem-

ber 31, 1945. Subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, such coins may be disposed of by the commission at par or at a premium of not more than \$2 each in addition to their face value, and the net proceeds shall be paid by the commission, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to the Saint Augustine Historical Preservation and Restoration Association, to be used by it in defraying the expenses incidental and appropriate to the developing, preserving, and restoring of the city of Saint Augustine, Florida, the plans and designs for such work to be approved by the Carnegie Institution of Washington, the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service, and the City Commission of Saint Augustine, Florida.

Sec. 5. All laws now in force relating to the subsidiary silver coins of the United States and the coining or striking of the same; regulating and guarding the process of coinage; providing for the purchase of material and for the transportation, distribution, and redemption of coins; for the prevention of debasement or counterfeiting; for the security of the coins, or for any other purposes, whether such laws are penal or otherwise, shall, so far as applicable, apply to the coinage herein authorized.

VARIETY OF 1804 HALF EAGLES

A New York collector reports that he has obtained a specimen of an 1804 half eagle showing upon the obverse the numerals of the date recut. The 1 and the 8 are recut very small, and both figures show very clearly upon the coin. Inquiry among collectors has indicated that the recut date of this issue is not unusual.



What would be of interest is whether anyone can locate a specimen of the 1804 half eagle with a perfect date? Collectors having this half eagle date in their collections are asked to inspect them, and report their findings to the editor.

BOOK REVIEW.

Standard Ptolemaic Silver By Edward T. Newell, Coin Collectors' Series No. 7, W. Raymond, 1941, New York. 16pp. Illustrated.

This work of Mr. Newell, completed prior to his untimely passing this spring, deftly enumerates the fourteen Ptolemies and gives clues for the attribution of the coinage to each of the rulers. The coinage of this large series is complicated by many factors, but, as always, Mr. Newell's lucid presentation makes the series logical and interesting.

There are seventy coins illustrated on seven plates. There is an appendix clarifying the system of dating as it appears upon the coinage. A supplementary appendix reclassifies the coins shown upon the standard work of J. N. Svoronos, entitled "The Coins of the Ptolemies," as the research done by Mr. Newell indicated attribution changes were necessary among several rulers.

It is particularly gratifying to find that the seventh publication in this series has seven pages of real reading text. It is hoped that the future publications in the series will continue the standard set by this work, in presenting a complete type picture of the series, in addition to adequate numismatic written matter such as was given in the first, second and third publications of the series.

FIRST NEW ENGLAND NUMISMATIC CONFERENCE.

The Boston Numismatic Society, one of the oldest local numismatic groups in the country, was host to the first New England Numismatic Conference on Friday evening, May 23, 1941, at the Boston City Club, Boston, Mass. Shepard Pond, well-known numismatist, is president of the Boston Numismatic Society, and he served as toastmaster.

There were over 50 persons present for the dinner and a total of at least sixty people attended the meeting. Representatives of the leading New England numismatic organizations were present.

Mr. Pond spoke of the background of the meeting and how it had been considered for Providence last season, but failed to materialize. He then told of his efforts in contacting suitable organizations to support the conference. He read messages of well-wishing from many prominent numismatists, including L. W. Hoffecker, President of the A. N. A.; Farran Zerbe, ex-President and former owner of *The Numismatist*; S. P. Noe, Secretary-Curator of the American Numismatic Society; Carl Wurtzbach and T. James Clarke, to mention a few.

The first speaker of the evening was Vernon L. Brown, member of the Board of Governors of the A. N. A., who was designated by President Hoffecker as official representative to the conference.

Mr. Brown spoke on "The Chase National Bank Collection of Moneys of the World; Its History and Activities." In discussing the experiences which he had, Mr. Brown told many delightful stories, and had a mass of information at his disposal regarding outstanding specimens in the collection.

The second speaker of the evening was David M. Bullowa, assistant editor of *The Numismatist*, who spoke on "The Future of Numismatics and the Approach to the Younger Collectors." Mr. Bullowa outlined briefly the problems confronting numismatists today and told of the history of the Association as well as of the magazine. His plea was for cooperation in presenting the coin-collecting hobby to the newer collector by properly prepared literature on the subject.

Horace M. Grant, of Providence, was the third speaker, who spoke on "The Value of Numismatic Literature to Numismatists." Mr. Grant stated that local numismatic organizations are in danger of losing their libraries if they are not well provided for, and recommended that each local group place bound volumes of *The Numismatist* in the local library.

The final speaker on the program was Arthur S. Dewing, who spoke on the subject, "Experiences in Coin Hunting Around the Mediterranean." Mr. Dewing, who has travelled very widely, told of his success in purchasing coins from the local populace in areas where coins are often located in hoards. Mr. Dewing mentioned the great facility with which spurious coins are passed off on unsuspecting numismatists. He mentioned some of the fantastic prices which coin merchants in the Near East ask of Americans. His stories were intensely interesting, and it was indeed worth while to hear his impressions.

At the close of the talks President Pond asked for exhibits, which were then placed on a table for the members and guests to view.

All agreed that the meeting was a complete success and that the remarks tendered by the speakers were fine, as was the excellent dinner which had been served.

SAN FRANCISCO MINT STRIKES FIVE-CENT PIECES.

The first coinage of 1941 struck at the San Francisco Mint for the U. S. Government was an issue of \$222,000 worth of the nickel denomination. All operations of the San Francisco Mint up to this time have been confined to the striking of coins on order for foreign governments. During May, the San Francisco Mint struck a number of coins for the Netherland East Indies in the 10-cent silver value, and coinage for French Indo-China continued with the striking of the pure nickel 10 and 20 cent pieces, as previously noted.

The famous Glover collection of Oriental coins, which was formed in Hong-kong, China, is now in the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.

Articles For The Young Collector

AN INVITATION

(Editor's Note—In the May issue of *The Numismatist* an invitation was extended to its readers to submit short articles for our July issue on some phase of coin collecting that would be of special interest or benefit to the young collector. A list of suggested subjects was included. In response we have received the following:

I Choose Denmark

By EMILY LARSON BROOKES, Newark, N. J.

Like most beginners, when I first started to collect coins I thought it possible to cover the world. My ambition was to "travel" around the world by studying the history and coinage of each and every country whose coins I possessed. Where to start? Surely I should know the history of my ancestors' country first! That made it Denmark for me.

The strange part of studying coins is that you find you never can leave a subject you once start to study. You think you will scan it lightly and then go on to other fields. Instead, you find the slight knowledge you gain after a few months' study of a country's coinage, or of any series of coins, only whets your appetite for further knowledge. That one ever gets his first love out of his system is something I doubt, numismatically speaking. My "travels" took me to Denmark, and I find her fascinating enough to study for years. You may have the rest of the world through which to travel! I choose Denmark.

Denmark fascinating? That tiny dot on the map can hold years of numismatic study? I know how amused you must be. Were I to tell you of her ancient history, of how complex and diverse it is, you would realize size is of little importance in relation to interest. In order to know this tiny country one must read English, German, Swedish and Norwegian history as well as Danish history. Subsequently one might include the history of the West Indies, Ireland, India, Greenland and Iceland, too. In considering interesting personages, what country has a more colorful character to meet than Denmark's Christian IV? Here was a king with intellect, talent, courage and humor!

"We can't all love the same squaw," as the Indian said, however. You will doubtless choose another country's coinage to study or a certain series, perhaps, of United States coinage. Any of these will be equally absorbing if you study your coins with zest and enthusiasm and bring to them an inquiring mind. No matter what coinage you decide to study, you will find your life has been enriched by your numismatic studies. You will have opened a new world to your mind's eye.

Incidentally, one of the nicest by-products of studying numismatics is finding out how many kindly people there are in this world. You will meet many who will help you; who will be so kind as to go to considerable trouble in aiding you in your pursuits. Such unselfishness surely will restore your faith in human nature. You see numismatics gives a spiritual benefit, too, as well as mental stimulation!

Hunt until you find your "Denmark"—your interest which you find wholly absorbing. You will never regret having decided upon numismatics as your hobby. I know of no other hobby which offers such rich rewards.

Collect Tokens If Coins Fail To Satisfy

By EDGAR LEVY, Colorado Springs, Col.

The following thoughts came to me after reading the request for articles from collectors who have either just started or have been collecting for the

past two years. I am one of those mentioned, and perhaps some of my experiences will help one of the young collectors from expecting too much and, I hope, save them from too much disappointment, because while the hobby is fascinating there will be many discouragements. I have read many articles on "Tips to Collectors," and while they all run pretty much in the same strain about what to collect, few have tried to let out a word of warning to the collector just starting.

Many of the collectors just starting are evolving from either a "penny board" or the fact that some one gave them a few old coins lying around the house. Then the so-called "premium catalogues," and their promise of high prices paid for coins that the publishers thereof know are practically non-existent, arouse a certain type of accumulator into collecting for the profit end of it. Of these we can say nothing, inasmuch as they never become collectors. However, many of us have paid no heed to the warning "Collect only uncirculated or extra fine" coins, and in our haste to complete the sets we are working on we usually accumulate a lot of duplicates.

Later, when the sets are complete, will come the urge for perfection, and then is when the first disappointment will strike. What to do with the duplicates? Why, we will sell them to a dealer. And right there you will find that the coin you bought as being fine has suddenly changed to good. No matter how well you have kept it while in your possession, the condition has miraculously changed. Strangely enough, not for better. You will find the dates and mint marks that were described in the catalogue as being "scarce" or "rare" have suddenly become "very common" when you have a duplicate to dispose of. In this respect it would be a good idea to skip over the word "rare" whenever you see it mentioned.

Don't get the idea in your head that you must have a certain coin regardless. You've lived this long without it and the chances are that you will live just as long without it. And then, again, you will find that almost overnight the market is flooded with these "rarities." Above all else, don't rush to complete your sets; disregard the "once in a lifetime opportunity" advertised by some dealers; and unless you're a millionaire, watch inflated prices. Getting your coins all at once will destroy most of the thrill of the hunt. There will always be coins available. Collectors don't live forever and not all of them turn them over to a museum. As before mentioned, coin collecting is a fascinating hobby, but it also has its pitfalls.

However, when you have reached the stage wherein you are beginning to think that all dealers are "gyp artists", take it easy. You're only part right. There are many legitimate dealers, but why pay for something that you can get for nothing. Don't blame the dealers; you'd do the same thing. But when you reach this stage and feel like tackling something else, let me say a word for transportation tokens. If you want to really get a big kick out of collecting, try and form a collection of these different type tokens that were and still are used as a fare medium. Don't let anybody kid you about tokens not being a numismatic item, for they are, just as much as the fare tokens that most collectors have, but which they try to dignify by the appellation "store card." You will find just as many varieties among them as you will in any other series, just as many "rarities," and you will find good fellowship in just as great a quantity among token collectors as you will among coin collectors. I'll stick my neck out and say MORE.

You won't find the token field a wholly commercial one. At present there are no dealers. The traffic in tokens is carried on by enthusiasts, who will share equally your joy in locating a particularly "toughie." You won't find the profit motive uppermost in their mind when offering you a duplicate of their collection. Mostly its yours for the asking, and you will do the same. The dent in your pocketbook won't be as large, and you will get more kick out of it than you did with your coins. I promise that. You will get more fun out of trying to locate the city and company of origin out of transportation tokens than anything I know of. And you can show your tokens without fear of anyone breathing on them. They lend themselves to display lots better than any series of coins. They come in as many varieties of metals as coins. The variety of color in tokens will rival the rainbow. They are honies, if you really want to collect.

And here is a tip on how to begin a collection: Go to your local transportation company and buy the "alien" tokens that are very often dropped

into their fare boxes by visitors. They will sell them to you at their regular rate. If you don't get a kick out of the first few you obtain, don't go any further. You're not a collector. But if you do, and I am certain that you will, you will want a check list to enable you to properly identify them. Such a list is published, and a very good one it is too. A postal to any token collector will bring the address of the publisher. Each token is given an identifying code number, with the description, and all correspondence with token collectors is carried on in code. As new issues are brought out, a rubbing of it is usually made and this is forwarded to the publisher of the book. He then assigns it a number and the owners of each copy is notified to make the correction. Usually whenever a collector finds a new one, he immediately tries to get several, and these are sent to friends. You will find that sometimes a particularly tough one originated in your own home town. For some reason or another it is now scarce. You'll get a big kick out of trying to get it for your own collection and also for a good friend's collection. I could go on forever about the merits of this most fascinating hobby, but once you get into it you'll know better than all the words I can use what I mean. I will be glad to help anybody that writes to me, and you don't have to "enclose stamp for reply" unless you want to. I'll try and help you all I can and I hope you get as much enjoyment out of tokens as I have.

How I Became Interested In Coins.

By JOSEPH COFFIN, New York City

About the first question a non-collecting friend will ask is "Have you a large collection?" and the second most popular query is "How did you become interested in coins?"

Strange to say, at one time I was forced to stop and think before I could reply to the second question. After a few such inquiries, however, it was possible to say that my interest developed gradually and not through any sudden urge to collect.

Not everyone can become interested in coins. You either do or you don't. Some persons never read a book; others make reading their principal hobby. One person never walks a block he does not have to, while another finds great comfort in walking miles. Some love conversation, while others would rather listen while the other man talks. Then, again, puzzles intrigue one man and bore another. The same holds true with coins. Speaking of puzzles, it may be that the true coin collector is a lover of puzzles, of a sort. A simple coin may be puzzling and the facts about it are often not found in less than a dozen different places.

I became a collector the hard way. Not having any collecting friends I began by knowing nothing at all about coins. A few pocket pieces started me, and in the course of time, due to studying and thinking about them, I desired to know more about these and other coins. After a year or two, not any sooner, I found myself an active collector, which was probably the real beginning. Six months after the realization that collecting was my most fascinating interest it still seemed simple, but as time went on I found I knew less than when I started, until finally I determined to learn all I could about numismatics. It seemed easy at first, but the next two or three years convinced me that there never will be enough time to learn everything. After several years I find that a day never goes by that I do not learn something new to me about money of the past and present.

However, it is not so very important how you or I became interested in coins, but what little plan or set of plans we can form to get others interested. After all, the joys of collecting, as in most things of life, consist in giving. You will find true friends; I have never found a set of people more willing to impart helpful information than my coin-collecting friends.

Another thing you will find is the many avenues of knowledge that can be opened up for the man who looks for these things—in art, literature, history, general facts and information, and in so many other ways.

It is good to talk about coins to people who do not collect. True, according to the nature of the friend, some will listen and look at you with a blank stare; others will smile tolerantly as though to say "Crazy, but harmless.

I'll listen a while and then change the subject;" while still others may become insulting and wonder loudly how a grown man can waste his time that way (although their principal pastime may be reading the comic picture books). But occasionally you do find somebody who in time does take an interest in coins, either in a passive way or, more rarely, in a really fanatical style. Then you can have the satisfaction of knowing you have helped a little in creating a new collector who will in time thank you for introducing him to an enjoyable, instructive and, at times, amusing hobby.

Prices Realized at Mehl's Sale of June 3, 1941.

Following are the prices realized for some of the great rarities in the Wm. F. Dunham collection sold by B. Max Mehl, Fort Worth, Texas, on June 3, 1941:

1802 Half Dime	\$ 472.50
1804 Dime	67.50
1822 Dime	57.50
1859 Dime. Reverse of 1860	85.00
1796 Half Dollar	135.00
1794 Dollar	217.50
1802 Dollar. Re-strike Proof	127.50
1804 Dollar. A new record. Highest price ever realized for a U. S. silver coin	4,250.00
1838 Dollar. Milled edge	290.00
1838 Dollar. Plain edge	400.00
1884 Trade Dollar	315.00
1796 Half Cent	205.00
1852 Half Cent. Large berries	510.00
1864 Gold Dollar. Proof	62.50
1875 Gold Dollar. Proof	152.00
1875 \$3.00 Gold. Brilliant Proof	1,725.00
1879 \$4.00. Coiled Hair	475.00
1880 \$4.00	490.00
1819 \$5.00	1,460.00
1821 \$5.00	525.00
1822 \$5.00. Highest price ever realized for a U. S. gold coin . . .	11,575.00
1828 \$5.00. Perfect date	835.00
1829 \$5.00. Small date	1,545.00
1875 \$5.00. Brilliant proof	417.50
1887 \$5.00. Brilliant proof	200.00
1875 \$10.00. Brilliant proof	250.00
1863 \$20.00. Brilliant proof	250.00
1886 \$20.00. Brilliant proof	210.00
1855 \$50.00 Kellogg & Company	2,525.00
1855 \$10.00 W. M. & Co. Small Head	510.00
1861 Colorado \$20.00	272.50
1774 Virginia Shilling	787.50
Confederate \$1000.00 note, Montgomery	76.00
Confederate \$500.00 note, Montgomery	82.50

DIE VARIETIES OF LOW'S H. T. T. NO. 19.

Have collectors noticed the many minor varieties that occur in the common Hard Times token, Low No. 19? Some of the early impressions show the lettering, especially on the reverse, to be imperfectly or incompletely cut. The inscription was later strengthened, and the indentations were removed at the upper and lower extremities of the letters. Variations are also found in the reverse punctuation. The periods above and below the cinquefoils are sometimes very weak or completely lacking. One variety is punctuated with short dashes. The cinquefoils themselves are sometimes ill-formed, and first appear as five more or less separate pellets. Early impressions

show the jackass with a very thin tail and narrow jaw. These features were later made heavier. The hoofs and ears also show indications of having been retouched. The tufts of grass that extend above the ground level are in some specimens more pronounced than in others. This is especially noticeable under the forelegs of the jackass.

These varieties seem to be all produced from the same set of dies. It is believed that the dies, after being put into service, were improved on several occasions by being retouched by the engraver.

HOWARD H. KURTH, A. N. A. 3839.

Schenectady, N. Y., May 30, 1941.

SLOVAKIA ISSUES COINS.

Through the courtesy of the Chase National Bank Money Exhibit, Vernon L. Brown, member of the A. N. A. Board of Governors and curator of the collection, we are able to illustrate the new specimens, just obtained, of the Slovenska Republika. The denominations are 10 and 20 halerov. The obverse shows the value and a prominent castle or fortress, and the reverse shows the shield of Slovakia, with a wreath below. The 10 halerov is dated 1939, and the 20 halerov is dated 1940. Both specimens are struck in bronze.



The values are double the Czecho-Slovakian values. (The 20 halerov is the same size as the former Czecho-Slovakian 10 haleru.) This would tend to indicate that an inflation of 100 per cent. has already taken place. No translation of the coin has been furnished, as it has not been established whether or not such a Republic exists, the American Consular Service not recognizing the authority issuing the coins. The translation would appear to mean "Republic of Slovakia," but no evidence has been received indicating anything approaching a republican form of government.

NUMISMATIC LIBERALITY HAS INCREASED WITH TIME.

In an old numismatic book recently purchased a dealer's business card was noted which was so remarkable that it is given herewith:

DON'T THROW THIS AWAY.

But save it. Look over your silver and copper, and if you find any of the pieces named you will receive the following prices for them:

Silver Dollars, 1794, 1804, 1851, 1852, each \$1.50.

Half Dollars, 1794, 1796, 1797, 1804, 1815, each 75c.

Quarter Dollars, 1796, 1823, 1827, 50c.

(Dimes of all rare dates were listed at 20 cents, and half dimes, including 1802, at 10 cents each.)

Cent U. S., 1799, 50c.

Cent U. S., 1804, 25c.

And equally fair prices will be paid for silver, copper and lead medals, bad pennies, etc., by

AUG. B. SAGE, 121 Essex Street, N. Y.

Call me before 9 1/2 in the morning.

In 1854 the Province of Buenos Aires revolted from the Argentine Confederation. The Argentine Confederation struck a special bronze coinage of 1, 2, and 4 centavo values.

COINAGE FOR MAY, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during May, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

Silver—	Philadelphia	San Francisco	Denver
Half dollars	\$1,803,754.50		\$1,178,000.00
Quarter dollars	1,567,377.25		310,000.00
Dimes	1,174,180.90		
Five-cent nickels	873,390.00	\$222,000.00	360,000.00
One cent	576,878.00		106,000.00

Coinage executed for foreign Governments:

At Philadelphia Mint: Liberia—Nickel 2 cents, 312,500 pieces; nickel cent, 250,000 pieces; half cent, 250,000 pieces.

At San Francisco Mint: Indo-China—Nickel 20/100 piaster, 2,410,000 pieces; nickel 10/100 piaster, 6,530,000 pieces. Netherland East Indies—Silver 10 cents, 7,160,000 pieces.

CUMULATIVE MINT REPORT FOR THE FIRST FIVE MONTHS OF 1941.

The figures given are for the total number of pieces coined at the three mints:

Half Dollars	10,340,939
Quarters	19,799,339
Dimes	72,049,339
Nickels	93,319,600
Cents	265,369,800

Total coinage 460,879,017

THE SPELLING OF COINAGE DENOMINATIONS.

Uniform spelling is difficult to maintain in numismatic publications. The reason for this is largely due to the fact that certain words have been widely accepted spelled in both fashions. Words such as "catalog" are often spelled "catalogue." By the same token, words of foreign origin often make peculiar appearances: Rixdaler, rijksdaler. Tetradrachm sometimes appears as "tetradrachmon."

Perhaps the widest discrepancy occurs in the simple word "thaler" or "taler." Practically without fail, the word is always spelled with the H on the actual coins, yet in the early years of the twentieth century the law of Germany decreed that the H be dropped from all words, which hitherto had the H following the T. Loth, thaler, etc., were officially spelled lot and taler.

The omission of the H is advisable to follow in English, because it makes obvious that the Th was not pronounced as Th, but simply as T.

THE SILK IN OUR BANK NOTES.

A recent news item indicates that artificial silk will now be used as the protective device in our paper money in place of imported Japanese silk which has been used heretofore. It may be of interest to collectors to know that the present method of distributing very finely colored silk fibres throughout the entire note has not always been in use.

Foreign banknotes have to a large degree always been watermarked as the chief protective device, whereas American notes have always used the thread and fibre as the main safeguard. For many years it was the custom to have two continuous silk threads about two inches apart stretched across the entire length of the note, sometimes one red, and one blue.

The practice was then changed, and small threads were strewn in the paper at each side in a vertical column, largely because of the high cost

involved in the two-continuous-thread method. The small threads used at each side of the note were often on the surface and could be pulled out.

The present notes have, instead of threads, very fine fibers, which are mixed in at the time the paper is made and are consistently apparent throughout the entire note, as close examination of any of our notes will reveal. The practical effect of the proposed substitution of artificial fibers in place of silk will not be perceptible.

TOLEDO COIN CLUB BANQUET



The above illustration shows the members present at the annual banquet of the Toledo (Ohio) Coin Club on May 26.

HUNGARY ISSUES TWO PENGÓ NOTE IN 1940

A recent Hungarian two-pengó note has been received in this country, dated July, 1940. The obverse shows a peasant girl's head facing at the right end of the note. At the left is the shield of Hungary with St. Stephen's crown above. The reverse shows a peasant mother with her child. The color of the new notes is predominantly green. The value appears on the reverse in six languages. The notes measure $4\frac{1}{2}$ by $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches.

WHAT IS NUMISMATIC VALUE?

It is often worth while to consider for a moment just what factors are involved in determining the price which must be paid for desired specimens. Prices for worth-while specimens should not have arbitrary values. (A recent indication of such arbitrary values is gained from a recent auction sale where specimens were sold 6 cents on the dollar considering original cost!) A tremendous change, when it is considered that less than 20 years have elapsed since the coin was sold.

While it is admittedly true that nothing is certain, collectors must have reasonable security when making their purchases.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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 TENNESSEE—A. W. BRADLEY, P. O. Box 1484, Memphis, Tenn.
 TEXAS—W. A. PHILPOTT, JR., Secretary Texas Bankers' Association, Dallas, Texas.
 UTAH—NORMAN SHULTZ, Box 746, Salt Lake City, Utah.
 VENEZUELA—P. K. ANDERSON, Apartado 35, Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela.
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 WISCONSIN—LILLARD W. CULVER, 2863 N. 40th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Report of The General Secretary

New Members to be Admitted July 1, 1941.

- 8570 T. V. Varnedoe, Commerce Union Bank, Nashville, Tenn.
 8571 John Christensen, 9 S. 11th St., Ft. Dodge, Iowa.
 8572 James F. Lawry, Terrace Post Office, Homeville, Pa.
 8573 James H. Peacock, 2401 Garrison Blvd., Baltimore, Md.
 8574 Theodore J. Gundlach, Jr., 77 Fordham Drive, Buffalo, N. Y.
 8575 J. S. Gifford, 1707 N. 8th St., Terre Haute, Ind.
 8576 Byron A. Swayze, Office 1, Hotel London, London, Ontario, Can.
 8577 George W. Root, 817 Glenn Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.
 8578 Trent S. Russell, Prairie View St. Normal, Prairie View, Texas.
 8579 Charles Harpin, Box 382, Laferia, Texas.
 8580 John F. Fritz, 6 Vanderbilt Drive, Lake Success, Great Neck, N. Y.
 8581 Thos. P. Warfield, 19 South St., Baltimore, Md.
 8582 G. Denbroder, 2522-A 4th Street, Santa Monica, Calif.
 8583 Otis Richard Penn, 13037 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
 8584 Carroll C. Watkins, 342 Callahan St., Muskogee, Okla.
 8585 Russell B. Davis, 1250 Ingleside Dr., Baton Rouge, La.
 8586 Dr. Chas. H. Shaw, Bremen, Ohio.
 8587 Walter Reese, 3821 Hawthorne Ave., Palos Verdes Estates, California.
 8588 Mrs. Orra B. Linman, 4128 Butternut St., Indiana Harbor, Ind.
 8589 Guy E. Need, 1226 Ruby Ave., Kansas City, Kansas.
 8590 F. Redding Hood, M. D., 1200 N. Walker St., Oklahoma City, Okla.
 8591 Charles T. Prickett, 153 Hinman Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
 8592 Russell Kennett, Mgr. Hotel Hoxsey, Mexico, Mo.
 8593 John Wilfred Brown, 3636 Dewdney Ave., Regina, Sask., Canada.
 8594 Oliver F. Mershon, 2110 Pine St., Philadelphia, Pa.
 8595 Philip M. Poorman, 116 St. Paul's Road, Ardmore, Pa.
 8596 John G. Schoy, Calaveras County, Mokelumne Hill, Calif.
 8597 R. E. Darrow, 247 N. James Ave., Reedsburg, Wis.
 8598 John W. Snyder, 204 N. Jackson, Robinson, Ill.
 8599 A. L. Levitt, 217 King St., Charleston, S. C.
 8600 Jack W. Hart, 435 Audubon Blvd., New Orleans, La.
 8601 Edward F. Plaspole, 213 West 63rd St., Chicago, Ill.

- 8602 Frank M. Wakeman, Federal Reserve Bank of N. Y., New York City, N. Y.
 8603 Victor J. Trapani, P. O. Box 669, Buffalo, N. Y.
 8604 Thomas N. Richardson, 2309 Hendricks, Anderson, Indiana.
 8605 E. M. Seneca, Jr., Princess Anne, Va.
 8606 Howard E. Huckins, 2164 Tulip St., Baton Rouge, La.
 8607 Paul A. Davis, Lenox, Iowa.
 8608 Thomas B. Peterson, Box (P. O.) 13, Prelate, Sask., Can.
 8609 Chas. H. Wolff, P. O. Box 231, Norristown, Pa.
 8610 Russell I. George, 39 Newman Ave., Mechanicville, N. Y.
 8611 Gerald Vale Keller, 381 Seventeenth St., San Bernardino, Calif.
 8612 Agnes M. Gunderson, 919 N. Ninth St., Manitowoc, Wis.
 8613 Mrs. Helen G. Lewis, Clifton Terrace West, Apt. 307, Washington, D. C.
 8614 Jack E. Zunt, 7103 Clark Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
 8615 Lester L. Andrews, 700 Washington Ave., Red Oak, Iowa.
 8616 Warren W. Lewis, Hamilton Hotel, Chicago, Ill.
 8617 Kenneth O. Goodge, 437 S. Bright Ave., Whittier, Calif.
 8618 Dorothy Smith, 3006 Avenue J, Ft. Madison, Iowa.
 8619 W. E. Howard, Howard & Kohler Store, Atchison, Kansas.
 8620 Hunter R. Hilton, P. O. Box 79, Conover, N. C.
 8621 Arlie Slabaugh, Rt. 2, Box 163, Oakland, Md.
 8622 Hugh M. Cropoley, 236 E. Gunhill Rd., New York City, N. Y.
 8623 Benjamin Ricciardi, 447 Liberty Ave., Jersey City, N. J.
 8624 Allan H. Wheeler, 154 S. 25th, Paris, Texas.
 8625 Frank Huber, 2840 N. Hartung Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
 8626 Morton A. Elsner, 700 Prospect Ave., Hartford, Conn.
 8627 Sol. Wolfe, 59 Beers St., New Haven, Conn.
 8628 M. B. Fenton, 3311 Caleb St., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio.
 8629 Jack Ward, Rt. 5, Box 28H, Fresno, Calif.
 8630 Hunter Palmer, Jr., 525 Main St., Canon City, Colo.
 8631 A. W. Bridges, 823 Rudd Ave., Canon City, Colo.

New Member Admitted May 15, 1941.

(Change of name while in transit) (Formerly reported as "The Coin Club")

- 8460 Liberty Memorial H. S. Coin Club., Miss Mildred Johanning, Sec'y., Liberty Memorial High School, Lawrence, Kansas.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during May, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to August 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the August issue of The Numismatist.

- I. M. Williamson**, 8632, 14 Chelsea Place, East Orange, N. J. U. S. General. Chas. F. Nettleship, Jr., G. W. Husker, F. H. Brookes.
Joseph A. Harasimowicz, 8633, 31 Parker St., Gardner, Mass. American Coins. T. R. Hammer, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Charles S. Hall, 8634, 5619 Fair Oaks St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Lincoln Medals. A. E. Coatsworth, Paul McBride Gillis.
Solomon Heller, 8635, 3133 W. Fountain St., Philadelphia, Pa. Gold and Silver Coins of the World. Lewis M. Reagan, James Iannarella.
Frederick A. Turner, 8636, 19 High St., Boston, Mass. General. Lewis M. Reagan, C. E. Valentine.
Gale A. Lee, 8637, First Nat'l Bank, Lamar, Colo. U. S. General. L. A. Hensley, C. E. Verrall, W. W. Cooper.
Thomas B. Williams, 8638, R. F. D. 1, Pitcairn, Pa. U. S. General. Paul McBride Gillis, J. E. Cunningham, K. L. McIntosh.
Robert L. Smith, 8639, Box 583, Okobojo, Iowa. U. S. and Trade Dollars of all Countries. A. M. Kagin, Robert Cornell, Wm. Barrett.
H. R. Youngblood, 8640, 715 W. Magnolia St., Stockton, Calif. Cents, Nickels and Dimes. Grover A. Grider, J. A. Kasper, Emil Gumpert.
Miss Lydia Wells, 8641, 401 Kirkwood Blvd., Davenport, Iowa. American Coins. Lloyd B. Gettys, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Leonard E. Waterman, 8642, 85 Edmund St., Lynbrook, N. Y. U. S. Coins. George C. W. Oberst, W. K. Ross, A. H. Heimers.
C. A. Williamson, 8643, R. F. D. 7, Butler, Pa. U. S. Silver and Minor Coins, Confederate Coins. Charles E. Roe, A. M. Lord, Geo. E. McLaughlin.
C. F. Carpenter, 8644, Crockett, Texas. General. Wm. Mertes, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Dr. Clark Taylor, 8645, 3401 4th Ave., Sacramento, Calif. All U. S. Earl A. Parker, Edward Fogler.
Beldon Roach, 8646, 993 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y. General. Jos. Barnet, George Way.
Stanford H. Hartshorn, 8647, 60 Highland St., Gardner, Mass. U. S. Coins. T. R. Hammer, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Anthony B. Meyer, 8648, 1200 Imperial Dr., Glendale, Calif. General. Kenneth W. Lee, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Leo A. Renz, 8649, 1708 East 4th St., Charlotte, N. C. General Coins. Conway A. Bolt, M. D. George Walton.
Harry G. Beres, 8650, 1027 Park Ave., Pekin, Ill. U. S. and Foreign Coins. Elias P. Synodinos, M. Vernon Sheldon.
J. S. Millar, 8651, Bond Hrdw. Co., Guelph, Ontario, Canada. General. Norman B. Mason, J. Bruce Parker.
Irvin A. Mergelman, 8652, Gunnison, Colo. General. C. B. Edwards, Roger Eagleton, W. W. McKees.

- James V. Barton**, 8653, 400 N. Coronado, Los Angeles, Calif. U. S. Minor, Proof and Unc. A. Drabkin, Herbert H. Heath, A. S. Proctor.
Ralph J. Eberly, 8654, 6516 Detroit Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. U. S. Coins. M. R. Cohen, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Joseph F. Maley, 8655, 98 Riverside Dr., New York City, N. Y. U. S. General. Howard F. Street, Lewis M. Reagan.
Harold Swanberg, M. D., 8656, 510 Maine St., Quincy, Ill. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Lucas Akers, E. H. Peet.
Ernest H. Schlitgus, 8657, 1526 Fifth Street Southwest, Rochester, Minn. U. S. Coins. S. W. Anderson, D. A. Rogers.

Deaths.

- 1914 George A. Gillette, Rochester, N. Y.
 5367 John C. Engstrom, Jamestown, N. Y.
 4663 Howard H. Bell, Schenectady, N. Y.

Resignations.

- 4861 C. G. Waterman, Klemme, Iowa.
 7526 Samuel T. Betts, Jr., Skaneateles, N. Y.
 6689 Lincoln W. Higgle, Racine, Wis.
 7127 Arnold G. Kramer, Ft. Thomas, Ky.
 5355 Charles R. Swingle, Huntsville, Ala.
 7332 Edsel W. Madsen, Washington, D. C.
 6534 Phares O. Sigler, Washington, D. C.
 7890 A. E. Washburn, Cedar Rapids, Ia.
 5738 James F. Delucire, Hartford, Conn.
 7262 Mrs. A. E. Burton, Newton, Iowa.
 5977 William Foster, Cleveland, Ohio.
 4571 Norman T. Tapley, Westfield, N. J.

Change of Address.

- Cincinnati Numis. Assoc., 3938, from Chas. H. Thul, Sec'y., 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, O., to Chas. H. Thul, Sec'y., 1 Verona Apts., Cincinnati, O.
 Northwest Coin Club, 4517, from J. J. Benanes, Sec'y. (in U. S. Service), 250 Nicolett Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., to George B. Hooper, Sec'y., 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.
 Syracuse Numis. Assoc., 4127, from Frank O. Webster, Sec'y., 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y., to Frank O. Webster, Sec'y., 312 Wright Ave., R. D., East Syracuse, N. Y.
 Albert Bartz, 7858, from 7354 Hanover, Detroit, Mich., to 6149 16th St., Detroit, Mich.
 C. Bradner Brown, 5882, from 127 Foster Ave., Kirklyn, Upper Darby, Pa., to 116 Cunningham Lane, Kirklyn, Upper Darby, Pa.
 Wm. Henry Brown, 8238, from 2367 S. W. Second Ave., Miami, Fla., to care Webster Hall Hotel, Detroit, Mich.
 August G. Bungenstock, 4651, from 822 Springfield Ave., Cranford, N. J., to 100 Park Drive, Cranford, N. J.
 K. P. Chang, 5694, from P. O. Box 105, Hilo, Hawaii, to P. O. Box 1355, Hilo, Hawaii.
 Hayden C. Clement, 8425, from 3600 Monument Ave., Apt. 7, Richmond, Va., to 1600 Grove Ave., Apt. 4, Richmond, Va.
 Alan C. Dixon, 3021, from 77 W. Washington St., Chicago, Ill., to 1500 Lake Shore Dr., Chicago, Ill.
 Mitchell M. Dubins, 7496, from 2090 Beach St., San Francisco, Calif., to 580 Market St., San Francisco, Calif.
 Lt. Col. W. A. Dumas, 6431, from The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to Hq. Fourth Army, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.
 Dr. D. L. Edlund, 5612, from 250 Beverly Rd., Mt. Lebanon, Pa., to 846 Washington Ave., Carnegie, Pa.
 J. L. Fanta, 7795, from U. S. S. Pensacola, Pearl Harbor, T. H., to Westgate, Iowa.
 Wilse R. Fanning, 8173, from 5415 9th Ave., Los Angeles, Calif., to 1840 Cochran Place, Los Angeles, Calif.
 W. W. Fiala, 7940, from 4006 Venable Ave., Charleston, W. Va., to 823 N. Washington St., Owosso, Mich.
 Thos. H. Finn, 6654, from 762 Westminster Rd., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 2016 Albe-marle Rd., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Thomas C. Florich, 6395, from 3543 Rochambeau Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 609 Kimball Ave., Yonkers, N. Y.
 Paul M. Fouts, 4792, from 403 Cray Bldg., Seattle, Wash., to 609 People's Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
 Willis L. Gordon, 4579, from 77 Brookside Ave., Santa Cruz, Calif., to West Falls Church, Fairfax Co., Va.
 Edgar L. Green, Jr., 5109, from 743 Flower City Park, Rochester, N. Y., to 26 Apollo Dr., Rochester, N. Y.
 Albert A. Gullian, 7767, from 509 Elmwood Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., to 293 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.
 Malcolm A. Gustafson, 5024, from 2613 E. Lake St., Minneapolis, Minn., to 4633 Arden Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.
 Nelson C. Hay, 7790, from 900 19th St., Watervliet, N. Y., to 815 24th St., Watervliet, N. Y.
 C. E. Higgy, 5035, from 73 E. Frambes Ave., Columbus, Ohio, to Box 395, Bel-laire, Mich.

Julius Holzman, 8455, from 41-41 46th St., Sunnyside, N. Y., to 36-19 Bowne St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y.

P. H. Hubbard, 3527, from 630 S. Myrtle Ave., Monrovia, Calif., to 101 West Foothill, Monrovia, Calif.

Harry C. Huse, 7692, from General Delivery, Olympia, Wash., to Route 6, Olympia, Wash.

Sgt. L. H. A. Klein, 6531, from Woodbine Ave., Towson, Md., to P. O. Box 6784, Towson, Md.

Vernon D. Lesh, 8216, from 1303 N. Fair Oaks Ave., Pasadena, Cal., to 2295 E. Colorado St., Pasadena, Cal.

David D. Levy, 7944, from 1100 E. 10th Ave., Denver, Colo., to 2022 Rosedale, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

Robert Lewis, 7914, from 1801 James St., Syracuse, N. Y., to 1626 Salt Springs Rd., Syracuse, N. Y.

Benjamin G. Lowenstam, 3358, from 59 Quincy St., Roxbury, Mass., to 10 Selkirk Rd., Brighton, Mass.

Otto Lundeohn, 4603, from 2542 E. 73rd St., Chicago, Ill., to 3008 Cheltenham Pl., Chicago, Ill.

P. A. Maschwitz, 4492, from The Pure Oil Co., 35 E. Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill., to The Pure Oil Co., P. O. Box 237, Nederland, Texas.

Michael J. A. Molony, 7434, from 6720 Franklin Pl., Hollywood, Calif., to 7904 Woodrow Wilson Drive, Hollywood, Calif.

Ralph Natale, 7494, from 415 Third St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 90 Garfield Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Glenn R. Ostrander, 5756, from 8143 Ellis Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 8037 Maryland, Chicago, Ill.

Wm. A. Owesen, 7685, from 6146 Dorchester Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 6151 Dorchester Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Albert L. Reibling, 7353, from 1214 North Ave., New Rochelle, N. Y., to 20 Eastchester Rd., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Trent S. Russell, 8578, from Prairie View St. Normal, Prairie View, Tex., to Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va.

Earl C. Schill, 5700, from The Wardell, 15 E. Kirby St., Detroit, Mich., to 902 Howard, Saginaw, Mich.

W. L. Seelbach, 4433, from 2320 S. Overbrook Rd., Cleveland, O., to 2330 Roxbow Rd., Cleveland, Ohio.

Wm. A. Schick, Jr., 7643, from 34 N. Woodlawn Ave., Aldan, Del. Co., Pa., to 2805 Garrett Rd., Drexel Hill, Del. Co., Pa.

Joseph Stefanko, 6846, from 836 E. 64th Pl., Chicago, Ill., to 7724 Natchez Ave., R. D. 1, Oaklawn, Ill.

Elias P. Synodinos, 8285, from 28 Macomb St., Mt. Clemens, Mich., to 227 Court St., Pekin, Ill.

C. R. Van Luven, 8373, from 5300 Harrisburg Blvd., Houston, Texas, to 844 Delaware St., Drexel Apt., Detroit, Mich.

A. W. Wharf, 7732, from Route 2, Vincennes, Ind., to Route 3, Vincennes, Ind.

M. VERNON SHELDON, General Secretary.

NOTICE

Change of Address for Librarian.

Hereafter please address mail of the Librarian-Curator, T. R. Hammer, merely to BURLINGTON, IOWA, rather than to any street address. Due to the fact that most trains with mail come in the afternoon and evening, mail can be handled easier by use of a postoffice box, and this service has been arranged. It means the Librarian will ship a day earlier and receive mail a day earlier in 75 per cent. of all instances.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN-CURATOR

There were 83 books loaned by the Library in May, bringing the total to 713 for the year. There were 35 different orders during the month—a total of 322 for the year thus far. Books have been sent to all States except Alabama, Arizona, Delaware, Florida, Idaho, Kentucky, Mississippi, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Utah, Vermont and Wyoming. No district of Columbia members have ordered books yet, either.

Book donations included:

History of Monetary Systems (A. N. A. No. D-35), donated by David Bullowa.

Military Medals and Insignia of the U. S., by J. M. Morgan. (A. N. A. No. M-57), donated by the publisher.

Jetons or Counters and Engravings of Nummi Romani, Magna Graecae

Coins, published in 1769 and including numerous handwritten notes—a valuable book not only numismatically but for itself; donated by M. V. Sheldon. It was written by Thomas Snelling. (A. N. A. No. S-99).

The Commemorative Coins of the United States (1938), by B. Max Mehl, donated by T. R. Hammer. (A. N. A. No. M-58).

Seventy-seven non-members wrote in for information, and research queries from members totaled 8.

T. R. HAMMER, Librarian-Curator.

Burlington, Iowa, June 3, 1941.

NOTICE TO THE DISTRICT SECRETARIES.

Please make up your reports for the past year and mail them to Mr. Sheldon in time to get them to the convention, which is to be held August 16 to 21. All District Secretaries in California, Oregon, Washington and Utah will please mail their reports to Mr. Harvey L. Hansen, 1187 Kotenberg avenue, San Jose, Cal. I wish to thank all Secretaries for the service rendered the Association during the past year.

Yours truly,

L. W. HOFFECKER, President A. N. A.

El Paso, Texas, June 19, 1941.

NOMINATIONS REPORT.

(Received prior to June 15, 1941).

President—

*J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Que., CanadaOpen.
Nominated by Chicago Coin Club.

Lee F. Hewitt, Chicago, Ill.Declined.
Nominated by A. V. Eisenhart, D.D.S.

Shepard Pond, Winchester, Mass.Declined.
Nominated by Brooklyn Coin Club.

First Vice-President—

R. L. McBrien, Chicago, Ill.Open.
Nominated by Chicago Coin Club.

Harvey L. Hansen, San Jose, Cal.Open.
Nominated by Brooklyn Coin Club.

A. H. Leatherman, Philadelphia, Pa.Open.
Nominated by New York Numismatic Club.

Second Vice-President—

Wm. G. Rayson, Chicago, Ill.Declined.
Nominated by Chicago Coin Club.

J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Que., Canada.
Nominated by Brooklyn Coin Club, Columbus Numismatic Society, New York Numismatic Club.

General Secretary—

M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.Accepted.
Nominated by T. R. Hammer, Chicago Coin Club, Brooklyn Coin Club, New York Numismatic Club.

John W. Gregor, Cleveland, OhioAccepted.
Nominated by Columbus Numismatic Society.

Treasurer—

George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.Accepted.
Nominated by Chicago Coin Club, Brooklyn Coin Club, Columbus Numismatic Society, New York Numismatic Club.

Librarian—

- T. R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa Accepted.
 Nominated by Chicago Coin Club, Brooklyn Coin Club, A. V.
 Eisenhart, D.D.S., Columbus Numismatic Society, New York
 Numismatic Club.

Board of Governors—

- J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill. Open
 Nominated by T. R. Hammer, Chicago Coin Club, Brooklyn Coin
 Club.
- Vernon L. Brown, New York City, N. Y. Accepted.
 Nominated by T. R. Hammer, Chicago Coin Club, Brooklyn Coin
 Club, Columbus Numismatic Society, New York Numismatic
 Club.
- Arthur B. Kelley, St. Louis, Mo. Open.
 Nominated by T. R. Hammer, Chicago Coin Club.
- V. Leon Belt, Waterloo, Iowa Open.
 Nominated by Chicago Coin Club.
- Frank C. Ross, Kansas City, Mo. Open.
 Nominated by William Brimelow.
- William Brimelow, Elkhart, Ind. Accepted.
 Nominated by Frank C. Ross.
- Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City, N. Y. Open.
 Nominated by Brooklyn Coin Club, New York Numismatic Club.
- Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb. Accepted.
 Nominated by Columbus Numismatic Society, Omaha Coin Club,
 New York Numismatic Club.
- Victor B. Chambers, Columbus, Ohio Accepted.
 Columbus Numismatic Society, L. W. Hoffeecker.
- Robert H. Lloyd, Tonawanda, N. Y. Open.
 Nominated by Columbus Numismatic Society.
- George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y. Open.
 Nominated by New York Numismatic Club.

*This nomination placed under the provisions of our Federal Charter
 and in the spirit of that instrument.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

FROM THE PRESIDENT.

As Mr. J. Douglas Ferguson, of Rock Island, Quebec, Canada, who is now
 our Second Vice-President, has been nominated for the office of President
 of the A. N. A., to be voted on at the convention in August, I think it best
 to inform the membership that this nomination was made under the pro-
 vision of our Federal Charter and the spirit of that instrument. Article II,
 Section 2 of our Constitution prohibits a person not a citizen of the United
 States from serving as President of the A. N. A., and to make the Constitu-
 tion and Federal Charter conform, I am offering a resolution to be voted
 on at the coming convention to permit a citizen of Canada to serve as
 President if elected.

L. W. HOFFECKER, President A. N. A.

El Paso, Texas, June 20, 1941.

In connection with the foregoing, the following telegram was received
 from Mr. Ferguson, dated June 23:

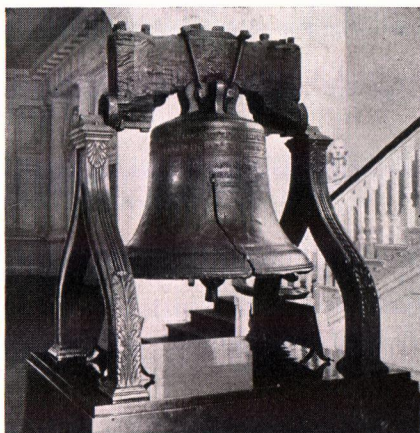
"I accept nomination for Presidency of the American Numismatic Asso-
 ciation, subject to the will of the convention in considering the reservation
 which I understood is to be presented which would make it possible for a
 citizen of Canada to serve as President if elected. Please publish acceptance
 July Numismatist if possible.

"J. D. FERGUSON."

American Numismatic Association

**GOLDEN JUBILEE
GATHERING**

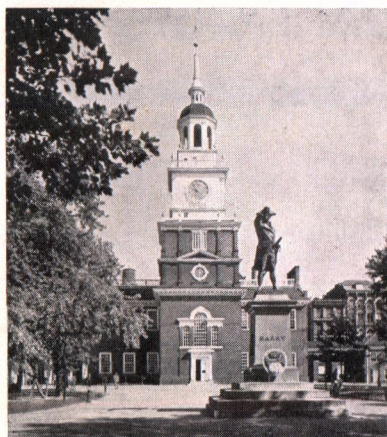
*Aug. 16-21
1941*



CONVENTION ENTERTAINMENT

The Philadelphia Coin Club Convention Entertainment Committee has completed its plans to give our guests the biggest and best selection of entertainment that has been offered for some years, and at the low cost of \$5.

An informal reception, with entertainment; a complimentary dinner; the chance to visit the greatest number of historic places to be found anywhere in the country; a large auction, containing many desirable items, and a banquet that will be long remembered, are included in the schedule.



Independence Hall

An important feature of the Convention will be a trip to Valley Forge Park, including a tour of the battlefield, where all may see the actual trenches and embankments used by Washington's troops during that historic winter.

The main event, of the most interest to numismatists, will be the trip to the United States Mint. Mr. Edwin F. Dressel, Superintendent of the Mint, has stated that if it were any other group but the A. N. A. it would be very doubtful if they could have the chance to make the inspection, due to construction work. In spite of this work, we have been promised a carefully conducted tour of the mint, including the demonstration of the making of our coinage, from the receipt of the metal until the finished product is put in bags for delivery to the Federal Reserve Banks. About the only thing that will not be included in this interesting trip will be "free samples."

We feel we are offering our guests the maximum amount of entertainment at an extremely low cost.

We learned our lesson at Detroit, last year and have been talking things over with the Weather Man. The hotel rates are very reasonable. All the above adds up to only one thing, and that is that you just cannot afford to miss this Convention. Come, planning your vacation for the week, starting August 16, and have a wonderful time.

GEORGE J. PATTERSON, Chairman of Entertainment.

CONVENTION PROGRAM

Saturday, August 16

Morning and Afternoon—Registration of members and guests. Members should register with both the local registration committee and the General Secretary, M. Vernon Sheldon. Guests should register with the local registration committee. All registering with the local committee will receive their convention badge and tickets for entertainment and visits provided by the Philadelphia Coin Club.
Placing of the exhibits in the Betsy Ross Room.

8:30 P. M.—Informal reception of members and guests. Light refreshments will be served in the Crystal Room.

Sunday, August 17

Morning—Church services. The names of churches of various denominations will be found on the Church Directory in the lobby of the hotel.

Afternoon—Opportunity to visit Congress Hall, Independence Hall, Old City Hall, Franklin's Grave, Old Quaker Meeting House, Betsy Ross House, Christ Church, site of residence of Washington and Adams while President, and other points of historic interest. By referring to the map on the inside back cover of the program you will see that the above are all within easy walking distance of the hotel.

Monday, August 18

10.00 A. M.—Opening business session in the Crystal Room.

1.30 P. M.—Trip to Valley Forge Park. Busses will start on schedule from the hotel, and will leave Valley Forge for the Manufacturers' Country Club at about 5 o'clock.

6.30 P. M.—Registered members and guests are invited by Mr. James G. Macallister to a complimentary dinner at the Manufacturers' Country Club, Oreland, Pa. Those who do not go to Valley Forge must arrange for transportation at the registration desk.

Tuesday, August 19

10.00 A. M.—Business session in the Crystal Room.

12.00 Noon—Official convention photograph on the roof of the hotel.

1.30 P. M.—Trip to the United States Mint. Busses will leave on schedule.

7.30 P. M.—Auction sale by Mr. Ira S. Reed, in the Crystal Room.

7.30 P. M.—Theater party for the ladies.

Wednesday, August 20

10.00 A. M.—Business session in the Crystal Room.

1.30 P. M.—Opportunity to visit the Philadelphia Savings Fund Society Building, Evening Bulletin Building, City Hall, Academy of Fine Arts, Aquarium, Art Museum, Rodin Museum, Franklin Institute and the Academy of Natural Sciences. National League baseball, Philadelphia vs. Cincinnati, at Shibe Park.

7.00 P. M.—Annual Banquet, informal, in the Crystal Room.

Thursday, August 21

10.00 A. M.—Final business session in the Crystal Room.

Afternoon—Removal of exhibits and adieux.

NOTE: The program is complete, the registration books are printed, the badge design was adopted. The Fiftieth Anniversary Medal has also been adopted and will soon be struck. We now await the pleasure of being your host.

THE PROGRAM COMMITTEE

THE CONVENTION BOURSE

The Bourse Committee is reserving the cases for A. N. A. members as they are received. Have you sent in your request and stated the material to be exhibited?

Bourse tables are still available at \$10.

ALFRED D. MORRIS, 403 Schaff Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.,
Bourse Committee.

The convention auction contains such rarities as 1792 Silver Center Cent, Half Dime, Rare Patterns, Dime of 1859, reverse of 1860, five 1856 Flying Eagle Cents, 1796 Half Cent, 1799 Cent, 1796 Proof Quarter, Rare S Mint Quarters and Half Dollars, Half Dollars of CC Mint. Gold Dollars almost complete with mint marks, Quarter Eagles of 1821, '24, '25, '27, '29, '48 CAL, '54-D, '63, '65, '75; Half Eagles, 1795, heraldic eagle, 1823-'33. Two \$50 Gold, Gold Proof set of 1884, and many Proofs. Over 200 lots of Gold Coins. We believe this to be the finest Convention Auction Sale ever held.

We trust you will attend the entire convention, as Philadelphia has more historic places of interest than any other city.

AUCTION COMMITTEE.

**OFFICIAL A. N. A. FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY MEDAL**

In the two previous issues progressive drawings of our medal were illustrated. I am happy to present herewith an illustration of the finished die, actual size.

Subscription prices up to July 15th are as follows: Bronze, \$1.35; sterling silver, \$2.75; 14k. gold, \$36; 18k., \$47, and coin gold, \$64. Gold medals struck before all others, will be appropriately boxed and registered.

Striking of the medals will begin July 15th. From this date subscription prices will advance on bronze and silver 10 per cent, on gold 5 per cent. The reason for this is not mercenary but actual expense in resetting of dies and extra preparation for medals and so on. No subscription will be accepted after August 1.

A handsome award awaits the first subscriber, the 100th and 200th, and so on. Please send your subscription early. Only those who subscribe will be assured of receiving this medal, as there will be made only a small quantity over the actual orders received, for the convenience of guests at the Convention. Do not miss your opportunity! Mr. Dealer, take notice.

Make checks, which must be sent with order, to order of the Philadelphia Coin Club, and address all communications to

JULIUS WINDNER,
Chairman of Program and Badge Committee,
1728 Marlton Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

P. S. Our Convention Program book and Convention Auction Catalogue is compiled and in the printer's hands. Many thanks for your cooperation.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner Ave., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shakford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. A. A. Gullian, Secretary, 293 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 403 S. Third St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of each month. Wallace Sargis, Secretary, 11208 Edgewater Drive, Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 1 Verona Apts., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Harry H. Garman, Secretary, 2241 Carrollton Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfner, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 730 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Derman Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. Harry Collura, Secretary, 2126 N. Oakland Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis Mo. T. L. Moore, Secretary, 318 S. Clark, Ferguson, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Tuesday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. George B. Hooper, Secretary, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Raymond Moulton, Secretary, 2647 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at Recreation Room of the Church of the Messiah, Santa Ana. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Vellier, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month. at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. John W. Miller, Secretary, 22 Colebourne Road, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month at places fixed by program committee. Jacob G. Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer, Baltimore Hotel, Rm. 321, 429 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 928 32d Ave., Seattle, Wash.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, Secretary, 312 Wright Ave., R. D., East Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullova, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperki, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Grout Room, Y. M. C. A., Waterloo, Iowa. Elizabeth Kenney, Secretary, 510 Waterloo Bldg., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—390th regular meeting, June 13th, 1941, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Sixteen members were present.

The topics for the evening were: Pattern Silver Dollars, Pattern Gold Dollars, Notes and Specimens of English Paper Money, Coins and Paper Money of Egypt and Iraq, Shell Advertising Cards.

Before opening the regular business the president introduced Mr. Joaquin Marco, Director of the Mint in Chile. Mr. Marco spoke of his pleasure at being at the meeting and presented to the club, for the club's collection, the following six bronze medals, struck at the Chile Mint: G. Ross, 1938, obverse; reverse, Minister of Finance, Chile. Francisco Garcia Gana, 1938, obverse; reverse, Minister of Finance, Chile. Felipe Matta, Mine Owner, 1938, obverse; reverse, Minister of Finance, Chile. Diego Portales, 1937, obverse; reverse, Minister of Finance, Chile. Commemorating the opening of the Stadium, 1938. Pan-American Congress International Roads, 1939. By vote of the club the gift was accepted with thanks.

The President then introduced Mr. Fernando Fernandez, a Mexican engraver from the City of Mexico.

Exhibits were made by the following:

O. T. Sghia: Egypt, Abdul Hamid, Mohammad V. Husin Kamil, Fuad.

W. H. Arthur: The 55th edition of the Standard Postage Stamp Catalogue issued in 1895 by the Scott Stamp and Coin Company, Ltd. An interesting numismatic tie-up in this book was an "Introduction to the Copper Coins of Modern Europe," by Frank C. Higgins, the first president of the New York Numismatic Club.

T. F. Morris: Selection of paper money from his collection. Original models of 1870 issue U. S. postage stamps and proofs of the issue.

Hans Schulman: Earliest silver ingot of Potosi, Bolivia. His father sold three of these ingots for 2000 guilders to Waldo Newcomer, and his original ticket was with it when bought in recent Morgenthau sale. These ingots were supposed to be coins of duros called in Spanish "Lineotes de Plata Pina." He also exhibited dekadrachm of Arsinoe II, Egypt; Set of 20 and 10 marks, German New Guinea, in proof and very rare; 5 guineas, 1757, uncirculated, George I; 4 scudi, 1630, of Milan under Spanish rule; Korean dollar; Sun Yat Sen, brass pattern dollar.

L. Kusterer: Shell cards; 1867 silver dollar, Olympic Theatre, pink; 1867 silver dollar, Olympic Theatre, orange; 1868 silver dollar, O. D. Moore & Co., Springfield,

Mass., pink; 1868 silver dollar, J. Stiner & Co., New York City, orange. All metal: 1868, \$20 size, J. Markriter; 1776, \$20 size, W. T. & J. Mersereau, New York City; 1868, \$10 size, S. J. Hoggson, New Haven, Conn.

L. M. Reagan: Portrait coins and medals of Christiana of Sweden; five porcelain coins of Germany.

D. M. Bullowa: Miscellaneous notes of Iraq, Egypt and other nations; Bradbury's book on "Specimens of Bank Note Engraving."

H. J. Erlanger: New Acquisitions: 1515 gold guilder; 1700, 1/16 square Ducat (no date); 1705-1711, double taler Joseph I (no date), All Nuremberg. 1726, 15 kroner, Franconian Circle, struck at Nuremberg; 1764, taler struck at Nuremberg on express orders of Emperor Francis I from silver seized in the territory of the King of Prussia during the Seven Years' War; 1928, German Republic, 3 marks on 400th anniversary of Durer's birth.

Vernon L. Brown: Six specimen notes of various English bank notes in the early 1800's; seven Bank of England 1-pound notes from 1816 to 1940; Iraq, ¼ dinar, 1931, paper; Egypt, 25 piastres, 1940, paper; Turkey, 10 para, 1940, aluminum-bronze.

Farran Zerbe: A very large number of paper money varieties; One guilder playing card money of Dutch Guiana; his birthday gift tie picturing European and U. S. Coins.

F. C. C. Boyd: 286 patterns, trials and experimental silver dollars of the United States Mint, struck in silver, nickel, copper, white metal, aluminum, brass and lead, all in proof or uncirculated condition.

Commander Kaplan exhibited photographs of U. S. S. North Carolina showing the mainmast with receptacle at base with cover plate secured. Within this receptacle was placed one half dollar, 18 quarters, 11 dimes, 23 nickels, 46 cents, one St. Christopher's medal, one English penny, one English half penny, one Chinese "cash" and one 1941 proof set containing half dollar, quarter, dime, nickel and cent sealed separately in cellophane. The mast was stepped at 2:45 P. M. on Saturday, the 5th of April, 1941 immediately after the cover plate of the coin receptacle had been secured. At the sealing of the coin receptacle were officers and prospective officers of the ship. A rising vote of thanks was extended to Commander Kaplan for giving this information and showing these photographs.

The membership committee reported the application of Arthur D. Baker, 280 Bronxville Road, Bronxville, N. Y., proposed by Otto T. Sghia and seconded by LeRoy Cox.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the July meeting, Ancient and Modern Coins of the Islands of the Mediterranean; Pattern United States Gold Dollars; Pattern Half Dollars prior to 1861; Sales Tax Tokens, 1933 to 1941. This was adopted.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—June 18. Regular monthly meeting was held at Minke's Cottage Inn, on the Christie road, near Cumberland. The meeting was called to order by President Wilson.

Membership applications of Dr. James McLean and Frank Lee Carl were elected to membership. Frank Lee Carl, city editor of the Cumberland Evening Times, was made an honorary member of the club.

Application was posted from Earl Wentling, action to be taken at the next regular meeting.

Stack's of New York City, presented the Numismatic Guide to the club for the library.

Member Charles displayed a collection of fractional currency. Member Staley, a collection of Indian Head proof cents. Member Hyde, an uncirculated set of Indian Head cents.

Member Charles Morris gave a talk on coin collecting as a hobby and the history that may be attached to each individual coin.

It was decided to send a bouquet of flowers to Member Barrow, who now is in the Memorial Hospital.

Every member present went on record as supporting a hobby show next year.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—May 28. Nineteen members and two guests present. President Riggs called the meeting to order.

W. Ellison Gatewood was admitted to membership.

On May 20, 1941, one of our charter members, Frank Selmier of North Vernon, Ind., died suddenly after an illness which lasted only a few days. All present stood with bowed heads in silent reverence to his memory. The club sent a floral tribute to the funeral.

A special Sunday meeting, planned for out-of-town members, was arranged for June 15. Carl Shelby, Muncie, Ind., was named chairman. Arrangements were made to have M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary of the A. N. A., come down with other members of the Chicago club and show his magic lantern slides of coins. Each member was invited to bring a display from his own collection and also some material for the auction.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Shelby to be sent to Mrs. Frank Selmier expressing our regrets on the untimely death of Mr. Selmier, and to be entered in the minutes.

Mr. Duncan donated to the club celluloid containers to be used as identification name plates for members. A vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Duncan.

Display of U. S. half dollars and type set of U. S. dollars was made by Mr. Houlton. A complete set of proof and uncirculated 20 cent pieces was shown by Mr. Riggs.

Following the meeting an auction of 155 lots was held.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—61st meeting, May 29, Vice-President Dr. Moon presiding. There were 9 members present.

Dr. Moon read a very interesting article on the effects of gold on the various countries of the world since ancient times. The article related the amount of

both gold and silver mined up until 1933 and the proportion that was coined into money. It also stated their relation to each other since earliest times.

Mr. Mills exhibited some fine Swedish silver dollar and half-dollar size coins recently acquired.

Mr. Saemen displayed a collection of Washington cardboard tax tokens of private issue, also a number of the Illinois provisionals, and the Ohio paper vendor and consumer tax tokens.

Refreshments were served after the meeting.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—June 5, President Stewart presiding. Sixteen members and three guests were present.

It was decided to omit our meeting for July 3, this being an inconvenient date because of the holiday next day, so that we shall have only one meeting in July, which will be an auction night.

This was a program night and we had for our speaker Lewis M. Reagan, Director of Publicity for the A. N. A. He proved to be an interesting speaker and his subject, "Famous Women on Coins," was well chosen. Mr. Reagan described the Roman series showing the empresses, etc., and followed down through subsequent periods to our own times. He had many interesting remarks to make about some of the ladies on the coins exhibited, so that we learned quite a bit about contemporary history of the women included, as well as numismatic information itself. Those of our members who were not present missed a fine evening's entertainment. At the conclusion of his talk Mr. Reagan received a vote of thanks from the members present.

CANTON COIN CLUB—The 71st meeting of the Canton Coin Club was a dinner meeting at the Hotel Belden in Canton, June 2, at 7 P. M.

The large centerpiece (floral) at the speakers' table was the door prize and was won by Mrs. Charles Bolus. Each lady and gentleman received rosebuds. Very ingenious favors pertaining to coins were designed by Mr. and Mrs. Terry Brown. Every dinner guest rose and described his own favor. The speaker was Miss Janet Baker, of Radio Station WHBC.

An auction sale was held after the dinner and then the regular business session was held.

Mrs. Walter Curry was elected to membership in the Canton group.

L. A. Salasek gave a report on the meeting of the Akron Coin Club, which will be in charge of the Canton group.

Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs annual picnic will be held at Geauga Lake and sponsored by the Canton Coin Club.

Displays were as follows:

Civil War paper money, by S. J. Kabealo.

Silver Dollars from 1795 to 1890; early half cents, 1932-34 depression scrip, by Wm. G. Bruce.

MADISON COIN CLUB—May 12. Eleven members and one guest were in attendance.

A very interesting talk on the Central States Numismatic Society convention in Milwaukee was given by our president, Gordon Gill, with the helpful aid of other members who attended the meeting.

A report was given on the joint banquet and exhibit of The Madison Coin Club and the Madison Stamp Club.

It was decided to hold coin club meetings during the entire summer months.

An auction concluded the meeting.

Mr. Barnes won the door prize.

Exhibits for the evening were as follows:

Gordon Gill: Colonial nail moneys; several U. S. dollars, and many other pieces of interest.

Mr. Henderson: 1941 proof set.

Mrs. Moran: Collection of small cents in album.

Miss Smiley: Half florin in gold (Great Britain).

R. Rinden: Two Chinese gambling tokens and a two-and-a-half-inch Chinese bone counter, used for making change.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—113th meeting, May 12. President Archer called the meeting to order. Seventeen members and three visitors were present.

John K. McPeck was elected to membership.

Dr. J. M. Henderson displayed embossed business cards of Ohio stores that were used following the Civil War, early American gold, and the only 1821 over 20 large cent.

Fred Jewett: 1877 proof cent.

M. F. Walters: Large assortment of Ohio covers.

Bruce Ruggles: Fugio cent of 1787.

Charles Kabealo: 1000 different pieces of German notgeld.

J. C. Archer: Commemoratives.

H. R. Rodecker: A Harrison medal of the Presidential campaign of 1841.

George Andrews gave a very interesting paper on die break and mint mark varieties of Lincoln cents.

Professor J. B. Petta, of Fort Worth, Texas, will be the principal speaker at the June meeting. His topic will be "The Coins and Culture of the South American Indian." Professor Petta has traveled extensively and has spent several years in South America doing research work among the Indians. He has brought back many pictures which he will display.

THE ORANGE COUNTY COIN CLUB—The second anniversary dinner was held on May 20 at Knott's Berry Place, Buena Park, Cal. There were about a hundred members and guests present. A southern fried chicken dinner with all the trim-

mings was served. There were guests present from all over Southern California, including, Los Angeles, Pomona, Whittier, Fullerton, Long Beach, Brea, and Santa Ana.

The meeting opened with a welcome by President Howard Robinson, who then turned the meeting over to Chairman Robert Efker, who, in turn, introduced those on the program that followed, which consisted of a solo on the piano-acordion played by Miss June Childers, of Santa Ana. Then followed "Fifty Minutes of Magic" by Mr. C. W. Rowland, of Santa Ana. Mr. Rowland, whose hobby is magic, is widely known for his fine performances before many of the different service clubs in Southern California, gave a very interesting performance. Mr. Rowland was assisted by his wife, Mrs. C. W. Rowland. Then followed a talk by Robert Ames, of Los Angeles, who spoke on "The Impressions of a Chisler." Mr. Ames is a wood carver, and his talk was illustrated with a number of his very fine carvings.

A number of door prizes were awarded, the following being the fortunate ones: Bert Muller, of Tustin; Ralph Hillman, of Santa Ana; Robt. Ames and John Garrol, of Los Angeles, and Miss Mary Miller, of Santa Ana.

An auction followed, with Mr. Jorgenson acting as auctioneer.

The next meeting will be held on June 17 at the new regular meeting place of the club, in the recreation room of the Church of the Messiah, in Santa Ana.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—May 20, 85th meeting, May 20. President Jacob called the meeting to order and presided over a gathering of 15 members and 1 guest.

The secretary read a letter from the General Secretary of the A. N. A. requesting a list of the current officers of the club, also a copy of the constitution and by-laws. Upon motion the secretary will be furnished the data requested.

Mr. Kosoff donated a copy of his recent auction sale to the club's library (catalogue and price list). A catalogue, to be accompanied by a price list, of the Dunham sale was the gift of Mr. Bellus.

Mr. Dewey, chairman of the dinner committee, reported that the dinner meeting held in April was a successful affair.

Exhibits were placed and explained. An interesting paper was read by Mr. Baker on the subject "Ethiopian Dollars," with an exhibit to illustrate.

Topics for the evening: U. S. 25 cents (1796 to 1857); coins of Egypt and Ethiopia; items of your own interest, and recent acquisitions.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Freidman: Newspaper articles on Coin Week, and two bronze medals.

Mr. Kosoff: 8 scudo of Peru, 1766; 20 pesos of Mexico, 1873, and transportation token on reverse of 1857 half dollar.

Mr. Rippner: 25 cents of 1818 and 1822 in uncirculated condition, and Stamford wooden money.

Mr. Bellus: 1917 set of Egyptian coins, 20 piastres to the half millieme.

Mr. Jacob: Confederate restrike half dollar, 1861.

Mr. Dewey: Collection of copper and nickel coins of modern Egypt and potin tetradrachm of Nero for Alexandria.

Mr. Massey: U. S. quarters, 1831-1843; Turkish coin and display of newspaper article written for Coin Week.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—May 15, with 16 members present.

Mr. Brogden turned over to the club the cloth he had bought as requested for the display of coins on our table. He was thanked for his trouble and the treasurer was instructed to reimburse him for the cost.

The secretary read a letter of invitation from the Philadelphia club for the dinner on August 20 during the A. N. A. Convention and asked for notice from such members who intend to be present.

We had a discussion as to publicity, as a result of which the secretary was asked to give notice to the two Sunday papers in Baltimore for notice of our meetings, the interested public being invited to attend.

An auction was held.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—May 12, with 31 members and 7 visitors in attendance. Two new members were admitted to membership—Edwin Woodward and W. J. Zimmerman.

Dr. J. R. Talbert presented a moving picture showing of "The Story of the Beaver" and "Bears in Alaska." Dr. Talbert is to be congratulated on his very efficient work.

The main feature for the evening was a schedule of round-table talks on "How to Start a Coin Collection." The subject was discussed in a very interesting manner by the following speakers:

George Pipes spoke on collecting in general for the beginner, and the foreign coins that are overlooked by most collectors. He brought out several points, such as the knowledge of history that is gained incidental to coin collecting, and the relation to literature and many educational features.

Howard Hughes spoke of broadening of your collection for the interest in the hobby.

Wm. F. Paul recommended the collectors to turn to foreign coins. He gave his opinion that collectors were paying high prices for uncirculated United States coins, whereas more enjoyment (by having several pieces) at less expense could be obtained by collecting the coins of fine condition.

John Slusher told the collectors that they did not have to be wealthy and pay a lot of money for coins to get a "kick" out of it. He gave an interesting discussion for the collectors of limited means and for the workingman. He brought out that coin collecting takes your mind off the day's work and is a relaxation as well as a recreation.

President Hughes appointed a membership committee of Dr. Paul Firth, chairman; Mrs. Essie M. Cohon and Leonard J. Trythall.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—May 12. The meeting was called to order by President Bushnell, with 32 members and visitors present. N. K. Sharp, formerly of Columbus, Ohio, was a visitor, whose application for membership was received during the course of the evening.

Our next meeting, the last of the season, will be more of a social event than a numismatic gathering. F. K. Saab has arranged a musical program, with refreshments being furnished by A. B. Kelley. All the wives and friends of our members are invited to attend. The only business during the evening will be the annual election of officers.

The suggestion was made by Mr. Kelley that dealers or members requiring the use of a table or doing a sufficiently remunerative business on meeting nights should pay the sum of 50 cents to bolster the revenue of the club. A committee composed of the president, secretary and treasurer would collect the money and make any necessary decisions in regard to this source of income. After a discussion the above suggestion was passed by the members.

Our speaker for the evening was Eric P. Newman, who gave a short but very interesting talk on "The Debunking of Well-known Coins." His talk centered largely on the Colonial series and other early coins of the United States, with many of them being shown in his exhibit for the evening. Mr. Newman emphasized the point that true facts should be known of coins that are genuine or fakes, thus leading to making numismatics more of a science.

The following exhibits were made:

A. Paul Davis: Miscellaneous collection of Greek, Macedonian, Egyptian and Persian coins.

A. B. Kelley: Collection of twenty rare Missouri paper bills from 1820 to the City Treasury Warrants of 1872.

T. L. Moore: Proof Sets of 1882, 1912, and 1936 to 1941, inclusive.

Eric P. Newman: Connecticut Cents, 1785-1788; Vermont Cents, 1785-1788; Imitation English farthings and half pennies, 1785, with proof of American origin; Nova Constellatio tokens, 1783-1785; Fugio Cents, 1787; Fugio pewter dollar, 1776; U. S. A. Bar cent, with several varieties of certain types.

A very successful auction concluded the evening.

AKRON COIN CLUB—32nd meeting, April 21, with 17 members and 8 guests present, R. W. Miller presiding.

It was announced that an auction would be conducted in May of coins donated by the members, proceeds to go to the treasury. Mr. Hammett asked the co-operation of all members.

It was voted to extend an invitation to the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs to hold their fall convention in Akron.

J. Stanley Shondel distributed the new membership list and constitution and by-laws to all members present.

At the close of the business session Mrs. Metz introduced the guest speakers of the evening, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pfahl. Mrs. Pfahl displayed a fine collection of souvenir spoons. Mr. Pfahl gave a very interesting talk on "Belgian Congo," telling about their system of trade and barter, customs and habits.

Displays were as follows:

Mr. Pfahl: Leg and arm bands worn by the native Congo women; grass dresses, signal drum, ebony figures carved by the natives; encased postage stamps and stamps of the Civil War period, and a set of Lincoln cents.

V. L. Stover: 67 coins of the Roman Emperors from 29 B. C. to 385 A. D.; widow's mite, ½ shekel of Judea, and bank bills of 1839.

An auction was held.

AKRON COIN CLUB—33rd meeting, May 19, with 17 members and 7 visitors present, President Miller presiding.

Mr. Lane was admitted to membership.

Mr. Rabith and Mr. Kabealo gave reports on the proceedings and activities of the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs convention held in Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Thorpe read an article on Lincoln cents.

Miss Boyd talked on "Commemorative Coins of the United States."

The principal speaker of the evening was J. Kearney. His subject was, "Indian Lore of Summit County." In connection with his talk there was a large display of Indian relics and wampum picked up in the Akron district.

Other displays as follows:

Miss Boyd: Set of U. S. commemorative half dollars.

Mr. Craycroft: Set of Indian and Lincoln cents, Mercury dimes; English ½, 3, 4, and 6 pence; Virginia Dare half dollar.

S. J. Kabealo: Mexican dollars.

Mr. Certain: Foreign coins and pictures of countries and rulers attractively put up in book form.

V. L. Oblisk: Foreign crowns; Akron hard rubber token of the Portage Lake Bridge Co., and complete set of Canadian dollars.

An auction was held.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—Thirty-four members and guests were present at the 159th meeting of the club, June 3.

The application of Harold R. King was approved and he was admitted to club membership. A letter from the Director of the Mint at Washington, D. C., received in answer to the secretary's inquiry, stated that "The rumor that the Mint contemplates discontinuing the striking of proof coins has no foundation in fact."

Reports of recent activities of the Orange County Coin Club and the Pasadena Coin Club were read.

The Secretary then introduced the speaker, President Adolph Larson, Jr., who addressed the club on "The Origin of Money, and New England Nail Money," his talk being illustrated by a splendid exhibit of unusual articles falling within the

definition of money as "any commodity used for barter and exchange." Having satisfied the three fundamental needs of primitive man, namely food, clothing and a dwelling place, it was discovered at an early date that surplus skins and other articles could be bartered for other articles, and thus was evolved the idea of money. The hammer, axe, spear, bow and arrow, as barter commodities, gave way to miniature types of warlike articles, having identical value, and were used in China before B. C. 1200, and about B. C. 800 the Chinese key money, substituting articles of peace for those of war, led to the development of our present financial structure. In our own country the New England nail money, hand wrought nails of different pennyweight, valuable because of their scarcity, served for barter purposes. Mr. Larson's address, treating of the little known pre-coinage era, was most unusual and informative, and constitutes a distinct contribution to numismatic thought.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—268th meeting, June 4, Vice-President Paul Pennington presiding. Seventy-five members and five guests were present.

The membership committee approved the application of Thomas F. Robinson. A vote of thanks was extended Joseph Stack, of New York, for his complimentary copy of his latest Numismatic Guide.

M. Vernon Sheldon offered a life membership in the A. N. A. to the club with his compliments. A rising vote of thanks was accorded him.

Harry Boesel, chairman of the entertainment committee, introduced the speaker of the evening, Dr. A. M. Rackus, former curator of the National Museum in Lithuania, who spoke on his past five years of numismatic experiences in Europe.

The applications of Raymond L. Allen, Warren L. Lewis and C. Lou Snyder were referred to the membership committee for further consideration.

Just before adjournment a telegram from B. Max Mehl was read announcing the prices brought for the 1804 dollar and the 1822 half eagle from his recent sale of the great Dunham collection.

Exhibits were as follows:

R. W. Smith: A selection of about 200 Canadian tokens, all varieties numbered according to Breton.

E. Jonas: Germany, William II, bronze medal on opening of Northeast Canal, William II in Admiral's uniform; Two silver medals commemorating the visit to Breslau in 1888.

D. C. Kaffer: Bronze plaque of the Edison Illuminating Company 44th meeting, containing iron from the plating of the ironclad Merrimack of 1862.

R. M. Cabeen: 46 pieces of California gold, various denominations.

E. L. Patera: 73 varieties of die breaks in 1940-S cents.

N. F. Stone: Collection of old Chicago bank notes.

L. F. Hewitt: 4 medals of the Chicago Numismatic Society.

J. H. Ripstra: Several notes with Lincoln portrait, 1863 \$10 note in mint condition and \$20 compound-interest note.

TOLEDO COIN CLUB—109th meeting, May 26, President C. C. Shroyer presiding.

Plans were made for the annual stag picnic to be held Sunday, June 22nd, at Sand Beach.

A report was made on the annual dinner held at the Club Cafe, Mr. MacDonald entertaining with moving pictures.

Reading of papers included "French Liberty on First American Cents"; "The Eagle"; "Vast Hobby Coin Collecting."

OMAHA COIN CLUB—81st regular meeting, June 6. Twelve members and one visitor were present, with President Pilmaier in the chair.

A motion was passed to dispense with our July and August meetings.

The committee on displays reported and considerable discussion followed as to the best method of making up a frame of coins for display. It was decided that we would use easy display coin blocks, and a frame of United States types of coins sponsored by the Omaha Coin Club would be made up and displayed in various places of business. We hope to create some interest and attention in coin collecting in this way. The secretary was instructed to order the blocks and proceed with the committee as planned.

Dr. Judd was on hand with some very beautiful exhibits of gold and silver coins. Other exhibits were by Mr. Ward, of Lincoln, Neb., and Raymond Moulton.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—June 9th, with 28 members and 4 visitors in attendance. A new member, George McLarty, was elected.

The secretary read a very interesting letter from the country reporting the find of some old hidden gold coins and which were turned into the bank.

President Hughes discussed a proposed annual club token for the members.

Dr. Paul Firth gave a talk on "The History of Money." He especially spoke of the ancient history of money in Bible times and the first Greek and Roman coins, and the various things used as a medium of exchange over the world before coins came into existence. His discussion of the wampum, and beads and shell in America was very interesting, as well as the first money in China. All together, his talk showed a great deal of research.

George Pipes gave a talk on the coins and life and times of Nero, who made some of the strangest and finest artistic coins in the Roman Empire. His comparison of Nero to Hitler was unique and interesting. He elaborated on Dr. Firth's subject and told how the first coins were made by sculptors and how coin collecting was first started by lovers of Greek and Italian arts for the images on the coins. He also told of the first coin collecting in England, France and Italy.

William F. Paul told how some of the first money of the savages was made of shells and discs.

Leonard J. Tryhall was called upon to tell of his recent trip to New York, and the coin dealers he called upon there.

The exhibit for the evening was a display of counterfeit paper money procured by Stephen Bibler from the U. S. Secret Service. The display was made of actual pieces of counterfeit money obtained by the Secret Service in its various raids. Examples of all bills from \$1 to \$500 were shown, along with genuine bills so that one could make a comparison and note the differences. Mr. Bibler gave a short talk on the subject and passed out descriptive circulars on counterfeiting. A number of current counterfeit coins of the 25c., 50c. and \$1 denominations were shown, having been borrowed along with the paper money.

Hugh Ranken sold lots for the usual White Elephant which was won by Till Jensen.

It was decided, as usual, to pass up the meetings for the summer and hold the next regular meeting in September.

After the meeting the usual auction was held with Leonard J. Tryhall acting as auctioneer. This evening's meeting was voted one of the most interesting and longest ever held.

The club now has 55 paid-up members and hopes to have 60 by the turn of the year.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—97th meeting, June 4, President Schwartz presiding. Fifteen members and two guests were present. The guests were William R. Cahill and Theo. Valand.

The committee for planning the observance of the 100th meeting of the club reported progress and announced that the toastmaster would be Hon. James A. Hamilton.

The gift of the new catalog of American coins by Stack's was announced and the book was exhibited.

Morris Klaif read a paper on the life and coinage of Catherine the Great of Russia. Lewis M. Reagan read a paper on the life and coinage of Christina of Sweden.

The following exhibits were made.

Mr. Darrow: Minor coins of Haiti.

Mr. Daukszyz: Ten commemorative medals of Catherine the Great of Russia; medal of Christina of Sweden; copper coins of Christina.

Mr. Klaif: Series of copper, silver and gold coins of Russia.

Mr. Knott: Crowns of ruling queens: Maria Theresa, Isabella II, Victoria, Anne, Wilhelmina, Elizabeth, Catherine the Great; five medals of Philadelphia.

Mr. Reagan: Sixty portrait coins of famous women.

Mr. Schwartz: Ten medals of George Washington.

Mr. Sghia: Thaler of Christina of Sweden; roubles of Catherine I, Anna, Elizabeth, Catherine II, of Russia.

Mr. Silverman: Two kroner, 1938, of Sweden.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—114th regular meeting, June 9. In the absence of President Archer and Vice-President Stotts, Dr. J. M. Henderson called the meeting to order. Nineteen members were present.

The rules were suspended and Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Hiatt were elected to membership.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mike Higgy exhibited coins purchased from the world-famous Dunham collection which he had received that day. The coins were \$3 gold pieces in proof condition of 1873, 1876, 1877, 1881, 1884; the rare restrike of 1802 dollar, a brilliant proof, of which there are only three known. This coin was struck from the same die as the famous 1804 restrike; an 1804 uncirculated quarter, a rare coin in any condition, but extremely rare uncirculated; 1822 quarter, 25c. over 50c. on the reverse, which is considered to be as rare as the 1827 quarter. Also an 1855 \$20 gold piece of Kellogg & Co.

Charles Kabealo: 1940 nickels, with and without flag pole.

Dr. J. M. Henderson: Presidential medals of Grant, Wilson, Lincoln, McKinley, and a Lafayette medal.

Bruce Ruggles: Cents and tokens of the Civil War period.

A. F. McCrory: Set of small commemorative gold coins and an 1860-O half dollar in proof condition.

M. F. Walters: Silver dollars from the four mints.

Fred Jewett: A pair of 1807 half dollars, bust facing right and left. Also, several covers that were lost in an airplane crash in Ecuador in 1939 and just recently recovered.

An auction was held.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—93rd meeting, June 12. Fifteen members and four guests were present. President Husker presided.

The secretary was instructed to write to our member, Charles Wormser, who is at the U. S. Naval Training Station at Norfolk, Va., to tell him how greatly he is missed by the society's members and to send him all good wishes.

Although usually we have no set topic for the months of July and August, it was decided to adopt a special topic at the suggestion of the topic committee. The July meeting will have for its topic: "U. S. Half Dimes" and "Central America and Mexico."

The topic for the meeting was "All U. S. Three-cent Pieces" and "Coins of the World from 800 to 1500," and the exhibits followed, with Mr. Beach giving a short but informative talk on the Goths and showing coins of the Goths and Vandals of the sixth century.

Mr. Husker told several interesting facts about his exhibit of Japanese coins.

The exhibits for the meeting were:

Mr. Beach: One gold gram, 1889, the smaller and rarer Tierra del Fuego Popper coin; a gold rupee of Burma; two large crowns of Denmark, 1655 and 1659;

crown of Landau, 1861; Mansfeld taler, 1820; one Vandal and four Goth copper pieces of the sixth century.

Mr. Bingham: A Chinese temple coin and Chinese cash sword; Vol. 1, No. 1, "Coin Collector's Journal"; New York National Building and Loan \$1000 bond; German commemorative coins and leather money.

Mr. Blaisdell: Various coins of Sweden; klippe piece of 1300-1600; various medals, 1892-1932; proof 1858 pattern cent.

Mrs. Brookes: Cudahy Packing Co. fiftieth anniversary medal; Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, medal; Danish, Christian IX medal for the participants in the war of 1864; Bracelet of old U. S. silver coins; Seven cents made into charms

Mr. Brown: Several silver cents of the early Saxon rulers of England; Turkey, set of eight coins dated 1940; Huey Long medal of 1933.

Mr. Gensheimer: U. S. minor types, small cents to 5-cent nickels, uncirculated.

Mr. Hermeth: Copper and lead coins of Siam.

Mr. Husker: Coins of Japan, Meiji era.

Mr. May: St. Mary's University Cross for World War service, 1917-1918.

Mr. Nettleship: Complete sets three-cent silver and nickel; latest issue, Society of Medalists.

Mr. Spiro: 16 Newark storekeeper's scrip, signed, period 1838-1862 (including A. P. Ely, J. Wilson, Jacob Johnson & Co., John L. Agens & Co., Bonnel & Whitty, Dr. S. C. Marsh and H. R. Baker).

Mr. Williamson: Two pattern 2c., 1863; pattern 1c., 1858; pattern 5c., 1869; pattern 1c., 1853.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The following is a report of our last meeting: The 80th meeting, May 23, with President Hoffman presiding. Twenty-two members and six visitors were present.

The evening's door prize was donated by Joe Madala.

Mr. Culver gave his final convention report, including the total expenses for convention. A rising vote of thanks was given to Mr. Culver and all the committees and various members who helped make the convention a success.

The question of having a woman's auxiliary was indefinitely postponed.

A motion was made and carried that for the September meeting, we invite various Wisconsin coin clubs, individuals and all the collectors in the State to attend a get-together with the Milwaukee club, the meeting to be held on our regular meeting night.

The discussion on the Milwaukee Clipper trip was postponed until the June meeting.

Frank Plesec and J. Henri Ripstra were admitted to membership.

E. J. McCall, R. Yeoman, James Buchbinder and Frank Huber applied for membership.

Mr. Polzer, as chairman of the book committee, was authorized to purchase suitable books for our library.

The change of meeting place was discussed and Mr. Culver was appointed to check on the Plankinton Hotel for future meetings.

Dr. H. P. Keaber is to be given Life Membership No. 1 in our organization.

A motion was made that Dr. Keaber be given a membership card in the form of a plaque.

Mr. Sterrett donated two copies of the American Coin Catalog to the club.

The door prize was won by T. B. Olbinski.

Exhibits were as follows:

J. Stewart: Complete two-cent proof set, set of commemorative gold and various gold coins.

Harry Collura: Complete sets of U. S. coins from 1932 to 1940 in uncirculated condition.

An auction was held.

BRONX COIN CLUB—93rd meeting, May 28th. President Stein was in the chair. Fifteen members and one guest were present.

Owing to the absence of the secretary, Mr. Sghia acted in that capacity.

Mr. Stein reported that he had attended the recent numismatic convention in Milwaukee and gave an account of the proceedings there, stating that the mid-West group has just cause for pride in the success of the convention and the enthusiasm of its members. Mr. Bullowa, our secretary, also attended.

On behalf of the firm of Stack's, Mr. Sghia presented the club with a set of maps which will be useful to speakers at our meetings and in describing exhibits.

The topics for the next meeting are: Coins of the Crusaders and of derivative religious orders; Conder tokens usually listed as American Colonial coins, and coins and medals of Napoleon I. A paper will be read by Mr. Clark on the Conder section of the program.

Mr. Stein read a paper on the coinage of the city of Aelia Capitlina.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Blake: Bank notes of the Philippine Islands from 10 centavos to 20 pesos.

Mr. Carpenter: Pattern farthing in copper of Queen Anne; proof half-penny and farthing of first issue of George III, 1770; 2 pattern halfpennies of George III by Droz; 7 large pattern copper pieces of George III; pattern 10 cents; Smith's decimal currency of Victoria, and a Tribute penny of Tiberius.

Mr. Clark: 26 coins of the Philippines; 23 coins relating to Palestine, including an unpublished 1 mill piece in nickel; 4 new denarii of the Roman Republic, and a strip of three 30c encased postage stamps.

Mr. Erlanger: Coins of canals; 1845, Bavarian double thaler on the opening of the Ludwig Canal; 1898, two medals in bronze and silver of meeting of the German Canal Society at Nuremberg.

Mr. Gans: Coins of Aelia Capitolina, of Antoninus Pius, Verus and Aurelius, Diadumenianus and Elagabalus, and a denier of Amalric the Crusader.

Mr. Kennedy: Two one-peso pieces of the Philippines, silver dollar of Hawaii, 1788 Massachusetts cent, and two 1788 Vermont cents.

Mr. Morgenthau: Transportation token of North Side Railway Co., Fort Worth, Texas, dated May 29th, 1889.

Mr. Ripner: Papal medal of Urban VIII, 1638; wooden money and plaque for the tercentenary of Hartford, Conn.

Mr. Schwartz: Denarii of Marcus Aurelius, Maximinus I, Julia Soaemias, Julia Domna, Geta, Gordian III, Alexander Severus, Julia Mamaea, Elagabalus, and Caracalla.

Mr. Sghia: Massachusetts half cent, 1787, and cent of 1788; four varieties of Vermont cents; 1795 half cents with plain and lettered edges; 1823 cent.

Mr. Stein: Coins of Aelia Capitolina and the Arab Occupation of Jerusalem.

Mr. Van der Meer: Medal commemorating the 300th anniversary of the purchase of Manhattan Island from the Indians by Gov. Peter Minuit, May 23, 1626; medal of the 100th anniversary of the evacuation of New York by the British, 1783-1883.

Mr. Wagner: The Philippine Congressional medal, The Philippine Campaign medal, Coronation medal of Napoleon I, four medals of Queen Victoria for South Africa, 1899-1902; Afghanistan medal, 1878-1880, and India medal of 1895.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—241st meeting, April 9. For this meeting the members were requested to meet in the Cleveland Public Library in order to view the various exhibits placed there by some of the members, in observance of National Coin Week. Afterward they proceeded to our regular meeting place in the Colonial Hotel. Since the hour was late, the regular order of business was canceled, but the auction was held as usual. In all, there were 27 members and 4 guests present. Judge Sawicki presided over all affairs.

Among the regular meeting exhibitors the names of R. L. Poxon, with his dimes and commemoratives, and C. L. Shreiner, with his silver dollars were conspicuous.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—242nd meeting, May 14. There were 32 members and 3 guests present. Judge Sawicki presided.

The report of the board of governors was presented by Mr. Budde; that of the membership committee by Mr. Jacka. The secretary was requested to write a letter of appreciation to Albert C. Young, curator of exhibits for the Cleveland Public Library, for his diligence in making National Coin Week celebration a success. He performed a herculean task.

The speakers of the evening were Vernon L. Oblisk, who delivered a discourse entitled "The History of Transportation Facilities in Akron," and Dr. Eugene Mankovich, recently returned from Alaska, who gave us some highlights on the beauties of the fauna and flora of Alaska. Dr. Mankovich lectured very recently before the Rotary Club of Ketchikan, Alaska.

Exhibits were as follows:

Fred Mallon: Silk money of Bielefeld, Germany.

Ed. H. Windau: Eight Mexican pillar dollars and 8-real pieces dating from 1755 to 1894.

Fred Hahlen: U. S. 5c nickels from 1866 to 1912-S; type collection of nickels from 1866 to 1941; transportation tokens, including some from Trinidad, British West Indies, which were used when horsecars were in vogue.

Clyde J. Drawing: Hard Times tokens, Canadian and Civil War tokens and store cards.

C. L. Nickels: Silver dollars dated 1800, '02, '80, '84-CC, '87.

M. F. Higgy: An uncirculated 1804 quarter dollar; Kellogg's \$20 gold slug; Mexican peso with a watch of Swiss movement imbedded.

Vernon L. Oblisk: Toll bridge, transportation and zone check tokens of Akron, including several patterns of Akron and Massillon.

Edgar G. Bell: 72 crown-size coins of the world.

W. M. Jacka: Hard Times and Civil War tokens of 150 types.

Harley L. Freeman: A. Loomis Hard Times token (Adams No. 40); 32 Civil War tokens of Cleveland; set of five municipal traction tokens of Cleveland and several early hard rubber and vulcanite tokens of early Cleveland railroad companies.

Joseph F. Sawicki: English and American tokens; several varieties of the famous Coventry Lady Godiva tokens; brass token of Louis (Lajos) Kossuth, of Hungary.

Ambrose P. Spencer: Tessera (token) of Augustus, B. C. 27 to 14 A. D. These were thought to have been used for admission to shows, for distributions of largesses of grain, and for game counters.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—June 3. President Woodside was in the chair. Fifteen members were present.

The annual election of officers resulted as follows: President, W. W. Woodside; vice-president, O. W. Bullions; secretary, Earl Coatsworth; treasurer Earl Coatsworth; curator, Prosper DeVos.

The exhibits for the evening featured silver dollars of the world. Mr. Coatsworth presented a paper on Trade dollars.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. DeVos: Proof set of South African Republic, 1892.

Mr. Buterbaugh: Recent foreign issues of odd shapes.

Mr. Bullions: Set of wooden nickels and plaque of coat-of-arms of 300th anniversary of founding of Stamford, Conn.

Mr. Gaede: A collection of dollar-size silver coins of many countries.

Dr. Gillis: "Voltaire" Washington medal.

Mr. Woodside: 18 Anglo-Gallic coins in gold, silver and billon.

Mr. Porter: U. S. gold paper notes.

Mr. Eastwood: Tray of large English and Colonial tokens.

Mr. Coatsworth: Exhibit of Trade dollars of various nations.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—408th meeting, May 15th. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Seventeen members were present.

In the absence of Secretary McIntyre, Mr. Stehfest acted as secretary.

Mr. Noyes reported that Mr. Sheehy wished to be taken off the coin club roster. Mr. Rowe announced that during June, July and August there would be only one meeting each month, this meeting to be held the third Thursday.

Mr. Leffingwell exhibited four French pieces of Napoleon.

An auction was held.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Eighth meeting, June 13. Fifteen members and one guest were present. Vice-President D. A. Robinson presiding.

New appointments for a period of six months were made as follows: R. E. Stevenson to head the membership committee. Howard E. Musser and C. L. Slavin in charge of the publicity committee. D. A. Robinson sergeant-at-arms. Hayden Clements to have complete charge of the program, exhibit and entertainment committees.

An appropriation for six months was made to finance whatever program or entertainment Mr. Clements may decide to have.

Mr. Clements had charge of our program, which was the most interesting one we have had.

A 1941 proof set was given as a door prize.

C. H. R. Howe, a new member elected at this meeting, won the prize offered in a quiz by Mr. Clements on coins and paper money of the United States.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—June 9. The final meeting of the current season was called to order by President Bushnell, with 22 members and visitors present.

An application for membership was received from Paul Cosgrove and acted upon.

A request from the General Secretary of the A. N. A. for a copy of our constitution and by-laws was tabled until September, the first meeting of the next season. A list of the new officers to be elected tonight will be sent to the secretary at once.

Mr. Kelley gave a short, enthusiastic talk on the current outlook of coins and coin collectors. Following his talk the chairmen of the various committees were heard.

The nominating committee offered a list of officers nominated for the coming year, which were as follows: President, C. W. Lounsberry; vice-president, A. A. Taylor; secretary and treasurer, L. A. Mueller.

A motion was made and carried that the above slate be accepted. Mr. Lounsberry made a short speech of acceptance, after which President Bushnell summarized a most interesting year of talks, entertainment, auctions, and numismatics in general. Some plans for future development of the club were discussed.

After refreshments an auction was held.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—June 12, 72nd meeting called to order by President Leatherman, with thirty-six members and guests present.

Edwin Marshall and Fred G. Gommel were elected to membership.

We were treated to two beautiful displays of rare items from the stock of one of our New York members, Hans M. F. Schulman, and his guest, A. Kosoff. While not only exhibiting many beautiful coins, Mr. Kosoff gave us an interesting talk, which included mention of some of the trials and tribulations of the New York clubs while they were getting ready for the recent convention in that city.

All other business was tabled in order to allow us all the time possible to prepare for the August Convention. Everything is coming along fine, orders for display cases, the bourse, checks for books of tickets, and orders for the official A. N. A. Fiftieth Anniversary medal are arriving daily. There will be a limited number of the above medals struck, and it is requested that all wishing to buy same should send in their orders as soon as possible. The prices are: Bronze, \$1.35, and sterling silver, \$2.75. A number will be struck in gold, first, and anyone desiring them should write at once.

Mr. Enburg won the vote for having the best display of the evening, a collection of bank notes of various countries.

The chance prize was won by Mr. Sloane. The door prize was won by H. G. Taylor, who donated the prize for sale to benefit the club treasury.

An auction followed.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—May 26 meeting called to order by Vice-President Herrick, with 14 members present.

Vice-President Herrick reported that he had placed an ad in the June issue of The Numismatist in search of missing numbers of The Numismatist for the Club library.

A discussion was held regarding the new cases to hold coins for display. Mr. Prickett stated that he would build them if the material was furnished.

Mr. Chapman gave a short report on the Bauer sale which he attended in Rochester.

A letter was read from Stack's, in which they sent to our club, with their compliments, their latest publication, Stack's Numismatic Guide.

Mr. Herrick asked about the derivation and origin of the word "numismatist." An interesting discussion followed. Pres. Williams suggested that a great deal of information on the word could be obtained from one of the large-size dictionaries.

A short discussion was held in regard to our entertaining the Toronto Coin Club at a return meeting.

A motion was made and seconded that the secretary write a letter of thanks to the Toronto Coin Club for the pleasant time enjoyed as their guests.

Mr. Herrick displayed photographs (nine times enlarged) of two gold coins bringing out the features of overdates.

Mr. Williams told the club about some cards that hold coins presented by the Erie County Savings Bank to its young depositors, teaching them the denomination values and the saving idea. Mr. Metz promised to bring some to the club members.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—June 9. Meeting was called to order by Vice-President Herrick, with 17 members and one guest present.

Mr. Metz brought each member one coin board as a gift from the bank. A vote of thanks was given Mr. Metz.

Dr. Wild presented the Club with an invitation to hold one of our summer meetings at his summer home in July.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Thirty-ninth meeting, June 13, Vice President John M. Carls presiding. Twelve members and one visitor present.

The latest publication, Stack's Numismatic Guide, presented to the members, was greatly appreciated.

Exhibits at the meeting were as follows:

Louis Wiliczynski: 1878-P silver dollar with seven feathers, proof; 1904-P silver dollar, proof; 1899-P silver dollar, proof; 1904 (set) Louisiana Purchase Exposition, unc.; 1854 small gold dollar with die break on the reverse.

Karl Borseth: 1883 20 francs, Switzerland, unc.; 1884 20 francs, Hungary, unc.; 1894-S kronor, Oscar III, Sweden, unc.; 1895 10 kronor, Oscar II, Sweden, proof; 1899, 20 kronor, Oscar II, Sweden, unc.; 1862, one ducat, Carl XV, Sweden, unc.

NUMISMATIC SIDELIGHT ON LIBYA.

Activity in Libya in the present war brings to mind the ancient story of Apollo and his bride Cyrene, who went to live in their new home, with Libya.

The ancient Cyrenaica, with its city of Cyrene, was closely associated with the Greek deities. The famous plant of Cyrenaica was silphium, a plant which in classical times was uncultivated, but was widely sought for medicinal and flavoring qualities. The juice of the plant was obtained by slitting the stalk or root, and as a rule the plant died shortly thereafter. As a result, the plant is now extinct, but there are still types of asafoetida which resemble it.

The silphium plant appears on the coinage of Cyrene and the surrounding towns from the earliest period to the Roman era. It was one of the most famous plants of antiquity, and had a tremendous commercial significance to the Hellenic states.

AMERICANS TO BE PAID IN POUNDS AND SHILLINGS

Through the courtesy of Farran Zerbe, former President of the A. N. A., we are advised that Americans, whether military or employed as civilians in connection with the air base in Bermuda, are to be paid in sterling at the fixed rate of \$4.04 per pound sterling. They will have the option of obtaining some of their earnings paid by check, drawn on an American bank in dollars, but for living expenses they will receive Bermuda currency computed at the official rate.

HEARN'S TO HAVE HOBBY SHOW DURING JULY IN NEW YORK.

The American Hobby Federation of New York City is sponsoring the Annual American Hobby Show this year in Hearn's Auditorium, Fifth Avenue and Fourteenth street, New York, from July 14 to July 26. The auditorium is air-cooled, so that the exhibit, which will include hobbies of every type, will be very popular.

NEW COIN FIRM IN NEW YORK CITY

A new numismatic firm announces the opening of a store in New York City at 1681 Broadway, to be known as Wittlin, Inc., the Coin Store on Broadway. A. Wittlin and P. H. Wittlin are announced as the members of the firm, with F. M. Sternberg as Expert.

A Dream Come True!!



My life-long ambition and dream to catalog and successfully sell the Celebrated Dunham Collection came true!

This Catalog and Sale has been pronounced the most outstanding numismatic event in the entire history of American Numismatics!

The Sale was an even greater success than I hoped for or anticipated. **Nine hundred** bidders were represented at the Sale! New records made.

The 1804 Dollar brought \$4,250.00. A new record for single silver coin. The 1822 Half Eagle brought \$11,575.00, which is the highest sum ever realized for a single U. S. coin (and probably the highest in the world).

The total of the Sale will, I believe, be a new record for this country!

While all who have responded with bids or comment were personally and individually thanked by me, I want to publicly acknowledge my deep appreciation of this wonderful expression of confidence and responsiveness on the part of the American and Canadian Collectors.

The Price List is now ready. Its price is \$2.00. I have just a few of the Catalogs left. Price of the Catalog and Price List is \$5.00.

Special full leather bound copies, with original enlarged photographs of the 1804 Dollar, 1822 Half Eagle, and the Kellogg \$50.00. Cover in gold. Your name in gold. Price \$15.00.

Write me for ANY numismatic service.

Again many thanks,

B. MAX MEHL

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Do You Want A 7-Cent Piece?

We have none in stock, but if you are interested in obtaining other coins which do exist, it will be to your advantage to deal with us. Our stock and our services are at your disposal. Our Fourth successful mail auction was held June 12th, and we trust you were one of the many satisfied bidders.

COMMEMORATIVES—OUR JULY SPECIALS ALL UNCIRCULATED

(Limited number in stock. Don't be disappointed. Write air mail.)

COLUMBIAN, 1892	\$.95	TEXAS, 1934	1.20
PILGRIM, 1920	1.20	ARKANSAS, 1935, P-D-S SET	8.00
MAINE, 1920	3.10	TEXAS, 1935, P-D-S SET	3.75
MISSOURI, 1921, 2*4, RARE	21.00	BOONE, 1935, P-D-S SET	8.25
GRANT, 1922, NO STAR	1.60	CONNECTICUT, 1935	2.50
MONROE, 1923	1.40	ARKANSAS, 1936, P-D-S SET	5.00
HUGUENOT-WALLOON, 1924	2.00	LONG ISLAND, 1936	1.10
LEXINGTON, 1925	1.60	COLUMBIA, S. C., 1936, P-D-S	
STONE MOUNTAIN, 1925	.90	SET	6.25
CALIFORNIA, 1925	2.00	OREGON TRAIL, 1936	1.60
OREGON TRAIL, 1926	1.45	ROBINSON-ARKANSAS, 1936	1.50
BENNINGTON, 1927	2.25	NEW ROCHELLE, 1938	1.80
HAWAII, 1928	10.50		

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We have a number of choice colonial coins in stock and shall be pleased to hear from interested collectors.

Our stock of European Crowns is still considered outstanding.

We are glad to ship on approval from our large and varied stock of coins, medals, paper money, and numismatic books. We are also anxious to buy choice items. What have you to sell?

Consignments now being booked for our Fall Auction. Permit us to convert your duplicates into cash or other numismatic material.

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Hundreds of choice Crowns from 1486, and a specialized collection of Italy.

About 250 choice Ancient Greek Silver coins and a splendid collection of about 1000 Roman coins, many rare Rulers.

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**Intend to come to Phila-
delphia without visiting
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That's like leaving over the
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Perhaps, a look at the Menu will
change your mind.

Interested?

See Menu.

Thursday, August 21, 7.30 P.M.

and

Friday, August 22, 1.30 P.M.

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We are ready to buy for immediate cash, up to \$10,000 in U. S. minor coins at the prices indicated, as follows:

	Price per 100.
Large Cents	\$ 9.00
Eagle Cents	7.00
White Cents	5.00
2c. 1864-5	3.00
2c. Other Dates	7.00
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3c. Silver	9.00
Shield Nickels	18.00
Miscellaneous Foreign Coins. Per 1000	7.00

The condition of each coin must be v. good average or better. Any coins that do not meet this standard of quality will be accepted at a price consistent with condition. Take advantage of these extremely liberal prices and send along what you have available. Prices subject to change.

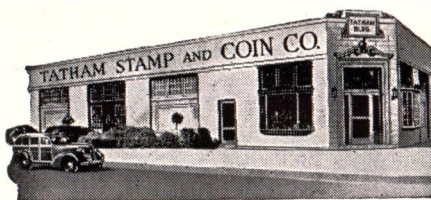
BID AND ASK QUOTATIONS

Our recent listings under this title have been very popular, and this is possibly due to the incorporation of items that are in greatest demand at the present time. We will purchase any of the coins that you may have available in the condition stipulated at our "bid" price. We will sell any of the items at our "ask" price. We are also interested in purchasing other items in the line of U. S. and foreign coins that are not listed below and suggest that you submit a list of what you may have to offer. All prices are subject to change.

U. S. Proof Sets.	Bid.	Ask.
1936	\$10.50	\$13.50
1937	4.25	6.00
1938	3.25	4.50
1939	3.00	4.00
1940	2.25	3.00
1941	1.80	2.25

Miscellaneous.	Bid.	Ask.
1856 F. eagle cent, pr.	\$50.00	\$60.00
1856 F. eagle cent, unc.	42.00	52.00
1856 F. eagle cent fine	35.00	45.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. \$50 round	250.00	290.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. \$50 oct.	200.00	240.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. Com. set	475.00	535.00

Unc. Commemoratives.	Bid.	Ask.
1915 Pan.-Pac.	\$ 7.50	\$ 9.50
1921 Missouri	8.00	11.00
1921 Missouri 2*4	15.00	17.75
1922 Grant *	30.00	34.00
1928 Hawaii	7.00	9.00
1935/34 Boones S&D	24.00	27.50
1936 Cincinnati PD&S	12.00	14.50
1937 Boone S&D	15.00	18.50
1938 Boone PD&S	14.00	18.00
1938 Texas PD&S	8.00	10.00
1939 Arkansas PD&S	16.00	18.00
1939 Oregon PD&S	10.00	13.00
Comp. set 111 pieces	260.00	300.00
Comp. set Com. gold \$1 & \$2 1/2	65.00	85.00



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SPECIAL COMMEMORATIVE HALF DOLLAR SALE.**ALL UNCIRCULATED BRILLIANT.**

1892 COLUMBIAN	\$.85	1935 SAN DIEGO	\$ 1.05
1893 COLUMBIAN	.75	1935 OLD SPANISH TRAIL	3.90
1893 ISABELLA \$ $\frac{1}{4}$		1935 TEXAS	1.20
1900 LAFAYETTE \$1		1935 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	10.00	1936 RHODE ISLAND	1.20
1918 LINCOLN	.95	1936 RHODE ISLAND, D & S	2.90
1920 MAINE	2.70	1936 ARKANSAS	1.50
1920 PILGRIM	1.00	1936 ARKANSAS, D & S	2.60
1921 PILGRIM	4.90	1936 ARKANSAS, ROBINSON....	
1921 MISSOURI {		1936 TEXAS	1.20
1921 MISSOURI 2*4 } Set.....	32.00	1936 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1921 ALABAMA	3.00	1936 BOONE	1.15
1921 ALABAMA 2x2	9.25	1936 BOONE, D & S	5.90
1922 GRANT	1.35	1936 CINCINNATI, P,D,&S Set	16.00
1922 GRANT "STAR"	40.50	1936 CLEVELAND	.80
1923 MONROE	1.15	1936 OREGON TRAIL	1.10
1924 HUGUENOT	1.60	1936 OREGON TRAIL, S	4.70
1925 LEXINGTON	1.15	1936 LYNCHBURG	1.95
1925 STONE MOUNTAIN	.75	1936 LONG ISLAND	1.10
1925 CALIFORNIA	1.70	1936 COLUMBIA S. C., P D & S	5.40
1925 VANCOUVER	5.70	1936 WISCONSIN	1.20
1925 NORSE, THIN	2.25	1936 YORK COUNTY	1.25
1925 NORSE, THICK		1936 ELGIN	1.20
1926 SESQUI	1.10	1936 BRIDGEPORT	1.45
1926 OREGON	1.00	1936 ALBANY	1.35
1926 OREGON, S	1.00	1936 SAN FRANCISCO BRIDGE	1.45
1927 BENNINGTON	2.00	1936 NORFOLK	1.35
1928 HAWAII	9.70	1936 SAN DIEGO, D	1.40
1928 OREGON	2.90	1936 SWEDISH DELAWARE	1.60
1933 OREGON, D	5.40	1936 GETTYSBURG, P	
1934 OREGON, D	2.95	1937 SIR WALTER RALEIGH	2.00
1934 MARYLAND	1.05	1937 OREGON TRAIL, D	1.15
1934 TEXAS	1.05	1937 BOONE, P, D & S	
1934 BOONE	1.70	1937 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	
1935 BOONE	1.20	1937 ANTIETAM	2.00
1935 BOONE, D & S	6.40	1937 TEXAS, P, D & S	
1935 BOONE, SMALL 1934	1.10	1938 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.85
1935 BOONE, D. SM. 1934 }		1938 NEW ROCHELLE	1.45
1935 BOONE, S. SM. 1934 } Set	27.85	1938 BOONE, P, D & S	
1935 CONNECTICUT	2.20	1938 TEXAS, P, D & S	
1935 ARKANSAS	1.45	1938 OREGON, P, D & S	5.00
1935 ARKANSAS, D & S	5.90	1939 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	20.75
1935 HUDSON	4.95	1939 OREGON TRAIL, P, D & S	14.85

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD COINS.

1903 JEFFERSON	\$ 4.95	1917 McKINLEY	\$ 6.80
1903 McKINLEY	4.95	1922 GRANT	9.40
1904 LEWIS & CLARK	14.45	1922 GRANT, "STAR"	5.95
1905 LEWIS & CLARK	13.95	1926 \$2.50 SESQUI	4.90
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	3.95	1915 PAN-PACIFIC \$2.50	
1916 McKINLEY	4.25		

An Unc. Pan-Pac. Exp. set, complete, comprising a \$50.00 Octagon, \$50.00 Round, \$2.50 and \$1.00 Gold, also Silver Half Dollar. Framed and as perfect as the day issued. **Price, \$620.00.**

TERMS: NET CASH WITH ORDER. \$5.00 or over, postpaid and insured.

WILLIAM J. SCHULTZ

419 First National Bank Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

IN THE MONTH OF JUNE, 1828,

The Salem Gazette of Salem, Mass., made the first announcement of a Public Coin Sale in this country, offering "350 Ancient Coins, Property of Benjamin H. Watkins."

One hundred and thirteen years after this first sale, I held my June Sale at the Parker House, in Boston.

This, my twelfth sale, consisted of 1071 lots of U. S. Copper, Nickel and Silver Coins, mostly in beautiful uncirculated and proof condition.

These sales have met with my every expectation. The attendance has been very good and the mail-order bids from all over the U. S. have increased with each sale. Testimonials previously printed in The Numismatist are augmented by the following extracts taken from recent letters:

May 14, 1941.

Dear Mr. Grant: I enclose bid sheet for your May 20th, 1941, Auction. It comes to Three hundred and thirty-two dollars and sixty cents.

Letter from the same customer on May 23, 1941:

"I acknowledge receipt of the coins, also memorandum of purchase which I have checked and found correct. I am very much pleased with the way you handle my bids and want to thank you for the kind interest you have shown. The coins are beauties. I am very much pleased."

Following these letters I received another from which I give the following extract:

June 10, 1941.

My dear Mr. Grant: I enclose my bids for your June 17th Auction, which amount in the aggregate to One Thousand two hundred and seventy-eight dollars and fifty-five cents (\$1,278.55).

Enclosed with the above letter were bids on 576 lots, more than half of the total lots listed in this sale, also the Bidder's check for over \$300.00 as twenty-five per cent. of the amount of his bids. (This was unnecessary as his credit had already been established.)

I want a continuance of your patronage this fall. Remember, if any lots purchased at my sales do not meet with your expectations you may return them within three days from the date received and I will issue full credit without question or argument.

KEEP POSTED on present prices by enclosing 20c. in stamps for "PRICE REALIZED SHEET." I solicit your bids for coming sales, also a list of the coins you would like catalogued this fall.

**Bourse Table at the A. N. A. Convention, Philadelphia,
August 16th to 21st.**

If you cannot attend and have a few rare coins you would like to dispose of, send them to me on consignment to be sold at the Convention. The usual commission will be charged if the sale is made. If I do not think I can sell at your price, I will return your coins at once. I cannot handle low-priced coins at the Convention.

HORACE M. GRANT
109 Empire Street, Providence, R. I.

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In Early August**

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Catalog Free. Price List 50c.

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Australia—Victoria, One Pound, Very Fine, Date 1858	12.00
Belgium—Leopold II, 20 Francs, Very Fine, Date 1876	\$ 8.50
England—George V, One Pound, Brilliant Proof, Date 1911 ...	12.50
England—George IV, One Pound, Semi-Proof, Date 1825	12.50
France—Republic, 100 Francs, Very Fine, Date 1881	40.00
France—Republic, 20 Francs, Uncirculated, Date 1906	8.50
France—Napoleon III, 50 Francs, Very Fine, Date 1855	21.00
France—Napoleon, Premier, 40 Francs, Date 1812, Fine	17.00
Germany—George V of Hanover, 10 Thalers, Very Fine, Date 1855	20.00
Greece—George I, 20 Drachma, Very Fine, Date 1884	10.00
Italy—Napoleon, 40 Lire, Fine, Date 1810	17.00
Italy, Parma, Maria Louise, 40 Lire, Fine, Date 1815	17.00
Italy—Sicily, Giocchino Napoleon, 20 Lire, Fine, Date 1813 ...	8.50
Monaco—Albert I, 100 Francs, Very Fine, Date 1904	40.00
Portugal—Ludovicus I, 10,000 Reis, Very Fine, Date 1885	21.00
Poland—Alexander I, 50 Zloty, Fine, Date 1818	18.00
Poland—August III, Dresden Mint, Ducat, Date 1750, Very Fine	10.00
Russia—Nicholas II, 15 Roubles, Extremely Fine, Date 1897 ..	20.00
Russia—Nicholas II, 10 Roubles, Very Fine, Date 1902	12.00
Russia—Nicholas II, 7½ Roubles, Fine, Date 1897	10.00
Roumania—Carol I, 20 Lei, Very Fine, Date 1883	10.00
Spain—Alfonso XII, 25 Pesetas, Very Fine, Date 1880	10.00
South Africa—Republic, Kruger Pound, Very Fine, Date 1898	10.00
Sardinia—Charles Albert, 100 Lire, Very Fine, Date 1834	40.00
Siam—Set of 1, 4, 8 and 16 Ticals, Rare Set, Bullet Money	55.00
Vatican City—Pope Pius XI, 100 Lire, Very Fine, Date 1930 ..	14.00
Vatican City—Pope Pius IX, 20 Lire, Very Fine, Date 1866 ..	10.00

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1940-S Mint Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	1.25
1940-S Mint Uncirculated	Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.50
1940-S Mint Uncirculated	Dimes, 10 for	1.50
1940-S Mint Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for	3.50
1940-S Mint Uncirculated	Half Dollars, 10 for	6.00
1937-S Mint Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	2.00
1937-S Mint Uncirculated	Buffalo Nickels, 40 for	2.75
1938-S Mint Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	1.75
1938-S Mint Uncirculated	Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.75
1938-S Mint Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for	4.00
1939-S Mint Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	1.50
1939-S Mint Uncirculated	Jefferson Nickels, 40 for	2.50
1939-S Mint Uncirculated	Dimes, 10 for	1.75
1939-S Mint Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for	3.75
1926-S Mint Uncirculated	Silver Dollars, each	1.50

Postage and Insurance extra on orders under \$10.00.

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1859, 1862, 1864 and 1865, 50 Francs. Unc. Each	27.50
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1913, 10 Markkaa, Same as above. Unc.	7.00
1926, 100 Markkaa, lion on sword. Rev. Value and pine sprays. Unc.	10.00
1926, 200 Markkaa, Similar. Unc.	18.00
GERMANY, 1821, 5 Thalers Wilhelm II Kurf Hessen, G. H. V. Fulda, bust r. Rev. 5 Thalers, S. I. Z., 1821, crowned shield of Arms. Fine	9.00
1825, X Thalers, Georgius IV D. G. Brit. Hanover, Rex, F. D. Rev. Brunsvicensis Dux X Thalers 1825 B. Ex. F.	20.00

WATKINS COIN COMPANY

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HISTORICAL

July 4, 1776, LIBERTAS AMERICANA Medal with head of Liberty with cap and pole over shoulder, similar to head on 1794 Cents. Designed by Franklin and executed by artist Dupre of Paris	\$20.00
1774 Carpenter's Hall (Wood of Independence Hall) Gavel, presented in 1874 to Jno. Welsh, Chairman	25.00
1896 Large rare Bryan Money "16 to 1 Nit." Classified, Zerbe No. 107	8.00
1896 ditto "Bryan's Idea of Coinage." Classified, Zerbe No. 90	9.00

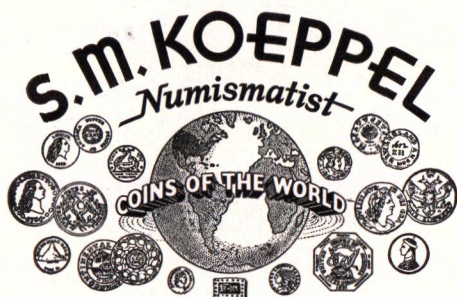
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Alexander II, 1855-81, Fine	1.25
Alexander III, 1881-96, Fine	1.25
Nicholas II, 1896-1918, V. G. 75c; Fine ..	1.00
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UNITED STATES \$1.00 SPECIALS

Good condition unless otherwise stated	
3 Diff. Flying Eagle Cents (1857-58LL-58SL)	
6 Diff. dates copper nickel cents (1859-64)	
20 Diff. uncirculated Lincoln Cents	
3 Different dates of Half Cents	

1913-P-D&S, Type I Buff. Nickels (set of 3)	
1913-D & S, Type 2 Buff. Nickels (2 coins)	
1914-P, D&S, Type 2 Buff. Nickels (set of 3)	
10 Dates of Buff. Nickels (1915-38) (any date or mint mark)	
1938, '39, '40, P, D & S Jefferson Nickels, Uncirculated (set of 9 coins)	
Half Dollar, before 1820	
10 Different Civil War Cents	
Stone Mount, Columbian, San Diego, Monroe, Cleveland, Texas Commemorative Halves, Uncirculated, EACH	\$1.00
3 Diff. pieces of Fractional Currency (Different Values)	

FOREIGN \$1.00 SPECIALS

Condition Fine unless otherwise stated	
50 Diff. Foreign coins, V. G.-Fine	
20 Diff. Small Silver coins	
8 Diff. 20c and 25c size Silver coins	
4 Diff. 40c and 60c size Silver coins	
2 Diff. Foreign Dollars	
England: 5 different 6 pences	
1727-60 Shilling & 6 pence	
Half Crown, before 1760, very good	
Edw. 8th, compl. set of 7 coins, Unc.	
China: B. C. 300 Forkshaped Pu	
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1877-S, ea.	1.50
1892-1893, ea.	1.50
1895-1896, ea.	1.85
1898 to 1904 inc., ea.	1.50
1906 to 1912 inc., ea.	1.50
1913-D, ea.	6.75
1915 ea.	2.25
1918 ea.	7.50
1903-O Ex. F., ea.	1.35
1912-S Ex. F., ea.	1.35
1914-S F., ea.	1.35
$\frac{1}{4}$ DOLLARS, BR. UNC.	
1877-S, 1891-S ea.	1.15
1892	1.50
1893	1.75
1895, 1896, ea.	1.75
1899 to 1904, ea.	1.40
1907-8-9, ea.	1.40
1908 O or D, ea.	1.65
1911, 1912, ea.	1.25
1915 ea.	2.25
Postage and insurance extra under \$4.	
1917 I ea.	1.50
1917 II ea.	5.25
1918 ea.	5.50
1919 ea.	7.50
1920 ea.	3.50
1926-P Dollar Br. Unc.	1.65
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10 1909 Lin- colns, Br. Unc.	1.00
15 1909 VDB Lincolns, Br. Unc.	1.00
5 1911 Lin- colns, Br. Unc.	1.00
5 1916 Lin- colns, Br. Unc.	1.00
5 1920 Lin- colns, Br. Unc.	1.00
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SIZE OF DIAGRAM BELOW

DENOMINATION

DATE AND DESCRIPTION

DATE PURCHASED

FROM WHOM PURCH'D

PRICE PAID

	PER 1000
BOND, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	\$3.00
KRAFT, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	2.75
MANILA, PRINTED LIKE ABOVE	2.50
BOND, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.50
KRAFT, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.25
MANILA, PLAIN, NOT PRINTED	1.25

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Hays 6—Chapman 29—Sharp struck cent	6.50
Hays 12—Chapman 45—Fine to very fine	4.50
Hays 7—Chapman 31—Fine	12.50
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Hays 14—Chapman 46—Very good	3.50
Hays 14—Chapman 46 13—Fine, sharp	10.00
Hays 15—Chapman 40—Very good, \$2.50. Fine	4.50
Hays 16—Chapman 39—Very good	2.50
Hays 16—Chapman 39-B—Die broken, Rarity 8, very good	12.50
Hays 17—Chapman 8—Very good	3.50
Hays 18—Chapman 7—Rarity 6, very good	12.50
Hays 19—Chapman 9—Fine, \$5.50. Very fine	7.50
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Hays 21—Chapman 18—Fine	4.50
Hays 23—Chapman 20—Obverse fine, reverse v. good	3.00
Hays 24—Chapman 21—Fine	4.50
Hays 25—Chapman 19—Extremely rare, very good	35.00
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Hays 32—Chapman 38—Fallen 4, nearly fine	5.00
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Hays 37—Chapman 22—Fine	7.50
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Hays 51—Chapman 56-B—Fine	4.50
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 Silver and nickel 3c. pieces.
 Half dimes and dimes, many dates.
 1883 nickels, v. f., 10c. ea.
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1859 Indian Head, Unc., brilliant \$1.59. About Unc. 79c.

1860 about Unc. 69c. V. fine, sharp 29c.

1861 Unc. brilliant, v. rare \$3.49. About Unc., v. sharp, \$1.79 (worth about \$3.00).

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1913-D Unc., red \$2.89. 1916-D Unc. red 89c.

1919-D Unc. red 69c. Ex. fine, v. sharp 19c.

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1927-P Unc. red 19c. 1931-P Unc. red, scarce 39c.

1931-D Unc. red, rare \$1.29. Ex. fine, sharp 19c.

1932-P-D Unc. brilliant, the pair 39c.

1933-P Unc. br., v. scarce 29c.

1933-D Unc. brilliant 09c.

1934-P-D, 1935, '36, '37, '38 and 1939-P-S-D, Unc., set of 17 (Catalogues \$1.40), only 49c.

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1866-67 Unc., each 89c. 1868 Ex. fine 39c. 1869 Unc. \$1.19. Ex. fine 39c.

U. S. 3c Nickels, 1865 Unc. 29c. 1867 Unc. 39c.

1873-1879-1881 and 1883, Br. Proof, each \$1.29.

1881 Unc., V. brilliant 49c. Ex. fine, sharp 19c.

1888-89 Br. Proof, each 99c.

U. S. 5c Nickels, 1882 Unc., very brilliant, with brilliant surface 69c.

1883 Unc., V. brilliant 59c.

1883 No Cents, Unc. brilliant 19c. About Unc. 09c.

1912-D First year struck at the Denver Mint, fine 09c.

1913 Buffalos, D Mint, Type I, Ex. fine 39c. V. fine 29c. Fine 19c.

1914-15-S Fine, each 19c.

1915-D Fine, V. scarce 29c.

1916-S-D, 1917-D, 1918-'19 and 1920-S-D, Fine, each 09c.

1923-S, V. fine 29c. Fine 09c.

1924-S fine 19c.

1924-D V. fine 29c. Fine 09c. 1929-S Ex. fine 09c.

1925-S V. fine 19c. Fine 09c. 1926-S V. fine, rare 89c.

1927-S Ex. fine 59c. V. fine 29c. Fine 09c.

1929-D Unc. 29c. 1934-D Unc. 19c.

1936-S and D Unc., the pair 19c. 1937-P-S-D Unc., set 29c.

1939-P-S-D. 1938 Jeff. P-S-D, Unc. set of 6 39c.

U. S. Dimes, 1875-P Mint, Unc. 39c. Br. Proof \$1.19.

1929-D Unc. 29c. 1934-D Unc. 19c.

1938-'39-P-S-D Unc., set of 6 69c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollars, 1937-D Unc. 49c.

1939-S or D, Unc., each 39c.

1940-S and D, Unc., the pair 59c.

U. S. $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollars, 1937-D Unc. 89c.

1938-D Unc., 79c.

1939-S or D, Unc., each 69c. 1940-S Unc. 59c.

U. S. Dollars, 1926-D, Unc. \$1.19.

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copy	.30	2.00
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ditto, printed regulation		
copy	.35	2.10
Kraft 2x2, with cellophane window	.50	3.50
ditto, printed regulation		
copy	.75	4.50
Glassine, 2x2	.25	1.50
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Send for my low prices on individual
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Trade Dollars, Very Fine to Proof.

Most Rare Dates and Mint Marks.

Half Dollars, 1794, Fine \$25.00; 1815, Ex.
Fine, \$18.00; 1815 Brill. Unc. Gem,
\$40.00. Most Rare Dates, Mint Marks,
1794 to 1940 in stock.

Quarters, Dimes, Half Dimes, Small Cents.

Large Stock Fine to Proof.

Set Proof Nickels. 1866 to 1912. All
Brilliant. 1867 Rays, 1912-D, 1912-S,
Brill. Unc. In Three Leatherette
Holders \$150.00

1873 Rare Proof Set. 14 Pieces, Cent to
Trade Dollar. All Choice. (Try to
complete this one). In Leatherette
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Nice Stock. Many Rare Items.

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Pope Benedict XIV, zecchino, V.	
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Tari, cufic inscript	6.00
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Spain, Charles III	
Spain, Charles IV, 2 Scudos	
Spain, Ferd. VII, (F.-V. F.)	8.50-10.00
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40 Lire, V. F.	16.50
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Venice, Fr. Molin, 15 ducats, V. F.	175.00
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Souverains d'or, E. F., some	
proof lustre	400.00
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with human and animal de- signs. These extremely rare gold pieces were presents given by the shah to his favor- ites, together	275.00

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1849	Unc. 1.00.	V. Fn.	.75
1849	Gd.		.25
1849-O	Fn.		2.75
1850	Unc. 1.25.	X. Fn.	.85
1850-O	V. Fn. 1.00.	V. Gd.	.75
1851	Unc. 1.25.	Fn.	.50
1852	Unc. 1.75.	Fn.	.75
1853 Arrows	Unc. .65.	Fn.	.25
1853 No Arrows	Unc. 4.00.	Fn.	.85
1854	Unc. .65.	X. Fn.	.50
1854-O	Gd.		.20
1855	Unc. .65.	Gd.	.15
1855-O	Unc. 4.00.	Gd.	.25
1856	Unc. .85.	Fn.	.50
1856-O	V. Fn. 1.00.	Gd.	.25
1857	Unc. .50.	V. Gd.	.15
1857-O	X. Fn. .60.	Gd.	.20
1858	Prf. 4.50.	Unc.	.60
1858	V. Fn. .50.	V. Gd.	.25
1858-O	Unc. 1.25.	Fn.	.45
1859	Prf. 2.50.	V. Fn.	.50
1859	V. Gd. .25.	Gd.	.15
1859-O	Unc. .85.	Fn.	.35
1860	Prf. 2.50.	V. Fn.	.50
1860	Prf. 4.50.	Unc.	1.00
1861	Prf. 4.00.	Unc.	.65
1862	Prf. 1.75.	Unc.	.65
1863	Prf.		2.75
1863-S	Unc. 5.50.	Fn.	2.00

And practically all later dates and
mints. Mailing charge 10c. on orders
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Why not cash in on this opportunity?

Write me now for your reservation.

Send list and description of anything you have for sale, either for cash or list in this sale.

Can do justice to nice coins or collection.

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Half Cents, Large Cents, Two-cent pieces, Three-cent pieces and Twenty-cent pieces of all dates.

Indian Head Cents before 1880.

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Liberty Head Nickels, 1883 "Cents," 1884, 1885, 1886, 1888 and 1912-S.

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Mercury Head Dime 1916-D only.

All to be strictly good or better, none damaged. Write before sending. Will consider the purchase of other material in conjunction with any of these items as a lot.

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18 Pence, April 3, 1772, Good	75c.
2 Shillings, April 3, 1772, Fair	50c.
2 Shillings, Oct. 1, 1773, Good	25c.
2 Shillings 6 Pence, Oct. 1, 1773, Good	35c.
5 Shillings, Oct. 1, 1773, Good	25c.
15 Shillings, Oct. 1, 1773, Fine	75c.
50 Shillings, Oct. 1, 1773, Fine	75c.
3 Pence, Apr. 10, 1777, Good	25c.
4 Pence, Apr. 10, 1777, Good	25c.
9 Pence, Apr. 10, 1777, Fine	75c.
20 Shillings, Apr. 10, 1777, Fine	50c.

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\$20 Gold, 1885-S, V. Good	\$33.00
\$20 Gold, 1907 Roman numerals, flat edge, abt. Unc.	38.00
\$10 Gold, 1932 Uncirculated	20.00
\$ 5 Gold, 1901 Uncirculated	9.25
\$ 5 Gold, 1903 Abt. Unc.	8.50
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\$ 3 Gold, 1856 V. Fine	6.00
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1840 Ex. Fine, semi-proof surface	9.50
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Br. Unc. Silver Dollars (Whole-sale), 1922 and 1927 — Ten of each	25.00
(One of each)	3.15

Satisfaction guaranteed. Postpaid and Insured.

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Everything in Small Cents. List free.

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For	Size	Per 100
Silver Dollar	1	65c
Half Dollar	2	50c
Quarters, Large Cents	3	35c
Dimes, Nickels, Cents	4	25c

Dealers Write for Wholesale Prices.

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DEPT. N
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ROMAN COINS

FOR MY COLLECTION

CHOICE CONDITION ONLY

Please submit list before sending coins.

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German notgeld before 1918. Notgeld of France, Portugal, Finland, Russia, Poland, etc.

Who has a copy of Keller's catalogs on German paper money and notgeld to sell?

German and French encased postage stamps of the World War.

Unusual Emergency monies of the World War, as leather, silk, linen, etc.

State what you have the first letter, together with lowest price.

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ONLY.

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1941 D & P and 1940 S D P Cents, \$1.50 per 100, \$6.75 per 500, \$12.50 per 1000.
1941 S D P Nickels and 1940 S D P Nickels, \$2.50 per roll, 5 rolls asst. \$12.00.
1941 S D P Dimes, 1940 S D P Dimes, \$6.00 per roll.
1941 D & P Quarters, 1940 S D P Quarters, 10 for \$3.50, per roll \$11.50.
1941 D & P Half Dollars, 1940 S D P Half Dollars, 10 for \$6.00, per roll \$11.50.
1935 S, 1936 S & D, 1937 S & D Half Dollars, 10 for \$8.50, per roll \$15.00.
1937 S & D Nickels, \$3.00 per roll, 5 rolls asst. \$14.50.
Orders prepaid \$5.00 or more.

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A. N. A. 4966

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See page 336, May Numismatist.
Champagne Thaler, Fred. IV, 1841.
VF \$ 3.25

U. S. BARGAINS

1937 Proof Set	\$ 5.95
1828 ½ Cent, Unc. red	1.25
1883 1 Cent, Unc. red	.75
1913 1 Cent, Unc. red 35c. 10 for	2.75
1914-S 1 Cent, Fine	.25
1927-S 1 Cent, Unc. brown	1.50
1940-S & D 1 Cent, 3 for 10c. 50 for	.70
1913 5 Cents, Unc., Type II	.55
1938 5 Cents, Proof	.85
1862 3 Cents, Proof, Silver	2.25
1917 ¼ Dollar, Unc., very slight wear on knee and face	6.50
Type I, Denver.	
1920 ¼ Dollar, Ext. fine	2.25
1893 ½ Dollar, Unc., New Orleans	3.25
1936 ½ Dollar, Unc., Boone	1.20
1938 Set of 3, Unc., Texas	10.50
1938 Set of 3, Unc., Oregon	5.50

I have many more in all U. S. series, and a fine selection of 20th century foreign issues. Send me your want lists.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Cash with order. Add 10c. for postage for orders under \$3.00.

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U. S. — ODDS AND ENDS — U. S.	
1858 Cent, small letters, Unc.	\$ 2.00
1857 Cent, Unc.	1.00
2 1858 Cents, S. L., about Unc.	2.00
5 Flying Eagle Cents, 1857-58, V. fine	1.50
1864 Cent, L on Ribbon, about Fine	3.00
1872 Cent, Red, Unc., scarce	5.50
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1787 Mass. Cent, very fine	2.50
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10 Half Cents, as is, mixed	1.07
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11 Flying Eagle Cents, mixed	1.00
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6 Diff. Unc. Indian Cents, Brown	1.07
1864 2c. Copper, small motto, fine	3.00
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1852-1853 3c. Silver, Brill. Unc., each	1.13
1854 3c. Silver, Brill. Unc.	3.00
1855 3c. Silver, Brill. Unc.	6.00
1854 3c., fine, 45c. 1855 3c., fine	1.50
14 3c. Nickels, 1865 to 1888, v. good to unc., nice lot	3.00
1796 Half Dime, fine, rare	6.13
1796 Half Dime, Unc., rare	45.00
1797 Half Dime, 16 Stars, good	3.00
1837 44-57 Half Dimes, Ex. fine	1.25
1837 Half Dime, No Stars, Brill. Unc.	1.00
1912-D Nickel Ex. fine, \$1.00 Brill. Unc.	6.00
1856 Gold Dollar, upright 6, Unc.	2.50
25 2c. Coppers, mixed dates	1.25
Postage and Insurance extra. Satisfaction or your money refunded.	

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or Single Copies.

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Condition.

Your list of material, stating price desired and condition of coins, will be appreciated.

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U. S. Gold, Philadelphia
Of My Collection

\$20		1836 Ex. F.	\$ 6
1859 Ex. F.	\$35	1837 Unc.	7
1860 Unc.	38	1838 Ex. F.	7
		1839 Ex. F.	8
\$5		1844 V. F.	10
1803 Ex. F.	\$15	1845 V. F.	6
1805 Ex. F.	17	1852 Unc.	6
1807 V. F.	15	1871 V. F.	8
1813 V. F.	16	1872 V. F.	8
1834 Ex. F.	10	1876 V. F.	6
1836 Ex. F.	10	1879 V. F.	5
1837 Ex. F.	10	1880 Fine	6
1838 V. F.	10		\$1
1839 V. F.	10	1873 Unc.	\$ 5
1843 V. F.	10	1874 Unc.	5
1862 Fine	12	1881 Unc.	5
1874 V. G.	10	1885 Unc.	5
\$2½		1887 Unc.	5
1834 Ex. F.	\$ 6	1889 Ex. F.	5
1835 Unc.	6		

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Sent for stamp. Have gold, silver coins of U. S. I am closing out at attractive prices. Also a very few pieces of foreign gold (not on list). Address:

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1911-PDS	1917-PDS	1922-D	1927-PDS
1912-PDS	1918-PDS	1923-P	1928-PDS
1913-PDS	1919-PDS	1924-PS	1929-PDS
1914-PS	1920-PDS	1925-PDS	1930-PDS
1915-P			

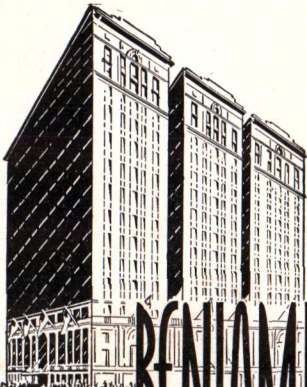
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Corpus Christi, Texas

FOR SALE

Half Cents, many rare ones. Large Cents, about all dates. 1804 ex. good, \$24. Indian Heads, all dates. 1864 L, mint bloom, \$10. 1909 S Mint bloom, \$5.50. Many others same. Must state dates wanted.

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1565 East 17 St., Cleveland, Ohio.



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FRANKLIN**
CHESTNUT at NINTH
PHILADELPHIA



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An Illustrated Monthly For Those Interested in Coins,
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VOL. LIV.

AUGUST, 1941.

No. 8.

Copper Coins Of Sweden

By O. P. EKLUND
Spokane, Wash.

(Continued from last month.)

Oscar I 1844-1859.

Coins Struck at Stockholm.

103. 1/6 skilling banco, 1844-55. Obv., ornate O crowned, three small crowns around; the king's motto, RATT OCH SANNING ("Right and Truth"), above. Rev., value, crossed arrows and date within a wreath of oak.



No. 104.

(Coined 1844, '45, '46, '47, '49, '50, '51, '52, '53, '54, '55.)

104. 1/8 skilling banco, 1844-55. Similar.

(Coined 1844, '45, '46, '47, '48, '50, '51, '52, '53, '54, '55.)

A scarce variety of 1850 shows two dots above the "A" in BANCO. Only coin with this error.

105. 2/8 skilling banco, 1844-55. Obv., OSCAR SVERIGES NORR. GOTH. O. VEND. KONUNG. Head of the King to right. Rev., similar to last.

(Coined 1844, '45, '46, '47, '49, '50, '51, '52, '53, '54, '55.)

106. 1 skilling banco, 1844-55. Similar.

(Coined 1844, '45, '47, '49, '50, '51, '52, '53, '54, '55.)

107. 2 skilling banco, 1844-55. Similar.

(Coined 1844, '45, '46, '47, '49, '50, '51, '52, '53, '54, '55.)

108. 4 skilling banco, 1849-55. Similar.

(Coined 1849, '50, '51, '52, '55. The last date has the word BANCO with large or small letters 2 or 3 mm.).



No. 108.

New coinage.

After a lapse of seventy-four years the "ore" was restored in 1856.

109. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1856-58. Obv., ornate O crowned, three small crowns; the king's motto divided by a radiate star above. Rev., value and date.
 110. 1 ore, 1856-58. Obv., OSCAR SVERIGES NORR. G. O. V. KONUNG. Head to left. Rev., value and date within a wreath of laurel and oak
 111. 2 ore, 1856-58. Similar.
 Coins of all three denominations dated 1856 are rare.



No. 112.

112. 5 ore, 1857-58. Similar.

Charles XV, 1859-1872.

Coins Struck at Stockholm.

113. $\frac{1}{2}$ ore, 1867. Obv., two ornate C's and XV in monogram, crowned; at sides and below, small crowns; LAND SKALL MED LAG BYGGAS ("The country must be built on the Law") above. Rev., value and date.



No. 113.

114. 1 ore, 1860-72. Obv., CARL XV SVERIGES NORR G. O. V. KONUNG. Head of the King to left. Rev., value and date within a wreath of laurel and oak
 (Coined 1860, '61, '62, '63, '64, '65, '66, '67, '70, '71, '72.)
 115. 2 ore, 1860-72. Similar.
 (Coined 1860, '61, '62, '63, '64, '65, '66, '67, '71, '72.)

116. 5 ore, 1860-72. Similar.
(Coined 1860, '61, '62, '63, '64, '65, '66, '67, '72.)



No. 116.

The 1, 2 and 5 ore, 1860, and the 5 ore, 1862, with rosette instead of five-pointed star below the value, are scarce.

Oscar II, 1872-1907.

Coins Struck at Stockholm.

First Coinage.

117. 1 ore, 1873. Obv., OSCAR II SVERIGES NORR. G. O. V. KONUNG.
Head to left. Rev, value and date within a wreath of laurel and oak
118. 2 ore, 1873. Similar.



No. 119.

119. 5 ore, 1873. Similar.

Second Coinage.

120. 1 ore, 1874-1905. Obv., an ornate O inclosing II, crowned; above, the King's motto, BRODRAFOLKENS VAL. ("The welfare of the brother-people"); below, the mint mark of Stockholm, a small bust of St. Erik, the patron saint of the city. (This mint mark is found on all of the following coins). Rev., value and date surrounded by three small crowns.

(Coined all dates from 1873 to 1905, inclusive, except 1887.)

121. 2 ore, 1874-1905. Similar.

(Coined all dates from 1874 to 1905, inclusive, except 1887 and 1903.)



No. 122.

122. 5 ore, 1874-1905. Similar.

(All dates as above except 1893 and 1894.)

After the separation from Norway in 1905 the King's motto, upon the coins was changed from "BRODRAFOLKENSVAL" to "SVERIGES VAL" (The Welfare of Sweden.)

123. 1 ore, 1906-07. Similar to last coinage.

124. 2 ore, 1906-07. Similar.

125. 5 ore, 1906-07. Similar.

Of the one and two ore coins of 1877 and 1878 there are two varieties, with large or small letters in obverse legend. Of the five ore, 1889, two varieties, crown on obverse of old and new type; the legend extending further down on the latter type. Some rare specimens of the five ore, 1882, show the last figure of the date cut over a "1." The two ore, 1876, "6" cut over a "5," is also rare. The one ore, 1879, with long or short obverse legend, etc.

Gustav V, 1907—.

126. 1 ore, 1909-1937. Obv., double G, and V, in monogram, crowned; at sides, the date; the King's motto, MED FOLKET FOR FOSTERLANDET ("With the People for the Fatherland") around. Rev., value and three crowns.

(Coined 1909, '10, '11, '12, '13, '14, '15, '16, '20, '21, '22, '23, '24, '26, '27, '30, '31, '32, '33, '34, '35, '36, '37.)

127. 2 ore, 1909-37. Similar.

(Coined 1909, '10, '12, '13, '14, '15, '16, '19, '20, '21, '22, '23, '25, '26, '27, '28, '30, '31, '32, '33, '34, '35, '36, '37.)

128. 5 ore, 1909-37. Similar.

(Coined 1909, '10, '11, '12, '13, '14, '15, '16, '19, '20, '21, '22, '23, '24, '25, '26, '27, '28, '29, '31, '32, '34, '35, '36, '37.)



No. 128.

Of all three denominations dated 1916 there are two die varieties with the top of the 6 in the date curved or straight. The latter variety is scarce.

Iron Coins Struck During the World War.

129. 1 ore, 1917-19. Same type as the bronze issue.

130. 2 ore, 1917-19. Similar.

131. 5 ore, 1917-19. Similar.

(Editor's Note—The next and final installment of Mr. Eklund's descriptive list will be devoted entirely to the Plate coins of Sweden.)

(To be continued.)

According to a recent account, the term "gringo," which is used frequently by Latin Americans when referring to citizens of the United States, is a colloquial contraction of the word "greenback," which they were unable to pronounce properly. It is easy to see the transition between "greenback" and "gringo." The term came into general usage shortly after the Civil War.

In the calendar year 1939 there was returned to the mint for redemption only a single silver 3-cent piece. No nickel 3-cent pieces were received from the public, nor were any "white" cents. Twenty half-cent pieces were turned in, as was over \$200,000 in gold coin, including thirteen \$3 pieces.

A Discussion of Large Cents, 1793 To 1857

By LOUIS I. KANE
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(Paper read before a recent meeting of the California Coin Club.)

The following treatise is not intended to be an exhaustive study of the American large cent, but only a sketchy outline of the high spots incidental to the collecting of these outmoded but none the less interesting coins. To me the large cents are intriguing, exciting and very instructive. To measure by rule, to identify by position, to differentiate by die breaks—these are the true bases for an intelligent study of coins and are the ideal tools that bring authoritative results.

Of all the issues of American coins the large cents present a larger variety of errors in coinage than any of the others. What with overdates, errors in inscriptions and die breaks, these coins keep one busy and alert in attributing and classifying them when a collection is being assembled. Of course we all know (or do we?) that the official issue of the large cent began in 1793, and the last date of issue was in 1857. None were coined in 1815.

When minting of coins began in the United States the presses were crude and the minters were very green in the art. If the engraver made a mistake, the coins were struck from the die without correction because it was very costly to prepare a new die. So in the fraction we have 1/000 or 1/100 over 1/000, Liberty instead of Liberty. If, as happened in some years, dies could not be prepared in time, the old dies of a previous year would be changed by engraving the date of the current year over the previous year. Examples are numerous—look at 1807 over 1806, 1811 over 1810, 1823 over 1822, etc.

And if perchance (and this happened frequently) the die cracked, it made no difference to the boys at the mint. They went along merrily turning out the coins just the same. If the number of cracks increased, it still made no appreciable impression on anyone. The minting must proceed. The results are seen on the coins. First, we have one die break, then another, then perhaps a third or a fourth. And so life becomes more interesting and exciting with every die break. To illustrate how many varieties could be minted in one year, take 1798. I have been told that more than 90 different varieties were minted if each variety is to be considered a separate minting.

If the collector is really serious, then the identification and classification of the varieties becomes a work of science. Doughty prescribes a method for the years beginning with 1793 and including 1814. Andrews sets a method for the years beginning with 1816 to 1857. Crosby illustrates the genuine and counterfeit 1793. Then we have Frossard, Hays and Newcomb, who do their bit in attributing various years.

As a matter of interest, let us see what Doughty does to identify coins from 1793 to 1814. He uses as a standard of count the 1/16th part of an inch, and applies it to the following points of the obverse side:

- 1—From the tip of the nose to the right side of lowest point of the Y of Liberty.
- 2—From the tip of the nose to the left side of the lowest point of the L of Liberty.
- 3—From the lowest point of the left side of the L of Liberty to the lowest point of the right side of the Y of Liberty.
- 4—From the left side of the first digit of the date to the right side of the last digit of the date.
- 5—Then he identifies other coins as to large date or small date, large fraction or small fraction, etc.

And when he checks the reverse side, he uses the following:

- 1—The number of berries on the left wreath.
- 2—The number of berries on the right wreath.

- 3—The position of the numerator to the knot of the wreath.
- 4—Stems on the wreath or stemless wreath.
- 5—Length of the left stem and length of the right stem.
- 6—The position of the C in cent to the lowest leaf on left wreath.
- 7—And now comes the most eye-straining measurement:
 - (a) The distance from the letter D of United to the first S of States.
 - (b) The distance from the final S of States to the O in Of.
 - (c) The distance from the O in Of to the first A in America.

The above standards are only the major tests. There are others of lesser value. These checks apply to the coins of 1793 to 1814.

Now comes Andrews, who uses the following method for cents beginning with 1816 (no cents minted for 1815) to 1857, the last year of coinage of large cents.

For the obverse side, he says "Notice the position of the curl of the hair over the date (he uses the last two digits as the guide). (2) Relation of the point of the sixth star to the point of the coronet; whether opposite, right or left, or slightly so."

He then goes on to describe other peculiarities that aid him in classifying the varieties, such as divided date, wide date, die breaks in different positions.

As to the reverse, these are his instructions:

"The wreath is composed of twenty-seven leaves and thirteen berries. They are numbered from left to right.

"The point of the sixth leaf under D in United, the thirteenth under final S in States, the fifteenth under F of Of, the twenty-third under C in America, are subject to the most changes of position; sufficient sometimes to distinguish the piece without further comparison."

To the above he adds other features, such as die breaks, defective letters, letters out of line, etc.

To say that the foregoing is all there is to the study of large cents is falling far short of the mark.

The large cents are always valuable, but the rarity of the issue increases its intrinsic worth. Doughty has taken considerable trouble to point out for each year the degree of rarity. It runs from No. 1 to No. 8, and is truly a gauge if one is looking for interesting varieties.

Some shining examples follow:

1793—The lowest degree of rarity is No. 3. But the highest is No. 8 and is known as the Clover Leaf, or Laurel Leaf or Strawberry. There are very few of this variety extant. If you have one, hold on to it, for it is worth far more than its weight in gold.

1799—Doughty lists No. 137 as rarity No. 8, and No. 138 as rarity No. 8. I would think that these coins should also be worth something not inconsequential. Watch out for counterfeits.

1804—Doughty lists only one variety as No. 198 and of No. 7 degree. Watch out for counterfeits.

1803—I slipped up by not keeping in order, but I just noticed my very interesting 1803 cent. Doughty calls it "large date." It is usually described as the large date and large fraction and rates No. 5 rarity.

I could go on and on and on to show the all-absorbing features of many of the large cents, but I think I have in this rather brief monograph given you an inkling of the importance the large cents rank in the field of numismatics.

OBsolete HAITIAN BANK NOTES.

One of the early Haitian issues of bank notes is dated 1827. The denominations are stated in gourdes, and those notes which are of the two-gourde value have 200 in the panels, indicating 200 centimes. These notes are yellow. There are also white two-gourde notes, printed by Waterlow & Son, England, which have the value 100 in the panels at the sides of the note. Anyone familiar with this period and having an explanation of this seeming confusion is asked to advise the editor.

Factors Determining The Appreciation Of Artistry In Numismatics

By R. WYLIE SMITH
Chicago, Ill.

Volumes have been dedicated to the theory, practice, and explanation of aesthetics, but few such voluminous reports are concerned with verifiable data dealing with the appreciation of the artistic, the supreme attainment of which is beauty, in the numismatic field. Generalizations such as "I know what I like!" or "This looks good to me!" usually lack substantial foundation in the individual's subliminal personality, but remain purely ephemeral surface manifestations, lacking a real basic understanding of the values involved, and of how such values directly influence the appreciation of artistry as developed in numismatics. I shall attempt to bring a degree of objectivity into a seemingly vague and intangible field.

First of all, just what does the average man on the street "like" about any given design? Is it the subject, the form, the material, the linear pattern, the color (or patina), the texture (or surface quality), the die work, et al., or what? Studies have shown a definite preference by the generality of persons for **realism**, i.e., the "true to life." No design can remain secure on such a basis; some idealization and interpretation is fundamental, as well as a stressing of the relatively more important elements, and a subordination or entire deletion of non-essentials of detail; always allowing due consideration for the limitations in shape and size of the surface area of the coin or medal.

Novelty and a touch of the incomprehensible have a decided attraction for most people. Something unusual in the design is sure to attract attention, and may distract from or even destroy the basic unity and "oneness" of the whole. Many (or most) of the late United States commemorative half dollars fail, more or less, to organize and integrate the batch of incompatible motifs and elements which they crowd into a very limited area, and thus exclude even an elementary unity of conception. It is hardly necessary to stress the infinite superiority of most European commemorative coin designs over our own miserable productions.

Utility, and the law, are, of course, paramount when considering the merits or demerits of any new coin type, but there is absolutely no valid reason why the artistic qualities should not receive particular attention also. All new designs under consideration for possible adoption should first be judged and evaluated by an association or commission composed of artists, art instructors and students of art, and should **not** depend in the least upon the whims or fancies of a miscellaneous group of untrained and uncritical laymen, who are usually lamentably lacking in either taste or discrimination.

In the psychological field, very accurate measures of eye movements have been developed in order to test **what** in a given design is examined first, second, third, etc., and for how long the eye fixates upon each successive element, which should at least indicate high points and centers of interest. The results of these tests, undertaken several years ago at the University of Chicago, have the unusual distinction of being entirely objective.

In the early examination of a design the eye moves with a series of relatively short pauses over the main portion of the design. On later examination the eye moves in a series of fixations, usually longer in duration, and concentrated over small areas of the design.

Short fixations are apparently related to the simpler processes of visual perception, whereas the longer fixations seem to indicate a mental process of reflection, or at least a high degree of interest.

Cultural, social and economic differences markedly influence the examination of details. That is, an Oriental is not going to perceive in the same order, or examine the same detailed elements in any given design that an individual trained in the Western art heritage will examine.

Those more advanced in the study of coinage make shorter fixations, due

to their greater familiarity with the material. Hence, an experienced numismatist would tend to merely glance over a coin which he had seen perhaps scores of times in his studies, while the beginner would examine the same details for a relatively longer period of time, in order to "absorb" that which the specialist had absorbed long before.

One very interesting result of these tests definitely proved that the eye movements do not resemble even remotely the general pattern of the design. The eye **does not** move from motif to motif in the design, as generally supposed.

There are verifiable special relationships in a design which are more pleasing than other relationships.

- (1) A straight line in a horizontal or vertical position is "stable."
- (2) A diagonal, unless balanced by other forces, is unstable.
- (3) A smooth curve is preferable to a jerky one.
- (4) We desire a graceful movement to continue as such, and not be broken off or disturbed.

Of course, digressions are permissible, and may add to the "excitement" of the final product—certainly an inane following of arbitrary formulae is very undesirable, and well may result in icy formality and sterility. English coins are formal (for the most part) and not overwhelming in their inspiration, whereas the post-war German commemoratives are liberally endowed with the modernist spirit, and can truly be accredited with reflecting the times.

The entire lack of any color (except patina) on a coin requires linear relationships to stand out on their own merits, especially where relief is at a minimum (as it is in most modern coins). As a rule, the simpler, direct, and virile designs will prove far more satisfying and satisfactory over a period of time.

A subtle arrangement of parts is preferable to an obvious arrangement. Minor elements should contribute to, not detract from, the whole. In a good design everything helps everything else. An appropriate content is not as important as the beauty of the finished product, though most people show a decided preference for the "content."

A design may have pleasing lines and symmetry, but still leave a "distasteful" impression, because its subject-matter is depressing. However, an undesirable subject need not detract from the **fundamental** beauty of the design, for the value of a work of art, from a purely art quality analysis, may be quite secondary to its meaning.

A number of parts, taken singly, will arouse nothing but indifference; but lines or shapes may, if suitably spaced and arranged, form a whole that is beautiful.

Art, secondary only to music as a means of expression, is naturally made use of to describe and impart to others the various feelings; indeed, so strong an impulse to art lies in this, that some writers have found the sole cause and justification for the existence of art to lie in the need for self-expression.

Unfortunately, the designers of coins and, to a lesser degree, of medals are too often put under the supervision and restraint of stringent "regulations," dictated in part by law and in part by equally unfeeling commissions, the total effect of which is to stifle truly creative originality from the start. Of course, there are other limitations, such as small area, usually circular shape, relatively low relief, etc., which further limit and restrain ability and creative effort.

There are two conflicting schools of thought (and argument) concerned with a true definition of beauty.

Hume has said: "Beauty is no quality in things themselves: it exists merely in the mind, which contemplates them, and each mind perceives a different beauty. One person may even perceive deformity where another is sensible of beauty; and every individual ought to acquiesce in his own sentiment, without pretending to regulate those of others."

I would admit the validity of the statement that "one person may even perceive deformity where another is sensible of beauty" only on the assumption that the differences are **entirely** differences of training, and therefore extremely variable and unstable. The remainder of the paragraph quoted is entirely fallacious as far as I am concerned. No work of art (including coins and medals, of course) requires an audience in order to be invested with beauty. That is, a work of art is a work of art even if it hasn't been seen by any one since its creation, and even if it never will be seen again. Beauty is **not** merely a by-product of human experience, but is an **absolute** essence, which varies only in the superficial awareness of the mind, which assigns the designation "beauty" in greater degree as the nature of the representation comes closer to individual awareness, and in a decreasing degree as the object of art **recedes** from the experimental level.

However, one design may stress the beauty of curving line; another, moving shapes, or interesting areas, or austere linear quality, or an unusual selection of motifs, etc. No work of art is one hundred per cent. beautiful or perfect, though some come close to it. The art production may be purely decorative, or broadly expressive, and each may be supreme examples of beauty in their respective fields.

To reiterate, **beauty** is the supreme attainment; the end and purpose of all of the arts. Though there are numerous ways and means of attaining this end, to a greater or less degree, by the exertion of true artistic talent, beauty is in itself dependent upon nothing for its infinite existence.

Some have at first for Wits, then Poets past,
Turn'd Critics next, and prov'd plain fools at last.
Some neither can for Wits nor Critics pass,
As heavy mules are neither horse nor ass.

—Pope.

The Spanish Dollar

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The World's Most Famous Silver Coin

"Pieces-of-eight, pieces-of-eight!" screamed Captain Flint's parrot in Robert Louis Stevenson's "Treasure Island." Yet, how many of us, who as youngsters dreamed over that tale of adventure, realized that the bird spoke the correct name for what our American and English forefathers called the Spanish dollar? For this most famous of all large silver coins was not truly Spanish but rather Spanish-American, and its very name, "dollar," was derived from the German! And, too, the coin was not itself a monetary unit but a multiple of the Spanish "real," just as the English crown is a multiple of the shilling. Let us trace its origin and remarkable career.

The Spanish "real" (about the size of, and with slightly more silver content than a pre-war English sixpence) was an extremely old denomination confirmed in 1497 by Ferdinand and Isabella as the Spanish monetary unit, following an ordinance in 1442 of John II. There is even mention of the fact that "reals" were coined by Pedro the Cruel before 1370. Multiples of four and eight "reals" were coined under Ferdinand and Isabella, although infrequently, and they are now very rare.

Twenty years after the discovery of America, in his exploitation of rich silver mines in the Joachimsthal in Bohemia, the local lord, Count of Schlick, struck broad, heavy silver pieces of a high silver content, weighing some 451 grains each—much heavier than any silver coins then current. His coinage was large; the pieces, impressive by their size and weight, soon became esteemed throughout Germany and, quite naturally, acquired the name "thaler" from their origin in the Joachimsthal.

The coincidence, at this time, of coinage by machine rather than by the age-old method of handstriking, the introduction of the large "thaler" sized

silver coin, and the opening of the unbelievably rich silver mines of Mexico and Peru set the stage for a tremendous output of coins of silver from the Americas—colonial Spanish America—that remade the economic structure of Europe. And in all this the piece of eight "reals" was the supremely dominant coin.

In 1535 a colonial mint was opened in Mexico, to be followed later by ten other mints in that country and still others in Peru and Bolivia. While these local mints were beginning to function, silver was also being assayed and hammered into lumps equal in value to a piece-of-eight. These were often called "peso" (meaning unit of weight),⁽¹⁾ and here we find the origin of another world-wide name, "peso," for the piece-of-eight.

Through the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries this coin, flowing in a steady stream from the Spanish Americas to Europe and the British colonies—both in the West Indies and North America—was called the "piece-of-eight" and rated lower in silver content than the German "thalers," which were appearing in increasing numbers in northern and central Europe, especially after the close of the impoverishing Thirty Years' War. These "thalers" were becoming known as "reichsthalers" in Germany, "rixtalers" or "dalers" in Scandinavia, and "riksdalers" or "daalders" in the Lowlands. And when in 1690, following a great Germany monetary convention at Leipzig, the "reichsthaler" was reduced in fine silver content to almost exactly the value of the piece-of-eight, which by then was circulating widely (we might even say it was intruding into other monetary systems), English merchants had given the name "Spanish" dollar to the ubiquitous piece-of-eight.⁽²⁾ So from "eight times the unit" the coin became in English-speak-



ing lands "the unit—a Spanish dollar," and the lower denomination became its subdivisions, a "real" becoming "one bit" or one-eighth of a dollar. So widely was this nomenclature adopted in the British possessions that even now twenty five cents (one-quarter of a dollar—once two "reals") is spoken of in many parts of our country as two bits.

During its long history the Spanish dollar presented itself in several types, those most familiar to our forefathers first bearing on the obverse the Spanish arms, while the reverse showed the well-known design of two globes between the Pillars of Hercules. Beginning with Charles III the obverse carried the head of the monarch with the two globes being replaced by the shield of Spain between the pillars on the reverse. These "pillar dollars" were exclusively a Spanish-American product, for the Pillars of Hercules appeared on coins struck in Spain only after the colonial revolutions of 1821. Up to that date the colossal sum of over two billions of dollars had been struck in silver coins in Mexican mints alone!

As so often happens in coinage systems, the "Spanish dollar" shrank slightly in fine silver content, but through the American Revolution it re-

(1) The application of a weight name to a coin is not unusual. For example: pound (English), livre (French), mark (German), "onza" (Italian).

(2) The word "dollar" appears several times in Shakespeare. In its career the piece-of-eight had many names, such as "peso," "peso de a ocho," "peso duro," "duro," "peso fuerte," "piastre," "matten" (in the Dutch East Indies, from Malay *mateo*, meaning measure), "thaler," dollar, "tallero," pillar dollar, "colonnato" (in the Orient), and Shanghai dollar.

tained its place as the dominant "hard-money" piece in the Colonies, which, using English monetary terms, had established local moneys of account, the Colonies differing from each other as to standards. For example, Massachusetts currency was rated at nine pence sterling; New York shillings went at two to one English, and so on. But almost all of the silver that actually circulated in Revolutionary days was not English but Spanish, or rather Spanish-American. This meant another calculation; one "real" equalled nine pence Massachusetts currency, a shilling and a penny in New York, and eleven pence in Pennsylvania. To us, educated to a single decimal currency, this makes a hopeless jumble.⁽³⁾

And then, with the establishment of the United States and of the dollar as our monetary unit, came the first great break away from the old systems.⁽⁴⁾ The amount of silver in the average Spanish dollar then in circulation in the United States became the standard for our dollar. While it is true that this average weight was several grains lighter than that of freshly minted Spanish dollars, it would have been impractical to take full weight as standard, for then the new coins would have been more valuable than the current ones and would have been hoarded, melted down, or exported, and in any case would have disappeared. Few of us realize that Spanish dollars remained legal currency in the United States up to only a few years before the Civil War.

After the Spanish-American colonies had gained their independence, the Mexican dollar inherited the place and prestige of its parent, and from that time up to the outbreak of the World War Mexico coined far more than another billion dollars in silver. The Mexican pieces, which ran surprisingly even as to silver weight and fineness, soon displaced the older Spanish coins in the Philippines, China, and the Orient generally, as well as in parts of the Western Hemisphere, where each of the former Spanish colonies based its coinage, nominally at least, on the old systems.⁽⁵⁾

Other well-known coins or currency units patterned on the Spanish dollar were, or are, the ill-fated United States Trade dollar, the Japanese "yen," the French "piastre de commerce," the Hongkong mint dollar, the Canton, and numerous other Chinese dollars, so that our piece can justly claim not only to be the world's most famous silver coin but also to have had over several centuries a profound influence on currencies and trade the world over.

SHEPARD POND.

(3) Those familiar with our Colonial and Continental paper money will remember its numerous and often odd denominations, based sometimes on the local currencies and sometimes on the Spanish milled dollar.

(4) In the sense that the dollar became the basic unit for a decimal monetary system. In 1776 Congress had divided the Spanish dollar into 90 pence (Pennsylvania currency), New York rated it at 96 pence, while in New England it passed for 72 pence Massachusetts currency.

(5) By the middle of the nineteenth century the general adoption of decimal currency denominations in Europe led most of Latin America to take the same action. Mexico was the last country to abandon the "real" when in 1890 she decimalized the Mexican dollar. The great rise in the price of silver after the end of the World War in 1918 made Mexican dollars worth more as bullion than as money with the result that, like England, Mexico debased her silver coins, and the old-fashioned standard Mexican dollar, child of the Spanish dollar, entered the ghostly realm of historic coins.

NUMISMATIC SILHOUETTES.

According to a recent British publication, there is at present a circulation shortage of Dutch silver coins bearing the portrait of the Queen-in-exile, Wilhelmina of the Netherlands. The reasons given for the sudden disappearance of the coins is said to be that the coins are withdrawn and silversmiths then cut out the portrait of the Queen and fashion it into a pin so that patriotic Netherlands may wear it. Other nationalistic symbols are forbidden, but no restrictions have been made yet to affect the use of coins for jewelry.

Italian Medal With A Classic Representation

By DR. JOSEPH P. REICH
Chicago, Ill.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

The Italians of the Renaissance emulated the old Greeks and Romans in literature, philosophy, art, and even in their crimes. Among the latter there was one that was not at that time, nor in other times, either, considered as a crime—the murder of a tyrant. The stories of Harmodios, Brutus and other tyrannicides were alive in the minds of that generation, and many of the great or petty Italian rulers, in fact, deserved the hatred of their contemporaries and the fate of their ancient predecessors.

One of these murders has gained a special numismatic interest. Among the many criminals who reigned in Italian states one of the worst was Alessandro de Medici, who is generally called the First Duke of Florence. There is no room here to dwell on his horrible character and actions, which, by the way, did not prevent Emperor Charles V from giving him his daughter in marriage. The Florentine people, once so proud of their freedom, sighed under the despotic yoke of this man. However, the hour of revenge was to strike.

This revenge was performed by a relative of the Duke. His name was Lorenzo de Medici, but he was, because of his small stature, called Lorenzino, little Lorenzo. The character of the man and his motives have not yet been fully determined. It is doubtful whether he was an ardent republican who wished to free his native town of the tyrant, or assumed this role only after a deed performed for personal reasons. He insinuated himself into the favor of the Duke, took part in his revelries and luxurious pleasures, and enjoyed the fullest confidence of his relative.



The way he executed his murderous intention does not seem to us very gentlemanlike. The Duke desired to win the favor of Lorenzino's sister. Lorenzino promised him a rendezvous with the lady, lured him into his own house, and there murdered him with the aid of a hired assassin. Lorenzino fled from Florence and got in touch with the banished Florentine republicans, who received him with open arms and welcomed him as a liberator. He himself explained, in a pamphlet, the motives of his deed, which set him at the side of the republican heroes of antiquity. However, he did not enjoy the fruits of his deed, for, after many wanderings, which led him even so far as Turkey, he was himself murdered at the instigation of Alessandro's successor, Cosimo de Medici.

The numismatic interest of this Florentine tragedy is due to a medal that was cast in honor of the bloody event. One does not know the artist, and it does not belong to the outstanding examples of Italian medallic art. What makes it interesting is its reverse, which exactly copies a Roman denarius struck by Brutus after Caesar's assassination. It shows the cap of liberty between two swords or daggers and the date of Alessandro's assassination according to the old Roman calendar. This date reads VIII. ID. IAN., i.e., eight days before the Ides of January. Since the Ides of this month are identical with the 13th, the date on the medal is January 5th (1537), the day of the assassination.

So this small piece of bronze shows us the classical-minded attitude of that time, even in the case of raging political passions, and is an evidence of the valuable role which numismatics plays in the study of history.

What Coins Can Teach Us Of Practical Value

By JOSEPH COFFIN, New York City.

While it is taken for granted that ninety per cent. of the persons who collect coins do so for amusement or as a means of occupying their time to their mental advantage, it is obvious that collecting and studying coins, paper money and tokens, whether we realize it or not, is of very practical advantage to the individual who pursues the hobby.

It is true that no school has made a requirement of the study of numismatics on a par with other subjects. However, more than one junior high school devotes a certain amount of time to outside activities not directly related to school work. Among these are coin collecting. In fact, the writer knows of a high school in New York City which includes numismatics among recommended supplemental studies, although it is placed in the same category as a dozen other hobbies or avocations, such as philately, model making, etc. School authorities recognize the fact, as we all do, that the more healthful and thought-provoking interests a boy or girl has, the more valuable he or she will be to country, family and friends.

The Boy Scouts also recognize the value of coin collecting in a boy's education and have included it in their list of pursuits qualifying for merit badges.

One of the practical values of numismatics is in its broadening effect on the minds of its followers. It especially stimulates a desire for more knowledge about many subjects; creates a desire to travel and see other lands; an urge to study other languages, customs and forms of government. Finally, when the collector has interested some of his friends in the subject, or becomes a member of a club, it teaches him the value of cooperating with others in an unselfish way, because he will find that other collectors will be glad to share their knowledge, and often their duplicate coins, and he will want to do the same.

The young scholar as well will find much to be learned in a practical way from coins. If studied intelligently they can be used as an aid to a clearer understanding of several subjects. They assist in learning of the mode of life of the people of ancient and medieval times, and, for a younger student, can assist greatly in an understanding of geography and a knowledge of the rulers of the countries he is studying. He will be more apt to reflect on why one country has a king, another a president and still another a dictator. And, as he studies such things and grows older, he will be more likely to understand the difference between his own United States Government and those of other, sometimes less fortunate, people.

A magazine article recently appeared relating to the placing of coins in a sealed container under the ship's mast. It was reported that the new battleship North Carolina has a 1941 proof set serving in this capacity.

The Ivigtut mining tokens of Greenland, issued in 1922, show upon the obverse a seated polar bear, with a pick, hammer and shovel at the sides.

"The Star Of Destiny"

By WILLIAM HOWARD STERNBERG
New York City

(Paper to be presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

In these uncertain days of trial and tribulation, when an anxious and bewildered humanity wonders whether the few remaining democracies of the world will survive an onslaught of that Goliath of destruction whose ugly shadow everywhere saddens the heart, it would be refreshing to learn, the writer feels, what the Good Book says about this momentous question of the hour.

So—let's up to the garret or down the cellar and search for that dust-laden Bible. Indeed, what the world now needs is

Greater stimulant of heart—
Less opiate of mind.

In the Book of Genesis is given the story of Abraham and his descendants, Isaac and Jacob. The narrative of these three shepherds is well known throughout the Jewish, Christian and Moslem worlds.

On the word of God, Abraham and his offspring travel west in search of better grazing lands for their flocks.

Jacob has twelve sons by his four wives. These twelve sons constitute the twelve tribes of Israel. Joseph is the first son, by Rachel, the first wife of Jacob. The tribe of Joseph is the eleventh. Of all Jacob's offspring, Joseph is the favorite son. This is the one whom the brothers sold into bondage to the Egyptians.

Joseph is not a materialist. His exceptional powers of divination and intuition win for him high place in the inner councils of the ruling Pharaoh, in the land of the Pyramids.

Out of the marriage of Joseph and a beautiful Egyptian maiden come two sons—Ephraim and Menasseh.

One day Joseph summons his two sons to the bedside of his aged father, Jacob, whose sight is fading and whose end draws near. The patriarch has passed his one hundred and twenty-fifth year. He invokes the blessings of the Lord upon his grandsons.

Between his sons, Ephraim and Menasseh, Joseph divides his tribe, creating a thirteenth tribe. Ephraim takes his place at the head of the eleventh tribe, while Menasseh becomes the leader of the thirteenth.

With the passing of time all tribes are scattered to the four corners of the globe.

Legend has it that the descendants of the tribe of Ephraim settled in England, and the descendants of the tribe of Menasseh took root in the Western Hemisphere.

During intervening years, what happened to the tribes of Ephraim and Menasseh is a matter of history. In this respect, it may be interesting to repeat here the blessings which Jacob bestowed upon his grandsons (Genesis 48:19). Ephraim, the elder, was blessed as follows:

Your seed shall become a multitude of nations.

and Menasseh:

You shall become a great people.

Thus England and the United States to-day have fulfilled the prophecy of the Bible.

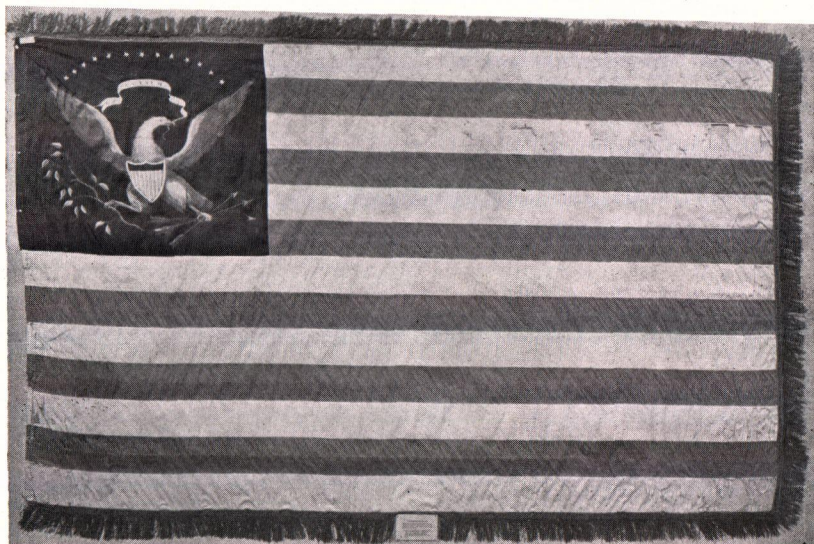
The mastery of the waters of the earth, through ownership of the Suez Canal and the Panama Canal, and the gateway to the Mediterranean Sea—the Rock of Gibraltar—accentuates the prediction of the Bible. The assistance which the United States is now rendering England in the struggle against a common enemy is further evidence of the existence of a tie of kinship and the necessity for solidarity.

The tribe of Menasseh, the thirteenth of Jacob (also called Israel), from whom the inhabitants of the Western world have descended, has been symbolized in many ways by our forefathers of Colonial days.

Thomas Carlyle, that great English man of letters, once said:

It is in and through symbols that man consciously or unconsciously moves, lives and has his being. Those ages, moreover, are accounted the noblest which can best recognize symbolic worth and praise it at the highest.

The accompanying photograph is that of the "Schuyler Regimental Flag" of Revolutionary days. It will be observed that only the thirteenth star is of six points. After correctly making twelve stars of five points, why was the thirteenth star changed to six points?



The Schuyler Regimental Flag.

The "Schuyler Regimental Flag" was presented to Gen. Philip Schuyler, a Department Commander with General Washington, by his troops, and was carried by them during the latter part of the Revolutionary War. The flag was later presented to Independence Hall, at Philadelphia, where it now hangs, by the great-great-great-granddaughters of the General—the Misses Schuyler.

This discovery was made by the writer several months ago during a visit to the "City of Brotherly Love." The Schuyler flag is on display at Independence Hall. Inquiry of officials at the Hall, including the curator, failed to elicit enlightening information. A guard advised that during the twenty years of his service, when millions of visitors passed through the halls of the historic institution, nobody ever called his attention to this inconsistency in stars.

This situation whetted the curiosity of the writer. He has found during life that

The digger of knowledge
Finds things
The shoveler never sees.

Three months' inquiry of various sources, including the Library of Congress, the New York Historical Society, the Schuyler family and the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, with respect to the stars in the Schuyler flag, failed to elicit satisfactory information.

On the eve of the "Glorious Fourth," however, the story is unfolded. Again, the Bible played its part.

For many centuries the House of Israel has been symbolized by a six-

pointed star, more commonly known as the Shield of David. This figure represents two triangles interlaced and was first adopted by the Jewish faith during the seventh century. The descendants of the thirteenth tribe of Israel—that of Menasseh—adopted this symbol for their religion. The settlement in the Western world by the descendants of the thirteenth tribe of Menasseh prompted our forefathers to fashion the thirteen stars in the Great Seal of the United States to six points, when first designed at the inception of the government in 1789. In 1841 the design was changed to its present form, as shown on the back of the small \$1 bill, thirteen small stars with a background of a six-pointed star. The same motif also was responsible for the six-pointed star on the early coinage of gold and silver pieces of the nation.

This, therefore, is the story of the six-pointed star in the background of American coinage.

The story, together with a photograph of the Schuyler flag, has been given to a former President-General of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution for his files. A similar record has been sent to the Curator of Independence Hall.

The Numismatist is the first to print this interesting anecdote. The writer is happy to make this small contribution to the leading journal on numismatics, a subject in which he has been interested for the past thirty-five years. Coin collectors who have been curious to know the wherefore of the six-pointed stars on American coinage, will now be satisfied, it is hoped.

"Who knows"? Perhaps this six-pointed Star of Destiny foretells that the great democracies of the United States and England shall continue to hold aloft the torch of liberty, illuminating again many darkened lands, long after the present upheaval, precipitated by a cancerous growth in the body politic of the world, shall have been removed.

"Who knows?" Perhaps

The tragedy and survival of the Jew
Is exceeded only by its Divinity,

and that the Chosen People (Exodus 9:17) may have been chosen to bear the punishment for the evils of mankind during the centuries—even as Jesus of Nazareth. In the Divine Plan—in His scheme of things—in the face of a world of tragedy, the suffering of this minority people, without a homeland, without an army or navy to protest their persecution, the lot of these people may be the fulfillment of a mission presaging the coming of a new order of things and a better world.

In the warning "To the Lord belongeth the earth" (Exodus 9:20) may lie the reason for the present world holocaust, brought on by human selfishness and the greed of nations. Indeed, tenants for a short time who have grossly abused the magnanimity of a gracious Landlord.

During the annual convention of the American Numismatic Association, to be held in Philadelphia in August, when it will simultaneously celebrate its golden anniversary, an unusual opportunity will be afforded those present to visit the shrine of American Independence. Here will be seen those glorious mementoes which have played so conspicuous a part in making this nation the envy of all the world—indeed, the "Promised Land" of the oppressed of other lands, as were the Puritans and the Huguenots, and those who came later.

At this time especially, when the very souls of men are being tried, when the American nation may soon cast its lot into the cauldron of world conflict, "testing whether that nation or any nation so conceived and so dedicated can long endure," it is altogether fitting that one make a pilgrimage of fealty to the "Cradle of Liberty" and Independence Hall.

The nickel coins of Manchukuo show upon the obverse a Janus-type of horsehead, and upon the reverse the value, with the rising sun in the background, indicative of Japan's control of the puppet empire.

There are Bank of Persia 500-toman notes, which were issued about 60 years ago, as specimens, which were not signed or validated.

Paper Money Of The Town Of Colberg

By **FRED M. HOWARD**, New York City.

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

In 1806, when Prussia, apparently all-powerful, seemed to collapse under the weight of Napoleonic victories, when the Prussian army was beaten at Jena and Auerstedt and one stronghold after another had to surrender to the enemy, it was that insignificant Colberg, with its heroic defense, which raised the hopes of all the people.

The feats accomplished by Gneisenau at Colberg at the head of the garrison and by old Nettlebeck as leader of its heroic citizens were typical for entire Prussia. The stronghold resisted all attacks until the Peace of Tilsit brought an end to the siege.

During this siege, which lasted many months, ready cash became very scarce and lack of small currency was particularly keen, so it was decided to issue emergency money. The Magistrate of the town, in conjunction with the Commander General of the military garrison, issued a few thousand thalers "under royal guarantee" in handwritten paper money of very small denominations. This money was later redeemed and today is classed among numismatic rarities.

Emperor Frederick III had three varieties in his collection, the two, four and eight groschen, and these, with the rest of his collection, were given to the Hohenzollern Museum of Berlin.

I have the following three pieces, written in red and blue ink, on cardboard measuring $1\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ inches, two, four and eight groschen. The obverse shows the hand-written value, date, number and signatures of the Magistrate and Commander, Zimmerman and Schroeder. The reverse shows the royal stamp in black ink reading, "Kön Preus. Government Zu Colberg," with design of an eagle facing left holding a sword and sabre in each claw.

THE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC SOCIETY'S EXHIBITS.

The museum of the American Numismatic Society, at Broadway and 156th Street, New York City, has for some years presented to visitors a showing of numismatic material related to the events of the day.

At present there is on display a Russian exhibit covering six large coin cases, with specimens ranging from the earliest times to date. There is also an exhibit of badges which have been presented to the contributors to various war relief agencies. Among the most interesting exhibits are those in the Oriental series, showing Chinese tree money, as well as coin molds. In connection with the Latin American series, an extensive exhibit from the society's cabinet is being prepared, which will fill ten of the large show cases. It will supplant the English historical review of coins, which has been on exhibit for some time.

The American Numismatic Society is devoted exclusively to scientific numismatics. Collectors visiting in New York should not fail to visit the museum, which is open on weekdays from 2 to 5 P. M.

NAZI DECREE EXEMPTS FOREIGN COINS.

A recent press dispatch from The Hague, Holland, says that Reichs-commissioner Arthur Seyss-Inquart has issued a decree ordering Dutch public enterprises, shops, department stores and citizens to deliver to authorities all types of copper, nickel, tin and lead objects by August 10. Payment will probably be made by weight, and violation of the decree is punishable by imprisonment for a maximum of five years. Household articles of metal are to be sacrificed. Excluded, however, are public monuments, church bells and other objects for church services, museum pieces, foreign coins, badges and objects in general which have historical, scientific or artistic value.

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All matters pertaining to advertising should be addressed to, and all checks, money orders, etc., made payable to F. G. Duffield, Business Manager, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

FRIENDSHIP IN A COIN.

During the third week of August the American Numismatic Association will hold its annual Convention. The Association has held conventions before, and they were successful. We hope the Philadelphia Coin Club, which is acting as host to the Association, will show the numismatists who have gathered together how a Convention should be run. They have long anticipated the opportunity of doing so, and we shall accord them, in their task, every possible cooperation. We, as well as you, want the Convention to be successful, not only from the management angle, but from two other aspects: The feeling which it will give you toward our Association, and also the respect which it will give you for your fellow-collector.

Fraternal numismatics is one of the great gifts of the Association to the American Numismatic Brotherhood. For persons of common interest to be able to gather together, and show their treasured possessions to one another is a great sight for all who have a truly human spirit. We should like to state, without any reservation, that the friendships which will be made at

this Convention, and also the friendships of former years which will be renewed and continued for many years to come, are the true "life lines" of our Association.

With the fiftieth anniversary of our Association in mind, we feel that many difficult problems have been tolerably well solved through the years. We still have many hurdles ahead. Let us remember, in the heat of the discussion at the Convention, that we are brought together with a common purpose. We all have as our objective the welfare of the Association foremost in our hearts. Situations will confront us which require that our better judgment rather than our emotions guide us to a correct decision. In matters of personality, we must always bear the Association's interest uppermost in preference to our individual tastes.

We hope that in the oncoming fifty-year period our elected officers will serve their Association with the same unswerving loyalty which marked the founders of our organization, as well as those who have carried it through the years. These founders, and later "corner-stones," as they were so aptly termed at our last Convention, felt the "burden" of serving numismatics to be a privilege. They took oath of office, and brooked neither exception nor interpretation in their course of duty.

As the officers for our fifty-first year take office this month we hope that they will follow zealously for the years to come the narrow path which was laid out by their predecessors, who foresaw that integrity, self-sacrifice and devotion were essential to the welfare of the American Numismatic Association. Long may it flourish!

PLEASE SEND COPY FOR SEPTEMBER ISSUE EARLY.

Advertisers and correspondents are requested to send their copy for the September issue of *The Numismatist* as early in August as possible. The A. N. A. Convention will be held in Philadelphia August 16 to 21, and it is necessary to have all copy in the business office by August 15.

CHINESE PAPER MONEY

In China today there are many note-issuing authorities. There are the following, which are strictly Chinese: Central Bank of China, Bank of China, Bank of Communications, and Farmers' Bank of China. These four banks are the "banks of issue" with the note privilege. In addition to these four banks, notes are issued by the provincial banks, as well as by the commercial banks (those which are not as large as the four previously enumerated). There are also Chinese "Red" army notes, Communist Border Government notes, and the transfer notes of the Shanghai Bankers' Association. The circulating area of these notes is as follows: All of China uses the currency of the four banks, including "occupied" China, where this currency is banned. The notes of these banks are known as "fapi." The provincial banks are located in "Free" China. The Communist notes of both the military and Civil Chinese Border governments circulate mostly in the north-west provinces. The transfer notes are used only in Shanghai for transferring credits from blocked accounts.

In order to effect their financial operations in China more successfully, the Japanese have managed to take over, or organize anew, a number of banks in China. These banks all have the note-issuing privilege, but the security varies.

The Federal Reserve Bank of China, at Peking, is a Japanese institution. It is officially to issue notes at par with the Japanese yen, but actually the value of the notes is about double the Chinese yuan. (Instead of 24c, the Federal Reserve Bank of China notes can be had at 12c). In the city of Kalgan there was established in 1937 the Meng Chiang Bank, Ltd., which issued notes, nominally at par with the yuan. The Meng Chiang dollar is a yen-bloc currency. The third type of currency fostered by the Japanese to circulate in China is that of the Hua Hsiang Commercial Bank. While these notes were intended to be equal to "fapi" currency, the depreciation of the "fapi" notes caused the Japanese to peg the Hua Hsiang notes at

6 pence. There are a limited quantity of the Hua Hsiang notes in circulation, which are gradually being retired.

One of the most important of the Japanese currencies in China is that of the Central Reserve Bank, which is not to be confused with the Federal Reserve Bank, also a Japanese bank. The Central Reserve notes are not allied to the yen, and the notes are usually at a par with the "fapi" issues. When the bank was chartered in 1941 a gold bullion deposit of over \$1,500,000 was made. The bank has issued notes from \$1 to \$100, which are redeemable in "national dollars or foreign currency," although how this will be effected has not been stated.

Military scrip also plays a vital role in the Japanese domination of China. These notes, issued by the Bank of Japan, are legal in China, but are not legal in Japan.

With all these currencies in China it is easy to note the significance of paper currency. While in 1935, prior to the China "Incident," there were several Chinese note-issuing banks, there are today also puppet Japanese-controlled note-issuing authorities whose notes are gaining wide circulation. The notes of the Chinese Government (the four banks) have undergone a considerable change in value, due to the inflation which has resulted from financing the war against Japan. Due to the war, China's currency is in a chaotic state.

NEW PURE NICKEL ARGENTINE COIN

The first Argentinian pure nickel coin has been received and is illustrated herewith. The design is one which has been traditional for the Antipodes Republic for many years and has appeared on the entire series of denominations.



The present pure nickel issue is of the 50-centavo value, a denomination coined in silver in the Argentine Republic in 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884. During the twentieth century the coinage has been limited to the copper-nickel alloy pieces of the 5, 10 and 20 centavo values, as well as small 1 and 2 centavo copper coins. The 50 centavos are dated 1941. Illustration through courtesy of the New Netherlands Coin Company, New York City.

PRICE LIST OF CONFEDERATE CURRENCY ISSUED.

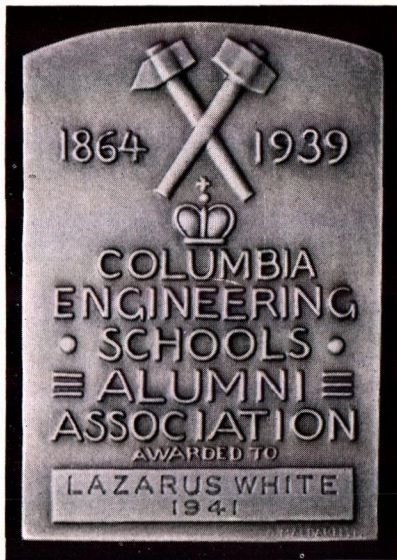
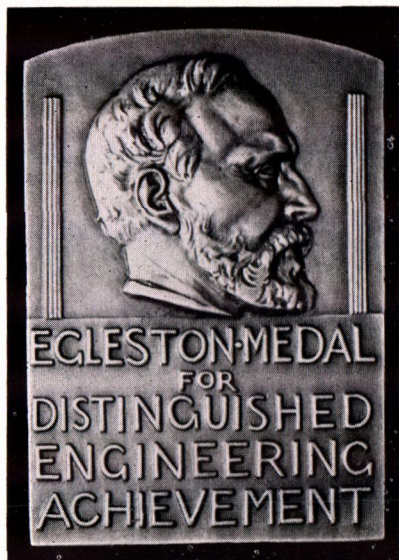
P. H. Chase, of Philadelphia, the author of Chase's "Basic Classification and Listing of C. S. A. Paper Money," announces that he has published a price list of this currency as a supplement. The supplement records prices, in fine condition, of notes of the various types and of their engraving, printing, paper and watermark varieties.

The prices have been developed after consideration of dealer price lists, auction and private sale prices, degree of rarity in fine condition, nature of variety, and collector interest. No attempt has been made, however, to price certain "minor" varieties, such as those differing only in plate letters or numbers, or signatures.

For notes which deviate from fine condition, premiums and discounts are applicable. The amount of the premium, or discount, should appropriately reflect the degree of scarcity and desirability of the note in that particular condition. Notes of the earlier issues (such as 1861), of less durable paper, or of commonly used denominations, are less likely to exist in fine or better condition, while notes of later issues, of more durable paper, or less commonly used, are more likely to exist in fine or better condition.

MEDAL AWARDED FOR ENGINEERING FEAT.

We are able to illustrate herewith, through the courtesy of Prof. Edmund Zygmant, of New York, the medal recently awarded to Mr. Lazarus White, an engineer, for his outstanding work in connection with the tunneling



and bracing of the new Sixth Avenue and Eighth Avenues subways, in New York City. Mr. White is at present supervising the construction of the new navy drydocks, at Norfolk, Va., and Philadelphia, Pa. The medal was designed by O. Maldarelli.

SOME SIGNERS ON OUR PAPER MONEY

William S. Rosecrans appears as a signer upon many of our bank notes. He was born in Ohio in 1819, graduating from West Point in 1842. He taught for a number of years and then went into private engineering work. In the course of the Civil War he was instrumental in winning several battles and secured the rank of brigadier-general. In 1867 he went to California. He declined the nomination for Governor, as well as the appointment as director of the San Francisco Mint. He served several terms in Congress and was Register of the Treasury from 1885 to 1893. He died in 1898.

Francis E. Spinner signed the currency of this country from 1861 until 1875. His signature is well known by its characteristic curves, and thickness. He was born in New York State in 1802. He was in the banking business for many years and served several terms in Congress. In 1861 Lincoln appointed him Treasurer of the United States, which office he retained in the Johnson and Grant administrations. He was instrumental in obtaining women employees in the Treasury Department, a great innovation in its time.

When Spinner resigned his office he asked that a special audit of his accounts be prepared, following his long tenure of office. This was done, and a shortage of one cent was reported. Spinner then claimed that the balance showing the error was incorrect, and upon reexamination of the accounts it was proved that Spinner's records were entirely in order. He died in 1890.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Tunis—A new issue of the greatest contemporary interest is herewith illustrated through the courtesy of the Capitol Coin Company. It is a 20-franc coin of Tunis dated 1939. The reverse is the same as the older issues of this value. However the obverse is entirely new. The chief innovation is that for the first time Tunis is described as a French protectorate on its silver coins. The previous issues had merely "Tunisie." The Christian date in English numerals also appears for the first time on this coin. The older issues (as does this one also) bore the Mohammedan date only, which was in Arabic numerals on the reverse of the coins.



This issue was first placed in circulation in Tunis in the spring of 1940, shortly before the fall of France, and up to the present time this specimen appears to be the only one to have reached this country. It is unknown whether these coins are actually in circulation today or whether they were called in because of the fall of the mother country.

France—The first of the war coins of France has just arrived and is illustrated here through the courtesy of the Capitol Coin Company. It is a 10-centime coin dated 1941 and is struck in zinc composition. It is of the same size and has the same design and inscriptions as the former issues of



this value. The chief differences are as follows: This coin has a milled edge, the others a plain edge; this coin is struck in zinc, the others in nickel, and there is a dash under "Cmes" of this coin, which the other issues did not have.



R. Friedberg, of the Capitol Coin Company, announces that he has also received other coins of France dated 1941. They are the franc and 50 centimes in aluminum bronze, and they conform in all details to the former issues of this coin, except for the date. Up to the present no coins bearing the portrait of M. Petain have yet appeared in France. Such an issue was rumored several months ago.

National Coin Week, 1941.

The full report of the National Coin Week Committee has recently been completed. The committee has pleasure in announcing that the honors for first prize in the contest were awarded jointly to the Washington Numismatic Society (Washington D. C.) and to the New Jersey Numismatic Society (Newark, N. J.) for the splendid showing which they made during the week.

Honorable mention for individual effort was announced for the following: John E. Lenker, Kingsburg, Cal., and W. L. Freelun, Burdick, Kan.

The first prize, which is being jointly shared by the two clubs, is the opportunity of showing under their auspices, a complete set of the pure nickel coins of the world, believed to be the only set of its kind which has ever been formed. The set has been made available to the National Coin Week Committee of the American Numismatic Association through the courtesy of Ralph E. Case, a member of the Association, who has personally assembled the set.

It is believed that the 1941 National Coin Week was one of the most successful promotions which the Association has sponsored, and the cooperation of the many persons whose names follow below is hereby gratefully acknowledged by the committee, as well as to the many others who did their share, but to whom the committee can express their appreciation only in this fashion.

FIRST PRIZE (JOINTLY).

New Jersey Numismatic Society (Newark, N. J.).
Washington (D. C.) Numismatic Society.

HONORABLE MENTION.

John E. Lenker, Kingsburg, Cal.
W. L. Freelun, Burdick, Kan.

Others participating:

A. D. Baker, Bronxville, N. Y.
J. W. Behrens, Westfield, N. J.
W. F. Betz, El Dorado, Kan.
R. R. Biswell, Okmulgee, Okla.
S. H. Bibler, Portland, Ore.
G. H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.
S. Bellus, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
C. Braun, Milwaukie, Ore.
Wm. Brimelow, Elkhart, Ind.
V. L. Brown, New York City.
F. H. Brookes (Mrs.), Newark, N. J.
Burlington (Iowa) Coin Club.
Charlotte (N. C.) Coin Club.
Cleveland Coin Club.
J. Coffin, New York City.
Cortland (N. Y.) Coin Club.
R. Coyner, Hillsboro, Ore.
H. Davenport, Hillsboro, Ore.
W. S. Dewey, Crestwood, N. Y.
A. W. Deas, New York City.
J. L. Dooley, Topeka, Kan.
Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.
H. Gaede, Manhattan, Kan.
H. D. Gibbs, Pittsburgh, Pa.
W. T. Gooden, Emporia, Kan.
W. A. Guernsey, Sioux City, Iowa.
Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.
H. F. Hermann, Hays, Kan.
L. W. Hoffecker, El Paso, Texas.
H. Hughes, Hillsboro, Ore.
Indianapolis Coin Club.
T. Jensen, Portland, Ore.
D. Jurgensen, Hillsboro, Ore.
Jersey City Coin Club.
W. Kaner, Astoria, L. I., N. Y.
M. Kimmel, Robinson, Kan.
E. A. Kehr, New York City.
C. S. Leachman, Washington, D. C.
Ed M. Lee, Glendale, Cal.
Lehigh Valley Coin Club.

W. Lighte, Scarsdale, N. Y.
M. L. Love, Beaumont, Texas.
H. E. McIntosh, Springfield, Mass.
K. L. McIntosh, McKeesport, Pa.
K. L. E. Marsden, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
R. Natale, Brooklyn, N. Y.
D. G. Oliva, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Oregon Numismatic Society.
Philadelphia Coin Club.
G. Pipes, Portland, Ore.
T. Purrrington, Newark, N. J.
Quad City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa.
Reading Coin Club.
L. H. Riggs, Indianapolis, Ind.
A. E. Robinson, Topeka, Kan.
Seattle Coin Club.
Sioux City Coin Club.
Springfield (Mass.) Coin Club.
L. G. Stirling, Baton Rouge, La.
L. O. Smith, Clay Center, Kan.
G. L. Sexton, Shreveport, La.
J. B. Surek, Tulsa, Okla.
P. Swofford, Camp Robinson, Ark.
Syracuse (N. Y.) Numismatic Association.
Tacoma Coin Club.
Toledo Coin Club.
Tulsa Coin Club.
H. Vollmer, Port Jervis, N. Y.
F. L. Wilson, New York City.
C. E. Wells, Apopka, Fla.
H. E. Walker, New Orleans, La.
F. C. Ross, Kansas City, Mo.
N. B. Mason, Toronto, Ontario.
Ted Hammer, Burlington, Iowa.
J. H. Morris, Homewood, Ala.
Geo. J. Patterson, Philadelphia, Pa.
John W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio.
K. W. Lee, Glendale, Cal.
Julius Gutttag, New York City.
D. M. Bullowa, New York City.

The complete report of the committee will be presented to the convention when assembled in Philadelphia in August.

NEW TURKISH COIN RECEIVED.

A new aluminum bronze Turkish 10-para piece has recently been received, a donation to the Moritz Wormser Memorial Loan Exhibition of the American Numismatic Association, in the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C., by Vernon L. Brown, curator of the Chase National Bank Money Collection, and also a member of the Board of Governors of the A. N. A.

The new coin shows the crescent and star upon the obverse, with the inscription: TURKIYE CUMHURİYETİ. The reverse bears the value and date, without any ornamentation: 10 PARA 1940.



The use of the para value would seem to be a reversion to the system used under the Sultans, when the piastre was divided into 40 paras. The denominations issued by the republic have been piastres and kurus, the latter a denomination first coined in 1934. This coin of 10 para value also follows the modern practice of Latinizing the Turkish language, as no native script appears.

LIBERIA HAS NICKEL COINS STRUCK

According to the mint report for May, 1941, the Philadelphia mint struck a total of 812,500 coins of the 2, 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ cent values for Liberia. The last coinage struck for that country was in 1937, at which time the Birmingham (England) mint struck a series of the same denominations in an aluminum-bronze alloy. The coins were reputedly struck to mark the ninetieth anniversary of the republic, but no statement of commemoration appeared upon the issue. The coins have not been received to date.

A TOKEN OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR.

A small Greek-American token has recently been noted which may be of interest. The obverse shows a large war vessel, with the inscription surrounding in Greek: "The Greek People of the U. S. to the Mother Country, Greece." The reverse shows a Byzantine double-headed Phoenix arising from the flames, with the legend above, "An Offer of the Younger Generation for the Rights of the Nation."



The token is issued in base silver, with a loop at the top. The occasion for its striking was in the immediate post-World War I days, when the young people in America of Greek descent contributed funds toward the purchase of a Greek war vessel.

Among the few modern coins without inscriptions upon the obverse, may be mentioned the Portuguese series of 1917, the Norwegian 2 kroner of 1914, and the Polish silver series of 1934.

BOOK REVIEWS

The Coinage of the Eastern Seleucid Mints, from Seleucus I to Antiochus III.
By Edward T. Newell.

The Coinage of the Western Seleucid Mints, etc. By the same.

(Numismatic Studies, Nos. 1 and 4, American Numismatic Society, New York, 1938, 1941. 307 pp., 56 plates, and map; 450 pp., 85 plates.)

Mr. Newell, much as he studied and collected all kinds of Greek coins, had one interest above all others—the coinage of Alexander and his successors. Of these coinages he had assembled a magnificent collection, and the wealth of his knowledge and experience in the field was prodigious. In recent years he had given special attention to the Seleucids, those turbulent rulers, and to the complicated problems of the mints, the symbols, and the types of their money, he brought the capacity for masterly handling of minute and major items of evidence.

He seems to have planned a complete study of Seleucid coinage, but for reasons of convenience he resolved to handle first the coinage of the earlier rulers, and then proceed to the later material. It must be admitted that the reviewer regretted this and wished that if an arrangement by mints were to be adopted we might have first the mints of the East and then of the West, treated completely from the reign of the first Seleucus until the downfall of his last descendant to issue coinage. But we can now see that in one way the decision to treat the rulers from Seleucus I through Antiochus III was fortunate, for Mr. Newell lived to complete his study of these rulers' coins in both the East and West, and has left us the portico of a stately edifice, which, alas, some other scholar may complete, though it may be long before such a master of the field can arise to do it. For the second of the volumes discussed was completed only shortly before the lamented death of the author.

The books are without question monuments of learning and are thorough. Each type, each symbol is discussed. The identification of mints by the occurrence as symbols of figures which occur as types of autonomous coins of different cities is often surprisingly brilliant. The discussions of the historical backgrounds of certain issues are satisfying, and often show that kind of creative imagination which is alike the highest manifestation of the poet and the historian. To go further, the minuteness of the studies of the varying dies of the same types and symbols is enlightening. (This, of course, applies to the gold and silver pieces; it is not always possible to distinguish the dies of poorly preserved bronze coins, and many Seleucid bronze issues survive only in specimens that long served a useful purpose as currency.)

There is little to criticise, and no useful purpose can be served by criticism. The arrangement by which descriptions of coins are interspersed between the discussions may make the books a little less easy to read for the amateur. But in monographic work of this kind the claims of the advanced scholar were first, and these books are meant as works of reference, and will probably long stand as the authority on the series with which they deal.

The plates are fine and will delight the connoisseur. The portraits on Seleucid silver are often of the best style of the late period. (B. C. 312-187 is period covered.) And in the copper series are not only charming pieces, but on occasion quaint things to please lovers of the curious. To paraphrase a line quoted by Augustus, we may say of Mr. Newell, "Since he has well performed his part, we greet him with applause."

THOMAS OLLIVE MABBOTT.

United States Cents: 1804-1814. George H. Clapp, Coin Collector Series No. 8. W. Raymond, 1941. 12 pp., two plates, paper covers.

In this brief work of 12 pages Mr. Clapp has attributed all the known varieties of large cents in the stated period. The descriptions are painstaking, accurate, and understandable to a numismatist. The work, which corrects and supplements Doughty's work, should be well received and a useful guide to collectors of our large cents. It might be suggested that future works covering a series as popular as the U. S. should carry some indication of the relative of rarity of each variety.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB HAS OPEN HOUSE.

Sixty-six members and guests were registered at the first annual open-house meeting of the Indianapolis Coin Club on Sunday, June 15. The feature of the program was an illustrated lecture by M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary of the A. N. A. A sleight-of-hand performance by Wilson E. Pollard was also well received. Twenty-five cases of rare and interesting coins were exhibited by members and guests.



Indianapolis Coin Club Open-House Meeting.

Out-of-town guests, in addition to Mr. Sheldon, were I. T. Kopicki, Harry Boosel, A. E. Bebee, William Owesen and Frank Lyman all of Chicago; Sol Kaplan and B. H. Terry, of Cincinnati; James Kelly and Luther Whitt, of Dayton, Ohio; the A. N. A. District Secretary, Arthur Rutz of Gary; William Brimelow, of Elkhart; R. O. Cahall, of Hammond; P. P. Perkins, of Lansing, Ill., and Messrs. Chambers, Timmons, Richardson, and Dixon, of Anderson.

The Indianapolis club, while only ten months old, has a membership of 57 and an average attendance of 25 at the regular meetings.

P. C. N. S. CELEBRATES TWENTY-SIXTH ANNIVERSARY.

On June 25 the twenty-sixth anniversary of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society was celebrated at the Hotel Whitcomb in a colorful setting of flags and flowers. There were 39 members and guests in attendance and it was the largest gathering in the society's history at an annual meeting, marking, we hope, the beginning of a more vital age in the society's life.

The toastmaster of the evening was the program chairman, Charles L. Rock. Vice-President Stanley Blois spoke on the pleasures he had derived from his hobby. A telephone dialogue was enacted portraying a coin dealer, by Mr. Rock, and a buyer, by David Redfield. Following this the society was entertained by Jerry Kahler, a technical expert in card playing, who is attracting considerable applause at a local hotel and who demonstrated shuffles and manipulations to the group, mystifying them completely. Ralph A. Mitchel gave a condensed reading on a radio skit, entitled, "Coinage of America," which was well received. President Earl A. Parker gave a short talk, followed by remarks by several senior members of the Society. Several telegrams were received, one by Farran Zerbe, the founder of the society. During the evening Miss Ruth Jones played several musical numbers.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB PROPOSES CITY MUSEUM.

The Western Maryland Coin Club, which staged Cumberland's first hobby and antique show in the spring, an occasion that proved successful beyond expectation, proposes to take the initiative in a project to establish a museum in that city. The club would cooperate with the Allegany County Historical Society and other organizations that would be expected to take an interest. Many of the members of the club are prominent in the civic life of Cumberland. Decision was reached at a meeting of the club July 16 at the home of Holmes H. Cessna, Union Grove road, with William L. Wilson, Sr., presiding. Albert A. Doub, Jr., Holmes H. Cessna and Frank Lee Carl were named a committee to look into the matter.

A feature of the meeting was an exhibit of rare coins by Benjamin G. Charles. Earl Wentling was elected to membership and the applications of Vernon E. Rankin, Keyser, former prosecuting attorney of Mineral County, W. Va., and Leon C. Hammond, Cumberland, were received.

Mrs. Cessna and Mr. Cessna's mother, Mrs. Jane G. Cessna, prepared the sandwiches at the stone barbecue. The guests spent much time in the cottage on the grounds which has been set apart by Mr. Cessna for housing his unusual display of relics and antiques covering a wide variety of historical and other items.

TORONTO COIN CLUB STAGES INTERNATIONAL MEETING.

The Toronto Coin Club was the host to the Buffalo Numismatic Association at the Royal York Hotel in Toronto on Saturday, May 17. A total of 25 were present, which included members of the Buffalo club and Canadian visitors from Guelph and Lindsay, Ontario. A most welcome and unexpected visitor, J. N. Wallworth, from London, England, who is in training with the Royal Air Force in Canada, saw the announcement of the meeting on the hotel bulletin board and joined the party.

An enjoyable dinner was served and exhibits, which consisted of Canadian, English, British Empire and ancients, were inspected.

After dinner, during which the usual formalities were observed, an auction was held. Part of the auction consisted of coins donated by Buffalo members, the proceeds of which were forwarded to the Toronto Evening Telegram Fund for British bomb victims. A couple of "blind" lots were included.

While in Toronto some of the Buffalo boys took advantage of securing sets of 1941 Canadian coins. Incidentally, these were the first 1941 coins released in Toronto.

NEWS OF THE JUNIOR NUMISMATIC SOCIETY.

We have just received a copy of the Junior Numismatic Journal, of which David Bingham is the editor. In it are reports of the April and May meetings of the society, as well as material about the branch organization which has lately been founded by the editor of the society's Journal. The new organization is known as the Westfield Junior Coin Club, and is open to residents of Westfield, N. J., who are under 18 eighteen years of age and who have been collecting at least three months.

The members of the society are privileged to withdraw books from a numismatic library which is in care of the editor. All collectors knowing of young persons interested in numismatics are asked to contact the editor of the Junior Numismatic Journal, 127 E. Euclid Ave., Westfield, N. J., as the club is desirous of making new contacts. It is believed to be to the best interests of the organization to have such interested collectors located within a radius of fifty miles of New York City.

C. B. Edwards, of Wichita, Kan., has recently obtained some newspaper publicity in connection with his silver-dollar collection. Located in a bank, he has had unusual opportunity to select specimens for his collection.

NEWS OF CLUB ACTIVITIES

The Westchester County Coin Club, Mount Vernon, N. Y., has recently announced that a numismatic exhibit under its auspices has been installed for public display in the Mount Vernon Public Library. Clubs and collectors wishing to gain more publicity and increase activity in numismatics among the public are urged to follow this method. Library and school facilities are usually at the disposal of a numismatic group wishing to exhibit.

The Western Maryland Coin Club recently held an anniversary meeting at the Ali Ghan Shrine Country Club, in Cumberland, Md., which was also a special "ladies' night." About thirty collectors and their wives attended. The principal speaker was William L. Wilson. Following the talk, games were played. American Numismatic Association membership buttons were distributed at the banquet.

The New Haven Numismatic Society planned an annual outing at Henry J. Fortier's farm at Stevenson Dam the second Sunday in July. One of the features of the day was a baseball game between the "Rag Pickers" and the "Proof Collectors," with Wm. C. L. Hofmann and Henry J. Fortier as respective captains of the opposing teams. In addition to horseshoe pitching, quoits, and swimming, an auction sale was prepared.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY SHIELDS.

An attempt is being made by Urban C. Thobe, of Dayton, Ohio, a member of the A. N. A., to assemble as much material about Fractional Currency Shields as possible. A special "check chart" has been prepared by Mr. Thobe, so that he may have a record of the arrangement of the notes on as many shields as possible. He reports that the variety of shields is greater than is generally recognized, and if sufficient cooperation is evinced the publication of his findings is anticipated. Members of the Association are urged to cooperate. There is no charge for the "Check Chart."

Under recent date Mr. Thobe writes as follows:

In checking over 18 reports on the Shields, and noting the frequency of autographs, and whether Jeffries or Colby, I note that two are all Colby and Spinner autographs, while three are Jeffries. However, one of these Jeffries has only three autograph specimens on the shield, the 10c. Issue having printed specimens of Colby and Spinner in each position.

Two Shields have been reported without the Fessenden 25c. specimen in center, while one has been reported as having both of the 15c. Grant and Shermans on the right side of the Shield. And one Shield is reported as having additional specimens of the third and later issues pasted around the edge of the frame.

There seems to be a uniformity in placing four autographed specimens in most of these Shields, although the positions of these specimens vary, as well as the denominations of the autographed specimens. About one fourth of my reports show two Colby and two Jeffries autographs on each shield. To date, two owners have reported autographs of Allison and Spinner, while one reports an added autograph of later date of Gen. W. T. Sherman on the 15c. Specimen of Grant and Sherman Essay.

THE DOUBLE-DATED COINAGE OF SPAIN

In The Numismatist for June mention is made of the Spanish system of double dating of their coinage and stating that Spanish coins have carried a double date since the reign of Amadeo I. This double-dating went into effect before the reign of Amadeo. It was apparently begun in 1869 during the transition between the reign of Isabella II and Amadeo I. There are patterns in existence dated 1869 which also show the same date on the stars. I believe that all of the coinage of Spain having the reclining Hispania

on the obverse uses this method of dating. This is with the exception of the 1868 patterns of the Provisional Government.

Incidentally, it would be interesting to know just when this method of dating ceased. I know it was in use well after the turn of the century, but what the last year was I don't know. Also, it was not in use constantly, as in some years the coinage appears without it.

P. K. ANDERSON

Barcelona, Venezuela, June 28, 1941.

FRENCH NICKEL COINS AND PATTERNS.

The first French nickel coins were issued in 1903, when a pure nickel 25-centime issue was authorized in August of that year. The coin was approximately the size of the then current silver franc, of the popular "Sower" design, and the two denominations of such close diameter caused much confusion. In the following year a variation of this coin was authorized so that the edge was given 22 sides, and a change of the reverse design was also effected. These coins were designed by A. Patey.

Just prior to the 1914 World War a smaller 25-centime piece in pure nickel was authorized, which was to have a pierced center. The design of this coin was prepared by Em. Lindauer.

Over a million and a half of these pieces were struck from 1914 to 1917. This type shows the helmet of Liberty on the obverse, between the letters RF, all within an oak wreath. The reverse shows the value, with the motto at the top. The value is abbreviated by CMES (centimes). On these pure nickel coins there is a dash below the MES. The issue was struck in later years until 1936, but in a copper-nickel alloy, and these pieces did not have the dash below the MES.

Similar pieces were struck in the 10-centime value in both the pure nickel (dash), and nickel alloy (no dash) varieties. The 10-centimes was struck in pure nickel only in 1914 and is quite rare. It is believed that none of the 5-centime coins were struck in pure nickel except as patterns.

In the period prior to the adoption of the Lindauer type coins there were many patterns issued at the French mint. Six designs were prepared in 1913, and three in 1914, none of which were adopted. We are able to illustrate herewith one of the patterns issued in 1914, struck in pure nickel, showing a rooster (Gallic type) on the obverse, and the Phrygian cap above the fasces upon the reverse.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

One of the rarest gold coins of the Vatican City, issued during the nineteenth century, is the 5 scudi of 1834, showing upon the obverse a portrait of the Pope, Gregory XVI, and upon the reverse standing figures of SS. Peter and Paul. The inscription reads: PRINCIPES APOSTOLORUM. The value, 5 scudi, appears in the exergue. The issue was designed by Nicholas Cerbara.

In Ceylon bank notes of small denomination, such as the one and two rupee notes, are sold in small books. As a result, notes are often seen in circulation which have been perforated at the left end.

In China there is a customs gold unit in terms of which import duties are figured. It is actually established at .01935 fine ounces of gold, but it is a technical value, based on gold, so that changing values in silver will not affect the customs system. In April, 1931, an issue of customs gold unit notes was authorized in the 10, 5 and 1, 50-cent and 20-cent denominations, but very few were ever placed in circulation. The new notes were issued following the abolishing of the Haikwan tael, which was in effect the official customs tael since the early 1840's.

The A. N. A. Meets Only Once Each Year—Don't Miss It!!

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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Report of The General Secretary

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 8634 Charles S. Hall, 5619 Fair Oaks St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
 8635 Solomon Heller, 3133 W. Fountain St., Philadelphia, Pa.
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 8637 Gale A. Lee, 1st National Bank, Lamar, Colo.
 8638 Thomas B. Williams, R. F. D. 1, Piteairn, Pa.
 8639 Robert L. Smith, Box 583, Okoboji, Iowa.
 8640 H. R. Youngblood, 715 W. Magnolia St., Stockton, Calif.
 8641 Miss Lydia Wells, 401 Kirkwood Blvd., Davenport, Iowa.
 8642 Leonard E. Waterman, 85 Edmund St., Lynbrook, N. Y.
 8643 C. A. Williamson, R. F. D. 7, Butler, Pa.
 8644 C. F. Carpenter, Crockett, Texas.
 8645 Dr. Clark Taylor, 3401 4th Ave., Sacramento, Calif.
 8646 Beldon Roach, 993 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y.
 8647 Stanford H. Hartshorn, 60 Highland St., Gardner, Mass.
 8648 Anthony B. Meyer, 1200 Imperial Dr., Glendale, Calif.
 8649 Leo A. Renz, 1708 East 4th St., Charlotte, N. C.
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 8652 Irvin A. Mergelman, Gunnison, Colo.
 8653 James V. Barton, 400 No. Coronado, Los Angeles, Calif.
 8654 Ralph J. Eberly, 6516 Detroit Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
 8655 Joseph French Maley, 98 Riverside Drive, New York City, N. Y.
 8656 Dr. Harold Swanberg, 510 Maine St., Quincy, Ill.
 8657 Ernest H. Schlitgus, 1526 Fifth Street S. W., Rochester, Minn.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during June, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to September 1, 1941, the applicants will become members

on that date, and their names will appear published in the September issue of The Numismatist.

- Dr. Oscar Alden**, 8658, 607 Highland St., Red Oak, Iowa. U. S. Coins. R. G. Bullard, P. A. Michel.
- Dr. Michael S. Nievezas**, 8659, 611 Oak, Red Oak, Iowa. American Coins. R. G. Bullard, P. A. Michel.
- C. E. McIlvain**, 8660, 610 5th St., Red Oak, Iowa. U. S. Coins. R. G. Bullard, P. A. Michel.
- W. J. Roehl**, 8661, 1218 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. U. S. and General. Fouad K. Saab, George E. May, A. A. Taylor.
- George W. Eggleston**, 8662, 1809 East 6th Ave., Topeka, Kansas. General. John L. Dooley, C. H. Hall, Leurs M. Paramore.
- Ludwig Hauck**, 8663, Apartado 729, Caracas, Venezuela, S. A. Gold Coins of the Americas. Morton Stack, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Charles M. Rosenbluh**, 8664, 120 East 41st Street, New York City, N. Y. Greek and Roman. Harry J. Stein, Morton Stack.
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- Mrs. Walter K. Taylor**, 8667, 5 West Jackson Ave., Middletown, N. Y. Coins. Elizabeth Fellows, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Floyd L. Arnold**, 8668, 454 East 22 Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. U. S. General. Wm. Holzman, Jos. Barnet.
- John M. Ellis**, 8669, P. O. Box 183, Bethlehem, Pa. General. W. F. Majory, Jr., M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Lucien Marius Bellier**, 8670, Box 209, Oyster Bay, N. Y. French and U. S. Cents. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- E. Broholm**, 8671, 7950 Muskegon Ave., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Coins—Proofs. David E. Day, Wm. Owesen, Lewis M. Reagan.
- Mrs. C. B. Shrout**, 8672, Vet. Adm. Facility, Ft. Lyon, Colo. General. M. Vernon Sheldon, S. W. Anderson.
- John A. Herr**, 8673, 234 Brookfield Rd., Syracuse, N. Y. Choice U. S. Coins. Barney Bluestone, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Dr. J. E. Dunn**, 8674, 823 Citizens Savings Bank Bldg., Paducah, Ky. U. S. Minor Coins. John A. Wright, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Dr. Richard J. Stock**, 8675, 130 Broadway, Hanover, Pa. General. Edward H. Blettner, Harmon E. Zinn, C. Ed. Stambaugh.
- V. C. Cassilis**, 8676, P. O. Box 1050, Stockton, Calif. Commemorative and Misc. American Coins. Patrick Padula, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Robert W. Benroth**, 8677, 612 S. Main St., Bluffton, Ohio. U. S. Coins. Evan W. Basinger, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- John A. Jacobsen**, 8678, 36 Hawthorne St., Brooklyn, N. Y. American Coins \$1 and under. Jos. Barnet, W. F. Majory, Jr., E. W. Cochran.
- Paul Pennington**, 8679, 1424 Noyes St., Evanston, Ill. Greek and Roman. David M. Bullowa, Wilton R. Dudley.
- Pitcairn Coin and Medal Club**, 8680, Thomas B. Williams, Sec'y., R. D. 1. Pitcairn, Pa. Corporate Club. Paul McBride Gillis, K. L. McIntosh, J. Edgar Cunningham.
- W. H. Meenach**, 8681, Box 1646, Chesapeake, Ohio. U. S. General. K. M. Smith, R. A. Earles, O. E. Dement.
- Frank T. Dillon**, 8682, 1707 W. 47th St., Chicago, Ill. Silver and Gold Coins. Norton Stone, Harold R. Klein, Jos. Shala.
- Robert B. Masters**, 8683, 405 Huron St., Pontiac, Mich. Half and One U. S. Cent Pieces. T. R. Hammer, Lee Hewitt, A. V. Eisenhart.
- George A. Way**, 8684, 909 Madison Ave., New York City, N. Y. General. Jos. Barnet, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- George J. Viegas**, 8685, 546 Dartmouth St., So. Dartmouth, Mass. American, Portuguese and other Foreign. Arthur J. Sylvia, S. Waters, F. A. Gonelin.
- Elva Mary Brunetto**, 8686, P. O. Box 82, Bantam, Conn. General. Will W. Clarke, H. M. Sturgis.
- Carl H. Boehm**, 8687, 35 East Gay St., Columbus, Ohio. General. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Howard B. Vannote**, 8688, 18 Prospect St., Port Washington, N. Y. Colonial Currency, Ancient Coins, U. S. Paper Money. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Raymond L. Watkins**, 8689, 7228 Monroe Ave., Hammond, Ind. U. S. Coins. Arthur Rutz, Paul Weiger, C. B. Pound.
- Elliott H. Wilson**, 8690, 111 Bement Ave., Staten Island, N. Y. Foreign, Historical. Lewis M. Reagan, Delmore Brickman, Wm. Carroll.
- J. V. McDermott**, 8691, 910 Madison Ave., So. Milwaukee, Wis. All U. S. Coins. G. V. Highsmith, H. L. Polzer, R. E. Meder.
- Wilcen W. Werst**, 8692, 770 Main St., Hellertown, Pa. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Elcone Lustgarten**, 8693, 102-22 127th St., Richmond Hill, N. Y. All U. S. Asher Kleinman, Jos. Barnet.
- Lloyd M. Bentsen**, 8694, Mission, Texas. General. W. A. Philpott, Jr., M. Vernon Sheldon.
- George B. Hooper**, 8695, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St Paul, Minn. Indian Head Cents, U. S. Coins, General. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- E. I. Marco**, 8696, Casa de Moneda, Quinta Normal, Santiago, Chile, South America. Thos. F. Morris, Farran Zerbe.
- Warner E. Scoggan**, 8697, 686 Greenwood Ave., N. E., Atlanta, Ga. South American and General. D. L. Redfield, E. A. Parker, Edward Fogler.
- C. J. Frear**, 8698, 704 Postal Bldg., San Francisco, Calif. Coins of U. S. E. A. Parker, R. A. Mitchell, E. Werling

Paul B. Slosson, 8699, 250 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn. U. S. General. **Paul E. Olson**, J. L. Montgomery.
The Cleveland Coin Club, 8700, Wallace Sargis, Sec'y., 11208 Edgewater Drive, Cleveland, Ohio. Corporate Club. Wallace Sargis, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Leo J. Fell, 8701, Yankton, So. Dak. Paper Money. L. A. Hensley, James Lloyd.
W. A. Donaldson, 8702, 46 W. 84th Street, New York City, N. Y. General. Lloyd B. Gettys, Hans Sergl, M. Vernon Sheldon.

Deaths.

3724 Augustus J. Kaufman, Rochester, N. Y.

Reinstatement.

7468 P. B. Trotter, Jr., Memphis, Tenn.

Resignations.

4177 Forrest A. Miller, La Grange, Ind.
 7451 Elmer Axelson, Denver, Colo.
 7658 P. M. Tackett, Warren, Ohio.
 7568 Robert M. Ritterband, Los Angeles, Calif.
 3809 T. E. Pierce, Washington, D. C.
 3285 Wm. H. Sternberg, New York City, N. Y.

Change of Address.

Burlington Coin Club, 7345, from Wm. Hockstead, Sec'y., Rm. 216, Hotel Burlington, Burlington, Ia., to Stanley Smith, Sec'y., 106 N. Marshall St., Burlington, Ia.

Missouri Numis. Society, 7183, from T. L. Moore, Sec'y., 318 S. Clark St., Ferguson, Mo., to L. A. Mueller, Secy.-Treas., 4239 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Rocky Mountain Numis. Society, 5100, from Jacob G. Willson, Sec.-Treas., Rm. 15, State Capitol, Denver, Colo., to Jacob G. Willson, Sec.-Treas., Rm. 321, Baltimore Hotel, 429 16th Street, Denver, Colo.

Seattle Coin Club, 5592, from 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle, Wash., to C. C. Saeman, Sec'y., 609 Peoples Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Youngstown Numis. Club, 3470, from A. J. Smith, Sec'y., 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio, to C. W. Sumner, Sec'y.-Lib., Wick and Rogers Aves., Youngstown, Ohio.

Myron W. Baker, 6410, from 4887 Cortland Ave., Detroit, Mich., to care Revere Copper and Brass, Inc., Revere office, Rome, N. Y.

Edward A. Bardon, 5312, from 1840 Princeton, St. Paul, Minn., to 1847 Sargent Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Charles M. Barrett, 7200, from P. O. Box 327, New Castle, Del., to P. O. Box 104, Middle River, Md.

John H. Berkshire, 5431, from 3044 Southwest Bldg., Kansas City, Mo., to 3601 Charlotte St., Kansas City, Mo.

Albert A. Eiel, 8071, from 3028 Grant, El Paso, Tex., to 2901 Gold, El Paso, Tex.
 Jack Brookman, 5810, from P. O. Box 1500, Manila, P. I., to P. O. Box 652, Beverly Hills, Calif.

P. C. Brown, 7221, from 926 Country Club Dr., Normandy, Mo., to 322 Tower Grove Dr., St. Louis, Mo.

Edward L. Caum, 3199, from 1420 Piikoi St., Honolulu, Hawaii, to Experiment Station, H. S. P. A., Honolulu, Hawaii.

Miss Theodora M. M. Danecki, 8370, from 1410 "H" Street N. W., Washington, D. C., to 3405 Copley Rd., Baltimore, Md.

John S. Davenport, Life Mem. No. 44, from 1600 Melrose Place, Knoxville, Tenn., to 24 Argyle Park, Buffalo, N. Y.

Edward O. Drane, 7590, from 930 Roscoe St., Chicago, Ill., to 1315 Hemlock St., Louisville, Ky.

Wilton R. Dudley, 4228, from 1741 Gregory St., Chicago, Ill., to 2031 Balmoral Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Dr. D. L. Edlund, 5612, from 846 Washington Ave., Carnegie, Pa., to Pennsylvania Blvd., Mt. Lebanon, Pittsburgh, Pa.

M. B. Fenton, 8628, from 3311 Caleb St., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, to 2857 Bailey Rd., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio.

Walter S. Flickinger, 8554, from Camp NP-16, (Fort) Quantico, Va., to Camp NP-4, Fort Washington, Maryland.

Paul M. Fouts, 4792, from 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle, Wash., to 609 Peoples Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Dr. Harold H. Freund, 4825, from 27 Lake Rd., Mamoroneck, N. Y., to 27 Lake Rd., Rye, N. Y.

M. P. Ganey, 8389, from 2624 N. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind., to Gillespie, Ill.

Roy V. Gavert, 8356, from 1178 Highland Rd., Sharon, Pa., to 311 22nd St. N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Mrs. Whitney Goubert, 6154, from 86 Linden Ave., Englewood, N. J., to Bear Hill Farm, Newbury, N. H. (This address for June, July, Aug. and Sept. only)

A. Douglas Gutheil, 5018, from U. S. S. Richmond, care Postmaster, San Diego, Calif., to 4651 Natalie Drive, San Diego, Calif.

Sidney J. Haas, 4123, from 1619 D. Bath St., Santa Barbara, Calif., to 2223 San Marco Dr., Hollywood, Calif.

David G. Hoyer, 7570, from 13 Shore Rd., Old Greenwich, Conn., to Box 81, Old Greenwich, Conn.

R. W. Hungerford, Com. U. S. N., 3797, from 2515 S. Lambert St., Philadelphia, Pa., to U. S. S. McCormick, care Postmaster, New York City, N. Y.

Mark G. Kantor, M. D., 8308, from 763 Dawson St., New York City, N. Y., to 1018 E. 163rd St., New York City, N. Y.

Aaron J. Kaufman, 7862, from 2616 West Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif., to 58 Clifford St., Roxbury, Mass.

D. K. Kortemeier, 6946, from P. O. Box 756, Fort Pierce, Fla., to 161st Signal Photo Co., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Robert A. Lee, 5822, from 244 S. Hirst St., Philadelphia, Pa., to 60 Manor Ave., Oaklyn, N. J.

Gus Levy, 7527, from 313 N. E. First Ave., Miami, Fla., to care D. Lerber, 2244 Davidson Ave., Bronx, New York City, N. Y.

I. Lieberman, 1401, from 3106 Benton Blvd., Kansas City, Mo., to 3912 Harrison St., Kansas City, Mo.

R. J. Lindquist, 7244, from 104 E. Leland St., Chevy Chase, Md., to care Reynolds Metals Co., 810 E. Franklin St., Richmond, Va.

Herbert A. Luce, 7414, from 3617 State Ave., Ashtabula, Ohio, to 3914 State Ave., Ashtabula, Ohio.

James G. McNeese, 8548, from 719 Minnesota Ave., Kansas City, Kan., to 705 North 8th St., Kansas City, Kansas.

Brad Mills, 7820, from Box 461, Houston, Texas, to 1820 Republic Bank Bldg., Dallas, Tex.

Guy R. Moulit, 8427, from 3658 Phillips Pl., St. Louis, Mo., to 5528 S. Grand Blvd., St. Louis, Mo.

B. M. O'Hea, 8252, from 131 Taylor, San Antonio, Tex., to 343 West Summit, San Antonio, Tex.

Albert C. Overton, 7209, from 1507 E. 5th St., Pueblo, Colo., to 1627 E. 8th St., Pueblo, Colo.

Pierre Page, Sr., 5587, from 519 Deming Place, Chicago, Ill., to 664 Oakdale Ave., Chicago, Ill.

George Rieger, Jr., 6693, from 720 W. Sedgwick St., Philadelphia, Pa., to 108 Waverly Rd., Bryn Mawr, Pa.

Fred E. Roganson, 8201, from 120 Milford Ave., Newark, N. J., to 108 Milford Ave., Newark, N. J.

Dr. James O. Sloss, 7718, from Gladstone Hotel, 11th and Pine Sts., Philadelphia, Pa., to Mercy Hospital, Pride and Locust Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

G. B. Smedley, 7190, from 326 Charles St., Pekin, Ill., to 307 Chestnut St., Pekin, Ill.

E. D. Stinson, 6040, from 1802 5th Ave., Los Angeles, Calif., to 1253 Longwood Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.

D. N. Tucker, 5982, from Box 59, Spartanburg, S. C., to 321 N. Tryon St., Charlotte, N. C.

F. E. Watson, 7504, from 1202 Second Nat'l. Bank Bldg., Houston, Tex., to 604 Walker Bk. Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Jacob G. Willson, 5118, from Rm. 15, State Capitol, Denver, Colo., to Rm. 321, Baltimore Hotel, 429 16th St., Denver, Colo.

Mrs. R. H. Wingert, 7637, from 443 Roslyn Ave., Akron, Ohio, to 437 Fernwood, Akron, Ohio.

N. W. Woldy, 7689, from P. O. Box 124, Berwyn, Ill., to P. O. Box 143, Hinsdale, Ill.

Richard M. Worrlow, 6349, from 1851 Holmby Ave., Los Angeles, Calif., to 10557 Kinnard Ave., Westwood Village, Los Angeles, Calif.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary

NOMINATIONS FOR A. N. A. OFFICERS.

The following nominations were received by the General Secretary to the time of closing. The status of the nomination is also given.

President—

J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Que., Canada Accepted.
Harvey L. Hansen, San Jose, Cal. Declined.
Lee F. Hewitt, Chicago, Ill. Declined.
Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City Declined.
Shepard Pond, Winchester, Mass. Declined.

First Vice-President—

Harvey L. Hansen, San Jose, Cal. Declined.
Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City Accepted.
A. H. Leatherman, Philadelphia, Pa. Accepted.
R. L. McBrien, Chicago, Ill. Declined.

Second Vice-President—

J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Que., Canada Declined.
William G. Rayson, Chicago, Ill. Declined.
George Mills Todd, Atlanta, Ga. Accepted.

General Secretary—

John W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio Accepted.
M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill. Accepted.

Treasurer—

George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J. Accepted.

Librarian—

T. R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa. Accepted.

Board of Governors—

George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y. Declined.

V. Leon Belt, Waterloo, Iowa Accepted.

William Brimelow, Elkhart, Ind. Accepted.

Vernon L. Brown, New York City Accepted.

Victor B. Chambers, Columbus, Ohio Accepted.

Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio Declined.

Arthur B. Kelley, St. Louis, Mo. Declined.

Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City Declined.

Robert H. Lloyd, North Tonawanda, N. Y. Accepted.

Shepard Pond, Winchester, Mass. Accepted.

William G. Rayson, Chicago, Ill. Declined.

J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill. Accepted.

Frank C. Ross, Kansas City, Mo. Declined.

Russell W. Stehfest, Detroit, Mich. Declined.

Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb. Accepted.

The official ballot will show the names of those who have accepted nominations.

A LETTER FROM A FORMER BRITISH GENERAL SECRETARY.

The following letter has been received by General Secretary Sheldon from C. J. Bunn, of Camberwell, London, former District Secretary of the A. N. A. for England. It relates briefly the disaster that has overtaken him on account of the war, as well as the difficulty in sending even a small amount of money out of England:

"I am very much obliged for the trouble you have taken over my dues to the A. N. A. I adopted your suggestion and got into touch with Spink & Son, but in vain. They tell me they can do nothing in this matter, as the currency regulations are so strict. I have received the May issue of The Numismatist, the first one since last October, and should like it continued. The cash business will be cleared up as soon as circumstances permit. I have been bombed out of my business and have now retired. But I and my family fortunately escaped injury, but it was a near thing. There is no lack of courage here and no one doubts the ultimate outcome of this awful struggle. Success to the A. N. A.

"Yours numismatically,

"C. J. BUNN."

COLLECTION OF WOODEN NICKELS.

Through the courtesy of Shepard Pond, F. R. N. S., of Winchester, Mass., we are advised of an item which appeared in the Boston Traveler, on July 7, 1941, featuring the wooden nickel collection of John W. Kohle, of Waltham, Mass. Mr. Kohle, who has collected wooden nickels for several years, has assembled over 200 specimens from thirty-five States, as well as from scores of municipalities.

The newspaper article also told the story of the use of wooden money from the time it emerged in Tenino, Wash., during the banking holiday. The use of wooden money is very popular today among communities for raising funds in connection with local celebrations. Specimens which collectors obtain are subsequently held and are not presented by the time the validity of the issue expires, as shown by the redemption date which appears upon most issues.

Why Not Become A Life Member of the American Numismatic Association?

Philadelphia A. N. A. Convention August 16 to 21, 1941.



Official A. N. A. Fiftieth Anniversary Medal.

Advices from the Philadelphia Coin Club Convention Committee on July 17 regarding convention arrangements can be summed up in three words—"We are ready." This means a lot. It means that the official program has been sent to every reader of *The Numismatist*, the official medal has been struck, hotel arrangements have been completed, all details of convention have been looked after, the convention bourse and exhibit details have been completed, and the many details of an A. N. A. convention finally arranged.

It may not be out of place to say a few words about convention registration. Besides the usual hotel registration, all members of the A. N. A. should sign the General Secretary's registration book, which will be in or near the exhibit room. This is important, as it is the official record of attendance. This applies also to visitors accompanying A. N. A. members.

Next you should register with the local club's committee, from whom you will receive a badge and book of entertainment tickets on payment of \$5. You will then be able to participate in all the convention entertainment features.

For the benefit of all we reprint the official program:

CONVENTION PROGRAM

Saturday, August 16

Morning and Afternoon—Registration of members and guests. Members should register with both the local registration committee and the General Secretary, M. Vernon Sheldon. Guests should register with the local registration committee. All registering with the local committee will receive their convention badge and tickets for entertainment and visits provided by the Philadelphia Coin Club.

Placing of the exhibits in the Betsy Ross Room.

8:30 P. M.—Informal reception of members and guests. Light refreshments will be served in the Crystal Room.

Sunday, August 17

Morning—Church services. The names of churches of various denominations will be found on the Church Directory in the lobby of the hotel.

Afternoon—Opportunity to visit Congress Hall, Independence Hall, Old City Hall, Franklin's Grave, Old Quaker Meeting House, Betsy Ross House, Christ Church, site of residence of Washington and Adams while President, and other points of historic interest. By referring to the map on the inside back cover of the program you will see that the above are all within easy walking distance of the hotel.

Monday, August 18

- 10:00 A. M.—Opening business session in the Crystal Room.
 1:30 P. M.—Trip to Valley Forge Park. Busses will start on schedule from the hotel, and will leave Valley Forge for the Manufacturers' Country Club at about 5 o'clock.
 6:30 P. M.—Registered members and guests are invited by Mr. James G. Macallister to a complimentary dinner at the Manufacturers' Country Club, Oreland, Pa. Those who do not go to Valley Forge must arrange for transportation at the registration desk.

Tuesday, August 19

- 10:00 A. M.—Business session in the Crystal Room.
 12:00 Noon—Official convention photograph on the roof of the hotel.
 1:30 P. M.—Trip to the United States Mint. Busses will leave on schedule.
 7:30 P. M.—Auction sale by Mr. Ira S. Reed, in the Crystal Room.
 7:30 P. M.—Theater party for the ladies.

Wednesday, August 20

- 10:00 A. M.—Business session in the Crystal Room.
 1:30 P. M.—Opportunity to visit the Philadelphia Savings Fund Society Building, Evening Bulletin Building, City Hall, Academy of Fine Arts, Aquarium, Art Museum, Rodin Museum, Franklin Institute and the Academy of Natural Sciences. National League baseball, Philadelphia vs. Cincinnati, at Shibe Park.
 7:00 P. M.—Annual Banquet, informal, in the Crystal Room.

Thursday, August 21

- 10:00 A. M.—Final business session in the Crystal Room.
 Afternoon—Removal of exhibits and adieus.

THE ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE**THE LIBERTY BELL.**

At the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A. one of the entertainment features will be a visit to a number of historic spots in the city, not the least interesting of which is Independence Hall, with its time-honored Liberty Bell. At this time, when our liberty and the American way of life are challenged, the Bell takes on added significance. We associate the Bell almost entirely with the part it played in proclaiming to the people of Philadelphia that the Declaration of Independence had been signed. We have not bothered so much about its previous or later history. This is told by Leigh Mitchell Hodges, of Philadelphia, in a recent issue of the New York Times, as follows:

The Liberty Bell is many years older than the occasion with which it is most intimately connected. The Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania ordered it in 1751 through its colonial agent in London, Robert Charles, putting the price limit at £100 sterling. Charles commissioned Thomas Lister, of Whitechapel, to cast the bell according to specifications. These, among other things, called for the famous inscription: "Proclaim liberty throughout all the land unto all the inhabitants thereof." The Pennsylvania Assemblymen seem to have had an uncanny presentiment of the part the bell was later to play in American history.

Charles made a good bargain, for he got the bell, suspended on an oaken beam, for £60 14s. 5d. The bell arrived in Philadelphia in August, 1752, and was mounted temporarily on trusses in the State House yard to undergo tests before being raised to the belfry of the State House. The tests were a happy forethought, for, during one of them, the bell cracked.

The local experts on bells attributed the crack to the high and brittle quality of the metal. Consequently, when the bell was recast in Philadelphia, 1½ ounces of copper were added to every pound of the old bell. The bell then was hung up, but it failed to satisfy the critics and, in 1753, was recast

for a third time. Even after that there were complaints about the tone, but the authorities decided to let well enough alone.

For the next twenty-three years the bell continued to render yeoman service, ringing to announce the daily sessions of the Assembly, the opening of the court, and public gatherings; to enliven patriotic celebrations and other festive occasions, and tolling in honor of notables who died.

The office of bell-ringer was one of distinction. The third man to hold the honor was Andrew McNair, who served from 1758 to 1776. It was McNair who rang the bell to summon the public to the yard to hear the reading of the new Declaration of Independence. Silent during the reading, the bell pealed forth as the last of the names of the immortal signers was announced.

The bell later was rung when Washington took command of the Continental Army at Cambridge and for the victories of White Plains, Trenton and Princeton. In the autumn of 1777 the British were at the gates of Philadelphia and the bell was in serious danger of capture. It was, consequently, loaded on one of 800 wagons forming a supply train and, under a guard of Virginia and North Carolina cavalry, transported to Allentown, Pa., and hidden in Zion's Church. There it remained until the British quit Philadelphia and it was returned to the belfry of the former State House, the name of which had now been changed to Independence Hall.

The bell continued to do service long after the Revolution. Upon the death of Chief Justice Marshall in Philadelphia in 1835 it was assigned to toll in honor of the departed jurist as it had tolled for so many notables. On July 8 the funeral procession had been formed and was under way when the bell proceeded to sound its doleful accompaniment. "Without warning," says Mr. Hodges, "came a muted stroke! After eight-two years of faithful service—fifty-nine to the day and almost the hour when it had rung out the news of freedom—it lost its voice."

Investigation showed that the bell was cracked. The crack, almost imperceptible at first, was attributed to some flaw in the original structure of the metal. It was made much more conspicuous when, in 1856, it was drilled in the vain hope of improving the tone of the bell. Today the crack has become as famous as the bell. A crackless Liberty Bell is as inconceivable as a Venus de Milo with arms.

CAN IT BE DONE?—A CHALLENGE TO CENT COLLECTORS.

Collecting the large U. S. cents issued from 1793 to 1857 remains one of the most popular series of American Numismatics. The literature on the subject is extensive, and includes:

- Crosby: Cents of 1793.
- Chapman: Cents of 1794.
- Doughty: U. S. Cents (1793-1814).
- Frossard: Cents of 1793-1857.
- Frossard-Hays: Varieties of Cents of 1794.
- Elder-Gilbert: Revision and additions to above.
- Gilbert: Cents of 1796.
- Newcomb: Cents of 1801-02-03.
- Andrews: Cents 1816-57.

Cataloguers of cents use most frequently Doughty and Andrews for general work, and only refer to the more specialized studies if the collection warrants it.

We should like to see some one prepare a large chart or table for The Numismatist which would indicate the duplications in the publications of the various authors.

By the publication of a table or chart giving this information a collector could tell at a glance that a certain Doughty number was the same as a certain Chapman or Frossard number. A work which would cross-index the varieties of cents would be most useful, and The Numismatist will gladly cooperate in working out a plan for its publication.

Possibly some cent experts have already done the preliminary work and will be willing to present their efforts and result of their studies to The Numismatist, making their material thereby available to all students and collectors of the series.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner Ave., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shakford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. A. A. Gullian, Secretary, 293 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 106 Marshall St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of each month. Wallace Sargis, Secretary, 11208 Edgewater Drive, Cleveland, Ohio.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 1 Verona Apts., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned. Providence. R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Dewey Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. J. Lewis Good, Acting Secretary, 305 W. Second St., Xenia, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Fri-

day of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio.—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Richard B. Whitney, Secretary, 4923 University Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City.—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 730 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. Harry Collura, Secretary, 2126 N. Oakland Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis, Mo. L. A. Mueller, Secretary, 4239 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa.—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Tuesday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society.—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downton Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 4 Samuel St., West Orange, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City.—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. George B. Hooper, Secretary, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa.—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Raymond Moulton, Secretary, 2647 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at Recreation Room of the Church of the Messiah, Santa Ana. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Pittsairn Coin and Medal Club, Pittsairn, Pa.—Meets the second Monday of the month at 544 Broadway. Thomas B. Williams, Secretary, R. D. 1, Pittsairn, Pa.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. William M. Hutchinson, Secretary, 49 Rowley Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month at places fixed by program committee. Jacob G. Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer, Baltimore Hotel, Rm. 321, 429 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 609 Peoples Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, Secretary, 312 Wright Ave., R. D., East Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyverski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Grout Room, Y. M. C. A., Waterloo, Iowa. Elizabeth Kenney, Secretary, 510 Waterloo Bldg., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—391st regular meeting, July 11, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Thirteen members were present.

The topics for the evening: Ancient and Modern Coins of the Islands of the Mediterranean; Pattern United States Gold Dollars; Pattern Half Dollars prior to 1861; Sales Tax Tokens, 1933 to 1941.

H. J. Erlanger read paper on the Gold Florin and Ducat. (This paper will be published later in The Numismatist.)

Exhibits were made by the following:

H. J. Erlanger: First Nuremberg goldguilder, no date (1423/37); Nuremberg goldguilder on election of Emperor Leopold I, 1658 (last but one); first Nuremberg ducat, 1632; last Nuremberg ducat, 1806; gold medal (6 ducats) on election of Emperor Charles VII, 1742.

O. T. Sghia: Six crowns of Malta, six crowns of Sardinia, 15 crowns of Sicily. H. J. Stein: Twelve coins of Syracuse of various eras. Coins of Leontini, Agrigento, Gela, Catana, Centuripae and Abacaenum. New acquisitions: Aelia Capitolina; Caracalla, rev., wolf and twins; and Antoninus Pius, rev., Tyche with headress.

W. H. Arthur: Two varieties of the 1939-D mint Washington quarter, one a small D, another with a large D.

D. M. Bullock: 1865, Suez Canal token, 5 francs, Ch. & A. Bazin. 1818, Sicily, 3 ducati, Ferdinand I; China, 10 tael, round and oblong; 5 tael, round; 2 tael, oval and oblong; 1 tael, round, oval, and shoe; ½ tael, shoe.

L. Kusterer: Tax tokens of New Mexico and Illinois.

J. Barnet: Nine different varieties of imitation and souvenir slugs of the P. P. I. E. Exposition of 1915. Two of them are watch fobs. Opening and closing day badge of P. P. I. E.

F. C. C. Boyd: Pattern gold dollars: 41 proof specimens, struck in gold, silver, copper, aluminum, and white metal. Pattern half dollars struck in silver and copper: 1838, ninety; 1839, six; 1861, four; 1858, one; 1865, one.

The membership committee reported that the nominee for membership in the club, Arthur D. Baker, died since our last meeting. Consequently, the application was not acted upon.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the August meeting, Modern Coins of Russia; United States Church Paper Money dated from 1790 to 1816; designs for United States Fractional Currency; Quarter Dollars from 1796 to 1828; Alaska currency. This was adopted.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—269th meeting, July 2, E. E. Lamb presiding. Sixty two members and one visitor were present.

The president welcomed Mrs. R. E. Davis, who is spending several weeks of her vacation with her daughter and friends in the city.

The president also introduced the sister of Dr. Jos. Reich, Miss Betty Reich, who recently arrived from London.

The applications of Warren W. Lewis, Raymond L. Allen and C. Lou Snyder were accepted to membership.

The resignation of Mrs. J. E. Miller was read and accepted.

J. Henri Ripstra and M. V. Sheldon spoke on the forthcoming A. N. A. convention.

A short paper by Dr. Jos. Reich was read on medals with the portraits of famous European persons with a view to their relations with the United States. His paper was illustrated with several medals.

Wm. G. Rayson gave a very interesting talk on shillings of George III.

Exhibits were as follows:

D. C. Keefer: A Chicago store card with the inscription "W. F. Dunham, Prescription Druggist" in aluminum proof. Reverse, portrait of Columbus, dated 1892. Bronze medal of E Pankhurst, suffragette, 1914.

Paul Pennington: Dyrrhachium in Illyricum, drachm, 3.24 grams, 229-100 B. C. Rome, drachm, 3.30 grams, 200 B. C., the Victoriatus.

John R. Stewart: 1856 small cent, proof; 1877 cent, proof; 1875 \$2.50 gold piece; Austria, 100 shilling in gold; 1595 Poland, ducat in gold; 1741 George II, crown lion head shoulders.

Wm. G. Rayson: George III shillings. Northumberland shilling of 1763; Two shillings of 1787 with and without the dot; shilling of 1816; pattern sixpence by Pingo, 1787.

Dr. Jos. P. Reich: Medals of famous European personages.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—Tenth meeting, June 25. Nineteen members and two guests were present. President Riggs called the meeting to order.

Frank J. Schwab was admitted to membership.

Carl Shelby read a financial report on the open-house meeting held June 15.

A motion was carried to provide our librarian-curator, Mr. Fiscus, with a suitable cabinet or kit to carry coins back and forth and to be used during auctions to prevent any misplaced coins.

Mr. Riggs announced that hereafter, in the absence of any special speaker at the meeting, three or more members would talk two minutes each on their own coins or on some phase of numismatics.

Members participating in the program were Mr. Kasberg, Mr. Fiscus, and Mr. Wood. Mr. Kasberg's talk was on small cents. Mr. Fiscus gave an interesting explanation of Maundy money. Mr. Wood discussed an unusual and rare collection of coins which he was fortunate enough to purchase several years ago.

An auction was held.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—98th meeting, July 2, President Schwartz in the chair. Twelve members and one guest were present. The guest was Mr. Barney McAlary, of St. Albans, N. Y.

William S. Darrow read a paper on the Coinage of Paraguay, and Ernst Kraus read a paper on the Pattern Coins of Liberia. Both papers were well illustrated with specimens pertaining to the topic.

The topic announced for the August meeting is United States Tokens, all kinds, and members are invited to bring any tokens for attribution or exchange.

The following exhibits were made:

Mr. Bullowa: Russian bank notes of 1805, 1842, 1912. Gold coins of Pius IX, 50 lire 1868; Italy, 50 lire, 1911; Danish West Indies, 50 francs, 1905; Czechoslovakia commemorative, 1929.

Mr. Darrow: Coins of Paraguay, 1845, 1870, 1900, 1925, 1938, 1939.

Mr. Friedberg: New issue of France, 10 centimes, 1941, in zinc; Paraguay, set dated 1939; Russia, series of commemorative roubles.

Mr. Heft: English, French and Nicaraguan miniature medals.

Mr. Kraus: Pattern coins of Liberia; late issues of Bolivia and Lebanon.

Mr. Reagan: Colonial paper money and State bank notes of Civil War period; collection of old checks with stamps.

Mr. Schmall: Colonial paper money of 1776; Coins, medals and tokens referring to American Independence.

Mr. Schwartz: Medals of Lafayette and Washington.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—94th meeting, July 10. Ten members and three guests were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Wade read newspaper items of numismatic interest.

Mr. Bullowa, chairman of Coin Week for the A. N. A., sent a letter notifying the society it had been awarded first prize, jointly with the Washington society, for Coin Week activities. The prize is to be an opportunity of exhibiting at a local bank the only complete pure-nickel coin collection in the world.

The topic committee suggested as the topic for August: Colonial coins and Dimes of the United States.

The topic for the meeting was U. S. Half Dimes, and Central American and Mexican money, and the exhibits followed.

Mr. Schulman, our guest of honor, was warmly welcomed by President Husker. Mr. Schulman spoke graciously in response. He talked in a fascinating manner of his exhibit of rare and unusual pieces of currency and read several numismatic jingles. Further entertainment was given in the form of several amusing stories regarding questions asked him by collectors and the information he gained in finding the answers.

Mr. Beach gave a short talk on the obsolete Tanners Bank of Catskill, N. Y., and the Prattville Bank and the Pratt sculptured rocks at Prattville, N. Y. His talk was given with his usual charm and humor.

The exhibits for the meeting were:

Mr. Beach: Seven foreign bank bills of France, Hong Kong, Ecuador and Peru. Mrs. Brookes: Denmark, Frederick V, gold piece, 1761, and Christian IV, sosling of Gluckstadt, 1624.

Mr. Brookes: 10c and 25c Hudson River Bank, Hoboken, N. J., 1862, \$2 Farmers and Merchants Bank, Middletown, N. J. 1859, 1876 check from Mechanics National Bank, Trenton, N. J., \$1 Confederate bill.

Mr. Gensheimer: Several 8-reale pieces of Mexico minted during the 1700's, four 8-reale pieces from Central America, set of 1/2 dime types.

Mr. Schulman: Eight oddities: 5 tael sycees of China; 10-ounce bar of Annam; Aztec money; Bolivia ingot; 1/2 ruble plate money, restrike.

Mr. Wade: Crowns from Costa Rica, Mexico, Guatemala, Salvador, Honduras, Central America.

Mr. Williamson: Two 1859 Pattern 50c.; 1869 Pattern 25c.; 1869 Pattern 10c.

CEDAR RAPIDS COIN CLUB—June 23, 37th meeting was called to order by President Ray Harman with 11 members present. Three new members joined the club. They were Burton H. Saxton, Fouad K. Saab and Fred Brenner.

Plans are being made to entertain the I. N. A. Convention on October 18 and 19, at which we are expecting a record-breaking crowd.

On Sunday, June 22, the Cedar Rapids Coin Club and the Cedar Rapids Stamp Club held a joint banquet and exhibit in the Montrose Hotel, with an attendance at the banquet table of sixty. Royal Holbrook, extension lecturer of Iowa State college, was toastmaster.

CANTON COIN CLUB—In place of the Canton Coin Club's regular 72d meeting they were hosts on June 29 for the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs' annual picnic. More than 200 members and their families turned out at Geauga Lake Park for a very

fine day made up of visiting with old friends, picnic lunches, games and sports, free prizes, dancing, free rides on the concessions, free show, and a very fine coin bourse.

The Canton Coin Club is indebted to many of the Penn-Ohio members as well as the various coin clubs for their assistance so willingly given, which made the picnic such a huge success, and we wish to take this opportunity to tender our heartfelt thanks.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—July 1. President Woodside was in the chair. Thirteen members were present. Dr. Paul Schnurman and Miss M. Virginia Dittges were visitors. This meeting was held at the University Club at the invitation of Dr. Kastlin. His fine hospitality was given an expression of appreciation.

A motion was passed unanimously which provided good standing without payment of dues for members who are called into the country's military services.

Refreshments were served and a sociable evening was enjoyed by all.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Hall: Five copies of the Lincoln Indian Peace Medal, by Ellis, in silver, copper and bronze, three-inch and two-inch sizes.

Dr. Kastlin: A series of medical prints and photographs; 1838 token of Baron Spolasco commemorating "5000 recent outstanding cures."

Mr. DeVos: 1927 U. S. nickel and 1835 half-cent, uncirculated; sterling silver medal, 50mm.; First Use of Steam in Navigation, 1807, from the Dunham collection.

Mr. Gaede: Various silver crowns; U. S. pattern coins; Victoria Cross.

Mr. Woodside: 34 coins, medals and tokens showing animals and birds.

Mr. Eastwood: Conder tokens of London, and Civil War tokens of New York.

Miss Dittges: Collection of Conder tokens; complete type set of U. S. commemorative half dollars; small cents, 1857 to 1924, uncirculated; various large cents; collection of fractional currency.

Mr. Coatsworth: Tray of odd pieces, including war decorations, tokens, medallions and souvenirs.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—July 13. The regular meeting was held at the home of Dr. B. H. Sherrard, 1253 Thirty-seventh avenue, Rock Island, Ill. There were twenty members and two guests present.

Because the meeting was in the form of a picnic, no business was transacted. Dr. Sherrard gave the members a real treat when he displayed his collections of U. S. cents, nickels, dimes, quarters, a wonderful collection of commemorative half dollars, dollars and last but not least, one of the finest and largest collections of tokens in the mid-West.

After the guests saw the display they were invited to inspect his beautiful yard and flowers. Then Dr. Sherrard invited them to go to the ravine, where he had an outdoor stove, and he demonstrated his ability as one of the finest chefs, especially frying hamburgers and serving them with all the trimmings.

A social hour followed.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Fortieth meeting, July 11, President Richard S. Yeoman presiding. Thirteen members and one visitor were present.

Plans were formulated for fall meetings. A series of talks will be given by members at each meeting on numismatic subjects of general interest to all members.

The Society's constitution and by-laws were read and discussed. Interpretation of several sections was made by charter members for the benefit of the membership.

A method for making the society's library more accessible to members by providing a carrying case and card system was devised and will be put into operation at the next meeting.

Exhibits at the meeting were as follows:

John Berens: 1903 \$2½ gold, unc.; 1878-S \$2½ gold, unc.; 1906-D \$5 gold, unc.; 1882 \$10 gold, unc.; 1913-D \$20 gold, unc.

Karl Borseth: 1873 to 1883 complete set of eleven Trade dollars, brilliant proofs; 1901 German 10 mark gold, brilliant proof; 1851 Portugal 2500 reis gold, unc.; 1863 Philippine Isabella II 4-peso gold, unc.; 1925 Sweden Gustaf V 20 kronor gold, brilliant proof; 1905 German Frederick August, King of Saxony, 10-mark gold, proof.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—July 9th. Five members were present.

The discussions of the evening were on emergency money of the world, sales-tax tokens, wooden money and notgeld.

The following items were displayed by the attending members:

Very rare Canadian bank note, \$4, dated 1871 and issued by the Bank of Montreal. Scarce catalog printed in Russia covering all revolutionary issues of emergency money of Russia, period from 1769 to 1927, with collectors' prices and values. Bronze medal in original presentation case, issued for the Balbo Atlantic mass airplane flight from Rome to Chicago (Century of Progress), 1933. Small size bank note, Republic of Haiti, 1 gourde, 1939. "Gold-metal" 10,000 mark coin 1½ inches. round, issued in 1923. Province of Westphalia, commemorating Minister vom Stein, Deutschland's Führer in Schwerer Zeit, 1757-1831. Large bronze plaque issued during World War I, to owners of first aid dogs for services in battlefields giving aid to wounded soldiers. Food stamps issued in Germany for bread during World War I. Emergency bank notes issued in France, 1914-1915, 25 and 50 cent. and 1 franc, by Chambers of Commerce in Toulon, de Lure and Puy de Dome. Set of bank notes, 1920, issued in Latvia, 3, 5, 10 rubli (emergency notes). Set of wooden money, 5, 10, 25c, issued at Fullerton, Cal., 1937. Wooden nickels issued at Spokane, Wash., 1939, printed in gold.

One of our attending members received a very interesting and rare envelope, from a letter which was mailed at Fulda, Germany, on Jan. 16, 1917, via the submarine Bremen I, to the United States. The letter was not delivered at the time, as the submarine was recalled while on the high seas, due to the near entrance of the U. S. into the World War. The letter was returned to the sender and the submarine was sunk several months later by the English fleet.

SYRACUSE NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—117th regular meeting, June 12. The meeting commemorated our ninth year and was attended by seven members and eleven visitors.

President Paul Burns presided over a brief routine meeting. Representatives of the Cortland and Rochester clubs gave brief reports of numismatic activities in those cities.

A very interesting talk was given by A. B. Wheel, Onondaga Hill. He told us of the activities of an Adventurers' Club for Boys which he is supervising. The topic of his talk was, "Have a Plan," and his work in his own hobby and with the boys points to that idea. He also told us about Pet Haven and the animal cemetery which he conducts at Onondaga Hill. This venture is eleven years old and 475 pets have been buried in the cemetery.

The club meetings were adjourned for the summer months and will be resumed the first Friday in September.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—June 19th, President Stewart presiding. Thirteen members were present.

We spent a little time discussing means of increasing interest in our hobby and getting out a larger attendance of members.

Mr. Warfield offered his air-conditioned office for the next meeting on July 17, and it was gratefully accepted.

The usual auction was held.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—86th meeting, June 17. The meeting was called to order by President Jacob, who presided over a gathering of 17 members and 2 guests.

The secretary reported the donation of a Numismatic Guide to the club's library by Stack's.

The president welcomed the guests of the evening, Mr. and Mrs. Paterson, of Tuckahoe. Mr. Paterson intends to file his application for membership in the club at the next meeting.

Mr. Marsden read a letter from the Mount Vernon Public Library offering the use of their exhibit space to the club for the month of July. Mr. Marsden was appointed to accept and make final arrangements.

A paper was read by Mr. Stein on the Earliest Coinage of the Roman Republic, with many fine specimens to illustrate.

Topics of the evening: 25 cents U. S., 1858 to date; coins of Islands leased by the U. S. for air bases; coins with the U. S. flag on them, and items of your own interest.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Bellus: Types of U. S. 25 cents and silver dollar, 8 and 5 stars.

Mr. Weidhaas: \$2 gold of Newfoundland and 9 Civil War tokens with U. S. flag showing.

Mr. Jacob: Civil War tokens and store cards showing U. S. flag; Centennial dollar in proof, and set of Philippine commemoratives.

Mr. Massey: 12 U. S. quarters, 1863 to 1936.

Mr. Cox: Four U. S. quarters, cents of 1839 with reverse of 38 and 1839 Booby head, and two 1941 misstruck nickels.

Mr. Stein: Aes grave of Roman Republic and other denominations.

Mr. Sghia: 1801 silver dollar, uncirculated; types of U. S. quarters and Admiral Dewey medal.

Mr. Gutttag distributed 1896 and 97 quarter reals of Guatemala to members desiring same.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—June 12. There were 13 members and 9 guests present. President Baker presided.

A letter was read from M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary of the A. N. A., asking for the Quad City Club by-laws. The secretary was told to take care of this.

A round-table auction of a few lots of coins was held.

Dr. Sherrard displayed an old book on coins. A set of tokens was also displayed.

Dr. Sherrard invited the club to come to his home, at 1253 32nd Ave., in Rock Island, the second Sunday in July for a hamburger fry. He will be assisted by Dr. J. H. Schneider of Rock Island. The coin club will held its July meeting at that time.

After adjournment Mrs. Baker and Betty Laurent served delicious refreshments and a social hour followed.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—663d meeting, June 17, called to order by President Newell, with 17 members and one visitor present.

Dr. Francis Cady, chairman of the picnic committee, reported the arrangements for the July and August meetings. The July picnic will be held at Powder Mill Park, North Cabin, on July 12. The August picnic will be held at Webster Park, in the Shelter, on August 9. Members will bring their own basket lunches to both.

Dr. Cady, member of the Hobby Council, reported on the activities of the council and asked for clippings of items of hobby interest.

William Hutchinson, chairman of the ways and means committee, recommended that the committee be continued; that contributions of coins for auction be con-

tinued, and that a small lot be sold each meeting, proceeds to go to the club treasury. This activity had resulted in raising more than \$35 to date.

Jack Cohen, of the election procedures committee, stated that the committee had no report to make at this time.

Floyd Newell, retiring president, asked George J. Bauer, nationally known past president of the A. N. A., to officiate at the installation of the new officers for the year 1941-1942. Mr. Bauer thereupon installed the following: President, Floyd B. Newell; vice-president, John W. Miller; secretary, William M. Hutchinson; treasurer, Vallance W. Judson; curator, Charles W. Foster; librarian, Dr. Francis Cady.

Charles Foster introduced a resolution to amend a portion of the by-laws to the effect that all regular members shall pay in advance the sum of \$3.50 per year, which shall include the current annual president's medal. The resolution will be acted upon at the first regular meeting in September.

Alphonse Kolb showed the members a medal recently issued by the Society of Medalists, Architectural League, 115 East 40th Street, New York City. The theme of the medal is the devotion of womanhood and of manhood to country and to humanity.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—664th meeting of the Rochester Numismatic Association, July 12, at the North Cabin at Powder Mill Park, with approximately 20 members and friends present. This custom of having picnic outings throughout the summer months, instead of the regular business meetings, is finding much favor with the club. John Miller was chairman of the picnic committee and was assisted by Alphonse Kolb and Edward Meinhardt. The picnic lasted until evening. The members and their families enjoyed an old-fashioned basket picnic, with horseshoe pitching, races and stunts.

The 665th meeting will be a picnic meeting on August 9 at the Lakeview Shelter No. 2, in Webster Park. Dr. Francis Cady will be in charge, with John Miller, Alphonse Kolb and Edward Meinhardt as his assistants.

Regular meetings will commence again on September 2 at the Rochester Museum of Arts and Sciences, in the Coin Room.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—July 1, 160th meeting, thirty members and guests being present.

Two guests from San Pedro, W. H. Buttram and W. L. Gunn were admitted to membership. They reported that it is the custom of San Pedro numismatists to hold informal sidewalk meetings from time to time, devoted to a discussion of this science. Among other guests present was Mr. Voetter, secretary of the San Diego Coin Club.

President Larson delivered a fitting eulogy to the memory of Dr. John Lawrence Smith, a beloved member of the club, who died suddenly on June 26. While Mr. Larson spoke members and guests stood in a silent tribute to Dr. Smith. The Secretary was directed to prepare suitable resolutions of respect and to extend to Mrs. Smith the sympathy of the club.

Louis Kane, who was scheduled to speak on "Large United States Copper Cents," was unable to be present, and his paper was read by George Bennett, with Mr. Koepfel in charge of Mr. Kane's large and unusual collection of these coins. These copper cents, dating from 1793 to 1857 but with no coins struck in the year 1815, present a great variety of die breaks, defects and mistakes, and the identification of the different varieties has been the subject of much numismatic study, requiring consideration of precise measurement and various peculiarities of the different dies. Some of the coins are exceedingly rare and have been counterfeited. The secretary was directed to send to The Numismatist a copy of the paper for publication. Dr. E. R. Lamberton, a member of the club, is a descendant of David Rittenhouse, who was the first Superintendent of the Mint at Philadelphia.

An auction concluded the evening.

THE BRONX COIN CLUB—June 25, 94th regular meeting, with President Stein in the chair. Sixteen members were present. Mr. Forley, of Philadelphia and Mr. David Bingham, of New Jersey were also present as guests.

The passing of A. D. Baker was noted with regret. Although not a member of our organization, he was known to the majority of our members through his activity in the Westchester County Coin Club, of which he was vice-president.

William L. Clark read a paper on the Conder tokens of England, which was well received.

Exhibits were then explained by the members and guests present, as follows: Mr. Bingham: Chinese Temple Money; Japanese oval tempo; Rome, Trajan Decius, first bronze; India, copper dump; Jamaica, nickel electrotype penny, Edward VII, Confederate States of America bonds: \$1,000, \$50, \$50, two issued at Richmond, and one at Montgomery, Ala.

Mr. Clark: 15 Conder tokens made for use in the United States; 29 pieces from France or England, made for use in the United States; 12 new accessions.

Dr. Erlanger: 1712, gold medal on election of Emperor Charles VII as Holy Roman Emperor; 1712, silver medal, struck from same dies; 1712, bronze medal on the visit of Charles VII to the city of Nuremberg; 1619, goldgulden of Nuremberg; 1765, Taler, City of Nuremberg.

Mr. Forley: Seven ancient Greek coins, including choice Athens tetradrachm. Mr. Gans: Cast-iron medal of Napoleon I. by Andrieu.

Mr. Morgenthau: Pedley-Ryan Co., Denver Token, 1933, 430 grains, silver.

Mr. Kennedy: Pye's "Provincial Tokens" (book). Talbot, Allum & Lee token; Washington Liberty and Security cent; Washington small eagle cent (lead copy); Barbadoes, 1 cent; Ipswich, 1 cent, payable at Conder's Drapery; Coventry Cent, Lady Godiva on her horse.

Mr. Sghia: Three medals of Napoleon I; Conder tokens, Carolina, Kentucky and

Grate cents; Coins of Malta of the following grand masters: De Vilhena, Despuig, Pinto, de Texada, de Rohan and Hompesch.

Mr. Schmidt: English eighteenth century tokens showing buildings in London; also halfpenny tokens showing buildings in Coventry.

Mr. Schwartz: Civil War tokens showing busts of Lincoln: H.-G. Nos. 686, 687, 688, 689, 690 and 694 to 698, inclusive.

Mr. Stein: Eleven coins of the Crusaders.

Mr. Vander Meer: Four medals of Napoleon and two on his coronation, December 2, 1804; Medal on Battle of Waterloo, June 15, 1815; Napoleon at St. Helena, 1815-1821.

Mr. Wagner: Medal of Bonaparte, First Consul; Retreat from Moscow; medal of Marshal Ney; Waterloo medals of the British and the Hanoverians; St. Helena medal and miniature of same.

Mr. Zygmant: Photograph of the Eggleston medal for distinguished engineering achievement, awarded to Lazarus White, 1941, by Columbia University, School of Mines.

The topics for the July meeting were suggested as follows: Hard Times Tokens; Celtiberian silver coinage; Papers: Dr. Zygmant, Barbaric Imitations of Greek Coins; Dr. Erlanger, Nuremberg coinage, also a paper on one of the Colonial Coin Topics.

CLEVELAND COIN CLUB—May 21, seventeenth regular meeting. Forty-four members and guests were present.

H. Ruetenick, who recently returned from an extended tour of Guatemala and Central America, displayed some of the motion pictures he had taken. The film, in technicolor, not only revealed the natural beauty of the Central American country, but showed the highlights of the everyday life of the natives from the smallest jungle village to more civilized large cities. The film was well edited and the shots excellent.

President Sargis supplemented the film with a brief historical sketch of the Central and South American countries, beginning with the Mayan civilization, to the present time.

B. W. Folsom and Mrs. Helen C. Gazso were admitted to membership.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Glaefke: Crown-size silver coins of North, Central and South America.

Mr. Gibbs: Rare thalers of Central Europe.

Mr. Tidd: Complete set of large and small United States Cents.

Dr. Sargis: Commemorative United States half dollars; buttons with the flags of all Central and South American countries.

Mr. Gazso: Coins of Canada and the United States.

CLEVELAND COIN CLUB—Forty-two members and guests attended the eighteenth regular meeting, June 18th.

The secretary read a communication from the Penn.-Ohio Coin Clubs Association concerning the third annual picnic to be held at Geauga Lake Park, Sunday, June 29th.

Dr. Sargis introduced the guest speaker of the evening, Mrs. Taki Simon of Iran. Mrs. Simon, speaking excellent English, related her experiences and adventure after she left her native land when the war threatened to spread in the Middle East. While on board ship en route to this country from Cape Town, South Africa, they were twice approached by aircraft which threw the passengers almost into panic until they were identified as British planes.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Tidd: Hand-painted portrait of Pope Pius IX on the reverse of a Vatican gold scudo. Also two hand-engraved pistols of the early 1870's.

Mr. Gazso: Minor coins of the United States, including large and small cents, two cents, three-cent nickel, five-cent silver and nickel.

Mrs. Simon: Ancient and modern gold and silver coins of Persia; Persian art miniatures, hand-inlaid cigarette and tobacco boxes and hand-made silver and gold brocade cloth from the same bolts used in making the wedding dress of the present Queen Elizabeth of England.

Dr. Sargis: Commemorative coins of the United States and coins of the conquerors of the world from Alexander to Napoleon.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—July 7. Nineteen members were present, and six guests: Charles Deetz, of Washington; A. Heppner, George Caster, of Canton, Ohio; James Burke, of Minnesota; A. Kosoff, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Watkins, of Hammond, Ind.

The program consisted of talks about exhibits that were shown at the meeting. Mr. Heppner displayed one of the most beautiful collections ever seen in Washington—100 large silver coins of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, from Germany. Mr. Dietrich had a collection of minor coins, also a Gobrecht dollar, about which he gave some interesting information. He also showed some unusual boards for use in displaying coins. Mr. Zug discussed the famous wife money of the Belgian Congo. There was a large piece shown at the meeting. Mrs. Wilkins displayed a multi-thaler of the fifteenth century from Germany, which was admired for the beautiful die work used in making it. She also exhibited medals of the Director of the Mint 100 years ago, 50 years ago, and of the present Director, and gave a talk on the mint medals. Mr. Vanderwende had recently visited Richmond, where he attended St. John's Church. He had one of the medals issued in commemoration of Patrick Henry's famous speech given in St. John's Church. He also told the Society of the beautiful prayer book printed in 1690, which had been presented to the church by King George VI. One member of the Washington Society had brought some rubber money, and this evoked an illuminating discussion of the penal code in relation to counterfeiting.

Mr. Kosoff had some very valuable and interesting gold coins to show the society: A \$2½ Mormon piece of 1849; a \$50 slug from San Francisco, and a pattern of the proposed four-dollar gold piece, the Stella, with flowing hair, in proof condition, dated 1879.

The next meeting will feature nickel coins.

The Washington Society was awarded the prize for National Coin Week jointly with the New Jersey Numismatic Society and has the privilege of displaying for a limited time the only complete collection of pure nickel coins in existence.

A large number of members indicated their intention of attending the annual convention in Philadelphia in August.

ORANGE COUNTY COIN CLUB—Twenty-seventh meeting, July 15, in the Episcopal Church, Santa Ana. Fifteen members and three guests were present.

The entire program of the evening was put on by members of the club. Joe Steele gave 20 questions and answers concerning the Lincoln cent. Byron Story gave a talk on the innumerable times the number 13 occurs in various forms on the 1913 Morgan quarter. A talk on the coins and currency of Iceland was given by H. Jorgensen. Robert Efker exhibited and spoke on four 1883 Hawaiian coins.

The president, J. H. Robinson, exhibited an 1875 gold dollar, in proof condition. As only 420 of these coins were minted, they are extremely rare in proof. Mr. Koepfel was auctioneer for the evening.

The August meeting will be held in the regular meeting place.

AKRON COIN CLUB—June 16, 34th meeting, with 16 members and 10 visitors present, President R. W. Miller presiding.

President Miller announced that the Akron Coin Club would be host at the Fall convention of the Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs. A fine program is being arranged for the occasion.

The program for the evening was in charge of the Canton Coin Club and was as follows:

Marie Curry gave an amusing and interesting talk on, "Customs Then and Now." Other Canton club members making talks were Terry Brown, William Bruce and V. L. Stover.

Displays were as follows:

Terry Brown: United States large and small cents; Presidential campaign badges of Bryan and McKinley.

L. A. Salasek: United States cents, nickels, dimes, quarters, and half dollars.

V. L. Stover: Confederate half dollar; 1903 Philippine half peso in proof, and patterns, A.-W. 187, 193, 197, 291, 294, 412, 803, 885, 915, 122, 157, 1006, 1303, 1540, 1598, 110, 359, 109 and 820.

William Bruce: Crowns of the world; pattern dollar, A.-W. 1637; Napoleon satirical medal; Bryan dollar, and U. S. dollars 1795 to 1800.

Paul Blank: Fractional currency of the United States.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—81st meeting, June 27, President Hoffman presiding. The meeting was attended by eighteen members and one visitor.

The discussion on a new meeting place was held and it was decided to continue meeting at the Pfister Hotel.

The following were admitted to membership: Messrs. E. L. Hagensick, J. Buchbinder, E. J. McCall, Richard Yeoman, Frank Huber and Leo Zorko.

The discussion on the lake excursion was postponed indefinitely. Mr. Polzer reported he was unsuccessful in obtaining Crosby's book from Mehl's auction for the club library.

Mr. Polzer reported favorably on the progress being made on Dr. Keaber's life membership token.

N. J. Hoffman showed three Washington cents, restrikes, and 25 various Jackson tokens.

CACHE OF COINS FOUND IN TENNESSEE

A press dispatch from Kingston, Tenn., says that a quantity of old gold and silver coins and currency has been found there by Tommy Burns, a painter, who said the cache, which runs well over \$1000, was discovered as he was tearing down an old building on his place.

He removed a board and the currency—\$800—rolled to his feet. Further examination disclosed \$250 in gold and several silver pieces. The gold coins are en route to Washington for Federal inspection.

NEW FRENCH BANK NOTES.

A specimen of the new French 20-franc note has been received, bearing the date 1940. The obverse shows the head of a young worker and an old savant. At the left is a panel, with the facing head of a young woman. The reverse shows a scientist with his microscope, books and bottles. In the distance is a river with a bridge and small boats in the foreground. In the background are smokestacks, symbolic of commerce and industry. The dominant color of the notes is blue, but there is also orange and green. The notes measure 6¼ by 4 inches.

BANK NOTE NEWS

Venezuela—Through the courtesy of P. K. Anderson, A. N. A. District Secretary for Venezuela, we are advised about the new 20-bolivare notes which were issued in the spring. The notes are printed in green and show at the right the facing portrait of the Liberator, Simon Bolivar. The notes are issued by the Central Bank of Venezuela and are dated at Caracas. The reverse shows the arms of Venezuela at the left and the value at the right. The notes measure $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches by 6 inches, and are engraved by the American Bank Note Company.

Spain—A type of Spanish 2-peseta note has recently been noted which has not previously been seen. It reads REPUBLICA ESPANOLA and has the facing head of a woman in the center panel. The reverse shows a bridge. It is dated 1938 and was printed in Spain by the National Stamp and Money Printing Office. It measures only 2 inches by $3\frac{3}{4}$ inches.

British Honduras—A specimen of the new George VI British Honduras \$2 note has recently been seen. It shows the head of King George VI at the right, and at the left the arms of the colony, flanked by two natives. The notes are dated at Belize, October, 1939, and are legal tender for any amount. (Previous issues have not carried any statement as to the legal-tender limitations.) The reverse of the note has the inscription THE GOVERNMENT OF BRITISH HONDURAS within an elaborate scroll-work design, in blue and brown. The notes measure $2\frac{1}{2}$ by 6 inches. The last issue of British Honduras, dated 1928, did not carry the portrait of the sovereign, and measured $3\frac{1}{4}$ by $7\frac{1}{4}$ inches.

St. Kitts—No issue of bank notes has ever been noted specially designed for St. Kitts, in the British West Indies. The Royal Bank of Canada issues notes payable "in St. Kitts Currency," but these notes are of a standardized design, which is used for all the Royal Bank of Canada notes, issued for use in the outlying branches of the bank, the only difference being the name of the city and the currency in which payable. Barclay's Bank issued in 1937 a mauve \$5 note, payable at Bridgetown, Barbadoes, which is surcharged in red upon the obverse, "Issued at St. Kitts Branch." Whether an issue for St. Kitts exclusively is anticipated is not known.

Bermuda—An examination of a collection of bank notes recently caused an unusual observation. The Bermuda Government has issued 10-shilling notes bearing in the central panel the profile head of King George VI to left, in red and in green. Both notes are dated 1937, have the same signatures, and appear to be printed from the same plates. It is believed that the red issue was first released, as the previous 10-shilling of King George V was also in this color.

Surinam—There have recently been noted two notes of Surinam not heretofore reported. The $2\frac{1}{2}$ gulden, dated October, 1940, is issued at Paramaribo, by the Surinam Bank. The dominant color is red. It measures $2\frac{3}{4}$ by $4\frac{3}{4}$ inches, and was printed by the American Bank Note Co. The obverse shows a figure of commerce reclining, holding a coffee branch. Some months ago a Surinam Government gulden was reported. A 50-cent note has recently been seen, of similar design and size, but printed in orange.

Indo-China—The Bank of Indo-China issues notes of similar design for several colonies, which are distinguishable by differences in color, to the semi-civilized peoples in the South Sea Islands. The notes for Papeete (Tahiti) are printed in red, whereas those for Noumea (New Caledonia) are printed in blue.

The Latin American hero Santander appears upon the Colombian notes.

Have You Reserved Your Exhibition Case At Philadelphia? Do It Now!

COINAGE FOR JUNE, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during June, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.

Silver—	Philadelphia	San Francisco	Denver
Half dollars	\$ 539,754.50	\$228,000.00	
Quarter dollars	3,746,377.25	252,000.00	\$845,000.00
Dimes	2,123,186.90		255,000.00
Five-cent nickels	1,897,166.00		328,500.00
One-cent bronze	572,170.00		84,000.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments:

At Philadelphia Mint—Liberia, nickel 2 cents, 500,000 pieces.

At San Francisco Mint—Netherlands East Indies, silver (720 fine) 10 cents, 26,400,000 pieces.

CUMULATIVE SIX MONTHS' MINT REPORT ENDING JUNE, 1941.

The figures given are for all three mints, and show total number of pieces coined.

Half Dollars	11,876,448
Quarter Dollars	39,172,848
Dimes	95,831,208
Nickels	137,832,920
Cents	330,986,800
Total	615,700,224

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES

Bolivia—This country has again reverted to the old type of coinage in the minor nickel series. Following a period of about 30 years, in which the same design was intermittently coined, there was issued in 1937 a nickel 10 centavos of a very modernistic type, showing upon the obverse a hand, with a flaming torch. The lettering was also very bizarre. The 1939 10 centavos indicates that there was probably difficulty in gaining acceptance for such a changed currency, and as a result the old designs have again been put into use, with the date 1939, but the new coins are slightly smaller and a trifle thicker.

According to a recent newspaper article, the George Medal, which is awarded in England for conspicuous gallantry to either men or women, since its creation by King George VI in 1940, had a curious origin. The obverse of the medal carries the King's bust, and the reverse shows St. George slaying the dragon on the coast of England. The design is said to have been prepared originally for a bookplate, used by the former King, Edward VIII, now Duke of Windsor. Women in England are eligible for the following decorations, provided they have done the necessary distinguishing service: Imperial Order of the Crown of India; the Royal Red Cross, and the Royal Order of Victoria and Albert. There are, in all, 14 orders to which women may be admitted, but in some instances, as the Order of the Garter, or the Order of the Thistle, this is limited to the Queen.

The French artist Alphee Dubois designed the entire series of Tunisian coins struck in 1891, from the 20 francs to the 5 centimes. A total of nine values were prepared: 20 and 10 francs gold; 2, 1 franc, and 50 centimes silver, and 5 centimes copper. The 2 and 1 centime pieces were prepared, but never released for general circulation.

Notice to District Secretaries

Officers and District Secretaries of the Association may obtain from the Director of Publicity a limited number of copies of Haskin's "Everybody's Coin Book."

These booklets have proved to be of value and interest to collectors, especially beginners, and have been of assistance to District Secretaries in previous years in promoting publicity for the Association among prospective members.

This offer is restricted to Officers and District Secretaries, but others may obtain copies of the booklet directly from the publisher, Frederic J. Haskin, Washington, D. C., at a cost of 10 cents each.

LEWIS M. REAGAN, Director of Publicity.

99 Livingston St., Brooklyn, New York.

BANK NOTES OF THE FIJI ISLANDS.

The George VI Fiji Island bank notes are very attractive, particularly in the ten-shilling value, which shows the bust of the monarch facing, in ultramarine blue. The balance of the note is in a contrasting chocolate brown. At the top of the note is the shield of the island, supported by two native warriors, one holding a long spear, and the other a short club resting on his shoulder.

The value, authorizing signatures of the Commissioners of Currency and the date (July, 1940), appear in the center of the note. At the extreme left margin, opposite the portrait vignette of H. M. King George VI, is a watermarked profile head of a native warrior.

The reverse of the notes have a multi-colored scroll-work design. The notes are printed by Bradbury-Wilkinson & Co., of England, and measure 7 inches by $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

THE ENGRAVING BUREAU ROBBED OF UNFINISHED NOTES.

A news report from Washington, D. C., the latter part of April stated that for the first time in over twenty years the Bureau of Engraving and Printing had a theft of money, which was reported to the Secret Service. A worker in the drying room was accused of stealing nine of the twelve-note 10 dollar bills. He admitted having thrown \$700 worth in a Baltimore sewer, after having passed about \$300 worth. He had \$60 of the currency when apprehended.

After repeated questioning by the police and a thorough search of the sewer, the prisoner said his story was false and that the sheets were hidden in the cellar chimney of his home in Washington, where they were recovered.

The reason for his arrest was simplified by the fact that a cigar store clerk had refused to accept some of his money, noting that the green seal and serial number were missing. Had the notes been taken after the final printing operation of numbering, the notes would have been difficult to detect.

COLOMBIA AND VENEZUELA USE SAME VIGNETTE ON BANK NOTES.

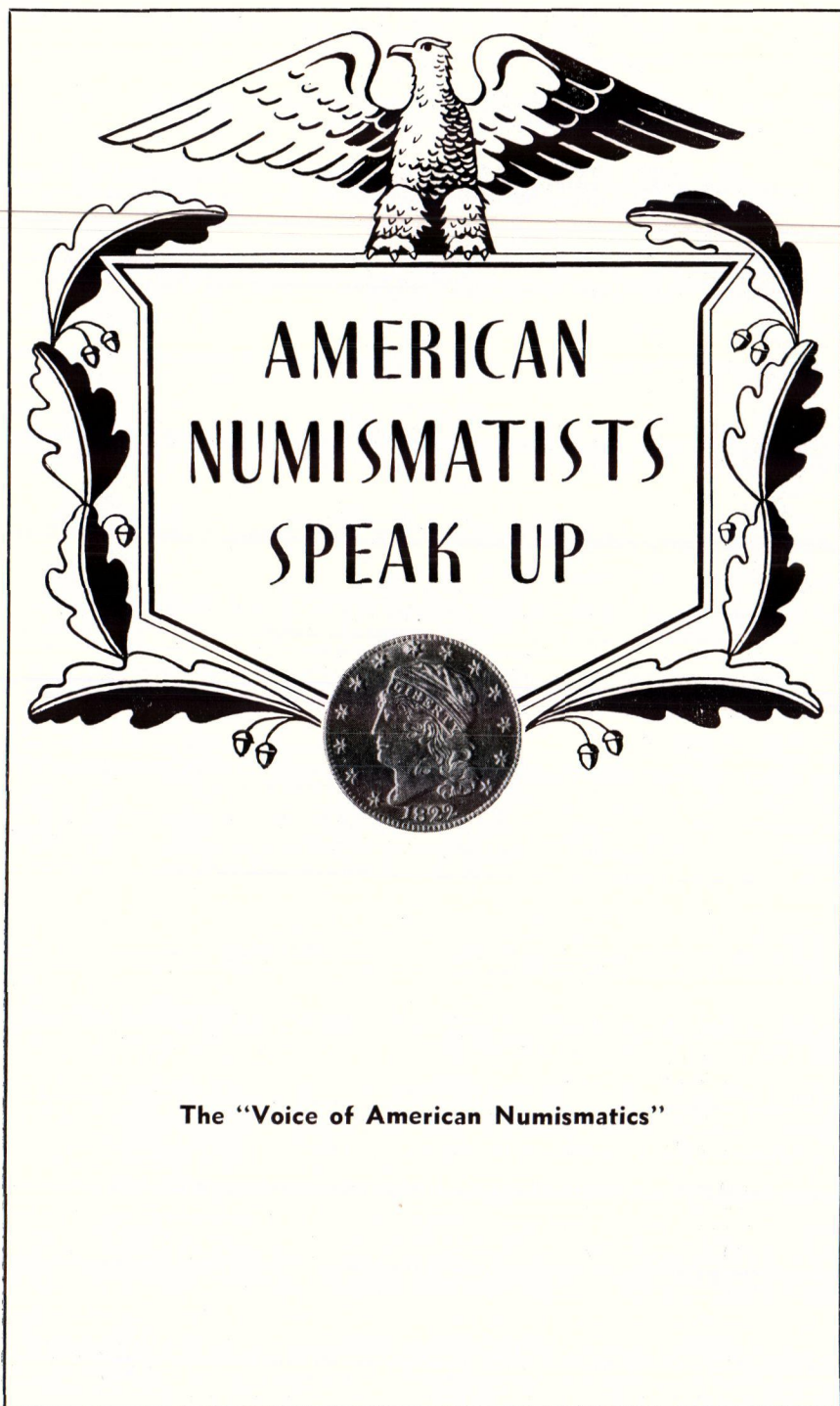
A comparison of the vignette of Simon Bolivar now appearing on the 1941 issue of Venezuela bank notes discloses that the same oval portrait vignette was used upon the orange peso notes issued for Colombia in 1926. Both issues were prepared by the American Bank Note Company.

At a recent coin club meeting the following repartee was reported upon one collector exhibiting a number of small but valuable specimens:

John—You better keep your eye on those small gold pieces, hadn't you?

Bill—No, John, I'll just keep my eye on you instead!

(Any connection with living people is purely incidental.)



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1900 Brilliant Proof	\$3.25	1914-S Unc. Brilliant	9.50
1900-S Unc. Very choice and Rare	7.00	1916-D on Obv. Unc.	4.00
1901 Brilliant Proof	3.25	1916-D on Obv. Ext. Fine	2.25
1902 Brilliant Proof	3.25	1916-S on Obv. Unc. Rare	12.50
1903 Brilliant Proof	3.25	1917-S on Rev. About Unc.	9.00
1907 Brilliant Proof	3.75	1917-S on Rev. Fine	2.25
1907-D Unc.	3.25	1917 Unc.	2.00
1907-O Unc.	3.25	1917 Ext. Fine	1.15
1908-O Unc.	3.00	1917-D on Obv. Brilliant Unc.	
1908-S Ext. Fine	2.50	Gem	14.50
1909-O Unc.	4.00	1917-S on Rev. Unc.	11.75
1910-S Unc.	5.25	1918 Ext. Fine	4.50
1912-S Unc.	7.25	1918-S About Unc.	10.00
1912-D Ext. Fine	2.50	1918-D Unc. Bright	10.50
1912-D Unc.	6.00	1920 Unc.	4.50
1913-S Unc. Brilliant	14.50	1921-D Unc. Bright	4.25

DESIRABLE LARGE SIZE GOLD COINS

BOLIVIA, 1853, 8 Scudos. Bust of Bolivar right. Rev. Scene of the mountain, llama and wheat sheaf. About Uncirculated. Catalogs \$60.00	45.00
ECUADOR, 1839, 8 Escudos. Liberty head left. Rev. Sun over two mountains with signs of zodiac. Extremely Fine, very rare, catalogs \$100.00	65.00
NEW GRENADA, 1843, 16 Pesos. Liberty head left. Rev. Condor over shield. Fine	33.00
PASSAU, 1753. Broad portrait 5 Ducats. Joseph Dominic. Bust of the cardinal right. Rev. Imperial eagle with ecclesiastical shield. About uncirculated, extremely rare, former cost \$110.00	85.00
TWO SICILIES, 1847, 30 Ducati, Ferdinand II. Head right. Rev. Angel standing holding shield and crown. Struck in almost pure gold (996 thousandths). Extremely Fine, very rare	70.00

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(priced right)!

BRANDENBURG ANSBACH, Taler, 1629, Frederick, Albert and Christian. Busts of the three brothers facing. Rev. Helmeted arms. Extremely Fine	3.50
BRUNSWICK LUNEBURG, Taler, 1629, Christian. Aged bust right. Rev. Helmeted arms with date above. Extremely Fine	3.00
PARMA, 5 Lire, Marie Louise (second wife of Napoleon). Bust left. Rev. Crowned arms on mantle. Uncirculated with proof surface	4.00
ROSENBERG, Taler, 1793, Francis. Head right. Rev. Crowned arms on mantle supported by two bears. Proof. Rare	10.00
SALZBURG, Taler, 1700, John Ernest. Standing bishop holds salt box. Rev. Arms. Ext. Fine	3.50
SAXONY, 1630, THICK 3 TALER. Centennial of Augsburg Confession. Unusual rarity. Bust on Obv. and Rev., 1530-1630. Extremely Fine	15.00
SAXONY, 1824, Taler, Frederick August. Bust left in uniform. Rev. Crowned arms. Issued for the mines. Proof, Rare	3.00
SAXE-WEIMAR, 1619, Taler, John Ernest and seven brothers. Half figure of Duke surrounded by busts of his seven brothers. Rev. Helmeted shield with names of the brothers. Extremely Fine, interesting	7.00
TREVES, Taler, 1794, Clement Wenzel. Bust right. Rev. Crowned arms. Struck from church silver as contribution piece. Date in chronogram. Uncirculated, scarce	5.00
ZUG, Taler, 1621. Angel with shield. Rev. Imperial eagle. Extremely Fine	3.00

Be sure to visit us before, during and after the Philadelphia Convention. Our exhibit at the Convention will contain specimens for your collection. Don't fail to see our selection.

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STACK'S

Extends a cordial invitation to all collectors who are planning to attend the A. N. A. convention in Philadelphia.

Why not start a few days earlier and attend our famous 3 day annual auction sale of coins of the world, August 13, 14 and 15, 1941. The following page lists some of the important items that will be sold.

During the convention, a member of our firm will be present and will be pleased to purchase complete collections or individual items.

We will also be pleased to make reservations to sell your collection at auction sale this fall or winter.



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Morton Stack

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SOME OF THE IMPORTANT ITEMS
TO BE SOLD BY US AT
PUBLIC AUCTION SALE
August 13, 14, 15, 1941

U. S. COINS

HALF CENTS—1793, 1802, 1836, 1840, 1842, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849 Small Date.

LARGE CENTS—1793 Several varieties, 1799, 1804.

SMALL CENTS—1856 (3) and complete Indian and Lincoln.

HALF DIMES—1794, 1796, 1797, 1800, 1801, etc.

TWENTY CENT PCS.—1877, 1878.

QUARTERS—From 1804, 1853 no arrows, brilliant uncirculated 1871 "CC."

DIMES—1796, including 1871 "CC."

HALF DOLLARS—From 1794 including 1796.

DOLLARS—Rare 1838 and 1839.

U. S. GOLD

\$1.00—Almost complete, including 1854 "D" to 1861 "D", 1870 "S", etc.

\$2.50—1796, 1802, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1821, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1855 "D", 1856 "D" and many other rarities.

\$3.00—Almost complete from 1854.

\$5.00—From 1795.

\$10.00—From 1795.

\$20.00—Early proofs, 1931, 1932.

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About 100 lots of choice pieces from the 1c. to \$20.00.

From Sig. Giacomo Opezzo's collection several hundred gold coins of the world, including almost a complete set of Zecchinos of Venice, Roman coins, hundreds of choice specimens, many rare rulers included. Greek coins, splendid collection of these classical series, Crowns of the world.

Remember, sales of this quality are seldom offered. Several thousand lots in this important sale ought to be an inducement for you to attend in person.

HOPE TO SEE YOU.

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Set of Large cents, 1793 to 1857, 101 pcs. This set must be seen to be appreciated, and will send to any bank for inspection. Only \$350.00

Complete set of Indian cents and Flying Eagle cents from 1856 to 1909-S. Most of these pieces are proof with the exception of 1864 L and mintmarks, which are uncirculated. Only 250.00

Complete set of 2c. pieces, Unc. and Proof. Only 50.00

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Complete set of 5c. pcs. Nickel Unc. and Proof, 1866 to 1912-D. Only 125.00

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1883 Proof set, 10 pcs. 22.50 1940 Proof set 2.95

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1938 Proof set 4.95 1904 Phil. I. Pr. set, 7 pcs. 3.95

Complete set of Commemorative Half dollars, 111 pcs. Unc. 325.00

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Complete set of gold dollars, 1849 to 1889, including all the mintmarks. Set must be seen to be appreciated. Will send to any bank for inspection. Only 2000.00

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1852 \$50.00 United States Assay Office 887, Milled 225.00

1852 \$50.00 United States Assay Office 900, Milled 225.00

1855 \$50.00 Wass Moliter & Co. 500.00

If you wish to buy coins, or sell coins, stop in and see us at the Philadelphia Convention, August 16-21, 1941, at the Benjamin Franklin Hotel.

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Mr. MacIntosh will attend the A. N. A. Convention at Philadelphia, and if you have anything for sale it would be to your advantage to arrange an appointment. We are interested in both buying and selling and hope that we may have the pleasure of meeting you personally.

Collection of French Coins

Contains the following varieties
3 gold, 154 silver, 339 copper, 130 jetons, 18 miscellaneous, 20 duplicates.
One of the nicest collections of French coins that we have ever seen formed by a private collector. Price \$100. Detailed itemized and descriptive list of coins upon request.

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We know there are many collectors who are interested in forming a collection of foreign coins from as many different parts of the world as possible. To meet this demand, we have assembled from our stock a very attractive collection of 50 different coins, each from a different country! Many of the coins included in this collection are difficult to obtain, as they are obsolete and no longer in use. Many of the coins are in brilliant uncirculated condition, struck in copper, nickel and other alloy metals.

If you were to travel from one country to the other to purchase these coins your expenses would undoubtedly amount to over \$8,000.00. If you were to write to each of these different countries for these coins it would cost you nearly \$10.00 in postage, another \$10.00 in labor, plus the cost of the coins themselves.

Whether you are a beginner or an advanced collector you will enjoy extra hours of added pleasure by owning this collection. Your friends may not be interested in your set of pennies, or your collection of broken dies, etc., but show them a collection of coins from 50 different countries, and you have immediately attracted their attention and envy!

We have correspondents in practically every country in the world, which enables us to offer this unique collection at a tremendous saving to you. This collection is priced at \$3.95, delivered post-free and insured. Satisfaction guaranteed

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50 different countries

\$3.95

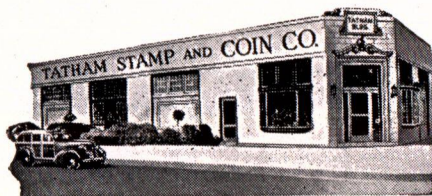
BID AND ASK QUOTATIONS

Our recent listings under this title have been very popular, and this is possibly due to the incorporation of items that are in greatest demand at the present time. We will purchase any of the coins that you may have available in the condition stipulated at our "bid" price. We will sell any of the items at our "ask" price. We are also interested in purchasing other items in the line of U. S. and foreign coins that are not listed below and suggest that you submit a list of what you may have to offer. All prices are subject to change.

U. S. Proof Sets.	Bid.	Ask.
1936	\$11.50	\$14.00
1937	4.25	6.00
1938	3.25	4.50
1939	3.00	4.00
1940	2.25	3.00
1941	1.80	2.25

Miscellaneous.	Bid.	Ask.
1856 F. eagle cent. pr.	\$50.00	\$60.00
1856 F. eagle cent. unc.	42.00	52.00
1856 F. eagle cent. fine	35.00	45.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. \$50 round	250.00	290.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. \$50 oct.	200.00	240.00
1915 Pan.-Pac. Com. set	475.00	535.00

Unc. Commemoratives.	Bid.	Ask.
1915 Pan.-Pac.	\$ 7.50	\$ 9.50
1921 Missouri	8.00	11.00
1921 Missouri 2*4	15.00	17.75
1922 Grant *	30.00	34.00
1928 Hawaii	7.00	9.00
1935/34 Rare Boones S&D	23.00	27.50
1936 Cincinnati PD&S	11.00	14.50
1937 Boone S&D	15.00	18.50
1938 Boone PD&S	14.00	18.00
1938 Texas PD&S	8.00	10.00
1939 Arkansas PD&S	16.00	18.00
1939 Oregon PD&S	10.00	13.00
Comp. set 111 pieces	260.00	300.00
Comp. set Com. gold \$1 & \$2 1/2	65.00	85.00



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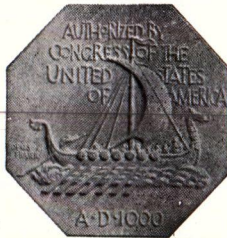
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MARYLAND Cat. ... 1.50
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LONG ISLAND Cat. ... 1.25
Cat.\$6.75
AUGUST SPECIAL ...\$5.00

ALL MINT CONDITION	
	Cat.
1921 Ala.	\$3.50
1921 Pilgrim .	6.00
1928 Oregon .	3.50
	\$13.00
Aug. Special	\$10.
Calif. D. J. .	3.50
Ft. Van.	6.50
1935 Ark.	2.00
Three coins .	10.75
Aug. Special	\$8.80
Pan. Pac.	12.00
Missouri	15.00
1934 Oregon .	3.50
Three coins .	30.50
Aug. Special	\$24.
Maine	3.00
Alabama	3.50
1933 Oregon .	6.50
Three coins .	13.00
Aug. Spec.	\$10.75
1935 Tex. PSD	4.50
Col. S. C. PSD	7.50
1936 Ark. PSD	5.00
Three sets .	17.00
Aug. Spec.	\$12.95
1933 Oregon .	6.50
1938 Ore. PSD	7.50
1939 Ore. PSD	17.50
Seven coins .	31.50
Aug. Spec.	\$23.75
All Oregons 14	
Coins Cat. Price	\$50.75.
Aug. Spec.	\$37.50
All Boones 16	
Coins Cat. Price	\$106.50.
Aug. Spec.	\$85.00
All Arkansas 15	
Coins Cat. Price	\$66.50.
Aug. Spec.	\$54.50

ALL MINT CONDITION		Cat.
Cincinnati PSD	.....	\$17.50
Columbia S. C. set PSD	.....	7.50
1938 Oregon set PSD	.....	7.50
Three sets, nine coins	.....	32.50
August Special	.....	\$24.50
1935 Boone small 1934, Rare, PSD	.....	36.50
1937 Boone PSD (S&D Rare)	.....	31.50
1938 Boone PSD Rare	.....	22.50
Three rare sets, nine coins	.....	90.50
August Special	.....	\$67.00
1936 Cincinnati PSD	.....	17.50
1938 Arkansas PSD	.....	12.50
1939 Arkansas PSD	.....	25.00
Three small issue sets	.....	55.00
August Special	.....	\$46.50
1935 Boone PSD	.....	9.50
1935 Arkansas PSD	.....	9.00
1937 Texas PSD	.....	5.00
Three sets, nine coins	.....	23.50
August Special	.....	\$18.40
Huguenot \$2.00, 1934 Boone \$2.50	4.50	
Lynchburg \$2.25, Bridgeport \$2.00	4.25	
Albany \$2.00, 1936 Oregon \$2.00	4.00	
Six coins total cat. value	.....	12.75
August Special	.....	\$ 9.20
Oregons: 1926 P&S, 1936 P, 1937 D	.....	
Four coins cat. price	.....	6.25
August Special	.....	\$ 4.20
1921 Alabama 2x2	.....	10.00
1921 Missouri 2x4		20.00
1922 Grant with star		40.00
Three coins cat.		70.00
August Special		\$62.50

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R. I. PSD	...	5.00
1936 Boone	...	
PSD	...	9.00
1936 Tex. PSD	...	5.00
Three sets	...	19.00
Aug. Spec.	...	\$14.50
Hawaii	...	12.00
Spanish Trail	...	4.50
Hudson	...	6.00
Three coins	...	22.50
Aug. Spec.	...	\$18.75
Lincoln	...	1.25
Pilgrim	...	1.25
Oregon P	...	1.25
Cleveland	...	1.25
Four coins	...	5.00
Aug. Spec.	...	\$3.75
1938 Ore. PSD	...	7.50
1938 Tex. PSD	...	15.00
Two sets	...	22.50
Aug. Spec.	...	\$16.00
Bennington	...	2.00
Conn.	...	2.75
Spanish Trail	...	4.50
Three coins	...	10.25
Aug. Spec.	...	\$8.00
1928 Ore.	...	3.50
1933 Ore.	...	6.50
1934 Ore.	...	3.50
1936 Ore.	...	2.00
1936 Ore. S	...	6.00
Five Ore.	...	21.50
Aug. Spec.	...	\$16.00
Grant \$1.50; Monroe \$1.50; Texas \$1.50; Lex-Con. \$1.50; Ses. \$1.50; York \$1.50; S. Diego \$1.50; Elgin \$1.50.	...	
Eight coins	...	\$12.00
Aug. Spec.	...	\$10.00

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1920 Pilgrim	1.00	1936 Gettysburg	1.75
1921 Pilgrim	5.00	1936 Norfolk	1.25
1921 Missouri "plain"	12.00	1937 Roanoke	1.50
1921 Missouri "2x4"	18.00	1937 Antietam	2.00
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1921 Alabama "2x2" Special	8.25	1934 Boone	1.50
1922 Grant	1.50	1935 Boone P. D. S. set	7.50
1922 Grant with star	35.00	1935 Boone, Sm. 34	1.25
1923 Monroe	1.25	1935 Boone, Sm. 34 D & S	27.50
1924 Huguenot	1.75	1936 Boone P. D. S. set	7.00
1925 Lexington	1.25	1937 Boone P. D. S. set	20.00
1925 Stone Mountain	.75	1938 Boone P. D. S. set	18.00
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1925 Norse "thin"	2.25	1937 Texas P. D. S. set	3.50
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1927 Bennington	2.00	1926 Oregon	1.25
1928 Hawaii "Capt. Cook"	10.00	1926 Oregon S mint	1.25
1934 Maryland	1.25	1928 Oregon	2.60
1935 Connecticut	2.25	1933 Oregon	5.00
1935 Hudson	5.25	1934 Oregon	2.60
1935 San Diego	1.25	1936 Oregon	1.10
1935 Spanish Trail	4.00	1936 Oregon S mint, Special	4.50
1936 Rhode Island	1.50	1937 Oregon D mint	1.15
1936 Rhode Island P. D. S. set	4.00	1938 Oregon P. D. S. set	5.00
1936 San Diego	1.50	1939 Oregon P. D. S. set	15.00
1936 Cleveland	1.00	1935 Arkansas P. D. S. set	7.00
1936 Wisconsin	1.25	1936 Arkansas P. D. S. set	4.25
1936 Cincinnati	5.00	1937 Arkansas P. D. S. set	10.00
1936 Cincinnati P. D. S. set	15.00	1936 Arkansas "Robinson"	1.25
1936 Long Island	1.00	1938 Arkansas P. D. S. set	12.00
1936 York County, Maine	1.25	1939 Arkansas P. D. S. set	20.00
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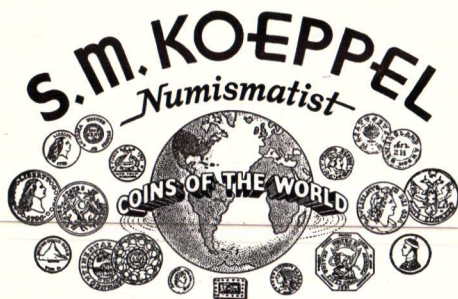
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1938-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for	4.00
1939-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Lincoln Cents, 100 for	1.50
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1917-S on Rev. ½\$ uncirculated ..	8.50
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100 Diff. 20-25c size silver coins	
average fine	20.00
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V. F.	1.25
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celain coin, fine, the pair	1.00
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1837 Bust	.95	1836	1.20	1887-S	.90	1930	.50
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1839-O	2.00	1839-O	2.20	1891	.60	1934	.25
1840	1.00	1840	2.25	1892	.60	1935	.25
1841	1.15	1841	2.00	1900	.60	1935-D	.35
1841-O	2.25	1841-O	2.50	1905-O	1.25	1935-S	.75
1842	.95	1842-O	2.00	1905	.65	1936	.25
1844	2.50	1845	1.70	1911	.60	1936-S	.35
1845	1.00	1852	1.60	1912	.60	1937	.20
1847	1.25	1852-O	2.00	1912-D	1.00	1937-D	.25
1849	.90	1854	1.00	1913	.65	1938	.20
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1916	\$18.00	1924	4.32
1917 T. I.	1.44	1925	2.16
1917 T. II	5.04	1926	2.16
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1919	8.28	1928	1.44
1920	4.32	1929	.90
1921	20.00	1930	.90

S MINT		D MINT	
1917-S T. I.	8.64	1917-D T. I.	8.64
1917-S T. II.	9.72	1917-D T. II.	9.20
1918-S	8.64	1918-D	7.20
1919-S	12.60	1919-D	7.20
1920-S	8.64	1920-D	10.00
1923-S	9.00	1924-D	1.90
1924-S	9.72	1926-D	1.44
1926-S	2.52	1927-D	2.16
1928-S	1.08	1928-D	1.08
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1910-S 13-P	.10	.15	.35	(VG .75)	—	—	—
1912-P	.10	.15	.25	1925-P	.10	.15	.15
1912-S	.15	.25	1.25	1925-S	.10	.15	2.75
1912-D	.15	.25	2.00	1925-D	.10	.15	1.25
1913-S 14-S	.15	.35	3.00	1926-P	—	—	.35
1913-D	.15	.25	2.75	1926-S	.15	.25	4.50
1914-P	.10	.15	1.25	1926-D	.10	.15	1.00
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1918-D	.15	.25	1.25	1932-P	—	—	.20
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1854 Gold Dollar, large, unc.	3.00
1806 Quarter, choice and fine	2.50
1820 Quarter, very fine	1.50
1828 Quarter, very fine	2.50
1840-O Quarter, fine	.75
1875-S 20c. Silver, Brill., Unc.	1.35
1875-CC 20c. Silver, fine \$1.50.	
Brill. unc.	3.95
1867, 1868, 1869 5c. Nickels, unc, each	1.25
1890, 1891 5c. Nickels, unc., each	.75
1883 5c. Nickel with "Cents," fine	.75
1916, 1919 Nickels, Brill. unc, each	.75
1921 Nickel, Brill. unc.	1.25
1914, '15, '16, '18, '19, '21, '26, '28, '30-S, '29-S, '31-S Nickels, Brill. unc., the lot for	9.00
1891, '93, '95, '96, '97, '98, '99, 1900, '01, '03, '06, '07, '08, '09, avg. fine or better, the lot for	1.60
1913-S-D Nickels, Type II, fine, both	1.50
1926, 1928 Nickels, Brill. unc., each	.75
1929-S, 1930-S, Nickels, unc., each	.45
1873 Silver 3c., Brill. proof	4.50
1844 over '81 Large Cent, fine	1.25
1851 over '81 Large Cent, v. fine	1.50
1794 Half Cent, good	3.00
1857 Half Cent, unc.	1.50
1861 Cent, good	.50
1870 Cent, about unc.	3.00

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1864 L Indian Cent, extra fine	\$7.50.
V. fine \$6.00. Fine \$5.00.	1861 V. g.
1.00. 1866, 67, 68, V. g. each	1.00.
Good .90. 1869 Fine	2.00. V. g.
1.75. Good 1.25. 1870 Fine	2.25.
V. G. 2.00. Good 1.50. 1871 Fine	2.50.
V. g. 2.25. Good 1.75. 1872 Fine	2.75.
V. g. 2.50. Good 2.00. 1873 Fine	1.25.
V. g. 1.00. Good .75. 1874, 75 Fine	.90. V. g. 1.75.
Good .50 each. 1876 Fine	1.25.
V. g. 1.00. Good .75. 1877 V. g.	bold date \$4.00. Good 3.50. 1909-S
Extra fine Indian cent \$4.00. V. fine	3.50. Fine 3.00. V. g. 2.50. 1913-S
V. g. Quarter \$2.50. 1896-S V. g.	Quarter \$2.50. 1921 V. g. Quarter
\$2.00. 1894-O Dime Good 1.00. 97-O	Good 1.00. 95-O Good Dime 2.25.
1914-D, V. fine Lincoln cent	1.25.
Fine .80. Good .45. 1909-S V. D. B.	V. g. Lincoln cent \$1.60.

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1859 Indian cent	20c.
1860 Indian cent	20c.
1861 Indian cent	60c.
1862 Indian cent	20c.
1863 Indian cent	20c.
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ditto, printed regulation copy	.75	4.50
Glassine, 2x2	.25	1.50
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Quote price in first letter.

Everything in Small Cents. List free.

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186965	1914-D40
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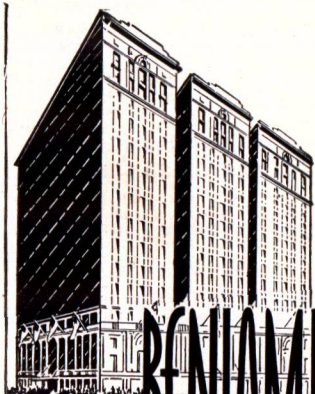
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HERE ARE SOME REAL SUMMER BARGAINS:—

Early U. S. Silver Dollars. All very good to about fine.

1795 Type of 1794. Regular price, \$8.00. Special	\$ 5.45
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1801 Rare. Regular price \$10.00. Special	7.00
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Extra Special—Complete set of all the above nine early date Dollars.

Regular price \$67.00. Special only \$45.00

U. S. Trade Dollars. 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878. Very good to fine.

The set of four, regular price about \$7.50.

Special, only \$5.00 for the four.

U. S. 1795 Half-Dollar. Our first type. Good or better. At one time sold up to \$10.00.—but I have a surplus—Special, \$3.45 each.

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U. S. Currency. \$1.00. 1878. Columbus Sighting Land. Beautiful uncirculated note. Silk-fiber paper. Listed at \$4.00. Special, only \$2.45.
\$1.00. 1880. Large brown seal. Bruce and Gilfillan. Beautiful portrait of Washington. Uncirculated, crisp. Listed at \$5.00. Special, at nearly one-half price, only \$2.85.
\$1.00. 1880. As last, but Bruce and Wyman. Beautiful uncirculated. Special, only \$2.45.

Rare Fractional Currency.

50c. Spinner. **Red back.** Autographed signatures of Colby and Spinner. Listed at \$6.00. Uncirculated—a real bargain—only \$3.00.

And as a Wind-up—100 unassorted Indian Head Cents. I don't guarantee any rare dates, but you'll admit the lot of 100 is cheap at \$3.00, or 3c. each.

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SEPTEMBER, 1941.

No. 9.

Copper Coins Of Sweden

By O. P. EKLUND
Spokane, Wash.

(Continued from last month.)

PLATE COINS.

The following article, translated by Robert Robertson from the pamphlet "De Svenska Mynten" (The Swedish Coins), by T. G. Appelgren, Stockholm, Sweden, will, it is hoped, fully explain this "the world's most remarkable coinage."

Why were the large and cumbersome coins called plate money issued in Sweden, and why have they, contrary to their metal, in their stamps the appellation "Silf Mynt" (Silver Coin)?

These questions were long since answered in the foreign (non-Swedish) numismatic literature with the declaration that these plates are "necessity" coins. That this classification is erroneous will be shown in the following statements:

When the minting of copper coins began in Sweden in 1624 it comprised only low values (2, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ ore), which, consequently, brought very little profit to the Treasury. When this minting had continued for about 20 years the thought occurred to make it profitable not only by striking fractions of the unit but the unit itself, the Swedish daler or 4 mark, and its multiples.

The scarcity of silver was the reason for this trial to strike the country's higher denominations in copper, "not as necessity coins" but every plate with a metal value in copper equal to the value in silver given on each plate. According to such reckoning, a coin of base metal, such as copper, had to be made with very large dimensions. With this explanation as a background for the history of the small values, 1624-1643, the origin of the Swedish copper plate minting is understood.

The "manufacture" of these plates began in 1644 at Avesta, Province of Dalecarlia, (Dalarna), and the only value issued (the first and only time) was the 10 daler (the largest and heaviest coin of any time and place). It measures $27\frac{1}{2}$ by 12 inches and weighs approximately 48 pounds, but from 1649 the minting of these plates began in earnest with values of 8, 4, 2

and 1 daler denominations, and later with the $\frac{1}{2}$ daler; still later, 1674 only, with plates of 5 and 3 daler.

The 8 daler, like the 10, is rectangular in shape and is known to have been struck as late as 1682. The other values are almost square (except where the corners were clipped to adjust the plate to its correct weight. This trimming of the corners is not an act of modern vandalism, but was made before striking, and continued to be issued as late as 1776. But as no plate is known with a later date than 1759, those of later dates must have been struck with earlier dies.

In the following list the rarity of the plates is indicated by one R for rare, two R's for very rare, three R's for extremely rare, and four R's when only one or two specimens are known.



No. 73.

General type of all the Plate Money.

Christina, 1632-1654.

Plates Struck at Avesta.

1. 10 daler, 1644. In the four corner stamps, CHRISTINA D. G. REGINA SVECIE around a crown in center; above, C; at sides R-S; below, the date. In the center stamp, X between two lilies | DALER | SOLLFF MNT (Silver Money) | M-K and a small shield (MARKUS KOCK (mint master.)) (RRR)

(One of the best known specimens of this huge coin was illustrated in *The Numismatist*, May, 1925, page 268.)

2. 1 daler, 1649-54. In the corner stamps, CHRISTINA D. G. SVE. GOT. WANQ. REGINA, around a crown, the date below. The central stamp similar to last. Coined 1649 (RRR), '50 (RR), '52 (RRR), '53 (RR), '54 (RR).
3. 2 daler, 1649-54. Similar.
Coined 1649 (RR), '51 (RRR), '53 (RRR), '54 (RRR).
4. 4 daler, 1649-53. Similar.
Coined 1649 (RRR), '52 (RRR), '53 (RRR).

5. 8 daler, 1652-53. Similar. Both dates RRR.

Charles X Gustavus, 1654-1660.

Coins Struck at Avesta.

6. 1 daler, 1655-59. In the four corner stamps, CAROLUS GUSTAVUS. X. D. G. REX SVECO around a crown in center; below, the date. In the center stamp, 1 between two lilies | DALER | SOLFF MNT. Coined 1655 (RR), '56 (RR), '57 (RR), '58 (RRR), '59 (RRR).
7. 2 daler, 1658-59. Similar. Both dates RRR.
8. 4 daler, 1656-58. Similar. (1656 RR, '57 RR, '58 RRR.)
9. 8 daler, 1656-59. Similar. (1656 RR, '57 RR, '58 RR, '59 RR.)

Charles XI, 1660-1697.

Coins Made at Avesta.

10. ½ daler, 1681-89. In the four corner stamps, C. R. S. (Carolus, King of Sweden), under a crown, date below. In the central stamp, ½ | DALER | SOLFF. MYT, three stars below. (1681 RR, '82 RR, '83 RR, '85 RR, '86 RRR, '89 RR.)
11. 1 daler, 1660-90. Similar but CAROLUS. D. G. SVECO. GOTO. WAN. REX around the crown. (Coined 1660 RRR, '61 RR, '62 RR, '63 RRR, '64 RR, '67 RR, '68 RR, '69 RR, '72 RR, '73 RR, '74 RR, '75 RR, '76, '77 RR, '78 RRR, '79 RR, '80 R, '81 RR, '82 RR, '83 RR, '85 RR, '86 RR, '89 RR, '90 R.)
12. 2 daler, 1660-93. Similar. (Coined 1660 RRR, '64 RRR, '68 RRR, '69 RR, '72 RR, '73 RRR, '74, '75, '76, '77 RRR, '78 RR, '80 R, '81 R, '82 R, '83 R, '84 R, '85 RR, '86 RR, '91 RRR, '93 RRR.)
13. 3 daler, 1674. Similar. (RRR)
14. 5 daler, 1674. Similar. (RRR)
15. 8 daler, 1660-82. Similar. (Coined 1660 RR, '61 RRR, '62 RR, '63 RR, '71 RRR, '81 RR, '82 RR.)

Garpenberg.

16. 2 daler, 1674. Similar, but with a five-pointed star between lilies below the value. (RRR)

Svappavara (Lapland).

17. 2 daler, 1693. Similar, but AR between stars below the value. (RRR)

Stockholm.

18. 4 daler, 1663. Similar, but with a B (BENGT) below the date and a small round shield between M—K (MARKUS KOCK, mint master) below the value. (RRR)

This coin was made from old plates clipped to weight and counterstamped at Stockholm by "Bengt the Coinsmith" at the Royal mint.

Charles XII, 1697-1718.

Coins Made at Avesta.

First Coinage.

19. ½ daler, 1710-15. In the four corner stamps, C. R. S., a crown and date. In the center, ½ | DALER | SOLFF MYT, two crossed arrows below. (Coined in 1710, '11, '12, '13, '14 R, '15.)
20. 1 daler, 1710-15. Similar, but CAROLUS. XII. D. G. SVE. GOT. WAN. REX in the corner stamps. (Same dates and rarity as last).

21. 2 daler, 1710-15. Similar.
(Same dates and rarity as last).
22. 2 daler, 1712. Similar, but with three stars below the value. Very rare.

Second Coinage.

23. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1715-17. In the corner stamps, two C's linked, inclosing XII; above, a crown; at sides, the date. In diamond shaped stamp in center, $\frac{1}{2}$ | DALER | S. M. (Silver Coin).
24. 1 daler, 1715-17. Similar.
25. 2 daler, 1716, 17. Similar.
26. 4 daler, 1716, 17. Similar. Rare.

Third Coinage.

27. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1718. Corner stamps, three crowns, date below. In triangular stamp in center, a shield of arms, the value above; at sides, D—S ("DALER SILVERMONEY"). Rare.
28. 1 daler, 1718. Similar. Extremely rare.
29. 2 daler, 1718. Similar. Rare.
30. 4 daler, 1718. Similar. Rare.

Basinge.

31. 1 daler, 1711. Similar to the first coinage, but a crowned B below the value. (RRR)
32. 2 daler, 1711-13. Similar. (RRR)
The coins with this mint mark were made at Avesta from copper from Basinge mine.

Garpenberg.

33. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler 1714. Similar to last but a star in place of the B. (RRR)
34. 1 daler, 1710. Similar. (RRR)
35. 2 daler, 1710-14. Similar.
(1710 RR, '11 RR, '12 RR, '13 RRR, '14 RRR).

Svappavara.

36. 2 daler, 1700-1701. Similar to last, but AR between stars below the value. (RRR)

Stockholm.

Counterstamped Coins.

37. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1710-15. Plates of the first coinage. Counterstamped on obverse with a lion in a shield, and the date, 17-18, at sides, within a circle. (RR)
38. 1 daler, 1710-15. Counterstamped as last. (RRR)
39. 2 daler, 1710-15. As last. (RR)
40. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1715-17. Of the second coinage. Counterstamped as last. (RR)
41. 1 daler, 1715-17. As last.
42. 2 daler, 1716-17. As last.
This counterstamping was done from February 20 to July 18, 1718. The following from July 31 to November 24, 1718.
43. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1710-15. Of the first coinage. Counterstamped as above on obverse, and on reverse three crowns within a circle. (RR)
44. 1 daler, 1710-15. As preceding. (RR)
45. 2 daler, 1710-15. As preceding. (RR)
46. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1715-17. Of the second coinage. Counterstamped as last. (RR)
47. 1 daler, 1715-17. As last.
48. 2 daler, 1716-17. As last.
49. 4 daler, 1715-17. As last. (RR)

From February 20 to April 12, 1718, the value of plate coins minted prior to May 17, 1715, was raised 50 per cent. by counterstamping new values.

50. $\frac{3}{4}$ daler, 1718. Within a circle $\frac{3}{4}$ | DALER | S. M. | 1718, on the obverse of half daler coins. (RRR)
 51. $1\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1718. Similar, but the value $1\frac{1}{2}$, on one daler coins. (RRR)
 52. 3 daler, 1718. Similar, but the value 3, on two-daler coins. (RRR)
 Of the half dalers, 8,000 were counterstamped, of the one dalers 3,200 and of the two dalers 37,100.

Cannon Metal Plates.

Made in Stockholm from melted cannons.

53. 1 daler, 1715. In the four corner stamps: a crown. In the center stamp, the value between two crowns | D. S. M. (Daler Silver Money) | 1715 divided by a crown. (R)
 54. 2 daler, 1714-16. Similar to last. (R)
 55. 2 daler, 1714. Similar, but the value between lilies, and the date undivided. (RR)

Ulrika Eleonora, 1718-1720.

Coins Made at Avesta.

First Coinage.

56. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1719. In the four corner stamps, three crowns and date. In the central stamp, a lion in shield, value above. At sides, D—S (Daler Silver). (R)
 57. 1 daler, 1719. Similar. (RR)
 58. 2 daler, 1719. Similar. (RR)
 59. 4 daler, 1719. Similar. (RRR)

Second Coinage.

60. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1719-20. Corner stamps, the Queen's monogram, VEE, script, crowned, dividing the date. In the center stamp, $\frac{1}{2}$ | DALER | SILF. MYNT, and two crossed arrows.
 61. 1 daler, 1719-20. Similar.
 62. 2 daler, 1719-20. Similar.
 63. 4 daler, 1719-20. Similar. (R)

Frederich I, 1720-1751.

Coins Made at Avesta.

64. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1720-50. Corner stamps, F. R. S. under a crown; below, the date. Center stamp, $\frac{1}{2}$ | DALER | SILF. MYNT, crossed arrows below.

Coined every year from 1720 to 1750, inclusive. 1738 rare, other dates common.

65. 1 daler, 1720-50. Similar.
 (Dates and rarity as last).
 66. 2 daler, 1720-50. Similar.
 (Dates as last. 1738 and 1741 rare).
 67. 4 daler, 1720-46. Similar.

Coined every year from 1720 to 1746, inclusive. All dates common.

Gustafsberg.

68. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1748. Similar to preceding coins, but with a crowned G in place of the arrows below the value. Rare.
 69. 1 daler, 1748. Similar. Rare.

Ljusnedal.

70. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1746, 48. Similar, but with two script F's linked, below the value. (1746 R, 1748 RR.)
 71. 1 daler, 1746, 48. Similar.
 (1746 R, '48 RR.)

72. 2 daler, 1746. Similar. (RRR)

Adolph Frederich, 1751-1771.

Plates Made at Avesta.

73. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1751-59. In the four corner stamps, A. F. R. S. under a crown; below, the date. In the center stamp: $\frac{1}{2}$ | DALER | SILF. MYNT, two crossed arrows below.
(Coined every year from 1751 to 1759, inclusive. All dates common).
74. 1 daler, 1751-59. Similar.
(Same remarks as last.)
75. 2 daler, 1751-59. Similar.
(1751 R, '52 RRR, '53, '54, '55 RR, '56, '57 RR, '58 R, '59 RR).
76. 4 daler, 1753-58. Similar. (All dates rare.)

Carlberg.

77. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1752. Similar to last, but with a crowned C in place of the arrows below the value. (RRR)
78. 1 daler, 1752. Similar. (RR)

Gustafsberg.

79. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1752. Similar, but with a crowned G below the value. (RR)
80. 1 daler, 1752. Similar. (R)

Ljusnedal.

81. $\frac{1}{2}$ daler, 1753. Similar to last, but with two script L's linked, below the value. (RR).
82. 1 daler, 1753. Similar. (RR)
(The End).

The Gold Florin And The Ducat

By **HERBERT J. ERLANGER**
New York City

(Paper presented to the New York Numismatic Club.)

Among my exhibits I have two recent acquisitions, one being the first gold florin or gold guilder struck by the city of Nuremberg, and the other the first ducat struck by that same city.

The florin is not dated, but bears on its obverse the likeness of Emperor Sigismund and was coined during the latter part of his reign—that is, between 1424, when the city of Nuremberg obtained the right to coin gold, and 1437, when he died. The ducat is dated 1632.

These two pieces give me a suitable occasion for saying a few words on the problem which has been put up to me before, namely, whether a gold florin is the same as a ducat, or, if not, what difference there is.

Nothing in monetary history is ever static, and consequently we must look to the history of the two coins for an answer.

The gold florin or gold guilder originated in Florence, Italy, where the first such piece was struck in 1252. It bore on one side the image of St. John the Baptist and on the other side a large lily, the city symbol of Florence. From this lily, which is a flower (lat. flos, floris), this piece received the name florin. Just as, for instance, the British "angel" received its name from the image thereon.

The Florentine florin weighed 3.537 gr. and contained the same amount of gold, that is, it was 24 karat fine.

The florin became a very popular coin and penetrated across the Alps,

where, since the beginning of the fourteenth century, florins were struck first in Hungary and then in Germany. Originally the image of St. John the Baptist and the lily were maintained, but soon the princes who struck these coins replaced St. John by other Saints and the lily by their own image or their coat of arms.

In Germany it was particularly the richest and most influential group of princes that struck florins. These were the Rhenish electors, namely, the Archbishops of Cologne, Mainz and Trier and the Elector of the Palatinate.

In 1386 they concluded the first convention regulating the striking of florins, and they continued to strike these coins under various subsequent conventions until the latter part of the sixteenth century.

While originally their florin contained 3.396 grams of pure gold, it was subsequently devaluated in 1425 to 2.77 grams, in 1477 to 2.647 grams, in 1490 to 2.527 grams, and finally around 1550 the gold content was but 2.48 grams.

In other parts of the empire the devaluation of the gold guilder was even greater, as, for instance, in the Netherlands, where it had only one-third of the amount of gold contained in the Rhenish gold guilder.

The name gulden or guilder originated in Germany and means nothing else but "a gold coin" similar to the Roman denomination aureus.

In 1559 when the Imperial edict known as the *Augsburger Munzordnung* created a silver coin equivalent in value to the guilder, the original golden guilder was called "gold guilder," which is, of course, a tautology.

The coinage of gold guilders had already become fairly absolescent in 1559 and only some few estates, such as the city of Nuremberg, continued the coinage into the seventeenth century. The last Nuremberg gold guilder was struck in 1686.

The ducat, on the other hand, is usually conceded to have originated in Venice, where the first such piece was struck in 1284 and was properly called a *zecchino*.

The coin bore the Latin inscription "Sit tibi Christe datus quem tu regis iste ducatus," meaning "It may be given to thee O Christ, this duchy which thou governst." The last word, *ducatus*, meaning duchy, is said to have been the reason why these coins were called ducats.

It is also claimed that the name goes further back and derives from a coin struck by King Roger of Sicily for the duchy of Apulia in 1140. This coin supposedly was popularly called a "ducatu" from the duchy, and the Venetians when striking their *zecchino* put the Latin inscription on the same, mainly because the coin was already known as a *ducatus*.

In any event, the ducat from the start was a little lighter than the florin, containing 3.44 grams of pure gold.

Ducats were struck in Hungary since 1325 and gradually replaced the florin on account of the constant devaluations of this latter coin. The ducat remained unchanged, and after King Ferdinand had completely abolished the striking of gold florins in all his hereditary lands since 1527 the ducat was made a standard gold coin for the empire in 1559. Sixty-seven pieces were to be coined from the mark of 23 $\frac{3}{4}$ -karat fineness. That means that a ducat was to weigh 3.49 grams and to contain 3.44 grams of fine gold.

After 1559 the ducat completely replaced the florin and was coined generally in the empire, although the city of Nuremberg did not coin any until 1632.

On the other hand, the city of Augsburg had already in 1521 received an imperial privilege to coin ducats.

The coining of ducats continued for a very long time, although in the eighteenth century they were widely replaced by the pistol or Louis d'Or and its imitations.

Nuremberg, however, remained faithful to the ducat and continued to strike ducats intermittently through the eighteenth century. The very last one was struck in 1806, the same year in which the city finally lost its independence and became part of the Kingdom of Bavaria.

Austria coined ducats until the World War, and thereafter the coining of ducats was continued by Czecho-Slovakia.

The Story Behind The Token

FORT BENTON, MONTANA

By B. MORGENTHAU
New York City

The first permanent settlement in Montana was made in 1846 by Alexander Culbertson as agent for Pierre Chouteau's American Fur Company. Fort Benton did not become active until 1860. This, no doubt, accounts for the date appearing upon the tokens. At the time no ferries were in operation. The canoe symbolizes the then method of crossing the Missouri River. However, for heavier traffic a shallow place was found in the river about one mile north of Fort Benton, making excellent fording in times of low water.



The Baker Street Ferry, situated at the end of the street in Fort Benton and owned by "Mike" Lynch, began operations in 1882 and ceased in 1886. Since that time a bridge erected across the river provides amply for all crossing.

Mr. Lynch, at 94 years "young," in good health, still retains a keen memory of Fort Benton and early Montana history.



Interesting in itself is the story regarding the issuing of the tokens. It appears that the cowboys, a hale and hearty lot from south of the river, finding no use for money on the range, might as well spend it all while in Fort Benton. Mr. Lynch soon learned from experience that most of his fares had no money for the return trip. He thereupon had the tokens struck and which he sold to his fares at the time of crossing to Fort Benton.

Intensive research reveals but three specimens of each denomination extant, and all accounted for. These tokens may properly be rated "very rare."

How I Began Collecting

By DAVID S. BINGHAM, Westfield, N. J.

As a boy, which I still am, I enjoyed spending money as much as anyone else my age. However, there was always the question of how to earn it. My monetary scheme was a carnival. Everyone enjoyed himself, and when it was all over I was burdened with a whole dollar, all in pennies, I beg your pardon—cents. Upon counting them to make sure they were all there I noticed many different dates and some letters, which I was later to learn were mint marks. My interest was aroused still more when I learned that there were some seventy-four different Lincoln cents (this was in 1935 when I was eight years old). I obtained an old canvas board painting with a

smooth back. I marked a place for each date and glued on the ones I had in their respective places. Later I was given a regular "penny board."

The next step was an excursion to a dealer, where I bought about a hundred Indian Head cents. Later a small set of foreign coins was purchased and I was well started on the way. The way was not easy. How was I to learn more? How could I value my coins so I wouldn't get a raw deal? A copy of the "Standard Catalogue of United States Coins and Currency" was obtained, as well as a subscription to the Coin Collectors Journal (The Numismatist was unknown to me at that time). But this did not seem to satisfy my hunger for numismatics. Somewhere I learned of the Chase National Bank collection, and it wasn't long before I was making regular trips to see it.

In the winter of 1939 correspondence sprung up among several interested junior coin collectors, and I found myself in the midst of things. Here was a chance for me to make my dream of dreams come true—a junior coin club. After several failures a group was finally organized and the Junior Numismatic Society was on its way.

A way was needed to get in contact with other junior collectors. I thought it would be clever to start a small mimeograph paper. So in January, 1941, the first issue of the Junior Numismatic Journal came out (it was then named the Numismatic Journal). I didn't know what I had started. Then it was a one-page paper telling of the Society—not much more. Now (see the August issue) it is a sixteen-page magazine with information on coins, stories and articles about famous numismatists, hints on coin collecting, odd facts about coins, and so on.

My aim is to continue to spread the fundamentals of numismatics; to give to others what I have missed. Coin collectors are made, not born, and I am going to try and start as many as possible.

I have just started as far as I am concerned. Although I have collected for six years, the insurance companies tell me that I ought to be able to continue for at least fifty years more. Every day I learn more and know less.

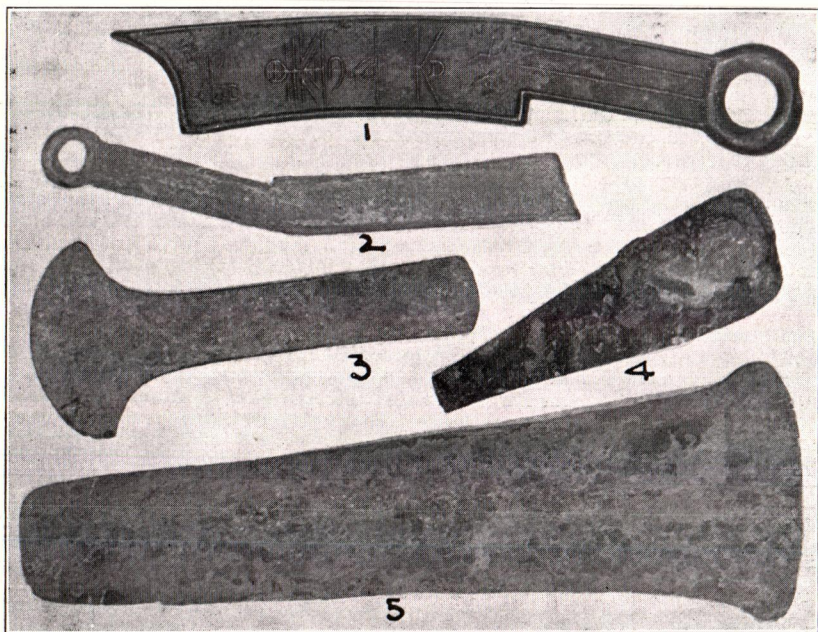
Western And Eastern Coinages

By **ALFRED S. KENYON**
Heidelberg, Victoria, Australia

(Paper presented to the Detroit Convention of the A. N. A.)

Although the Chinese adopted metallic coinage within a century of their western Grecian brothers, it was not due in any way to their influence. The difference was fundamental. The Greeks graduated from the precious metal rods or pieces of a fixed weight to stamped lumps, which from the outset displayed much artistic taste and achievement and rapidly became, according to some authorities, the highest achievement of man in art. Their coinage was confined to gold and silver. In the East, gold and silver in lumps were currency in addition to silk, grain, tortoise shells and cowries; but when coinage came in, coins were of the humble bronze (copper, tin and lead) and without any attempt at beauty, and this fundamental difference continued. Attempts have been made to explain this by religion. In the West the coins were made, assayed and weighed by the priests of the temples, and the symbol of warranty was divine. Neither the priest could debase the coin, nor could the populace deny its full value. To do so in either case would be blasphemy. Hence, with the divine attribute, art in its highest form. In China, a people more philosophic than religious, acting by reason rather than by faith, needed assurance of the value and quality from some nearby source. Hence, inscriptions of warranty by the Government were needed. No religious obstacles existing, coins were continually debased by the authorities and counterfeited by the unscrupulous. Even the apparently cute idea of appointing all counterfeiters as moneyers failed. A fresh crop of forgers sprang up as quickly.

The foregoing is not convincing, though there is something in it. The Western account is correct, but the people there were democratic. All engaged in production or trade and money was necessary. The Chinese were aristocratic; money was for the common people only. The hood on the lawyer's gown and the jeton to pay the French seigneurs' fees are examples of the same supposed contempt for filthy lucre. So Chinese coins were confined to the common bronze for the use of the lower classes only. They had carried on their transactions previously by direct barter in perishable commodities, and by indirect barter in useful articles, such as adzes, axes, spades, hoes, razors and knives. The new coinage consisted of imita-



Nos. 1 and 2—Tao (knife) coin, Shin Ming, 481-255 B. C.

Nos. 3, 4 and 5—Chisel money. Aztec. Mexico.

(Illustrations are about half natural size.)

tions of these in bronze, and of definite weights. These pu and tao coins are exclusively Oriental as far as the Old World was concerned; but on the other side of the world, what we call the New World, was another Mongolian race with allied aristocratic instincts. Here again were direct and indirect barter followed by symbolic tools, chisels, axes, gouges in bronze, a poor man's currency. Although not necessarily co-eval, the dates of this form of currency being uncertain, the similarity in its forms and use is too striking to be overlooked. It is not a case of diffusion of culture, but of identical minds and outlook.

JUNK DEALERS BUY TRUNK—FIND GOLD COINS.

A recent news article carried the story of two junk dealers who had bought a trunk many years ago, which they had stored after purchasing it. Upon removing it from storage they found some metal discs, which upon scratching, appeared light and yellow, like "beer checks." They promptly went to the Indianapolis Secret Service operative, who recognized the specimens as United States gold coins, with a face value of \$4,885, some specimens dating back to 1842. The premium value of the coins for collectors was said to bring the value to about \$6,000. In the event that no claimant appears for the coins, the two junk dealers will eventually obtain them.

The Trade Dollar

By CHARLES LITTLE
Jackson Heights, N. Y.

(Paper read before the Bronx Coin Club.)

The Trade dollar is a link in a long series of coins termed dollars that were issued in various forms in many countries. To understand this link we must go back to the year 1516. At that time a rich silver mine was discovered in Joachim's dale or valley, a mining district in Bohemia. The Count of Schlick, who was in authority, caused a great number of silver coins to be struck. They were called thalers, the first having the date of 1518. These silver coins were considered by the people of those times to be convenient and soon became the standard coin of Europe.

When they reached England they became known as dollars. The Spanish eight reals (piece-of-eight), being of similar size, were known as Spanish dollars. Spain, a world power with far-flung commerce, sent ships and traders around the world, and with them went the Spanish dollars. The Spanish dollars became a world-wide medium of exchange. They were current in the Spanish-American colonies and were largely used in the British-American colonies. Later the new United States Government adopted a coin similar as the standard of value, the dollar. The Spanish dollars also were much used in the Orient, and Mexico, at that time a Spanish possession, was the source of many coins because of her rich silver mines.

Mexico produces nearly half of the world's silver, and when she obtained her independence she continued to make dollars and export them to the Orient, and so the Mexican dollar was established as a circulating medium in China and Far Eastern countries.

During the middle of the nineteenth century silver was discovered in many of our Western States. About one quarter of the world's silver is mined in the United States. Our trade with China was expanding and American merchants would take Mexican dollars in exchange for their goods. This irked the silver producers of the United States, who wanted an additional outlet for their product and thought if the Government would mint a dollar for use in the Orient it would be used as a substitute for the Mexican dollar. One of the early "do-something-for-silver" lobbies descended on Congress, with the result that in 1873 the United States Government issued the Trade dollar.

In appearance the Trade dollar differed from the standard dollar. The obverse showed Liberty seated upon a bale of goods, facing left, holding in her extended right hand an olive branch, and in her left a scroll on which is the word "Liberty." Behind and leaning against the bale of goods is a sheaf of wheat; inscribed below, the date and the motto, "In God we Trust." Around are thirteen stars. On the reverse we have "United States of America," an eagle with wings inverted, head to right, three arrows in right claw, an olive branch in left, the words "420 Grains 900 Fine" and "Trade Dollar."

The Mexican dollar weighs almost 418 grains, but 97 per cent. of it is pure silver, so that while our Trade dollar is heavier it is actually worth less. This might be the reason why our Trade dollar was never popular in the Far East. Chinese money changers are good judges of value and preferred the Mexican dollar to ours.

Most of the Trade dollars were exported, but enough of them remained in this country to be confusing to the public because of a similarity to the Standard dollars. So, being unpopular at home and not wanted abroad, Congress provided in 1887 that for a period of six months all Trade dollars would be exchanged for Standard dollars. All turned in were taken out of circulation and some that were left found their way into the cabinets of coin collectors.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

UNIFORM CLASSIFICATION OF COIN CONDITION.

We have recently noted an increased effort to secure more uniform classification of coins. While we heartily endorse any such efforts, in the hope that something practical will result, we feel that numismatic classification cannot be established on a numerical basis.

The science of numismatics is exact, in so far as its historical and monetary associations are concerned. When matters of judgment and the personal factor became associated, it is difficult to establish a basis from which to evolve a standard.

Proof and uncirculated are in themselves terms which should leave no doubt as to what an inspection should reveal. Yet with even uncirculated coins, which are admittedly so, there are differences. There are many coins that are strictly uncirculated which have been struck from worn dies, resulting in the appearance of a worn coin. As a matter of fact some of the commemorative half dollars have been noted with "worn" surfaces on one side, yet the other side is strictly uncirculated, and all high portions of the coin in full visibility.

If it is so difficult to obtain conformity on admittedly standardized items,

it seems almost impossible to obtain even partial agreement as to what "very fine" constitutes. One thing is reasonably evident: Standards which are applicable to American coins are not necessarily applicable to classical Greek or Roman coins. Here an entirely different scale prevails.

Observation over a period of years has led to the conclusion that classification of condition varies in sections of the country. We have seen specimens from the Coast, from the Middle West, and from the New England States, which all were given the same "classification of very fine," and the coins did not appear very similar.

The science of numismatics is an exact one, when considered in terms of attribution and historical relationship, but in our opinion the state of preservation of coins is not subject to such exacting treatment. We wish that it were, but practical experience indicates that it is wishful thinking and that as long as opinions may be held by individuals there will be a variance in classification of the same coins by persons of differing experience and standards.

Numismatics is not and cannot be made into an elementary science; judgment is, and has always been, a vital factor in numismatics. It is not possible, in our opinion, to grade coins like apples. With all of the foregoing in mind we should state that coins and medals have been our major consideration. It is not impossible that with paper money a classification standard is possible, as here there is not the tremendous realm for opinion and judgment which enters into the examination of a coin. Is it centered, is it worn, is it cut properly, is it in full color, has it been creased, and a great many kindred questions can be classified so that a fixed basis may possibly be established for paper money.

THE USE OF COMMEMORATIVE COINS FOR DEFENSE WORK.

A report has recently come to us suggesting the use of commemorative coins as a defense project. The idea is to sell the coins at one price today, and then have the Government guarantee to redeem the coins at an advanced price at some future date. While we believe that every effort should be given to promote defense work, we hope that our commemorative coinage will not be the vehicle. Commemorative coins should have their strength in being widespread and not on any speculative relation to increment. We frankly believe that it was the desire to associate the commemorative coinage with the profit motive that forced the market very high in the late 1930's and resulted in a near-crash in the 1940's. To bring commemoratives back with an artificial hypodermic of this sort will only bring on another relapse subsequently. We suggest that commemoratives be permitted to convalesce naturally, so that their new strength will be natural and dynamic. While it would be nice to have a defense commemorative half dollar, related to present-day work in this field, we should not like to see half dollars or dollars virtually marketed as bonds. We have the bonds for those who wish to make use of them.

THE SIX-POINTED STAR ON GENERAL SCHUYLER'S FLAG.

In the August issue of *The Numismatist* appears an interesting article, "The Star of Destiny," by William Howard Sternberg, which raises certain questions.

With special reference to the Schuyler regimental flag and its mysterious thirteenth six-pointed star, he says that he has solved the puzzle which had baffled all authorities consulted, including the Library of Congress.

He states that "The settlement of the Western world by the descendants of the thirteenth tribe of Menasseh prompted our forefathers to fashion the thirteen stars in the Great Seal of the United States to six points, when first designed at the inception of the Government in 1789."

It does not appear how this solves the puzzle of the single six-pointed star in company with the twelve five-pointed stars in the flag illustrated. His conclusion, to have any validity, should be based upon certain facts, which would need to include the identity of the designer and his reason (if any)

for incorporating this isolated six-pointer. It might easily have been a simple but uncorrected mistake of the maker, unnoticed at the time by those who presented the flag to General Schuyler. In any event, the details are apparently lost to history, and I fail to see how a definite conclusion can be reached in their complete absence.

With his arbitrary statement that our forefathers were prompted to fashion the thirteen stars in the Great Seal to six points through the settlement of the Western world by the descendants of the tribe of Menasseh, he offers not the slightest evidence to support the claim; he seems to infer only that, because the six-pointed star was a symbol of the Jewish faith, it influenced the original choice in the design. The five-pointed star, incidentally, is far more ancient as a symbol, said to have been the seal or signet of King Solomon, and, five hundred years later, to have been the Pythagorean emblem of health.

The history of the Great Seal is a complicated one, the first committee thereon, under the Continental Congress, being Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson, and John Adams, appointed on July 4, 1776. It was not until June 20, 1782 (not 1789, as Mr. Sternberg gives it), that the Seal was officially approved by Congress; this same Seal was used without material change until 1841, when Daniel Webster, then Secretary of State, had a new die made, wholly unauthorized and varying greatly from that provided for by Congress, and which was used until 1884; it was then restored to the required design and, with one recutting in 1903, has been so used ever since.

The original choice of the six-pointed stars in the constellation was not in conformity with the rules of heraldry, which call for stars of five points, as on the present Seal. The fact that they are arranged in the outline of a six-pointed star is not necessarily significant, for they may easily take the outline of one of five points, a circle, or any one of several other designs. If weight is to be given to the evidence of six-pointed stars on certain early gold and silver coins, how about the amazing reversal of the olive branch and the arrows in the talons of the eagle on our dollars of 1798 to 1804, the halves from 1801 to 1807, and on several types of the gold of about the same period? Moreover, the constellation in these cases was scattered (properly) instead of appearing in a fixed design.

The history of the Great Seal is one of deep interest, and should especially appeal to collectors of United States coins, since the reverse designs in so great a proportion of them are directly related to the obverse of the Seal. One unsolved question which even the State Department has in the past admitted it could not answer is why the reverse of the Seal, as definitely provided for and described by Congress from the first, has never been used. Its heraldry is of almost equal interest with that of the obverse, as will be seen by comparing the engravings of both on the back of our current \$1 bill. And that reminds me of another question: Why is the reverse in this case shown on the left instead of on the right?

Perhaps Mr. Sternberg may be correct in his theory, but, in the absence of supporting evidence, it should be designated as a theory rather than as a fact. Symbolism is a happy hunting ground for active imaginations, and no doubt most of us cross its boundaries from time to time; but we should never forget to discriminate between inheritance and coincidence.

BURTON H. SAXTON.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Aug. 5, 1941.

A FREAK 1940-S QUARTER.

Would you believe it, I have two uncirculated 1940-S quarters that show a snake in the beak of the eagle, or it could be the eagle holding a large angle worm in its beak.

Has anyone else noticed this and reported it? The defect is due to a die crack and extends from about half way from left wing through eagle's beak and across head to about half way from back of eagle's head to right wing.

I have had any number of 1940-S quarters, but just recently noticed the defect.

N. V. REXROAT, A. N. A. 7903

1942 W. Jefferson St., Phoenix, Ariz.

THE BUFFALO DESIGN ON THE \$10 NOTE OF 1901.

(Adapted from an article by F. Ellis, entitled: "Buffalo Design on the 30-Cent United States Stamp," which appeared in the July 26, 1941, issue of "Stamps," through the courtesy and permission of H. L. Lindquist, publisher.)

In 1935 the Government Printing Office issued a booklet for the Postoffice Department entitled "Description of the United States Postage Stamps," in which there is a section describing the ordinary postage stamp issue of 1922-23, which contains the following paragraph: "Thirty Cent—Buffalo, from a photograph."

A letter addressed to the Postoffice Department brought the reply that the photograph was of a group of bison in the U. S. National Museum, Washington, D. C.

While examining old bank notes the writer discovered a \$10 bank note issued in 1901 which had as the central vignette an engraving of a bison or a buffalo.

It was identical with the 30c. stamp design. The note of 1901 is the legal-tender issue, with the busts at the left and right panels, respectively, of Lewis and Clark. It is the only denomination issued in the Fifth Series of the legal-tender issue.

Mrs. Catherine Manning, of the U. S. National Museum, Washington, D. C., while going over some photographs, discovered a photograph of a drawing of a bison, bearing the artist's name: Chas. R. Knight, 1901. On comparison, this was seen to be both the original for the stamp and \$10 note.

A further request to the Postoffice Department brought a reply which read in part: "The information contained in the descriptive booklet was originally supplied by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. It now develops, however, that the statement that the central subject of this stamp was reproduced from a photograph of a buffalo in the U. S. National Museum was in error, and acknowledgement of such discrepancy has now been made by the Director of the Bureau in a statement to the effect that the picture of the buffalo was reproduced from a drawing made by Charles R. Knight. It is further stated that this is the same design as that used in the making of the buffalo vignette on the \$10 United States note, Series of 1901. It is believed that it can also be authoritatively stated that Mr. Knight made the original sketch from a specimen in the National Zoological Park, Washington, D. C."

After the Postoffice Department final letter was received, the rest was easy, correct information was then on hand and principals connected with the drawing, on being contacted, revealed the whole story.

It can be seen why the error (that the bison group photograph was the origin of the design) came about, as no doubt, information regarding Marcus W. Baldwin's attempt to draw a picture of the bison group was entered on the Institute's records.

Mr. Baldwin engraved the bison on the \$10 note of 1901, after the original wash drawing, while L. S. Schofield engraved the bison on the 30c. stamp, which was designed by C. A. Huston, after the photograph of the original wash drawing.

The Original of the Buffalo Design.

By CHARLES R. KNIGHT.

It happened in the following way: I had been working on a number of fossil drawings during my stay in Washington in the year 1901, and for this purpose availed myself of the fine collection then housed in the Old National Museum.

Dr. Fred Lucas, then Curator of Anatomy and Osteology, kindly assisted me in securing data for my pictures, and to reach his office, which was at the back of the building, I had to pass the big buffalo group, mounted, I think, by William T. Hornaday, later for many years the director of the Bronx Zoological Park in New York City.

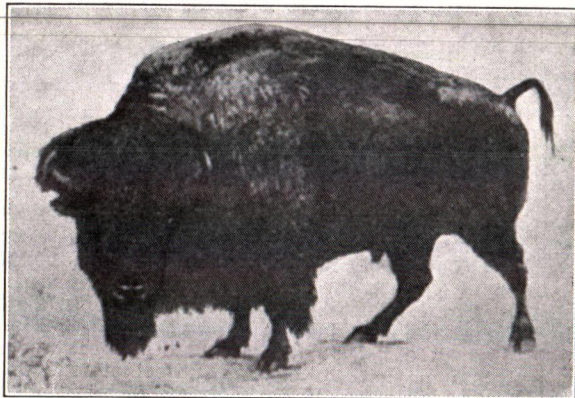
For several days prior to my little adventure I had seen workmen busy removing a large plate glass panel from one side of the group, and later some gentlemen seemed to be at work copying the great brown creatures now clearly visible without intervening glass. At last my curiosity got the best of me, and, climbing over the wooden barrier which had been erected

to keep out visitors, I approached the industrious individual hard at work on a sketch which he seemed to have difficulty in finishing.

"Pardon me," I said, "but would you mind telling me just what are you doing?"

"Certainly, I will," he replied, "and I'm dreadfully stuck on this job about which I know nothing and I only wish someone would help me out."

For once in my life I had my wits about me, so I quickly suggested that he let me do it. To my surprise he rose from his seat, grasped me by the arm and almost shouted:



Bull buffalo drawn by Artist Charles R. Knight for the \$10 bill, and which later appeared on the 30-cent U. S. stamp.

"Will you? Then come with me to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and I'll introduce you to my boss. My name's Baldwin, and I am an engraver at the Bureau, and what I don't know about buffaloes would fill a book."

Enough said. I went with him, met Mr. Hill, then chief of the department, I believe, got the order and forthwith departed for the Zoo in Rock Creek Park, there to wrestle with the drawing from life of a superb old bull buffalo, whose picture later appeared on the \$10.00 bill.

THE OWNERSHIP OF COINS.

Considerable thought has been given to a matter recently broached by a member of the American Numismatic Association, who suggested that collectors owning valuable specimens register them through the Association by means of published lists. There are certain advantages to this idea, and there are some serious drawbacks, which must at once be evident to any practical numismatist. Certain rare United States coins are for the most part well pedigreed. An 1804 dollar, a Brasher doubloon or similar rarity, brings with it a distinguished roll of former owners, as few, if any, new pieces come upon the market.

The same is true to a degree in the series of classical coins. Decadrachms of the signed Syracusan issue, or decadrachms of Agrigentum or Athens, do not appear without considerable pedigree or with certification of recent excavation.

For European coins, this does not seem to be true. Great rarities seem to come upon the market at times, almost as if emitted by the earth. The reason for this may be due to the fact that collecting tastes in European coins have changed considerably within the past half century. Collectors of a generation or two ago devoted their attention to series of coins, and to dates, as well as to all denominations, particularly in the minor series. At the present time we may state that the general collector, even of foreign coins, does not devote much attention to the minor coins, unless to the exclusion of all others. Collecting in the twentieth century is virtually collecting

by size or denomination. The dollar or crown-size coin has resulted in the eclipsing of the half dollar size of foreign issues, and to a further degree of the minor coins. Gold coins seem to be collected by type, with emphasis lately upon the double eagle and its world-wide equivalents. An examination of authoritative numismatic texts published prior to the twentieth century indicates that as a generality gold coins were described by type and minor coins by variety. For that reason, collectors having important gold coins which are not published should give some thought to the matter of protecting them, and recording them.

COINAGE FOR JULY, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during July, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Silver—			
Half Dollars	\$2,031,000.00	\$307,000.00	\$850,000.00
Quarter dollars	1,357,000.00	498,000.00	450,700.00
Dimes	1,568,000.00	899,000.00	390,000.00
Five-cent nickels	1,430,600.00	100,000.00	370,000.00
One-cent bronze	708,860.00		71,000.00

Coinage for foreign Governments:

At San Francisco Mint—Netherlands East Indies, 10 cents silver, .720 fine, 14,280,000 pieces.

CUMULATIVE MINT REPORT ENDING JULY, 1941.

(Figures given are for all three mints and show total number of pieces coined for domestic purposes.)

Half dollars	18,252,448
Quarter dollars	48,395,648
Dimes	124,401,208
Nickels	175,844,920
Cents	408,972,800
Total	775,867,024

PROOF COINS STRUCK FOR FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 1941.

Following is the number of proof coins of each denomination struck at the three United States mints from January 1 to July 1, 1941:

Cents	10,800
Nickels	9,920
Dimes	9,208
Quarter dollars	8,048
Half dollars	8,048

JOSEPH SILVERMAN.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

THEY GRACED OUR CURRENCY: A SERIES.

(1) **William P. Fessenden:** This gentleman was born in New Hampshire in 1806. He served several terms in Congress from Maine. In 1864 President Lincoln appointed him Secretary of the Treasury, in which capacity he served for six months. In 1865 he again was elected to the Senate, and served until his death in 1869. His portrait appears upon the Fractional Currency series, 25-cent denomination, Third Issue.

MOVIES AND NUMISMATICS.

It is not often that a movie-going audience has numismatic associations, unless the film shown is one of the Government sponsored releases connected with the anti-counterfeiting program.



Commemorative Medal of the Battle of the Nile.



Commemorative Medal of the Victory Off Trafalgar.

A movie recently shown, entitled "That Hamilton Woman," has definite numismatic associations, as noted by the medals illustrated herewith. The film tells the story of Lady Hamilton and Lord Nelson, and is connected with the Battle of the Nile and the Battle of Trafalgar, both landmarks in British naval history.

OMISSIONS FROM THE NATIONAL COIN WEEK LIST.

Due to an error in tabulation, we wish to report that the name of Chas. F. Nettleship, Jr., of New Jersey, was inadvertently omitted from the list of participants in Coin Week activities in last month's issue. Mr. Nettleship had very fine exhibits in Jersey City, which obtained considerable newspaper publicity. Mr. W. G. Hankins, of Florida, also advises us of his participation in the promotion of National Coin Week, but, due to causes beyond his control, was unable to bring it to our attention previously.

Acknowledgement is also hereby made to Messrs. William H. Arthur and Arthur J. Fecht, who, we have been lately advised, also made exhibits in connection with the Week.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

St. Thomas and Prince's Island—This Portuguese Colony, consisting of a remote and small group of islands in the Atlantic off the coast of French Equatorial Africa, has just received its first silver coins, and the 10 escudos is illustrated here through the courtesy of Robert Friedberg, of the Capitol Coin Co. The issue consists of 10, 5 and 2½ escudos and are dated 1939.



The designs are the same on all three denominations. These coins, in common with the other Portuguese colonial issues, are interesting, as both the obverse and reverse bear armorial devices. Only a very few specimens have been received due to the inaccessibility of the islands and to various currency restrictions.

Mozambique—Mr. Friedberg also reports a new series of Mozambique silver coins, consisting of 10, 5 and 2½ escudos dated 1938. The obverse,



however, is entirely new. Apparently, this new obverse is meant for Colonial use only, as this particular arms design did not appear on the domestic coins of Portugal that were struck in 1940.

SILVER DOLLARS PREFERRED TO PAPER ON WEST COAST.

Mr. D. C. Wismer's paper in the July issue, page 519, captioned "Paper Money vs. The Other Kind" is both educational and entertaining, but out on the West Coast there are a lot of people who think Mr. Wismer wrong in his statement that "the silver dollar is no longer wanted in trade."

I wonder if Mr. Wismer ever sold tickets at a football game, Fourth of July show, baseball game, or even theater tickets, and tried to make change in paper dollars? Oh, sure, it can be done, but I'll challenge him to a selling duel, he using currency for change while I stick to the cartwheels, and I'll handle customers two to his one, and I'm not bragging.

In the bank where I am employed we ship in from Federal Reserve each week anywhere from ten to twenty thousand dollars in silver dollars, in addition to other minor coin. There are five banks in this town and they all do likewise. These dollars are, in turn, put out to the stores, theaters and other places of business. We don't shove them onto them; they ask for them. We'd be glad to give them paper. It doesn't cost us anything to ship, and we have to pay the shipping charges on the silver.

Three or four or five silver dollars jingling in your pocket are a constant reminder that the owner is still solvent.

Who ever heard a dollar bill jingle in his pocket, or emit a musical sound

when flipped on the bar for "just one more" before closing time? No, I still opine that Mr. Wismer, with all due respect, is wrong. Perhaps he's right as far as the East Coast is concerned, where, I am told, a silver dollar is something that causes a crowd to gather and gape in awe and wonderment.

Out here they circulate by the thousands—yea, verily, hundreds of thousands, perhaps a million or more—and nobody in these parts wants "foldin' money" except when they expect to carry a substantial sum on their persons, and they certainly don't want a substantial sum in dollar bills. Twenties, fifties, hundreds and up are O. K., but dollar bills—phooey.

LOUIS K. WOODFORD, (A. N. A. 7431).

Tacoma, Wash., July 14, 1941.

FRENCH NICKEL COINS AND PATTERNS.

In an article in the August issue, page 625, under the above caption, it was stated that one of the patterns issued in 1914 was "illustrated herewith."



Through inadvertence the illustration did not accompany the text and is now reproduced here.

OMISSION OF DENOMINATION ON U. S. COINS.

The use of denominations upon the face of our silver coins is interesting—perhaps more so than is generally realized. The early colonial silver coins had the value upon the obverse. Of the later State copper issues, curiously enough, only Massachusetts retained the denominations. The private Maryland issues (Chalmers and Barry) in silver had the values.

When the U. S. Mint was established the first series of half disme and disme again carried the denomination.

The official U. S. coinage carried the denomination only on the large copper cent and half cent, and that without variation until the coinage of each series ceased.

In the silver series the practice was not uniform. The value was not stated upon the half dimes coined between 1794 and 1805. After 1829 these values carried a fixed denomination.

No dimes between 1796 and 1807 carried any denomination, yet after 1809 the value appeared upon the reverse. In the quarter dollar series, the first issue of 1796 had no denomination. In 1804, when the second type appeared, the reverse had the value 25 C.

It is perhaps even more difficult to understand why the half dollar series (which incidentally carried the value in an edge inscription) had no value on the obverse or reverse in 1794 or 1795. In 1796 and 1797 the value appears upon the reverse as a fraction, $\frac{1}{2}$, but in 1801 the half dollar was issued without any denomination until 1807 (excepting the lettered edge, which was in continuous use until 1836).

Silver dollars have carried their denomination only since the Gobrecht patterns of 1836. Prior issues from 1794 to 1803 carried the usual edge inscriptions comparable to the half dollar types.

It seems difficult to comprehend why the fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ should have been placed on the half dollars of 1796 and 1797 alone. Also why the value should have first regularly appeared in the 25-cent series in 1804, yet not taking effect in the 50-cent series until 1807.

BOOK REVIEWS.

A Tarsus Coin Collection in the Adana Museum. D. H. Cox. American Numismatic Society, Notes and Monographs, No. 92. 67 pp, 12 plates. New York, 1941.

This monograph is an inventory of the more significant coins contained in a collection which had been acquired in Adana (on the border between Syria and Turkey, some years ago, and which contained a number of Tarsus specimens. Tarsus was one of the very important Eastern cities in the Empire of Alexander III (336-323 B. C.).

While a great number of the coins are in quite worn condition, there are several new types and new varieties described.

The description of hoards is very indicative of condition (at time of burial), and also of the type of currency in use. Allowance must be made for variable factors, however, as the burial of coins was a more usual procedure in classical times than at present. The American Numismatic Society has published from time to time a great many descriptive lists of hoards in its series of Notes and Monographs. The publication of Miss Cox will be well received by specialists in the Roman Imperial Colonial series, of which the hoard largely consists.

Description of the Coins of Angola and St. Thomas and Princes' Islands.

By L. P. Garcia. 1941. Castelo Branco. 32 pages.

This work carefully describes all the known specimens issued for these colonies, as well as giving a brief summary covering the various rulers. The coinage for these colonies commenced in 1693, and the latest coinage reported in 1939. There is an imposing list of 43 bibliographical titles in numismatics which were consulted in the preparation of the monograph. For the aid of collectors, valuations of the rarer pieces are given. It is unfortunate that plates were not made to illustrate the specimens seldom encountered, in order to aid in identification of the series, since the coinage for other Portuguese colonial possessions often proves confusing to one not fully familiar with the issues which are at first glance very similar.

BOOKS WHICH ARE ANTICIPATED.

We have lately learned that two books are being prepared for publication, perhaps during the next few months, which will be of great interest to American numismatists.

The first to be published will be relative to the Boudinot papers. Elias Boudinot was the third Director of the Mint, from 1795 to 1805. There is perhaps no more significant period in our coinage. It may be also termed the period in which the rarest coins were struck—the 1796 and 1797 half dollars, the 1799 and 1804 cent, the 1802 half dime, the 1804 dime, the 1796 half cent. In gold, the 1798 eagle, the 1797 half eagle, and the 1796 and 1797 quarter eagles.

Although other and rare specimens were coined during the terms of other Directors, it is easily to be seen that more rarities were coined during his incumbency than in any other.

His papers have been privately held and it is hoped will reveal much interesting data about the U. S. Mint, coinage methods, difficulties under which operations were prosecuted, as well as other pertinent information.

The second volume, which is in course of preparation, is a study of the United States dollar. It is believed that this has never been undertaken previously. Studies of the minor coins and certain denominations have been rather well publicized, but an intimate knowledge of our dollar has never been published in one volume, other than official coinage reports or Congressional laws. The study, based on economic viewpoint, has been coupled with a study of die varieties, and numerous specimens unknown to Haseltine in 1881 have now been located and will be catalogued.

The Numismatist is pleased to learn of these two forthcoming publications, and hopes that similar work in other fields will also come to its attention. The hobby needs good source material.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

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- 8680 Pitcairn Coin & Medal Club, Thomas B. Williams, Secy., R. D. 1, Pitcairn, Pa.
- 8681 Wayne Meenach, Box 1646, Chesapeake, Ohio.
- 8682 Frank T. Dillon, 1707 W. 47th St., Chicago, Ill.
- 8683 Robert B. Masters, 405 Huron St., Pontiac, Mich.
- 8684 George A. Way, 909 Madison Ave., New York City, N. Y.
- 8685 George J. Viegas, 546 Dartmouth St., So. Dartmouth, Mass.

- 8686 Elva Mary Brunetto, P. O. Box 82, Bantam, Conn.
 8687 Carl H. Boehm, 35 East Gay St., Columbus, Ohio.
 8688 Howard B. Vannote, 18 Prospect St., Port Washington, N. Y.
 8689 Raymond L. Watkins, 7228 Monroe Ave., Hammond, Ind.
 8690 Elliott H. Wilson, 111 Bement Ave., Staten Island, N. Y.
 8691 J. V. McDermott, 910 Madison Ave., So. Wilwaukee, Wis.
 8692 Wilson W. Werst, 770 Main St., Hellertown, Pa.
 8693 Elcone Lustgarten, 102-22 127th St., Richmond Hill, N. Y.
 8694 Lloyd M. Bentsen, Mission, Texas.
 8695 George B. Hooper, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.
 8696 E. I. Marco, Casa de Moneda, Quinta Norman, Santiago, Chile.
 8697 Warner E. Scoggan, 686 Greenwood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
 8698 C. J. Frear, 704 Postal Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.
 8699 Paul B. Slosson, 250 Nicolet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.
 8700 The Cleveland Coin Club, Wallace Sargis, Secy., 11208 Edgewater Dr., Cleveland, Ohio.
 8701 Leo J. Fell, Yankton, S. Dak.
 8702 W. A. Donaldson, 46 West 84th St., New York City, N. Y.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during July, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to October 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the October issue of The Numismatist.

- Arthur E. Payne**, 8703, R. F. D. 3, Jamestown, N. Y. United States Coins. T. James Clarke, M. Vernon Sheldon.
P. E. Padavich, 8704, Cle Elum, Washington. U. S. Coins. Paul M. Fouts, C. C. Saeman.
F. W. McConky, Jr., 8705, 1144 E. Market St., Akron, Ohio. General. A. F. Gibson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Morgan R. Mills, Jr., 8706, 1607 Pope Ave., Richmond, Va. Commemorative Coins. T. R. Hammer, G. B. Hazelgrove, J. J. Bagley.
Bernard Bailey, 8707, 189 Pine St., Hamburg, N. Y. U. S. Half Cents and all U. S. Coins. J. M. Taylor, Robert Lloyd.
Charles Marcus, 8708, 3827 Fulton St., Chicago, Ill. American and German Coins. Trygve D. Berg, Agnes Pedersen.
Darrell C. DeVilliers, 8709, Lanesboro, Minn. Old and rare Half Dollars, Quarters, Dimes, Nickels and Large Cents. Joseph Oberwise, K. P. Doffing, L. V. Boyum.
M. Sgt. Chas. C. Merrifield, 8710, P. O. Box 115, Fort Bragg, N. C. Dollar Size Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Dr. E. S. Penay, Maj. E. S. Mathews.
Cecil Howell, 8711, 208 North Hancock, Colorado Springs, Colo. General Coins. Edgar Levy, M. Vernon Sheldon.
E. R. Lambertson, M. D., 8712, 727 West 7th St., Los Angeles, Cal. General. Adolph Larson, Jr., Dr. A. F. Pradeau, S. M. Koepfel.
Charles A. Reed, 8713, 86 Foster, New Haven, Conn. U. S. Cents. Wm. C. L. Hofmann, Norman Bryant.
John H. Chatfield, 8714, 307 Alden Ave., New Haven, Conn. U. S. and Foreign Coins. Wm. C. L. Hofmann, Charles D. Wheeler.
James U. Sweeney, 8715, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn. U. S. Coins. Wm. C. L. Hofmann, Walter P. Johnson.
Herbert E. Cutler, 8716, 19 Day St., New Haven, Conn. General. Wm. C. L. Hofmann, Walter P. Johnson.
Edward P. Stohan, 8717, P. O. Box 1185, New Haven, Conn. U. S. Coins. Wm. C. L. Hofmann, Walter P. Johnson.
W. C. Thompson, 8718, 57 W. Passaic St., Maywood, N. J. Minor Coins of Great Britain. Chas. F. Nettleship, Jr., J. McFarlane, Rev. H. B. Kline.
T. A. Griggs, 8719, 137 West Emma, Springdale, Ark. Gold and Silver and U. S. Coins. A. E. Bebee, Wm. Owesen.
William Carius, 8720, 701 21st Ave., East Moline, Ill. U. S. Coins. Dr. W. C. Fossler, M. Vernon Sheldon.
H. Allard, 8721, 58 Main St., Hornell, N. Y. U. S. Gold Dollars. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
J. E. Barr, 8722, 3642 Wesley Ave., Berwyn, Ill. Foreign Coins. M. Vernon Sheldon, B. Bluestone, M. Bolender.
C. R. Bixler, 8723, 2239 10th Ave., Huntington, W. Va. U. S. Coins and Gold. K. M. Smith, N. R. Baker, Nick Carter.
Harry L. Canann, 8724, 25 Brooks Ave., Venice, Cal. U. S. S. M. Koepfel, Holger Jorgensen.
C. Merle Foraker, 8725, Apt. 4, Bldg. S41, Ft. Monmouth, Red Bank, N. J. U. S. Minor Coins. Mildred Metz, V. L. Oblisk, John M. Wilcoxon.
Jack Wheeler, 8726, 1551 N. Lorraine, Wichita, Kan. U. S. Coins. C. B. Edwards, Ed. Whaeff, Hannah Edwards.
Allen Shapiro, 8727, 281 East 205th St., New York City, N. Y. U. S. Comm. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Harry Gursky, Samuel Shapiro.
C. A. Davies, 8728, 7225 Shaftesbury Ave., University City, Mo. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, David Rosemann, Dr. Harold Scheff.
H. H. Thomas, 8729, 322 W. Fornance St., Norristown, Pa. U. S. Ira S. Reed, George J. Patterson.
R. C. Lees, 8730, 719 West 6th St., Little Rock, Ark. U. S. Coins. J. N. Dilworth, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Dr. F. H. Gaskin, 8731, 912 Highland Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa. General. Robert L. Leitch, J. H. Adams.
M. S. McNeill, 8732, P. O. Box 525, Torrance, Cal. U. S. Coins. Wilse R. Fanning, Murray A. McDonald, Dana J. Bullock.

- I. E. Rumpf**, 8733, 937 Litchfield, Wichita, Kan. American Coins. C. B. Edwards, L. W. Smith, A. G. Smokelburg.
Howard Certain, 8734, 145 Jennings Ave., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio. U. S. Foreign, Ancient and General. M. B. Fenton, Lewis M. Reagan.
C. M. Coultrip, 8735, 223 W. 146th St., Riverdale Sta., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Dr. C. K. Little, C. J. Reiter.
Robert P. Whitmore, 8736, 1212 South Adams St., Peoria, Ill. U. S. Coins only. Dr. Albert Applebaum, Lewis M. Reagan.
Charles N. Boos, 8737, 504 N. Main St., Celina, Ohio. U. S. Cents and Comms. James Kelly, T. C. Brandts, S. Buchannen.

Deaths.

- 4047 Dr. Loring B. Packard, Brockton, Mass.
 8398 John Reading, Washington, D. C.

Reinstatement.

- 3285 Wm. H. Sternberg, New York City, N. Y.

Resignations.

- 6458 Ruloff B. Muller, Yonkers, N. Y.

Change of Address.

- The Dayton Coin Club, 6825, from Clyde S. Gibbons, Secy., R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio, to J. Lewis Good, Act. Secy., 305 W. 2nd St., Xenia, Ohio.
 New Jersey Numis. Soc., 4372, from Mrs. E. L. Brookes, Secy., 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J., to Mrs. E. L. Brookes, Secy., 4 Samuel St., West Orange, N. J.
 Omaha Coin Club, L. M. No. 36, from Addison W. Wilson, Secy., 600 Insurance Bldg., Omaha, Neb., to A. J. Pilmaier, Secy., 2108 S. 35th Ave., Omaha, Neb.
 Racine Numismatic Soc., 7044, from Arthur E. Jones, Secy., 1203 S. Main St., Racine, Wis., to J. A. Velicer, Secy.-Treas., 611 Wisconsin Ave., Racine, Wis.
 Triple Cities Coin Club, 7427, from H. M. Christman, Secy., deceased 6/10/41, to D. G. Cookinham, Pres., R. D. 1, Johnson City, N. Y.
 Major Dan R. Adan, 6502, from Battery B, 122nd F. A., Camp Forrest, Tenn., to First BN, 122nd F. A., Camp Forrest, Tenn.
 V. L. Arrington, 6066, from 2918 Pine St., San Francisco, Cal., to 3 Shipley St., San Francisco, Cal.
 A. E. Bebee, 7824, from 6319 Kenwood Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 1180 E. 63rd St., Chicago, Ill.
 Lucien M. Bellier, 8670, from Box 209, Oyster Bay, N. Y., to Box 1704, West Palm Beach, Fla.
 Arthur Benfield, 8210, from 2430 J St., San Diego, Cal., to 1718 Broadway, San Diego, Cal.
 Mrs. Emily Brookes, Associate, 7848, from 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J., to 4 Samuel St., W. Orange, N. J.
 F. H. Brookes, 7329, from 515 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J., to 4 Samuel St., W. Orange, N. J.
 R. G. Bullard, 7616, from 1021 Corning St., Red Oak, Iowa, to 406 Jefferson St., Bedford, Iowa.
 Sam C. Bushnell, 7560, from 5249 Maple Ave., St. Louis, Mo., to R. 1, Box 94, St. Charles, Mo.
 Lewis C. Cole, 4532, from P. O. Box 277, El Centro, Cal., to P. O. Box 277, National City, Cal.
 F. L. Elmendorf, 6848, from 3258 Belvoir Blvd., Shaker Heights, Cleveland, Ohio, to 22600 McCauley Rd., Cleveland, Ohio.
 J. L. Fanta, 7795, from Westgate, Iowa, to 18009 Olympia Rd., Cleveland, Ohio.
 W. L. Freedlun, 7833, from Burdick, Kan., to General Delivery, Monterey, Cal.
 Robert Friedberg, 8221, from 296 Eckford St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to Box 58, Sta. G, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Alan S. Ganz, 6151, from 256 E. 37th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 710 Troy Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Dan Goldman, 7866, from 342 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal., to 216 West 4th St., Los Angeles, Cal.
 A. B. Grant, 8530, from 7434 Wyoming, Kansas City, Mo., to 7421 Wyoming, Kansas City, Mo.
 George L. Hanson, 5353, from 100 Garden Rd., Scarsdale, N. Y., to Pinewood Gardens, Hartsdale, N. Y.
 F. A. Hennessy, 7142, from Pioneer Hall, Univ. of Minn., Minneapolis, Minn., to Calmar, Iowa.
 Warren E. Hertenstein, 4491, from Wayland, N. Y., to 200 S. Decatur St., Watkins Glenn, N. Y.
 Richard Lloyd Jones, 7534, from 138 10th St. N. W., Mason City, Iowa, to 104 River Heights Dr., Mason City, Iowa.
 H. C. Kammeyer, 6501, from 631 S. Lincoln St., Hinsdale, Ill., to 619 S. Lincoln St., Hinsdale, Ill.
 M. Robert B. Klinger, 8496, from 614 Monroe St., Ann Arbor, Mich., to 401 East Madison St., Ann Arbor, Mich.
 L. B. Knighton, 8196, from 619 Overbrook Rd., Richmond, Va., to 117 W. 47th St., Richmond, Va.
 H. E. MacIntosh, 4654, from 281 Belmont Ave., Springfield, Mass., to 85 Oakland Ave., Springfield, Mass.
 Theodore H. Meier, 5480, from 214 62nd St., Niagara Falls, N. Y., to 2462 Niagara Ave., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

- Ralph A. Mitchell, 5215, from 376 Orange St., Oakland, Cal., to 2680 Lombard St., San Francisco, Cal.
- Philip B. Nelson, 7669, from Loomis Apts. 4A, Ft. Dodge, Iowa, to 1436 5th Ave. N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.
- Jack W. Ogilvie, 5649, from 1122 Hacienda Pl., Hollywood, Cal., to 6615 Waring Ave., Hollywood, Cal.
- S. Z. Oppenheim, 7363, from Scarsdale Manor, Garth Rd., Scarsdale, N. Y., to 21 N. Larchmont Ave., Larchmont, N. Y.
- James H. Peacock, 8573, from 2401 Garrison Blvd., Baltimore, Md., to Rm. 230 Custom House Bldg., Denver, Col.
- Robert R. Frann, 4528, from P. O. Box 144, San Juan, Porto Rico, to P. O. Box 3403, San Juan, Porto Rico.
- William Rappaport, 7078, from 41 Prospect St., Waterbury, Conn., to 275 Pine St., Waterbury, Conn.
- Roland E. Ross, 7874, from 1423 S. 17th Ave., Maywood, Ill., to 403 N. Maple Ave., Oak Park, Ill.
- Walter J. Schultz, 7657, from 832 E. Clarke St., Milwaukee, Wis., to 2218 N. 3rd St., Milwaukee, Wis.
- Myron B. Schumacher, 8508, from 46 Cedar St., New York City, N. Y., to 116-11 227th St., St. Albans, N. Y.
- John R. Scheckels, 7178, from 621 Murdock Rd., Baltimore, Md., to 206 Monument Square, Salisbury, Md.
- Arthur Silverberg, 8116, from 6 Sterling Pl., Lawrence, L. I., N. Y., to The Crestwood, Woodmere, L. I., N. Y.
- Charles R. Svinning, 5348, from 3530 W. 83rd Place, Chicago, Ill., to P. O. Box 345, Crown Point, Ind.
- Arthur H. Townsend, 5170, from care N. Memphis Savings Bank, Memphis, Tenn., to Black Rock, Ark.
- J. F. Wacek, 2871, from 1109 American Ave., Long Beach, Cal., to 127 E. 4th St., Long Beach, Cal.
- Wm. D. Waltman, 4182, from Suite 601, Edison Blvd., Los Angeles, Cal., to 325 S. Plymouth Blvd., Los Angeles, Cal.
- Louis A. Weiss, 7495, from 1740 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 545 Christopher Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
- F. L. Whittlesey, 3969, from 676 Calvert St., Detroit, Mich., to 221 W. 21st St., Erie, Pa.
- A. Willhagen, 8249, from 489 Prentis St., Detroit, Mich., to 691 Merrick, Detroit, Mich.
- J. A. Wright, 7733, from 509 Harrison St., Flint, Mich., to 1012 Lyon St., Flint, Mich.
- R. S. Yeoman, 7947, from 414 Lafayette Ave., Racine, Wis., to 3619 Graceland Blvd., Racine, Wis.

M. VERNON SHELDON, General Secretary.

The Philadelphia Convention Of The A. N. A.

The Golden Jubilee Convention of the American Numismatic Association in Philadelphia, August 16 to 21, was a delightful affair in all respects. About 400 members and their friends were present.

The proceedings of the business sessions will be printed in pamphlet form and a copy mailed to each member. The story of the convention's social life will be published in the October issue of *The Numismatist*, in which will also appear a section devoted to the history of the A. N. A., with many illustrations.

The officers elected at Philadelphia were as follows:

President—J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Quebec.

First Vice-President—Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City.

Second Vice-President—George M. Todd, Atlanta, Ga.

General Secretary—M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.

Treasurer—George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.

Librarian and Curator—Ted R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa.

Board of Governors—V. Leon Belt, Waterloo, Iowa; Vernon L. Brown, New York City; Shepard Pond, Winchester, Mass.; J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.

A REQUEST FROM MR. MOSHER.

Stuart Mosher, a well-known figure in numismatics in the New York City area and in his former home of Buffalo, has been undergoing surgical treatment in a Staten Island hospital for a year and a half. He writes to *The Numismatist* as follows:

"I am still confined to my bed and probably will have to remain inactive for a considerable time to come. I haven't seen any dealers' catalogs since the beginning of my illness, and I wonder if you will help me out by in-

serting a few lines in The Numismatist to let the boys know that I am laid up and would appreciate being placed on their mailing lists so that I would have something to read. I would be indeed pleased."

This is a very modest request and we hope all our dealers will be able to comply with it. In spite of his severe illness Mr. Mosher's interest in coins has not diminished. His address is Sea View Hospital, Staten Island, N. Y.

Deaths.

WALTER P. NICHOLS.

On August 8, 1941, Walter P. Nichols passed away, following an illness of several months. Mr. Nichols was a life member of the American Numismatic Association, an associate member of the American Numismatic Society, past president of the Boston Numismatic Society, and also former member of the Board of Governors of the A. N. A. for the years 1939-40. Mr. Nichols was A. N. A. District Secretary for the State of Massachusetts.

Mr. Nichols was born 52 years ago in Somerville, Mass. He attended the Somerville schools, and was a graduate of Northeastern University. As a certified public accountant he did much work for banks through New England. He was deputy Sheriff for York county, Maine, an elective office, in which he was serving his fourth term.

In 1936 Mr. Nichols was very active in connection with the issue of the York County, Maine, commemorative half dollar. In sponsoring the issue, he served as secretary and distributor for the commission.

Mr. Nichols was also active in fraternal societies, having held membership in the following: Wyoming Lodge (Melrose), Waverly Chapter (Melrose), Boston Council, St. Bernard Commandery (Boston), Boston-Lafayette Lodge of Perfection (senior warden), Giles F. Yates Council of Princes of Jerusalem, Mount Oliver Chapter of Rose Croix, Massachusetts Consistory, 33d degree, and Aleppo Temple of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Nichols was known to a wide circle of numismatic friends and was particularly prominent in the collecting of rare United States coins and paper money. He is known to have many unusual and rare notes, and a remarkably fine collection of early U. S. cents and silver.

As a collector Mr. Nichols attended several conventions during the past ten years and formed many friendships. He was one of the most popular of the convention-goers, and his friendly smile and handshake will be missed by many. Services for Mr. Nichols were held at the Waterman Chapel, in Boston, the Rev. F. E. Charrier, of the North Parish Congregational Church, Sanford, Maine, officiating. His ashes will rest in Oakdale Cemetery, Sanford, Maine.

Mr. Nichols is survived by his widow, the former Faith E. Emery, whom he married in 1916, and two brothers, an uncle and a nephew.

EXHIBITORS AT PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION PLEASE NOTE.

Those members having exhibits at the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A. are requested to send to The Numismatist for publication a general description of their exhibits. Blank forms were given to exhibitors for this purpose. A number of these have not yet been returned. If you did not receive one of the blank forms, please write a description of your exhibit and return promptly to The Numismatist. We hope to publish a complete list of exhibits in the October issue.

The Greek 50 drachma note of 1927 shows upon the reverse an ancient Greek coin with Apollo on the obverse and Aesculapius on the reverse.

The Rock of Gibraltar is depicted upon their bank notes.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

- Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio**—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.
- Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.**—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.
- American Numismatic Association**—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- American Numismatic Society, New York City**—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.
- Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal**—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.
- Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa**—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.
- Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.**—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner Ave., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.
- Baltimore Coin Club**—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday Street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.
- Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa**—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.
- Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.**—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shackford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.
- Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.**—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
- Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.**—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Charles T. Prickett, Secretary, 153 Hinman Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
- Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa**—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 106 Marshall St., Burlington, Iowa.
- California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.**—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.
- Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio**—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.
- Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio**—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.
- Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa**—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
- Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City**—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.
- Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.**—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.
- Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.**—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- Cleveland Coin Club, Cleveland, Ohio**—Meets third Wednesday of each month. Wallace Sargis, Secretary, 11208 Edgewater Drive, Cleveland, Ohio.
- Cincinnati Numismatic Association**—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 1 Verona Apts., Cincinnati Ohio.
- Coin Club of Rhode Island**—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.
- Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio**—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.
- Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.**—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.
- Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas**—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.
- Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio**—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. J. Lewis Good, Acting Secretary, 305 W. Second St., Xenia, Ohio.
- Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa**—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.
- Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.**—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio.—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Richard B. Whitney, Secretary, 4923 University Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City.—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7.30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. James Buchbinder, Secretary, 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis, Mo. L. A. Mueller, Secretary, 4239 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa.—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Tuesday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple Street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society.—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 4 Samuel St., West Orange, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City.—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. George B. Hooper, Secretary, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa.—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. A. J. Pilmaier, Secretary, 2108 S. 35th Ave., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month

at Recreation Room of the Church of the Messiah, Santa Ana. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Pittsairn Coin and Medal Club, Pittsairn, Pa.—Meets the second Monday of the month at 544 Broadway. Thomas B. Williams, Secretary, R. D. 1, Pittsairn, Pa.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 611 Wisconsin Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. William M. Hutchinson, Secretary, 49 Rowley Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month at places fixed by program committee. Jacob G. Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer, Baltimore Hotel, Rm. 321, 429 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Heathstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 609 Peoples Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, Secretary, 312 Wright Ave., R. D., East Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave. The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year: January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperksi, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce, Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. D. C. Cookin, President, R. D. 1, Johnson City, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the

month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Grout Room, Y. M. C. A., Waterloo, Iowa. Elizabeth Kenney, Secretary, 510 Waterloo Bldg., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—392nd regular meeting, August 8th, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Fifteen members and one guest were present.

The topics for the evening: Modern Coins of Russia; United States Church Paper Money, dated from 1790 to 1816; Designs for United States Fractional Currency; Quarter Dollars from 1796 to 1828; Alaskan Currency.

Exhibits were made by the following:

Y. L. Brown: Bronze and silver medals of the Philadelphia Coin Club, issued to commemorate Fiftieth Anniversary of A. N. A. Small collection of recent foreign bank notes of countries in the Far East.

D. M. Bullowa: Russian-American Company, 50 kopecks for Alaska, about 1860, printed on sealskin. Hungary, 1896, St. George medallion commemorative issue on one-thousandth anniversary of the kingdom. Trinidad, 1898, 5 dollars blanket banknote.

L. Kusterer: Russia, Commemorative rouble, 300th anniversary of the Romanoffs, 1913. Types of Soviet Coins.

Lieut. O. H. Dodson: Seventy coins of Russia from early fifteenth century issues of principality of Kiev to latest Soviet and Chinese Soviet issues.

A. W. Deas: Fiftieth Anniversary medals of A. N. A. in bronze and in silver. 1853 U. S. cents, interesting varieties.

H. Schulman: Box with scales, about 1800, to weigh gold; Chinese patterns; set of Soviet Chinese money; Lenin dollar and its small denominations; platinum doubloon and ¼ doubloon of Colombia; Nevis gold ½ joe plugged to increase its value.

T. F. Morris: Specimens of first issue of fractional currency, including proofs of same issue.

Mr. Morris read sections from a book which is to be published in the near future, "History of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing." We are quite sure that when this book is published it will meet with immediate acceptance from our paper-money collectors.

J. Barnett: Specimens of fractional currency of the first four issues, including 50c. second issue with the 3 of 1863 surcharge inverted. Also strip of two 50c. second issue, reverse only.

O. T. Sghia: Uncirculated quarters of 1806, 1815, 1821, 1828.

Mr. L. E. Cox: \$1 note, second issue, 1862.

L. M. Reagan: Four pieces of Massachusetts Colonial paper.

M. B. Schumacher: U. S. commemorative coins, Wisconsin, New Rochelle, Albany, San Francisco, Bennington.

F. C. C. Boyd: United States quarters 1796 to 1828 inclusive, showing all of the dates and the varieties in extremely fine and uncirculated condition. Australia, Kangaroo Office and Port Phillip, 1 oz. and ½ oz. gold coins. Church money, denomination 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 cents, 97 pieces. Alaska sealskin money, 10, 25 and 50 kopeks.

Mr. Boyd read an interesting paper on the history of the issuance of the Kangaroo Office gold coins.

The membership committee reported favorably on the application of Hans Schulman, 545 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the September meeting: Coins of the small independent states of Asia; United States greenbacks from 1862 to 1923; United States quarter dollars from 1831 to 1892. This was adopted.

The president called on Miss Felicity Buranelli, who was a guest of the club, and Miss Buranelli talked on the topic "The Medal-Of-The-Month Club." She exhibited the first three medals issued by this club and informed our members that her work was purely educational. The reason for The Medal-Of-The-Month Club is: First, to plant the seed of true Americanism in the heart of every child; second, to teach tolerance and understanding and work for the best kind of citizenship possible; third, to encourage talent in the young by making medal awards and by offering scholarships. The first series of medals are on aviation. The subscription rate for the complete series, including pamphlets, patented medal holder to frame the collection and the set of medals, is \$4 per year, plus 50c. postage for the collector's medals, and \$2 per year, plus 50c. postage, for the children's medals, these medals being size 1½ inches. The sculptors of these medals are the most famous artists in this country, and the medal itself is struck

by the Medallic Art Company. It was the opinion of the club members that this is a very worthy organization, and quite a number of those present subscribed to the series.

Hans Schulman was unanimously elected a member of our Club.

David M. Bullowa suggested that this being the 392nd meeting we hold a special meeting for the 400th regular meeting, which will occur in eight months. Mr. Bullowa's suggestion was given to the executive committee for further report.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—A special meeting was held August 1, at the Benson Hotel, Portland, with 21 members in attendance. The president, Howard Hughes, called the meeting for the purpose of considering a bid on the part of the club for the American Numismatic Association 1942 convention for Portland. After a thorough discussion of the matter it was decided that the club could not properly finance a convention without material assistance from the parent organization, and so the matter was dropped.

Joe La More announced the recent marriage of President Hughes and sponsored a motion, which was passed, to have the club buy the president a suitable wedding gift.

George Pipes gave a very interesting talk on the currently interesting 1804 dollar of the famous William Dunham collection auction, which coin was once owned by H. G. Brown, of Portland. Mr. Pipes told of Brown and his saloon here in Portland, and how he decorated his saloon in a spectacular manner with his coin collection. This was around 1902-1904. Mr. Pipes rounded off his story by telling of his experience with a fake or restrike 1804 dollar having been offered for sale by a Seattle party. It developed that several of the members had been approached by the same party for a deal on the coin.

Stephen Bibler extended an invitation on behalf of Mr. Willis Ashley for a club picnic to be held during the latter part of August at Mr. Ashley's summer home on the Tualatin river.

John Oberg passed around for an exhibit a most interesting collection of paper money; an almost complete collection of the large-size dollar notes issued by the several districts of the Federal Reserve System; a \$20 gold note of 1882, being the first issue of the yellow-back certificates; a \$1 National Bank of 1875; a very odd \$10 U. S. note of 1862, marked "Exchangeable for United States 6 per cent. 20-year bonds."

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—82nd meeting, July 25, President Hoffman presiding. Twenty members and one visitor were in attendance.

The resignation of our secretary, Harry Colura, was accepted. Mr. Colura resigned due to other business activities that would keep him from being a regular attendant at meetings. President Hoffman appointed James Buchbinder as secretary.

William Pietsch applied for membership.

Our all-Wisconsin meeting to be held on September 26 is developing very rapidly. The highlight of the meeting will be a special auction. All Wisconsin coin clubs and numismatists are invited to attend this meeting.

Our October anniversary banquet will be held at Peter Van de Boom's, at Saukville, as usual.

The society decided to enter the Milwaukee Hobby Show to be held during the Thanksgiving week-end in the Milwaukee Auditorium.

The life membership plaque for Dr. Keaber was displayed. Other displays were German porcelain money by R. J. Kircher, and a Washington gold medal by President Hoffman.

An auction was held.

AKRON COIN CLUB—35th meeting, July 21, with 14 members and 2 visitors present, R. W. Miller presiding.

It was announced that the Akron Coin Club would visit the Canton Coin Club on September 8th and present a program for the evening in appreciation of the Canton members' visit to Akron in June. F. W. Hammett, Howard Certain and Mrs. Metz are in charge of the program.

Each member present gave a short talk on how they started collecting coins, the experiences encountered and the extent of their collection.

Displays were as follows:

R. W. Miller: United States large cents.

Howard Certain: German notgeld.

G. F. Lane: U. S. Dollars, 1795 to 1800; Canadian Wellington halfpence; South Sea shark vertebra money; German World War wooden money and bread coupons.

V. L. Oblisk: Colonial coins and currency of the United States.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—The 328th meeting was held July 29 at Dr. Wild's summer home, Boston Hills. A most delicious dinner was served and thoroughly enjoyed by all, and we can say, in all sincerity, "Thank you; we had a grand time."

After dinner the party moved to the terrace, where Dr. Wild started a decoding game. Each guest was provided with slips of paper with an identical sentence written in code form. The guest who decoded it first was to receive a French gold piece. Mr. Herrick was the winner by about ten seconds over Mr. Bailey, who in turn beat out President Paul Williams.

The regular meeting was called to order by President Williams, with fourteen members present.

A communication was read from the Philadelphia Coin Club, with information for any members who were planning to attend the A. N. A. Fiftieth Anniversary Convention at Philadelphia.

Mr. Herrick gave a very interesting talk on his trip through the New England States. In the course of his trip he visited Salem, where his ancestors settled

years ago. At Salem he was shown a wonderful collection of coins left to the local museum, by a Mr. Lee, and is being kept up to date by means of a bequest set up by him.

The secretary was instructed to write a letter expressing regret and sympathy to Mrs. LeWin in her unfortunate accident. Also to write Mr. Mosher informing him of his election to life membership of the B. N. A.

A motion was made by Mr. Herrick, that the club buy a \$75 defense bond. This was referred to the board of governors for consideration.

An auction was held.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—95th meeting, August 14. Thirteen members were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Brown read newspaper items of numismatic interest.

The society voted for officers of the A. N. A. and Mr. Brown was given proxy for the society at the convention.

The topic committee suggested the topic for the September meeting to be: "Coins of the United States' Possessions" and "United States Twenty-Cent Pieces."

The topic for the meeting was "Colonial Coins" and "Dimes of the United States," and the exhibits follow:

Mr. Beach: A thaler of the Princely House of Jever, 1567, showing Daniel in the Lion's Den. Rare and quaint. A photo of the Marble Horse and Pine Tree of the Pratt Rock, sculptured at Prattville. Check, 1845, on Tanner's Bank. Checks, 1845 and 1900, on Tanner's National Bank of Catskill, N. Y.

Mr. Blaisdell: 1808, 1858 and 1854-O half dollars, unc. 1817 large cent, unc., 13 stars, 1838 large cent, unc. N-8, proof surface.

Mr. Brookes: 10c and 25c notes issued by H. Wheeler, and a letter explaining these notes from D. C. Wismer.

Mr. Brown: Small collection of foreign bank notes, recent issues.

Mr. Dalley: U. S. copper cent, 1796, Gilbert-Elder No. F. 8 reals of Peru, 1831. U. S. silver dollar, 1802. \$2 Note of the Bank of Clifton, Canada.

Mr. Gensheimer: 1616-1619, Sommer Island, sixpence. 1685-1688, Florida Plantation token. 1694 Carolina, Elephant halfpenny. 1737, Connecticut Broad Ax coin. 1773, Virginia penny and halfpenny. 1779, Rhode Island cent. 1785, Vermont. Immune Columbia cent. 1787, Fugio cent impression in silver. 1787, Massachusetts cent and halfcent. 1794, Franklin press cent.

Mr. Hughes: Florida token, 1690, Rosa Americana, 1722, Wood's halfpenny, 1723-4. Washington cents, 1783. Nova Constellatio cent. Washington, small eagle. North Wales, Liberty & Security, Talbot, Allum & Lee, 1794-45. North America token and other colonials. Three varieties of 1808 large cents.

Mr. Husker: Bolivia, 2 soles and 8 soles, Peru, $\frac{1}{4}$ peso, 4 reales, 8 reales and proclamation piece of 1826.

Mr. Nettleship: Most recent issue of the Society of Medalists.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—The meeting for July 17th was held in the office of Tom Warfield on account of the hot weather. His place is air-conditioned, and so the evening was a comfortable one. There were 15 members present.

As Mr. Warfield offered his office for the next meeting, we gratefully accepted. Mr. Stewart announced that Richard B. Sealock, head of the Department of History, Travel and Biography at the Enoch Pratt Library, would be the speaker with the subject, "Know Your Coins."

Theo. Austin had just returned from a trip north, and he told us of his experiences in Hartford, where he visited the Hartford Coin Club at one of their sessions and was very courteously received. We hope to have an opportunity to return the hospitality of the Hartford Club whenever any of their members are in our neighborhood.

This was an auction night and we had our usual sale of coins.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—87th meeting, June 15. Due to the absence of President Jacob, Mr. Dewey called the meeting to order and presided over a gathering of 14 members and 2 guests.

The death of President Jacob's father-in-law was announced by Mr. Dewey. The club's sympathy will be sent to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob.

The death of Vice-President Baker was a great shock to the members. Mr. Baker was an enthusiastic and devoted member. The office he held will be left vacant until the next election. As in the past, a page will be reserved in the minutes in memory of Mr. Baker.

Mr. Marsden gave a short report on the exhibit that was placed in the Mount Vernon Public Library for the month of July. He commented upon the efforts of Messrs. Dewey, Bellus and Hollingsworth for this fine display under the name of the club. Mr. Marsden also exhibited.

A paper was read by Mr. Massey which he prepared for the New York Telephone Review, July. The subject, "The U. S. Nickel."

Topics for the evening: U. S. 50 cents, 1796 to 1838; Coins of U. S. S. R.; recent acquisitions, and items of your own interest. Exhibits were placed and explained. Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Kortjohn: Sixteen different varieties of coins of Soviet Russia.

Mr. Friedman: Complete proof set of 1898 from the \$20 gold to the Indian head cent.

Mr. Bellus: Types of U. S. half dollars; British Victory and Service Medals.

Mr. Marsden: Medal in iron of the Lusitania sinking and set of 1935 Connecticut Tercentenary medals.

Mr. Dewey: Selection of minor coins of Soviet Russia, and specimens of cardboard postage stamp currency of Russia, 1915.

Mr. Kosoff: Copies of twopence Oak Tree and sixpence Pine Tree. "Dictionary of Roman Coins," by Stevenson.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—307th meeting, July 30. Eighteen members and four guests were present, Vice-President Stanley Blois presiding.

The secretary reported that the 26th anniversary dinner was a great success, with 39 members and their guests present.

The resignation of Charles Rock, chairman of the program committee, who is moving to St. Paul, Minn., was received. The entire membership extended a vote of thanks for the splendid work he had done and the many interesting programs arranged.

The membership committee submitted the application of R. L. Moore for membership.

President Earl Parker submitted the final report of the 25th anniversary medal issue and stated that five more medals are still on hand and in possession of the secretary.

B. Morgenthau, of New York City, was elected a fellow of the Society, and P. J. Haggerty, Superintendent of the U. S. Mint of San Francisco, an honorary member.

William Kraft gave a very interesting talk on the coinage of Switzerland and its historical background, followed by a talk by President Parker on the U. S. nickel coinage.

The exhibits of the evening were as follows:

William Kraft: Coins of Switzerland.

Allen Conner: Complete set of present Chinese paper money.

Mr. Parker: Uncirculated U. S. nickels.

Mr. Fogler: Coins of Switzerland, twentieth century.

Many different items by various members.

An auction was held.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—August 5, President Woodside in the chair. Seventeen members and one visitor were present.

The program committee reported progress in arranging a program for the coming year. A complete representation of this will be furnished the members at the next meeting.

Following the society's custom in July and August of each year, this meeting was of a social nature and refreshments were enjoyed during the evening.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Eastwood: Pennsylvania Civil War tokens.

Mr. McIntosh: 1941 A. N. A. Convention medal in silver.

Mr. Woodside: 20 sutler's checks; 6 English and Scottish lead tokens.

Mr. Hall: Nine ferrotypes of Abraham Lincoln.

Mr. Klefer: Uncirculated dimes: 1805, both varieties of 1853, 1858 and 1838-O.

Mr. Hunt: Tray of rare store cards, and second tray of Washington cards, all in choice condition; complete early coinage of Angola; 17 proof Lady Godiva tokens.

Mr. Piper: 12 German medals; large gold-plated medal of Columbian Exposition.

Dr. Gillis: Medal commemorating opening of Rockefeller Center.

Mr. Gaede: Proof and uncirculated Flying Eagle and Indian Head cents and five-cent nickel pieces.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—270th meeting, August 6. Sixty members and five visitors present, E. E. Lamb presiding.

The chair appointed J. Henri Ripstra to vote the club's proxy at the next A. N. A. convention. Messrs Boosel, Green and Powells were authorized to vote the official A. N. A. ballot.

The president announced the sudden death of our member, John Stewart, of Milwaukee. The secretary was instructed to send a letter of condolence to Mrs. Stewart.

Members attending the A. N. A. convention will extend a cordial invitation to hold the 1944 convention in Chicago to climax our Silver Jubilee anniversary. The temporary jubilee convention committee consists of J. H. Ripstra, Mrs. A. S. Boyer and Lee Hewitt.

The membership of the Chicago Coin Club is heartily in accord with the shortening of the official convention sessions to three days. A resolution to this effect will be proposed on the convention floor.

Attention has been called to a highly specialized numismatic collection on exhibit at the Field Museum of Natural History in Chicago.

Exhibits were as follows:

R. C. Cahall: 130 Civil War tokens.

Wm. Evans: 10,000-mark German bank note.

F. A. Clarke: Dimes of 1796 and 1805 first type; Silver dollar of 1795 and 1798.

D. C. Keefer: A collection of open-work of Chinese charms of various periods.

Paul Pennington: Earliest Roman silver coin, a didrachm of the so-called Romano-Campanian series inscribed "Romano."

Wm. G. Rayson: Nine varieties of hammered pennies of England, of Burgred, King of Mercia, 852; St. Edmund, King of East Anglia, 870; Guthred, Viking invader, 977; Edgar, King of all England, 959; Aethelred II, 979; Cnut the Dane, 1016; Edward the Confessor, 1042; William the Conqueror, 1066, pax and bonnet type.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—August 13. There were 16 members and two guests present. Mr. Laurent's and Dr. Sherrard's sons were the guests. Mr. Baker, the president, presided.

The displays for the evening were as follows: A complete collection of \$2.50 gold pieces. A collection of medals. A proof set of Philippine coins minted in 1903 by the Philadelphia mint.

After displays were enjoyed Mr. Wright told about the exhibit the Quad-City Coin Club kept in the Davenport Library, and several members promised to loan their collections for exhibit.

The program was conducted by Mr. Baker, the president. He asked each member present to give a coin fact and they were discussed from the floor. All entered the discussion and it was enjoyed very much.
A social hour followed.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—July 23, eleventh meeting. Sixteen members were present. President Riggs called the meeting to order.

New members admitted were Norman Dixon, of Anderson, and John B. Stine, of Edinburgh, Indiana, bringing the membership total to 61.

Mr. Fiscus displayed the cabinet purchased to keep the auction lots in order.

Announcement was made of the A. N. A. Convention at Philadelphia. Quite a few of the members stated their intention to attend. Mr. Chambers, president of the Anderson Coin Club, suggested a get-together be arranged for the Indianapolis and Anderson Coin Clubs, at which there would be a trading session, and to have the families attend, bringing their lunches. Mr. Chambers also extended the Anderson Coin Club's invitation to the Indianapolis Coin Club to attend their next meeting, August 7.

Members participating in the short program following the regular business were Mr. Blackmore, who displayed his collection of Newfoundland \$2 gold pieces, and Mr. Reinhardt, who spoke on his collection of quarters. Mr. Blackmore donated an 1888 piece to the club collection, for which the club extended its thanks.

An auction of sixty lots was held following the meeting.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—116th regular meeting, August 12.

Communications were read from the San Diego Numismatic Society and the Iowa Numismatic Association.

The most pressing problem of the meeting was the election of officers for the A. N. A. Dr. Henderson, Victor Chambers, and S. J. Kabealo are the official delegates to the national convention.

Due to the extreme heat, the meeting was cut short. There were no exhibits or auction. However, many of the members stayed around for an old fashioned "stove league" meeting.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—August 13, with three members and one guest present.

Topics discussed were emergency money; Reichbank notes; sales tax tokens; Ohio sales tax coupons; wooden money; U. S. silver coins.

The club has been very kindly allowed two cases for the display of "Odd Monies of the World" at the A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia.

The display of items at our meeting were as follows: Uncirculated set of 45 different street-car aluminum tokens issued at Nurnberg, Germany; Ohio sales tax coupons, unused 30c., \$1.50 and \$3 (C-VIII) with red serial numbers; complete sets of wooden nickels from Wahpeton, N. D., and Clarksdale, Miss.; a 1916 Liberty standing quarter dollar in fine condition; Reichsbank note issued in Berlin 11.5.23 for 100 milliard marks (1 milliard is equal to 1,000,000,000 U. S. dollars); six different Conder tokens issued 1791-1793; collection of 110 different Civil War tokens and metal store cards.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—115th regular meeting, July 14. In the absence of the other officers, Secretary Kabealo presided. Nineteen members were present.

The nominating committee reported that the nominations will be published in The Numismatist.

George Andrews reported that the Veterans of Foreign Wars will hold their national convention in Philadelphia at the same time of the A. N. A. convention and advised that anyone planning to attend should make hotel reservations in advance.

Exhibits were as follows:

Dr. J. M. Henderson: Curious and off-center coins.

J. F. McCrory: \$5 gold piece of 1812.

H. R. Rodecker: Japanese coins.

C. Kabealo: Commemorative coins.

Ray Starkloff: Large cents, 1800-1852.

Bruce Ruggles: Washington quarters.

The meeting was then turned over to the principal speaker, Prof. J. B. Petta, of Ohio State University. His topic was "Civilizations and Cultures of Latin American Primitives."

An auction was held.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—243rd meeting, June 11. There were 29 members and 8 guests present. Judge Sawicki presided.

Mr. Bell delivered a lecture on the history and coinage of Bolivia and the man after whom this country was named, Simon Bolivar.

Judge Sawicki spoke at some length on the proposed medal for our twentieth anniversary. He explained how it was proposed to obtain the necessary silver to be used in striking the medal. Everybody was requested to donate old silver coins no longer desired. Thus it could be said that perhaps in each medal there was a streak of some famous "piece-of-eight."

Exhibits were as follows:

R. L. Poxon: Cents of Canada of Edward VII and George V.

Joseph F. Sawicki: 60 medals representing Roman history from 700 B. C. to 14 A. D.; triple thalers of Braunschweig-Luneberg, of Friedrich Ulrich; Aztec chisel money; two bronze medals of Napoleon Bonaparte I; 20 reis of the Azores; bronze medal of Lafayette.

Harley L. Freeman: 4-ducat and 2-ducat pieces of Ferdinand and Isabella of Spain; ducat of Philip II of Spain.

John W. Gregor: Monographs published by the American Numismatic Society of New York, the titles of which are: "Coinage of Metapontum," "The Imperial Russian Orders," and "Bibliography of Greek Coin Hoards."

Ambrose P. Spencer: Five bronze coins of ancient Crete.

Ed. H. Windau: 1864-L Indian head cent; 1909-S Indian head cent.

Edgar G. Bell: 80 North and South American dollar-size coins.

Clyde J. Drawing: Minor coins of Brazil; coins of South and Central America.

Fred Hahlen: Coins of Spain, Mexico, Brazil, Cuba, Guatemala, Peru, Germany, and a 1901 Pan-American medal struck in the U. S. A.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—August 7. President Arthur presided. Five members were present.

Mr. Arthur read an excellent paper on "When Money was Printed by the Churches." It was moved that the paper be read at the next meeting.

Discussion followed concerning a change of date in our meeting night. A discussion concerning nomination of officers for the coming year was held also. Because of the small attendance it was decided to hold the nominations over until the next meeting. Exhibits were shown, informally, by the attending members.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—August 4th, with 13 members present, and three guests—Mr. Buell, Mr. A. Hepner, and Mr. Charles Wilkins, the son of the secretary of the Washington Society.

The program of the evening consisted of a talk by Mr. Wilkins, a student at the Virginia Military Institute, who had brought for exhibit his collection of regimental insignia of the United States Army, collected while he was with his parents, stationed at various army posts. The insignia were mounted on black velvet, under glass, and framed in gold. It was a colorful and beautiful exhibit. Mr. Wilkins touched on the history of insignia, laws of heraldry, how the pieces are designed and made, and the history of each regiment as depicted on the insignia.

Mr. Hepner, who has been very generous with his exhibits, had brought for display 119 silver dollars, including an 1879 gold and a set of proof trade dollars.

Mr. Permoda, who is an outstanding authority on ancient and foreign coins, announced that he is changing his interest to American coins. He had with him a cent of 1798, which he said was one of the most common dates, but which had much history attached to it. It was the first year in which overdates were struck. He called attention to the pitted condition of the coin, which he said came from use of a rusty die. He attributed the restrike and the use of the rusty die to a spirit of economy in the early mint.

Mr. Vanderwende gave a most interesting discussion of history in connection with the likeness of rulers on certain Swedish coins. He called special attention to a coin showing the profile of Gustav IV, and said that he was reading recently an article about the negro in history and world affairs, in which reference was made to this king. This aroused his interest, but in checking on history he could find little about Gustav except that he was driven from his throne, and he and his family disappeared from the pages of history. Mr. Vanderwende also discussed the history of Charles XI and XII and the part they and their families played in the history of Sweden, Russia and the Balkans. "I enjoy collecting Swedish coins because each one tells such an interesting bit of history," he said.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Forty-first meeting, July 8, President Richard S. Yeoman presiding. Nine members and one visitor, Arthur Peterson of Chicago, were present.

Announcement of the death of John Stewart, a member of the Racine Numismatic Society, was sadly received by the membership.

An interesting talk was given by Louis Wilczynski on the 1856 Flying Eagle cent, followed by a general discussion of this famous coin.

Exhibits were as follows:

Louis Wilczynski: 1907 \$10 gold piece, unc., without periods and motto. 1911 \$20 gold piece, sand-blast proof.

Karl Borseth: 20 colonos, Salvador, commemorative gold piece, brilliant proof, only 100 struck.

John M. Carls: 1901 \$10 gold piece, unc.

CANTON COIN CLUB—73d meeting, August 4, with 15 members and 12 guests attending.

The meeting opened with a talk by O. J. Manse, who is with the Westinghouse naval ordnance plant. His talk was on emergency training for defense.

S. J. Kabealo was elected as club delegate to the A. N. A. Convention, with preferential candidates indicated by members. It was decided to suspend the rules and amend article 14 of the constitution, which now reads: "Dues shall be \$1 per year, payable at the first or midyear."

Announcement was made of the Penn-Ohio convention at Portage Hotel, Akron, Ohio, on the evening of October 17 and all day October 18.

A report of the last Penn-Ohio picnic was made by Wm. Bruce and S. J. Kabealo.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—409th meeting, June 19. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Eighteen members and two visitors were present.

A motion was made by Mr. Noyes to sell the 400th meeting bronze medal for 75 cents and not postpaid. Motion carried.

Mr. Stehfest reported that the memorial wreath furnished by the American Numismatic Association was placed on Dr. Heath's grave at Monroe, Mich., on Memorial Day.

Mr. Leffingwell exhibited several silver coins.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—99th meeting, August 6, President Schwartz in the chair. Fifteen members and one guest were present.

Further plans were made and reports discussed for the observance of our 100th meeting in October.

The Club was fortunate in having as its guest Mr. Milton Schoenfeld, distinguished artist and lecturer. Mr. Schoenfeld delivered an address on his activities as a medal collector, and with particular reference to medals pertaining to the history of Brooklyn.

The following exhibits were made:

Mr. Bullowa: 21 miscellaneous tokens, Austrian National Bank Centennial (1816-1916) Bronze medal. Czechoslovakia Masaryk medal in bronze, 1850-1937.

Mr. Darrow: Italian acmonetal 2-lire, 1-lire, 50-centesimi, 20-centesimi. Tokens of Costa Rica, Colombia and Venezuela. Sales-tax tokens.

Mr. Friedberg: New issues from St. Thomas and Prince's Islands and Mozambique, 100 franc gold commemorative for Luzerne Shooting Festival. Gold medal for the world flight of the Graf Zeppelin in 1929.

Mr. Heft: Army, Navy and Marine Corps miniature medals.

Mr. Klaif: 1916 Liberty standing quarter, 1869 pattern dime, 1901-S quarter.

Mr. Knoth: 21 Pittsburg Civil War tokens.

Mr. Kosoff: Russia, set of platinum coins, 3, 6, 12 roubles. Platinum medal struck on coronation of Nicholas I, 1826, proof. \$1 gold proof of 1875.

Mr. Kraus: Slovakia 20-halerov, 1940.

Mr. Reagan: All coins, medals and tokens in club cabinet.

Mr. Schoenfeld: Ten medals appertaining to the history of Brooklyn. Nine medals appertaining to the history of New York City.

Mr. Schwartz: Seven Hard Times tokens.

Mr. Silverman: A. N. A. 50th anniversary silver medal.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—July 14. The meeting was called to order by Treasurer Bailey, with ten members and one guest present.

The visitor desired information about various coins, and had some coins for auction. The regular meeting was suspended to accommodate the visitor.

Dr. Wild then reminded all members present of the meeting to be held at his summer home July 29.

Regrets were expressed at the passing of a well-known Rochester collector, Mr. Gillette, who was held in high esteem by the Buffalo club members.

Mr. Bailey made the suggestion that each active member endeavor to contact at least one inactive member to stimulate interest in the club.

Mr. Lloyd gave a short talk on U. S. half cents, and commented on the small percentage of these coins that had been melted.

A general discussion followed pertaining to the August and fall meetings. The members also felt something should be done regarding the delayed meeting with the Rochester Club, also the possibilities of holding the first meeting in September at the Y. M. C. A.'s summer camp.

The question of inviting a speaker for a fall meeting was brought up, but no action was taken on the question.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—410th meeting, July 17. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Twenty-three members and two visitors were present.

President Rowe reported that Mr. Hubel was ill and would not be able to get around for four or five weeks, and suggested that the members send him a card.

A letter was read from the Philadelphia Coin Club inviting the members of the Detroit Coin Club to attend the A. N. A. convention in Philadelphia from August 16 to 21.

An application for membership in the Detroit Coin Club was received from Mr. Rand.

President Rowe introduced the visitors, Mr. Ault and Mr. Brownell, of Cincinnati. Mr. Ault gave an interesting talk on his travels. Quite a discussion followed and many questions were asked by the members.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—August 7th. The meeting for this date was held again in the office of Tom Warfield, so that we were comfortable on this evening. There were 19 members and two guests present.

Mr. Stewart reminded those present of the A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia next week and urged that as many as possible of our members attend. The secretary was instructed to give the club's proxy to Mr. Duffield to be used at his discretion.

Mr. Straus invited the membership to attend the exhibit of the Philatelic Society, holding its convention at the Lord Baltimore Hotel from August 19 to 26.

We received a visit from representatives of the Association of Commerce and one of the leading hotels who discussed the possibility of holding the A. N. A. Convention in Baltimore for 1942 or 1943. We decided to hold the matter over until some later date.

Our speaker of the evening was Richard B. Sealock, of the Pratt Library, who told us of his experiences in identifying coins and research work in that way for visitors at the Library. He had a number of books illustrative of the facilities that our Public Library affords along numismatic lines to exhibit, and his comments were interesting and will probably induce our members to appear in the library rooms more frequently hereafter.

In response to the recent inquiry about an 1804 half eagle bearing a perfect date, we are pleased to state that a member of the A. N. A. has furnished a rubbing of a specimen in his collection. Col. A. B. McKie, of California, furnished the information.

MEDAL-OF-THE-MONTH CLUB.

There has recently been announced the formation of a Medal-of-the-Month Club, which is devoted to collecting outstanding art medals, sculptured by prominent medalists throughout the country.

The medal series is intended for children as an educational hobby, and the subjects of the medals will be the lives of great men and women who have made American history and who are working to preserve democracy. The building of America, with its pioneer themes of vision, courage and the desire to work are being emphasized.

~~The original plaques from which the medals are made are being placed in public buildings or museums, and in this way the collector of the medals has miniatures of the museum productions.~~

The first series of medals has been on the aviation series. The first medal shows the heads of the Wright brothers. The second medal shows Amelia Earhart, and others are in course of production. The entire project of bringing the use of medals to the younger generation has been sponsored by Miss Felicity Buranelli, of New York City. The medals are sold below cost, merely to encourage their use. A medal $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter is sold for as little as 25 cents.

There are brief booklets also available which give the life history of the subjects of the medals. The medals come in sets of six, which are in a holder, suitable for wall decoration.

INFORMATION WANTED ON LARGE CENTS.

As a new collector of less than two years, I find that information on some subjects is difficult for me to locate. I have been especially interested in large cents and recently have been studying overdates.

I have been able to satisfy myself with all except 1853 over 52, which Doughty mentions in supplementary pages in his book. Is this the same as Andrews describes as 1853-A 19 or crude 3?

As many overdates would never be recognized by the descriptions they give in their books, is there any additional information I can secure on the descriptions of large cents from 1816 to 1857?

Other than Andrews with the forty-eight variety supplement, I have The Numismatist, 1912, 1913, 1914, with descriptions by McGirk, but find it impossible to check in many cases. I hope that in the future some one may write articles in The Numismatist more fully describing the variety of large cents.

R. E. LAGRANGE, M. D.

Fort Ann, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1941.

CORRECTION.

We wish to correct a statement which appeared in the July issue on page 540, concerning the coinage of the San Francisco mint. A Michigan collector, O. C. Steinberger, has brought to our attention the fact that in January, 1941, the San Francisco mint also struck domestic coins, whereas we stated that the May coinage of nickels was the first for the year. The previous three months, February, March and April had been devoted exclusively to foreign coin production.

We are grateful to collectors for bringing such matters to our attention, and we are glad to record the correction. We want The Numismatist to have as few errors as possible, and look for your cooperation.

WILL THE SILVER DOLLAR BECOME SMALLER?

According to recent news reports, there is a possibility that the size and weight of the silver dollar may be reduced. Farran Zerbe, former president of the Association, has kindly submitted the clippings for our attention. The purpose of reduction would be to pay obligations with the amount saved.

It would create a large balance similar to the additional Treasury funds obtained when gold was revalued.

One angle, perhaps not considered by non-numismatic economists, is the fact that at the present world-wide price of silver, the dollar could be coined at the same weight and fineness without loss. The difference is to be noted between the book value of silver, maintained on the Treasury accounts at \$1.29 per fine ounce and the world-wide market quotation.

AN UNIDENTIFIED CIVIL WAR TOKEN.

Has anyone seen this Civil War token? It does not contain any patriotic designs and has only the following inscription:

Obv.—“King/the/great/prestidigitatuer/and Modern/SAMPSON.” (Nearly all the words are placed in a curved position).

Rev.—“Professor/KING/Is the Best/Ventriloquist/Living.” There is a small star on each side of this inscription and a comma after KING on the reverse.

It is of the size of a cent and has a plain edge. It is of the same style of workmanship as most Civil War tokens. Perhaps this is not a Civil War token at all, but it seems similar to other cards of this period. Does anyone know the place issuing it and any other history about it?

ARLIE SLABAUGH, A. N. A. 8621.

Rt. 2, Box 163, Oakland, Md.

BELIEVE IT OR NOT.

On a recent quiz program heard over the radio one of the questions asked two of the contenders was: “On which United States coin does the head of Washington appear?” Believe it or not, neither contestant knew the answer. The lady did not even venture a guess, and the gentleman, after much hesitancy, said it was the half dollar.

(Editor's Note—While it is admittedly a fact that the correct answer to the question should have been the quarter dollar, first coined in 1932, from a strictly technical numismatic angle the answer of “half dollar” is not entirely incorrect, inasmuch as the 1926 Sesquicentennial coinage of half dollars bore the head of Washington. The answer, by the same analogy, might have correctly been “silver dollar” in view of the Washington portrait appearing upon the commemorative issue of 1900.)

NEW ENGLAND NUMISMATIC CONFERENCE

Due to an oversight, which has been thoughtfully brought to our attention, we wish to record that at the first New England Numismatic Conference, held in Boston several weeks ago, the function was graced by the presence of the gentler sex. It was an innovation for the Boston Numismatic Society to have permitted the ladies to attend its dinner, which had always been strictly stag affairs.

The management of the evening was so skillfully tended by the gracious hostesses that their inconspicuousness resulted in The Numismatist failing to report their activity, which is hereby fully rectified. The New England Numismatic Conference ladies have no doubt earned a permanent niche in similar banquets through their excellent novitiate.

The French Mint at Paris was noted for its fine strikings, and also for the thick planchet strikings which it released for collectors of the regular issues, marked ESSAI. For example, in 1928, the regular silver franc, the size of our 25c. piece, was struck in the thickness of two francs, with a plain edge. These issues were sold only at the mint and were struck in limited quantities.

GERMAN OCCUPATION MONEY.

An article recently appeared in the Baltimore Sun giving some interesting facts about the German money being forced into circulation in southeastern Europe.

The methods used are quite comparable to those used during the first World War, when the German and Austrian forces overran the Balkan states. According to the article mentioned, the Germans have a two-ton truck which follows in the rear of the army and prints occupational currency, which is forced legal tender. The occupational "mark currency" immediately tends to force the local currency out of circulation and causes its purchasing power to fall. As a result, the invader then is able to purchase items at a fraction of their real worth. The Greek drachma, however, even prior to war was valued only at about two cents, so that it did not require much shock to make it even more unstable.

The immediate effect of being conquered by the Axis is terrific inflation. In Albania there is adequate indication by noting the fact that there have been printed by the Italians, notes of higher values than have ever been used heretofore. In Greece there have been issued 100,000 drachma notes.

The Greek notes are issued in drachmas by the Cassa Mediterranea di Credito per la Grecia, an organization specially formed for commercial purposes. It is rather unusual, also, that the conquering nation did not issue the Greek notes, payable in lire, as is the instance with Germany, which issues marks for circulation in France, Poland, Holland, Czecho-Slovakia, Norway and other conquered areas which come within the economic barter system.

It has been noted that the Greek notes printed by the Italians indicate that they were issued under hurried circumstances, since they contain not only spelling errors but also grammatical "boners" as well.

Perhaps it is not entirely clear to the average reader just what happens when inflation comes when forced from the outside. It is simple to understand that inflation occurs in a mild degree when the metallic value of a standard coin is reduced, so that there is the value of more than one unit, when there had been formerly only the single unit, to express the entire value.

The practice abroad has been to have the national bank of a conquered country pay all occupation costs out of its regular funds, so that it is still responsible for the redemption of the currency by the conqueror. If the conqueror withdraws in coin the metallic reserve a country has, it results in the surplus currency being redeemed (by force), and the actual currency in use then remains without backing. Whether the currency is issued by a national bank or by another organization the result is the same. The forced currency is redeemed in coin, the local currency is made worthless or nearly so, and the two currencies (distinguishable only according to the possessor, not the printing of the issue) are made worthless eventually. The purpose is to obtain currency cheap, use it for purchase at forced sale, following the payment of which it is inflated and without value.

As a general observation it might be stated that occupational money is printed in the local currency when the entire nation is taken over, and this currency is not distinguishable from the currency used prior to the war. If however, the country's reserves have no value, immediate printing of local issues are prepared, which are forced into usage. These currencies have no value in any area other than that in which they are injected.

According to the Baltimore Sun, a diplomat stated that "drachmas can now be bought with a reputable soap wrapper."

The Hongkong one-cent legal tender note has been received through the courtesy of Vernon L. Brown, member of the Board of Governors of the A. N. A. The notes measure $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches by 3 inches. The obverse is printed in brown and green and reads: "Government of Hong Kong. These notes are legal tender for the payment of any amount not exceeding one dollar. One Cent." The reverse is printed in red and bears the value in English and Chinese. Although of low denomination, the notes are printed on paper bearing silk threads.

GOLD COINS TURNED TO SILVER DURING AIR RAID.

A very unusual occurrence is reported in the *Star Weekly*, of Toronto. It came from an A. R. P. Warden in London, as follows:

The worst about bombs is that it all happens before you have time to think. A high explosive falls and, curiously enough, fails to harm those nearby, but kills others standing fifty yards away. Or an incendiary bomb drops and dances about to such an extent that it gives everybody a shock, then suddenly it dies out without anybody knowing why.

One of the most queer happenings wrought by a high explosive bomb was that it turned gold into silver. A man who was a collector of old coins was returning home when he was caught in the full blast of a high explosive bomb. But beyond being dazed he suffered nothing. Not even were his clothes damaged. On opening his wallet, however, which had five gold coins and a number of silver ones, he found the gold pieces had vanished and in their place were silver pieces.

What had actually happened was that the vibration had passed through his wallet and had covered the gold coins with a coating of silver taken from the other coins.

MINT SCHEDULE ON 24-HOUR BASIS WITH SEVEN-DAY WEEK!

According to a news dispatch recently received, the three Federal mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco and Denver are working at full capacity. The defense spending programme is believed responsible in part for the increased demand for change.

Production of coins has increased 143 per cent during the first five months of 1941, compared with 1940.

All three mints are undergoing expansion, and the production of each mint will be increased approximately by one third.

Despite the construction facilities which are being provided for the present mints, there is a bill pending in Congress which will permit the construction of a new mint in Kansas City or Chicago. Some months ago legislation was introduced providing for a new mint in Indiana.

COLORADO NUMISMATISTS.

It has recently been brought to our attention that some of the States in the Union are seldom mentioned as having any numismatic activity, affiliation or numismatic spontaneity. Edgar Levy, of Colorado Springs, Col., feels that his State is deserving of some mention. We agree, and in the hope that this note will serve as a trial balloon for him, to contact other numismatically inclined persons in the State, cooperate gladly. If it works for Colorado it will work for your State. If you think your State isn't getting its numismatic portion, we shall be glad to learn of it and will do our share in assisting.

With few exceptions, Mr. Levy carries the local numismatic banner single-handed, ever striving through contacts and exhibits to make new collectors and new members for our Association. Mr. Levy, we are informed, also had several exhibits and gave talks during National Coin Week.

STEEL COINAGE FOR VATICAN CITY.

Through the courtesy of Ernest Kraus, of Brooklyn, N. Y., we are advised of a new issue of steel coins for the Vatican. The steel coins are in the set of 1940, including the 100-lire gold and the 5 and 10 lire silver. The steel denominations are the 2 and 1 lire, and the 50 and 20 centesimi, if the denominations coined in this metal for the Italian Government may be considered as an example. The 5 and 10 centesimi pieces are assumed to be bronze, but whether war needs have relegated this coinage to an inferior metal is not known. According to reports from the Holy See, the total value of the 1940 set is 800,000 lire.

COST OF PLATES FOR LARGE SIZE NATIONAL BANK NOTES.

National banks ordering bank notes from the Comptroller of Currency had a choice of four plate combinations from which to choose as follows:

Cost of plates	Denominations on sheet	Value of sheet
\$75.00	\$5, \$5, \$5, \$5	\$20
\$75.00	\$10, \$10, \$10, \$10	\$40
\$75.00	\$10, \$10, \$10, \$20	\$50
\$50.00	\$50, \$100	\$150

Because of the desire for banks to obtain fewer higher value notes, in 1900 an Act of Congress provided that no national bank could receive more than one third of its circulating notes in the \$5 denomination. Forty days were required for the printing and plating of notes.

WHY I AM A NUMISMATIST.

In 1911, while employed as a R. F. D. postman from a branch office of Portland, Ore., I met an elderly lady. Her husband had been a promoter of horse racing in Kentucky in the early days. This lady had collected coins for many years and told me that it was a very interesting hobby and that I should take it up.

After looking at her collection a thought came to me, why wouldn't this be a great hobby to take up, and have a nice display for historical societies and to show at schools all over the country and for display at banks.

From that day on I have been an ardent coin collector. Each year I have been adding fine specimens to my gold and silver collections. I have also been very much interested in helping boys and girls get full sets of Indian and Lincoln cents. This is a very interesting hobby for young people and if taken up early in life they can accumulate some nice coins for display work at schools, etc.

JOHN R. TOWNSLEY, Secretary Oregon Numismatic Society

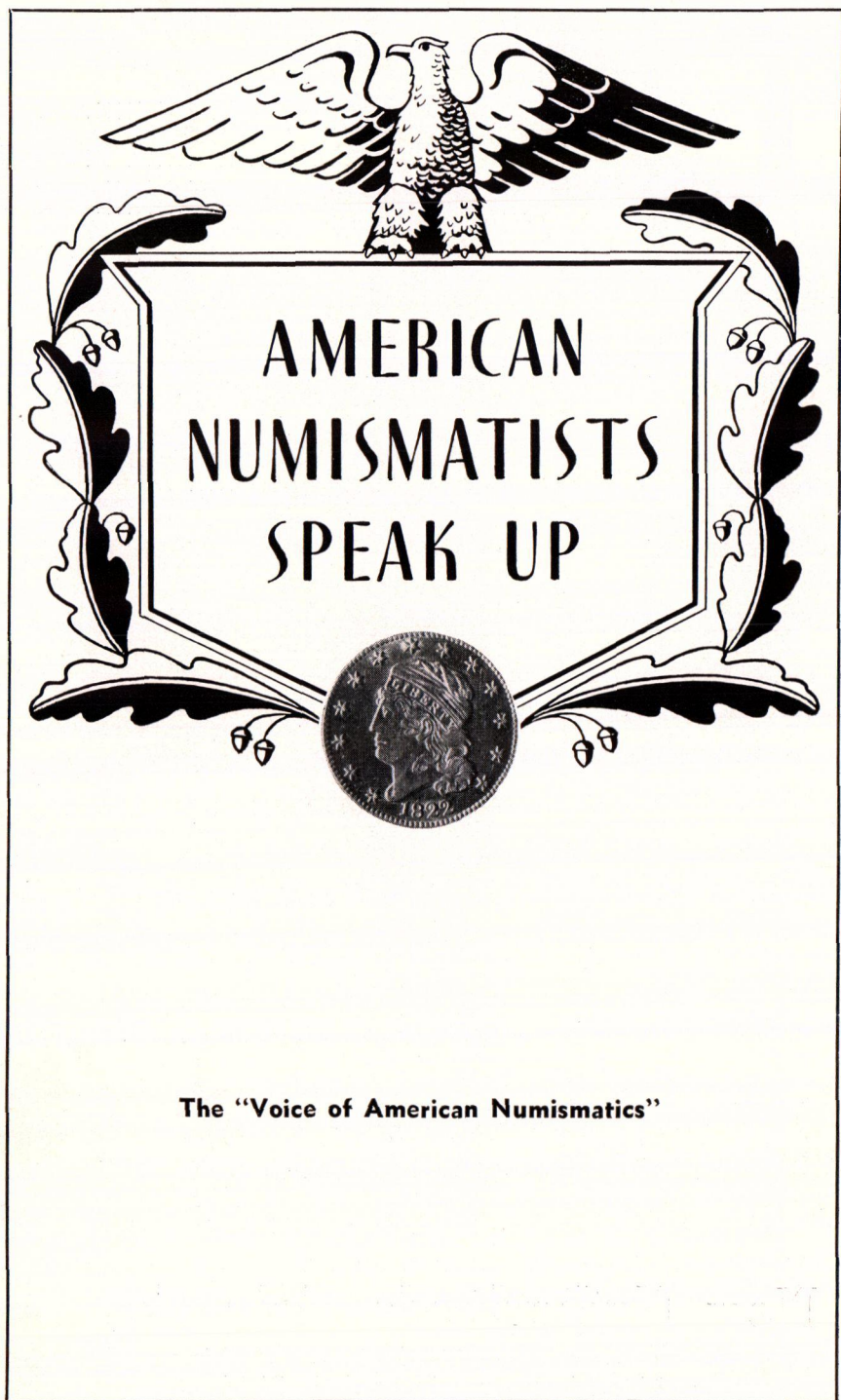
BANK NOTE ISSUES OF CANADA.

The Royal Bank of Canada issues bank notes for the following parts of the British Empire: Antigua, Barbados, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Trinidad, as well as for use in the Dominion of Canada. The Canadian notes have the value expressed in dollars, as do the others, with the exception of Jamaica, which is expressed in pounds. The Royal Bank of Canada also has upon its notes that the currency is the equivalent of sterling, when issued for local purposes, outside of Canada.

THE HIGHEST PRICED COMMEMORATIVE COIN.

The December, 1893, issue of The Numismatist reported some facts about the Columbian half dollar. The first one presented for redemption at the Treasury appeared in July. The first specimen struck brought \$10,000 at auction, which is still in the Field Museum, Chicago. It is the highest price ever realized for a modern commemorative coin and exceeds the value of an 1804 silver dollar.

We regret to report the passing of Mrs. Edgar H. Adams, widow of one of the former editors of The Numismatist. Mrs. Adams had not been in good health for some years and failed markedly after the passing of her husband. Mr. Adams died about two years ago.



The "Voice of American Numismatics"

Is Inflation Coming? Buy Desirable Coins

SEND PROMPTLY FOR THE ITEMS YOU WISH LISTED BELOW.

Choice Gold Coins

Albania, 1938, 20 Francs, Zog. On Royal Wedding. Proof	\$30.00
Austria, 1931, 25 Schillings. Eagle, Rev. Value. Bright Uncirculated	8.00
Austria, 1898, Restrike Ducat of the 1850 issue with the 1898 added on the Reverse. Francis Joseph I. Proof, Rare	10.00
Austria, Another as above, but 1851. Proof, Rare	10.00
Austria, Another as above, but 1849. Proof, Rare	10.00
Czechoslovakia, 1923, Double Ducat. St. Wenceslaus, Rev. Bohemian lion. Uncir.	20.00
Greece, 1935, 20 Drachma, George II. Brilliant Proof	20.00
Netherlands, 1810, Ducat, Louis Napoleon. Head left, Rev. Crowned arms. Proof	12.50
Portugal, 1799, Dobra, Maria I in elaborate headdress. Rev. Arms. Extremely Fine	23.50
Portugal, 1834, Dobra, Maria II. Head left, Rev. Crowned arms. Uncirculated	32.50

Choice European Dollars Always In Demand

Salm, Taler, 1782, Frederick III, murdered in the French Revolution. Head right. Rev. Crowned arms within wreath. Uncirculated with Proof surface	15.00
Saxe Altenburg, Taler, 1660, Frederick William II. Facing portrait with tremendous wig. Rev. Inscription giving dates of birth, death and reign. Extremely Fine, Rare	20.00
Saxony Eisenach, Taler, 1755, Frederick III, on 2nd anniversary of Religious Peace. Bust right. Rev. Inscription within circle of shields. Extremely Fine	12.00
Schwarzburg Rudolstadt, Taler, 1670, on death of Emily. Cross with heart below. Rev. Two shields with crown above. Uncirculated. Very Rare	17.50
Silesia, Taler, 1671, Christian. Large head right. Rev. Eagle. Uncirculated	12.50
Stolberg, Taler, 1546, Wolfgang. Stag to left. Rev. Helmetted shields. Extremely Fine	17.50
Treves, Taler, 1773, Clement Wenzel. Bust right. Rev. Crowned arms. Uncirculated. Rare	10.00
Tuscany, Scudo, Ferdinand II. Obverse date 1624, Reverse date 1623. Extremely interesting muling. Bust of the Duke right. Rev. St. John the Baptist standing. Struck on broad planchet. Extremely Fine, almost Uncirculated	10.00
Werden and Helmstadt, Taler, 1765, Anselm. St. Ludger above abbey which he founded. Rev. Helmetted shield. Uncirculated	12.50
Wurtemberg, Taler, 1781, Charles. Bust right. Rev. Crowned arms. Uncirculated	7.50

A Selection of United States Barber Head Dimes

1892 Brilliant Proof	\$1.10	1908-S Uncirculated	1.90
Uncirculated	.45	Extremely Fine	1.00
1893 Uncirculated	.60	1908-O Uncirculated	.90
1893-S Uncirculated Bright	3.90	1908-D Uncirculated	1.00
1893-O Uncirculated Bright	1.80	1909 Uncirculated	.50
1896 Proof, Brilliant	1.25	1909-O Extremely Fine	.90
1897 Ext. Fine, Almost Unc.	.60	1909-D Uncirculated	1.00
1897-S Fine, scarce	.70	1910 Uncirculated	.55
1902-O Extremely Fine	1.00	1911 Uncirculated	.50
1903 Brilliant Gem Proof	1.25	1911-D Uncirculated	2.10
1905 Extremely Fine	.30	1911-S Uncirculated	2.20
1905-S Extremely Fine	1.00	1912 Uncirculated	.50
1906 Brilliant Proof	1.10	1912-D Uncirculated	1.00
1906-O Uncirculated, Bright	1.00	1913 Uncirculated	.50
1906-S Uncirculated, Bright	1.90	1913-S Extremely Fine	1.40
1906-D Uncirculated, Bright	1.10	1914 Proof	1.60
1907 Proof	1.10	Uncirculated	.50
Uncirculated	.45	1914-D Uncirculated	1.10
1907-O Uncirculated	1.25	1914-S Very Fine	.70
1908 Brilliant Proof	1.25	1915-S Uncirculated	2.35
Uncirculated	.50	1916-S Uncirculated	1.00

Special Purchase

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19.	HANOVER. George V. Half Krone 1864. Extr. fine	\$ 17.50
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22.	OLDENBURG. Nicholas Frederic Peter. 10 Mark 1874. Ex. F. .	\$ 12.50
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26.	William II. 20 Mark 1905 J. Proof	\$ 25.00
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2. 2½ Taler 1777.
3. Charles II. 10 Taler 1817, 1818, 1819, 1822, 1824, 1825.
4. 5 Taler 1817 or 1819.
5. BRUNSWICK-LUENEBURG. George II. Double Goldgulden 1749, 1750, 1751, 1752, 1754, 1755.
6. George III. 10 Taler 1813 or 1814.
7. William IV. 5 Taler 1835.
8. 2½ Taler 1832, 1833, 1835, 1836, 1837.
9. Ernest August. 5 Taler 1839, 1845, 1846, 1848, 1849, 1851.
10. George V. 10 Taler 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856.
11. HESSE-CASSEL. William II. 10 Taler 1838, 1840, 1841.
12. MECKLENBURG-SCHWERIN. Frederic Francis I. 2½ Taler 1831, 1833.
13. Paul Frederic. 5 Taler 1840.
14. PRUSSIA. Frederic the Great. Double Frederic d'or 1776.
15. Half Frederic d'or 1784, 1786.
16. Frederic William III. Double Frederic d'or 1800, 1801, 1802, 1806, 1811, 1813, 1814.
17. Frederic d'or 1817, 1818, 1819, 1822.
18. Half Frederic d'or 1814, 1816, 1817.
19. Frederic William IV. Double Frederic d'or 1853, 1854, 1855.
20. Frederic d'or 1845-1852 any date.
21. Half Frederic d'or 1853.
22. William I. Half Krone 1868 B.
23. SAXONY. Frederic August II. 5 Taler 1754.
24. Frederic August I. 5 Taler 1806, 1812, 1813, 1817, 1818, 1825-1827.
25. Anton. 10 Taler 1828. 5 Taler 1827, 1828.
26. Frederic August II. 10 Taler 1836, 1837, 1838.
27. SCHAUMBURG-LIPPE. 10 Taler 1829.
28. WESTPHALIA. 5 Taler 1811, 1812.
29. GERMAN EMPIRE. BAVARIA 20 Mark 1914. Large head. Redder 12.
30. 10 Mark 1898 or 1900. Redder 78.
31. HAMBURG. 10 Mark 1873. Redder 81.
32. HESSE. 20 Mark 1874. Redder 18.
33. 10 Mark 1890. Redder 89.
34. MECKLENBURG-SCHWERIN. 10 Mark 1872. Redder 94.
35. 20 Mark 1901. Redder 24.
36. MECKLENBURG-STRELITZ. 20 Mark 1873. Redder 25.
37. 20 Mark 1874. Redder 26.
38. 10 Mark 1873. Redder 98.
39. 10 Mark 1874. Redder 99.
40. REUSS. 20 Mark 1875. Redder 39.
41. SAXONY-COBURG-GOTHA. 20 Mark 1872 or 1873. Redder 48.
42. SAXONY-MEININGEN. 20 Mark 1872. Redder 52.
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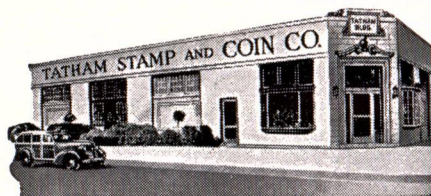
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1928 Hawaii Unc.	10.00	1937 Boone P-S-D Unc.	20.00
1934 Maryland Unc.	1.25	1938 Boone P-S-D Unc.	19.50
1934 Boone Unc.	1.70	1934 Texas Unc.	1.00
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England—Queen Victoria, 5 Pounds, Extremely Fine, Date 1887	60.00
England—Charles II, 2 Guineas, with elephant below head, Rare, Fine, Date 1664	30.00
England—Charles II, 2 Guineas, Fine, Date 1677	28.00
England—William and Mary, 2 Guineas, Very Fine, Date 1693, Rare	35.00
England—Queen Anne, 2 Guineas, Date 1711, Fine, Rare	35.00
England—George II, 2 Guineas, Date 1740, Very Fine	28.00
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France—Louis XIV, D'or, Very Fine, Date 1710, Rare	18.00
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Russia—Nicholas I, 5 Roubles, (Old Type), Very Fine, Date 1850 ..	10.00
Russia—Nicholas II, 5 Roubles, Fine, Date 1899	5.50
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The Coin Store

ON BROADWAY

WITTLIN, INC.

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WANTED FOR IMMEDIATE CASH:

Early American Gold Coins.

Pioneer Gold Coins.

\$50.00 Gold Pieces.

Set of Panama-Pacific Coins.

Large Cents and Half Cents in choice condition.

U. S. Minor Coins in proof and uncirculated condition.

Ancient Greek and Roman Coins.

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Foreign Crowns.

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HALF CENTS.

1797 Plain edge, V. g., 1 over 1 ..\$	4.25
1797 Same, Fine	6.00
1810 Fine	3.10
1811 Fine	6.25

LARGE CENTS.

1793 AMERI. Obv. date readable but weak. Rev. Fine	20.00
1793 AMERI. Very good	35.00
1793 AMERI. ABOUT UNCIRCULATED. Unlisted die crack.	150.00
1793 AMERICA. V. G., date strong, edge banged in 3 places	30.00
1793 AMERICA. Extra good	40.00
1793 AMERICA. VERY FINE	65.00
1793 WREATH. G.	15.00
1793 WREATH. V. G.	23.50
1804 Broken die, very good	26.50
1804 Perfect die, very good	35.00
1804 FINE	55.00
1806 FINE	4.50
1809 FINE	7.50
1811 Very good	3.50
1817 15 stars, V. G.	2.50
1823 Perfect date, V. G.	4.25
1839 Over 36 Fine, Scarce	11.50

SMALL CENTS.

1856 EAGLE, Fine	47.50
1858 INDIAN, Proof (not Eagle)	15.00

TWO CENTS.

1873 Bright Proof	19.00
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HALF DIMES.

1794 Very fine	17.50
1796 Fine	12.50
1797 15 stars, extra good	9.00
1800 Fine	7.50
1800 Very Fine	11.50
1805 Very Fine	52.00
1838-O Good	2.50
1846 Very Good	7.25

DIMES.

1796 Extra Fine	25.00
1798 Very Good	12.50
1801 Very Good	11.25
1802 Good	12.00
1803 Very Good	18.50
1804 Rare, V. G., but edges battered	19.50
1804 EXTRA FINE	75.00
1805 Fine	7.00
1805 Very Fine	10.00
1811 Extra good	6.50
1814 X. F., sm. date	6.50
1820 Very Fine	2.50
1822 Fine	12.50
1824/22 Extra good	4.75
1844 Very good	6.50

20 CENTS.

1877 Bright Proof	20.00
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QUARTERS.

1796 UNCIRCULATED	75.00
1804 Fair	7.50
1804 Extra Good	14.50
1804 Very Fine	22.50
1806 Good	2.00
1806/05 Good	4.25
1815 Extra Good	2.50
1824 Fine	6.50
1852-O Good	2.50
1901-S Fair	7.50
1901-S Very Good	10.00
1916 Lib. Stand., G.	11.00
1918-S over 1917, Scarce, G.	7.50
1919-S Very Fine	3.50
1923-S Very Fine	5.50

HALVES.

1795 Extra Good	4.75
1836 Scarce. Milled Edge. Extra Fine	17.00
1862-S Good	2.00
1863-S Fine	3.50
1864-S Very Fine, Large "S"	6.50
1866-S Very Good, without motto	6.50

SILVER DOLLARS.

1872-S Fine, Scarce	9.25
1803 V. G., small 3	7.75

CHOICE FOREIGN.

BOLIVIA. 1760, 8 reales, crude cob money	4.50
COSTA RICA. 1846, Necessity Peso, 2 counterstamps. Coin No. 2, Page 27 in "Silver Dol. of N. & S. Amer." A rare piece	34.50
GR. BRITAIN. 1797, Pence, Bright, Unc.	2.50
SAME, twopence, unc., "cart-wheel"	4.50
SAME, twopence in PROOF. Rare	6.00
GR. BRITAIN. Victorian Proof set, ¼, ½ and 1 Pence. Only 300 issued	3.50
GR. BRITAIN. 1911, Maundy Set. Beau. Proofs. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Pence	2.50
GR. BRITAIN. Geo. VI PROOF SET, 6d, 1sh., 2sh & 2½ Shillings	3.50
GUATEMALA. 1749, 8 reales, crude cut piece, F.	7.50
HONDURAS. 1829, Scarce 8-reales, dollar size	4.75
RUSSIA. Rare 1914 Comm. Ruble. Bright UNC. "Coins of the W. No. 21"	42.50
SWITZERLAND. 1693, 2/3 Thaler. UNC.	3.25

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References: Any bank in Cleveland, Ohio.

CHAS. H. FISHER
821 Guardian Building, Cleveland, Ohio
The Convention City of America

LIBERTY STANDING QUARTERS ALL BRILLIANT UNCIRCULATED GEMS

1917-D Type one, \$8.75.	1923-S, Gem, \$17.50.	1924-D, \$3.00.	1926-D, \$1.00.
1928-D, \$1.00.	1928-S, \$1.50.	1927-D, \$2.10.	Have a few rolls left, \$38.00
10 coins, \$12.50.	Roll for		
Can also offer 1926-D or 1928-D in lots of 10 at \$7.50 per 10 coins, short time.			
1822 Fine, \$2.00.	1918-S Fine, \$1.20.	Have 1926-D Unc. die break also at	1.00
Br. Unc. 1936-D, 75c.	1935-D, 75c.	1937-D, 1939-D, 1940-D, 1941-D, each	.45
1937-S, 1938-S, 1939-S, 1940-S, 1941-S, each	45c.	1937-D roll for only	13.00
Colonial Notes, Rhode Island, March 18, 1780, good to very good, 10 notes for			
Legal Tender \$2.00, Br. Unc., Series 1917-D-66, Rev. 27, Red Seal			3.25
\$1.00 Br. Unc., Series 1917 C-3025, Rev. 775, Red Seal			2.25
\$2.00 Br. Unc., Series 1928-D, Red Seal, L 188, Rev. 270			4.25
\$5.00 Very good Rare Inverted, Series 1934-E, 489, Rev. 676			8.75
Nickels Bright Unc. D or S, 1937 to 1941, each	20c.	1936-D, each	25c. roll for 3.75
Bright Proof Nickels, 1938, '39, '40, '41, each	50c. or 10 mixed for only		4.50
Bright Proof Cents, 1937, '38, '39, '40, '41, each	50c. or 10 mixed for only		4.50
Bright Proof Sets, 1938, \$4.25.	1939, \$3.75.	1940, \$2.75.	1941
Limit on the Proof Cents of 1937, only two coins will be sold to any person.			
Large Cents, 1800, good, 50c.	1806, good to very good, \$2.00.	1823 over '22, fine	5.00
Bright Unc. Cents, 1908-S, \$1.50.	Choice \$2.10.	1910-S, 55c.	Choice .75
Bright Unc. Cents sold only in set, D and S, 1935 to 1941, Total	14 coins		1.00
1933-D, each	25c.	10 for \$1.50.	1935-D, roll for \$2.80, or 100 for only 4.00
1914-D, good, 50c.	Fine, \$1.00.	1926-S, Fine, 15c.	10 coins \$1.00. V. F., 10 coins 1.50
1924-D, Fine, 35c.	10 for \$2.00.	Same, Very Fine, very nice, 50c.	10 for only 2.50
1931-S, Fine, 20c.	10 for \$1.50.	Same, Very Fine, very nice, 25c.	10 for only 1.85
Dimes, Br. Unc., 1931-D, 50c.	1931-S, 75c.	1934-D, 1935-D, 1938-D, 1941-D, each	.20
Half Dollar, 1894-O, Unc., Frosty surface, \$5.00.	1908-D, very fine		1.50
Oregon Trails, Unc. 1928-33-34-36-S, Set of 4 coins			13.25
Set of Trade Dollars, S Mint, 1874-75-76-77-78, one very fine, others about			10.00
Unc.			
Large Cent, 1856, X. F. to Unc. light brown, 75c.	Half Cents, 1804, Fair good		.50
date			
CHOICE AND RARE GOLD COINS, ALL GEMS			
\$20.00, 1896-S, Fine except for the usual small nicks, \$33.75.	Same, but better		36.50
\$10.00 GOLD			
1842-O, Ex. Fine, Rare \$23.75.	1893-P, V. F., \$18.00.	1910-D, V. F., Scarce	20.50
\$5.00 GOLD			
1805 Ex. Fine to Unc., \$20.50.	1887-S, Fine, \$8.75.	1897-S, Fine, \$8.75.	8.75
1901-S, Fine			
CHOICE \$3.00 GOLD, ALL PHILADELPHIA MINT			
1854 Ex. Fine, \$6.75.	1855 V. F., \$6.75.	1856 V. F., \$6.75.	X. F., \$7.50. 1857 V. F., \$7.75. 1874 X. F., \$7.00. 1878 X. F., \$7.00.
1857 X. F., \$7.75.	1874 X. F., \$7.00.	1878 X. F., \$7.00.	
CHOICE \$2.50 GOLD			
1835, V. F., \$6.00.	1866-S, V. F., \$6.00.	1868-S, V. F., \$6.00.	1871-S, X. F. 7.50
1878-S, Unc., \$6.00.	1896-P, Unc., \$6.00.	1905, Br. Proof, \$8.50.	1908-P, Fine 4.75
CHOICE \$1.00 GOLD			
1849-D, Extra Fine, Rare \$7.50.	1853-P, only good, \$2.10.	1889-P, Br. Unc. Gem, \$5.75.	Rare 1870-S Very fine, \$60.00. 1903 McKinley, Br. Unc. . . 5.00
Trade Dollars, 1875-S, 1876-S, 1877-S, V. F. to Unc. Br. Gems, each only			2.00
Half Dimes, only one lot, sold only as a lot.	1872-S, X. F. to Unc. Br. S. in Wreath. 1872-S Below wreath, small S, X. F. to Unc. Br. 1872-S below wreath, large S. 1873-S, X. F. to Unc. Br., all of them. Sold as one lot. All gems		4.25
HALF CENTS			
1803, Fair, 50c.	1806, Good, 50c.	1808, Good, 50c.	1809, Poor, 50c. Fair, 60c. Fine, 75c. 1810, Good, 75c. 1851, Good, 50c. 1826, Very Good, 50c.
Colonial Notes, Rhode Island, March 18, 1780 complete set, \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$7, \$8, \$20. The \$1 note and \$2 note all good, all others extra fine. Set for 6.75			
HALF DOLLARS			
1935-D, Br. Unc., 75c.	1936-D, Br. Unc., 80c.	1937-D, Br. Unc., 75c.	1939-D, Br. Unc. 75
Special—1929-D, Br. Unc., each \$2.00.			
100 Foreign Silver and Nickel Coins, all choice, a nice start for anyone, only			10.00

All coins in this sale are strictly guaranteed to be as represented. WANTED TO BUY: Any choice material in the U. S. Series. REFERENCE: Any Bank in Oklahoma City. A. N. A. 5508.

M. R. BROWN, Numismatist
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The sale includes a fine assortment, and series of U. S. Half Cents, 1793-1802, '11, etc.; Large Cents, 1793-1804 '09; Small Cents, proof and unc.; Two Cents, Three Cents, Five Cents, Dimes, Twenty Cents, Quarters, 1796-1916 Liberty Stdg., Unc.; Half Dollars, 1794, **1797, RARE**, 1801, 1802, 1815, etc.; Dollars, many Proofs. Rich in special issues and Commemoratives. COLONIALS, over 150 Pes.

GOLD—Dollars, Quarter Eagles, Half Eagles, 1795, 1849 Moffat; Eagles, Early dates, 1852 Wass Molitor; Double Eagles, 1907 high relief, etc. Also other coins of the world.

All coins will be on display for examination Saturday from 9 A. M. to sale time. Sale starts promptly at 2 P. M. October 18, 1941.

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PENN-OHIO COIN CLUBS

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The sale is to be conducted by

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Strictly uncirculated, full original lustre, guaranteed to please you in every respect. Money cheerfully refunded if desired.

Standing Liberty Quarters

Type I		1917-D	11.00	1924	2.75
1916	\$25.00	1917-S	10.00	1925	2.00
1917-D	8.50	1918	7.00	1926-D	.75
1917-S	9.00	1918-S	10.50	1928-D	.75
		1919	10.50	1928-S	1.50
Type II		1920	2.75	1930	1.25
1917	5.75	1923	2.50	1930-S	1.50

Standing Liberty Half Dollars

1916	\$ 2.50	1929-D	2.50	1937-D	1.10
1916-D	4.00	1934	.95	1939	.85
1917	2.25	1934-D	.95	1939-D	.85
1917-S	9.00	1935	.95	1940	.80
S on reverse		1935-S	1.25	1940-S	.80
1920-S	10.00	1936	1.00	1941-S	.75
1927-S	3.75	1937	.95		

Extremely fine coins. Slightest friction on the highest points. At first glance these coins would appear uncirculated.

Quarters—Type I, 1917, \$1.00; 1917-S, \$3.50; Type II, 1917-D, \$5.00; 1918-D, \$5.00; 1919, \$4.00; 1927, \$1.00.

Halves—1917, \$1.00; 1917-D on obverse, \$3.00; 1918, \$2.50; 1920, \$2.50.

Surplus Stock Specials

Br. Uncirculated cents in rolls.

1929-S	\$7.50	1936	1.15
1933	12.00	1936-D	1.50
1933-D	5.50	1936-S	1.75
1934	1.50	1941-D	.75

Br. uncirculated nickels in rolls.

1935	5.00	1938-D	3.00
1935-D	6.00	Buffalo	
1937-S	3.25	1941-D	3.00

Dimes 1941-D \$6.25 per roll.

1941-D sets, 1c. to 50c. 5 Pieces. Per set \$1.25. Ten sets \$11.00.

Wooden Money. Ten all different, uncirculated, \$1.00.

Terms: Cash with order. Postage extra under \$1. Insurance extra under \$2. Everything returnable for prompt refund.

New 28-Page Illustrated Price List free with orders.

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Confederate States Currency. Set of \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50 and \$100 bills all fine or better, \$1.00.

State of Louisiana \$1000.00 bond with coupons, suitable for framing, \$1.00 each.

Uncut, unsigned, crisp sheetst of four notes each. Choice of the following, \$1.00 each:

West River Bank, Jamaica, Vermont. \$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$5.00 notes. Hagerstown Bank, Hagerstown, Md., two each \$5.00 and \$10.00 notes. Searsport Bank, Searsport, Maine, \$1.00, \$2.00 \$3.00, and \$5.00 notes.

Southern State Notes, 10 different, fine to uncirculated, \$1.00.

Broken Bank Bills, 5 different good to fine, \$1.00.

Foreign Currency, 20 all different, fine to uncirculated, \$1.00.

Austrian Notgeld, Necessity money, World War I, 50 varieties, \$1.00. All uncirculated.

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FOR SALE—SMALL CENTS

FLYING EAGLE, COPPER-NICKEL				
	G. to	Very	Unc.	
	V. G.	Fine	Bright	
1857.....	.20	.35	.60	\$ 1.50
1858 L. L.	.25	.50	.75	3.25
1858 S. L.	.25	.50	.75	4.50

INDIAN HEAD, COPPER-NICKEL				
1859.....	.15	.30	.50	2.00
1860.....	.15	.30	.50	2.00
1861.....	.65	1.00	.50	4.00
1862.....	.15	.25	.35	.75
1863.....	.10	.20	.30	.50
1864.....	.35	.60	.75	1.00

INDIAN HEAD, BRONZE				
1864.....	.20	.35	.75	2.00
1864 L on Rib.	2.50	4.00	6.00	14.00
1865.....	.15	.30	.45	1.00
1866.....	.60	1.25	2.00	4.00
1867.....	.60	1.25	2.00	4.00
1868.....	.60	1.25	2.00	3.50
1869.....	.75	1.50	2.25	4.00
1870.....	1.00	1.75	2.50	4.50
1871.....	1.35	2.25	3.00	5.00
1872.....	2.00	3.00	3.50	6.00
1873.....	.25	.50	.75	1.75
1874.....	.20	.50	.75	2.50
1875.....	.20	.50	.75	2.50
1876.....	.50	.75	1.25	2.75
1877.....	3.50	5.00	7.00	11.00
1878.....	.50	.75	1.25	3.25

1879.....	.20	.40	.60	1.15
1880.....	.10	.20	.35	.60
1881.....	.10	.20	.35	.60
1882.....	.10	.20	.35	.60
1883.....	.10	.20	.35	.60
1884.....	.10	.20	.35	.60
1885.....	.25	.50	.75	1.75
1886.....	.15	.30	.40	.90
1887.....	.10	.20	.30	.75
1888.....	.10	.25	.40	.90
1889.....	.10	.20	.30	.75
1890.....	.05	.15	.25	.75
1891.....	.05	.15	.25	.75
1892.....	.10	.20	.35	.90
1893.....	.05	.15	.25	.75
1894.....	.10	.20	.35	.90
1895.....	.05	.15	.25	.75
1896-7-8.....	.05	.15	.25	.90
		Fine	Very Fine	Unc. Bright
1899.....	\$.05	\$.15	\$.75	
1900.....	.05	.15	.85	
1901.....	.05	.15	.75	
1902.....	.05	.10	.35	
1903.....	.05	.10	.40	
1904.....	.05	.10	.40	
1905.....	.05	.10	.35	
1906.....	.05	.10	.35	
1907.....	.05	.10	.45	
1908.....	.05	.10	.35	
1908-S.....	.85	1.25	2.50	
1909.....	.05	.10	.35	
1909-S.....	3.00	4.00	5.50	

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THIS MONTH'S SPECIALS—

111 piece Set Commemorative $\frac{1}{2}$ Brilliant uncirculated in Wynne Album, \$290.00.
 Beautiful Set Small Cents, 1856 to 1909-S, Brilliant Proof in album, \$210.00.
 L. S. Quarters—Take 10% off any item listed in my ad in August Numismatist.
 A few of these have been sold. Will sell balance at 10% off.

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Sets
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EXTRA SPECIAL

Brilliant Proof Sets

9—1936.....	\$14.00 Each	43—1939.....	3.50 Each
24—1937.....	5.75 Each	9—1940.....	2.95 Each
66—1938.....	4.25 Each	20—1941.....	2.25 Each

Refer to my August ad for prices on single proof coins.

Prices quoted above are for September only.

Postage required on all above items.

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A. N. A. 7027.

BARGAINS: U. S. QUARTER DOLLARS

Lib. Face Right	Lib. Seated	Morgan Type	Lib. Standing
1805 Fi. \$3.00	1861 Unc. ... \$1.20	1913 Fi., D .. \$1.85	1927 Gd., S .. \$.75
1806 5 Gd. 2.25	1862 Unc. 1.40	1914 X. Fi. .. 1.30	1927 Gd., D .. .60
1806 Fi. 2.75	1864 Unc. 1.70	1914 Gd., D .. .70	1928 Gd. .... .40
Lib. Face Left	1875 Fi. .... .70	1915 X. Fi. 1.40	1928 Fi., S .. .70
1815 Gd. 1.45	1876 Unc. .... .90	1915 Unc., D .. 2.95	1928 Fi., D .. .85
1818 Gd. .... .95	1876 Unc., S .. .95	1916 Gd., D .. .50	1929 Gd. .... .40
1819 Gd. .... .95	1876 Unc., CC 1.20		1929 Gd., D .. .65
1820 Fi. 1.90	1877 Fi. .... .45	Lib. Standing	1929 Fi., D .. .85
1821 Gd. .... .95	1877 Unc., S .. .95	1917 Unc., T-1 1.85	1930 Unc. 1.50
1828 Fi. 2.90	1877 Fi., CC .. .90	1917 X. F., D 6.75	1930 Gd., S .. .45
1831 Fi. .... .90	1879 Unc. .... .95	1917 Unc., S .. 7.75	Washington Hd.
1832 Fi. .... .90	1880 Proof 1.95	1917 Unc., S .. 8.00	1932 Unc. .... .60
1834 Fi. .... .90	1882 Unc. 1.00	1918-17 Gd. S 4.00	1934 Unc. .... .60
1835 Fi. .... .95	1884 Unc. 1.00	1918 Fi., S .. 2.75	1934 Unc., D .. 1.00
1838 Fi. .... .90	1885 Unc. 1.00	1918 Fi., D .. 2.45	1935 Unc. .... .70
Lib. Seated	1889 Unc. 1.20	1919 Fi. 2.75	1935 Fi., D .. .50
1840 Fi., O .. 1.00	Morgan Type	1920 Fi. 1.40	1935 Fi., S .. .95
1842 Fi., O .. 1.90	1892 Fi. .... .70	1920 Fi., D .. 3.25	1936 Unc. .... .60
1853 Unc. 1.00	1893 Unc., O .. 3.35	1923 Fi. 1.75	1936 Unc., S .. .70
1853 Fi., O .. .95	1897 Fi. .... .65	1924 Fi. 1.25	1936 Fi., D .. .45
1854 Unc. .... .95	1901 Unc. 1.95	1924 Gd., S .. 1.40	1937 Unc., S .. .65
1855 Fi. .... .65	1902 Fi., O .. .95	1924 Fi., D .. .90	1937 Unc., D .. .65
1856 Unc. 1.00	1903 Fi., S .. 1.70	1925 Fi. .... .90	1938 Unc., S .. .60
1857 Unc. 1.00	1906 Fi., O .. .75	1926 Unc. 1.90	1938 Unc., D .. .65
1858 Unc. 1.40	1908 Unc. 1.90	1926 Fi., S .. 1.25	1939 Unc. .... .60
1859 Fi., O .. .95	1908 Unc., O .. 1.95	1926 Gd., D .. .50	1939 Unc., S .. .65
1860 Gd.40	1910 X. Fi. .. 1.10	1927 Gd.50	1939 Unc., D .. .65

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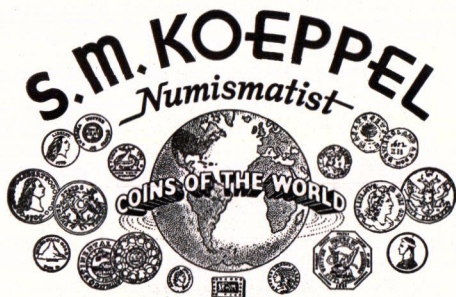
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HEWITT BROS., Publications
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**EARLY U. S. LARGE CENTS**

(Classification underrated rather than overrated)

Summer Bargains—This month only.

1794	Fair 50c.; Good \$1.50.	Fine ..\$3.50
1795	Fair 50c.; Good	1.50
1796	Very Fair \$1.00; Good	2.00
1797	Fair 50c.; Good \$1.00; Fine ..	2.50
1798	Fair 50c.; Good	1.00
1800	Fair 50c.; Good \$1.00; Abt. F.	2.00
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6388 Overbrook Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

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Commemorative ½ Dollars. All dates and issues, in sets or single pieces. Reasonable prices. Get my list.

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Also have most of the other issues on hand at fair prices.

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Special, only \$5.00 for the four.

U. S. 1795 Half-Dollar. Our first type. Good or better. At one time sold up to \$10.00.—but I have a surplus—Special, \$3.45 each.

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\$1.00. 1880. Large brown seal. Bruce and Gilfillan. Beautiful portrait of Washington. Uncirculated, crisp. Listed at \$5.00. Special, at nearly one-half price, only \$2.85.

\$1.00. 1880. As last, but Bruce and Wyman. Beautiful uncirculated. Special, only \$2.45.

Rare Fractional Currency.

50c. Spinner. **Red back.** Autographed signatures of Colby and Spinner. Listed at \$6.00. Uncirculated—a real bargain—only \$3.00.

And as a Wind-up—100 unassorted Indian Head Cents. I don't guarantee any rare dates, but you'll admit the lot of 100 is cheap at \$3.00, or 3c. each.

Cash orders on above, please. BUT—satisfaction guaranteed or money back.

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THE NUMISMATIST

An Illustrated Monthly For Those Interested in Coins,
Medals and Paper Money.

Published by the AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION
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VOL. LIV.

OCTOBER, 1941.

No. 10

The Fiftieth

1891-1941

Anniversary of

1891-1941

The A. N. A.

"Happy Birthday To You."

On October 7, 1891, a number of coin collectors gathered in Chicago and formed the American Numismatic Association. There were only a handful of them, but they were enthusiastic numismatists and believed that the time was ripe for organization and that much benefit would follow the banding together of kindred spirits. Plans for the convention and organization of an association had been laid by Dr. George F. Heath, of Monroe, Mich., through *The Numismatist*, a magazine which he was publishing, having founded it three years previously.

And so on October 7, 1941, the American Numismatic Association has another birthday anniversary. This is not just another anniversary, but the one that rounds out half a century of numismatic effort and service. The organization today bears little resemblance to the one formed fifty years ago. It is the same in character and purpose, but the difference is that between an infant and a grown and mature man.

It seems fitting to devote some space in the Golden Jubilee Issue to the early years of the Association. What follows is not a history of the A. N. A. Its history has been specially prepared and has been published at various times, the last being that in the Membership List issued early in the present year.

It has been the desire of those preparing this issue to give some insight into what the spirit was which prevailed in 1891 at the time the Association was formed. For that reason excerpts have been taken from the early issues of *The Numismatist* to show as nearly as possible how the Association was formed, and also what manner of person the numismatic Doctor was, who considered this his greatest creation. We have tried to show the handicaps of the publisher in preparing his own copy, the humor with which he con-

fronted obstacles, and the determination with which he worked to make the Association permanent.

To round out our picture from the half-century angle we have been able to secure photographs of persons of numismatic prominence in 1891. We have tried to give a picture of the coinage and the currency in 1891. We have also felt that true perspective is comparative, and have therefore included the portraits of a few of our prominent numismatic friends of today. We have had the cooperation of all, and take this opportunity to express our thanks to those who have contributed. There have been helpful officials in the Treasury Department; we have had the hearty good-will of old-time Association members—charter members and others active in 1891; we have drawn upon others who have been active in the continuance of the Association at its high level. Were it not for those who have worked for it over the past quarter of a century it might well not have lived to flourish today. The founding was important, but the nurturing must also take its place to receive equal acknowledgment.

What follows is culled largely from the editorials in Dr. Heath's *The Numismatist*:

* * *

Laying The Foundation Of The A. N. A.

(Compiled From Early Issues Of *The Numismatist*)

Vol. III, Nos. 3 and 4 (February 1-16, 1891).

What's the matter with having an American Numismatic Association? Would it be profitable? Would it be practicable? All in favor of such a scheme, send in your names.

If a sufficient number are received, we can think of organizing on some inexpensive basis.

Vol. III, Nos. 5 and 6 (March 1-15, 1891).

The publisher is trying to do something to popularize the science of Numismatics.

A Plea For An American Numismatic Association.

There has been quite a lively buzz about our sanctum ever since we suggested the idea of forming an association of numismatists, after the fashion of the American Philatelic Association. There seems to be a universal need for some organization of this kind, established on some broad and inexpensive basis, for the benefit of the great mass of collectors. There is a tendency for dealers to hide their light under a bushel, and sometimes we imagine dealers encourage this tendency through selfish motives. When we proposed a supplemental directory to our journal, the matter was broached to one of our eminent brother dealers, who pronounced the scheme impracticable, because most of our largest buyers and collectors prefer to remain unknown.

That there is truth in this statement we do not deny, but that there is a further interpretation we as firmly believe. We have always had unlimited faith in our science. We have great faith in its future. It is the collecting of all collectings. The poor as well as the rich can indulge in it. It is a study worthy of your best efforts. Some of the best minds of times past and present have been devoted to and gloried in it. It is a learned science. Many a tangled web of history has been unraveled by it. Books and records have gone, men and nations have perished from the face of the earth, but the coin, buried for centuries, comes to us resurrected, with the fructified bloom of time on its patinated shroud, to complete the record. Are you ashamed of this science? Then keep your light covered, crawl back within the narrow confines of your abode, and remain in the wilderness. We will not disturb thy slumber.

But to the great mass of live collectors of coins we have a few words to say: The time is ripe for the formation of the American Numismatic As-

sociation. It has already been delayed too long. An association of this kind, built on broad and liberal lines, has got to come, and soon. Will you be one to put your shoulder to the wheel and help? We want the power at once. Can we have it? We propose shortly to publish abstracts from some communications we have had and may receive on the subject; also the names of such as favor and will join such an organization.

Vol. III. Nos. 9 and 10 (May 1-15, 1891).

What think you of the American Numismatic Association? We want to hear from more of the brethren in this matter. It is of great importance to you all. "Speak right out in meeting." Watch out for our symposium on the matter next month.



DR. GEORGE F. HEATH

Founder of the A. N. A. and The Numismatist.

Vol. III. Nos. 13 and 14 (July 1-15, 1891).

The American Numismatic Association

President—W. G. Jerrems, Jr., Chicago, Ill.

Vice-President—Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario.

Secretary—Chas. T. Tatman, Worcester, Mass.

Treasurer—David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.

Board of Trustees—C. W. Stutesman, Bunker Hill, Ind.; W. Kelsey Hall, Peterboro, Ontario; J. F. Jones, Jamestown, N. Y.

Board of Temporary Organization—George W. Rode, Hazelwood Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.; J. A. Heckelman, Cullom, Ill.; F. J. Greany, Brantford, Ontario.

With a firm belief that the proper way to do a thing is to DO IT, and being one of the first to agitate an association of numismatists, and knowing the need of such an organization, and with abounding faith in its success, and realizing the responsibility we take, we do herewith nominate, until permanent organization can be made, the above-named officers of the American Numismatic Association, and to the aid of such officers and Association we pledge our best efforts.

Association Notes

We should start with at least twenty-five members, and a hundred should be forthcoming before 1892.

"Tall oaks from little acorns grow." We can afford to begin small. The field is wide and rich, and the harvest sure.

The Association must be primarily in the interest of the great class of less advanced and beginning collectors.

We create no antagonisms, for we have no rivals. The field we occupy has always been, not barren, but uncultivated.

The Committee on Organization should be ready to report a Constitution by August 1 and adopted, and permanent officers elected to serve from the 1st of October, the annual dues to be paid at this time for the ensuing year. You can depend upon Plain Talk and The Numismatist to keep you posted until then.

There were two objects in view of our nomination for Secretary. First, to obtain an efficient officer, and, second, the hope of having Plain Talk for the official organ.

The fraternal, exchange and educational advantages will be the main features of our Association.

Neither ye publisher nor his paper have aspirations beyond the success of the Association; and while wishing it distinctly understood that both are in this warfare heart and soul, believe we can do better work "whooping it up" and cheering while the procession moves majestically along.

Vol. III. Nos. 15 and 16 (Aug. 1-15, 1891).

American Numismatic Association

A community of interests form a communion of souls. In separation is weakness; in union, strength. There is nothing like the alliance of kindred pursuits to stimulate interest and growth. Realizing the necessity of an Association of numismatists, steps are being taken to perfect such an organization. We propose to begin at the bottom and to grow. We propose to have our official organ, our library, our Conventions, all in due time.

Our fortress is being built on a broad, liberal and sure foundation, and is garrisoned. Behind its ramparts we propose to form new acquaintances, new ties of friendship, and our strength renew. This shall be our harbor of refuge; from this fortress our missionaries will be sent out, and within it shall new converts be gathered, homed and protected. From these walls our tocsin sound, our flag unfurl, and our cause "gaily burgeon and broadly grow."

To the furtherance of this work do we invite most heartily all who love to look upon the coin when it is red or proof, when it giveth its color in their cabinets, and it moveth their hearts aright.

She starts! She moves! She seems to feel
The thrill of life along her keel.

The Committee on Temporary Organization is hard at work. The enthusiasm and unanimity manifested by all interested in the Association augurs well for the success of that organization.

With this issue is sent out, to all who have signified their purpose of joining the A. N. A., blank cards for voting for temporary officers of the Association. We believe the best interests of the Association will be served

by unanimously electing the gentlemen we have named. Please fill the blanks and forward promptly to Secretary Tatman.

Vol. III. Nos. 17 and 18 (September, 1891).

The temporary officers were all elected, almost unanimously.

The Committee on Temporary Organization have finished their work. We have not been favored with a perusal of the Constitution and By-Laws, but from what we have learned, and our knowledge of the committee, have no doubt but that it is an admirable document.

The Committee has called the First Convention in Chicago, Oct. 7th (Wednesday). We hope all will attend that can possibly do so, and that the first Convention of the A. N. A. may be a success in every particular. With two-thirds of our membership in the East, and an infant organization besides, there will be some who will doubt the propriety of calling a convention so far from the majority. We however trust that the result will show that the committee acted with wisdom in this matter.

The holding of the convention in Chicago should bring in a number of additions to our Association from the Windy City and vicinity.



THE HEATH HOMESTEAD IN MONROE, MICH.

**Where Dr. Heath Planned the Foundation of the American Numismatic Association.
It stands at the Corner of Third and Washington Streets.**

The Association is an assured fact. Any organization that can start and grow in the heat of summer must be born of necessity and have the elements within it tending to long life. A new star of the first magnitude has risen!

Reader! Are you a member of the Association? If you are a collector of coins and love the science and want to grow in it, you cannot afford to remain outside. Think it over, seriously, then act.

Toast!

Chas. T. Tatman: Progress should be the watchword of the A. N. A. Our widespread organization, with its solid and enthusiastic backing, cannot fail to benefit numismatics and every numismatist. Through the influence of our Association, numismatic literature should be enriched and numismatic collectors increased. Mere form of organization is a good deal, but the A. N. A. should look further than that; it must be practical.

Vol. III. Nos. 23 and 24 (December, 1891).

The lately founded American Numismatic Association aims at becoming a medium of intercommunication between collectors in all sections of this vast country. A permanent organization has been effected; many well known collectors have signified their approval of the scheme and become active members. The future of this Association is bright, with promises of widely reaching usefulness and success.

The American Numismatic Association

President—W. G. Jerrems, Jr., Chicago, Ill.

Vice-President—Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario.

Secretary—Charles T. Tatman, Worcester, Mass.

Treasurer—David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.

Librarian and Curator—S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.

Superintendent of Exchange—George W. Rode, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Counterfeit Detector—Ed Frossard, New York, N. Y.

Board of Trustees—W. K. Hall, Peterboro, Ontario; C. W. Stutesman, Bunker Hill, Ind.; J. A. Heckelman, Cullom, Ill.; J. F. Jones, Jamestown, N. Y.; H. E. Deats, Flemington, N. J.

The above board of officers were elected to serve the Association the coming year. The Association is in good hands.

We were in at the launching and saw the good ship Numisma go out with flowing sails and a clear sky on her twelve months' voyage. Sixty souls comprise her officers and crew. Monthly stops will be made and passengers received. Numismatists! The Ark has been fitted out with special reference to your comfort and convenience. Make haste and come on board. An awful shower is coming up.

Two days were spent in a pleasant and harmonious Convention; a Constitution and By-Laws were adopted, that, while not perfect, we believe will serve the Association well. Thirty-one members were present in person or represented by proxy. The Constitution and By-Laws and list of members will be published in due time.

The foundations of the A. N. A. were not laid for today alone, but for the long and distant future as well. Each member can do a little in contributing to it.

The Association's roll of membership appeared in the December, 1893 issue of *The Numismatist*. There were then 173 members enrolled.

* * *

Charter Members Of The A. N. A.

Following is a list of the original or charter members of the A. N. A. and the numbers assigned them. The list is from an official letter from Charles T. Tatman, Secretary of the Association, to Dr. George F. Heath, and it is assumed that the numbers denote seniority. There are, however, some discrepancies between these numbers and the numbers now held by some on the list who are still living.

Those familiar with the history of the A. N. A. will recall that a few years after its organization it ceased to be active and was held together mainly or entirely by the efforts of Dr. Heath. When new life was injected into it a little later a renumbering took place, and most of those who continued their membership were given new numbers, in most cases lower than their original number. This will account for several of these discrepancies in the original list compared with the numbers some of the old members are now holding.

In addition, it was a practice later to exchange a low number of a deceased member for the number of a member admitted later, upon his request. It was not a wholesome practice, but it was done occasionally and has long since been discontinued.

1—George F. Heath, M. D., Monroe, Mich.

2—Charles T. Tatman, Worcester, Mass.

3—William G. Jerrems, Jr., Hinsdale, Ill.

4—C. W. Stutesman, Bunker Hill, Ind.

- 5—David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.
- 6—J. A. Heckelman, Cullom, Ill.
- 7—Mulford Jenkins, Rensselaer, N. Y.
- 8—Farrar Ineson, Carlton West, Ontario.
- 9—John F. Jones, Jamestown, N. Y.
- 10—W. Von Bergen, Boston, Mass.
- 11—Francis R. Kimball, Waltham, Mass.
- 12—George W. Rode, Pittsburgh, Pa.
- 13—Louis M. Lang, Baltimore, Md.
- 14—Ed Frossard, New York City.
- 15—Daniel L. Emery, Fall River, Mass.
- 16—J. A. Brudin, New York City.
- 17—F. C. Harper, Barre, Ontario.
- 18—W. Kelsey Hall, Peterboro, Ontario.
- 19—Charles G. Bailey, Lynn, Mass.
- 20—John E. Morse, Worcester, Mass.
- 21—F. J. Greany, Brantford, Ontario.
- 22—William P. Potter, Norwich, Mass.
- 23—C. A. Hazlett, Portsmouth, N. H.
- 24—Louis D. Hopkins, Catskill, N. Y.
- 25—Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario.
- 26—F. C. Browne, Framingham, Mass.
- 27—Charles H. Howes, Omaha, Neb.
- 28—S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.
- 29—Henry Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.
- 30—Robert A. Campbell, Hanover, N. H.
- 31—William W. Kilborn, Meriden, Conn.
- 32—Clarence Mathis, Greenwood, Neb.
- 33—George B. Ward, Grand Rapids, Mich.
- 34—R. D. Hay, Winston, N. C.
- 35—J. Leslie Garner, Milwaukee, Wis.
- 36—Hiram E. Deats, Flemington, N. J.
- 37—N. G. Seymour, Watertown, N. Y.
- 38—Charles L. Houseman, London, Ontario.
- 39—C. H. Trask, Middlebury, Conn.
- 40—James B. Breeding, San Antonio, Texas.
- 41—Dan D. Doolittle, Fremont, Neb.
- 42—John G. Bingham, Granville, N. Y.
- 43—P. C. Jones, Belleville, Ontario.
- 44—Charles W. Kirk, Pittsburgh, Pa.
- 45—Luther W. Mott, Oswego, N. Y.
- 46—John M. White, North Wales, Pa.
- 47—W. H. Taylor, Baltimore, Md.
- 48—E. S. Norris, Boston, Mass.
- 49—A. C. Gruhlke, Waterloo, Ind.
- 50—O. W. Page, Waltham, Mass.
- 51—Henry McKnight, Pittsburgh, Pa.
- 52—Cicero Peregrino, Pernambuco, Brazil.
- 53—A. H. Baldwin, London, England.
- 54—Philip Whiteway, Bradford, England.
- 55—Otis Balcom, Indianapolis, Ind.
- 56—John Lehman, Paterson, N. J.
- 57—A. F. Hosmer, Chicago, Ill.
- 58—William A. Fletcher, Chicago, Ill.
- 59—H. Russell Drowne, New York City.
- 60—John S. Bryden, Chicago, Ill.
- 61—Herbert E. Morey, Boston, Mass.

* * *

The Coins And Currency of 1891 and 1941.

It is worthy to note and compare the coinage of 1891 with the coinage of 1941. Many changes have taken place. The currency in paper, too, has seen many changes, which will be noted.

The most obvious changes are three: There were no gold coins in 1941.

There is no silver dollar coined in 1941. The size of our paper currency is smaller.

The double eagle of 1891 was a very attractive coin, showing the head of Liberty upon the obverse, by J. B. Longacre. The reverse showed an eagle, bearing a shield, with a glory of stars above. The obverse had no inscription, except the coinage year. The \$10 was similar on the obverse, but the reverse differed in that the eagle was shown with a small shield and without a glory above. The half eagle and quarter eagle were of the same design, differing only in size, and the fact that the quarter eagle did not carry the motto "In God We Trust" in the reverse field.

Gold was coined at Philadelphia in the four denominations, in uncirculated and in proof condition. The San Francisco Mint struck only double eagles, and the Carson City Mint coined double eagles, eagles and half eagles. The New Orleans Mint, although in operation, did not strike gold coins in 1891.

In the silver values, the Morgan dollar was coined at Philadelphia, New Orleans, San Francisco and Carson City mints.

The well-known Liberty seated type was employed for the obverse of the half dollar, quarter dollar and dime. The reverse of the half and quarter dollar carried an eagle, with the motto above. The silver half and quarter dollar were coined at Philadelphia, whereas the New Orleans and San Francisco mints coined only the quarter dollar. All mint marks were on the reverse, in the field.

The dime bore the same design that appeared upon the half and quarter dollar, but with the inscription surrounding the figure. The reverse has the value with a wreath. The dime was coined at the Philadelphia, San Francisco and New Orleans mints.

The nickel 5-cent piece was the famous V nickel, with a bust of Liberty on the obverse, and a Roman V on the reverse. It was coined only at the Philadelphia mint. The Indian Head cent, which was designed by Longacre, was also coined at the Philadelphia mint.

The 1941 series of coins is limited to five denominations, all of a different design. The half dollar, by Weinman; the Washington quarter dollar, by Flanagan; the dime, by Weinman; the Jefferson nickel by Schlag, and the Lincoln cent, by Brenner.

It is a worthy observation that the series of 1891 in three of the silver denominations was to be changed in the following year.

Of the 1941 series, our denomination in longest service, in view of the type, is the Brenner Lincoln cent, which has been coined for 32 years.

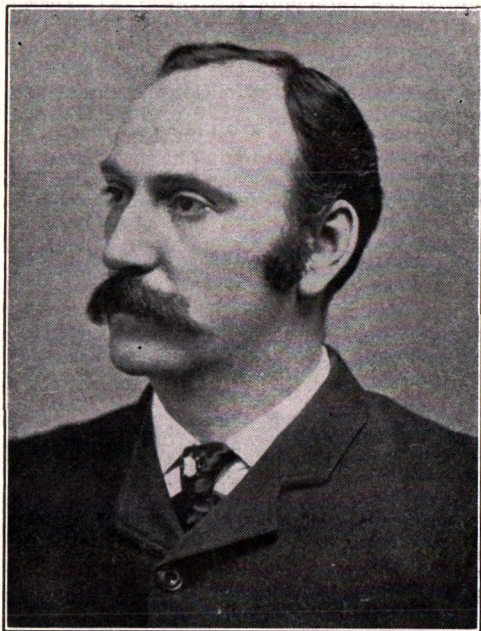
Three mints in 1941 have coined specimens in all five denominations: Philadelphia, San Francisco and Denver. The Denver Mint, which had been in operation as an Assay Office, following its acquisition of the Clark Gruber & Co. establishment's coining presses and assaying equipment, was officially opened as a mint in 1908. The New Orleans Mint, which had been in operation at various times since 1838, was formally closed in 1909. The Carson City Mint struck its last coinages, shortly after the formation of the Association, in 1893.

In the present year the need for small coin is so great that there has been mention in the papers from time to time of the prospective establishment of an additional mint, notwithstanding the 24-hour schedule and 7-day week on which the mints have been operating.

The paper currency is particularly interesting to compare.

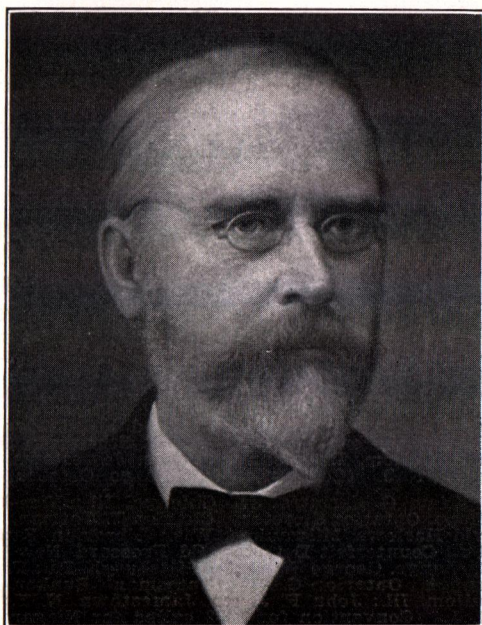
In 1891 the issues then in use were as follows: Legal Tender notes, mostly of the Fourth issue, with the greatest circulation for the Series of 1880. These notes in the low denominations are still familiar: \$1 with central vignette of Washington, \$2 with Thomas Jefferson, \$5 Andrew Jackson, and \$10 Daniel Webster. The \$10 note was popular, as the eagle at the base of the obverse when inverted appeared somewhat like a "jackass," and the note was often known as the "jackass" note.

In 1891 there had been issued a new series of the Treasury or Coin notes which were first authorized by Act of Congress in 1890. The series of 1890 had the popular reverse design of the denomination spelled out in large letters, of the most intricate engraving. The new series of 1891 did not have such elaborate all-over engraving, and had several open portions, the center panel bearing the denomination written out in letters.



EDWIN OWEN LEECH

Director of the Mint in 1891.



O. C. BOSBYSHELL

Superintendent of Philadelphia Mint, 1891.

The obverse showed the following portraits: \$1, Secretary Stanton; \$2, General McPherson; \$5, General Thomas, and \$10, Gen. Phil Sheridan. Coin notes were issued up to the \$1,000 denomination. These notes were issued to pay for silver bullion which the Secretary of the Treasury was required to purchase under the terms of a Congressional act.

The obverses of both the series of 1890 and 1891 were alike, except for the variations in seal and signature combinations. The main difference between the two series was to be noted upon the reverse.

Gold certificates of the Fourth issue, series of 1882, were generally current. The lowest denomination was the \$20, which bore a portrait of President James A. Garfield. The \$50 had the vignette of Silas Wright, and the \$100 had Thomas H. Benton, famed currency and economic expert of the "Hard Times" period in the 1840's.

While the Fifth issue of the Gold certificates was issued in 1888, it does not seem likely that many collectors of the period preserved them, as they were issued in only two denominations—\$5,000 and \$10,000, with the portraits of Madison and Jackson, respectively.

Silver certificates were in general circulation, of the Second issue, series of 1886 and 1891. The vignettes were of Martha Washington on the \$1, General Hancock on the \$2, General Grant on the \$5, and Thomas A. Hendricks on the \$10. In the series of 1891, William Windom appears upon the \$2.

In the National Bank Note series, the issues were of the Second Charter Period, which are distinguished by their brown backs, having the charter numbers. These notes of the series of 1882 had the portrait of Garfield on the \$5, a scene of Benjamin Franklin experimenting with electricity on the \$10, the Battle of Lexington on the \$20, and Washington Crossing the Delaware on the \$50. The \$100 note shows a fine vignette of Commodore Perry leaving his flagship.

In 1941 we still have issues of legal tender series, and silver certificates. There are no longer gold certificates in general circulation, and National Bank Notes have been recalled.

We have a new series of Federal Reserve Notes which supply the bulk of the currency today. The system of our currency has been standardized, so that on legal tender notes, silver certificates and Federal Reserve notes the same portrait vignettes of famous Americans appear: \$1, Washington; \$2, Jefferson; \$5, Lincoln; \$10, Hamilton; \$20, Jackson, and so on.

In addition, the seal colors have been standardized: Red seal, legal tender notes; green seal, Federal Reserve notes, and blue seal, silver certificates. In former years the brown seal indicated National Bank notes.

The size of currency has been reduced, and is believed to be of a more practical size for commercial use.

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Officers Of The A. N. A. For Fifty Years.

Officers of the A. N. A. for fifty years are given below. The year given is that in which they were elected, they serving until the convention of the following year. The list will be found valuable for future reference.

1891—President, William G. Jerrems, Jr., Chicago, Ill.; Vice-President, Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario; Secretary, Charles T. Tatman, Worcester, Mass.; Treasurer, David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.; Librarian, Samuel H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Counterfeit Detector, Ed. Frossard, New York City; Superintendent of Exchange, George W. Rode, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Trustees, W. Kelsey Hall, Peterborough, Ontario; C. W. Stutesman, Bunker Hill, Ind.; J. A. Heckelman, Cullom, Ill.; John F. Jones, Jamestown, N. Y.; Hiram E. Deats, Flemington, N. J. (Convention in Chicago, October 7, 1891.)

1892—President, William G. Jerrems, Jr., Chicago, Ill.; Vice-President, Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario; Secretary, Charles T. Tatman, Worcester, Mass.; Treasurer, David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.; Librarian, Samuel H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Counterfeit Detector, Ed. Frossard, New York City; Superintendent of Exchange, George W. Rode, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Trustees, W. Kelsey Hall, Peterborough, Ontario; C. W. Stutesman, Bunker Hill, Ind.; J. A. Heckelman, Cullom, Ill.; John F. Jones, Jamestown, N. Y.; Hiram E. Deats, Flemington, N. J. (Convention for 1892 called for Niagara Falls, N. Y., but adjourned to meet in Pittsburgh, Pa., October 1.)

1893—President, Dr. George F. Heath, Monroe, Mich.; Vice-President, Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario; Secretary, O. W. Page, Waltham, Mass.; Treasurer, David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.; Librarian and Curator, W. C. Stone,

Springfield, Mass.; Superintendent of Exchange, W. J. Luck, Adrian, Mich.; Counterfeit Detector, S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Trustees, W. G. Jerrems, Jr., Chicago, Ill.; J. F. Jones, Jamestown, N. Y.; J. A. Heckelman, Cullom, Ill.; C. W. Stutesman, Loree, Ind.; W. K. Hall, Peterboro, Ontario. (Convention in Chicago, August 21, 1893.)

1894—President, Dr. George F. Heath, Monroe, Mich.; Vice-President, Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario; Secretary, O. W. Page, Waltham, Mass.; Treasurer, Dr. A. L. Fisher, Elkhart, Ind.; Librarian and Curator, W. C. Stone, Springfield, Mass.; Superintendent of Exchange, W. J. Luck, Adrian, Mich.; Counterfeit Detector, S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Trustees, J. A. Heckelman, Daggers, Va.; David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. W. Stutesman, Logansport, Ind.; W. K. Hall, Peterboro, Ontario; Hiram E. Deats, Flemington, N. J. (Convention in Detroit, August 23-24, 1894.)

1895—President, A. G. Heaton, Washington, D. C.; Vice-President, Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario; Secretary, George W. Rice, Detroit, Mich.; Treasurer, Dr. A. L. Fisher, Elkhart, Ind.; Librarian and Curator, W. C. Stone, Springfield, Mass.; Superintendent of Exchange, W. J. Luck, Adrian, Mich.; Counterfeit Detector, S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Trustees, J. A. Heckelman, Columbus, Va.; David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. W. Stutesman, Peru, Ind.; George W. Rice, Detroit, Mich.; Hiram E. Deats, Flemington, N. J. (Convention in Washington, D. C., September 19-20, 1895.)

1896—President, A. G. Heaton, Washington, D. C.; Vice-President, Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario; Secretary, George W. Rice, Detroit, Mich.; Treasurer, Dr. A. L. Fisher, Elkhart, Ind.; Librarian and Curator, W. C. Stone, Springfield, Mass.; Superintendent of Exchange, A. C. Gruhlke, Waterloo, Ind.; Counterfeit Detector, S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Trustees, J. A. Heckelman, Columbus, Va.; David Harlowe, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. W. Stutesman, Peru, Ind.; George W. Rice, Detroit, Mich.; M. H. Stafford, Santa Barbara, Cal.

1897—Same officers as preceding year.

1898—Same officers as preceding year.

1899—President, Joseph Hooper, Port Hope, Ontario; Vice-President, John A. Heckelman, Cullom, Ill.; Secretary, Dr. Geo. F. Heath, Monroe, Mich.; Treasurer, Dr. A. L. Fisher, Elkhart, Ind.; Librarian, Fred B. Stebbins, Adrian, Mich.

1900—Same officers as preceding year.

1901—President, Dr. B. P. Wright, Buffalo, N. Y.; First Vice-President, A. R. Frey, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Second Vice-President, Jeremiah Gibbs, Hamilton, Ontario; Secretary, Dr. Geo. F. Heath, Monroe, Mich.; Treasurer, Dr. A. L. Fisher, Elkhart, Ind.; Librarian and Curator, S. C. Stevens, Chicago, Ill.; Counterfeit Detector, Chas. Steigerwalt, Lancaster, Pa.; Trustees, P. O. Tremblay, Montreal, Canada; M. Marcuson, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss Virginia Eaton, Verona, Pa.; W. O. Buckland, Binghamton, N. Y.; George W. Rice, Detroit, Mich.

1902—Same officers as preceding year.

1903—Same officers as preceding year.

1904—President, Albert R. Frey, Brooklyn, N. Y.; First Vice-President, Farran Zerbe, St. Louis, Mo.; Second Vice-President, Jeremiah Gibbs, Hamilton, Ontario; Secretary, Howland Wood, Brookline, Mass.; Treasurer, Dr. George F. Heath, Monroe, Mich.; Librarian and Curator, Ben G. Green, Chicago, Ill.; Counterfeit Detector, Chas. Steigerwalt, Lancaster, Pa.; Superintendent of Exchange, Geo. W. Rice, Detroit, Mich.; Trustees, Dr. B. P. Wright, Schenectady, N. Y.; L. B. Tuthill, South Creek, N. C.; A. C. Gies, Pittsburgh, Pa.; F. G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; J. C. Lighthouse, Rochester, N. Y. (Convention in St. Louis, Mo., October 15, 1904.)

1905—Same officers as preceding year.

1906—Same officers as preceding year.

1907—President, Farran Zerbe, Tyrone, Pa.; First Vice-President, Henrie E. Buck, Delaware, Ohio; Second Vice-President, P. O. Tremblay, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Howland Wood, Brookline, Mass.; Treasurer, Dr. Geo. F. Heath, Monroe, Mich.; Librarian, Ben G. Green, Chicago, Ill.; Board of Governors, Dr. B. P. Wright, Yonkers, N. Y.; H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; D. A. Williams, Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Waitt, Boston, Mass.; E. H. Adams, New York City. (Convention in Columbus, Ohio, September 2-4, 1907.)

1908—President, Farran Zerbe, Tyrone, Pa.; First Vice-President, Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio; Second Vice-President, P. O. Tremblay, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Frank G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; Treasurer, D. A. Williams, Baltimore, Md.; Librarian, Prof. J. L. Zerbe, Tyrone, Pa.; Board of Governors, Howland Wood, Brookline, Mass.; H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; W. A. Ashbrook, Johnstown, Ohio; J. H. Clapp, Washington, D. C.; Henry Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa. (Convention in Philadelphia, September 28-30, October 1-2, 1908.)

1909—President, Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio; First Vice-President, W. W. C. Wilson, Montreal, Canada; Second Vice-President, B. H. Saxton, Davenport, Iowa; General Secretary, Frank G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; Treasurer, D. A. Williams, Baltimore, Md.; Librarian, Ludger Gravel, Montreal, Canada; Board of Governors, William F. Dunham, Chicago, Ill.; W. A. Ashbrook, Johnstown, Ohio; A. J. de Lagerberg, Passaic, N. J.; H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh,

- Wis.; Howland Wood, Brookline, Mass.. (Convention in Montreal, Canada, August 9-14, 1909.)
- 1910**—President, Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio; First Vice-President, B. H. Saxton, Davenport, Iowa; Second Vice-President, R. W. MacLachlan, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, G. L. Tilden, Worcester, Mass.; Treasurer, N. E. Converse, Worcester, Mass.; Librarian, Ludger Gravel, Montreal, Canada; Board of Governors, H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; W. A. Ashbrook, Johnstown, Ohio; A. J. de Lagerberg, Passaic, N. J.; D. A. Williams, Baltimore, Md.; Howland Wood, Brookline, Mass. (Convention in New York City, September 6-10, 1910.)
- 1911**—President, Judson Brenner, De Kalb, Ill.; First Vice-President, F. G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; Second Vice-President, R. W. McLachlan, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; Treasurer, N. E. Converse, Worcester, Mass.; Librarian, Ludger Gravel, Montreal, Canada; Board of Governors, H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; W. A. Ashbrook, Johnstown, Ohio; Henry Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio; Howland Wood, Brookline, Mass. (Convention in Chicago, August 28-31, 1911.)
- 1912**—President, Judson Brenner, De Kalb, Ill.; First Vice-President, F. G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; Second Vice-President, R. W. McLachlan, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; Treasurer, Wynne Hoerner, Lewisburg, Ohio; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Dr. George P. French, Rochester, N. Y.; Carl Wurtzbach, Lee, Mass.; Howard R. Newcomb, Detroit, Mich. (Convention in Rochester, N. Y., August 26-28, 1912.)
- 1913**—President, F. G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; First Vice-President, R. W. McLachlan, Montreal, Canada; Second Vice-President, Chas. H. Shinkle, Pittsburgh, Pa.; General Secretary, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; Treasurer, Wynne Hoerner, Lewisburg, Ohio; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; Judson Brenner, Youngstown, Ohio; Ben G. Green, Chicago, Ill.; Fred E. Merritt, Rochester, N. Y.; Howard R. Newcomb, Detroit, Mich. (Note—Carl Wurtzbach, Lee, Mass., became a member of the Board of Governors in April, 1914, due to the death of Ben G. Green on January 17, 1914.) (Convention in Detroit, Mich., August 23-27, 1913.)
- 1914**—President, F. G. Duffield, Baltimore, Md.; First Vice-President, R. W. McLachlan, Montreal, Canada; Second Vice-President, Chas. H. Shinkle, Pittsburgh, Pa.; General Secretary, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; Treasurer, Wynne Hoerner, Lewisburg, Ohio; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; Judson Brenner, Youngstown, Ohio; Carl Wurtzbach, Lee, Mass.; Fred E. Merritt, Rochester, N. Y.; Howard R. Newcomb, Detroit, Mich. (Convention in Springfield, Mass., August 22-26, 1914.)
- 1915**—President, H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; First Vice-President, Wm. C. Stone, Springfield, Mass.; Second Vice-President, Dr. D. Gates Bennett, Healdsburg, Cal.; General Secretary, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; Treasurer, Wynne Hoerner, Lewisburg, Ohio; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Judson Brenner Youngstown, Ohio; Carl Wurtzbach, Lee, Mass.; Fred E. Merritt, Rochester, N. Y.; Howard R. Newcomb, Detroit, Mich.; Wm. F. Dunham, Chicago, Ill. (Convention in San Francisco, Cal., August 30 to September 1, 1915.)
- 1916**—President, H. O. Granberg, Oshkosh, Wis.; First Vice-President, Wm. C. Stone, Springfield, Mass.; Second Vice-President, D. A. Williams, Baltimore, Md.; General Secretary, John M. Oliver, Springfield, Mass.; Treasurer, Herbert R. Wolcott, Springfield, Mass.; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Carl Wurtzbach, Lee, Mass.; Judson Brenner, Youngstown, Ohio; Fred E. Merritt, Philadelphia, Pa.; Howard Newcomb, Detroit, Mich.; S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa. (Convention in Baltimore, Md., September 23-27, 1916.)
- 1917**—President, Carl Wurtzbach, Lee, Mass.; First Vice-President, Dr. Geo. P. French, Rochester, N. Y.; Second Vice-President, R. W. McLachlan, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, John M. Oliver, Springfield, Mass.; Treasurer, Herbert R. Wolcott, Springfield, Mass.; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; Theo. E. Leon, Chicago, Ill.; Fred B. King, Rochester, N. Y.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; Elmer S. Sears, Swansea, Mass. (Convention in Rochester, N. Y., August 25-29, 1917.)
- 1918**—The 1918 Convention, scheduled to be held in Philadelphia, October 5 to 9 was postponed on account of the "flu" epidemic. A meeting of the officers was held in Springfield, Mass., on December 11, 1918, and all officers were continued until the Convention of 1919.
- 1919**—President, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; First Vice-President, Henry Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Second Vice-President, John M. Oliver, Springfield, Mass.; General Secretary, Harry H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Treasurer, George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Moritz Wormser, New York City; Theo. E. Leon, Chicago, Ill.; Foster Lardner, Providence, R. I.; Preston C. Pond, Chicopee, Mass.; F. N. Boyle, Pittsburgh, Pa. (Convention in Philadelphia, October 4-8, 1919.)

- 1920**—President, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio.; First Vice-President, Henry Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Second Vice-President, Fred Joy, Boston, Mass.; General Secretary, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Treasurer, George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; Librarian, H. H. Yawger, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Moritz Wormser, New York City; Theo. E. Leon, Chicago, Ill.; Foster Lardner, Providence, R. I.; S. H. Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa.; Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa. (Convention in Chicago, August 23-26, 1920.)
- 1921**—President, Moritz Wormser, New York City; First Vice-President, Fred Joy, Boston, Mass.; Second Vice-President, Frank H. Shumway, Mattapan, Mass.; General Secretary, Alden S. Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, R. E. Davis, Chicago, Ill.; Librarian, E. D. Putnam, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. H. Yawger, Indiana, Pa.; Chas. Markus, Davenport, Iowa; George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; Ludger Gravel, Montreal, Canada. (Convention in Boston, Mass., August 20-25, 1921.)
- 1922**—President, Moritz Wormser, New York City; First Vice-President, Frank H. Shumway, Mattapan, Mass.; Second Vice-President, M. Marcuson, Cleveland, Ohio; General Secretary, J. M. Swanson, Newark, N. J.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian, E. D. Putnam, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. H. Yawger, Indiana, Pa.; Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; F. C. C. Boyd, New York City; George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; Ludger Gravel, Montreal, Canada. (Convention in New York City, August 26-31, 1922.)
- 1923**—President, Moritz Wormser, New York City; First Vice-President, Alden Scott Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; Second Vice-President, Ludger Gravel, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, E. D. Putnam, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. H. Yawger, Indiana, Pa.; Chas. Markus, Davenport, Iowa; Elmer S. Sears, Swansea, Mass.; Chas. B. Turrill, San Francisco, Cal.; Julius Gutttag, New York City. (Convention in Montreal, Canada, August 25-30, 1923.)
- 1924**—President, Moritz Wormser, New York City; First Vice-President, Ludger Gravel, Montreal, Canada; Second Vice-President, Charles H. Fisher, Cleveland, Ohio; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Paul M. Lange, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. H. Yawger, Indiana, Pa.; Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; B. Max Mehl, Fort Worth, Texas; Edw. T. Newell, New York City; Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio. (Convention in Cleveland, Ohio, August 23-28, 1924.)
- 1925**—President, Moritz Wormser, New York City; First Vice-President, Alden Scott Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; Second Vice-President, George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Paul M. Lange, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, H. H. Yawger, Indiana, Pa.; Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; B. Max Mehl, Fort Worth, Texas; Edw. T. Newell, New York City; A. C. Hutchinson, Detroit, Mich. (Convention in Detroit, Mich., August 21-27, 1925.)
- 1926**—President, H. H. Yawger, Indiana, Pa.; First Vice-President, Alden Scott Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; Second Vice-President, L. A. Renaud, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Paul M. Lange, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; Edw. T. Newell, New York City; A. C. Hutchinson, Detroit, Mich.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb. (Convention in Washington, D. C., August 21-26, 1926.)
- 1927**—President, Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; First Vice-President, Alden S. Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; Second Vice-President, L. A. Renaud, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Paul M. Lange, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Harry W. Rapp, Detroit, Mich.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; H. H. Yawger, Indiana, Pa.; Charles H. Fisher, Cleveland, Ohio; H. A. Sternberg, Dundee, Ill. (Convention in Hartford, Conn., August 20-25, 1927.)
- 1928**—President, Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; First Vice-President, Alden Scott Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; Second Vice-President, L. A. Renaud, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Paul M. Lange, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Farran Zerbe, Tyrone, Pa.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; H. A. Sternberg, Dundee, Ill.; William F. Sunday, Rochester, N. Y.; F. D. Langenheim, Philadelphia, Pa. (Convention in Rochester, N. Y., August 18-23, 1928.)
- 1929**—President, Charles Markus, Davenport, Iowa; First Vice-President, Alden Scott Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; Second Vice-President, L. A. Renaud, Montreal, Canada; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Paul M. Lange, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; H. A. Sternberg, Dundee, Ill.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; Edward A. Gilroy, Buffalo, N. Y.; Wm. A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas. (Convention in Chicago, August 24-29, 1929.)
- 1930**—President, George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; First Vice-President, L. A. Renaud, Montreal, Canada; Second Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, Piedmont, Cal.; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer,

- George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Paul M. Lange, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; Wm. A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio; Robert H. Lloyd, Tonawanda, N. Y. (Convention in Buffalo, N. Y., August 23-28, 1930.)
- 1931**—President, George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; First Vice-President, L. A. Renaud, Montreal, Canada; Second Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, Piedmont, Cal.; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Charles W. Foster, Brighton Station, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; Wm. A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio; H. A. Brand, Cincinnati, Ohio. (Convention in Cincinnati, Ohio, August 29-September 3, 1931.)
- 1932**—President, Alden Scott Boyer, Chicago, Ill.; First Vice-President, L. A. Renaud, Montreal, Canada; Second Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, Piedmont, Cal.; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Charles W. Foster, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; William A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio; T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.; Henry Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa. (Convention in Los Angeles, Cal., August 20-26, 1932.)
- 1933**—President, Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; First Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, Piedmont, Cal.; Second Vice-President, Ragnar L. Cederlund, Winnetka, Ill.; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Charles W. Foster, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio, William A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.; Henry Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa.; J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill. (Convention in Chicago, August 26-31, 1933.)
- 1934**—President, Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; First Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, Piedmont, Cal.; Second Vice-President, Ragnar L. Cederlund, Winnetka, Ill.; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Charles W. Foster, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Harley L. Freeman, Cleveland, Ohio; William A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.; Henry Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa.; J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill. (Convention in Cleveland, Ohio, August 18-23, 1934.)
- 1935**—President, T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.; First Vice-President, Ragnar L. Cederlund, Winnetka, Ill.; Second Vice-President, J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Quebec, Canada; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Charles W. Foster, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Henry Hunt, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; Shepard Pond, Boston, Mass.; William A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb. (Convention in Pittsburgh, Pa., August 24-29, 1935.)
- 1936**—President, T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.; First Vice-President, Herbert W. Walker, Warren, Ohio; Second Vice-President, George L. Andrews, Columbus, Ohio; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Charles W. Foster, Rochester, N. Y.; Board of Governors, T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.; Moritz Wormser, New York City; William A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; L. W. Hoeffcker, El Paso, Texas. (Convention in Minneapolis, Minn., August 22-27, 1936.)
- 1937**—President, J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.; First Vice-President, Herbert W. Walker, Warren, Ohio; Second Vice-President, Ernest R. Wernstrom, San Francisco, Cal.; General Secretary, Harry T. Wilson, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, William S. Dewey, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Board of Governors, William A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; L. W. Hoeffcker, El Paso, Texas; Harry Boosel, Washington, D. C.; Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City. (Convention in Washington, D. C., August 21-26, 1937.)
- 1938**—President, J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.; First Vice-President, Herbert W. Walker, Warren, Ohio; Second Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, Alameda, Cal.; General Secretary, M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, William S. Dewey, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Board of Governors, William A. Philpott, Jr., Dallas, Texas; L. W. Hoeffcker, El Paso, Texas; Harry Boosel, Washington, D. C.; Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City; Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio. (Convention in Columbus, Ohio, August 13-18, 1938.)
- 1939**—President, L. W. Hoeffcker, El Paso, Texas; First Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, San Jose, Cal.; Second Vice-President, J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Quebec, Canada; General Secretary, M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, William S. Dewey, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Board of Governors, Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City; Dr. J. M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio; Walter P. Nichols, Melrose, Mass.; J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb. (Convention in New York City, September 30-October 5, 1939.)
- 1940**—President, L. W. Hoeffcker, El Paso, Texas; First Vice-President, Harvey L. Hansen, San Jose, Cal.; Second Vice-President, J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Quebec, Canada; General Secretary, M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.;

Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Ted R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa; Board of Governors, Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City; J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; George J. Bauer, Rochester, N. Y.; Vernon L. Brown, New York City. (Convention in Detroit, Mich., August 24-29, 1940.)

1941—President, J. Douglas Ferguson, Rock Island, Quebec, Canada; First Vice-President, Martin F. Kortjohn, New York City; Second Vice-President, George M. Todd, Atlanta, Ga.; General Secretary, M. Vernon Sheldon, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.; Librarian and Curator, Ted R. Hammer, Burlington, Iowa; Board of Governors, Vernon L. Brown, New York City; J. Henri Ripstra, Chicago, Ill.; Nelson T. Thorson, Omaha, Neb.; V. Leon Belt, Waterloo, Iowa; Shepard Pond, Winchester, Mass. (Convention in Philadelphia, August 16-21, 1941.)

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Plain Talk, The A. N. A.'s First Official Organ.

Mention is made in this issue of Plain Talk. In 1888 there were few periodicals which carried any numismatic mention. Some publications did carry an occasional column on the subject. One of these was Plain Talk, which was prepared by Charles T. Tatman, then a student preparing for Harvard University. It was presumably through this column that Dr. Heath learned of Mr. Tatman's numismatic inclinations, which resulted in the latter's subsequent acquisition of the General Secretary's position. The Numismatist did not have a very wide circulation, and was sent largely to Dr. Heath's mailing list of collectors of his duplicates.

Plain Talk had a very much more extensive following in the early 1890's. In the early issues of The Numismatist there is frequent mention of Plain Talk, since Mr. Tatman mentioned A. N. A. matters in his column. The two magazines were friendly rivals. The Association was without a peer.

In view of the more regular publication of Plain Talk, in comparison with the irregular appearance of The Numismatist, which was often several weeks late, due to the other activities with which the Doctor was pre-occupied, it was decided to have Plain Talk as the official organ of the Association. (It was perhaps also felt by Dr. Heath that by so doing it would prove to uninformed skeptics that his interest in the Association was purely numismatic).

And there was also the fact that Mr. Tatman was able to furnish the material. Then Mr. Tatman's plans were changed, and the numismatic column ceased to have Association interest. Shortly thereafter The Numismatist was made the official organ of the Association, and it has thus remained to the present.

* * *

Dr. George F. Heath.

Dr. George F. Heath, whose portrait is herewith presented, was born at Warsaw, Wyoming County, N. Y., on September 20th, 1850. In 1864 he commenced his business career as a drug clerk in Poultney, Vermont, where he remained until 1870, when he went to Warrensburg, Missouri, where for nearly five years he held a commission in the postal service under President Grant.

In 1876 he was again in the drug business, and in the meantime from 1876 to 1879 had served two terms as alderman in the Council of the city of Warrensburg.

In 1879 he began the study of medicine at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, from which he graduated in 1881. He was president of his class both years, and on graduation was elected by the State Board of Regents of the University to be Surgeon and Resident Physician in charge of the State Hospital. From this position he resigned in June, 1884, and entered the general practice of medicine at Monroe, Michigan, in which profession he continues. He is also Division Surgeon for the Michigan Central Railroad between Detroit and Toledo. In 1876 he was married, and has two children, a boy of six, and a girl of fifteen months.

He began in 1863 to collect coins and stamps, and has devoted much of his leisure to these subjects ever since. He also has valuable collections of Indian relics; autographs of prominent people, past and present; minerals,

etc., and his private library contains upwards of a thousand volumes. (It is unnecessary to state to the readers of this journal, that without disparaging any other lines, he considers the collecting and study of the moneys of the world as the collecting of all collectings.)

In politics he has ever been a Republican from principle. He has never sought office. In the spring of 1890 he received the nomination of his party for Mayor and was elected by a good majority, though his party was largely in the minority in his city.

When not engaged in relieving afflicted humanity, amputations and other kindred amusements, he devotes his time to the serious business of his collections, and The Numismatist. (Adapted from the Rhode Island Philatelist.)

Above is taken from Vol. III, Nos. 23 and 24, December, 1891).

* * *

The Lighter Side Of The Publisher's Life.

Dr. Heath always edited the magazine with a genuine sense of humor. Often delayed several weeks in its appearance, the Doctor managed, none the less, to keep it flourishing. In an early issue of 1891 it was pointed out that a Chinese character had been printed upside down. The Chinese article was prepared by J. A. Brudin, a collector of New York. In explaining the inversion we quote: "We expressly stated that that number was a cater to our subscribers in China. Everything is reversed there to what it is here. So far we have had no complaints from that quarter. Our "Melican" readers can obviate the difficulty in either of two ways: By turning the paper or themselves bottom side up. Hereafter we propose to do our duty to our English readers."

In a subsequent chart of Manchu characters an error occurred which Dr. Heath dismissed with the statement following the correction of the error "It is needless to state that our Chinese compositor has been discharged."

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The A. N. A. Emblem.

The Association's emblem, bearing the lamp of knowledge on a volume, with the name of the Association surrounding, and the motto below, "De Profundis" (Out of the Depths), is an adaptation of the design originally submitted to The Numismatist in 1891 by Joseph Hooper, of Port Hope, Ontario, Canada, who at the time was Vice-President of the A. N. A. and was to be the fourth President.

* * *

In 1891.

In 1891 the bank notes of the nation were signed by the Register of the Treasury, William S. Rosecrans, and the Treasurer, Enos H. Nebeker. Today the notes are signed by the Secretary of the Treasury, Henry Morgenthau, Jr., and the Treasurer, W. A. Julian. The office of Register no longer enjoys the distinction of signing the currency.

In 1891 there were in operation four Federal Mints—the Philadelphia mint, the San Francisco mint, the Carson City mint, and the New Orleans mint. According to information recently obtained, the Superintendent of the New Orleans mint was A. W. Smyth, and the Superintendent of the Carson City mint was S. C. Wright.

The Director of the Mint, as elsewhere noted, was Edward O. Leech.



NELLIE TAYLOE ROSS

Present Director of the Mint.



EDWIN H. DRESSEL

Superintendent of Philadelphia Mint, 1941.

Comparison Of Coinage, 1891-1941.

By **LELAND HOWARD**, Assistant Director Of The Mint.

The past half century has seen great expansion and change in the mint service. When the A. N. A. was founded in 1891, Mr. Edward O. Leech was Director of the Mint. Mr. Leech reported 119,547,877 coins were struck that fiscal year, to care for the financial requirements of the nation, and manifested grave concern over the amount of gold that had been exported from the United States. Only \$61,442,802 in gold, he reported, remained in the mint, and a little over half a billion in the entire country.

Graphically the statistics of the Mint this year illustrate the tremendous growth and change in the nation. The Director reports for the fiscal year 1941, the largest coinage ever made in any fiscal year in the history of the United States; 1,599,349,007 coins struck, double the previous record number made in a fiscal year, and more than thirteen times as many as were made in the corresponding period fifty years ago. To meet this heavy and constantly increasing demand for coins the mint service has expanded manpower, machinery, vault space and working space, while coinage operations have run at full speed twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, month after month.

The vaults of the mint now hold $22\frac{1}{2}$ billion dollars in gold, nine-tenths of the known monetary gold supply of the entire world, and immense stocks of silver. From the Bureau of the Mint in Washington, Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Director of the Mint since 1933, administers the activities of the eight mint institutions throughout the country, and has responsibility for safeguarding the vast gold and silver stocks that comprise the monetary wealth of the Government.

* * *

Operations Of The Philadelphia Mint.

By **EDWIN H. DRESSEL**, Superintendent.

The United States Mint in Philadelphia was erected primarily for the manufacture of coins of all denominations for the United States. However, considerable coinage has been made here for foreign countries as a matter of courtesy, such countries having made their request through the State Department.

The Philadelphia Mint is the only mint in which proof coins are struck. This practice was discontinued in 1916 and resumed in 1936. In addition to the manufacturing of coins, the following activities are carried on in this mint at the present time:

Presidential medals and all special Congressional medals are struck in this mint, as are medals for private awards, such as schools, colleges, etc. Service badges for all branches of the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard are also manufactured here.

At the Philadelphia Mint we have a large Engraving Department wherein all proof coin and coinage dies (master, hub and working dies) for the mints in Denver and San Francisco, as well as Philadelphia, are manufactured for both domestic and foreign coinage. At times coinage dies for foreign governments have also been made. Master dies, hubs and working dies for all medals and service badges made here are also made in our Engraving Department, as well as master and hubs and working dies for embossed stamped envelopes for the Post Office Department. Also, master and hub dies for all insignia for the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard.

The Philadelphia Mint houses a large and modern machine shop in which equipment, such as coin presses, rolling mills, balances, automatic scales and other mint machinery, is manufactured for use in this mint, as well as for the Denver and San Francisco Mints. It also takes care of all maintenance and repairs to machinery and equipment.

Considerable cabinet work, as well as boxes, hand trucks, etc., used in this mint and the New York Assay Office are built in a large and complete carpenter shop in the Philadelphia Mint. In addition to this it houses large and complete electrical, plumbing and other departments for our own maintenance.

A large sewing room is equipped with the best of power sewing machines. All coin bags used for coin shipments by this mint, Denver and the Treasurer's office, at Washington, D. C., are made here, also all asbestos, canvas and fire mitts, aprons, sleeves, spats, etc., required by the New York Assay Office and the San Francisco, Denver and Philadelphia mints. Ribbons attached to medals and many other miscellaneous items requiring hand sewing and power machine operating are likewise made here.

Old gold or fabricated scrap gold deposits are made by dealers or others to our deposit department. These deposits are melted and assayed and payments are made on the basis of the assay. In addition to old gold, this metal is also received at this mint in the form of bars, lumps, grains or dust, in their native state, free from earth and stone, or nearly so and retort sponge. Newly mined and other silver is also received and stored here.

This mint also has a large assay department used in conjunction with the manufacture of silver coins and for the assaying of deposits. Every melt of silver cast by the melter must be passed on by the assayer for the proper fineness and all deposits are assayed to determine their value. The scales or balances used in this Department are sensitive to less than one three-thousandth part of one grain.

All operations in the mint are carried on today much the same as they were fifty years ago. However, by the addition of new and more equipment, production has been greatly increased. Average daily figures for 1891 are not available, however. The coinage for the calendar year 1891 was 92,198,469 pieces, or \$13,900,342.00. During the first six months of the current calendar year the daily production (of twenty-four hours) has reached approximately 4,750,000 pieces. The production for the first six months of this year was approximately 495,856,024 pieces, or \$26,439,520.80. The calendar year 1941 will undoubtedly be the greatest in the history of the mint and the country, even far surpassing the year 1940, when 873,569,382 pieces of coin were struck with a value of \$34,741,850.32. During the month of June, 1941, this mint shipped ten millions of dollars in coin for circulation and practically all of it was made during that month. The month of December, 1940, has been the previous all-time high, when six millions of dollars in coin was shipped.

During the past year approximately \$400,000.00 was spent for additional equipment which will double the output of the Philadelphia Mint. Alterations and additions to the present building are now under way at an approximate cost of \$200,000.00 to house the new equipment, etc.. An entirely new system of melting will replace the present old method.

I am enclosing herewith, in accordance with your request, photographs (two) of the portrait of the Hon. O. C. Bosbyshell, Superintendent of this mint from 1889 to 1893. Also one of the writer who took oath of office on April 8, 1935.

* * *

Making Dies At The Philadelphia Mint.

By JOHN R. SINNOCK, Engraver.

The methods of producing master dies, hubs and working dies for coins, medals and insignia have changed little in the last fifty years. All the larger mints of the world follow closely the same procedure in their engraving departments.

The most important innovation during this time has been the employment of the Janvier reducing (die-cutting) machine, which replaced the Hill machine which had been in use since its purchase from Wyon's, London, in 1867.

The double eagle of 1907 by Saint Gaudens marked a distinct change in type, due to the use of the Janvier machine used in cutting the hubs. This improved machine made it possible to reproduce accurately a sculptured model complete with all inscriptions, but often having irregular background. With previous U. S. coins the motif (head, figure, wreath, etc.) was modeled and reduced into steel by the Hill machine and the inscriptions inserted in the master dies with punches of various styles and sizes, the background being finally "basined," producing a smooth, mechanically even surface. Some master dies for foreign countries are still cut directly by hand into the steel master dies without the use of a machine.

At this same time came the trend to much higher relief, higher than on the coins of other countries, where, in so far as I know, they still use the "basined" method, at least on the master dies, if not on each individual working die.

In 1891 the Philadelphia Mint employed three engravers and six die-makers. In that year they delivered a total of 1,237 dies. In 1941, with twelve employees in the Engraving Department, we delivered 13,123 dies or over ten times more, with only one-third increase in the staff. This far exceeds all previous records.

There has been a great improvement in the methods of obtaining electro-plates from plaster models for use as patterns, which has eliminated the necessity for bronze castings.

* * *

Doctor George Francis Heath, Our Founder.

If thoughts of earthly things continue after this life, I am wondering what the benevolent, unselfish family doctor, George Francis Heath, Monroe, Michigan, who passed on in 1908, at the age of fifty-eight, now thinks of the American Numismatic Association that he founded fifty years ago, and which has led to so much for the many who now interestingly pursue the educational and otherwise profitable subject—numismatics. If he could impart to us it might be something like this:

Of my collecting hobbies I enjoyed numismatics most. It led me into research that served me well in various ways. I found pleasure in my modest growing collection, but lacked agency contact for mutual enjoyment.

The leaflet that I prepared and printed at home on a small hand press, mostly to offer my duplicates, carried some notes that proved of interest to others, and led to the organization of the American Numismatic Association, and The Numismatist, which publication I continued until the end of my life.

The organization's first official publication, 1891, presented the names of seven who have been spared to carry on: Charles T. Tatman, Worcester, Mass.; William G. Jerrems, Kansas City, Mo.; John E. Morse, Hadley, Mass.; Hiram E. Deats, Flemington, N. J.; John F. Jones, Jamestown, N. Y.; Louis M. Lang, Philadelphia, and C. A. Mathis, Greenwood, Neb. I reason that these surviving originals will join with me and the about eighty-seven hundred who have entered the membership roll in finding glory in the Association's achievements leading up to this Golden Jubilee year. An active membership of over three thousand; a worthy magazine; a considerable treasury, library, collections, and convention equipment, are things in which to find glory.

But there can be a greater glory if the fraternal spirit that was mine at the start prevails and is unselfishly honored. It has been truly said: "He builded better than he knew."

F. Z.

Falmouth Heights, Mass., July 17, 1941.

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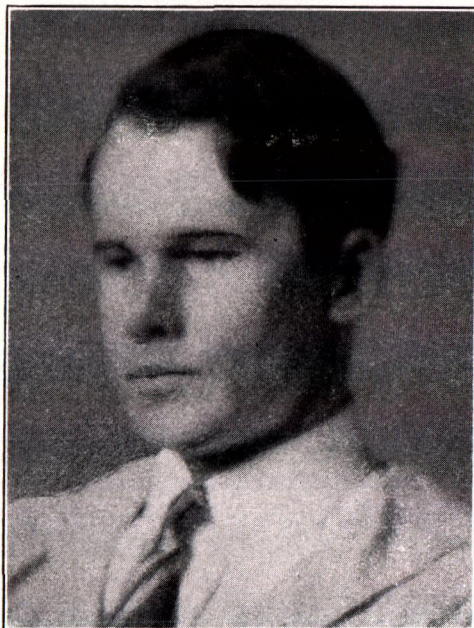
A. N. A. Constitution Of 1893.

PREAMBLE

The objects of this Association are: To assist its members in acquiring knowledge in regard to Numismatics; to cultivate a feeling of friendship among collectors, and to enable them to affiliate with members of similar societies in America and Foreign countries; and the formation of a Cabinet and Library of Numismatic Literature for the use of its members.

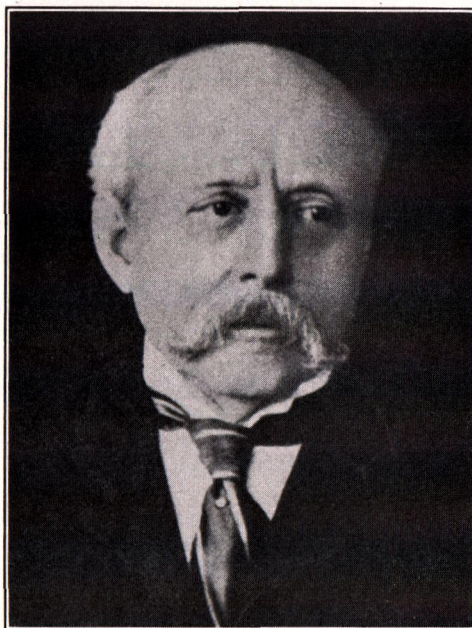
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Plain Talk: If You Are Between 20 and 75 You Should Buy A Life Membership In The American Numismatic Association. Apply Today!



JOHN R. SINNOCK

Eighth Engraver U. S. Mint, 1941.



CHARLES E. BARBER

Chief Engraver U. S. Mint, 1891.

Numismatics Today And Fifty Years Ago.

By **WILLIAM G. JERREMS, JR.**, Kansas City, Mo., First President Of The A. N. A.

During 1889 I received my first copy of The Numismatist, Vol. 1, No. 1, and at once sent my subscription to Dr. George F. Heath. During the two years following we had some correspondence, and when Dr. Heath first suggested a society of coin collectors I joyfully joined him. Then in September of 1891 we held our first meeting in a small hotel in Chicago. Dr. Heath directed the meeting and is entitled to all of the credit for the organization. I was just a zealous student of numismatics, and was greatly surprised and gratified when he suggested my nomination for the office of President. Of course, Dr. Heath was really the logical man for that office, but he declared that "he wanted the younger men to do the pushing and he would stand behind them," and as a result I became the first President.

During the following years I was too fully occupied with business in-



WILLIAM G. JERREMS, JR.

First President of the A. N. A.

terests to devote much time to numismatics, and it was not until around 1901 that I found any leisure for my study. It was about that time that I met Ben Green, and we agreed to try to form a local society. At our initial meeting Green brought Michael P. Carey and Enos Verkler, and I brought W. F. Dunham. This meeting was a dinner at the Union League Club. The next was in my own office, with a couple of new members, and a committee was appointed to learn if we could hold our meetings in the Chicago Historical Society, which they generously permitted, and the first meeting held there brought out 12 members, including Mr. Virgil Brand, who was an active and ever-present member as long as our meetings continued. Later we held our meetings in Ben Green's offices. Still later, we acquired our own clubroom in the same building, the Masonic Temple of Chicago. I used to enjoy these meetings immensely and rarely missed one when in town. However, business and family matters took me to Europe on several occasions at this period, where I came in contact with some of the men with whom I had corresponded and with others, such as Dr. Barclay

V. Head, and Mr. Earle Fox, in Paris. In 1908 I went to California on what was expected to be a brief visit, and left my collections in safety deposit, where they remained for the five years I spent on this "brief visit."

In 1916, because it seemed impossible for me to continue collecting, I sent the bulk of my collection of ancient coins to S. H. and H. Chapman to be sold at auction. There were about 4000 Roman and 1500 Greek coins in the collection. These had been collected between 1882 and 1908. Mr. Brand had taken over the rather large collection of copper coins which I had been making since 1882. About 1900 Archie Doherty had purchased my collection of English silver coins, and he later bought a small collection of United States cents, which was complete as to dates, including the best 1793 that I have seen. I also made a collection of several thousand Chinese coins, which I had arranged according to the lists made by J. A. Brudin, which were published in the early volumes of *The Numismatist*.

During my collecting career I had met or corresponded with many of the men who were actively interested when I was. My first letter to Lyman H. Low was in 1883, and I met him for the first time in the offices of B. Westermann, on Broadway, New York, in 1884, when I was a student at the Charlier Institute. Somewhat later Mr. Henry Russell Drowne invited me to become a member of the American Numismatic and Archaeological Society, which of course I was glad to accept. However my limited means at that time prevented my continuance as a member. I made frequent trips to New York and often met some of the coin dealers—Mr. Prosky, Henry Charlton Adams, Albert R. Frey, Thomas Elder and others whose names escape me at this time.

I have had many active interests in my lifetime. At various times I have made collections of objects nearest to hand. For instance, I made and disposed of several collections of postage stamps, some of them quite extensive; a collection of fossils, acquired when a tutor prescribed for me outdoor activity. And when I was obliged to spend a year in Colorado Springs I made a collection of some hundreds of mineral specimens, chosen chiefly for their beauty. Still later, I collected some thousands of specimens of Indian artifacts, which are now in the Illinois State Collection. I also accumulated some 3000 books, which were fine as long as they stayed in one place, but several moves found them unwieldy to handle. I also tried to collect etchings. However, of all my interests, I derived the greatest satisfaction from the collecting and studying of coins and medals. Each coin seemed to furnish the inspiration for speculation on phases of art, history, geography, ancient and modern. I never cared in the least for the intrinsic or speculative value of what I collected. To me an obscure Greek coin might mean days of research in trying to gain information about the place of its origin or its ruler. The symbols used by communities to indicate their deities or their commercial interests were a never-ending source of education and speculation. My collection of Roman coins furnished me with a gallery of portraits of some of the vilest beings who ever disgraced the earth. There are a small minority who were truly great, as Marcus Aurelius and Constantine I. Then I became interested in the mint marks on the bronze coins of the latter days of the Roman Empire, especially those of the period from 284 A. D. to 450 A. D. I wrote an article for *The Numismatist* called "Leaves from a Numismatist's Note Book," in which I described some hundreds of specimens in my collection, minted in England, France, Germany, Egypt, Greece, etc.

My collections have given me great pleasure and much information, and have proved real companions in what might have been lonely hours, and have furnished me many congenial and interesting contacts. I am indebted to Mr. Frank Ross and Mr. Rowold, of Kansas City, for trying to draw me "out of my shell," urging me to participate in their local meetings of H. A. N. A. by making me an honorary member of their society. About 1909 I was honored by the New York Numismatic Club with a life membership. I am touched and grateful for their kindness. I am also deeply touched and greatly honored by the action of my fellow members who tendered me an honorary membership in the American Numismatic Association, and I send affectionate greetings to them on its Fiftieth Anniversary.

(Accompanying photo. is by courtesy of T. James Clarke from his collection of photos. of A. N. A. ex-Presidents.)

A Message From President Hoffecker.

As the twenty-second President of the American Numismatic Association it is my privilege to hold office during the year in which the Fiftieth Anniversary of the founding of the American Numismatic Association falls. The Association has grown from a very modest and unpretentious start to the foremost organization of its kind. From reading the early numbers of *The Numismatist* in which the beginnings are recorded it is apparent that the early members did not know each other. It was not until the first convention had been held in Chicago in 1891 that the members met one another.

As a collector for many years it has always been a great pleasure to me



L. W. HOFFECKER

President of the A. N. A., 1939-1941.

to meet fellow-collectors. I have always enjoyed attending the conventions, and I have made many friends through my numismatic interests.

While the Association started without any financial troubles, through the diligence and choice of worthy officers, the funds of the Association are now something of importance, which the members and officers must use great care to preserve. It would be a shame if the funds of our Association were dissipated in a few years after having taken fifty years to accumulate them.

The work of this Association is far greater today than many of our older members realize who participated in its management twenty to thirty years ago. Our Association and our magazine are like a business, and must be watched with incessant care. It is a mistake for anyone to think that the Association is now so large that it can run itself.

In the course of years, as a Member of the Board of Governors and for two terms in office as President, I have been in constant contact with members of our Association throughout the country.

I have tried faithfully to give the Association my best efforts, and while I realize everyone cannot be satisfied, I think the majority of the members understand my position and feel that I have looked after their interests.

The chief need for our Association, considering its growth during the years, is to eliminate waste and red tape so that the business of the day can be handled with greater efficiency. The routine, which is very cumbersome, has some advantages, but a more modern method should be inaugurated.

I want to wish the Association much success for the next fifty years, and have confidence that the present and future members will preserve the ideals of the Association and also bring new ideas and plans in operation which will further the numismatic mission to which we aim our efforts.

In closing I want to take this opportunity to thank my friends everywhere for their cooperation during the time in which I held office.

L. W. HOFFECKER.

August 4, 1941.

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Duties Of The Register Of The Treasury.

By EDWARD G. DOLAN, Register.

At the present time the Register of the Treasury is charged with the final audit and custody of all retired United States securities, and in addition conducts the final audit and has custody of retired securities of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, Federal Housing Authority, Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, Commodity Credit Corporation, United States Housing Authority, and the consolidated obligations of the Federal Home Loan Banks and the Federal Land Banks.

In 1891 William S. Rosecrans was the Register of the Treasury. At that time the Register of the Treasury had charge of the issue and entry of all United States bonds; kept account of all receipts and expenditures of public monies and all debts due to and from the Government; transferred ownership of registered bonds from one person to another and issued new bonds upon surrender of old bonds; had custody, preservation and handling of public file of accounts and papers; countersigned the money of the United States.

The Register canceled certificates of the registry of vessels. He had charge of converting coupon bonds into registered bonds when conversion was desired; received, entered and filed, with accompanying vouchers and other papers, all reports of accounts and statements made by the First Comptroller and Commissioner of Customs; and the quarterly statements of the Treasury, War, Navy, Interior, and Postoffice departments upon requisitions of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Register had charge of all issues, redemptions and exchanges of registered and coupon bonds; the keeping of accounts with all holders of registered United States bonds, and the preparation of interest schedules to enable the Treasurer of the United States to pay quarterly and semi-annually the interest on the various registered loans, and he was also custodian of the redeemed and canceled registered bonds, and the unissued registered and coupon bonds.

* * *

Wanted.

In none of the papers left by Dr. George F. Heath does there appear anything like a secretary's report of the organization meeting of the A. N. A. This meeting received only brief mention in The Numismatist in the issue following its organization. This may be due to the fact that The Numismatist was not at that time the official organ. If such a paper is still in existence it would be a valuable addition to our Library. If anyone knows of its whereabouts we would appreciate word to that effect.

Recollections Of A Charter Member.

By **CHARLES T. TATMAN**, Worcester, Mass., **First Secretary Of The A. N. A.**

For some time prior to the formation of the American Numismatic Association I had conducted a coin department in a monthly magazine entitled *Plain Talk*, published in New York City. Dr. George F. Heath of Monroe, Mich., was publishing a monthly, called *The Numismatist*.

Dr. Heath and I had correspondence by mail with reference to the organization of a society, and we agreed that a suitable name would be "American Numismatic Association." The idea of forming such an organization was published simultaneously in *The Numismatist* and in *Plain Talk* in 1891.

I tried to get Dr. Heath to accept the office of President, but he declined, and he was influential in securing the election and the consent to serve of Mr. William G. Jerrems, Jr., of Chicago.

I became the first secretary, and as such it was my duty to publish the constitution and by-laws, which I did in the form of a neat little pamphlet labeled "Official Publication No. 1." Funds to defray the expense of printing came from nineteen advertisers. The pamphlet contained also a list of officers and a numbered list of the sixty-one charter members, of whom Dr. Heath was No. 1, I was No. 2 (and still am), and Mr. Jerrems was No. 3.

In the fall of 1891 I became a student in the Harvard Law School. My duties there compelled me to resign the secretaryship.

My collecting of coins started when I was a young boy. I was active for a good many years, but my duties as a practicing lawyer finally drove my coin collecting into the background. However, I have traveled a good deal, and in my travels I have always picked up some pieces to add to my collection. As I have expressed several times, while I am not as active a collector as I once was, I keep my collection, and if I get on to the subject of coins I am as crazy as ever.

A good part of the history which I know is fixed in my mind through my coins. Certainly there can be no more enjoyable or informing hobby.

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The General Secretaries Of The A. N. A., 1891-1941.

By **M. VERNON SHELTON**, Present General Secretary.

Fifty years of A. N. A. secretarial numismatics have passed. Still in the living memory of the first Secretary, Charles T. Tatman, rests its early organization beginning. Only a handful of our first publication, Constitution and By-Laws of The American Numismatic Association—Official Publication No. 1—remain as silent exponents of this office's first and enduring efforts.

In those beginning years there must have been a very mutual and personal understanding that tied a group of enthusiasts in one common endeavor. That their sincerity and early construction in organized fellowship for numismatic enlightenment was sound and well chosen is proof-in-fact of our half century of history.

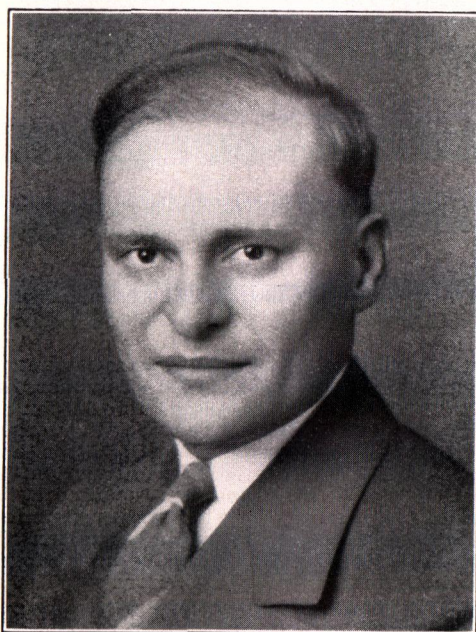
While Mr. Tatman must have personally known and carried on the correspondence of business in longhand, his must have been in the intimate and more personal manner. His equipment was simple and wholly effective to this founding group of sixty-one Charter Members. Today, following the years of expanding growth, with numismatic history rich in accomplishment, the A. N. A. now must function in business as must every large society with diverse activities. Stationery is purchased by the thousand lot; mail oft-time runs into the hundreds of pieces received and sent in a single day. Mass production methods must be used with as little loss of personal touch and contact as can be kept in the communications. Taking it all in all, it is a delight to realize this office is only one small step in the progress necessary in the growth of a worth-while hobby, and one of genuine science with a history as old as man.

A great tribute is owed numismatics by those who get and take so much from it, simply by putting so much effort and study into it. It is in that light I reach back, as it were, across the half century to greet and shake the hand of Mr. Charles T. Tatman, first Secretary of the A. N. A.



CHARLES T. TATMAN

First Secretary of the A. N. A.



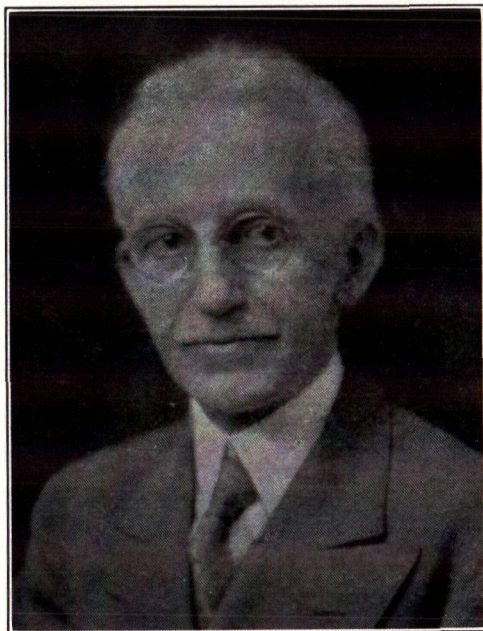
M. VERNON SHELDON

Present General Secretary of the A. N. A.

Farran Zerbe.

While there are many numismatic names which have assumed considerable importance during the past half century, there is perhaps none more intimately associated with the American Numismatic Association than that of Farran Zerbe.

Farran Zerbe has a triple claim to numismatics. As a collector and traveler, he succeeded in bringing together a most extensive collection of types of money. As a prominent numismatist, his activities brought him to the helm of the American Numismatic Association, serving as its President (the seventh) from 1907 to 1909, during one of its most critical periods. As publisher and owner of *The Numismatist*, he is the only private person to have owned the magazine, with the exception of the Doctor who founded it and from whose estate it was acquired.



FARRAN ZERBE

Historian of the A. N. A. and Publisher of *The Numismatist*, 1909-1910.

Mr. Zerbe and Howland Wood, then Secretary of the Association, immediately took over the publication of *The Numismatist* upon the unexpected and sudden death of Dr. Heath in June, 1908. Together they published the magazine. Early in 1909 Mr. Zerbe assumed the burden alone. The New York Convention of 1910 voted that the Association own its publication. Subsequently, through the generosity of W. W. C. Wilson, a prominent Canadian collector and then Vice-President of the Association, *The Numismatist* was purchased from Mr. Zerbe and donated to the Association.

In traveling with his exhibit from coast to coast for a period of many years, Mr. Zerbe was able to spread the name of the American Numismatic Association far and wide. Mr. Zerbe was also active in the founding of popular numismatic groups in New York and in California. The name of Farran Zerbe is known wherever coins are mentioned.

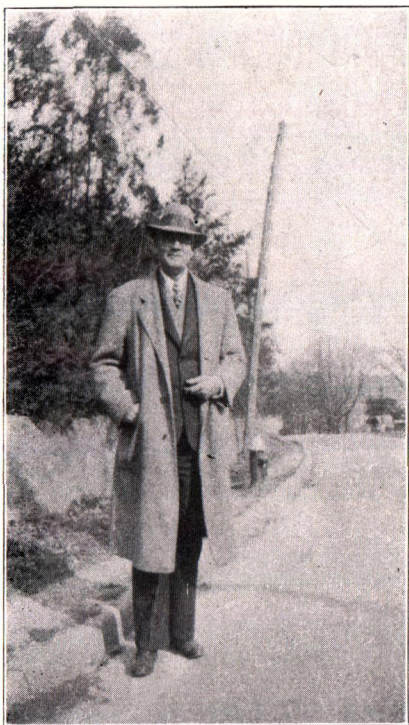
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An A. N. A. Member Is Entitled To Wear The Emblem. Buy One Today.

In Retrospect.

By **THOMAS L. ELDER, A. N. A. 140, Pleasantville, N. Y.**

The Fiftieth Anniversary of the American Numismatic Association is indeed an event to be commemorated. As one of the oldest living members, having joined about 1896, I can think back numismatically for that entire half century of numismatic beginnings, of its experiences and of its progress. For numismatics has made progress. The astounding number of new numismatic clubs and societies which have sprung up during the last twenty-five years verifies that. It was my honor to found the New York Numismatic Club. F. C. Higgins, A. R. Frey and myself got the idea of holding a meeting early in 1907 in New York City, and it was done. That was 34 years ago.



THOMAS L. ELDER

Dean of American Dealers.

Numismatic progress is apt to continue, barring a further world convulsion or upheaval over here. With all my claims to long membership I am not yet 67 years old, able to stand up straight and to eat a good meal. I still like coins.

Several points stand out. All of the big collectors do not live today. There are indeed a few of them, and a great many good numismatists, but many of the numismatically great belonged to the rather dim past of say twenty-five to fifty years ago. The Parmeleees, the Bushnells, the Stickneys and the two Smiths were examples worth citing; also those indefatigable numismatists, S. Hudson and Henry Chapman, profound lovers of coins and well versed in numismatics. Their dignified style of cataloguing will be missed. Some new innovations may not be recorded as improvements.

The period from, say, 1892 to 1925 was what one might call the golden age of coin collecting here, for the reason that we had more enthusiastic big collectors alive then. True we have many more coin collectors today, but I do not favor the decided trend among them to date collecting and the overemphasizing of the importance of small coins, or coins of small value and denomination. If this helps numismatics, well and good, only I do not believe such collecting marks the Alpha and Omega of coin collecting, because

it does not and never will. Nor will its intellectual rewards be great, though it furnish recreation and relaxation. A coin of Brutus points to history and notable events. The issuance of a small cent in 1941 does not. Nor does it contribute one iota to mental improvement or esthetic beauty.

There are a number of fields and numismatic opportunities beckoning to the new collector. One of these is the neglected token and medal field. These branches, even the American series, are most important and I predict will gain many new recruits, as they deserve.

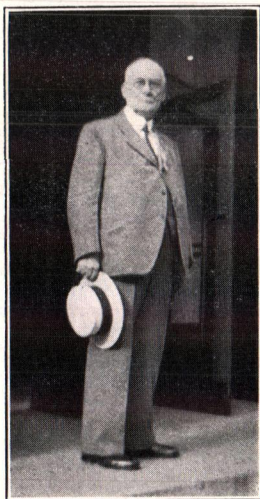
Our Colonial and Continental series is large and varied, presents an attractive and instructive field and should be better patronized.

As a member for forty-five years I salute the Association and its members on this notable occasion, the Fiftieth Anniversary.

George H. Blake.

A. N. A. Treasurer Since 1922.

George H. Blake has been the Treasurer of the American Numismatic Association continuously since 1922. He has watched the funds of the Association constantly accumulate, and has maintained the several accounts for almost twenty years without the correction of any figure by the auditing committees of the Association. Mr. Blake has been a member of the A. N. A. since 1907.



GEORGE H. BLAKE

A. N. A. Treasurer.

Known to almost every collector of United States paper money in the country, Mr. Blake has specialized in this series for many years. In 1908 he published "United States Paper Money," which is still a standard authority, since many of the facts there first published have never been published elsewhere.

Mr. Blake has held the office of Treasurer for the Association longer than any of the previous incumbents.

In the course of his Treasurership there have been few changes, with the exception of the placing of the funds and of the creation of the Life Membership Fund.

It is hoped that Mr. Blake will be able to serve the Association for many more years. (Photo. by W. Ray Carpenter, New York City.)

* * *

The Memorial To Dr. Heath.

The granite stone bearing a bronze tablet erected on the Heath lot in Woodland Cemetery, Monroe, Mich., shown on the opposite page, was the gift of about 200 members of the A. N. A., through contributions, but was given in the name of the A. N. A. The bronze tablet reads: "George Francis Heath, M. D. 1850—1908. Founder of American Numismatic Association, 1891, by Whom This Tablet Is Placed. 1925." This mark of affection was made possible largely through the efforts of the late Moritz Wormser, at that time President of the A. N. A. The dedication ceremonies were held on Sunday, August 23, 1925, in connection with the Detroit Convention in that year, and were attended by many members of the Association, relatives and old friends of the family in Monroe.



WHERE DR. HEATH DIED

A winter view of the Home of Dr. Heath at the time of his death.
It is 519 South Washington St., Monroe, Mich.

* * *



THE HEATH GRAVE IN WOODLAND CEMETERY

This Photograph was taken on Memorial Day, 1941, and Shows the Wreath Placed That Day.

(Each year on Memorial Day the A. N. A., through the Detroit Coin Club, places a wreath on Dr. Heath's grave. This year Russell W. Stehfest, District Secretary for Michigan, acting for the Club, performed this service.)

THE NUMISMATIST

Registered in U. S. Patent Office.

Founded 1888 by Dr. George F. Heath.

OFFICIAL MAGAZINE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION.

Publication Office: Federalsburg, Md.

FRANK G. DUFFIELD, Bus. Mgr. and Editor, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.
DAVID M. BULLOWA, Assistant Editor, 10 West 86th St., New York City.

An Illustrated Monthly, devoted to Coins, Medals and Paper Money.

All Manuscripts should be sent to the Editor not later than the 10th of each month to insure publication in the next issue.

The Numismatist will be published promptly on the 1st of each month.

Yearly Subscription, United States, \$3.00. Foreign, \$3.50. Canada, \$3.25. Trial Subscription, First Six Months, \$1.50. Sample copies and back numbers (when on hand), 30c. Subscriptions are entered to begin with the first issue following receipt.

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One page	16.00	42.50	83.00	153.00
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Copy for advertisements must be received by the **15th of the month** to insure insertion in the following month's issue.

All matters pertaining to advertising should be addressed to, and all checks, money orders, etc., made payable to F. G. Duffield, Business Manager, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md.

1891-1941.

The American Numismatic Association.

With this Golden Jubilee Issue of The Numismatist we observe the Fiftieth Anniversary of the American Numismatic Association.

Fifty years is a considerable span of time. For an even half century the Association has prospered. What have been the purposes, what the obstacles, and what the objectives gained? More significant, what is the prospect for the future?

The Association was formed in 1891 to unite the group of serious numismatic students who believed that through an Association their mutual interests might better be protected. There is no doubt that the Association has served a vital purpose during the past half century in defending the rights of the numismatic fraternity and keeping the numismatic science upon the highest possible plane.

With the twoscore and ten milestone in the shadow, the Association can well thank its founder, Dr. George F. Heath, and the many others who co-operated through the years to foster and protect it. Today, financially secure, with a membership roster of several thousand serious numismatists located in all parts of the United States and abroad; a Congressional Charter; a library of a good many hundred important numismatic books; an out-

standing collection of modern coins in the Moritz Wormser Memorial Loan Exhibition in the Smithsonian Institution; publisher of a monthly magazine which it controls, and with that pre-eminent feature that it is the only organization of its kind in the world devoted exclusively to the numismatic hobby.

The future is bright for the American Numismatic Association if it can retain for the next half century in its official family the type of devoted and self-sacrificing collectors who have in the past served it so faithfully.

Numismatics cannot be perpetually upon the upswing, yet with the proper attention given to the training of the new generation which must ultimately take over, it is reasonable to assume that the American Numismatic Association will continue to grow, in itself a measure of success, but in the final analysis the American Numismatic Association can best justify itself by the way in which it contributes to make the lives of the members, if not of all of those with whom it comes in contact, fuller, richer and better. With this mission of good works as its pilot, in the difficult years ahead, the American Numismatic Association is assured a "safe conduct" with the present and future numismatists of America.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Bolivia has issued a 50-centavo coin in nickel alloy, dated 1939. The coins are similar to the 5 and 10 centavo values which the country has had coined since 1902. The designs are exactly the same as the coin reported in the August issue, which is a reversion to the old type, in so far as a new modernistic design had been released in the 10-centavo denomination in 1937.



The new coins appear to be the same size as the old silver 50 centavos which was coined as late as 1909.

The new coins show upon the obverse a large caduceus with the value "50 C" below the winged staff. Below the value are crossed branches of olive and laurel. Above the value is "Cincuenta Centavos." The date, 1939, appears at the base. The reverse has the arms of Bolivia in the center, with the name surrounding, "Republica de Bolivia." Below, in the border, are nine five-pointed stars, representing the eight departments and one territory of which the Republic is comprised.

The arms of Bolivia are elliptical. The center shows the mountain of Potosi, symbolizing the actual and potential mineral wealth of Bolivia. At the right is an alpaca (or llama, of the wool-bearing sheep family), a sheaf of wheat, and a bread-fruit tree. In the upper left-hand portion the rising sun is depicted.

The new coins measure 30mm. in diameter.

The new coinage for Bolivia is not surprising, in so far as there has been coined very little for this nation since 1919, with the exception of the 1937 modernistic 10 centavos and the reissue of the old type 10 centavos dated 1939. The majority of the business in Bolivia is effected with the use of paper money. The paper boliviano is currently worth about two cents U. S. (Courtesy New Netherlands Coin Co.).

Many countries now have two types of foreign exchange: Controlled, and free. Often there is as much as 30 per cent. difference between the two.

THE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION'S FUNDS.

We should like to inquire how the members would feel about the following undertaking for the Association:

Acquire the site of the First U. S. Mint.

Reconstruct a replica of the First U. S. Mint Building.

Maintain this building as a national numismatic shrine.

We put this forward only as a suggestion of a practical concrete way in which the Association may establish itself permanently. It would thus furnish a home and an official center about which the Association might center a portion of its attention.

The maintenance of such a shrine is not a simple matter. It is not one into which the Association should plunge without considerable thought of the responsibilities. Yet a national organization, operating under a Federal Charter, might well consider such a plan. It is in no wise contrary to our original purpose, and we believe it might prove to be a patriotic and a numismatic undertaking which would reconstruct and preserve this historic site for posterity.

SHOULD A. N. A. CONVENTIONS BE SHORTENED.

The question has often been broached whether the Association has ample time in its annual business meetings, totaling only ten hours in the aggregate, to review the ground of the entire previous year, as well as to formulate plans for the forthcoming term. It is true that the Association does approximately three-quarters of its business by mail, both inter-office and with the members or the public, yet it seems that the remaining twenty-five per cent. of the Association's affairs give more than adequate source material to occupy the time of a four-day convention, which actually is boiled down to only ten hours of meeting time.

In the event that the Convention would consider lengthening the sessions from two hours to three hours, it is quite possible that the number of days could be reduced. We should like to see at future conventions some time devoted either on the regular program or by optional attendance for numismatic discussions, open forums, or for the reading of papers.

V FOR VICTORY, VERSUS V FOR V CENTS.

A letter recently appeared in the Baltimore Sun recommending that the old V nickel, coined between 1883 and 1912, be again placed in circulation to spread the campaign throughout the land of the use of the V symbol. On the very same day the paper replied to the suggestion through its editorial column, and made the excellent suggestion that a compromise be reached by keeping Jefferson upon the obverse, but coupling it with the V reverse used for thirty years. The suggestion was also made that the money that might be expended in a lavish celebration of Jefferson's birth be used for defense purposes, and thus, without expense, let the Jefferson V nickel be made into a commemorative issue, bearing the date of his birth serve this purpose. The chief objections to the Jefferson nickel now being coined are almost entirely centered about the reverse. The Baltimore Sun's plan would remove this objection and make coinage a vehicle of national defense. There is no more worthy cause, and we hope that, despite official restrictions regarding a change in design for our regular coinage denominations, a legal loophole may be seen, in so far as the present suggestion is not a change, but a restoration of a previously approved type.

CONFEDERATE PAPER MONEY PRICE-LIST SUPPLEMENT.

Mention was made in our August issue of the publication of a work, "Basic Classification and Listing of C. S. A. Paper Money." A price-list supplement of this work has just been issued by the author, P. H. Chase, Bala-Cynwyd, Pa. It gives the value of C. S. A. notes in fine condition. There is also a cross-index to the Bradbeer and Chase numbers.

COINAGE FOR AUGUST, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during August, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

Silver—	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Half Dollars	\$1,460,854.50	\$1,125,000.00	\$789,200.00
Quarter dollars	859,427.25	.....	.....
Dimes	1,747,120.60	.....	465,000.00
Five-cent nickels	460,340.00	96,500.00	171,500.00
One-cent bronze	1,032,448.00	156,000.00	124,500.00

Coinage executed for foreign Governments:

At Philadelphia Mint—Netherlands East Indies, silver, .720 fine, 25 cents, 2,688,000 pieces; 10 cents, 4,000,000 pieces.

At San Francisco Mint—Netherlands East Indies, silver .720 fine, 10 cents, 10,310,000 pieces.

CUMULATIVE MINT REPORT ENDED AUGUST, 1941.

(Figures given are for all three mints, and show total number of pieces coined for domestic purposes.)

Half dollars	25,002,557
Quarters	51,833,357
Dimes	146,522,414
Nickels	190,411,720
Cents	540,267,600
Total	954,037,648

NUMISMATICS IN THE DEFENSE PROGRAM.

We are happy to be able to report that numismatics and national defense have a definite connection. Through the courtesy of Major P. O. Sigler, a member of the A. N. A., we have received a news item and picture regarding his activities. The picture shows Major Sigler, of Washington, D. C., showing to a group of officers' children at the post school, at Fort Belvoir, Virginia, a number of rare coins in his collection.

Major Sigler has specialized in historic monies of the world for many years and has a fine collection, as well as of numismatic books. Major Sigler showed the children at the Post School a number of early Roman coins, one with a likeness of an American Indian, lending credence to the theory that the American Indians are descendants of Asiatic tribes who crossed the Bering Strait into Alaska.

Major Sigler is Judge Advocate of the post at Fort Belvoir, Va.

RE. \$10,000 FOR A COLUMBIAN HALF DOLLAR.

The brief in the September issue of The Numismatist may leave a wrong impression with some. The real facts may well be retold and would be information for late-day collectors. I believe you will find the story in The Numismatist.

I have no references at hand, but as I remember, a writing machine company, due for a substantial subscription for the Columbian Exposition, made it in the purchase of the first Columbian half dollar (minted or sold?) for \$10,000. The publicity associated was a boost for the general sale of the coins, and the purchasing company later reported the free advertising it received was worth more than the amount paid.

F. Z.

Numismatics as a hobby is as interesting as you make it for yourself.

The Entertainment Features Of The Jubilee Convention

**With Some
Close-Up Views
Of The Participants**

Perhaps it was the delightful weather; perhaps it was the large attendance; perhaps it was the smooth-running details by the convention committees of the Philadelphia Coin Club, or perhaps it was the absence of friction at the business sessions—it may have been all these combined that made everyone feel that the A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia, August 16 to 21, was the most enjoyable affair of the kind they have ever attended. Our guess is that the one thing that contributed most to its success and large attendance was the fact that it commemorated the Fiftieth Anniversary of the founding of the A. N. A. Add this to all the other reasons and you have the answer.

There is no question that the Golden Jubilee played a prominent part in the success of the affair, for it was introduced at various times in the business sessions and was the predominant feature at the banquet.

Another fact that stood out prominently was the very large number present for their first convention. Fully one half of the attendance was made up of those who were strangers to the old-timers and frequent convention goers. The East was largely represented, with the Central States a close second.

The get-acquainted session on Saturday evening was held in the Crystal Room of the hotel, as were the business sessions and the banquet. The get-acquainted phase of the evening was unnecessary. Nearly everybody knew everybody else by the time President Leatherman of the Philadelphia Coin Club called the gathering to order and introduced Secretary Patterson, who acted as announcer and said that the entertainment would be made up mostly of moving pictures.

First he introduced representatives of the Treasury Department, who showed the films "Making Our Paper Money" and "Know Your Money." Both of these films have been shown before coin clubs and other organizations, but they are always interesting, even on a second showing, and of course entirely new to the isolated members.

The second pictures shown were taken by Samuel A. Tatnall, vice-president of the Philadelphia Coin Club, on a recent trip to the Canadian Northwest. They were a revelation to most of us who have never been fortunate enough to visit that section. The photographs were taken in the neighborhood of Banff and Lake Louise, in the Canadian Rockies, and were in technicolor. Mr. Tatnall acted as narrator for the films.

Light refreshments were served after the showing of the pictures.

The local committee did not tie the visitors to any fixed program for Sunday, but suggested church services in the morning and outlined trips for groups wishing to visit several of the historic spots within walking distance of the hotel. A number of groups were formed and, led by guides, visited Independence Hall and the Liberty Bell, Congress Hall, Christ Church, where Washington, Franklin and other patriots worshipped; the Betsy Ross House, where she made the first American flag, and Franklin's grave. Returning to the hotel they passed the site of the First U. S. Mint, on North Seventh street, which is marked by a bronze tablet.

On Monday afternoon the program called for a trip to Valley Forge, about twenty miles northwest of Philadelphia. Five busses conveyed the party to this historic spot associated with Philadelphia's part in the Revolutionary War. The park has about 1500 acres, and the points of interest are widely separated, so it did not seem feasible to make many stops. Guides boarded the busses as we entered the park and pointed out the many interesting spots. The first and principal stop was at Washington's Headquarters, at the extreme end of the park, where an opportunity was given to inspect the old

farmhouse used by Washington during the severe winter of 1777-1778. On the return trip a stop was made at Memorial Chapel, erected through the efforts of Rev. Herbert Burke, an Episcopalian minister. Adjoining the chapel is Valley Forge Museum, containing many interesting relics. Behind the chapel hangs a carillon, on which the lady operator rendered several hymns and patriotic melodies, including the "Star-Spangled Banner," for the entertainment of the group.

In the late afternoon the busses were headed for Oreland and the clubhouse of the Manufacturers Country Club, to which James G. Macallister, well-known dealer and member of the Philadelphia Coin Club, had invited all members and their friends to be his guests for dinner. A half hour was given for inspection of the beautiful grounds and clubhouse before he asked them into the dining room. Something like 250 guests to dinner was quite an order, but "Mac" and the facilities of the club were equal to the occasion. It was a tired but happy crowd that stepped from the busses at the hotel while the night was still in its infancy.

Tuesday's schedule was so full that it looked as if we would be out of luck if we did not keep-up with the procession. First of all, there was the official photograph to be taken on adjournment of the business session. And when 12 o'clock came the showers that had kept us on edge all morning had passed over and this ordeal was soon passed. It was taken on the roof of the hotel and was the largest A. N. A. group ever photographed.

A hasty lunch was eaten and 1.30 o'clock found the five busses ready for the trip to the mint. This was expected to be one of the highlights of the entertainment—and it was. It was rumored that large groups are no longer permitted to make tours of the mint. But some one must have seen somebody else and told them who we were, for all the doors swung easily at our approach. Small groups were formed and each placed in charge of an armed guard, who escorted us through the various rooms and departments of this wonderful building. We passed among the workmen and workwomen, asked them questions, got intelligent and courteous replies, and saw coins in all processes of manufacture from the room where the metal is melted to the room where the finished coins are placed in sacks for shipment. There were a few rooms barred to us, but these were in the parts of the building now undergoing extensive repairs and improvements.

The evening was devoted to the convention auction sale of coins conducted by Ira S. Reed, Philadelphia dealer. The coins had been on display in the Bourse room until the sale, and all had an opportunity to examine them. It was reported that good prices were obtained for all the lots, as practically everything in the sale was in choice condition.

While the men were busy at the sale the ladies attended a nearby motion-picture show.

An opportunity was given on Wednesday afternoon to visit some of Philadelphia's interesting points not strictly historic. These included the Philadelphia Savings Fund Society Building, Evening Bulletin, City Hall, Academy of Fine Arts, the Art Museum and Franklin Institute. Guides were provided for small groups, but most of the members preferred to do their sight-seeing individually or in small parties.

The closing entertainment feature was the banquet on Wednesday evening. An A. N. A. banquet is remembered after almost all other convention details have been forgotten, and the Fiftieth Anniversary dinner was second to none of its predecessors. As we gathered at the tables a patriotic note was sounded by a male quartet, through the courtesy of Strawbridge & Clothier (department store), with Mel Spooner, director of musical programs at Station WFIL, at the organ. This quartet rendered some patriotic melodies, concluding with the "Star-Spangled Banner," just before we were seated. While the latter was being sung by the quartet, and in which the members joined, a spotlight was thrown on a darkened end of the room, revealing the Stars and Stripes, its folds waving in the breeze.

Ira S. Reed, one of the Philadelphia Coin Club's active committeemen for the convention, was toastmaster. He called upon a number of members for short addresses—some of them seemed almost too short—most of them relating in some way to the Fiftieth Anniversary. Among them were the

following: Mr. Schick, secretary of the Philadelphia Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Philadelphia; President Hofferker, President-Elect Ferguson, Farran Zerbe, D. C. Wismer and Mrs. J. M. Henderson. Mr. Reed then introduced several of the chairmen of convention committees of the Philadelphia Coin Club, to whom much of the credit for the success of the convention was due. These included Messrs. Windner, Moss, Tatnall, Norris, Patterson, Leatherman, Davidson and Miss Davis. He then introduced, as a group, the six ex-Presidents of the A. N. A. present, and, as another group, the presidents of local clubs. He also stated that within the next few days two members would celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversaries and introduced Mr. and Mrs. George J. Bauer, of Rochester, N. Y. and Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Duffield, of Baltimore, Md.

At the guests' table was Edwin H. Dressel, Superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint, who responded to an introduction.

The guest speaker was Dr. C. William Duncan, publicist and lecturer, official interviewer for the Evening Public Ledger. His remarks were on "People Who Are in the Headlines."

Souvenirs distributed to the ladies included boxes of candy and copies of the pendant of the convention badge with a pin attached to the back.

Index Medal Awarded At Convention

A limited edition of seven silver and one copper medal were prepared by J. Henri Ripstra, former President of the A. N. A. and now member of the Board of Governors, upon resolution of the Detroit Convention which authorized that medals be struck to commemorate the publication of the Fifty-Year Index and that the following persons receive them:



Frank G. Duffield, chairman; David M. Bullowa, William S. Dewey, Lewis M. Reagan, Max M. Schwartz, M. Vernon Sheldon, Joseph Silverman.

The single copper specimen was prepared for the A. N. A. cabinet.

The obverse of the medal shows the portrait of the Association's founder, Dr. Geo. F. Heath, and the reverse bears the inscription: "Presented by the American Numismatic Association to the Committee for Preparing the Numismatist Index (recipients name engraved) 1940." The presentation of the medals was made by J. Henri Ripstra, who engraved the reverse die of the medal. An Index medal is illustrated herewith. The Numismatist Index covers Volumes 1 to 51, issued in the period 1888 to 1938. The publication of the Index in 1940 required two years of manuscript preparation, which was under the immediate supervision of Prof. Lewis M. Reagan, A. N. A. Director of Publicity, who received, in partial recognition of his efforts, a life membership in the Association by resolution of the convention in 1940. Mr. Duffield, editor of The Numismatist, to whom the Index was gratefully dedicated, served as chairman of the Index Committee and had complete charge of the printing of the Index.

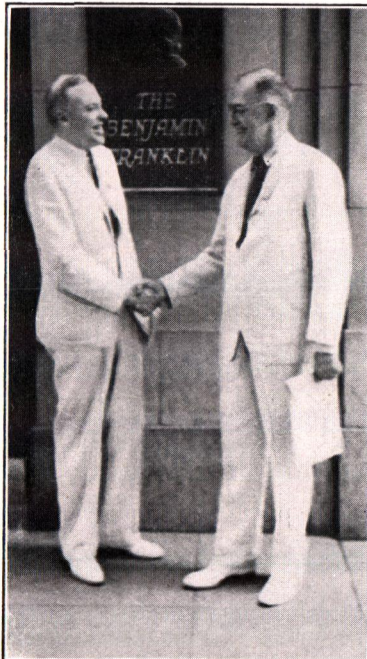
Well-Known Numismatists Honored By The A. N. A.

The American Numismatic Association, at its convention in Philadelphia, honored three well-known numismatists. D. C. Wismer, Hatfield, Pa., was

made an Honorary Member of the Association in recognition of his outstanding contributions to the science of numismatics in the paper money division.

Dr. John M. Henderson, Columbus, Ohio, was honored with an Honorary Membership in the Association. Dr. Henderson has been attending A. N. A. conventions for many years and is well known to convention-goers. His participation as President in the affairs of the Association at the time the Federal Charter was granted, through the good efforts of another Ohioan, Congressman Ashbrook, earned for Dr. Henderson this recognition.

Frank G. Duffield, editor of The Numismatist, of Baltimore, Md., was honored with a Life Membership in the Association in recognition of his efforts over a long period in serving the Association, as well as his remarkable record in producing The Numismatist continuously for over twenty-five years.



President Hoffecker congratulates
President-Elect Ferguson.



"The Fergusons"
Their popularity was universal.

Among the most pleasant surprises of the convention was the presence of Mr. and Mrs. Farran Zerbe. The Zerbes did not attend last year in Detroit, and their appearance at Philadelphia, coupled with Mr. Zerbe's remarks at the banquet, and his delightful remarks on the installation of the officers for the Jubilee Year, made all thankful for his good health, good spirits, and his ability to be on hand for the 1941 Convention, and we hope for many years more.

The Convention was very fortunate in several respects. The weather was as promised. The various guest speakers, from the city officials on the first day to the banquet's final guest speaker, were all of a most entertaining turn, so that none of the "remarks" dragged. All conventions have not always been thus, but we hope that this will prove to be the turning point for future Association conventions.

The trip to the Mint was probably the most popular of the attractions, yet unfortunately the preparation of the proof sets, the one thing the nu-

mismatic-minded wished to observe, could not be shown because of construction in that section of the building in the course of the enlarging of the mint's facilities to make it the world's largest money-making establishment from a production basis.

One of the real features of the convention was the excellent dinner furnished by James G. MacAllister, a Life Member of the Association, to the entire membership of the Association and their guests. It was indeed a memorable feast, the finest of everything having been served. The members will long remember it, and to those not known to the host personally we take upon their behalf this opportunity to express their and our appreciation for the thoughtful gesture, which added so much to the Philadelphia Convention's success.

Among those who did a great deal to make the Association's Jubilee Convention a real success, yet who did not attract any fanfare in the activity, are two members of the Philadelphia Club—Alfred D. Norris and Samuel



A Group on the Hotel Roof.

Left to Right—Leatherman, Tatman and Norris.

A. Tatnall. Both conducted their respective divisions with singular success and with remarkable diligence. Mr. Tatnall, in charge of registration, could be found at almost any hour at the registration desk, and Mr. Norris, who had charge of the exhibits, managed to spend a good deal of his time in the exhibit hall, devoting his efforts to the planning of exhibits and to the disposal of Bourse tables.

An outstanding job was done by Julius Windner in connection with the convention program and the convention medal, and we hope that he has found that the results were in some measure proportionate to the tremendous amount of energy and time he devoted to it.

The Bourse was active during the day, and possibly more so during the evenings. While activity was not as great in Philadelphia as it had been in Detroit, the number of Bourse tables sold by the committee was greater than heretofore. The convention will have a really fair Bourse when all

dealers or would-be dealers who take advantage of its opportunities are required to assume their share of the burden.

The future of numismatics seems rather well safeguarded, in view of Mrs. Brookes' plans for the future presentation of numismatics to teachers so that this hobby will be used in the schools. As further proof of this, David Bingham addressed the convention on the last day regarding the work which junior clubs are doing. Mr. Bingham and others in his group are assured of the cooperation of the Association in their work.

One of the reasons for the great success of the Philadelphia Convention was the work done by Vernon L. Brown, member of the Board of Governors of the A. N. A., who acted as liaison officer between the A. N. A. and the Philadelphia Coin Club, host to the Convention.

The business routine of the Convention was in many respects remarkable in view of the happy absence of any petty wrangling during the sessions. Credit for this must be given solely to Joseph Moss, chairman of the Resolutions Committee, who skillfully and with penetration guided the Association through its Jubilee Year Convention.



Group of Convention Ladies.

Left to Right—Mrs. Shelby, Mrs. Wooters,
Mrs. Arthur B. Kelley, Mrs. Macintosh and Mrs. Morris.

Exhibits at the convention were remarkable. The outstanding were the paper money displays of Messrs. Grinnell, Gettys, Philpott and Blake; pioneer gold of Messrs. Clarke, Boyd and Smith; Colonial coins of T. J. Clarke. These exhibits were outstanding for completeness and quality and the large number of major rarities shown.

The convention on several occasions was privileged to hear Mrs. J. M. Henderson speak. To those who have never heard the gracious delivery and memorable remarks of Mrs. Henderson, much has been missed. Mrs. Henderson's talents are outstanding, and to hear her is most stimulating.

It was a pleasant surprise to have in attendance at the Golden Jubilee Convention of the American Numismatic Association the first Secretary, Charles T. Tatman, of Worcester, Mass. Mr. Tatman held the office during the critical formative year of the Association in 1891, but had to relinquish the office because of other duties. While there are others surviving who

were active in the Association's cradle days, it was a particular pleasure to have Mr. Tatman circulating with the members at large during the Convention. Mr. Tatman's remarks were very much to the point, and it is hoped that he will attend many more of the Association's conventions.

One of those in attendance at the convention, was Frank H. Stewart, of Philadelphia, a member of the A. N. A. for many years. Mr. Stewart was the owner of the site and the first mint building erected by the U. S. Government. Mr. Stewart acquired the buildings, razed them and erected a modern building for his electrical business, and also wrote a volume on the history of the First United States Mint. During the razing of the building many old blanks and coins were found by Mr. Stewart, specimens which had presumably slipped between the timbers. We also located in Philadelphia a gentleman from Baltimore, who spoke of plans to reconstruct the first U. S. Mint upon the original site. It would seem to us that this would be a fitting undertaking for the American Numismatic Association—acquire the land and reconstruct a building which would be as close a replica of the original as possible. The American Numismatic Association would then have a true home, truly connected with the first coins struck by our Government. The maintenance of a shrine such as this would be very fitting for our Association.



Group of A. N. A. New Officers.

Front Row—Brown, Sheldon, Belt and Ripstra.

Back Row—Kortjohn, Ferguson and Reagan.

There was a showing of the lantern slides of coins, which are to be placed in the Association's Library, to be known as the Edward T. Newell Branch of Numismatic Learning, in honor of the great classical scholar who died early this year, George J. Bauer having suggested the title and fathered the resolution placing funds at the disposal of the Library to maintain and augment its slide collection.

Could the Association have three forums at the next Convention? Groups, in which there would be general discussions on ancient coins, on American coins, and on paper money. (Other topics if desired). There would be prominent authorities in each field to lead the group in discussing announced topics, on which there is a divergent opinion, and upon which some conclusion might be reached which could be presented to the entire collecting fraternity.

We suggest that next year's convention city club offer a prize to the individual who travelled the longest distance to attend.

On the final day of the Convention, when the test vote for the preference for the next Convention city is indicated, there didn't seem to be the usual partisanship. Few campaign banners were strung up and fewer political pins adjusted. A few "Cincinnati Next" clamps were distributed, and some of the ever-popular match covers, "Vas you efer in Zinzinnati?" Lacking entirely was the Rhode Island clam tag, which had been persistent.

It was a pleasure to hear Thomas W. Voetter make the official invitation speech on behalf of San Diego. Mr. Voetter also has claims to being one of the oldest Convention-goers present, having attended the 1892 Convention. Some day the Convention will go to San Diego, and we hope Mr. Voetter will be our genial host. He is the dean of the American Numismatic Association on the West Coast, and has served the A. N. A. in official capacity for a good many years.

If the 1942 Convention is operated on the \$5 plan, it will be indeed a welcome precedent which the Philadelphia Club established. New York in 1939 was the recent high, with Detroit following closely. Philadelphia agreed to lower the tariff, but not a word was said in the 1941 invitation speeches on that subject! Rising costs? Must be!

The American Numismatic Association Convention can either establish a young club on its feet, or else have it act like algae and become two clubs. We should like to see the convention held some time in a community where there is a young club. It will stimulate collecting locally enormously—far more in proportion than in a large city.

The Convention auction saw some very fine prices realized for some choice numismatic material. It seems that the old saying is still true: "Good coins bring coin prices, when times are good."

One of the remarkable observations which one may make at the conventions of the Association is to note the various groups which members form, and which seem to continue without change through the years. One can almost mark the "paper money trust," as one can also spot token collectors. They walk together, they talk together, and they often eat together. There are many other groups, but the "paper money trust," which breaks down into several sub-groups of the obsolete issues, colonial issues, and U. S. issues, is most popularly known.

Why didn't the Philadelphia Convention have a table where the public might secure reliable information about coins? This is one of the best methods used by the Detroit club to gain publicity, and we trust that future conventions will revive its use.

Ira S. Reed, the convention publicity chairman, secured the safety of all by carrying a revolver. Armed guards were also in the exhibition room and in the Bourse. Everyone felt safe.

The District Secretaries had a round-table conference, at which the reports of those present and those who were not present were read. Several good suggestions developed from it, and the exchange of ideas in this fashion is commendable. Why not have that an early order of business next year, so that the results may be reported to the convention on the succeeding days? We want to see the conventions improved from year to year; there is no necessity of following routine blindly if it serves no purpose.

The convention badge was an impression from the obverse (head of Franklin) die of the official convention medal before the final alterations were made. It was struck in golden bronze and attached to the bar pin by a light blue and orange ribbon.

Dealers having tables and cases in the Bourse were: Beebe Stamp and Coin Co., Chicago; Grant's Hobby Shop, Providence, R. I.; Henry Grunthal, New York City; Arthur B. Kelley, St. Louis, Mo.; James Kelly, Dayton, Ohio; Hollinbeck Stamp and Coin Stores, Des Moines, Iowa; A. Kosoff, New York City; Charles L. Morley, New York City; New Netherlands Coin Co., New York City; Numismatic Fine Arts, New York City; Elias Rassmussen, Minneapolis, Minn.; Ira S. Reed, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hans Schulman, New York City; F. K. Saab, St. Louis, Mo.; Smith & Son, Chicago, Ill.; Stack's, New York City; Tatham Stamp & Coin Co., Springfield, Mass.

The snapshots of conventionites in this issue were furnished by J. H. Morris, Jr., of Birmingham, Ala.

Philadelphia Convention Registration.

The following members and guests registered with the General Secretary at the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A., August 16 to 21, 1941.

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 Lafayette Fridy, Philadelphia, Pa.
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 James Iannarella, Philadelphia, Pa.



Upper—Left Half. OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF A. N. A. CONVENTION, PHILADELPHIA. Lower—Right Half.

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 Wm. E. Jones, Puyallup, Wash.
 J. H. Judd, Omaha, Neb.
 S. J. Kabealo, Columbus, Ohio.
 A. M. Kagin, Des Moines, Iowa.
 Sol Kaplan, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 S. G. Kasberg, Indianapolis, Ind.
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 James Kelly, Dayton, Ohio.
 Wm. R. Kelly, Philadelphia, Pa.
 E. A. King, Pittsburgh, Pa.
 E. L. Kneisly, Reading, Pa.
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 A. Kosoff, New York City.
 Leonard Kusterer, Bridgeport, Conn.
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 John Zurn, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Convention Exhibits.

The exhibits were not as numerous as at several recent conventions. On the surface this appeared to be due to the popularity of the Bourse in an adjoining room. In the past, dealers have been accustomed to make an exhibit of a portion of their stock of coins, even though no sales were permitted in the exhibit room. But it has been established that many collectors come to conventions to buy coins. The Bourse supplies this demand, and coins that were to be seen in the cases in the exhibit room at previous conventions were in the dealers' cases in the Bourse, where selling was permitted. Following is an almost complete list of the exhibits (the names of the exhibitors being arranged alphabetically):

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Representative exhibit of publications of the Society. Recent monographs and studies. Medals issued by the society. Medals issued with portraits of the late E. T. Newell, president, and Howland Wood, the late curator.

Joseph Barnet, New York City—Set of 14 gold pieces of 1907; set of 15 gold pieces of 1908. Double eagles, 1931-1932. Quarter eagles from 1802 to 1929. Foreign gold dollars of Europe and South America. Nine different

types of fac-simile slugs from the P.-P. I. E. Half eagle of 1911 with head enameled in different colors. Set of commemorative gold.

George H. Blake, Jersey City, N. J.—Fifty-four gold coins of modern times, approximately the size of a \$5 gold piece, and representing almost every section of the world. \$1 1862 legal-tender note No. 1. A sterling silver menu of a complimentary dinner tendered the officers of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank in New York, April 10, 1916. Two uncirculated \$5 notes issued by the Chemical Bank of New York in 1858 and 1859. A bank note issued by the First National Bank of Philadelphia whose charter number is 1. A \$5 note dated May 1, 1847, issued by Merchants and Manufacturers Bank of Pittsburgh and signed by Tom Scott, president, who afterward was president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. A 5-cent note issued by the Bank of North America, Philadelphia.

M. H. Bolender, Freeport, Ill.—Two hundred and fifty varieties, types and patterns of United States silver dollars, including 125 varieties before 1804, many of them uncirculated, and 45 different pattern dollars.

F. C. C. Boyd, New York City—Mr. Boyd's exhibit attracted much attention, both on account of the number of specimens shown and their present market value. He showed 155 coins of the Territorial or private coinage of North Carolina, Georgia and Far West. It is impossible to give here a list of the coins shown, but it is safe to say that the exhibit contained practically every known variety of this rather extensive series. Quite a number of the coins are in metals other than gold. In addition to this series he showed specimens of Panama-Pacific Exposition \$50 gold, round and octagonal. British Columbia, 1862, \$20 in gold, also in silver, and the \$10 in silver. Australia, Port Phillip, 1853, 1 ounce and $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce, both in proof.

Vernon L. Brown, New York City—An exhibit portraying the American eagle on our coins and notes—17 coins and 9 notes. New issues of China, Japan, Hongkong (one-cent note), Malaya, Ceylon, Egypt, Spain, Germany (notes used in occupied countries) and a 1 pfennig, 1940, struck in zinc. A selection of scrip notes issued in and around Philadelphia during 1933.

David M. Bullowa, New York City—Comparisons of several bank notes. Enamelled coins. Annam, 1-ounce bar, silver. Woodrow Wilson bronze portrait plaque.

T. James Clarke, Jamestown, N. Y.—Massachusetts silver, over 200 pieces. Territorial gold. Lincoln medals in gold and silver. English and Venetian gold.

Charles N. Cooley, Grand Rapids, Mich.—Coins and medals of the French Revolution, 1789-1793, from the Ten Eyck and Dunham collections: Gold-plated medals of Louis XVI; clock and bell metal coins; siege coins of Mayence; patterns. A case of wooden nickels, including some rare ones.

Richard Blossom Farley, Eddington, Pa.—Fifty-two kinds of real and mythical animal life depicted on coins. A small map of China showing the location of 31 mints or provinces, each connected by a thread to a coin, which generally had an enlargement below it of the designating mint character. Also a similar display for India.

Loyd B. Gettys, Davenport, Iowa—A collection of paper money (old type, large size U. S. notes) was unique because of the many great rarities displayed, one of which was a \$10 1861 Demand note, "For the" being written in by the signators authorized to sign notes for the Register and Treasurer of the U. S. Demand Notes were issued in 1861 in order to carry on the war between the States. The soldiers were informed that the notes were redeemable in gold. Included in the collection was a one-year 6 per cent. interest-bearing note dated February 16, 1864. Another display of great rarity was a pair of 1899 silver certificates, No. 1 and No. 1,000,000,000, the first and last notes of the series. In the collection were reconstructed sheets of the First Charter Period of our national banks. These notes are all very rare. Another very interesting part of the display was national bank notes from various towns in the State of Iowa.

J. J. Gonzales, Atlanta, Ga.—Gold \$1, \$2.50 and \$5 of the Dahlonega and Charlotte mints and the Bechtlers. U. S. Dime, 1804. Foreign dollar-size coins, scarce. Ancient Greek and Roman coins and coins of the Papal States. Coin bracelets from India and Egypt.

John W. Gregor, Cleveland, Ohio—Silk money of Bielefeld during inflation. Coins of South Africa. So-called silver dollar of President Wilson, issued

on opening of the Manila mint. Sets of coins of the Philippines. Maundy money of Victoria, Edward VII and George V. Pattern coins of Germany and Bavaria issued during 1913. Inflation money of Westphalia, 1923. Crown, Austria, 1603, Teutonic Order of Knights, Maximilian, Archduke of Austria. Set of coins portraying the famous Bird of Paradise. Many thalers of the Holy Roman Empire.

Albert A. Grinnell, Detroit, Mich.—A collection of U. S. currency of the old size, including some of the rare Demand and Interest-Bearing notes. This exhibit contained a representative showing of practically all types of notes from \$1 to \$20 denominations, and much interest was shown both by the public and numismatists in the many different and beautiful designs of our currency in use up to 1929. The exhibit also contained notes on all of the 12 Federal Reserve Banks and two cases of National Bank Notes on banks located in Pennsylvania. The 10 cases contained over 325 notes. Mr. Grinnell also displayed some of the rare octagonal \$50 gold slugs, and, probably the rarest items of the convention, a complete proof set of the 1879 and 1880 \$4 gold stellars. In January of this year the Detroit Coin Club, at their 400th meeting, presented Mr. Grinnell with a gold medal. This medal was in Mr. Grinnell's case.

L. W. Hoffecker, El Paso, Texas—Plate money of Sweden, 8, 4, 2, 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ daler. Mexican gold—8, 4, 2, 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ scudos, colonial; two 8 and one 4 escudos of Augustinus; two 8 scudos, cob; 8, 4, 2, 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ escudos of the Republic; 20 pesos of Maximilian; 20, 10, 5, $2\frac{1}{2}$ and 1 peso of the Republic; modern coins of the Republic; two 60 pesos, one 20, one 10 pesos of Oaxaca. two 50 soles of Peru. Five ducats of Czecho-Slovakia. Five tola pure gold bar Bank of India. Four 8-scudos, cob, of Peru. Twenty-seven 1 and 2 scudo pieces, cob, of Spain and Mexico.

Don C. Keefer, Chicago, Ill.—Annam gold coin. Than Thai era, Schroeder No. 438. Only two specimens known, the other in possession of the French Government Mint Museum in Paris.

A. Kosoff, New York City—Choice selections from the West Indies series of the Gutttag Latin American collection.

Medals-of-the-Month Club, New York City—Several of the issues of the club. Descriptive matter explaining purposes of the club and background of each medal.

Lewis S. Werner, New York City—Jewish and Palestinian Ancient coins. Coins of the Hasmonean and Herodian dynasties, the Procurators, First Revolt of the Jews, Judaea Capta under four rulers, second Revolt of the Jews, Aelia Capitolina and independent cities. The coins were mainly bronze, with a number in silver.

D. C. Wismer, Hatfield, Pa.—One obsolete State bank note each from thirty-seven different states in alphabetical order according to States. A collection of Pennsylvania Colonial notes. \$1000, \$3000 and \$5000 notes of the Bank of United States, dated Philadelphia, 1840, payable in New York. \$1 note of the Revere Bank of Boston, Mass., with portrait of Paul Revere. Eight different Pennsylvania State bank notes, \$10 note of Bank of North America, 1784 (oldest obsolete bank note on exhibition).

Farran Zerbe, New York City—A Victory motif was evidenced in this four-case exhibit. V's were formed with a numerous variety of amusing caricature head fractional currency, and three rings and a spiral of Celtic gold money were placed in line for three dots and a dash. Within and surrounding the V's, rare gold and oddities in other metals were shown, including seven utility items in miniature, fashioned from Lincoln cents. Some unique items in paper money were also displayed.

Chile—Mention has been made heretofore regarding numismatic values in Chile. We have lately noted the possibility of the Central Bank of Chile revaluing its gold. If this is done, the peso value of the gold will be quadrupled. Collectors of Chile's gold coins are familiar with the changes which have taken place in the past. In the 1860's the 5-peso was equal to our American half eagle. By 1900 the 5-peso had shrunk in value to a size slightly smaller than our quarter eagle. In 1926 the 50 pesos (or 5 condores) was approximately the size of our half eagle. Chile struck gold coins as late as 1932, in the 100-peso value. These are now quite scarce.

I. N. A. TO HOLD SEMI-ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The Cedar Rapids (Iowa) Coin Club will entertain the Iowa Numismatic Association at its semi-annual convention to be held Saturday and Sunday, October 18th and 19th, at the Montrose Hotel, at which the entire second floor has been reserved for the activities.

Registration will be continuous throughout the two days. Saturday will be devoted to getting acquainted and setting up the exhibits. A guard will be in attendance at all times. Material for exhibits should be sent to Harry Winn, 298 35th St. Dr. S. E. Suitable commendation will be made for the best exhibits in all classes. Bourse tables will be rented at a nominal fee.

**Points of Interest in Cedar Rapids.**

Saturday afternoon there will be a sightseeing trip of the city. At 6 P. M. a Dutch buffet supper will be served, after which the famous Dempsey Jones, with his "Briar Hoppers," will render an hour of entertainment. At 8.45 the I. N. A. will entertain until 11 P. M., at which time the Cedar Rapids Stamp Club (cooperating) will take over.

Sunday breakfast will be served in the Java Room of the hotel. At noon will be the banquet, at which will be some of the most prominent speakers

in the country, including B. Max Mehl, of Fort Worth, Texas. At 2 P. M. the I. N. A. will hold an auction.

A. W. Jenista is in charge of a limited number of Bourse tables, which he has arranged to provide to dealers.

This entire two-day program has never before been attempted in Iowa to the degree to which the committee is expecting their plans to materialize. There will be continuous entertainment for the entire two days.

J. Henri Ripstra will give an illustrated talk on mechanical alterations of dates on coins.

M. Vernon Sheldon will present a series of movies of rare, scarce and obsolete and other interesting coins of the world.

The famous Cedar Rapids Marimba Band will entertain during the banquet on Sunday.

Any further information desired will be furnished by Ray Harman, general chairman, 822 A Ave. N. W., or A. E. Washburn, 725 30th St. Drive S. E.

BOOK REVIEW.

A Catalogue of the Arab-Sassanian Coins, by John Walker. The British Museum, London, 1941. clxi, 244 pp., 40 plates. About \$9.00.

This is the first volume of a new catalogue of the Mahomtean coins in the British Museum to replace that of S. Lane Poole, 1875-90, which is now entirely out of print. The first volume, however, is concerned with several series which were omitted by Poole. As usual with recent volumes of what we affectionately term the B. M. C., the book is far more than a catalogue of the coins actually preserved in the Museum. It is practically a corpus of recorded varieties, or at least of major varieties (including mints and dates) of the several series dealt with. Illustration is unusually full. Important coins from dozens of public and private collections throughout the world are reproduced in the plates along with the specimens in the Museum to 1941.

The introduction is unusually full, and includes a synopsis of the history of the period embraced by the catalogue, and of the epigraphy, counter-stamps, and indeed everything that is needed to make the book a self-contained unity, from which the reader can study the problems in the light of all significant past investigation. It is pleasant to see tables of Pehlevi, and of Cufic alphabets, accompanied not merely by transliteration into modern letters, but into Roman type as well. It is true that without such helps much of the material in the book would be very puzzling to all but advanced specialists. But in the past we have seen full many a book that was so planned that the ordinary trained scholar was helpless.

The series catalogued date roughly between 651 and 815 A. D., and include some of the most difficult known to numismatists, which are at the same time of the highest importance for the light they throw on obscure periods of history. As is well known, when the Arabs began to spread the religion of Islam by the sword they conquered a vast territory, much of it land which had formed a part of the old kingdom of the Sassanidae, native Persian princes, whom we sometimes call fire-worshippers. In these districts the types of the Sassanian coinage were well known, and for many years they were continued by the new rulers, who, however, changed the inscriptions, giving no longer the names of the old kings but of the living governors of the districts. These names were sometimes written in Arabic, but more often are in Pehlevi. The alphabet of this language is very hard to read, for there are only sixteen letters, and some of them look much alike, so that in small size or in the case of worn pieces great difficulty is found in determining just what the intention of the die cutter may have been, and then comes the added problem of finding out what he meant. Mr. Walker has shown much ingenuity in interpretation and frequently disagrees with his predecessors. Without pretending to judge the correctness of all of his views, the reviewer may say that great care is shown to present all arguments, and that truth should in this group of coins be arrived at only after many a trial and error is apparent to anyone who tries to identify even a couple of specimens.

The chief series discussed are the coins of the earliest governors under the Umayyad caliphs, the Abbasid governors of Tabaristan, and certain

Islamic rulers in Bokhara. Besides these few rare coins thought to be connected with the Ephthalites (White Huns) and a few scattered pieces of minor series are given. It is interesting to note that the collections of Mr. Newell and the American Numismatic Society have contributed a good deal to the body of material not in London. The work is a fine one, and the Museum is to be congratulated on bringing it out in such troubled times as these.

T. O. MABBOTT.

(Note—Professor Mabbott prefers to use the spelling Mahomet, because it is historically well fixed in English, and all other spelling require diacritical marks to be strictly correct.)

The Circulation of Gold, and of Gold Bars in Brazil. Kurt Prober (*Circulacao do ouro em po e barras no Brasil*). Published in *Brazilian Studies (Estudos Brasileiros)*, Vol. III, Nos. 16 and 17 (January-April, 1941). Published by the Institute of Brazilian Studies, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. 108 pp, 11 plates.

This article is perhaps one of the most authoritative on the series of Brazilian gold bars that has been published in many years. Brazilian gold assay bars were issued for a few years in the early nineteenth century. A few are known of earlier years. They are all very rare. Meili, in 1895, and later Souza Lobo, in 1908, published quite a number of these specimens in their huge collections, respectively. Mr. Prober's work seems to have gone into the subject more intensely, as he has catalogued 138 of these bars. He has given all the available information about them, and it is likely that he is better informed on the location of bars of Brazilians than anyone else.

In the eleven plates of illustrations Mr. Prober has managed to assemble more specimens for comparison than have ever been brought together before. Mr. Prober's work is one of considerable importance for the research work which he has done.

When the collecting of Brazilian and other Latin American coins becomes more popular in this country it is hoped that this work will be translated into English and made available for all who wish to do so without the interference of a language barrier.

POST-CONVENTION AUCTION SALE.

Aside from offering an unusual array of material, the auction sale at the Numismatic Gallery on August 21 and 22 also offered an opportunity for collectors to meet with some of the "big names" of numismatics.

Some prices realized were:

Pattern of silver dollar, 1836, struck in copper, A.-W. 43	\$136.00
Bradbeer's book on Confederate Money	18.00
The Numismatic Chronicle	102.50
Sabatier's book on Byzantine money	25.00
50 Pesos, Mexico, 1927	49.50
\$1 gold, 1875	127.50
Set of Russian platinum coins, 3, 6, 12 roubles	205.00
1796 \$2.50 gold piece	63.00
Pattern peso of Araucania, 1874	10.50

Especially spirited bidding took place on the offering of numismatic literature and the West Indies series of the Gutttag Collection. The auctioneer was A. Kosoff and the cataloging was handled by Mr. Kosoff and Hans M. F. Schulman, of Amsterdam and New York.

Fractional currency shields come with red, green and black backgrounds. There are certain shields known which bear the autograph of Frank E. Spinner, a signer of the currency during the Civil War period.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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Report of The General Secretary

New Members to be Admitted October 1, 1941

- 8703 Arthur E. Payne, R. F. D. 3, Jamestown, N. Y.
- 8704 P. E. Padavich, Cle Elum, Wash.
- 8705 F. W. McConky, Jr., 1144 E. Market St., Akron, Ohio.
- 8706 Morgan R. Mills, Jr., 1607 Pope Ave., Richmond, Va.
- 8707 Bernard Bailey, 189 Pine St., Hamburg, N. Y.
- 8708 Charles Marcus, 3827 Fulton St., Chicago, Ill.
- 8709 Darrell C. De Villiers, Lanesboro, Minn.
- 8710 M. Sergt. Chas. C. Merrifield, P. O. Box 115, Fort Bragg, N. C.
- 8711 Cecil Howell, 208 North Hancock, Colorado Springs, Colo.
- 8712 E. R. Lambertson, M. D., 727 West 7th St., Los Angeles, Calif.
- 8713 Charles A. Reed, 86 Foster, New Haven, Conn.
- 8714 John H. Chatfield, 307 Alden Ave., New Haven, Conn.
- 8715 James U. Sweeney, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.
- 8716 Herbert E. Cutler, 19 Day St., New Haven, Conn.
- 8717 Edward P. Stohan, P. O. Box 1185, New Haven, Conn.
- 8718 W. C. Thompson, 57 W. Passaic St., Maywood, N. J.
- 8719 T. A. Griggs, 137 West Emma, Springdale, Ark.
- 8720 William Carlius, 701 21st Ave., East Moline, Ill.
- 8721 H. Allard, 58 Main St., Hornell, N. Y.
- 8722 J. E. Barr, 3642 Wesley Ave., Berwyn, Ill.
- 8723 C. R. Bixler, 2239 10th Ave., Huntington, W. Va.
- 8724 Harry L. Canann, 25 Brooks Ave., Venice, Calif.
- 8725 C. Merle Foraker, Bldg. S-41, Apt. 4, Fort Monmouth, Red Bank, N. J.
- 8726 Jack Wheeler, 1551 N. Lorraine, Wichita, Kansas.
- 8727 Allen Shapiro, 281 East 205th St., New York City, N. Y.
- 8728 C. A. Davies, 7225 Shaftesbury Ave., University City, Mo.
- 8729 H. H. Thomas, 322 W. Fornance St., Norristown, Pa.
- 8730 R. C. Lees, 719 West 6th St., Little Rock, Ark.

- 8731 Dr. F. H. Gaskin, 912 Highland Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.
 8732 M. S. McNeil, P. O. Box 525, Torrance, Calif.
 8733 I. E. Rumpf, 937 Litchfield, Wichita, Kansas.
 8734 Howard Certain, 145 Fennings Ave., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio.
 8735 C. M. Coultrip, 223 W. 146th St., Chicago, Ill.
 8736 Robert P. Whitmore, 1212 S. Adams St., Peoria, Ill.
 8737 Charles N. Boos, 504 N. Main St., Celina, Ohio.

Honorary Membership.

Dr. J. M. Henderson, 511 Citizens' Bank Bldg., Columbus, Ohio, was elected to Honorary Membership by resolution No. 3 at Philadelphia, Pa., Convention held in August, 1941.

D. C. Wismer, Broad St., Hatfield, Pa., was elected to Honorary Membership by resolution No. 11 at Philadelphia, Pa., Convention held in August, 1941.

Life Membership.

Life No. 61, Frank G. Duffield, 4215 Fernhill Ave., Baltimore, Md., conferred by resolution No. 2 at Philadelphia, Pa., Convention, August, 1941.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during August, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to November 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the November issue of The Numismatist.

- Bert L. Muller**, 8738, Box N, Tustin, Calif. General. Robert G. Efker, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Walter Vredenburg, 8739, 3339 Belt Ave., St. Louis, Mo. United States. Fouad K. Saab, George E. May, Wm. Ouzts.
Malcolm O. E. Chell-Frost, 8740, 35 Revere St., Boston, Mass. Type Collection, Paper and Coins. Samuel S. Reynolds, Joseph B. Doyle, Walter C. Hayden.
Wesley W. Cole, 8741, Broadalbin, N. Y. Coins. George H. Farley, Wm. Connell, Henry E. Benedies.
Norman J. Kretton, 8742, 8319 Drexel, Chicago, Ill. U. S. Coins, Currency and Imperfections. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
C. Wayne Guildner, 8743, Box 333, Kenesaw, Neb. Coins. Ray Bjorklund, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Ward R. Vickery, 8744, 261 South Delrose, Wichita, Kansas. Comm. and Minor. C. B. Edwards, C. D. Wilson, I. E. Rumpf.
Wm. T. Fritchman, 8745, 23-17 123 St., College Point, N. Y. All U. S. and English Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, A. Kosoff.
Oliver Cousens, 8746, Box 59, Amesbury, Mass. Copper Coins. Grube B. Cornish, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Clement F. Harris, 8747, R. D. 5, Box 246-A, Johnstown, Pa. U. S. General. J. G. Pallos, Jas. R. Harris.
Fred I. Catalano, 8748, 811 S. Oakley Blvd., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Coins. Bert E. Surry, J. J. Gonzales.
Robert E. Driscoll, 8749, care First Nat'l. Bank, Rapid City, So. Dak. General. Loyd B. Gettys, Ted Hammer, Wm. Baker.
C. T. Bolus, 8750, 201 Ingram S. W., Canton, Ohio. U. S. Copper Coins. Wm. G. Bruce, John R. Mose.
Royal D. Wright, 8751, 390 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y. U. S. Joseph Barnet, Hans Sergl.
Geo. M. Molden, 8752, 1703 24th Ave., Longview, Wash. General Coins. C. W. Elton, A. R. Elwell, Geo. Klein.
Maj. Alfred Walter, 8753, P. O. Box 53, Elma, Wash. Foreign Silver and Copper Coins. Edward Flieder, M. Vernon Sheldon.
P. J. Garbaccio, 8754, 31 Fulton St., Paterson, N. J. U. S. Gen. Saul Bellus, William S. Dewey, Adolph Friedman.
Capt. Chester R. Allen, 8755, Marine Corps Base, San Diego, Calif. American and Chinese. Thomas Voetter, P. A. Nauman, Dr. Bruce L. Wallace.
E. B. Cook, 8756, Second and Hastings Ave., Hastings, Neb. Coins, General. Joseph Oberwise, M. Vernon Sheldon.
L. I. Newton, 8757, P. O. Box 2102, Jackson, Mississippi. U. S. Silver Dollars. Jno. Taylor, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Oscar A. Geyer, 8758, 503 West 17th St., Hays, Kansas. U. S. Coins and Wooden Money. Henry F. Herrman, Lewis M. Reagan.
Edward McLeod, Jr., 8759, 109 No. Broad St., Mankato, Minn. Colonial and U. S. Gold. Lewis M. Reagan, Dean Brown, Carl Smith.
E. Milton Payne, 8760, 2601 Eighth Ave., Pueblo, Colo. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Harold W. Felton, 8761, Room 1012 E., 90 Church St., New York City, N. Y. American Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Chas. R. Wharten, J. R. Renz.
David Starr Bingham, 8762, 127 So. Euclid Ave., Westfield, N. J. General and Odd Mediums of Exchange. David M. Bullowa, Lewis M. Reagan, Emily L. Brookes.
Meyer Tanner, 8763, Syracuse Coin Shop, 526 S. Warren St., Syracuse, N. Y. Dealer in Coins. Barney Bluestone, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Harold Raymond Mason, 8764, 2316 N. Park Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. General. Oscar G. Schilke, Ira S. Reed, A. H. Leatherman.
Starr Hanford Lloyd, 8765, Rensselaer, Ind. General. Lewis M. Reagan, W. E. Merritt, D. B. Clarke.
Dr. W. S. Swift, 8766, 107 Masonic Bldg., Keokuk, Iowa. U. S. Coins. Loyd B. Gettys, Robert S. Noone.

- Q. S. Leong**, 8767, P. O. Box 2093, Honolulu, Hawaii. U. S. Commemorative and Minor Gold. M. Vernon Sheldon, J. Henri Ripstra.
Howard Gittins, 8768, 2202 S. Allis St., Milwaukee, Wis. General. Harold D. Paschke, Erwin R. Michalak.
Joseph H. Spray, 8769, 159 Fairview Ave., Rutherford, N. J. U. S. D. M. Bullowa, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Mauricio Restrepo, R., 8770, Medellin, Colombia. U. S. and Foreign. Wayte Raymond, D. M. Bullowa.

Life Membership Applications.

- Life No. 59, Dr. Jasper L. Robertson, 133 Church St., Hoosick Falls, N. Y. U. S. General. M. Vernon Sheldon, J. Douglas Ferguson, Lewis M. Reagan.
 Life No. 60, Chicago Coin Club, 2114 South St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill. Numismatic Propagation and Education. M. Vernon Sheldon, J. Douglas Ferguson.

Deaths.

- 4810 John R. Stewart, Milwaukee, Wis.
 L. M. 45 Walter P. Nichols, Melrose, Mass.
 3465 James H. Cassidy, Dallas, Texas.
 5063 Henry A. Rentschler, Hamilton, Ohio.
 6361 Al-Bert C. Smith, Sr., Warren, Ohio.
 1895 Rudolf Thomas, Chicago, Ill.

Resignation.

- 8144 T. M. Toolin, Detroit, Mich.

A Correction.

- 8700 Cleveland Coin Club's corporate application refused acceptance for membership by order of the Governing Board.

Change of Address.

- C. Edwin Aldrich, 6826, from 7 Booraem Ave., Jersey City, N. J., to 1217 12th St., North Bergen, N. J.
 M. W. Alt, 6342, from P. O. Box 709, Compton, Calif., to P. O. Box 71, Compton, Calif.
 Floyd L. Arnold, 8668, from 454 E. 22nd St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 2415 Newkirk Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Floyd A. Barber, 8532, from 52 Norton, Pontiac, Mich., to 151 N. Lafayette Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.
 George S. Batterson, 4300, from 27 Charter Oak Pl., Hartford, Conn., to 674 Prospect Ave., Hartford, Conn.
 G. A. Bohning, 5025, from 1865 Himrod St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 7938 68th Road, Middle Village, N. Y.
 Henry E. Branch, 8166, from 523 34th St., Woodcliff, N. J., to 664 N. Shore Rd., Denville, N. J.
 Howard N. Cash, 8194, from P. O. Box 865, Santa Maria, Calif., to P. O. Box 981, Guadalupe, Calif.
 Chas. N. Dupont, 7640, from 1111 7th Ave. N., St. Petersburg, Fla., to 1304 21st Ave. N., St. Petersburg, Fla.
 G. Denbroder, 8582, from 2522-A 4th St., Santa Monica, Calif., to 4710 University Way, Seattle, Wash.
 R. C. Emich, 8007, from 6915 Seward Park Ave., Seattle, Wash., to Mercer Island, East Seattle, Wash.
 Rev. Gilbert F. Esser, 5488, from St. Joseph's College, Collegeville, Ind., to Post Headquarters, Ft. Devens, Mass.
 S. M. Fisher, 5283, from 1700 DeQueen Blvd., Port Arthur, Texas, to 3905 Fifth St., Port Arthur, Texas.
 Raymond Gallo, 7614, from 2716 Decatur Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 302 East 196th St., New York City, N. Y.
 M. P. Ganey, 8389, from Gillespie, Ill., to 109 E. Spruce St., Gillespie, Ill.
 P. A. Gearing, 8453, from Court House, Sebring, Fla., to 614 Suniland Dr., Sebring, Fla.
 N. Key Hart, 8524, from 4322 Second Rd. N., Arlington, Va., to Div. of Information, AAA, Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.
 Dr. Vincent Hernandez, 6181, from Naval Disp. Navy Y., Washington, D. C., to Headquarters 10th Naval Dist., San Juan, Puerto Rico.
 Hans Holzer, 8433, from 33-14 71st St., Jackson Hts., L. I., N. Y., to 42-52 Layton St., Apt. 1-F, Elmhurst, N. Y.
 Carl F. Houdek, 6943, from 1013 E. 8th St., Muscatine, Iowa, to Vinton, Iowa.
 C. H. R. Howe, 8478, from 1224 Greycourt Ave., Richmond, Va., to 5006 Cary Street Road, Richmond, Va.
 Sam Kabealo, 3362, from 1634 or 1618 Hartzell Ave., Youngstown, Ohio, to 2304 N. High St., Columbus, Ohio.
 M. E. LaBounty, 8152, from 1819 W. Division St., Grand Island, Neb., to 110 S. Greenwich, Grand Island, Neb.
 Henry J. Lietz, 8443, from Vauxhall Rd., Union, N. J., to 217 Connecticut Rd., Union, N. J.
 Marjorie Lortz, 7673, from Newbern Hotel, Kansas City, Mo., to 608 E. Armour, Kansas City, Mo.
 W. R. MacFarlane, 4523, from 1123 Sutter St., San Francisco, Calif., to 643 Palm Ave., Watsonville, Calif.

C. E. McIlvain, 8660, from 610 Fifth St., Red Oak, Iowa, to 506 Corning St., Red Oak, Iowa.
 Edward McNutt, 5388, from 722 S. Center St., Terre Haute, Ind., to 412 Oak, Terre Haute, Ind.
 Herbert E. Mangels, 8534, from R. F. D. 1, care H. Schmitt, Silver Spring, Md., to 307 Lexington Dr., Silver Spring, Md.
 Harry Nanos, 6910, from 469 Stevens Ave., Portland, Maine, to 119 Ocean St., South Portland, Maine.
 B. M. O'Hea, 8252, from 343 W. Summit, San Antonio, Texas, to General Del., Marlin, Texas.
 Milford C. Olm, 3612, from 6644 Central Ave., Glendale, L. I., N. Y., to 4 Harwich Rd., East Parkway, L. I., N. Y.
 Philip M. Poorman, 8595, from 116 St. Pauls Rd., Ardmore, Pa., to 1411 Sussex Rd., Wynnewood, Pa.
 Charles L. Rock, 8445, from 1226 Leavenworth St., San Francisco, Calif., to 1327 St. Clair St., St. Paul, Minn.
 Louise Smiley, 6988, from Fess Hotel, 123 E. Doty St., Madison, Wis., to Baronne Apt. Hotel, 421 Baronne St., New Orleans, La.
 Dr. G. A. Sowash, 4117, from Zephyr Hills, Fla., to Owings Mills, Md.
 George W. Studley, 6757, from 597 Lake Ave., Rochester, N. Y., to Box 396, Avon, N. Y.
 Florence H. Summerill, 8334, from 28 Prospect Ave., Middletown, N. Y., to 6 Prospect Ave., Middletown, N. Y.
 Charles Wagner, 7046, from 44-49 64th St., Woodside, L. I., N. Y., to 3737 61st St., Woodside, L. I., N. Y.
 Geo. W. Walker, 6962, from P. O. Box 81, Ashland, Ill., to P. O. Box 665, St. Elmo, Ill.
 Allan H. Wheeler, 8624, from 154 South 25th St., Paris, Texas, to Mt. Pleasant, Texas.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

Make Someone Grateful To You: Give A Numismatist Subscription!



J. Douglas Ferguson.

J. DOUGLAS FERGUSON**Twenty-Third President Of The American Numismatic Association.**

On Thursday, August 21, 1941, at the Golden Jubilee Anniversary of the American Numismatic Association, held in Philadelphia, Pa., the announcement was made that J. Douglas Ferguson, of Rock Island, Quebec, Canada, had been elected the twenty-third President of the American Numismatic Association.

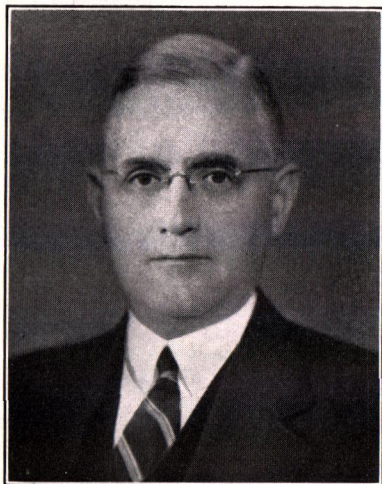
The Association has held two conventions on Canadian soil—in 1909 and in 1923. The Association has already had a Canadian President, Joseph Hooper, of Ontario, who contributed generously to The Numismatist in the years at the turn of the century, when he held office.

Mr. Ferguson is well known to many numismatists and is a familiar figure at the conventions. He has held office in the Association previously, having served as the Second Vice-President. Mr. Ferguson has been a member of the Association since 1922, and has an outstanding Canadian coin collection, as well as collections of Canadian bank notes, Indian Chief medals, and a very representative numismatic library.

During the past two conventions, when Mr. Ferguson has been the presiding officer, his remarkable grasp of the procedure and ability to keep "matters moving" has won for him the admiration and plaudits of all. Mr. Ferguson also has a very wide circle of personal numismatic friends. The Association is assured of a most successful year with Mr. Ferguson as the President, knowing that it is the desire of all to cooperate to the fullest extent.

Deaths.**WALTER P. NICHOLS.**

In the last issue of The Numismatist we noted the sad passing of Walter P. Nichols, life member of the A. N. A. We have been fortunate in securing some additional facts about Mr. Nichols, through the courtesy of several friends, and present them in this issue with his portrait.



Walter P. Nichols

Mr. Nichols was active in the work of the Boston Numismatic Society from the time of his election to membership in 1931 until his final illness prevented him from attending meetings. He was elected a vice-president of the society in 1935, and was most active in the handling of the Jubilee medal which the Society issued in limited numbers, largely for presentation to

other numismatic organizations. In 1936 he received a vote of thanks from the society in connection with the handling of this medal by his committee.

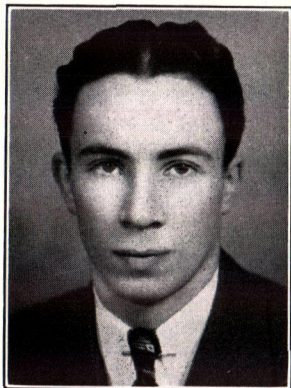
In 1936 Mr. Nichols was also very active in the distribution of the York County (Maine) half dollars, with which his name will long be associated and always kindly remembered.

In 1937 Mr. Nichols was elected president of the Boston Numismatic Society and served one term. His activities in numismatics won him the respect of all, and following his term on the A. N. A.'s Board of Governors Mr. Nichols might have become a candidate for higher office had not his health interfered.

Walter P. Nichols was not widely known, yet to the intimate circle that did have the privilege and opportunity of knowing him he was a true friend.

KENNETH A. BURKE.

Kenneth A. Burke, secretary of the Coin Club of Rhode Island and well known to most new England numismatists, died very suddenly in Maine early in August while on a business trip.



Kenneth A. Burke

Mr. Burke was an auditor for an oil concern in Providence, R. I., where he had made his home for the past ten years. He is survived by Mrs. Helen C. Burke, and a daughter, Carole Ann, as well as by two brothers and a sister.

JAMES H. CASSIDY.

We have recently learned of the passing of James H. Cassidy, an A. N. A. member residing in Dallas, Texas. Mr. Cassidy was a native of Kentucky, but moved to Texas about 1900. He was active in the printing business and was a member of several patriotic and fraternal societies.

Mr. Cassidy had prepared several check-lists for coins and notes which were distributed to his friends.

W. A. Philpott, Jr., also a member of the A. N. A. for many years and close friend of Mr. Cassidy, was among the honorary pallbearers.

Mr. Cassidy is survived by his widow, Mrs. Bertha S. Cassidy, and a daughter, Viola Adele.

JOHN R. STEWART.

John R. Stewart, of Milwaukee, Wis., aged 51, died suddenly on August 1, 1941. Mr. Stewart had been an active dealer for a number of years, specializing in United States coins. He had attended several conventions, both national and local, and was very popular, and always ready with a handshake and a smile.

He was President of the Milwaukee Numismatic Society in 1937, and had served in other capacities in the society, having joined in May, 1935.

Mr. Stewart was also a member of the American Numismatic Association, the Racine, South Milwaukee, and Central States coin organizations.

He leaves a wife, and six children. Interment was at Evans, W. Va.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner Ave., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday Street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shackford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Charles T. Prickett, Secretary, 153 Hinman Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 106 Marshall St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 1 Verona Apts., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. J. Lewis Good, Acting Secretary, 305 W. Second St., Xenia, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Richard B. Whitney, Secretary, 4923 University Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets first Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. L. H. Zepfler, Secretary, 1 Willow St., Cranford, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco—Meets third Friday of each month with exhibit meeting in San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7:30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 1140 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert W. Cook, Secretary, 480 Monticello St., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. James Buchbinder, Secretary, 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis, Mo. L. A. Mueller, Secretary, 4239 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Tuesday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple Street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 4 Samuel St., West Orange, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. George B. Hooper, Secretary, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Raymond Moulton, Secretary, 2647 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at Recreation Room of the Church of the Messiah, Santa Ana. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitecomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Pitcairn Coin and Medal Club, Pitcairn, Pa.—Meets the second Monday of the month at 544 Broadway. Thomas B. Williams, Secretary, R. D. 1, Pitcairn, Pa.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 611 Wisconsin Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. William M. Hutchinson, Secretary, 49 Rowley Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month at places fixed by program committee. Jacob G. Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer, Baltimore Hotel, Rm. 321, 429 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 609 Peoples Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, Secretary, 312 Wright Ave., R. D., East Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year: January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce, Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. D. C. Cookin, President, R. D. 1, Johnson City, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Grout Room, Y. M. C. A., Waterloo, Iowa. Elizabeth Kenney, Secretary, 510 Waterloo Bldg., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—August 14. Seventy-fourth meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with forty-three members and guests present.

This was the last regular meeting before the Convention, and all were keyed up to the highest pitch; plans are being made and instructions for co-operation given, to make the coming convention the best the A. N. A. has seen for many years. We hope and expect to break all records.

Frederick A. Mallon, vice-president of the Western Reserve Numismatic Club, offered us the greetings of his club and the wish for a very successful convention.

S. K. Saab, of St. Louis, who arrived in town for the convention in time to attend our meeting, expressed the wish that we have the best ever.

The door prize, a silver medal, was won by Mr. Schick. The door prize, a bronze medal, was won by Dr. Logan.

Because of the great interest adjournment was early in order that all present could talk about the coming great event—the Convention.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—September 11. Seventy-fifth meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with thirty-six members and guests present.

This was the first regular meeting after the Convention, and all present agreed that they were glad it was over, but that they would not have missed having it for all the coins that were on exhibit, and there were plenty of wonders on exhibit.

Because of his splendid help in making the Convention a success, including the complimentary dinner at the Manufacturers Country Club, James G. MacAllister, by unanimous vote, was elected an honorary life member of the club.

It was also decided by unanimous vote that F. C. C. Boyd should be elected to honorary life membership for his co-operation in making our Convention a success.

President Leatherman announced that the principal entertainment for the October meeting would be an illustrated lecture by E. H. Havens on "Indians Formerly of This Neighborhood."

Mr. Windner announced that the following won the awards for ordering the first, one hundredth and two hundredth official A. N. A. Fiftieth Anniversary medals: Henry L. Zander, 613 19th St., Galveston, Texas; R. J. Green, 201½ E. 9th St., Trenton, Mo. and H. Key Hart, 4322 Second Road, North, Arlington, Va.

All members present were glad to welcome Mr. Ballard back to the meetings after a long illness. Mr. Ballard states that he is feeling much better and will be seeing us more often.

The club adopted a resolution that for duration all members who are in the United States military service will receive complimentary free membership.

The American Numismatic Association numismatic cabinet was voted a complete set of the gold, silver, and bronze official A. N. A. Fiftieth Anniversary medals. With this donation no medal profit was derived by the Philadelphia Coin Club.

There were a number of resolutions offered to thank various members for their work in making the Convention a success. Foremost among the resolutions was one to Asher H. Leatherman, general chairman, for his splendid efforts.

Announcement was made before adjournment that Curator James Iannarella had moved his store next door to the old one.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—September 8, 117th regular meeting was called to order by President Archer. Fourteen members were present.

Dr. J. M. Henderson and Vic Chambers, delegates to the A. N. A. national convention, reported on the proceedings and activities at Philadelphia. Mr. Chambers gave an interesting report of his trip through the mint, explaining many of the processes used in the manufacture of coins. The delegates expressed the opinion that the Philadelphia society should be complimented upon the very efficient manner in which the convention was conducted. Their feeling is that it was a great success.

George Andrews reported on an article appearing in a philatelic publication which reported that there were only six 1912-S nickels minted and that these were sold for over \$2,000. It seems that editors of such authoritative works should be more careful to ascertain the facts and not erroneously misinform the people, giving them false impressions as to the value of coins.

Displays were as follows:

M. F. Higgy: 1795 so-called Jefferson head large cent.

C. E. Higgy: 1809 large cent, practically uncirculated.

Vic Chambers: Medals purchased at the mint during his visit.

Dr. Henderson: A collection of Ohio bank notes purchased from the George Gillette collection, including the \$100 Kirkland Bank note, which was the second such note to be discovered. Also, a heretofore unreported Ohio State bank note on the State Branch at Bridgeport, Ohio.

Charles Kabealo: Coins from the Sol Toronski collection, the rare Queen Victoria Jubilee set of gold, one-half, one, two, and five sovereigns in proof condition. Also, the rare Russian platinum three, six, and twelve roubles.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—298th meeting, September 10, President Sandburg presiding, with fifteen members present.

Mr. MacIntosh gave a very good description of the A. N. A. convention activities, telling in detail of the trip to the U. S. mint and describing many interesting things he saw there.

The exhibit was given by Mr. Sandburg and consisted of a full collection of uncirculated two-cent pieces, large cents, a proof set of 1889, pattern two-cent pieces, and 1802 over 1 \$5 gold piece, and one each of the bronze and silver convention medals. He also gave a short talk on the two-cent coinage, including patterns.

An auction sale closed the evening.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Forty-second meeting, September 12, President Richard S. Yeoman presiding. Held at the residence of Arthur E. Jones. Seventeen members were present.

A report was presented by Mr. Yeoman of his attendance at the A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia. The tour of the U. S. Mint was explained in detail.

A committee was appointed to select a permanent meeting place. The members directed the secretary to write a letter of appreciation to Miss Minnie Christensen for providing a meeting place for the past 3½ years.

Karl Borseth gave a very interesting talk on the history of the Trade dollar. Refreshments followed adjournment.

Exhibits were as follows:

Karl Borseth: 1893 Carson City Morgan head silver dollar in proof.

Joseph H. Martin: 1795 \$5 gold piece, very fine.

Louis Wilczynski: 1885 Liberty Head Nickel in proof; 1941 plain thin cent.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—12th meeting, August 27. Nineteen members and two guests were present.

Rondle Price, of Indianapolis, was admitted to membership.

An announcement was made of the theft of W. Reinhardt's collection of 50 and 10 cent pieces while he was attending the A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia. Mr. Reinhardt requested all members of the club to notify him if they should receive a notice of any offer of coins for sale through the mail, so that he might possibly trace his collection.

The article in the Indianapolis News relative to the finding of approximately \$5,000 in gold was read.

President Riggs announced the nominating committee for the next year. C. Shelby was appointed chairman, and the other members are Mr. Blackmore, Mr. Roy, Mr. Reinhardt, and Mr. Gish.

Mr. Shelby read an article on the copper tokens used by engineers of old wood-burning locomotives to purchase wood for their engines along their route. This article was written by Mr. Brimelow, of Elkhart.

Ray Fiscus told of the chain of events that spread a newspaper article on his collection all over the country.

Displays at the meeting were 1941 proof set and a Liberty head nickel proof by Mr. Roy, and 1872-S dollar in extra fine condition by Mr. Riggs.

An auction of 61 lots was held.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—83rd meeting, August 29, President Hoffman presiding. Twenty-six members and one visitor were in attendance.

The death of our member, John R. Stewart, was announced. A resolution on his death, to be inscribed in the minutes of our society, was presented and unanimously carried.

William Pietsch was accepted as a member. Alfred Zarne applied for membership.

Mr. Grieb, chairman of the entertainment committee, gave an outline of the plans for our September All-Wisconsin Numismatic Get-Together and Special Auction.

Mr. Hoffman announced that J. Henri Ripstra, one of our Chicago members, has agreed to say a few words at the September meeting.

The question of a State numismatic society was discussed and left open for the general September meeting.

Mr. Hoffman asked the members to cooperate in producing special displays for the September meeting.

The October meeting will be held at Mr. Van de Boom's establishment in Saukville, Wis.

Mr. Grieb requested the January meeting to be held at his home.

Martin R. Zavis gave a brief talk on his experiences at the A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia.

Displays: Complete collection of silver dollars, Mr. W. Simpson; uncirculated Standing Liberty quarters and three medals from the A. N. A. Convention, Martin R. Zavis.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—September 7, 82nd regular meeting. Twelve members and three visitors were present, with President Pilmaier presiding.

The committee on coin display reported with a definite plan for mounting and exhibiting a frame of U. S. coins. We contemplate displaying this frame in a conspicuous public place or business establishment, thereby creating interest in coin collecting. Several members volunteered to loan or donate U. S. types of coins for this display.

Dr. Judd gave a very interesting report of the A. N. A. convention. He reported the meeting was a great success, with a record-breaking attendance, and that the exhibits were wonderful. He said that U. S. gold and pattern coins are the most popular series at the present time and that there seems to be renewed interest shown in the commemoratives.

Membership applications from Miss Amy Lawton and Albert L. Schuhl were referred to the membership committee.

Exhibits consisted of a complete set of Indian cents by Mr. Bradford, of Beatrice, Neb., and several very rare and beautiful patterns owned by Dr. Judd, some of which he purchased at the A. N. A. convention auction.

Mr. Pilmaier conducted the auction.

MADISON COIN CLUB—September 8. Meeting called to order by President Gill. Seventeen members and visitors were present.

Mr. Carter, a dealer from Elkhorn, was in attendance and told interesting facts about coin collecting. A great variety of coins was on display, including gold and curious types.

Several of the visitors made application for membership in the club.

An auction was held.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—August 9, 329th meeting called to order by President Williams, with fifteen members present.

A communication was received and read regarding the advertisement for copies of *The Numismatist*, the writer stating he had a complete set of *The Numismatist* from 1894 to 1929. The secretary was instructed to write for quotations on the years 1894 to 1912, inclusive.

A bill was presented for binding the *Numismatists*. The Treasurer was authorized to pay same.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Taylor, Wild, Williams, Papineau and Herrick was appointed by the president to plan the entertaining of the Toronto Club.

It was decided that the surplus convention badges of 1930, now in the possession of Librarian Cage, be sold to members of the Club for 25c. each for the remainder of 1941. The motion was seconded by Mr. Herrick and carried.

Dr. Wild exhibited a 1941 A. N. A. convention medal.

Mr. Lloyd exhibited a 1924 quarter with reference to the so-called suction marks on it. Also some silver dollars denoting the extra ray.

A Tri-State badge of the year 1935 was put up for auction by request and was purchased by Howard Myers.

Mr. Herrick then presented a "Coin Quiz Game" he had devised for the pleasure of the members, it was a success and very revealing in more ways than one. The eliminating contest found Mr. Lloyd the winner, with full realization of the amount of time and study involved in preparing the quiz. A hearty vote of thanks was given Mr. Herrick, and the suggestion that it would be good material for *The Numismatist*.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—August 23, 330th meeting called to order by President Williams, with fifteen members present.

A communication was read regarding quotations for his set of *The Numismatist*.

A report was made by President Williams on the plans to entertain the Toronto Coin Club and stated he was going to Canada and would visit the places that had been suggested for this meeting. Various questions were brought up regarding exhibits, after-dinner entertainment, an auction, etc., but were held over pending the committee's next report.

Mr. Taylor gave a very comprehensive report on the A. N. A. convention held in Philadelphia, with Mr. Wild and Mr. Bailey collaborating. The highlight of the report was the wonderful success the Philadelphia Club had made of the whole convention. The entertainment was excellent, the trip through the mint being very enlightening, especially the procedure of weighing all coins, except cents. The splendid banquet, and the report of the election of J. Douglas Ferguson to the Presidency of the A. N. A. were received with pleasure. All in all, it was agreed by the reporters that the convention was a credit to the Philadelphia Club.

A vote of thanks was given Mr. Taylor, Dr. Wild and Mr. Bailey, for their reports.

Dr. Wild made a motion the secretary be instructed to write a letter of thanks and congratulations to the Philadelphia Coin Club.

Dr. Wild exhibited a "flying eagle cent" and some miniature medals he obtained from the mint.

Mr. Taylor exhibited his convention medals, along with medals of William H.

Woodin, Secretary of the Treasury; Benjamin Franklin, the Seal of the U. S. and two Washington medals, one of the Valley Forge Centenary, and one of the Valley Forge Memorial Chapel, together with various novelties.

The meeting was adjourned, with the question of the origin of suction mark, still open for debate.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—96th meeting, September 11. Sixteen members were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Wade read newspaper items of numismatic interest.

Mr. Brown gave a detailed and interesting report on the A. N. A. convention recently held in Philadelphia. Mrs. Brookes reported on the convention also.

President Husker announced the semi-annual auction will be held at the October meeting.

The topic committee suggested the topic for October to be: "All United States Quarters" and "Canadian Items."

The topic for the meeting was "Coins of the United States Possessions" and "United States Twenty-Cent Pieces," and the exhibits follow:

Mr. Beach: A cut 2 "bit" Martinique piece cut from Mexican 8 reales. Two proof coins of Araucania (Patagonia), 1874. 1789 sou of Cayenne counterstamped S. K. for St. Kitts. Guilder, 1794, Holland, struck at Utrecht for Curacao. Cob peso, 1649, of Bolivia, Potosi mint.

Mrs. Brookes: A. N. A. convention badge, 1941. A. N. A. convention brooch, given to the ladies, at the banquet of the convention, by Mr. Windner. Tranquebar (Denmark), 2 royaliner, 1776. Lincoln Cent, V. D. B., 1909, gold-plated. Christian VIII, 1848, 1 rigsbankdaler, Denmark. Christian X, 1930, 2 kroner, Denmark.

Mr. Brookes: 24 tokens. Samples of Whitehead & Hoag's type of tokens. New Jersey Agricultural Society silver medal, 1883.

Mr. Brown: Silver dish with "piece-of-eight" in base. Booklet, "From Money To Barter," 1941.

Mr. Gensheimer: 1895, Porto Rico peso; 1883, Hawaiian dollar; 1897, Philippine peso; 1936, commemorative set; 1905, Panama half balboa; 1745, Martinique, Mexican 8 reales with large heart cut from center; 1861, copper Confederate States of America cent.

Mr. Hermeth: 13 pieces Plus VI; 1 of Roman Republic; 3 notes, Roman Republic.

Mr. Husker: Bronzes of Rome.

Mr. Nettleship: \$20.00 Continental Currency, Yorktown, Va. Mexican, decoration, Our Lady of Guadalupe, fifth class.

Mr. Wade: Set 20c. pieces in proof and uncirculated condition, including 1876 CC.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—September 9. President Woodside in the chair. Fourteen members were present. Mr. E. H. Brown, of Minneapolis, and Dr. J. O. Sloss, of Pittsburgh, were visitors.

Mr. Hunt presented a talk on store cards, stressing particularly the great amount of research and classification which remains to be done in this field.

Mr. Buterbaugh read a paper on "United States Sales Tax Tokens." He covered the field thoroughly and the paper was well received.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Reynolds: Coins of the Philippines and Hawaii.

Mr. Gaede: Various crowns and Chinese gold tael.

Mr. Hunt: Collection of store cards, mostly unclassified.

Mr. Kiefer: Dime, 1820, proof; large and small types U. S. gold dollars; set of minor coins of Nicaragua.

Mr. Buterbaugh: Complete representative collection of U. S. sales tax tokens, coupons and punch cards.

Dr. Gillis: Maundy money: Charles II, 1671; George III, 1780; Victoria, 1849 and 1899; George V, 1917.

Mr. Woodside: Canada \$5 gold, 1912; 12 tokens.

Mr. Eastwood: Civil War tokens from New York city.

Mr. DeVos: Washington and Garfield silver medals; 1935 and 1939 Canadian silver dollars; 1939 silver medal, Royal Visit to Canada; 1937 Canadian Coronation Set in proof.

Dr. Sloss: U. S. extremely fine cents of 1793 and 1794; 1804 cents, restrikes in copper and white metal; 1818 pattern cent, A-W. 33; 1841 half cent, original, proof; 1880 and 1889 proof half-eagles; 1866 5c. nickels in nickel, copper and bronze; 1867 proof 5c. nickels, with and without rays; 1882 Liberty Head Nickel 5c.

Mr. Marlier: Tray of medals, Canadian and Western Pennsylvania.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—162nd regular meeting, September 9, forty-two members and guests being present. President Adolph Larson, Jr., presided.

Sidney Haas, formerly secretary of the club, was present, and the sympathy of the organization was extended to him in the loss of his young wife, a bride of only a few months.

The Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, of San Francisco, presented to the club, through Mr. Koepfel, a beautiful medal struck to commemorate the Silver Jubilee of that society, and a vote of thanks was extended to them for their kindness.

The secretary, Earle K. Stanton, then addressed the club on "The Scandals of Ancient Rome," recounting some of the less offensive gossip of the first century after Christ, as told by Suetonius, Tacitus and other ancient writers. This period included the reigns of the first five Roman Emperors—Augustus, Tiberius, Caligula, Claudius and Nero, and the gold, silver and bronze coins exhibited furnished authentic portraits of these monarchs and their royal women—Livia, the wife of Augustus and mother of Tiberius; Agrippina, Sr., the mother of Caligula; Caligula's sisters, one of whom he married; Agrippina, Jr., the wife of Claudius and the mother of Nero; Claudius' mother, Antonia, and Nero's wife, Poppaea. Most of these characters met violent death at the hands of their relatives, and the

reign of Nero was described as being particularly corrupt. Exhibited also was a piece of carved marble from the Palace of Augustus, found there by the speaker three years ago. By vote of the club it was ordered that a copy of the address be sent to The Numismatist for publication.

An auction of some forty lots closed the evening.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—271st meeting of the Chicago Coin Club held September 3, E. E. Lamb presiding. Sixty eight members and four visitors were present. Correspondence from David E. Day was read relative to coins stolen from him. The chair was advised of the death of Rudolph Thomas, a member. Charter Member George Brown and his wife inform us that they will move to California shortly. Their absence will be felt by many of the members.

A. N. A. Convention reports and highlights were given by Ripstra, Sheldon, Hewitt, Boosel and Lamb.

Second Vice-President Mrs. Helen Jackson reported that preparations for the October ladies' night are complete. She requested that all members bring their wives or sweethearts to the meeting. Refreshments will be served.

The club acknowledges with thanks the receipt of a Corporate Life Membership in the A. N. A., a gift from that genial gentleman, M. Vernon Sheldon. For this generosity a rising vote of thanks was accorded him.

T. F. Robinson gave a historical talk on the Civil War flag of the 53rd Illinois Volunteers, Company B, which he exhibited, the property of his family.

Exhibits were as follows:

D. C. Keefer: An extra large Philadelphia mint medal issued to the members of a Chinese Mint Commission during their visit May 1, 1931.

Harry Boosel: Convention badges and bars from 1933 to 1941 inclusive. Copper tokens struck at the Franklin Institute, and key-chain token.

Ernest Jonas: Ripstra's Nashville plaque in silver. Silesia-Liegnitz Brieg taler, 1619. Taler, 1675, George William, oval portrait medal on his death, 1675. Taler, 1611, of Silesia-Muntserberg-Oels. Hungary, crown, bust of Regent Horthy.

C. L. Snyder: Nuggets of "fools gold" from the Chicago Gold and Silver Mine at Colorado Springs, Colo. Mine is owned by a Chicago prospector.

M. V. Sheldon: Some convention acquisitions of a proof gold dollar, 1866, uncirculated cent of 1823, and a tetradrachm of Caria (Rhodes), 350 B. C. period.

M. V. Powells: 60 uncirculated proofs and patterns of the Swiss cantons; Brazil, India and Vatican States, Annam, Transvaal, Colombia, Ecuador, Liberia and France.

T. F. Robinson: Indian beads used as medium of exchange by the Illinois Indians during the time of the Indian Massacre.

A. S. Boyer: A beautiful \$50 gold slug.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—September 4th. There were 15 members present. Mr. Duffield told us about his impressions of the Philadelphia Convention, which bore out the opinions of other visitors from Baltimore.

Application for membership was received from Mr. Howard Taylor and under the rules was held over to the next meeting.

This was a program night, and the feature was a discussion of the Trade dollars by Ed Cockey, who has made a special study of the subject. We enjoyed Mr. Cockey's remarks very much. Mr. Stewart had some very interesting specimens of Trade dollars on display, and Mr. Sprague also showed some of his collection, together with a few pattern coins.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—Regular meeting, August 21, with Mr. Stewart presiding. There were fifteen members present.

Mr. McCormick recounted some of his experiences at the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A. Mac has attended many of these conventions, but from his description the Philadelphia Convention was probably the best planned and conducted of any yet held, both for exhibits and programs of general interest.

Mr. Stewart announced that the next meeting, on September 4, would be devoted to an exhibit and talk by Ed. Cockey on Trade Dollars and Pattern Dollars, all members being asked to display items of this nature.

An auction was held.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—Regular meeting August 5, with thirty-four members and guests present.

In the absence of President Larson, who was away on his vacation, Dr. Charles Harbeck acted as president.

Mr. Stanton, our secretary, being away on vacation, C. L. Hawley was asked to act as secretary.

Dr. A. F. Pradeau gave a very interesting and instructive talk on Mexican money from 1823 to date. He showed a number of coins illustrating his talk, together with his manuscripts and each of the different mints of old Mexico. He described each of the fourteen different mints that have been in Mexico up to the present time. He also stated that the cost of making the Mexican die was about \$3400 in American money.

Dr. Harbeck also gave a very interesting talk on some early and rare ancient coins which he displayed. The coins shown were a double shekel of Sidon, in Phoenecia; first bronze of Pescennius Niger, and Roman coins of Sidon, in Syria, showing shrines of Astarte (Astaroth).

An auction was held.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—On the invitation of Willis Ashley, twelve members of the Oregon Numismatic Society and their wives held a picnic on Sunday afternoon, August 17, at Mr. Ashley's summer home, on the Tualatin river, Oregon. Each member brought certain foods, which were pooled and served family style on a large outdoor table. George Pipes told the most interesting

stories of the day, and Felix Baranovich took the prize for eating the largest piece of watermelon. Later in the afternoon, when the conversation became dominated by coin collecting, Mrs. Ashley took the ladies for a stroll through the grounds along the Tualtin river.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—August 20. The meeting was in the form of a cellar party at the home of Charles L. McCormick, La Vale, Md., with 12 members present. The meeting was called to order by President Wilson.

President Wilson, just back from Philadelphia, where he attended the annual convention of the American Numismatic Association as representative of this society, gave a vivid description of the doings, and especially the auction. He brought back news that the Western Maryland Coin Club came in for notice at the convention because of sponsoring a successful hobby show and the winning of first prize in Coin Week two years ago. Martin L. Watson and Louis E. Snyder were also at the Philadelphia Convention. President Wilson also described his visit to Valley Forge, the Philadelphia Mint and the dinner given by J. G. Macallister.

Vernon E. Rankin was voted to membership. The membership application of Russell Wagner was posted, action on this application to be taken at the next meeting.

Lee's Book on California Gold Coins was purchased for the club library.

The meeting concluded with a corn roast with sandwiches and a wide variety of refreshments, which the three daughters of Mr. and Mrs. McCormick assisted in serving. Music was furnished by George Williams, of La Vale, and Lawrence Barry, of Elkhart. They played tenor banjos and sang to their accompaniment. The gold dollar auction was won by little Ruth McCormick, daughter of our gracious host.

CANTON COIN CLUB—September 8, 74th meeting, with 17 members and 16 guests attending. Report of A. N. A. Convention was given by S. J. Kabealo.

A discussion was held for a new meeting place, but no conclusions were reached.

Mr. Hammet, of Akron, took the chair as Akron started their program. Mr. Miller, of both the Akron and Canton clubs, gave the coming program of the Penn.-Ohio Convention, which will be held at the Portage Hotel, Akron, Ohio, on the evening of Oct. 17 and all day of the 18th. This will be the biggest event of the Penn.-Ohio group for the small charge of \$2, which is the cost of the dinner. Mr. Oblisk gave a talk on transportation tokens, especially those of Akron, Canton, etc. Mr. McKinney gave us a general history of Colonial coins. Mr. Hammet talked on the coinage of Spain.

Displays were as follows:

Mr. Miller: Proof sets, 1936-1941.

Mr. Oblisk: Roman and other ancients, and transportation tokens.

Mr. Shandel: Complete set of quarters.

Mr. Fenton: Irish Free State and Fractional notes of Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio.

Mr. Rabith: Paper dollars.

Mr. Hammet: Coins of Spain and Cuba.

Mr. Kabealo: Gold dollars, and the catalog for the auction sale to be held at the Penn.-Ohio Convention.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—Regular meeting, September 11, 1941. There were 15 members and two guests present. Mr. Baker, the president, presided.

Mrs. Strachan introduced two guests, Miss Elizabeth Anderson and Miss Millie Beck, both of Rock Island.

Mr. Baker read a communication from H. R. Sterrett, asking if the club wished service in regard to what goes on in the way of unethical practices, charge \$1. Mr. Gettys made a motion that \$1.00 be sent, which was carried.

Lloyd Gettys was speaker for the evening. He gave a first report of the A. N. A. Convention, explained display of coins, the trips to Valley Forge and the Philadelphia Mint, praised the good food and told about the auction. Next he talked about coins and how they were tampered with to look like rare coins, the various ways and how to know good coins. Mr. Moore talked about other ways and how to find out from an expert the difference between good and bad coins. Mr. Wright told about not buying medals only from people you know.

Mr. Hahn and Dr. Schneider asked for coins for auction at the State meeting in Cedar Rapids to be held in October.

Exhibits were as follows:

An uncirculated bill, \$100 on obverse, \$50 on reverse, by Mr. Gettys.

A set of miniature coins, consisting of bullet money, farthings, sixpence and Japanese money by Mrs. Elmer Laurent.

Uncirculated dollars by Dr. Schneider.

Refreshments were served at the close of the meeting.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—308th meeting, August 27, with 25 members and three guests present, Earl A. Parker presiding.

Applications were received from C. J. Freeman and John S. Russell. Mr. R. L. Moore was elected to active membership.

Roy Hill, who returned from an extensive trip through Canada and the East, and David Redfield, who just returned from Denver, gave very interesting reports on numismatic activities in these regions.

The secretary was instructed to buy a U. S. defense bond in the name of the Society.

Mr. Charles Knabenschuh gave a splendid talk on the United States nickel issue.

Several frames of coins and medals were displayed by different members.

An auction was held.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—September 12, 10th meeting, with President H. F. Hurst presiding. There were 12 members and three guests present.

After a short business session the meeting was turned over to Hayden Clements, who had charge of the program.

A short talk on the seven different types of nickels was made by Russell Mansfield.

S. W. Freeman talked on the fraudulent practice of certain dealer advertisements to buy such coins as the Liberty Head V nickel, the 1894-S mint dime, etc.

Mr. Clements has a nice program for our next meeting, October 10, which will include a talk by C. H. R. Howe, an auction sale, and a 1940 proof set as a door prize.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—411th meeting, August 21. The meeting was called to order by the second vice-president, Kenneth A. Fulton. J. F. McNamara acted as Secretary. There were eight members present.

A. F. Rand was elected a member.

K. Fulton reported an auction sale would be held at the next meeting.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—412th meeting, September 4, was called to order by President Rowe. There were 20 members present.

The auctioneer, Kenneth Fulton, requested material for the November auction sale.

George Needels donated to the Club a 1941 A. N. A. Convention program and also a 1941 A. N. A. Convention badge. Mr. Needels gave a brief report on what took place at the 1941 A. N. A. Convention in Philadelphia.

Mr. Heath spoke on having seen the machines and plates used in the making of Confederate money and stamps at Richmond, Va.

Mr. Fulton conducted an auction sale.

PAPER MONEY NOTES.

China—As early as 1935 bank notes had been issued by the Bank of China showing upon the reverse a Sun-Yat-Sen dollar, which bears the sailing junk in the center. The design has been continued, and some of the notes still in circulation of later issues repeated the coin reverse motif.

Madagascar—A new series of notes, undated, have been received which are issued by the Bank of Madagascar. The denominations are the 5, 10 and 20 franc values.

The 5-franc, issued in golden brown, shows the facing head of a conventionalized woman in a panel at the right. The reverse has an all-over design with a large 5 at the left. The notes measure 5 by 3 1/4 inches.

The 10-franc value is very attractive. The obverse is printed in blue and green, showing at the right a native woman holding a basket of fruits and vegetables. At the left is a large circle, without imprint, bearing the protective watermark, a head of a French girl. The reverse, printed in several tones of blue, shows a landscape scene, with water-oxen plowing. A French overseer directs the activities. The value appears at the top: "Bank of Madagascar 10 Francs." There is no date or indication of the metal in which the value is to be paid. The size is 5 by 3 1/2 inches.

The 20-francs resembles the 5 francs in color arrangement, being again a yellow and brown combination. At the left is a circular space for the watermark, similar to the 10-franc. At the right, a standing female, representing Civilized France, holds the hands of a native woman and her child. In the background is a palm tree, a bale, and an anchor. The reverse has a large panel at the left with the facing head of a native Madagascan chief. The 20-franc note measures 5 1/2 by 3 1/2 inches.

THE AUSTRALIAN NUMISMATIST

We are pleased to be able to announce the receipt of Vol. I, No. 1, of the Australian Numismatist, the official organ of the Association of Australian Numismatists, which first issue is dated August, 1940. We have also received Vol. I, No. 2, which is dated April, 1941.

The Australian association has a circulating library of numismatic papers, some of which were prepared for readings at American coin clubs (the Baltimore and the Boston numismatic groups each having had such a paper).

Several of the members of the Australian association are members of the

A. N. A. The early publications of their "Numismatist" are devoted largely to membership, regulations of the association and general notes. There are no articles on numismatics, nor are there any illustrations. The Australian "Numismatist" carries no advertising.

The present Hon. Editor is A. R. Turnbull, who succeeded A. S. Kenyon as Hon. Editor. A. S. Kenyon is now president for the 1940-41 year, having succeeded J. Hunt Deacon, of the Department of Coins and Medals in the National Gallery, Adelaide, South Australia.

THIS PECULIARITY DOES NOT MAKE ANOTHER VARIETY.

Maurice D. Scharlack, the numismatist from Corpus Christi, Texas, offers the following bit of information about nickels from his part of the country, and wonders if these are to be found in other parts.

He says he has noticed so many nickels with a red painted look, and upon investigation has found them to have fingernail polish smeared on. But why should the fair sex go to this trouble to beautify the buffalo or to paint up Monticello a crimson red? It seems that most of the juke boxes in his neighborhood are left on locations on a percentage basis. The cashier at these places drops in nickels often during the day or evening as a "stimulator" to the customers, and these nickels are the ones referred to, which have been marked in this way so as to be rebated to the cashier. Only recently a place of business was robbed and the music box emptied. The thief was apprehended when he tried to dispose of the red nickels.

HERALDIC INFORMATION REQUESTED ON FRANCE'S FLAG.

Our Australian member, J. Hunt Deacon, in a letter, has recently sent us the following poser:

"We have all seen, no doubt, the flag of the Free French Movement, with its cross. This cross, which has been called by authoritative works a patriarchal cross or the cross of Lorraine, has a history. But I have been unable to discover it. Now, then, why is it that this symbol of a church dignity is associated with Lorraine, for it does not appear to have been used in the arms of that kingdom, duchy or province. Neither is it like the Cross of Lorraine that appears on certain coins of the duchy or province, or similar to that worn by the followers of the Duke of Guise at the massacre on the Eve of St. Bartholomew. One would certainly like to know more about it, for it might possibly appear in the future upon the coins of a Free French Republic."

Any collector having any information about the selection of this cross, is invited to write the editor.

JUNIOR COIN COLLECTORS OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The 1941-1942 season of activity for the Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco has gotten under way, with the first exhibit meeting being held September 19, at which Ralph A. Mitchell, former president of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, was guest speaker, presenting a very fine display and talk on the "Colonial Coin of America."

The next item of activity is the organization's seventh anniversary on October 17 to 19, when it is planned to have a three-day event, with the anniversary banquet on October 17, and an exhibition, "Hobbyland," with its numismatic capital, "Coin City," as the first annual exhibit. Coins, stamps, minerals, historical items of all kinds, pictures and many other collectors' items are scheduled to be shown. It will be at the Whitcomb Hotel, 1231 Market St., San Francisco, unless a possible strike in the hotels takes effect, in which case it will most likely be held in the Public Library.

Officers are as follows: Roy Hill, counselor; Robert Weber, president; Robert G. Schmidt, vice-president; Robert W. Cook, secretary; Frank Sherman, treasurer; Ernest W. Schmidt, curator.

ENGRAVER SCOT WANTED COPPER COINAGE PRIVILEGE.

What is believed to be the only letter in existence written by Robert Scot, first engraver at the United States Mint, is printed below, and is published through the courtesy of James F. Magee, Jr., of Philadelphia, editor of "Embossed Revenue Stamped Paper News." The letter is taken from the Duane Papers in the Congressional Library.

The letter is addressed to Albert Gallatin, Secretary of the Treasury, at a time when a bill was pending in Congress to repeal parts of two acts relating to the establishment of the mint. In the event of the passage of the bill, Scot wanted authority to continue the striking of copper coins for the Government as a personal venture on terms which he outlines.

The letter follows (verbatim):

Sir,

The probability of the abolition of the mint establishment, induces me thus early, to state to you, that if the legislature should not be disposed, altogether to abandon the copper coinage, or might be willing after repealing the laws establishing the mint, to allow of a copper coinage, provided it may be done without any expense to the public, I would solicit your interest and influence to promote a proposition of that kind; which I do not presume on, only so far as you may deem it to consist with the public good; in connection with which, I flatter myself you will not be wanting; independent of any other claim, I may have, or pretension to public patronage.

However, I need not omit informing you, that on the first establishment of the mint I relinquished a profession at least equally productive and beneficial, as that of the engraver's place in the mint, which I have filled, and I believe without reproach ever since; by the loss of which I shall be left without resource, being so long out of the practice of my former profession, that I feel an incapacity to prosecute it with any more effect. I therefore submit the following proposition to your consideration, to the consideration of Congress, or to the department where it may properly belong.

That I may be vested with the exclusive privilege, according to law, of coining cents of the United States, as well from abroad as within the realm, under such restrictions, and provisions, either with respect to time or quantity, as Congress in their wisdom may deem proper.—That the cents shall be of the present weight and quality, and that they shall be coined, free of all expense to government, excepting that of receiving them when coined, and paying the nominal amount.

Should the above proposition meet with your approbation, or otherwise, I should still be happy to know your determination to forward them or not; if the former, I would beg to know the most proper mode of introducing it to Congress, whether by petition, and how conceived, or otherways.

I am Sir,

With the highest respect,

Your most obedient servant,

(Signed) ROBERT SCOT.

Mint, Philadelphia, 4th March, 1802.

Albert Gallatin, Esq. Secretary of the
Treasury, City of Washington.

Attempts were made several times from 1795 to 1828 to abolish the mint, but none of them became law and the mint remained a fixture in Philadelphia.

THEY GRACED OUR CURRENCY: A SERIES.

(2) **Samuel Dexter:** Samuel Dexter was born in Massachusetts in 1761, and was graduated from Harvard College in 1781. He served a term in Congress, but in 1800 President Adams appointed him Secretary of the Treasury on the last day of the year. He served during 1801 and died in 1816. His portrait appears upon the 50-cent denomination of the Fourth Issue of the Fractional Currency series, issued in 1871.

A BANK CENTENNIAL MEDAL OF AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

A large bronze medal, 65mm. in diameter, has recently been noted, which is of more than usual interest. It was struck at the Kremnitz mint, in Austria-Hungary, in the course of the first World War.

The obverse shows the Emperor Francis I in the act of signing the patent for the "Privileged Austrian National Bank," June 1, 1816. This bank was created in order to re-establish the credit of the Hapsburg monarchy, following the wars of the Napoleonic period.

There had been many paper-money issues released prior to 1816, which had depreciated rapidly. The Emperor, in order to gain the confidence of the people, pledged himself that the new "privileged" bank would be the only one entrusted with the bank note issue privilege.

The reverse has an inscription in Latin reading: "Francis I, in the month of June 1816, established it. Francis Joseph I, in the 68th year of his glorious reign, observed the centennial of its founding, 1916." The medal was designed by Schwartz, a prominent Austrian medalist, who also designed the coins of the Austrian monarchy, as well as those of Montenegro, Serbia and Bulgaria.

In view of conditions in Austria in 1916, it is assumed that very few of the bank centennial medals were released.

FAMOUS AMERICANS' PORTRAITS ON U. S. PAPER MONEY.

The issue during the previous months of a series of postage stamps with portraits of "Famous Americans" has attracted considerable public attention in view of the selection of the persons to be depicted.

It may not be as well known to numismatic students, but forty-five years ago the Government had started the practice of publicizing her "famous American" sons.

The silver certificate of 1896, which is popularly known by its title, History Instructing Youth, carries around its border, in wreaths, the names of the following Americans, all famous Americans, who, in some instances were again to appear upon the postage stamps in the series now in use.

In the center are the names of Washington, Jefferson and Franklin. At the left, Fulton, Calhoun, Clay, Jackson and Adams. At the right, Hamilton, Perry, Marshall, Webster and Morse.

At the left vertical panel, Cooper, Irving, Lincoln, Sherman and Longfellow. At the right panel, Hawthorne, Bancroft, Grant, Farragut and Emerson.

On the \$2 value the reverse bears the facing portraits of Fulton and Morse, while the \$1 value has the busts of Martha and George Washington.

BANK NOTE OF FRENCH SOMALILAND LOCATED.

A bank note of French Somaliland has recently been obtained. It was issued in 1923, at Djibouti, by the Bank of Indo-China, and bears the inscriptions in French, Turkish and Amharic. French Somaliland is located in Africa, between Eritrea, Ethiopia and British Somaliland. It is a port on the Gulf of Aden and had considerable strategic value to those holding it during the recent African wars. The railway from Addis Ababa has its terminus in Djibouti. The note, which is of the 5-franc denomination, is printed in pale green and shows a seated figure representing France holding a caduceus. At her feet sits an Oriental woman. The bank issuing these notes also issued 20-franc and 100-franc notes, all "payable in specie to the bearer." The 5-franc note measures $5\frac{1}{2}$ by $4\frac{1}{4}$ inches.

Cuba—We have just learned that Cuba authorized late in July the striking of nickel 1 and 5 centavo coins to the value of 190,000 pesos. Apparently the need for small change in Cuba is as great as it is in the United States. The Philadelphia Mint will probably strike the new coins.

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I Am Just as Anxious to Buy As I Am to Sell.

If you will just stop for a moment and investigate records, you will find that during the past forty years by far the greater percentage of all important collections offered and sold in this country have either been purchased or handled by me.

Of Course, There Is a Reason For It!

You owe it to yourself to at least just let me figure with you whenever you decide to part with your collection.

If your collection is only worth \$100, you will receive the same prompt and courteous reply as the \$100,000.00 collection receives.

Write me. Not the slightest obligation on your part.

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COMMEMORATIVE GOLD DOLLARS

1903 McKinley Gold Dollar. Uncirculated	\$ 4.85
1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar. Uncirculated	14.75
1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar. Uncirculated	13.80
1915 Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar. Uncirculated	3.80
1915 Panama Pacific \$2.50. Uncirculated	16.10
1916 McKinley Gold Dollar. Uncirculated	4.00
1922 Grant Gold Dollar, with star. Uncirculated	6.10
1922 Grant Gold Dollar, without star. Uncirculated	9.50
1926 Sesquicentennial Gold \$2.50. Uncirculated	5.30

Above Prices All Net. Postage Extra.

1799 Eagle. Fine turbaned head right. Rev. Large displayed eagle. Extremely fine, very sharp striking, desirable	42.50
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1886, \$5.00, Rosecrans and Huston. Brown seal. Very Fine	9.50
10.00, Rosecrans and Hyatt. Very Good	14.00
1891, \$5.00, Tillman and Morgan. Red seal. Very Fine	8.50
10.00, Tillman and Morgan. Very Fine	15.00
10.00, Lyons and Roberts. Very Fine	15.00
1896, \$5.00, Bruce and Roberts. Very Good. Famous electricity note	8.50
1899, \$1.00, Parker and Burke. Very Fine	1.80
1.00, Teehee and Burke. Extremely Fine	2.00
1.00, Elliott and White. Extremely Fine	2.00
1.00, Speelman and White. Very Fine	1.50
2.00, Napier and McClung. Very Fine	4.00
2.00, Speelman and White. Extremely Fine	4.00
5.00, Lyons and Treat. Extremely Fine	10.00
5.00, Napier and McClung. Very Fine	9.00
5.00, Parker and Burke. Very Fine	9.00
5.00, Teehee and Burke. Very Fine	9.00
5.00, Elliott and White. Very Fine	8.00

CHOICE EUROPEAN COINS

BOHEMIA, Half Taler, 1648, Ferdinand III. Laureated bust right. Rev. Double eagle. X. F.	2.00
LORRAINE, Half Ecu, 1736, Francis III. With Rev. Cross of Lorraine, now used by Free French forces. Proof. Extremely Rare	20.00
MAESTRICHT, 50 Stuiver, 1794, siege piece. Counterstamped on 1644 Louis XIV Half Ecu. Extremely Fine, Rare	16.00
NAPLES AND SICILY, Gold 6 Ducati, 1757, Charles III. Very Fine, scarce ..	15.00
SAXONY, Square Taler, 1678. On dedication of new shooting house. Extremely Fine	5.00
TEUTONIC KNIGHTS, Taler, 1603, Maximilian standing. Rev. Knight on horseback within circle of shields. Extremely Fine	3.50
TYROL, Half Taler, 1632, Leopold. Half bust right. Rev. Crowned arms within Order of Golden Fleece. Extremely Fine	2.00
VATICAN, 1588, Half Scudo, Sixtus V. Bust of the Pontiff right. Rev. Montalto 1588. Three figures in prayer. Very Rare, Very Fine	25.00
VATICAN, Gold Quartino, Benedict XIV. Bust of St. Peter right. Rev. Crossed keys and tiara. Extremely Fine	3.00
VATICAN, Zecchino, issued during Sede Vacante. Virgin seated in clouds. Rev. Dove above canopy and Papal arms. Uncirculated	12.50
WESTFRISIA, 3 Gulden, 1786. Issued by the East India Company. Extremely Fine	2.50

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October 29, 30, 31, 1941

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A splendid collection of coins from Sweden (almost complete in crowns).
Choice specialized collection of large cents.

Colonials in gem condition.

Half Dollars from 1794, including 1796, 1797.

Complete sets of Small Cents from 1856, 2c., 3c. Nickel, 5c. Pieces, Patterns, Pioneer Gold, Hard Times Tokens and Canadian Tokens, with hundreds of other items too numerous to mention.

**THESE COLLECTIONS WILL BE SOLD BY US THIS
FALL AND WINTER:**

A. C. Gies Collection of Large Cents.

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\$1 DOLLAR BARGAINS \$1

The following bargain lots are priced at only \$1.00 net each. Please go over these carefully and analyze the amazing values represented. Many of these lots if purchased individually or at regular advertised prices would cost you possibly two or three times the amount we are charging. You will be amazed at the quality and value received in these giant bargain parcels.

ALL DATES ARE OF OUR SELECTION!

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- 8 Large cents (diff. dates) (Fair) \$1.00
- 6 2c pieces (assorted dates) 1.00
- 7 3c pieces, nickel (diff. dates) .. 1.00
- 7 Half dimes (diff. dates) 1.00
- 5 Old shield ty. nickels (seconds) 1.00
- 3 U. S. bust type dimes 1.00
- 5 U. S. Liberty seated dimes 1.00
- 1 Liberty head $\frac{1}{2}$ over 100 years old 1.00
- 2 Liberty seated quarters 1.00
- 2 Diff. Colonial cents 1.00
- 3 Early store cards 1.00
- 10 Civil war cents 1.00
- Collection of U. S. minor coins, $\frac{1}{2}$ c. large cent, eagle cent, 2c piece, 3c nickel, 3c silver and half dime for 1.00
- 35 Asst. dates Indian head cents .. 1.00
- 20 Diff. dates Indian head cents .. 1.00
- 6 1922 "D" Lincoln cents 1.00
- 30 Unc. Lincoln cents before 1938 .. 1.00
- 8 Unc. nickels before 1936 1.00
- 6 Diff. unc. Jefferson nickels 1.00
- 1 Commemorative $\frac{1}{2}$ before 1925 unc. 1.00
- 1 Commemorative $\frac{1}{2}$ after 1925 unc. 1.00
- 4 Diff. souvenir Calif. gold ($\frac{1}{4}$ size) 1.00
- 5 Diff. Indian heads unc. 1.00
- *60c face value low grade fractional currency 1.00
- *75c face value U. S. coins before 1850, poor or mutilated 1.00
- 6 Diff. Historical medals 1.00

Foreign Coins

- 50 Foreign coins \$1.00
- 1 Foreign silver coin (\$ size) .. 1.00
- 2 Foreign $\frac{1}{2}$ silver diff. 1.00
- 4 Diff. foreign $\frac{1}{4}$ silver 1.00
- 10 Diff. foreign 16c silver 1.00
- 20 Diff. coins from 20 diff. countries (world parade collection) 1.00

Paper Money

- 5 Diff. Confederate notes \$1.00
- 10 State bank bills (fair) 1.00
- 200 Mixed Notgeld 1.00
- 60 Mixed Austria banknotes 1.00
- 50 Diff. foreign banknotes 1.00

Stamps

- 1500 Mixed Foreign \$1.00
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Miscellaneous

- 800 Coin envelopes (2x2 kraft) ... \$1.00
- 10 Diff. medals bronze or copper 1.00
- 8 Diff. medals, white metal 1.00
- 12 Willkie medals 1.00
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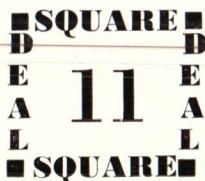
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1830 \$ 2.50	Templeton Reid, fine to very fine	\$300.00
Und. \$ 2.50	Christopher Bechtler, 65G., 21C. ex. fine	65.00
1834 \$ 5.00	Christopher Bechtler 140G., 20C.	60.00
1860 \$ 2.50	Clark, Gruber & Co., ex. fine	25.00
1860 \$10.00	Clark, Gruber & Co., very fine	85.00
1861 \$ 2.50	Clark, Gruber & Co., ex. fine	25.00
1861 \$10.00	Clark, Gruber & Co., very fine	32.50
1861 \$20.00	Clark, Gruber & Co., very fine	350.00
1849 \$ 5.00	Utah, fine	45.00
1849 \$ 5.00	Utah, ex. fine	60.00
1860 \$ 5.00	Utah, Beehive, etc., Unc.	250.00
1850 \$ 5.00	Baldwin & Co., ex. fine	150.00
1850 \$10.00	Baldwin & Co., Horseman, ex. fine	950.00
1855 \$20.00	Kellogg & Co., fine	55.00
1849 \$ 5.00	Moffatt & Co., ex. f.	20.00
1849 \$10.00	Moffatt & Co., fine	75.00
1850 \$ 5.00	Moffatt & Co., ex. f.	25.00
1852 \$10.00	Moffatt & Co., fine	100.00
1849 \$ 5.00	Norris, Grieg & Norris, fine	45.00
1853 \$20.00	United States Assay Office, 900, very fine	50.00
1853 \$20.00	United States Assay Office, 900, uncirculated	75.00
1853 \$10.00	United States Assay Office, 884, fine	40.00
1855 \$10.00	Wass, Molitor & Co., very fine	75.00
1855 \$20.00	Wass, Molitor & Co., very fine	300.00
1849 \$ 5.00	Oregon Exchange Co., Uncirculated	450.00
1848 \$ 2.50	CAL. over eagle, very fine	85.00
1848 \$ 2.50	CAL. over eagle, Proof	125.00

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1836 \$ 1.00	A.-W. 50, Proof	\$125.00
1852 \$ 1.00	A.-W. 159, Ring dollar, Unc.	125.00
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1795 \$ 5.00	Large Heraldic Eagle, Unc.	\$500.00
1805 \$ 5.00	Uncirculated	35.00
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1823 \$ 5.00	Very fine	95.00
1795 \$10.00	Fine	59.50
1838 \$10.00	Ex. fine	60.00
1931 \$20.00	Uncirculated	100.00
1932 \$20.00	Uncirculated	125.00
1864	Proof set, \$20, \$10, \$5, \$3, \$2½, \$1, 6 pcs.	600.00
Complete set of small cents, 1856 to 1909, Proofs, Lincolns from 1909 to 1938, Uncirculated, in Wayne Raymond Albums		275.00
Complete set of 2c. pcs., Unc. and Proof, in Raymond Holder		75.00
Complete set of 3c. Nickels, Unc. and Proofs, Raymond Holders		75.00
Complete set of Nickels, Unc. and Proof. 1866 to 1912-S in album		125.00
Complete set of 20c. pcs., Unc. and Proofs, in holder		75.00
Complete set of Proofs, 1936 to 1941, 6 sets, in holders		50.00
Complete set of Commemoratives, Unc. 111 pcs., Raymond albums		325.00
Complete set of Com. Gold dollars and 2 quarter eagles, Unc.		85.00
1915 Panama-Pacific set, Unc., in metal case		600.00
1915 \$50.00 Pan.-Pacific, Uncirculated		250.00

Complete set of Gold Dollars, 78 pcs. The set is composed of Uncirculated and Proof coins. Will ship to any Bank for inspection. Price on application to interested buyers.

Complete set of eagles, 1795 to 1804, 12 pcs., including the rare 4 and 6 star facing. The set is very fine. Price on application to interested buyers.

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**These Brilliant Mint Condition
Oregon Trail Half Dollars Sold
in Oct., 1937, according to Adv.
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Can You Beat It?**

1928 Oregon Unc. Cat.	\$ 3.50
1934 Oregon Unc. Cat.	3.50
1936 Oregon Unc. Cat.	2.00
1937 Oregon Unc. Cat.	1.75

Cat.	\$10.75
October Special	\$ 5.50

1892 or 1893 Columbian Unc. \$	.75	1936 Delaware Unc.	1.50
1915 Panama Pacific Unc.	10.00	1936 Norfolk Unc.	1.50
1918 Lincoln Unc.	1.15	1936 Roanoke Unc.	1.50
1920 Maine Unc.	2.75	1936 Gettysburg Unc.	1.75
1920 Pilgrim Unc.	1.10	1936 Antietam Unc.	2.00
1921 Pilgrim Unc.	5.00	1938 New Rochelle Unc.	2.00
1921 Missouri Unc.	11.50	1926 Oregon Trail Unc.	1.15
1921 Missouri with 2x4 Unc.	18.50	1926 Oregon Trail S. Unc.	1.15
1921 Alabama plain Unc.	3.25	1928 Oregon Trail Unc.	2.50
1921 Alabama with 2x2 Unc.	8.90	1933 Oregon Trail Unc.	5.00
1922 Grant plain Unc.	1.40	1934 Oregon Trail Unc.	2.50
1922 Grant with star Unc.	34.75	1936 Oregon Trail Unc.	1.15
1923 Monroe Unc.	1.25	1937 Oregon Trail Unc.	1.15
1924 Huguenot-Walloon Unc.	1.75	1938 Oregon P-S-D Unc.	4.75
1925 Stone Mountain Unc.	.85	1939 Oregon Trail PSD Unc.	14.85
1925 Lex.-Concord Unc.	1.25	1935 Boone P-S-D Unc.	7.50
1925 Calif. D. Jub. Unc.	1.75	1935 Boone small 1934 Unc.	1.25
1925 Fort Vancouver Unc.	5.65	1935 Boone small '34 S. & D. Unc.	27.50
1925 Norse Am. Thick Unc.	1.15	1936 Boone P-S-D Unc.	7.50
1925 Norse Am. Thin Unc.	2.25	1937 Boone P-S-D Unc.	20.00
1925 Norse Am. Large Bronze Silver Plated Unc.	48.50	1938 Boone P-S-D Unc.	19.50
1926 Sesqui Cent. Unc.	1.25	1934 Texas Unc.	1.00
1927 Bennington Unc.	2.00	1935 Texas P-S-D Unc.	3.45
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1. **AUSTRIA**—Francis Joseph I, 1848-1916. Iron Cross of Civil Merit with movable crown, 1916. Military division 35x47mm. E. F. \$3.56
2. — 50th. Ann. of Reign Medal, 1898. Military AE. 34mm. E. F. 2.00
3. — Frontier Svce. Cross, 1912-13 Gilt Zinc. 35x35mm. E. F. 1.75
4. — Six Yrs. Svce. Cross for Soldiers Gilt Zinc. 35x35mm. E. F. 1.50
5. — Charles I, 1916-18. Soldiers' Cross, 1916 Zinc. 29x29mm. E. F. 2.25
6. — Another, the same, but Slvd. Zinc. 29x29mm. E. F. 2.75
7. — Wound Medal 1918. For two wounds Zinc. 38mm. E. F. 2.50
8. **BADEN**—Leopold, 1830-52. Service Medal for Rebellion, 1849
Wo. Rib. E. F. 1.25
9. **FRANCE**—Napoleon III, 1852-70. St. Helena Medal 1792-1815 E. F. 2.50
10. — Italian Campaign Medal, 1859 Wo. rib. AR. 30mm. E. F. 3.00
11. — Chinese Expedition Medal, 1860 AR. 30mm. E. F. 3.50
12. — Third Republic, 1870-1940. 1870 War Medal AE. 30mm. E. F. 2.00
13. — 2nd Chinese Exped. 1900-01. W. Bar CHINE
Wo. Rib. AR. 30mm. V. F. 3.25
14. — Croix de Guerre, 1914-18 w. bronze star AE. 37x37mm. E. F. 2.75
15. **GERMAN EMPIRE**—Non-Combatant's Chinese Exped. Med.
Steel 32.5mm. E. F. 2.50
16. **GREAT BRITAIN**—Victoria, 1837-1901. Baltic Medal, 1854-55. With edge plain as issued to Navy AR. 36mm. E. F. 2.50
17. — Crimean Medal wo. bar. 1854. With edge plain as issued to the Navy AR. 36mm. E. F. 2.25
18. — Another w. bar SEBASTOPOL. To: 31st. Rgt. AR. 36mm. Fine 2.35
19. — Another w. 3 bars. BALAKLAVA, INKERMANN, SEBASTOPOL. To: (engvd.) H. M. S. Trafalgar AR. 36mm. V. F. 4.50
20. — Turkish Crimean Medal, 1855. Sardinian type. To: 3 Gren. Guards. (indented) AR. 36mm. Fine 3.00
21. — Another, but edge uninscribed AR. 36mm. V. F. 2.75
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28. — 2nd India General Svce. Medal (1895). With bars: PUNJAB FRONTIER, SAMANA. To: 2/R. Irish Rgt. AR. 36mm. E. F. 4.00
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1878 Brill. Proof ..	5.00	1926 Brill. Red Unc.	.40
1879 Proof, Dull Red ..	1.25	1928-S Brill. Red Unc.	1.50
1880 Bright Red Unc.	1.00	1929-D Brill. Red Unc.	.50
1880 Brill. Red Proof ..	1.50	1930-D Brill. Red Unc.	.35
1881 Bright Red Unc.	1.00	1931-S Brill. Unc.	.50
1881 Brill. Proof ..	1.25		

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1806 5 Gd. 2.25	1862 Unc. 1.40	1914 X. Fi. .. 1.30	1927 Gd., D .. .60
1806 Fi. 2.75	1864 Unc. 1.70	1914 Gd., D .. .70	1928 Gd.40
Lib. Face Left	1875 Fi. .... .70	1915 X. Fi. 1.40	1928 Fi., S .. .70
1815 Gd. 1.45	1876 Unc. .... .90	1915 Unc., D .. 2.95	1928 Fi., D .. .85
1818 Gd. .... .95	1876 Unc., S .. .95	1916 Gd., D .. .50	1929 Gd. .... .40
1819 Gd. .... .95	1876 Unc., CC 1.20		1929 Gd., D .. .65
1820 Fi. 1.90	1877 Fi. .... .45	Lib. Standing	1929 Fi., D .. .85
1821 Gd. .... .95	1877 Unc., S .. .95	1917 Unc., T 1 1.85	1930 Unc. 1.50
1828 Fi. 2.90	1877 Fi., CC .. .90	1917 X. F., D 6.75	1930 Gd., S .. .45
1831 Fi. .... .90	1879 Unc. .... .95	1917 Unc., S .. 7.75	
1832 Fi. .... .90	1880 Proof .. 1.95	1917 Unc., S .. 8.00	Washington Hd.
1834 Fi. .... .90	1882 Unc. 1.00	1918-17 Gd. S 4.00	1932 Unc. .... .60
1835 Fi. .... .95	1884 Unc. 1.00	1918 Fi., S .. 2.75	1934 Unc. .... .60
1838 Fi. .... .90	1885 Unc. 1.00	1918 Fi., D .. 2.45	1934 Unc., D .. 1.00
	1889 Unc. 1.20	1919 Fi. 2.75	1935 Unc. .... .70
Lib. Seated	Morgan Type	1920 Fi. 1.40	1935 Fi., D .. .50
1840 Fi., O .. 1.00	1892 Fi. .... .70	1920 Fi., S .. 3.25	1935 Fi., S .. .95
1842 Fi., O .. 1.90	1893 Unc., O .. 3.35	1920 Fi., D .. 3.25	1936 Unc. .... .60
1853 Unc. 1.00	1897 Fi. .... .65	1923 Fi. 1.75	1936 Unc., S .. .70
1853 Fi., O .. .95	1901 Unc. 1.95	1924 Fi. 1.25	1936 Fi., D .. .45
1854 Unc. .... .95	1902 Fi., O .. .95	1924 Gd., S .. 1.40	1937 Unc., S .. .65
1855 Fi. .... .65	1903 Fi., S .. 1.70	1924 Fi., D .. .90	1937 Unc., D .. .65
1856 Unc. 1.00	1906 Fi., O .. .75	1925 Fi. .... .90	1938 Unc., S .. .60
1857 Unc. 1.40	1908 Unc. 1.90	1926 Unc. 1.90	1938 Unc., D .. .65
1858 Unc. 1.40	1908 Unc., O .. 1.95	1926 Fi., S .. 1.25	1939 Unc.60
1859 Fi., O .. .95	1910 X. Fi. .. 1.10	1926 Gd., D .. .50	1939 Unc., S .. .65
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1876 Unc.	1.75
1879 Brill. proof	1.50
1880 Brill. proof	1.50
1883 Brill. proof	1.25
1884 Brill. proof	1.25
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1881 Brill. proof	2.75
1882 Brill. proof	1.65
1883 Brill. proof, Shield	1.40
1883 Brill. proof, No CENTS	.95
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1902 Brill. proof	1.25
1903 Brill. proof	1.25
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1913-S T. 2	1.25	2.25
1914-D, '15-D, ea.	.60	1.00
1914-S, '15-S, ea.	.40	.75
1916 to 1925, ea.	.15	.35
1916-D or S to 1920-D or S, each	.30	.60
1921-S, '23-S, '24-S, each	.35	.75
1924-D, '25-D or S, each	.30	.60
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1926-S, '27-S, each	.50	1.00
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1918	.75	.90	1.25
1918-S	.90	1.10	1.50
1918-D	.90	1.10	1.50
1919	.90	1.20	1.85
1919-S	1.25	2.00	3.00
1919-D	.90	1.25	1.90
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1920-S	.75	1.10	1.50
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1924-S	.75	1.00	1.50
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1940-S	.80	.03
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1938-D Buffalo	2.75	.08
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1937-S or D	3.00	.10
1931-S	9.50	.30
1927	10.50	.35

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1940-D, '39-D & S, '40-S	.15	.15
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1931-D, 1929-D	.35	.35
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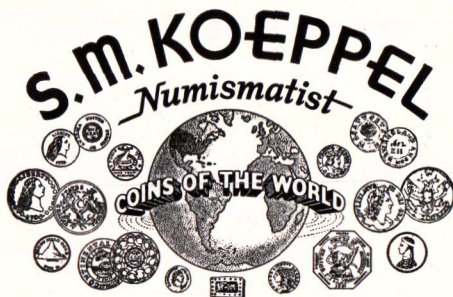
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1812 or 1814 Good, each	.50
1813 Fair 50c.; Good	1.00
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1835 Very good	.50
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1883 With Cents, Br. Proof \$2. V. G.	
.30. G.	.20
1884 V. G.	.25
1886 V. G.	.85
1887 Br. Proof \$1.50. Unc. .85. V. G. .20	
1888 Shade from Unc. .65. G.	.20
1889 F.	.30
1890 Unc., dent on Rev. .60. Ex. F.	
.60. V. G.	.20
1891 Br. Proof \$1.15. Unc., slightly	
dull	.70
1892 F.	.30
1893 Proof \$1.15. V. F. .40. F.	.25
1894, 1895, 1897, 1898 V. F. to Ex. F.,	
each	.35
1899 Unc. .70. G.	.15
1900 Unc. .70. Shade from Unc.	.45
1901 Unc. .65. Shade from Unc.	.40
1902 Dull Proof .75. Unc. .70. G. .15	
1903 Dull Proof .75. Unc. .65. F. .20	
1904 Unc. .65. F.	.20
1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1911, 1912,	
G. to V. G.	.15
1907 Unc. .75. V. F.	.45
1908 Shade from Unc.	.50
1910 Dark, dull proof	.60
1912-S V. G.	.85
1912-D F. .70. V. G. .45. G.	.25

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Masterpieces Of Art On Ancient Coins

By EDWARD GANS
New York City

(Paper presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

When we keep ourselves occupied with the study of ancient coins we enjoy not only the variety of the designs, their greatness or their charming allusions, but we are deeply impressed with the artistic spirit with which even the most minute detail is executed.

There is no doubt that among those die-cutters there were many artists of the first order who were equal to the great sculptors, such as Pheidias, Skopas and many others, whose names were not handed down to posterity, but whose works in marble or bronze, in terra-cotta or in gold are still the delight of many people after more than 2000 years. The question arises, to what extent these ancient die-cutters were influenced by existing sculptures, or whether they created the dies by their own inspiration. We don't feel competent to decide in any given case whether a certain sculpture served as a model, or—the reverse way—whether a coin served as pattern for any other object of art. We wish to point out some parallels, anyhow, partly illustrated, and where facts have been established as to the prior existence of the coin or the sculpture it will be mentioned. Speaking in general terms we only wish to draw collectors' attention to the close artistical relationship between his treasured coins and the related fields of art. With regard to the illustrations, we wish to express our gratitude to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, from whose immeasurable treasures we could select a few objects which are shown in these photographs.

Before going into further details we wish to stress the point that the designs on ancient coins originally were intended to represent the coat-of-arms or the emblem of the town. In some instances it was a so-called "talking" emblem, or pun, as, for instance, in Rhodos, where the coins bore a rose (Gr. rhodon—rose), or Selinus, where the leaf of the celery plant was chosen (Gr. selinon—celery).

In other instances we find an allusion to the principal occupation of the inhabitants of the town or section. For instance, on the coins of the islands of Andros, Naxos, etc., renowned for the cultivation of grapes and the production of wine, an amphora or grapes, etc., are reproduced. These symbols gradually took on a religious air. Instead of material designs, these sym-

bolos became representative of the various gods or goddesses. The grape, for instance, on the obverse was replaced by the head of Dionysus, and—as the god's and the city's emblem—the grape was placed on the reverse. Such development was, of course, not the standing rule. We often meet with other combinations, too, but it would be too lengthy to explain them here.

What we wish to stress and to make clear is the close connection between the coat of arms of a city and its main deity on one hand and the designs of its coins on the other. They influenced each other in a most conspicuous way.

Only in rare instances could it be proven that the die-cutter copied exactly a well-known pattern. This has been accomplished on a certain type of coins of Thasos, made during the first half of the fourth century B. C. (Fig. 1.)



Fig. 1.

Ob. Head of bearded Dionysus wearing ivy wreath.

Rx. Herakles, kneeling, wearing lion's skin and shirt, bending his bow with outstretched arms.

Unusual for this period is the rigid treatment of the shirt and the exaggerated reproduction of the muscles. Indeed, there is a relief preserved from the city gate in Thasos, on which Dionysus and Herakles are described as the "Guardians of the City." This relief, from an earlier period, apparently has been copied.

There is another very interesting case. A couple of coins of Abdera were struck by an officer by the name of Molpagoras. Choosing the "talking" type (Gr. *molpan*—to dance) he represented two *Kalathiskos* dancers. These coins were apparently copied from reliefs, which are now in the Museum of Berlin. See illustration of the 2 coins (Figs. 2 and 3). Unfortunately, we cannot reproduce the reliefs, since the available prints are too indistinct and not suited for reproduction.



Figs. 2 and 3.

The well-known design, "Herakles strangling the Nemeian lion," has often been chosen by various towns. We mention only Heraclea—the allusion here was quite obvious—and Tarentum. At a later time we find the same design on a Roman coin struck in 79 B. C. by the moneyer, Caius Publicius. Exactly the same representation can be found on an intaglio as early as the fifth century of Etruscan origin, which is now in the possession of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.

The type of the facing head of Arethusa (Fig. 4), created by Kimon for the dekadrachms of Syracuse, a type which was later adopted by other Greek cities too, can be seen again on a mirror made at the end of the fourth century B. C. (Fig. 5). In this instance we feel inclined to say that the dekadrachm, famous already at the time of its creation, served as model for this mirror.

There are several analogies for the famous "horsemen of Tarentum." During excavations in the eighties of the last century right in the city of Tarentum numerous terra-cottas were found, among which there were also

votive-tablets. Several of them were similar to the horsemen designs, and some tablets with the dioscouri were even identical with the contemporaneous coinages. This relief (Fig. 6), also from the collection of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, might have given the inspiration for creation of the dioscouri type. On it there is only one rider preserved, but Miss Gisela Richter, author of the "Handbook of the Metropolitan Museum," refers to two similar pieces in European collections, though not quite as fine from the artistic point of view, on which there is a second rider behind the other one preserved. In order to approach the purpose of this article as closely as possible we have chosen for comparison not the dioscouri design but the single rider. (Fig. 7.)

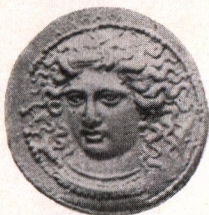


Fig. 4.



Fig. 5.

Courtesy of the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

During the period of finest Greek coinage, imitations of existing objects of art were rare. Beginning with the third century, the Hellenistic period, reproductions of older archaic, but also of later statues etc. are frequent. We mention the statues of Zeus and Apollo, the various types of the "fighting Athena" as well as the head of Athena Parthenos by Pheidias on the later coins of Athens. We abstain from giving further details, as Prof. Behrendt Pick dealt with this particular theme in a paper published in *The Numismatist*, Vol. XXXVI, 55.

On Roman Consular coins we sometimes meet with reproductions of statues, columns, buildings etc., but the moneyer wished to have these designs to reflect historical events. One of the earliest pieces of this era is a denarius struck by C. Minucius Augurinus in 129 B. C. On this piece we see the bronze monument, erected by the Romans in 439 B. C. in honor of one of his ancestors, who saved his fellow-citizens by timely provision of foodstuffs during a threatening famine.

The Roman coinages during the second and first century are of such a variety that they hardly could be surpassed in any other period. They exuberate splendid inspiration in every respect, as the designs on them deal with practically every subject: religion and state, justice and commerce, architecture, zoology, etc. Wishing to keep strictly to our topic, we only want to mention off the record that doubtless certain statues served as models for the deities represented on these coins. In this connection we refer to the series of charming coins struck by Q. Pomponius Musa, who

represented on his coins Hercules Musagetes as well as the nine muses in allusion to his name. We are pretty sure that the die-cutter had appropriate models before him when he made his charming designs. The writer, who always had a predilection for this particular series, unfortunately had the same experience as so many other collectors of rare objects. It is a difficult thing to complete this series, and, of course, it is the Erato design, the Muse of Love, which is almost unobtainable.



Fig. 6.

Courtesy of the Metropolitan Museum of Art.



Fig. 7.

On a coin of Faustus Cornelius Sulla, son of the dictator Sulla, struck about 64 B. C., we see his father enthroned, and kneeling before him is King Bocchus presenting him with a laurel twig, and behind him King Jugurtha in chains. We know from a quotation of the ancient writer Valerius Maximus that Sulla ordered a ring with a seal, in which the above described scene is carved.

Before we finish we wish to mention a bronze of Kybele, seated in a car which is drawn by a pair of lions. This colossal bronze group belongs to the most important objects of its kind in the world and it is also in the possession of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York. The cult of Kybele, the Mother of the Earth, originated in Asia Minor. It was introduced in Rome during the Hannibalian wars. In honor of Kybele the Romans celebrated the Megalesian games annually, on which occasion the statue of Kybele was led through the streets in a procession. It may well be that this group (Fig. 8) was used during such processions at a later period. At least its size makes this supposition possible.

Kybele with her lions is represented on an aureus of the praetors Caius Norbanus and Lucius Cestius; this incidentally is a rare coin (Fig. 9). We find a similar reproduction also on some later Roman bronzes struck in Asia Minor. Caius Norbanus Flaccus was selected by Octavianus and Antonius to fight against Cassius and Brutus, the murderers of Julius Caesar. He encamped near Philippi and he occupied the city of Amphipolis, which city was menaced by his adversaries. In Amphipolis he waited for Antonius, and after his arrival the historical battle of Philippi was fought, which ended with a complete defeat of Brutus and Cassius. In honor of Antonius, C. Norbanus

Flaccus struck the aforementioned aureus. Plinius reports that Antonius trained lions, which would draw him, seated in a car, through the streets of Rome. It is obvious therefore that Norbanus Flaccus intended to create a flattering comparison with the Mother of the Gods.

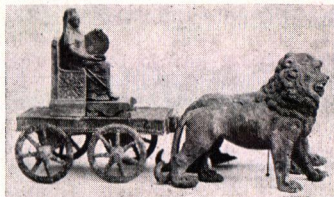


Fig. 8.

Courtesy of the Metropolitan Museum of Art.



Fig. 9.

The reproduction of portraits on Roman coins starts with Julius Caesar. There is no doubt that the portraits on them were made after existing statues of the emperors. These portraits are always on the obverse. The reverses bear numerous statues etc. and especially the sestertii and medallions are adorned with many interesting scenes of the life in Rome, of architecture, of festivals, etc., the models of which the die-cutters will have found on public buildings, altars, triumphal arches, state-reliefs, etc. But it would surpass by far the limits of this paper to go into further details until another time.

The Collecting Of U. S. Paper Money

By **LOYD B. GETTYS**
Davenport, Iowa

(Paper presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

In collecting United States paper money I have in mind only the old type large size U. S. currency of legal tender, silver certificates, Federal Reserve and national bank notes. In collecting it one will derive a great deal of benefit, learn the history of our country's financial system, the struggle of the early Americans in the discovery and settlement of our country, many incidents pertaining to famous characters in our American history, and in addition to all this it will keep you young.

In the ownership of a representative collection of U. S. currency you will derive a great deal of pride and satisfaction.

In starting the hobby of collecting U. S. paper money it would be a good idea to gather together the \$1 and \$2 notes of every series and issue put out by the Government. You can start with the \$1 and \$2 notes of the first issue of Legal Tender, Series of 1862. These bills are known as the Chase and Hamilton notes. From there to the series of 1869, and so on to the last issue of legal tender notes, series of 1923. In acquiring these \$1

and \$2 notes you will find that the series of 1880 gives you the greatest variety of signatures and seals of any of the issues.

In starting on the silver certificates, the series of 1886, you will find a most beautiful series, each \$1 note containing a gorgeous design on the reverse, and on the obverse the portrait of Martha Washington. Nowhere will you find a more beautiful note than the \$1 1886 silver certificate with the signatures of Rosecrans and Nebeker and the large brown seal.

The coin notes of 1890 have a design on the reverse that is unequalled, the denomination of the note being spelled out.

In collecting paper money we must not leave out currency of the First Charter Period of national bank notes, particularly the \$1 and \$2 notes. Again American history and events are portrayed on these notes.

Another very interesting series is that of 1896. This is known as the Educational Series, and on this series alone one may talk many an hour about the history and development of our country.

The old type large size United States currency is becoming scarcer every day, and in time to come every note will be exceedingly rare. The reason for this is all have been called in by the Treasury Department, and when they reach the Treasury Department are destroyed.

The collecting of paper money is a hobby worth while as there are so many folks in our country that have never seen the old large size bills. Just to prove this to your own satisfaction, take one of the old size national bank notes that is not in very good condition, go into a store where you are not known, make a purchase from a young clerk, and offer this note. One of two things will happen. The clerk will refuse to accept your note in payment, or will go to the person in charge of the department and ask "is this good money?"

What could be a finer thing for us to do than to gather together a fine collection in order that we may show people in years to come the money that was in circulation that was really beautiful in design and great in character.

The Story Behind The Token

THE PEACE BRIDGE, BUFFALO, N. Y.

**By B. MORGENTHAU
New York City**

The Peace Bridge, spanning the Niagara river from Buffalo, N. Y., to Fort Erie, Ontario, was erected in commemoration of the one hundred years of peace between the United States and Canada. Incorporated under the Laws of 1922, it was operated as a private bridge by the Buffalo and Fort Erie Public Bridge Company until May 1, 1934, when it passed into the hands of the Buffalo and Fort Erie Public Authority under a charter granted (Laws of 1933) by a special session of the Legislature. The bonds of the company were sold to the general public under a trust indenture, date of June 1, 1925.



Construction of the bridge started in the fall of that year. It was completed and opened for traffic on June 1, 1927. When the original proponents of the erection of such a bridge gathered to select the man best fitted to head whatever organization might be set up for the purpose, the choice fell upon Frank B. Baird, well known for his civic leadership. In the latter years of his life, next to his family, the Peace Bridge became his greatest interest.

The crowning success of Mr. Baird's career came with the nearing of the bridge's completion and the arranging for its dedication. Selecting the time when the Prince of Wales was to visit Canada, he endeavored to have the

attendance of President Calvin Coolidge of the United States. When this became impossible, he succeeded in securing Vice-President Charles G. Dawes. It was then he encountered the tradition of the British Empire that royalty could appear officially only when the Chief Executive of the nation attended. Nothing daunted, Mr. Baird advanced the argument that as successor to the President the Vice-President was in like position as that of the Prince, who was successor to the King. Furthermore that it would not be necessary for the Prince to be present at any place except on ground belonging to one country as much as the other.

Even this argument proved unavailing because by tradition the Prince could not appear under such circumstances without the personal consent of the King. This consent was finally secured through the cooperation of Premier King of Canada, and Premier Baldwin, of England. The dedication is still remembered as one of the outstanding events in the interest of peace and good will. Born in 1852, and with a life crowded with action, Mr. Baird died on November 15, 1939.

The Coinage Of The Danish West Indies, Now The Virgin Islands

By HARRY W. RAPP

Detroit, Mich.

(Paper read before the Detroit Coin Club.)

The Virgin Islands, a group of islands 60 miles east of Puerto Rico, were discovered by Columbus in 1494. They consist mainly of the islands of St. Thomas, St. Croix, and St. John, with a total area of 132 square miles.

On the 6th of May, 1665, an order was issued by the Danish Government to Eric Nielson Smed to occupy an island in the West Indies called St. Thomas, which at that time seemed to be ownerless. In the year 1671, or earlier, the island must have become Danish property, as Jorgen Iverson became the first Governor on September 28, 1671. The island of St. John was presumably occupied a few years later, as on September 6, 1679, Nicolai Ermit became Governor over St. Thomas and surrounding islands, among which St. John was undoubtedly included.

However, not before 1685 is the royal ownership over St. Thomas and St. John mentioned. The island of St. Croix was purchased by Denmark from France on June 15, 1733, and the islands remained Danish until they were purchased for \$25,000,000 by the United States, which took possession on March 31, 1917.

The city of St. Thomas, on St. Thomas island, 1442 miles from New York, is the principal port, has coaling and oil fueling stations, and is a United States naval base.

The chief industries were rum, bay rum and sugar refining. Prohibition and the decline of the sugar trade left the islands destitute, so that Congress appropriated \$421,000.00 for relief work in the Virgin Islands for 1930-31.

U. S. citizenship was conferred on the natives in 1927. Civil, military and judicial powers are vested in a Governor, who is appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the consent of the Senate. The Danish Code of Laws, known as the Colonial Laws of 1906, remain in force. The legislative council has 24 members elected by popular vote and 9 nominated by the Governor. Education is compulsory and trade is mainly with the United States.

The first coins for the islands were struck during the reign of Christian VI of Denmark in 1740, and those and all following issues were struck in Denmark, most of them at the mint in Copenhagen. A few issues were struck at the mint in Altona.

In 1849 it was decided to adopt the United States monetary system. U. S. coins were imported and counterstamped with the royal crowned monogram during 1849-51. Other coins of different denominations from various coun-

tries were counterstamped also. A number of private issues or tokens have been in circulation in the islands.

The St. Thomas Savings Bank failed in the year 1888. When the bank was closed it was decided by the Colonial legislators that all merchants could have tokens minted to meet local trade, since there was not sufficient change, due to the closing down of the bank. Many of the merchants acted and had their own tokens struck, and good money had to be exchanged for bad change. Oftentimes, merchants refused to accept another merchant's tokens, and since they would not return good change, the people found the situation very difficult. The conditions became so bad that the population was on the point of a revolt when the Government forbade, by law, on November 4, 1892, the issuing of any more tokens.

All tokens were valued after the Mexican monetary system.

How I Became Interested In Coins, Or Am I?

By C. B. EDWARDS
Wichita, Kan.

(Paper presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

(Author's Note—Warning! This article ends with a "time bomb"—spontaneous combustion—of my own creation. I hope your enthusiasm ignites it so I can hear the REPORT from you and YOU.)

"Some have greatness thrust upon them," or perhaps in my case I just drifted into the "coin-collecting realm."

I became inoculated several years ago while paying teller in the Fourth National Bank. I did not know symptoms at that time. This "coin craze" creeps upon you unawares.

One day an associate teller gave me a funny looking \$2½ gold coin. Later another still different \$2½ gold coin was given to me. One said "Sesqui Centennial," the other "Pan-Pacific." Then I acquired some tiny gold dollars—several with McKinley's head on them. Then several \$3 gold coins. All these I put away in old coin box. Other odd U. S. and foreign coins drifted into my possession. Then came different varieties of half dollars. One dated 1921 said "Sedalia, Mo." Where I got it I don't know. I do know that only par was paid by me for coins listed above. I had no particular knowledge at time of value. They were just curiosities.

Later some fellow brought in a set of three Arkansas half dollars dated 1937, and a 1937 ('34) Boone. I did not know value, but he wanted 75 cents each, so I finally paid him that amount for each one. Liked their looks.

One day a "real coin collector" came in and asked if I had any "old coins." Out came the old coin box. His offer "floored me." Right then and there I was "stricken" with "numismatic fever." No, sir, would not sell. (You buyers know how tough they get when novices think "there's gold in them thar hills"). Perhaps that's why, now that I have some knowledge of true values, I never try to buy a coin without giving customer full information as to the number struck and condition and pay, as near true value as I possibly can, and never urge that they sell, simply stating what I will pay, and then only and when they show a disposition to part with a coin.

Thus my attention began to focus on books on money—the thing that has preserved history throughout the ages. Much fascinating knowledge was obtained. Then came a study on values, condition, number struck, prices, buying and selling. It's all been so interesting. Last but not least came my membership in the A. N. A. Here was found a new phase—trusting men, honor bound, to whom money is not entirely "a circulating medium of exchange," but a thing alive, full of romance. Under a "bushel basket" I found the A. N. A. I was never approached until I had an article published in "Banking," New York. Then a fellow banker in Spokane suggested joining, but I had already taken out membership. No one was to blame. Who was

to know my interest in numismatics? Out here in Wichita we do things. Years ago we built a large building in a "cow pasture" and painted a sign upon it "The Air Capital." People laughed, said "it can't be done." We knocked the "T" out of can't. Today around 30,000 employes are working day and night in four factories—Beech, Stearman, Cessna and Culver—turning out planes for Uncle Sam and practically every nation on earth.

What's all this to do with the A. N. A.? Plenty. I want you "coin fans" and dealers to remove that "bushel basket" and let our light shine. Do things. Though a member of less than a year I have sponsored others. An application goes in with this article. More will follow.

I wonder, in the first place, if this article will be acceptable. If so, will it be read. So I conjure up an idea. This is the fiftieth anniversary of the A. N. A. Let's truly double membership. I challenge you as readers to sponsor one new member in the A. N. A. this month. Let the only way I have of knowing if you "read" this article be—send me direct a postal card saying: "I got my man today."

O. K., fellows, who will be first man. My "fan mail" looks like a movie star's. Make the A. N. A. mean "Another New Addition." It can be done.

R. S. V. P.

P. S.—Sign your cards. Make an autograph collector out of me, also. I now have just two—Theodore Roosevelt and Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

Engravers Of Papal Coins And Medals

By JOSEPH COFFIN
New York City

(Paper presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

The engraver's art has had so much to do with the beauty of Papal coins and medals that it would be hard to pay suitable tribute to these artists who in many cases are not identified by signature or any other means.

From the thirteenth to the eighteenth century the names of a good many engravers at over a score of Papal mints were identical with those of the finest painters, sculptors, architects, woodcarvers, goldsmiths and gem engravers of the Papal court. However, we must not suppose that the engraving of coins and medals was simply a by-product or secondary feature of more elaborate and imposing art work. Rather it showed that the Popes and rulers felt that the execution of such coins and medals was so important that the best artists in all spheres should be commissioned to work on them.

The ranks of the goldsmiths and jewelers were always a source of supply for the engravers of the Papal mints. Benvenuto Cellini (1500-1571) was one of the most famous of engravers of coins and medals, and was equally renowned as a goldsmith, gem engraver and sculptor. He was apprenticed to a jeweler at Florence, and worked there and at Bologna, Rome and Pisa, and executed medals and coins for Pope Clement VII (1523-1534) and Paul III (1534-1550). Cellini took his art so seriously that he is supposed to have assassinated de Capitaneis, another engraver at the Rome Mint (1527-1537) through jealousy.

Domenico Poggini (1520-1590) was another goldsmith and sculptor called upon to act as chief engraver at Rome by Pope Gregory XIII (1572-1585), and continued under Sixtus V (1585-1590), his signature being DOM POG F, D P, D P F, etc.

Alessandro Menganti (1523-1585) was another famous sculptor, in fact, a pupil of Michael Angelo, honored by being appointed engraver at the Bologna Mint. He executed many Bolognese coins for both Popes Gregory XIII and Sixtus V.

While all branches of the arts were well represented at the mints, the engravers and die cutters were not all Italian. Many nationalities were represented and some of the best-known artists were other than Italian. The famous Hamerani family, although adopting Rome as their home, originally came from Germany; the Borners, Peter Paul and brother, Johann Baptist,

engravers at Rome in the last decade of the seventeenth and first of the eighteenth century, were Swiss; the St. Urbains, Ferdinand (1658-1721) and his son, Claude Auguste (1703-1761), were French.

Women also contributed their part in the engraving of Papal medals, among them Anna and Beatrice Hamerani, who executed medals and seals, and Mme. M. R. Lancelot-Croce, who worked on a medal of Pope Leo XIII in 1900.

The student of Papal numismatics will be perplexed at times by the variety of letters and signatures appearing on these coins and medals. They are puzzling, and after learning of the ordinary mint marks, such as R for Rome, there are others which may at times be the sign of the mintmaster, die sinker, administrator or engraver. To cover all of these marks could not be attempted in a short study. Even in dealing with signatures of engravers alone the student is upset by such marks as IO:F, O.M.D.P.V., PISANUS PICTOR, etc. A study of these abbreviations is, of course, rendered more difficult because we are dealing with a foreign language which is, in fact, not even in present common use. In the first mentioned, IO:F, the signature of Giovanni Zacchi, of Bologna, on medals of Pope Paul III (1536-37), the first two letters are an abbreviation of an old form of "John" or "Giovanni," the "F" is for "Fecit," from "Me Fecit," meaning "Engraved by" shortened to "Fecit" or "F." An analogy is the Latin "Pictor," which appeared on paintings after the artist's name, meaning "he painted it." It shows on medals by the famous Italian painter and medallist, Pisanello (The Small Pisan—Antonio Pisano (1397-1455), who signed his medals "PISANUS PICTOR."

O.M.D.P.V. was sometimes signed by Matteo de Pasti, fifteenth century medallist, sculptor, painter and architect, a pupil of Pisano, and means "Opus Matteo de Pasti Veronensis." Interpreted, "Opus," also shown as OP or O, means "the work of" and in this case we have "The work of Matteo de Pasti of Verona," the latter being the city of the artist. Likewise, the practice of inserting the engraver's home city adds to the difficulties besetting the collector at times. For example, three almost contemporary men of Parma, Lorenzo Fragny, known as Lorenzo Parmense (1572-1582), signed medals of Gregory XIII as LAV PAR or L P (Lorenzo of Parma); Lorenzo Parmigiani engraved the coins of Gregory XIII, while Gian Frederigo Bonzagna, called Frederic of Parma, or Frederigo Parmense, executed many medals, including the famous St. Bartholomew's Massacre medal (1572), worked at the Parma Mint 1547-55 and at Rome beginning 1555, signing F. P. (Fecit Parmense), F. PARM or FEDEPARM, all of which is confusing in ascribing coins and medals of this period to the proper artist.

The aforementioned similarity in signatures is apt to cause confusion to even the initiated. To mention one or two which the writer has personally encountered:

The first has to do with the three artists of Parma, while in another case the catalogue of a well-known European dealer a year or two ago ascribed a medal of Antonio Perrenot, Cardinal Gravella, with signature IO:V MELON—F to Leone Leoni (1509-1590), whereas it was actually engraved by Giovanni V. Melone, an Italian medallist of the latter half of the sixteenth century, who used this signature, or MILLON F—IO, V MELON and other similar signatures easily confused with Leoni, and in the latter case making the medal much more desirable and expensive, Leoni being one of the really great artists of this period. He was born at Arezzo, 1509, and died at Milan 1590; appointed engraver at Rome 1537 to 1540, where he became famous for his medals of the Pope, Paul III. He was later engraver at Milan, and still later mint master at Parma and even more famous as a painter than as an engraver.

Other Papal engravers easy to cause misunderstandings because of similar signatures are Gaspare Mola (1580-1669), who signed GASP MOLO, G M or GASPM, and Gaspero Gambi (1496-1577), who was employed by Clement VIII and signed GAS CA. Mola could also be mistaken for the signature of Jacopo Antonio Moro, who worked during the early part of the seventeenth century and signed I AM, AMORO, etc.

Likewise, the signature of Antonio de Brescia, F A B (Fecit Antonio de Brescia) can be taken for that of Francia of Bologna (1450-1517), who worked for the Bentivoglia family and for Julius II and was justly famed for the excellence of his medal and jewel engravings.

Some engravers used various marks and signs to distinguish their work. The most common of these are G.T. or G+T or G T enclosed in a heart surmounted by a double cross, used by Guglielmo Trono, Administrator, Rome Mint, 1578-98, on the currency of Clement VIII; P in a circle followed by a double cross (‡) by Paolo Lodovico Sinibaldi, mintmaster Ancona, 1512; the figure of Captive Eros, used by Giancristoforo Romano, about 1500; IS, or the same in a monogram, \$, on currency issued for Innocent X (1644-1655) by Jacobo Spagnoli, mint master Ferrara (1654-1656), while the nineteenth century engraver Spinelli signed with a spread eagle or the figure of Hope or Charity, and another nineteenth century engraver under Napoleon I, 1812-14, used the Capitoline Wolf as his mark. The previously mentioned Frederigo Monzagna, Frederigo of Parma, signed at times with a triangle, while Francesco Camisano, mint engraver at Rome, on the coins of Clement VII (1523-34) and siege of Rome, 1529, signed F and a crescent moon.

A study of this kind would not be complete without mention of the families who were employed for long periods at the Papal mints. The most noted of these was the Hamerani family, of which there were eight active members, and this excellent family was employed from early in the seventeenth century to almost the middle of the nineteenth.

The first of the Hamerani was Johan Hameran, born in Hermannskirken, Bavaria, date unknown, but undoubtedly in the last quarter of the sixteenth century. He came to Rome during the Pontificate of Paul V (1605-21), where he was appointed engraver at the Rome Mint. He stayed in Rome thereafter, marrying an Italian. Johan died in 1644. Coins and medals were not signed by this member of the family.

Johan had a son, Alberto, born at Rome, 1620, and died there in 1677. He was appointed engraver by Pope Clement IX (1667-1669) and continued under Clement X (1670-1676). He signed ALBERTO HAMERANIS F, ALB HAMERAN, A. H. and OPUS HAMERANI. Alberto had a son, Giovanni, and a daughter, Anna.

Giovanni Hamerani was born at Rome 1649 and died 1705. He succeeded his father, Alberto, as engraver for Clement X and continued during Sede Vacante, 1676, and with Innocent XI (1676-1689); Alexander VIII (1689-1691), Sede Vacante, 1691, Innocent XII (1691-1700), Sede Vacante, 1700, and Clement XI (1700-1721). Giovanni signed coins and medals J. HAMERANUS F, JO HAMERANUS F, Jo Hameran F, OPUS HAMERAN, O P I H, etc. He had two sons and one daughter, Ottone, Ermenigildo and Beatrice.

Anna Hamerani is noted as a good engraver, but examples of her work are not now available.

Ottone, son of Alberto, was born 1694 and died 1768. He served under Clement XII (1730-1740); Benedict XIV (1740-1758) and Clement XIII (1758-1769), as well as during times of the vacant see, 1740 and 1758. He held office as mint master at Rome, 1734 to 1768, and signed O H, OTTO HAMERAN, HAMERANUS F, etc. Ottone had one son who followed the engraving art, Giocchino.

Ermenigildo Hamerani, born 1685, son of Giovanni, died 1744, became engraver in the Papal Mint 1705 and executed many medals of Clement XI (1700-1721), some gold coins and most of the silver. He signed HERMENEGILDO HAMERANUS, HERMENEG HAMERANUS, HERMEN HAMERANI, E H, H HAM, etc.

Beatrice Hamerani was born 1675 and died 1704. She was already well thought of as an engraver at the time of her early death, mostly working on seals, bullae and as an assistant to her father, Giovanni.

Giocchino, son of Ottone was the last of the family to engage in the art and, while not much recognition has been given to him, he executed medals for Popes Pius VI (1775-1799), Pius VII (1800-1823) and coins for these popes and for the Roman Republic, 1798-1799.

While no other family could compete with the Hamerani as to numbers employed, there were other family combinations of two or three who were engaged by the Popes. Peter Paul Borner, Swiss, worked at Rome and cut medals for Alexander VIII (1689-1691), Innocent XII (1691-1700), Clement XI (1700-1721), signing P. P. Borner F, P BORNER F, or PPB F. His brother, John Baptist Borner, was mint master of the Papal mint under Popes Innocent XII and Clement XI.

In the first half of the nineteenth century the two Cerbaras were employed

on Papal coins, signing GC and CC and NC, NIC CERBARA or NIC C, respectively.

Gaspare Mola, mentioned before, also had a nephew, Gaspare Morone Mola, who was appointed engraver, 1640; there appear three Travani among the engravers, Antonia (1674-1741), signing ATF, son of Giacchomo, engraver (circa 1650), and Giovanni, another son of Giacchomo also worked for Alexander VIII (1689-1691).

It is not possible at this writing to give recognition in adequate manner to the scores of really first-rate artists whom we have not even mentioned from lack of space. These include Lucenti, Pozzo, Ortolani, Putinati, Kornmann, Guglielmoda, di Gennara, Galeotto, and the later and modern artists, such as Mercandetti, Speranza, Voigt, Weber, the Cerbaras, who have just barely been spoken of, Bianchi, Marshall and Mistruzzi.

An Omission From The Jubilee Issue

Last month's issue of The Numismatist was devoted in part to the Fiftieth Anniversary of the American Numismatic Association. Leading personalities were presented, and an attempt was made to compare the numismatic horizon of 1891 with that of 1941.

Due to a difference of opinion in the editorial department, there was an omission of a personal sketch from the issue which had been prepared some time in advance, and which in a larger sense had greater relationship to the Jubilee issue than several of the items which did appear. The Assistant Editor of The Numismatist prepared the snapshot description of the Editor which is printed below in order that those who are not aware of the great contribution of this Editor to the life and spirit of the American Numismatic Association may take proper cognizance of it. It is no secret to those who have had the privilege of knowing Mr. Duffield through the years. Yet he prefers to remain in the background. His remarks at Philadelphia confirm that, and what follows did not appear in the Jubilee issue largely because of that preference. It is upon others that the responsibility falls for this well deserved but unsolicited presentation.

Frank G. Duffield.

In this issue of The Numismatist the Fiftieth Anniversary of the American Numismatic Association is observed. One of the great events in the life of the Association, which has been often chronicled, was the acquisition of The Numismatist by gift from W. W. C. Wilson, of Canada, in 1910. Of its half century of existence, the Association has had The Numismatist for approximately two-thirds of its career.

Another great event in the history of the Association's ownership and management of The Numismatist was its singular good fortune in obtaining the services of Frank G. Duffield as Editor and Business Manager in 1915. Mr. Duffield has served in this capacity for twenty-six years, actually five-sixths of the time which the Association has owned and published The Numismatist. Dr. Heath, as owner of The Numismatist, served as Editor for only twenty years.

Perhaps it is not readily realized by the entire membership of the Association the record which Mr. Duffield has established in steadily preparing the magazine for press twelve times each year without ever having missed a single number. Year in and year out, high water and low water, through praise, criticism and many other incidentals, The Numismatist has come forth each month, with the standard always on the upgrade.

For the great advance in standards of quality to which The Numismatist has risen over a period of twenty-five years, the thanks of the Association are due to the Editor of The Numismatist. Perhaps if the Association had had to secure the services of ten to fifteen editors in the course of the past twenty-five years (comparable to the five editors who had charge from 1908 to 1915, Dr. Heath, Mr. Zerbe, Mr. Frey, Mr. Adams and Mr. Duffield), there would not have been the continuity of policy and management which

has tended to keep the magazine on an even keel. The Numismatist is admittedly the Association's greatest tangible asset.

It is indeed a fact that Mr. Duffield has managed so ably, modestly and silently that his workings are not perceptible other than by the outstanding and astounding printed record of The Numismatist which has been in his care since August 1, 1915. Mr. Duffield has identified himself so closely with The Numismatist and the American Numismatic Association, of which he served as President from 1913 to 1915, that his production from month to month has been assumed in advance and quite "taken for granted."



FRANK C. DUFFIELD

Editor of The Numismatist

Mr. Duffield ranks with those to whom the American Numismatic Association owes much, and as members we feel that it is fitting that this brief mention appear in the American Numismatic Association Jubilee Issue. There is no more fitting place to record the work which Frank G. Duffield has done and is continuing to do.

MR. MORGENTHAU ELECTED FELLOW OF THE P. C. N. S.

At a recent meeting of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society of San Francisco, Mr. B. Morgenthau, of New York City, was elected a Fellow of the organization. In a letter from the secretary of the P. C. N. S. notifying him of its action, he said:

"We know that at the present you are engaged in compiling the history and classifying the transportation tokens of the United States, which is a new field in numismatics. We wish you the best of luck and great success in your undertaking and send our best wishes for your future welfare."

The Index to The Numismatist, 1888-1938, is still available. Write the Editor, enclosing \$1, to obtain it.

A. N. A. Life Memberships are only \$50. Apply to the Treasurer.

THE NUMISMATIST

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

NUMISMATICS AND HIGHER EDUCATION.

The thought has been expressed by the Treasurer of the A. N. A. for some years that one of the most deserving ways in which the funds of the Association could be used would be for educational purposes. If the sum which the Association has were substantially increased, the amount might serve to endow a "chair of numismatics" at some institution. A portion of the present amount might be diverted to underwriting a series of lectures in various numismatic series by authoritative speakers.

Every suggestion, as this one, too, has some drawbacks, but there are many worthy viewpoints in an undertaking of this type. Its greatest disadvantage, in our opinion, is the fact that it limits its range to those located near the chosen institution.

We should feel that a course of numismatics (if such may be devised) should be underwritten by a group or an individual, permitting the Association's funds to be used only in endeavors where a far wider lay public may be contacted.

Is Your Town Without A Coin Club? Why Not Organize One?

FRANKLIN FIRST TO URGE COMMEMORATIVE COINS.

I just had the pleasure of reading a paper on the national medals of the United States read before the Maryland Historical Society on March 14, 1887, by Richard M. McSherry, and found in it the first suggestion of commemorative coins in the United States.

It appears that the first medal actually struck was that of Lieutenant Colonel De Fleury, which was executed under the direction of Benjamin Franklin about 1780 in Paris, there being no mint in the United States. Franklin showed his practical mind in a suggestion he made in a letter to Mr. Jay, the then Secretary of State. He says:

"The man who is honored only by a single medal is obliged to share it to enjoy the honor, which can be done only to a few, and often awkwardly. I therefore wish the medals of Congress were ordered to be money, and so continued as to be convenient money by being in value parts of a dollar."

Franklin certainly never anticipated such a shameful issue of commemorative coins as we have had in the past few years, but I think his idea was a good one, and it has been acted on in other countries lately, especially in Brazil.

H. C. BROGDEN.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 12.

ST. THOMAS AND PRINCE'S ISLANDS.

A further denomination in the new coinage for these Portuguese colonial possessions has been received. It is the copper-nickel 1 escudo, also dated 1939. The obverse is similar to the silver denominations previously reported,



with the exception that the date appears upon the obverse, and the denomination is placed in the center of the reverse. The edge of the coins is reeded. (Courtesy of New Netherlands Coin Company, New York City.)

FRACTIONAL BILLS BY MASSACHUSETTS BANKS.

During the suspension of specie payments the want of small change was such as to induce various devices to meet its absence. Among others was the issue of fractional bills for \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75. The State and Oriental, of the Boston banks, issued a large quantity; also the Taunton and Providence banks. A certain hour of the day was appointed at the State Bank, when packages of fifteen dollars, Boston money, would be exchanged for fractional bills. The rush was great for several days and the large bank hall was crowded with applicants. The Associated Banks did not look on this with favor, as they claimed it was contrary to the spirit of their charters; but the fractional-bill banks were regarded as public benefactors, as they really were during the emergency. These issues were prohibited by legislative enactment in 1853, under penalty of \$100 fine for each offense, and any person who circulates a fractional bank bill in Massachusetts is liable to a fine of \$25 therefor.

RALPH G. LONGFELLOW.

The Russian notes of 1937 show the portrait of Lenin on the obverse.

DIE VARIETIES OF MORGAN DOLLARS.

I have read very little about the die varieties of our Morgan dollars, so I should like to tell of some of the varieties I have noticed. In this locality silver dollars are commoner than paper dollars in circulation. Every few months uncirculated dollars of a different date and mint appear in circulation by the hundreds. At present it is the 1921-S.

On the 1896-S, 1899-S and 1903-S appear a small mint mark and a medium mark. The 1884-S has a high and low mint letter, while the 1887-S shows a high and centered S.

On some 1890-CC dollars there is a heavy die break nearly a millimeter in width connecting the feathers on arrows and the wreath at bottom. I presume this is scarce, as it appears on only one of 75 or 100 specimens examined. Incidentally, the CC on this broken dollar is unaligned, the first C being slightly higher than the second.

In February, 1913, issue of *The Numismatist* appeared an article, "Standard Dollar Die Varieties of 1878, 1879, 1880," by Howard R. Newcomb, listing 19 varieties for those years, which might be of interest to many who have not read it. The first die was not used for general coinage, and its products are now treated as patterns. The second die is the first of three varieties appearing in circulation, coined in Philadelphia in 1878. It is the eight-feathers-in-eagle's-tail variety, with the feathers on arrows arranged parallel. Later in 1878 the seven-feather die appeared with parallel arrows. Still later that year appeared a die showing the seven tail feathers with the feathers on arrows spread out. The spread arrows appeared on all subsequent issues of the Philadelphia dollar.

Both the 1878-S and 1878-CC dollars show the parallel arrows and seven feathers. Mr. Newcomb also mentioned some specimens of the 1878-S having the arm of the letter "r" in "Trust" broken away.

The 1879-S shows both the parallel and spread arrows. The 1879-CC has spread arrows only, but larger mint letters than those used in 1878. On the 1879-O appear the spread arrows and a large and small mint mark.

There are also three varieties of the 1880-CC—one with parallel arrows, another with spread arrows and small mint letters, and the third with spread arrows and larger CC's.

Both the 1880-S and the 1880-O have spread arrows with a small and medium mint mark.

Since reading the above article several months ago I have found at least one of each of the varieties in circulation, so I cannot comment on their scarcity, except that the parallel arrow types are scarcer than the spread arrows.

I recently noted an interesting counterstamp on the breast of the eagle on an 1883-S dollar. In a six-millimeter circle are the letters A N A, the N being above and between the A's. Below is the number 42. Slightly to the left of this stamp is a similar stamp with a much lighter impression. The first-mentioned stamp is struck over the second. Wonder if someone is plugging San Francisco for the 1942 convention. I would appreciate any information on this counterstamp.

MELVIN O. CARMICHAEL, A. N. A. 7605

1004 Main St., Klamath Falls, Ore.

NUMBER THIRTEEN.

Is thirteen really an unlucky number? Many people are superstitious about the number thirteen. Why should they be? The original States of the Union numbered thirteen, as everyone knows.

Let us take a look at the silver quarter that was coined from 1892 to 1916, known as the Morgan type but actually designed by Barber. On the face of the coin you will find 13 stars surrounding the Liberty head. You will also find there are 13 leaves on the wreath Miss Liberty is wearing.

Now turn the coin over and count the letters in "quarter dollar" and you will find 13. Count the small stars above the eagle's head. There are just 13 of them. The eagle holds in its beak a scroll bearing the motto "E Pluribus Unum." Count the letters—13. In one talon the eagle grasps a quiver filled with arrows, and they number 13. In the other talon he holds

an olive branch on which there are 13 leaves. If you will count the cross bars in the shield on the eagle's breast you will find 13 of these. In each of the eagle's wings there are 13 feathers. And last, but not least, you will see that there are exactly 13 feathers in the eagle's tail.

CHAS. H. GAGE.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Spain—A Spanish coin minted in 1940 has recently arrived, and is illustrated here through the courtesy of Robert Friedberg, of the Capitol Coin Company.



The coin is a 10 centimos piece and is struck in an aluminum alloy with a wide spaced milling on the edge. The obverse shows a warrior with a spear astride a charging horse. Below is ESPAÑA, for Spain, and the date 1940. The reverse shows an eagle's head and wings surmounting a coat of arms flanked by the ancient Spanish heraldic "Pillars of Hercules," inscribed PLUS ULTRA. Across the top of the arms is the new motto for Spain, UNA GRANDE LIBRE, which first appeared on the 25-centimo coin of 1937 struck to commemorate the second year of the Franco regime. The value of the coin is expressed on each side of the arms as DIEZ CENT. This coin was struck to relieve the acute shortage of hard money in Spain, and it is unknown as yet whether other values have also been minted, although they were reported.

Hungary—Two new iron coins have recently been struck in Hungary. They are 10 filler and 2 filler and both are dated 1940. These two values



were previously struck in nickel and bronze, respectively, and the striking of these coins is further evidence of the fact that all nickel and copper coins are being withdrawn from circulation on the entire European continent for the purpose of converting them into armament. (Specimens for illustration from the Capitol Coin Company)

China—China has issued a red 10-yuan note, dated 1940, showing upon the obverse the portrait head of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the founder of the republic. The reverse shows a native temple. The notes are issued by the Bank of China and have been prepared by the American Bank Note Co. The notes measure $6\frac{3}{4}$ by $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches.

AN EDUCATIONAL TRIP TO GETTYSBURG, PA.

I invited fifty Army officers from the War Department to make a trip to my summer home, near Gettysburg, Pa., and points of interest in Gettysburg and on the battlefield. On Saturday, September 20, at 12.15 P. M. the party of fifty Army officers left the War Department Building with a police escort for Weikert's cottage at Marsh Creek Heights. I had a Pennsylvania police escort meet them at the Maryland-Pennsylvania line and conduct the party to my home, where I had a buffet luncheon awaiting them.

After the luncheon we conducted them to the National Museum, where they viewed and had an address on the Electrical War Map. This war map has 176 electrical switches, which control twice that many electrical bulbs, which show the movement of the troops on this map during July 1, 2, and 3, 1863. The lecturer controls the switches as well as gives a description of the three-day battle. From here we journeyed to the Dobbin House, where we were given a lecture on this 12-room stone house, built in 1776, a fireplace in each room, a spring of water in the basement, and furnished in Colonial furniture and Colonial documents.

From here we were escorted to the U. S. postoffice, where we had a lecturer on another war map, and then we had a military police escort to conduct us over the battlefield with a competent guide and lecturer, completing our trip at 7 P. M. of the field. I then conducted them to a private dining room for an Adams county baked ham dinner. After dinner we returned to my cottage for further entertainment. I had secured an outstanding magician to perform feats of magic, a young lady who gave two readings, half a barrel of sweet apple cider and cigars made in Adams county.

Previously I had arranged a large extension table with a showing and display of my 75 Russian medals, 31 Presidential Medals, and my Silver Dollars of the World. I gave a fifteen-minute talk on bartering before the time of coins, bringing them up through the Roman and Grecian Period, then through the Medieval period up to the Colonial Days, then our present coinage. After this talk I gave them an opportunity to ask questions on the coinage of any period that I had covered. I had dozens of questions asked, which I answered to the best of my ability. This part of the program proved very interesting and ran into the late hours, asking questions on coins and medals. Many of them told me since we are back to our desks that they would like a continuation of that quiz at their homes at some future time. To most of them it was the highlight of the entire program. The officers returned to Washington at 12.30 A. M.

EDWARD L. WEIKERT.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 13.

NEW JAPANESE COINAGE.

Through the courtesy of Ernest Kraus, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a member of the A. N. A. specializing for some time in Japanese coinages, we have been advised of a new aluminum coin which has been placed in circulation by Japan to replace the aluminum-bronze issue of 1938-1940 noted in The Numismatist previously.



The obverse shows the dove with spread wings, and ten rays, above which appear the characters: DAI NIPPON (Great Japan) and below the Era (Showa) 15th Year. The reverse design shows the chrysanthemum design in the center with value 5 above and Sen below. The new coinage is not pierced in the center, and belongs to the set of aluminum coins which were previously reported. The coin measures 19mm, and has a reeded edge.

HOW I BECAME A NUMISMATIST.

Alexander Pope said "I lisped in numbers, for the numbers came." My interest in numismatics was like his in poetry. Before I could read I liked to cut pictures of medals out of oatmeal cartons, and to look at Greek coins pictured in a big dictionary. When I was 8 I went to school, learned to read, and then got whooping cough, so that I stayed home the last third of the term. One day I saw a silver quarter real of Guatemala, 1897, in the window of an exchange office, and my mother bought it for me. I had even earlier seen the showcase of David Proskey and soon persuaded my mother to take me to his store.

From the beginning he encouraged me (for his own interest had begun very early) and he advised me to get one specimen of every variety of coin or medal I could, but to pay most attention to historical coins, especially Greek and Roman. I've done that ever since. By the time I was 14 or so, I had met Mrs. Brett, Howland Wood, and E. T. Newell. And a guard in the gold room of the Metropolitan Museum, Mr. Poulton, had told me of the British Museum, and its catalogues proved a great inspiration to me. I recall writing to George F. Hill when I was still a schoolboy. And my first publication is in *The Numismatist* for 1912, I think.

When I went to college I collected less actively, say from 1918 to 1926, but visiting the British Museum on my first trip to England, in 1927, I began to be very active again. Meanwhile, I joined the A. N. A., the A. N. S., and lastly became F. R. N. S. in 1934. The works that have especially inspired me, besides British Museum Catalogues, have been those of Mionnet, Cohen, and deSaulcy. Had one asked me my ambition in 1910, I think I should have answered, "to be a great numismatist." In 1941 my answer, if from my heart, would be the same. I do not greatly urge making boys collect. I should not have loved coins so much had anyone forced them on me.

David Proskey said three things to me: "Every coin is interesting; look at the coin itself; and remember that because you see something in a book does not mean it must be true." Substitute the word specimen or document for coin, and what better advice could be given to the scholar who aspires to truth in any liberal art or science?

T. O. MABBOTT.

New York City, Sept. 15, 1941.

ALUMINUM COINAGE OF 1935 FROM GERMANY.

We have recently been able to obtain a specimen of the 1935 German 50-pfennig coin, struck in aluminum. The specimen is illustrated through the courtesy of Robert Friedberg, of the Capitol Coin Co. It is to be observed



that specialists in the German series have never previously seen this denomination in aluminum of the 1935 date. The mintmark A indicates the Berlin Mint. It is presumably one of the following classifications which we offer:

A pattern coin, later struck in nickel, of a differing design.

A withdrawn issue which has escaped the attention of collectors up to the present time.

An issue struck in 1935 and reserved for subsequent anticipated War use.

We should like to know if other specimens are known in aluminum of the same series.

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COINS OF PORTUGUESE COLONIES.

The September issue of *The Numismatist* contained a book review on "Description of the Coins of Angola and St. Thomas and Prince's Islands" (page 693), and on page 691 are illustrated coins from St. Thomas and Prince's Islands and Mozambique.

There is no doubt that all this reading matter and illustrations will make more collectors interested in this series of coinage. I was one of them, and to make this series complete I made up the following list designating the colonies and where they may be located:

In Africa:

Angola—Portuguese West Africa, stretching south from the mouth of the Congo river.

Mozambique—Portuguese East Africa extends from Cape Delgado to the Union of South Africa and Rhodesia.

Portuguese Guinea lies on the coast of Senegambia, in the northwestern territory.

Cape Verde Islands are in the North Atlantic.

St. Thomas and Prince's Islands lie off the west coast in the Gulf of Guinea.

In India:

Goa is on the Malabar coast.

Damao is near Bombay.

Diu, small island, is located 140 miles from Damao.

In China:

Macao is on an island of the same name at the mouth of the Canton River.

East Indies:

Timor is the eastern part of the Malay Island of that name off the north coast of Australia.

In Mid-Atlantic:

Azores and Madeira Islands are near the Portugal coastline. (Not colonies.)

In the very near future I expect to write some interesting points on the coinage of each individual colony.

With Portugal practically the only European country which trafficks undisturbed with these United States, it can be easily seen why one should be interested in its history, welfare and future outlook in these trying days of tumult in Europe and elsewhere in the world.

JOSEPH SILVERMAN

Brooklyn, N. Y.

MINTS STRIKE TWENTY TONS OF COINS EACH DAY.

A press clipping, received through the courtesy of Farran Zerbe, past President of the American Numismatic Association, indicates that the three mints are now producing twenty tons of money daily. The mints are working steadily day and night, and there will probably be no change until after Christmas.

Mrs. Ross, Director of the Mint and former Governor of Wyoming, attributed the expansion of the mint's facilities for furnishing increased quantities of coins to the use of minor coins for sales taxes, as well as the increased use of slot-machine vending. Better times and increased employment are also important factors.

THEY GRACED OUR CURRENCY: A SERIES.

(3) **Thomas A. Hendricks**: Thomas A. Hendricks was born in Ohio, in 1819. After matriculation from Hanover College in 1841 he served several terms as State Representative and State Senator. He served several terms in both Houses of Congress, representing Indiana. He was twice defeated for Governor of Indiana, but in 1884 was elected Vice-President on the Democratic ticket. He died in 1885. His portrait appears upon the \$10 denomination of the silver certificates which were issued in 1886 and 1891. His portrait again appeared on the 1908 note of the second issue.

COINAGE FOR SEPTEMBER, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during September, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Half Dollars	\$1,305,301.50	\$522,000.00	
Quarter Dollars	3,226,150.75	444,000.00	\$550,000.00
Dimes	708,060.30	260,000.00	400,000.00
Five-cent Nickels	1,531,830.00	400,000.00	172,500.00
One-cent Bronze	979,446.00	113,900.00	119,000.00
Total domestic coinage	\$7,750,788.55	\$1,739,900.00	\$1,241,500.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments:

At San Francisco Mint—Netherlands East Indies, silver, 720 fine, 25 cents, 5,053,000 pieces.

**CUMULATIVE MINT REPORT FOR NINE MONTHS ENDED
SEPTEMBER, 1941.**

(Figures given are for all three mints and show total number of pieces coined for domestic purposes. A suggestion to publish the cumulative mint report giving coinages according to mints will be acted upon in January.)

Half dollars	28,657,160
Quarter dollars	68,713,960
Dimes	160,203,017
Nickels	232,498,320
Cents	661,502,200
Total	1,151,574,657

It will be noted from the above report that the mint has during the third quarter of the year passed the coinage of the billionth piece of currency. In contributing to this total the Lincoln cent did its full share and virtually two-thirds of a billion cents have been coined.

FAIRFIELD COUNTY CLUB TO OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY.

The Fairfield County Numismatic Association will celebrate its fifth anniversary and fiftieth meeting at the Green Shutters Inn, 123 Harrison Street, Bridgeport, on Thursday night, November 6. Leonard Kusterer is general chairman of the celebration committee. Assisting him are Patrick J. Kennedy, in charge of publicity, and Charles Esalnak, in charge of the exhibits.

An excellent dinner will be served and a special program has been arranged. A nationally-known numismatist will be the principal speaker.

The officers and members of the Fairfield County Numismatic Association extend a cordial invitation to all members of other clubs to attend this meeting and help us celebrate this event. Dinner will be served promptly at 7.30 P. M.

NEW COUNTERFEIT PROOF PAPER PATENTED.

A recent news item, furnished through the courtesy of Farran Zerbe, former President of the A. N. A., relates that a patent has been issued to Waterlow & Sons, Ltd., of England, well-known firm which have produced securities, bank notes and stamps for many years. The basis of the patent is the coating of artificial silk fibers with insoluble chemicals which glow under ultra-violet light, but which are colorless in daylight. The arrangement of the fibers will be in special patterns. When the paper is held under the ultra-violet light the pattern will glow. The fluorescent chemicals are ineradicable and will make the paper virtually forgery-proof.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

France—Through the courtesy of R. Friedberg, of the Capitol Coin Company, Brooklyn, we are able to illustrate a specimen of the recently received French zinc 10 centimes dated 1941. As was previously noted, the zinc coinage differs only from the former copper-nickel coinage in the fact that the obverse carries a small dash beneath the MES OF CMES. This dash previously appeared only upon the pure nickel coins struck during the first World War. In order to further distinguish the zinc coinage from the nickel



alloy, a reeding has been placed around the edge. The specimen illustrated has been donated to the Moritz Wormser Memorial Loan Exhibit, maintained by the American Numismatic Association at the Smithsonian Institution, U. S. National Museum, Washington, D. C. Here one of the most complete collections of new issues is being kept up, and members of the A. N. A. interested in maintaining its up-to-date status are asked to contact the chairman of the Coin Purchasing Committee regarding new issues which they may have or learn about.

Germany—A new zinc 1 pfennig of the war scarcity of basic metals has been received from Germany. The design appears to be the same as that utilized for the bronze pfennig first coined in 1936. Specimen has been received through the courtesy of R. Friedberg of the Capitol Coin Company, who has donated this specimen to the Association's collection.

VARIETIES OF WASHINGTON EMERGENCY TAX TOKENS.

Anyone taking the time to look carefully over 100 or more of the Washington State emergency tax tokens issued a few months ago in green fiber will find a large number of varieties which can be distinguished by the size of the letters and by how close they are to certain letters, as the "N" of "token," "3" and "X" of "3 % Tax," etc. This shows that in the hurry to get some of the tokens out, many different dies were used instead of one master die.

ARLIE SLABAUGH, A. N. A. 8621.

Rt. 2, Box 163, Oakland, Md.

BROOKLYN CLUB ISSUES ANNIVERSARY DINNER BOOKLET

At its recent anniversary dinner the Brooklyn Coin Club distributed to all members and guests present a booklet of papers which had been read during the past year at the club. The work was dedicated to the memory of four members of the club: William R. Tait, Theodor Hentgen, Moritz Wormser and Edward T. Newell.

All of the papers printed have appeared in the Numismatic Scrapbook, which by special agreement arranged for the republication in this souvenir form.

Peru—The Inca Indian chief, Manco Capac, who is shown upon the gold 50 soles coins of 1930 and 1931, was the son of the Sun. According to legend, Manco led the tribe which settled where the city of Cuzco was founded. Cuzco was the hub of the Inca empire. The exact dates of Manco Capac are not known, but they are believed to have been about the fifth to third century B. C.

PENN-OHIO CLUBS HOLD ANNUAL FALL CONVENTION.

The Penn-Ohio Coin Clubs observed their third annual fall convention this year at Akron, Ohio, on October 17 and 18. Talks were given by Messrs. Gibbs, Sargis and Lawrence on Friday evening, and by Messrs. Kearney, F. B. Newell and Sawicki on Saturday. An auction was held on Saturday afternoon and a banquet in the evening. The only charge in connection with the get-together was the banquet. On Saturday evening the principal speakers were two former A. N. A. Presidents, Messrs. George J. Bauer, of Rochester, and T. James Clarke, of Jamestown, N. Y.

The principal objectives of the Penn-Ohio Coin Club organization are to promote numismatic interest, meet fellow-collectors, assist numismatic organizations, and to advance numismatic knowledge.

Arrangements were made for extensive displays, and a special section was devoted to a bourse, where dealers who attended might show their stock.

NICKELS WITH REEDED EDGES

One of the novelties of the Philadelphia Convention Bourse tables was the sale of the U. S. 5-cent nickel with reeded edges. It has been stated on excellent authority that the coins were prepared in the U. S. Mint.

A second curiosity which was exhibited at the Convention was a coin, also of the 5c value, which it was claimed had been prepared specially for conventionites who objected to the Jefferson nickel which lacked the flag upon the reverse above the home of Jefferson at Monticello. For those who made objection it was stated, unofficially, that the flag had been inserted. An examination of the coin indicated that it had been skillfully engraved. We are indebted to George W. Needels of Detroit for bringing the matter to our attention.

NEWS OF NEW BANKNOTES.

Costa Rica—A new 2-colone note, bearing the portrait head facing of Juan Vasquez de Coronado, the first administrator of Costa Rica, has just appeared. The note is dated at San Jose, 3 February, 1941. It is issued by the National Bank of Costa Rica, but makes no mention of the security for the issue.

The reverse shows a very dramatic scene connected with the rescue of a young lady by Coronado in 1563. The vignette is taken from a painting by Povedano.

The basic color of the obverse is brown and purple. The reverse is brown only. The issue was prepared by Waterlow & Son, England. The notes measure 2 5/8 by 6 1/8 inches.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS BAY BOND ISSUED IN 1777.

Some newspaper space has been given to the attempt of a gentleman who lately secured from a relative a Massachusetts Bay bond with a face value of forty pounds. The owner wrote several letters to Massachusetts officials regarding the presentation of the note for payment which was refused. State officials countered with reasons why the obligation had ceased to be negotiable, except as a curiosity.

Many of the early Revolutionary War bonds which were issued in Massachusetts were engraved by Paul Revere and carry the inscription in the border regarding the supreme penalty for counterfeiting. We are indebted to Mr. F. Zerbe for the clipping.

According to a news item recently received, a collector in St. Louis contributed his half-million-mark coin of 1923, in aluminum, to the national fund of that metal. The coin is about the size of our twenty-five cent piece and was issued in the post-inflation days of Germany.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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WISCONSIN—LILLARD W. CULVER, 2863 N. 40th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Report of The General Secretary

New Members to be Admitted November 1, 1941.

- 8738 Bert L. Muller, Box N, Tustin, Calif.
- 8739 Walter Vredenburg, 3339 Belt Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
- 8740 Malcolm O. E. Chell-Frost, 35 Revere St., Boston, Mass.
- 8741 Wesley W. Cole, Broadalbin, N. Y.
- 8742 Norman J. Kretton, 8319 Drexel Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
- 8743 C. Wayne Guildner, Box 333, Kenesaw, Neb.
- 8744 Ward R. Vickery, 261 South Delrose, Wichita, Kansas.
- 8745 Wm. T. Fritchman, 23-17 123d St., College Point, N. Y.
- 8746 Oliver Cousens, Box 59, Amesbury, Mass.
- 8747 Clement F. Harris, R. D. 5, Box 246A, Johnstown, Pa.
- 8748 Fred I. Catalano, 811 S. Oakley Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
- 8749 Robert E. Driscoll, care First Nat'l Bank, Rapid City, So. Dak.
- 8750 C. T. Bolus, 201 Ingram S. W., Canton, Ohio.
- 8751 Royal D. Wright, 390 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
- 8752 Geo. M. Molden, 1703 24th Ave., Longview, Wash.
- 8753 Maj. Alfred Walter, P. O. Box 53, Elma, Wash.
- 8754 P. J. Garbaccio, 31 Fulton St., Paterson, N. J.
- 8755 Capt. Chester R. Allen, Marine Corps Base, San Diego, Calif.
- 8756 E. B. Cook, 2nd and Hastings Ave., Hastings, Neb.
- 8757 L. I. Newton, P. O. Box 2102, Jackson, Miss.
- 8758 Oscar A. Geyer, 503 West 17th St., Hays, Kansas.
- 8759 Edward McLeod, Jr., 109 No. Broad St., Mankato, Minn.
- 8760 E. Milton Payne, 2601 8th Ave., Pueblo, Colo.
- 8761 Harold W. Felton, Room 1012-E, 90 Church St., New York City, N. Y.
- 8762 David Starr Bingham, 127 So. Euclid Ave., Westfield, N. J.
- 8763 Meyer Tanner, Syracuse Coin Shop, 526 S. Warren St., Syracuse, N. Y.

8764 Harold R. Mason, 2316 N. Park Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
 8765 Starr Hanford Lloyd, Rensselaer, Ind.
 8766 Dr. W. S. Swift, 107 Masonic Bldg., Keokuk, Iowa.
 8767 Q. S. Leong, P. O. Box 2093, Honolulu, Hawaii.
 8768 Howard Gittins, 2202 S. Allis St., Milwaukee, Wis.
 8769 Joseph H. Spray, 159 Fairview Ave., Rutherford, N. J.
 8770 Mauricio Restrepo, R., Medellin, Colombia.

Life Membership.

Life No. 59, Jasper L. Robertson, M. D., 133 Church St., Hoosick Falls, N. Y.
 Life No. 60, Chicago Coin Club, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during September, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to December 1, 1941, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the December issue of The Numismatist.

Edward H. Moody, 8771, 2011 North 48th St., Milwaukee, Wis. United States—General. Ira S. Reed, Chas. Fisher.
Joseph S. Cebulskie, 8772, 13567 Cheyenne, Detroit, Mich. U. S. Proof and Unc. Ira S. Reed, David M. Bullowa.
Herman L. Vos, 8773, 1022 Washington Blvd., Oak Park, Ill. U. S. Cents. I. T. Kopicki, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Russel M. Edwards, 8774, 1243 W. 5th, Storm Lake, Iowa. All U. S. Coins. Wallace R. Danielson, Paul S. Edwards, Floyd Showell.
Edwin J. McClarence, 8775, 1025 S. Fifth St., Pekin, Ill. American Coins. Elias P. Synodinos, Harry G. Beres, G. B. Smedley.
William J. Oselus, 8776, 1217 East 60th St., Cleveland, Ohio. U. S. Coins. Chas. H. Fisher, John Gregor.
Carroll Swaenengen, 8777, 1728 29th St., Two Rivers, Wis. General. Agnes M. Gunderson, E. J. Galecki, Earl Boehringer.
Mary E. S. Davis, 8778, 37 So. 18th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Cents. Ira S. Reed, Ferdinand J. Schaefer.
Arthur Hall, 8779, Route 2, Box 367, Puyallup, Wash. U. S. Small Cents. Lewis M. Reagan, Bob Drisenberg, R. T. Claus.
J. J. England, 8780, Lapeer, Mich. U. S. Cents. Arnold K. Kruth, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Paul Michael, 8781, 2758 N. Monticello Ave., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Minor and Freak Coins. Frank J. Smith, M. Vernon Sheldon.
A. W. Klauer, 8782, 500 W. Seventh St., Dubuque, Iowa. General. C. Sam Carlson, C. E. Green.
Lynn G. Barnard, 8783, Box 437, Memphis, Tenn. U. S. General. P. B. Trotter, Jr., M. Vernon Sheldon.
Edgar H. Havens, 8784, 1205 Elm Ave., West Collingswood, N. J. U. S. Half Cents to Half Dollar. A. H. Leatherman, George J. Patterson.
Gorgas Bechtel, 8785, 508 E. Brinton St., Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. Large Paper. George J. Patterson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Marvin H. Sears, 8786, P. O. Box 9, Aberdeen, Md. General. Daniel F. Mowery, Jr., M. Vernon Sheldon.
Stephen Teets, 8787, 112 So. Broad St., Peekskill, N. Y. General. Oscar G. Schilke, Patrick J. Kennedy.
Anthony E. Tomassetti, 8788, 119 Hamilton St., Meriden, Conn. Commemoratives. Oscar G. Schilke, Leonard Kusterer.
Peter G. Beres, 8789, 911 Royal Ave., Pekin, Ill. General. Elias P. Synodinos, Harry J. Beres, G. B. Smedley.
Carl J. Speis, 8790, 713 Garfield Ave., Evansville, Ind. U. S. Coins. James L. Crowder, M. Vernon Sheldon.
W. C. Chambers, 8791, 106 North Jefferson St., Harvard, Ill. General. N. P. Nelson, George D. Vermilya, Paul A. Neidhold.
A. R. Turnbull, 8792, 616 Little Collins St., Melbourne, Australia. British and Australian Coins. J. Hunt Deacon, R. T. Brocklebank, R. A. Spencer.
Carl Fisher, 8793, 520 Fourth National Bank Bldg., Wichita, Kansas. Half Dollars. C. B. Edwards, Leroy McAdam, H. V. Jefferies.
Dr. T. A. Schaefer, 8794, 3610 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md. General. F. G. Duffield, M. Vernon Sheldon.

Deaths.

4062 F. G. Warner, Norwalk, Ohio.
 1547 Walter M. Rosen, Ogden, Iowa.

Reinstatements.

5906 George A. Porter, Savannah, Ga.
 6993 William G. Walker, San Leandro, Calif.
 6503 Dr. Robert Laird, Detroit, Mich.

Changes of Address.

Chase Bank Coin Society, 4404, from Vernon L. Brown, Secy., Chase National Bank, New York City, N. Y., to Myron B. Schumacher, Secy., care Chase National Bank, New York City, N. Y.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Br. #2, from John W. Miller, Secy., 22 Colebourne Rd., Rochester, N. Y., to Wm. M. Hutchinson, Secy., 49 Rowley St., Rochester, N. Y.

Ben O. Anderson, 3760, from Lock Box 64, Elmhurst, Ill., to 181 Garfield, Elmhurst, Ill.

William H. Arthur, 4830, from 324 Fifty-Second St., West New York, N. J., to 612 Monroe St., Carlstadt, N. J.

Roy T. Barnhart, 7843, from Stone Church, Pa., to 49 Belvidere St., Nazareth, Pa.

Homer B. Black, (Mrs.), 5337, from 520 Sheridan Rd., Evanston, Ill., to 132 N. Arlington Ave., East Orange, N. J.

Edmond W. Cochran, 5849, from 2641 Jerome Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 41-08 43rd St., Sunnyside, L. I., N. Y.

Lillard W. Culver, 6806, from 2863 N. 40th St., Milwaukee, Wis., to 2708 E. Hampshire St., Milwaukee, Wis.

John A. Danielson, 6934, from Gen. Delivery, Oakland, Neb., to 117 W. Lake St., Minneapolis, Minn.

John S. Davenport, L. M. 44, from 24 Argyle Park, Buffalo, N. Y., to 1600 Melrose Place, Knoxville, Tenn.

Samuel Eill, 6054, from 719 E. New York Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 17 Holly St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Lieut. O. H. Dodson, U. S. N., 4319, from 3441 78th St., Jackson Hts., L. I., N. Y., to U. S. S. Hornet, care P. M., Norfolk, Va.

Horace E. Ewin, 6867, from 200 Glenwood Rd., Bethesda, Md., to 5500 Glenwood Rd., Bethesda, Md.

Frank J. Florence, 7683, from 1750 Haight St., San Francisco, Calif., to 232 Downey, San Francisco, Calif.

Richard P. Germann, 8357, from 1045 14th St., Boulder, Colo., to 2675 Scarborough Rd., Cleveland, Ohio.

Henry Grunthal, 6995, from 275 Ft. Washington Ave., New York City, to 200 Haven Ave., New York City, N. Y.

Joseph Heymann, 4165, from 141-48 78th Rd., Kew Gardens, L. I., N. Y., to 141-25 Northern Blvd., Flushing, L. I., N. Y.

C. E. Higgy, 5035, from Box 395, Bellaire, Mich., to 73 E. Frambes Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Lieut. Howard J. Keefer, 7873, from 130-46 Leffert Ave., South Ozone Pk., L. I., N. Y., to Fort Rogers, T. H.

I. Lieberman, 1461, from 3912 Harrison St., Kansas City, Mo., to 5912 Harrison St., Kansas City, Mo.

William R. Loring, 5692, from Salisbury High School, Lakeville, Conn., to Main St., Sheffield, Mass.

Kenneth L. McIntosh, 7226, from 309 Ruben Apts., McKeesport, Pa., to General Delivery, Muncie, Ind.

Walter F. Oakes, 7855, from 1511 N. Ivanhoe St., Arlington, Va., to 3 Mansfield Rd., Lansdowne, Pa.

W. N. O'Connell, Jr., 7624, from 2007 N. 22nd Ave., Broadview, Ill., to 2007 N. 22nd Ave., Maywood, Ill.

B. M. O'Hea, 8252, from General Delivery, Marlin, Texas, to Chattanooga, Tenn.

A. Permoda, 6533, from 1812 Park Rd., Washington, D. C., to 3358 18th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Richard G. Pfeffer, 8442, from 737 Federal Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio, to 13 Roosevelt Ave., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Raymond Rinden, 5123, from 1123 E. Dayton St., Madison, Wis., to 1026 Williamson St., Madison, Wis.

Otto Schulz, 8403, from 1559 21st Ave., San Francisco, Calif., to 901 Hobart St., Menlo Park, Calif.

Allen Shapiro, 8727, from 281 E. 205th St., New York City, N. Y., to 375 E. 205th St., New York City, N. Y.

Rob Roy M. Thorne, 5653, from Homewood & Edgerton Aves., Pittsburgh (8), Pa., to 6621 Ridgeville St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Stephen T. Van Esen, 5060, from 10 Coralyn Rd., Scarsdale, N. Y., to 10 Soundview Circle, White Plains, N. Y.

Bert A. Wagner, 6876, from 412 Broadway, Seattle, Wash., to 623 Federal Ave., Apt. 206, Seattle, Wash.

Joseph Wooldridge, 7350, from 1140 E. Rio Grande St., Apt. 7, El Paso, Texas, to 1315 E. Rio Grande St., El Paso, Texas.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

FROM THE LIBRARIAN.

With vacations apparently about at an end and numismatic interests once more on the ascent, circulation of A. N. A. library books went from 21 in August to 60 for September. The number of queries from non-members, however, dropped from 90 in August to 71 in September.

New acquisitions include:

C-50. "A Tarsus Coin Collection in the Adana Museum," by D. H. Cox, an A. N. S. monograph.

S-100. Stack's Numismatic Guide.

H-48. "U. S. Rare Coin Value Guide," Hewitt Bros.

M-60. "Money and Banking Through the Ages," by T. D. MacGregor (a booklet distributed by a Philadelphia bank during the A. N. A. convention.)

C-24. Price List supplement, "Basic Classification and Listing, Confederate States of America Paper Money," by P. H. Chase. The supplement was attached to the work itself. A. N. A. library number C-24.

C-49. "U. S. Cents, 1804-1814," by George H. Clapp, Wayte Raymond, Inc., publication.

R-49. "The Silver Crowns of Great Britain and Ireland," Wayte Raymond.

C-41. The National Coin Catalogue, published by California Stamp Co.

The library obtained a few copies of the list of mint medals for sale in Philadelphia, and any member desiring same may obtain one simply by sending a stamp. We also have about 10 copies of the booklet, "Money and Banking Through the Ages," for those desiring same.

M. Vernon Sheldon, of Chicago, chairman of the committee on slides appointed at the Philadelphia Convention, has informed the Librarian the first slides will be ready in a short time. First ones will be announced in the December issue of *The Numismatist*, with details as to ordering. The Library may request that orders be placed as far in advance as possible for delivery at about the time they are wanted, to avoid delays in shipping over the country. Interest in the slides indicates they will be in constant use.

TED R. HAMMER, Librarian.

Deaths

WALTER M. ROSEN.

A splendid tribute to Walter M. Rosen was paid on September 18 when all of the business institutions of Ogden, Iowa, closed and fellow business men and citizens attended the obsequies of Mr. Rosen, one of their fellow leaders and workers. He died at the Lutheran Hospital, Des Moines, on September 14 following an operation. He was born in Ogden and was 60 years old.

From 1902 to 1935 he was one of the staff of workers of the City State Bank of Ogden. He began as a bookkeeper and was advanced to the presidency of the institution.

Mr. Rosen had been a member of the A. N. A. for many years, his number being 1547. He leaves a collection of coins and stamps. He was also a student of bird life and had attained prominence in the photography of birds.

He was a citizen of unimpeachable integrity, of exemplary industry, and of unquestioned patriotism. For many years he had been one of the most loyal workers in the Methodist Church in Ogden. He was a man of deep personal religious experiences, to whom the Christian life with all its obligations was a matter of immense importance.

Surviving are a daughter, Mrs. Reginald A. Cook, of Schenectady, N. Y., and a son, Walter, Jr., of Gadsden, Ala. His wife's death occurred two years ago.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner Ave., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday Street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shackford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Charles T. Prickett, Secretary, 153 Hinman Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 106 Marshall St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 1 Verona Apts., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. J. Lewis Good, Acting Secretary, 305 W. Second St., Xenia, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Hotel Bond, on Asylum Street, Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Richard B. Whitney, Secretary, 4923 University Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets fourth Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. William Pukall, Secretary, 911 18th St., Union City, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco—Meets third Friday of each month with exhibit meeting in San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7:30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 1140 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert W. Cook, Secretary, 480 Monticello St., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Dermon Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. James Buchbinder, Secretary, 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis, Mo. L. A. Mueller, Secretary, 4239 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Tuesday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple Street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 4 Samuel St., West Orange, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. George B. Hooper, Secretary, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Raymond Moulton, Secretary, 2647 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at Recreation Room of the Church of the Messiah, Santa Ana. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1520 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Pitcairn Coin and Medal Club, Pitcairn, Pa.—Meets the second Monday of the month at 544 Broadway. Thomas B. Williams, Secretary, R. D. 1, Pitcairn, Pa.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Vellier, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Hotel Abraham Lincoln, Reading. Harvey Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. William M. Hutchinson, Secretary, 49 Rowley Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month at places fixed by program committee. Jacob G. Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer, Baltimore Hotel, Rm. 321, 429 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearthstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 609 Peoples Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, Secretary, 312 Wright Ave., R. D., East Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year: January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce, Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. D. C. Cookin, President, R. D. 1, Johnson City, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Grout Room, Y. M. C. A., Waterloo, Iowa. Elizabeth Kenney, Secretary, 510 Waterloo Bldg., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—394th regular meeting, October 10, Otto T. Sghia, President, presiding. Eighteen members and one guest were present.

The topics for the evening: Quarter dollars from 1892 to 1941; glass and porcelain money and tokens; Presidential medals of the administrations of Hayes and Arthur; coins and medals of the great civil wars of Ancient Rome.

Exhibits were made by the following:

J. Barnet: Uncut sheets of fractional currency of first issue: 5c., 10c., 25c., 50c., cut edges. 1795 half cent double struck on both obverse and reverse; three Hayes and Wheeler and one Garfield and Arthur medals.

A. W. Deas: 2 gold 16 pesos of New Granada, 1842 and 1846.

L. E. Cox: Quarter Dollars, 1893 Isabella, 1905, 1917 Type I, 1926, 1937.

V. L. Brown: Semi-Government money or coupons used in the C. C. C. camps, army posts, West Point, Great Lakes Naval Training Station and Federal penal and correctional institutions. Article from Harper's Magazine of 1888 on Presidential campaign medals.

H. J. Erlanger: 30 different 2/3 Talers with the counterstamp of the Franconian Circle.

H. Schulman: A collection of nine very attractive gold enamel decorations, notably of France, Russia, Greece, Belgium, Austria, Haiti, etc.

D. M. Bullowa: Costa Rica, 2 colones, new issue of 1941; Malta, 5 shillings, 1939, George VI.

G. W. Husker: 6 denarii of the civil wars; 6 middle bronzes of the Roman Empire.

O. T. Sghia: Denarii of Julius Caesar, Augustus, Marc Antony, Marc Antony and Octavia.

O. G. Schilke: Portland, Conn., Centennial Medal, 1841-1941; Sovereign of George IV of England, 1826.

L. Kusterer: A selection of nineteenth century porcelain tokens of Siam; Medals and tokens of the Chicago Century of Progress Exposition, 1933-1934.

Farran Zerbe: A new variety of "Bryan Money"; tokens and paper money relating to his old home town, Tyrone, Pa.; Check of the famous sculptor, the late Gutzon Borglum.

H. Stein: Coins of Pompeius the Great, Sextus Pompeius, Cnaeus Pompeius, Brutus, Cassius, Marc Antony, Lepidus, Cleopatra and Augustus.

F. C. C. Boyd: Collection of United States quarter dollars, showing all dates and mints from 1892 to 1941, in uncirculated condition.

Following the usual procedure at the October meeting, the following members were elected to serve on the nominating committee: Joseph Barnet, Vernon L. Brown and David M. Bullowa.

The Executive Committee suggested as the topic for the November meeting: Material relating to the Pan-Pacific Exposition and Golden Gate Exposition; half dollars from 1794 to 1815; Coins of Korea; Coins of Augustus. This was adopted.

The President welcomed Mr. F. Sherwood Boyd to the meeting.

Harry Stein extended an invitation to the members of the Club to attend the eighth annual dinner meeting of the Bronx Coin Club on October 22, to be held at the East 148th Street Restaurant, Bronx, New York.

Oscar G. Schilke invited the members of the club to attend the fifth anniversary and fiftieth meeting of the Bridgeport (Conn.) Coin Club, to be held on November 6 at the Green Shutters Inn, Bridgeport, at 7:30 P. M.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—413th meeting, September 18. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. There were sixteen members present.

There was a discussion relative to the investment of part of the Detroit Coin Club's cash on hand. President Rowe notified the secretary to mail cards to the members informing them that a discussion would be held the next meeting on this subject.

Mr. Kling requested that the minutes be checked relative to his motion about Proof Coins and be read at the next meeting. The Secretary was so instructed.

Mr. Dworkowski showed 6 Prussian dollar-size coins. These coins were pictured in the May, 1941 issue of The Numismatist.

An auction was held.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—414th meeting, October 4. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. There were twenty-eight members and two visitors present.

A discussion was held relative to the investment of the club's funds. Mr. Lef-fingwell made a motion that the treasurer's balance be left as is.

Motion carried, 14-7.

Harry Rapp gave a very interesting talk on the coinage of the Danish West Indies, or the Virgin Islands, and exhibited 30 coins and 17 merchants' tokens to illustrate his talk.

Wm. A. Philpott gave an interesting talk on the things they do at the Dallas (Texas) Club and told of the fine party he attended in Chicago when the women members had charge of the meeting.

Mr. Bartz suggested that we have a Club Hobby Show and that the members bring exhibits of coins and other things they collect. The President favored this idea and plans are being made to hold this show November 6.

Mr. Kling requested information on a motion relative to the purchase of proof coins for the club cabinet. President Rowe appointed Mr. Bowen, our treasurer, to purchase these pieces.

President Rowe announced that Mr. Noyes would give a talk at the next meeting on "Bryan Money."

Mr. Fulton conducted an auction sale.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The Washington Numismatic Society met on October 6, with 15 members present, and five guests: Mr. and Mrs. O. L.

Lewis, Mr. A. Hepner, Mr. Herman Engelhardt, and Mr. McCormick, past president of the Baltimore Coin Club. Mr. Hepner was elected to membership in the Washington Society.

Medals were the feature of the exhibits. Mr. Dietrich had a beautiful display; Mr. Permoda and Mrs. Wilkins also displayed medals. Mr. Hepner exhibited a large steel engraving of "The Lost Cause," scenes of the Civil War, Confederate currency, and the poem, appropriately grouped and framed.

Among the medals and coins shown by Mr. Permoda was a medal of the centenary of Washington's first inaugural, struck in 1889; also a medal of the Battle of Plattsburg, dated 1814. Mr. Permoda gave an interesting talk on the part Plattsburg and that section of the United States has played in past wars, and of its strategic location in event of another war.

Mr. Leachman displayed coins of the British Colonies, including the first coins struck for Southern Rhodesia, and coins of the Fiji Islands in proof. Mr. Welkert also had a display of coins which he has recently acquired, most of them ancient.

Mr. Vanderwende reported details of the recent convention in Philadelphia. Mr. McCormick made a brief address.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—October 13, with 29 members and 5 guests in attendance. President Hughes called the meeting to order.

It was voted to hold a banquet and entertainment at the November meeting. Mrs. Essie Cohon was appointed chairman in charge of the banquet.

The matter of a club token was discussed. Jos. LaMore was appointed chairman in charge of a committee to investigate the matter further and make a report.

It was decided to have the president appoint a nominating committee to make nominations for the election to be held in December. Leonard Trythall was appointed chairman of this committee to serve with all the ex-presidents.

President Hughes received a set of jeweler's scales as a wedding gift voted at the August meeting.

Jos. LaMore gave a talk on calling on the coin dealers in Los Angeles and Glendale while on his recent trip to California.

President Hughes gave a talk on the coin dealers in Ohio he had called on while on a visit East.

George Pipes gave an extended talk on "The Life of Cleopatra and Her Portrait Coins," which also included the story of Mark Antony and the Ptolemies to round out the picture. The first portrait coin of the Egyptians, as well as those of Cleopatra and Mark Antony, were passed around for exhibition during the talk.

Four new members joined the club at this meeting—being Mrs. J. H. Horsley, of Walla Walla; Mrs. J. C. Buff, of Walla Walla; George W. Manning, of Milwaukie, and Carl H. Gibbons, of Portland.

There being no further business the meeting was closed for an auction to follow in charge of J. C. Hook, as auctioneer, and Till Jensen, as substitute treasurer, and Hugh Davenport and Edwin Woodard as auction-collectors.

An auction was held.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—299th meeting, October 8, President Sandburg presiding, with ten members present.

Mr. MacIntosh was reported on the sick list.

A numismatic quiz covering questions on current paper money was won by Mr. Parsons.

The exhibit was furnished by Mr. Willard and consisted of continental, colonial, Federal Reserve notes of 1918 series and current bank notes.

An auction brought the meeting to a close.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—September 22, 332d meeting, called to order by President Williams with fifteen members and one visitor present.

With the reading of a letter from the Toronto Coin Club, a discussion was opened on the forthcoming joint meeting of the B. N. A. and the Toronto Coin Club. A motion was passed that all B. N. A. members attending the joint meeting pay their own expenses, all additional expenses to be borne by the Club.

The Secretary was instructed to write the manager of the General Brock Hotel, to make arrangements for reservations for approximately thirty (30) guests, at dinner. Special invitations were to be sent to J. Douglas Ferguson and Mr. T. J. Clarke.

Mr. Herrick agreed to arrange a quiz program for the occasion, and Mr. Papineau promised to obtain uncirculated coins for the benefit of the Toronto members.

Dr. Wild called the attention of the club to the fact that the club president, Paul Williams, had been appointed lecturer on pharmaco-legal jurisprudence at the University of Buffalo.

Mr. Taylor and Dr. Wild, exhibited the official pictures of the A. N. A. Convention.

AKRON COIN CLUB—September 15, 37th meeting, with 19 members and 4 visitors present. President R. W. Miller presiding.

President Miller appointed J. Shondell, R. B. Heuser and Mrs. J. Thorpe on the nominating committee.

C. W. McKinney gave a report on the September meeting of the Canton Coin Club regarding the program put on by our club.

Mrs. Metz reported that 12 members put on a coin display at the last meeting of the Akron Stamp Club. C. A. Pfahl, a member of the stamp club, extended the invitation.

The speaker of the evening was Wellington R. Shook, the man with the "photographic mind," who astounded everybody with his ability to remember dates pertaining to prominent citizens of Akron.

Displays were as follows:

J. Stanley Shondell: Pattern dimes of the United States.

R. W. Miller: United States proof sets, 1936-1941; wooden nickels of Sharon, Pa.

Mildred Metz: California gold coins, broken-bank bills, medals and foreign silver coins.

S. J. Kabealo: Colonial and large cents of the U. S.

V. L. Oblisk: Type silver dollars of the U. S.; 1870 \$3 gold; 1892 \$2.50; gold dollars of 1851 and 1862.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—September 8, 331st meeting, President Williams presiding.

Robert H. Lloyd presented for distribution twenty-five copies of the Constitution, also twenty-five copies of resolutions governing procedure. These have involved considerable research and work.

The president reported on the proposed meeting with the Toronto Coin Club. The General Brock Hotel, Niagara Falls, Ontario, was selected as the most desirable place to hold this meeting and the date set for Saturday, October 18, this being subject to the approval of the visiting clubs. The secretary was instructed to send invitations to the Toronto Club and also the Rochester Numismatic Association, giving full information regarding this proposed meeting.

Mr. Lloyd exhibited various medals and club tokens. Mr. Hopkins exhibited a book of German war decorations, of all different states, illustrated in color.

Mr. Taylor exhibited some early and interesting issues of *The Numismatist*. A quiz game, which was originally used in 1937, was revived by Mr. Lloyd. These games always invoke considerable interest, and Mr. Cage had the pleasure of being high in this one.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—Regular monthly meeting, September 17, in the library of the Central Y. M. C. A., with 24 members present.

The annual election of officers was held. Martin L. Johnson was elected president, succeeding William L. Wilson; Charles E. Morris was chosen vice-president, and Charles H. Hyde was reelected secretary-treasurer. The officers will be installed October 15 at the Ali Ghan Shrine Country Club when the club holds its annual banquet, for which Hugh G. Funkhouser and Fred P. Keyser will be in charge of arrangements.

Russell Wagner was admitted to membership, and the membership applications of Joseph A. McCormick, Cumberland, Md., and Richard A. Knepper of Hagerstown, Md., were posted. Action on these applications to be taken at the next meeting.

Benjamin G. Charles displayed a card of sand-blast proof Lincoln cents.

The gold dollar auction was won by Hugh G. Funkhouser. The meeting was followed by an auction.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—88th meeting, September 16. President Jacob called the meeting to order and presided over a group of 10 members. The evening was extremely warm.

The secretary acknowledged the letter of thanks from Mrs. Baker for the resolution sent to her. Also a card of thanks from Mrs. Jacob for the club's condolence card.

Topics for the October meetings: U. S. silver dollars (1794 to date); coins of Portugal and her colonies; recent acquisitions and items of your own interest. Mr. Stein will read a paper on the subject of "Roman Coinage of the Year 238 A. D."

Topics of the evening: U. S. 50 cents (1838 to date); coins and medals of Napoleon; recent acquisitions, and items of your own interest. Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Brooke: A numismatic volume published in Italy in 1620, with 293 engravings showing the obverse and reverse of 411 coins and medals minted throughout Europe from 1500 to 1600 and published by Joannis Jacobi Luckil.

Mr. Massey: Collection of 24 half dollars (1838 to 1941).

Mr. Jacob: Half dollars (1838 to date), Grant half dollar with star, and set of 1935 Boones, small 1934.

Mr. Cox: Types of half dollars (1838 to date); complete set of U. S. Commemorative half dollars.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—September 18th. Seventeen members and one guest, Charles M. Wormser, of New York City, were present.

Mr. Wormser gave a short talk of reminiscences of his numismatic experiences. As he is stationed at Annapolis at the Naval Academy, we hope to have him with us frequently hereafter.

Howard Taylor, proposed for membership at the previous meeting, was elected a member.

Mr. Stewart reminded us that Hans M. F. Schulman of New York City, would be the guest speaker at our next meeting, October 2, and asked for a large attendance.

Mr. Heiserman read a clipping he had observed about the weight required to stamp some of our coins.

An auction was held.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—September 8, with 33 members and 8 guests in attendance. President Hughes being absent, Vice-president John R. Townsley acted as chairman.

The proposed club tokens were held over for further action.

The members' lists of dealers and comments were taken up to be assembled for a report by President Hughes.

Several very interesting pattern coins were passed around for exhibit. They included a pattern U. S. 50c. piece in copper, belonging to Chas. Braun, Jr., and a pattern U. S. \$5 gold piece in silver, belonging to Hugh Davenport.

Henry Perry had a display of the current silver dollars made up in a patriotic design.

The matter of a fall banquet was brought up for discussion, and held over for further action at the October meeting.

Till Jensen sold lots for the usual "white elephant" for the evening, which was won by J. H. Wetzler.

Two new members joined the club at this meeting, they being A. A. Wilbur of Washougal, Wash. and Henry H. Yunker, of Portland, Ore.

Chairman Townsley appointed J. C. Hook and George Pipes to act as auctioneers after the meeting.

An auction followed.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—September meeting. President Arthur presided, with nine members and one guest present.

A change of meeting night was voted, to be the fourth Thursday of the month.

Mr. Arthur read a paper, "When Money Was Printed by Churches," which was very interesting.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Blake: 12 altered buffalo nickels.

Mr. Husker: A Bolivian boliviano of 1868 and one of 1870.

Mr. Arthur: Type collection of U. S. quarters.

Mr. Matthews: 1913 proof nickel, Type 2; 1837 unc. cent; 1804 half cent.

Mrs. Brookes: Danish coins of Christian V, 1695, and Frederick IV, 1725. Also Convention brooch presented to the ladies by Mr. Windner.

Mr. Pukall: Russian silver and copper coins from Peter I to Soviets.

Mr. Brookes: Silver medal, 1882, New Jersey State Agricultural Society for fur display to Wm. Burnett. Also strip of 3 demand notes, \$2, \$1 and 50c, Pennsylvania store, 1837.

Mr. May: Danish medals for the Schleswig-Holstein war, 1848-50, and the war with Prussia and Austria, 1866. Also nickel 5c. of Kwang Tung province.

Mrs. Zepfler's resignation was accepted. Mr. Mathews was elected to membership.

Election of officers resulted as follows: President, William H. Arthur; vice-president, William Herwig; secretary, William Pukall; treasurer, Everett Simms; board of Governors, Messrs. Arthur, Zepfler and Nettleship.

Mr. Arthur appointed Mr. Zepfler to act as chairman in his absence, as Mr. Herwig is now in the army. Mr. Arthur appointed Mr. Nettleship chairman of the membership committee, with Mrs. Brookes, Mr. May, Mr. Hughes and Mr. Blake as members.

Mr. Arthur appointed the following committee on papers and exhibits, who will meet previous to regular meetings and designate exhibits and papers, viz., Mrs. Brookes, Mr. Husker, Mr. Pukall.

The treasurer was instructed to buy a dozen 1941 proof sets.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—October 2nd, with 17 members present. In the absence of both our President and our Vice-President, Theo. N. Austin presided at the meeting.

The matter of a District Secretary of the A. N. A. was brought up but the matter was postponed until the next meeting.

We were fortunate to have with us Hans Schulman, of New York, who had a very fine exhibit of foreign coins, silver and gold, ancient and modern, as well as a number of items of the shell money of the South Pacific Islands. Mr. Schulman had some interesting remarks to make about his exhibit, so that we had an unusually pleasant evening. He was given a rising vote of thanks as the meeting adjourned.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—September 25, at the Lehigh Valley Shrine Club, 1544 Hamilton St., Allentown, Pa. The meeting was called to order by the president with 17 members present.

Harlan Heller, Stroudsburg, Pa., was elected to club membership.

The door prize was awarded to Samuel Beal.

The chairman of the banquet committee reported that the annual banquet will be held at the Ross-Common Hotel, in the Pocono Mountains, Oct. 22. The speakers for the evening will be our District Secretary of the A. N. A., Mr. Patterson, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Nunn of Hackettstown, N. J. The club will hold a regular auction and also a blind auction. There will be a door prize for the ladies as well as the men, and also a prize for the best coin display. Last but not least our president promises an unusual but delightful surprise for the evening.

Mr. Shepherd delivered a short talk on silver at work, which was enjoyed by all present.

Mr. Lobb gave an interesting talk on his visit to the Philadelphia Mint while at the convention.

Mr. Hicks and Mr. Acker served refreshments after the meeting.

A short auction followed.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—666th meeting, September 2, called to order by President Newell, with 17 members present.

Mr. Bauer and Mr. Moore gave interesting reports of the recent A. N. A. Convention at Philadelphia.

Mr. Prince gave a report of a meeting of the Syracuse club which he attended last June. The meeting was held in the Onondaga Hotel with 16 members present. The guest speaker talked on hobbies.

Section II of the by-laws was amended to read as follows: "All regular members shall pay the sum of \$3.50 per fiscal year in advance, which sum shall include the current annual president's medal for said year, such policy to begin with the fiscal year 1941-1942, unless the member joins the association on Janu-

any first or later in the fiscal year, when one dollar shall be full payment for that fiscal year. All junior members shall pay the sum of one dollar per fiscal year in advance. Any member who is three months in arrears in his dues shall be stricken from the membership roll."

The secretary was directed to write to the Buffalo club stating the members of the Rochester club were interested and asking for more information including the date of the proposed meeting with the Toronto Club.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—667th meeting called to order by President Newell, September 16, with 16 members and one visitor present.

The application for membership of S. Clark Place, of 67 Southview Ter., was read.

President Newell announced the personnel of the committees he had appointed for the year 1941-1942.

Mr. Newell suggested that this year, to save expenses, there would be no printed year's program, but that the meeting notices would contain information of the activities to be carried on at the meetings as they occurred.

President Newell introduced the matter of dues, stating that the time for their payment was now. He stated that a new membership list of the club would be compiled early in October and that he hoped the dues would be paid before that time.

Mr. Bauer spoke of the forthcoming Gillette sale, which is to be held October 11 at the Hotel Seneca.

Mr. Foster suggested that to vary the program of meetings the club have a dealers' night, to occur once a month for a while and that any member could be a dealer.

Mr. Judson introduced a new idea for stimulating the admission of new members. According to Mr. Judson, the Conservation League remits to any member the sum of 50c in their dues for each new member admitted. He wondered if this would work for us. The motion was carried.

Mr. Bauer raised the question of old pictures belonging to the club. He wished to know what steps had been taken to preserve these pictures. He was instructed to get these pictures if they were still available.

AKRON COIN CLUB—August 25, 36th meeting, President R. W. Miller presiding, with 18 members and 8 guests present.

President Miller announced that T. James Clarke and George J. Bauer, past presidents of the A. N. A., would be the principal speakers at the Penn-Ohio Convention in October.

The evening was spent planning the program for the forthcoming convention in October and the program to be presented to the Canton Coin Club on September 8.

Displays were as follows:

R. W. Miller: United States large cents struck off center and photographic slides of coins.

M. B. Fenton: Cuba, Philippine and Hawaiian coins, 1c to dollar.

S. J. Kabealo: 72 gold coins of California attributed to Lee.

Mildred Metz: Mercury dimes, Indian head cents and Lincoln cents.

G. F. Lane: 1803 United States half cents.

V. L. Oblisk: Indian head cents, minor type coins of the U. S.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The fall opening meeting was held Monday evening, September 29, with nine members present.

The President spoke of the recent death of Walter P. Nichols, member of the Boston Society. He spoke of Mr. Nichols' activities in the A. N. A. and the Boston Numismatic Society, commenting on his activities in the Society's 75th anniversary medal, also of his work with the A. N. A. and being on the governing board. The president read a letter of appreciation from the family. The members then rose and stood in silence for one minute in his memory.

The president then spoke of a recent visit to the Hartford and New Haven societies, commenting on their different ways of entertainment, etc. He also read recent correspondence from Australia on the different numismatic societies and their activities in that part of the world and passed around two journals which the Australian Society at Adelaide had mailed him for the Society's use.

Messrs. Doyle, Pond and Lowenstam then spoke briefly on the recent First New England Conference and ladies' night held May 23.

Mr. Grant informed the society of the illness of Mr. Prior, a member of the society.

Mr. Grant then gave a very interesting talk on various happenings at the recent convention of the A. N. A. at Philadelphia, which he attended, and showed photographs of the late Walter P. Nichols and also Kenneth Burke of Providence, who also died recently.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Stiff: Set of U. S. 2-cent pieces, including a pattern of 1863.

Mr. Lowenstam: Several Roman sestertii, also an aes grave; a thaler from Oettingen of very base silver.

Mr. Grant: Pine Tree threepence and shilling in very fine condition.

Mr. Subak: An old coin book printed in Leipsig, Germany, in 1718, containing many fine engravings and plates.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—62nd meeting, September 25, President Fouts in the chair. There were nine members and three visitors present.

Mr. Fouts exhibited a cup presented by the Y. M. C. A. to the club for the best coin display at their spring hobby show. The display consisted of coins furnished by Mr. Fouts, Dr. Moon and C. Saeman.

Mr. Fouts also won first prize for a coin exhibit at the Puyallup Western Washington Fair. It was considered the most educational hobby exhibit entered.

The members then told of coins acquired since the last meeting, representing everything from Lincoln cents to sand-blast gold.

An article was read from an old issue of *The Numismatist* telling something of the life of St. Gaudens, his work and his wonderful contribution to our gold types.

Some of the exhibits were mistruck U. S. cent and nickels; tokens from Sing Sing prison, and uncut Mexican currency. Also Washington transportation tokens.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—272nd meeting, E. E. Lamb presiding. Eighty-seven members and twenty-one visitors present.

Applications of Mrs. Katherine Lamb and Edward S. Plaspole were referred to the membership committee for consideration.

The chair appointed Harry Boosel chairman of the annual banquet committee. At this point Vice-President Mrs. Helen Jackson, as chairman of the Ladies Nite committee, took over.

As a novelty for the evening's entertainment, twenty members were chosen for two teams of "True or False." As another feature Mrs. Rayson gave her version of "What's My Name."

After adjournment members and guests indulged in refreshments.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mrs. R. L. McBrien: 1885 5 francs, Berne; 1879 5 francs of Basle; 1861 5 francs of Niederwald; 1939 5 francs of Lucerne; all Shooting Fest coins.

M. V. Sheldon: Kruger, 1892, proof set, cent to one half crown.

Dr. Jos. Reich: Copy of the medal cast by Pisanello in honor of Lionelle d'Este, of Ferrara—love teaches a lion to sing.

Wm. G. Rayson: Coins of Queen Elizabeth from 1558 to 1603—gold sovereign, silver crown, half crown, shilling, sixpence, threepence, half groat, three farthings and a penny.

D. C. Keefer: Fifteen varieties of U. S. Trade Dollars with Chinese chopmarks. Also U. S. half dollars of 1807, 1808, 1836, 1858 small S and 1858 large S, and 1860 S, all having chopmarks. Mr. Keefer is interested to know if collectors have any other U. S. coins that are chopmarked.

Earl F. Barger: Twenty silver crown-size, also nickel and copper, coins of Mexico from 1657 to date. Also twenty-seven Mexican currency in 1, 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 peso denominations issued from 1903 to present issue.

F. A. Leonard: Nine varieties of early U. S. dollars; 1921, 1922, 1927, 1934 Peace type dollars; 1876 Trade Dollar, S mint; 1903 one peso, Filipinas; 1652 small size Pine Tree shilling; 1567 sixpence, Queen Elizabeth, hammered money; 1593 three gros piece of Sigmund of Poland. Also a varied collection of U. S. notes.

BRONX COIN CLUB—Ninety-seventh meeting, September 24. Thirteen members and four guests were present. Owing to the absence of Mr. Bullowa, Mr. Kortjohn acted as secretary.

Topics for the meeting were the U. S. half cents; coins of the three Emperors Gordian of Rome, and coins of countries beginning with the letter H. Mr. Sghia read some notes on the half-cent fabrications made by Dr. Edwards. Supplementing these notes, Mr. Sghia exhibited a red specimen of such a piece loaned to him by Mr. F. C. C. Boyd. A short talk on the half cents was also given by Mr. Kortjohn. An interesting paper on the three Gordians was read by Mr. Stein, who was given the applause of the club for his efforts. Mr. Clark then gave a number of interesting facts relating to coins bearing Arabic inscriptions.

Plans for the birthday meeting to be held in October were reported on by Mr. Sghia. Mr. Van der Meer moved that a token be struck for the hundredth meeting of the club and that a committee be appointed to bring in a design and determine the cost of such a token. This was adopted.

Mr. Schwartz, the president of our sister club in Brooklyn, announced that their hundredth meeting would be held on October 8, and urged the Bronx members to celebrate with them.

Mr. Stein read Mr. Arthur's report on the program of the colonial coinage papers. Various members were asked by Mr. Stein to send to Mr. Arthur as soon as possible the papers previously read by them. Other members were assigned subjects on which they would read papers in the future.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Carpenter: Nine various Roman bronzes commemorating victories over the Britons. Medallion of Claudius struck in Cappadocia with de Britannis on the reverse, C. 15.

Mr. Clark: 24 Muhammadan coins, mostly dollar size, from Persia, Hejaz, Turkey, Egypt, Algeria, Morocco, Great Comoro Islands and Zanzibar.

Mr. Erlanger: Quarter taler of Nuremberg dated 1765.

Mr. Gans: Sestertius, denarius, antoninianus and aureus of Gordianus Pius.

Mr. Kortjohn: Set of half cents from 1793 to 1857, including 1796, 1836 (restrike in brilliant proof), 1840, 1841, 1843 and 1852; sixteen coins of Hungary, Haiti, Honduras and Hawaii.

Mr. Morgenthau: Seven New York City transportation tokens, consisting of three Telegraph Lines, a Sixth Avenue Line of Young & Ward, a Seventh Avenue Line of Marshalls & Townsend, and two New York & Harlaem. Also 25-cent and 50 cent Baker Street Ferry tokens of Fort Benton, Montana, and 5 and 10 cent credit tokens of the U. S. S. Salt Lake City.

Mr. Reagan: Three denarii of Gordian III.

Mr. Schwartz: Hard Times tokens, all in brass, Low No. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8A, 9, 13, 14 and 15.

Mr. Sghia: Half cent of 1796 in uncirculated red condition (Dr. Edwards specimen), half cent set of 1793 to 1857, except for dates of rare proofs; crowns of twelve countries beginning with the letter H.

Mr. Silverman: Representative coins from Mozambique and St. Thomas Islands.

Mr. Stein: Coins of Maximus, Paulina Maximus, Gordian I, II, and III, Balbinus, Pupienus and Tranquillina.

Topics for the November meeting will be the U. S. large cents; coins of the immediate successors of Alexander, and coins of Italy. The meeting for October, being that of our eighth anniversary, will be ladies' night and exhibits will consist of any three interesting numismatic items.

INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY MONEY CLUB—Regular monthly meeting, October 8, with four members and one guest present. The attending members were Messrs. Berliner, Bloom, Di Bella and Howard.

Topics discussed were emergency money of the world; U. S. coins; sales tax tokens; wooden money; notgeld and foreign bank notes.

The display of items at our meeting were as follows: Sets of wooden money from Knoxville, Tenn.; Sharon, Pa.; Paw Paw, Mich.; Hamilton, Ohio, and Decatur, Ind. Also German emergency money from World War I, made from silk, velvet, kidskin, metal, glass, porcelain, cardboard, leather and linen. Collection of paper notgeld and Reichsbank notes, and assortment of scarce U. S. silver coins, 10c., 25c., 50c. and \$1.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—September 26, 84th meeting, with President Hoffman presiding. Thirty-eight members, and thirty guests were in attendance.

Alfred Zarne was accepted as a member. George A. Powers and J. V. McDermott applied for membership.

The president announced the seventh annual banquet to take place on October 31 at Peter Van De Boom's Museum Restaurant, in Saukville, Wis.

Visitors were then introduced. Numismatists from Chicago, Waukegan, Madison, Waukesha, South Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha, West Bend, Manitowoc, and Sheboygan were in attendance.

Fifteen cases of choice numismatic material, including paper money, were displayed by members and visitors.

M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary of the A. N. A., gave a discourse on an unpublished gold coin he exhibited. He also discussed the manual to be published by the A. N. A., and the slide project that he is sponsoring.

J. Henri Ripstra delighted the audience with his informal talk on, "Collectors of Yester Year."

An unusually lively auction of 90 lots was held, followed by a short social session.

TRIPLE CITIES COIN CLUB—October 6. Dinner was served at 6.30 P. M. The regular business meeting began at 8 P. M., D. G. Cookingham presiding, with 12 members and 2 prospective members present.

A brief discussion was held regarding our activities and how to make our meetings more interesting. A number of coins were exhibited by the members.

This being the first meeting since June 6, the members adopted a resolution paying tribute to the memory of Harry M. Chrisman, secretary of the club, and extending the heartfelt sympathy of the membership to his widow and family. His untimely death was a shock to our membership and his faithful and loyal support of the undertakings of this club will be greatly missed. Mr. Chrisman died suddenly June 11. Floyd Mottram, of 7 Gary St., Binghamton, was elected acting secretary for the unexpired term of Mr. Chrisman.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—The 100th regular meeting was held on September 3, at 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y., President Schwartz in the chair. Seventeen members were present. This meeting was held to transact business, appoint a nominating committee, and make final plans for the special meeting on October 8 to celebrate 100 regular meetings since the founding of the club.

Mr. Kraus read a paper on the commemorative coins of Brazil, and Mr. Schoenfeld continued his series of lectures on the collecting of medals. Mr. Reagan reported on the A. N. A. Convention held in Philadelphia.

The following exhibits were made:

Mr. Daukszys: Coins, medals and paper money of former Republic of Lithuania.
Mr. Friedberg: New issues in aluminum, zinc and iron from Germany, Spain and Hungary.

Mr. Hegarty: Minor coins of Brazil.

Mr. Knoth: Medals of Washington, Lincoln and Franklin.

Mr. Kosoff: Regular issues, counterstamped coins and patterns of Brazil.

Mr. Kraus: Coins of Brazil.

Mr. Reagan: Coins of the Roman Republic.

Mr. Schmidt: Coins of Brazil from 1697 to 1939.

Mr. Schoenfeld: Medals of New York City military organizations, Hudson-Fulton celebration, medals of Edison, Dickens and Adams, World War medals and military commissions.

Mr. Schwartz: Seven Conder tokens; A. N. A. badges of 1937, '38, '39, '40, '41. Medal awarded to Committee for preparing Fifty-Year Index of The Numismatist.

Mr. Sghia: Type collection of coins of Brazil, 17 different denominations from 5 reis to 4000 reis.

Mr. Silverman: The Numismatist Index medal, two mint medals.

100th MEETING CELEBRATION

The 100th meeting celebration of the Brooklyn Coin Club was held on October 8 at 344 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Twenty-four members and 29 guests were present. President Schwartz opened the meeting and introduced the first president, Morris Klaf, who acted as toastmaster.

Commissioner Edward Vogel, of Brooklyn, addressed the club on the subject of sponsoring a permanent exhibit by the club in the new Brooklyn Public Library.

Dr. Thomas O. Mabbott delivered an address on "Roman Coins: What We Know About Them, and What We Would Like to Know About Them."

Mr. Milton Schoenfeld delivered an address on New York City medals.

Greetings and best wishes were extended by visiting officers of the A. N. A. and representatives of other coin clubs.

The Brooklyn Coin Club presented to each one present a bound reprint of papers read at the club during the past year.

The long program and several acts of entertainment made it impossible to have exhibits of coins.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—309th meeting, September 24, with 32 members and 16 guests present, Vice President Stanley Blois presiding.

Application was received from Julius Fulton, and C. J. Freeman was elected to active membership.

Lieut. R. A. Webb, who was present, being on leave from the Army, addressed the members. Letters of greetings from J. Douglas Ferguson, newly elected President of the A. N. A.; L. M. Reagan, director of publicity of the A. N. A., and B. Max Mehl were read by the secretary.

Roy Hill, Counselor of the Junior Coin Collectors, outlined the coming events of this group and urged the members to support the boys as much as possible.

Ralph A. Mitchell addressed the members in his inimitable way on the subject of "Odd and Curious Media of Exchange" and displayed his outstanding collection of several hundred pieces.

Secretary Edward Fogler talked on the coins of the twentieth century and displayed about 1500 pieces in well-arranged glass frames. Both talks were greatly appreciated by all present and a standing vote of thanks was offered.

The auction was deferred to the next meeting.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—October 7, 1941 meeting of club. An attendance of thirty-two members and guests was recorded.

President Larson appointed a nominating committee, composed of Mr. Hawley, Mr. Bennett and Mr. Spears, who at the next meeting will report nomination of officers for the next club year.

Applications for membership of Mrs. Ada Kleinpell and M. N. Harris, were presented and approved.

The issuance of a 1942 membership card to W. R. Fanning was ordered in view of the fact that Mr. Fanning at a previous meeting had voluntarily fined himself \$1 for non-attendance.

Following the business meeting the program took the form of an open forum, with general round-table discussion of numismatic questions propounded by various members. While it was not humanly possible to answer satisfactorily some of the questions asked, a considerable amount of valuable information was exchanged, and it is expected that similar meetings will be held in the future. Some of the questions related to the preparation of a list of ancient coins, determining factors in the price of coins, the scarcity of certain United States coins, and the possible identification of the thirty pieces of silver paid to Judas for the betrayal of Christ as tetradrachms of Tyre, and their value.

Dr. Rosenkranz spoke briefly in reference to medals and exhibited several fine specimens from his collection.

The usual auction was held.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Eleventh meeting, October 10. Twelve members were present. Mr. R. E. Stevenson presided for the first time and did so well that two of the members decided they would nominate him for president of the club at our December meeting, when our officers are elected.

C. H. R. Howe gave a talk on the history of United States coins and currency.

L. B. Knighton won the door prize, which was a 1940 proof set.

We will celebrate our first anniversary on November 14 and Mr. Clements promises to put on the best entertainment we have had.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—October 9. There were eleven members present. L. S. Wright presided in the absence of President Baker, who is spending his vacation in California.

The evening's program was led by Mr. Wright, who told how to classify coins, and eight silver dollars were passed among members to classify as to condition. A discussion followed from the floor, which was very interesting.

The following coins were displayed:

A set of uncirculated wooden nickels, by V. Strachan.

A \$5 bill issued December 1, 1892. On the obverse, "Iowa National Bank, Davenport, Iowa," and signed Charles Beidebeche, president; Charles Pasche, Cashier. It had been hoarded 29 years and had never been put in circulation. Brought by Mr. Simon.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—October 7, President Woodside in the chair. Twelve members and one visitor were present.

K. L. McIntosh, 309 Ruben Apartments, McKeesport, Pa. was elected to membership.

The application for membership of Dr. James O. Sloss was received.

This meeting featured an invited guest speaker, Mr. Fletcher Hodges, Jr., Curator of the Stephen Foster Memorial Collection, which is housed in the Foster Memorial Building on the University of Pittsburgh campus. Mr. Hodges presented the story of his work in a very interesting and entertaining manner. He exhibited many items from the Memorial collection, including original manuscripts, letters, autographs, etc., and a few numismatic items.

J. Verner Scaife, Jr., invited the Society to meet at his home on Woodland Road in November.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Porter: Complete set of U. S. commemorative coins, silver and gold.

Mr. Scaife: Russian ruble commemorating 300 years of Romanoff rule; silver pseudo of Besancon, 1666, to commemorate Charles V, who ruled a century earlier

and gave the city its coinage rights; double crown of Tyrol, 1625, to commemorate wedding of Archduke Leopold and Claudia; gold commemorative medal, Otto Stressman.

Mr. Gaede: Ancient Greek and Roman coins; Sixteenth century crowns and gold coins; 1723 Wood's farthing in pewter.

Dr. Gillis: Two medals, Opening of London Bridge, 1831, and Winchester Cathedral.

Mr. Woodside: England, gold noble of Edward III; seven British Empire commemorative coins in silver; 10 U. S. gold commemoratives.

Mr. Coatsworth: Six Vercinthalers; Belgian commemorative 10 francs; several commemorative medals; freak U. S. nickel, dated 1941, struck in bronze, probably on a cent planchet.

Mr. Eastwood: Tray of U. S. store cards and tokens.

PHILADELPHIA COIN CLUB—October 9. Seventy-sixth meeting was called to order by President Leatherman, with thirty-one members and guests present.

This meeting represented the ending of our sixth year of existence. All agreed that it was one of the best years we have ever had, and included the meeting of the biggest and finest A. N. A. Convention for many years.

Mr. Sherwood, past president of the Reading Coin Club, was among our visitors and extended greetings from his club.

The greater part of the evening was given to the election of officers for the coming year. By unanimous vote the following men were elected to office: President, E. H. Havens; vice-president, Alfred D. Norris; secretary, George J. Patterson; treasurer, George B. Cucore; Curator, James Iannarella.

On a motion by Past-President Leatherman, seconded by Mr. Tatnall, William Schick was given a rising vote of thanks for his faithful service as our treasurer and chairman of finance during the convention.

F. K. Saab, of St. Louis, Mo., was elected by unanimous vote to membership in the club.

Following adjournment, Mr. Havens entertained us with an interesting illustrated lecture on "Indians Formerly of this Neighborhood."

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Forty-third meeting, October 10, President Richard S. Yeoman presiding. Fourteen members and one visitor were present.

The appointed committee selected a new permanent meeting place at the Y. M. C. A., 217 Fourth street, with larger headquarters.

Paul J. Magnusson gave a very interesting talk on German inflation money. He displayed various types of coins and paper money.

Exhibits were as follows:

Paul J. Magnusson: Type coins of Germany during the reign of William II. Post-war inflation paper money 5 pfennig to 1 milliarden marks. Type coins of Italy, Emanuele II, and Emanuele III. Papal States and Sicily.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—393rd regular meeting, September 12, 1941, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Twenty members and one guest were present.

The topics for the evening were: Coins of the small independent states of Asia; United States greenbacks from 1862 to 1923; United States quarter dollars from 1831 to 1892.

A paper was read by Herbert J. Erlanger, entitled "Nuremberg Coins and Medals on the Election of Holy Roman Emperors and Related Matters." This paper was presented to the American Numismatic Association Convention at Philadelphia and will be published later. A rising vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Erlanger for this paper and his exhibit illustrating it.

Exhibits were made by the following:

O. G. Schilke: 1803 large cent, Doughty 197.

T. F. Morris: \$1, \$2, \$5 notes of 1896 series.

W. H. Arthur: Type collection of United States quarters from 1831 to 1910.

E. W. May: Two aluminum transportation tokens of the China General Omnibus Co., Ltd.

G. W. Husker: Middle bronzes of Augustus (2), Tiberius (5) and Claudius (1).

H. J. Erlanger: Coins and medals on the election, coronation and entry into the City of Nuremberg of Emperors of the Holy Roman Empire: 5 gold, 15 silver, 1 bronze.

W. C. Blaisdell: 1832 half cent, brilliant uncirculated; 1796 Cent, about uncirculated. Swedish Coins: Rd. of Carl XIV, silver; 2 ore klippe, G. Vasa, 1626; 8 ore klippe, 1591; ore, G. Vasa, 1626; fyrk, Sater, 1624.

L. E. Cox: U. S. quarters, 1835, 1856, 1876.

M. F. Kortjohn: Quarters from 1848 to 1864, including 1853 without arrows; seven pattern quarters. Convention photographs.

W. R. Carpenter: Claudius, first bronze, British Imitation; aes of Antoninus Pius, reverse shows Britannia reclining, a very sharp piece; first and second bronze of Caracalla, with Brit. in obverse title; follis of Maximianus Hercules with LON mintmark; Small bronze of Crispus, London mintmark. Consular Denarii of Caesar, Cassia, Anthony and Marcus Brutus, also one of C. Plautius Plancus. Some medallion souvenirs of the Philadelphia Convention.

J. Barnett: 1920 Lincoln cent struck in gold.

W. L. Clark: 5-franc piece of Great Comoro Island of 1890

O. T. Sghia: Coins of Afghanistan, Assam, Brunel, Cambodia, Celebes Island, Mysore, Nepal, Sarawak, Korea, Sultana, Seven United States quarters.

L. Kusterer: 3 tokens of the Chicago Century of Progress Exposition at Chicago, 1933-1934. 2 rolled coins in silver from same.

H. Hunt: Coventry, proof; Monneron; Scotch silver.

G. H. Blake: Several large denomination notes of the second and third charter period issued by New York banks.

F. C. C. Boyd: Collection of United States currency from 1862 to 1923.

Vernon Brown reported the activities of the A. N. A. Convention held in August at Philadelphia.

A communication was read from Shepard Pond regretting his inability to attend the meeting.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the October meeting, Quarter Dollars from 1892 to 1941; glass and porcelain money and tokens; Presidential medals of the administrations of Hayes and Arthur; coins and medals of the great civil wars of Ancient Rome. It was regularly moved, seconded and carried that this be the topic for the October meeting.

TOKENS ISSUED FOR LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

A copy of the Indiana History Bulletin, published by the Indiana Historical Bureau, at Indianapolis, contains an interesting token item furnished through the research of William Brimelow, a member of the A. N. A. The tokens, which were copper, were inscribed on the obverse with the letters M. S. & N. I. R. R. (Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad). The reverse carried the value "½ CORD" or "1 CORD." The railway engineers of the period carried these tokens to pay for wood at various "wood up" stations in the State, and these were redeemed by the banks, (which had money on deposit for this purpose) at the prevailing price of wood.

WILL COPPER CENTS BE WITHDRAWN?

Despite the record coinage of cents which continues from year to year there is an indication, according to recent press reports noted by Farran Zerbe, Honorary Member of the A. N. A., that the current shortage of copper, which is so vital in defense needs, may affect the circulation of the millions upon millions of cents which are daily in use.

The suggestion that a substitute may have to be temporarily used for this denomination will affect the numismatic fraternity. Cents have been coined every year since 1793 except 1815.

SWITZERLAND RECALLS RECENTLY ISSUED MEDALS.

Due to the shortage in Switzerland of various metals the public was requested to return the medals which had been sold on August 1, (Swiss date of celebration of the 650th anniversary of the founding of the Confederation) 1291-1941. The observance of the holiday resulted in the sale of 800,000 medals, which represented 12 tons of metal.

Malta—Some months ago, a note issue of 2½ shillings of this island colony was reported. A 5-shilling note of similar design has been received, dated 1939. The note is green at the ends, with a red panel in the center. At the right is an oval scroll containing the portrait of George VI. The reverse of the notes is blank. The 5-shilling notes measure 3 by 5½ inches.

Occupied China—An olive-colored note has recently been received showing upon the obverse a large Chinese dragon. At the right in a panel is a portrait of a Chinese nobleman. The reverse shows a pagoda, and the value ONE YUAN. These notes are issued by the Japanese. They measure 3 by 6 inches.

The Travelers Beacon, house organ of the Travelers Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn., carried an article which has recently come to our attention. It features the collection of J. D. De Witt, a member of the A. N. A., who has an outstanding series of political tokens, badges, banners, buttons and other items related to the Presidential series.

Mr. De Witt's collection also extends to curios and odd souvenirs of the period if related to Presidential campaigns.

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	1.00, Elliott and Burke. Red Seal. Uncirculated	2.25
	1.00, Speelman and White. Red Seal. Very Fine	1.50
1923, \$	1.00, Speelman and White. Red Seal. Extremely Fine	2.00
1917, \$	2.00, Speelman and White. Red Seal. Very Fine	3.00
	2.00, Speelman and White. Red Seal. Uncirculated	3.25
1880, \$	5.00, Rosecrans and Jordan. Large Red Seal. Fine	9.00
	5.00, Bruce and Wyman. Large Red Seal. Fine	9.00
	5.00, Rosecrans and Huston. Brown Seal. Very Good	7.50
	5.00, Tillman and Morgan. Red Seal. Fine	8.00
1907, \$	5.00, Vernon and Treat. Red Seal. Very Fine	8.00
	5.00, Vernon and McClung. Red Seal. Very Fine	7.50
	5.00, Napier and McClung. Red Seal. Very Fine	7.50
	5.00, Speelman and White. Red Seal. Very Fine	7.00
1880, \$10.00,	Rosecrans and Huston. Brown Seal. Fine	16.00
	10.00, Lyons and Roberts. Red Seal. Very Fine	16.00
1901, \$10.00,	Elliott and White. Red Seal. Very Fine	15.00
	10.00, Speelman and White. Red Seal. Extremely Fine	14.00

RARE GOLD COINS

BOHEMIA, Ducat, 1594, Rudolph II. Emperor standing, Rev. Eagle. Very Fine	10.00
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GUADELOUPE, Half Joe, countermarked with crowned G and value 82.10, the rate in Livres and Sous. Illustrated in Wood, Figure 56. Countermarked on Brazilian gold piece of Joseph I, 1776. Extremely Fine, of great rarity	65.00
PAPAL SEE, Scudo, 1862, Pius IX. Bust left, Rev. Value. Uncirculated	4.50
SALZBURG, Ducat, 1748, Andreas. Bust right, Rev. Arms. Extremely Fine	9.00
SALZBURG, Ducat, 1768, Sigismund. Bust right, Rev. Arms. Very Fine	8.00
RUSSIA, 1777, Tiny Gold Half Ruble, Catherine the Great. Bust right, Rev. Crowned monogram. Extremely Fine	3.50

CLASSICAL COINS

ARADUS, (Phoenicia), B. C. 136-46. Tetradrachm. Turreted head right, Rev. Nike. Very Fine	3.50
ATHENS, Thick Tetradrachm, 300 B. C. Head of Athena, Rev. Owl and AOE. Fine	4.00
CROTON, Didrachm, 480-420 B. C. Tripod, Rev. Tripod incused. BMC 20. Very Fine	6.00
MACEDON, Tetradrachm, 336 B. C. Alexander the Great. Head of Alexander in lion's scalp, Rev. Seated Zeus. Very Fine	3.25
MACEDON, Another as above in finer style with symbol: Crescent. Very Fine	4.00
PARTHIA, Drachm, Vardanes I, A. D. 41-45. Head of king, Rev. Seated figure. Fine	1.50

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		1828 13 stars, Almost Unc.	1.00
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TRANSYLVANIA. Charles VI, 1711-1740. Ducat 1736	F. 7.00
RUSSIA. Alexander III, 1881-1894. 5 Roubles 1885	Ex.F. 15.00
Nicholas II, 1894-1917. 7½ Roubles 1897	F. 11.00
POLAND. John Casimir, 1648-1668. Ducat 1660. (Danzig)	Ex.F. 15.00
SWEDEN. Charles XIV John, 1818-1844. Ducat 1842	Unc. 12.50
DENMARK. Frederick V, 1746-1766. Ducat 1761	V.F. 12.50
FINLAND. 100 Markkaa 1926	Unc. 12.50
ENGLAND. Edward IV 1461-1483. Rose noble. M. m. Crown	V.F. 30.00
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1933 OREGON, D	5.00	1936 GETTYSBURG, P	2.00
1934 OREGON, D	2.50	1937 SIR WALTER RALEIGH	2.00
1934 MARYLAND	1.20	1937 OREGON TRAIL, D	1.15
1934 TEXAS	1.05	1937 BOONE, P, D & S	20.00
1934 BOONE	2.00	1937 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.00
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PAN-PAC. Set of 4 gold, 1 silver, Easel, Frame\$620.00

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1923-D	1.50	1926-S	2.50

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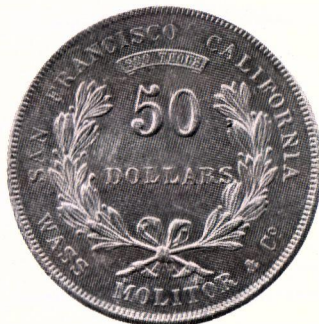
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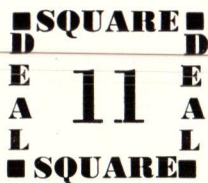
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3. AUSTRIA, 25 schillings 1929. Eagle. Brilliant Unc.	8.75
4. BELGIUM, 20 francs 1876, '77. Leopold II. V. F.	9.50
5. BRAZIL, 20 milreis 1897. Head of Liberty in cap. Rev. The Constellation of the Southern Cross. Very scarce. E. F.	37.00
6. DANISH WEST INDIES, 50 francs 1904. Christian I. Rare. E. F.	40.00
7. FINLAND, 20 markkaa 1904. Russian eagle. Brilliant unc.	13.75
8. FINLAND, 10 markkaa 1913. Same design as above. Brilliant Unc.	7.75
9. FRANCE, 20 francs 1800 struck at Turin, Italy, to celebrate the victory of Napoleon at Marengo. Bust of Liberty. Scarce. Unc.	17.50
10. GREAT BRITAIN, 1 sovereign 1826. Head of George IV. Fine	9.50
11. HUNGARY, 100 korona 1907. Franz Joseph. Rev. Angels. Unc.	57.50
12. ITALY, (Naples) 6 ducati 1842, 20 lire size, 996 fineness. Head of Ferdinand II. Rev. Female standing by column. Brilliant Unc.	15.00
13. (Parma), 20 lire 1815. Head of Marie Louise. Rev. Arms. E. F.	13.75
14. (Sardinia), 80 lire 1826. Head of Charles Felix. Scarce. V. F.	34.75
15. NETHERLANDS, 10 gulden 1933, last year of issue. Wilhelmina. Unc.	12.00
16. PERU, 1 libra 1905-18. Indian head. Unc.	11.50
17. PERSIA, 5 pahlavi, 1927, only year of issue. Lion and sun. Rev. Native inscription. Much rarer than the bust type. Unc. Rare	17.75
18. PORTUGAL, (all late Portuguese gold is scarce) 2500 reis 1853. Head of Maria II. Rev. Crowned arms. Brilliant Unc.	10.50
14. 5000 reis 1863. Head of Louis I. Rev. Arms in palms. E. F.	15.00
15. 2000 reis 1866. Head of Louis I. Rev. Arms in palms. V. F.	7.00
16. ROUMANIA, Jubilee 12½ lei 1906. Carol I. RARE. Unc.	11.50
17. RUSSIA, 5 roubles 1854. Small eagle design. Proof, rare as such	13.50
18. SPAIN, 160 reales 1822 (4 scudos) Head of Ferdinand VII. Rev. Arms and value. The only time this value was coined. Rare. V. F.	22.00
19. VATICAN, 20 lire 1867. Pius IX. Brilliant proof, rare as such	15.00

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1. BAVARIA, 1 taler 1625. Madonna and Child. Rev. Elaborate Arms. V. F.	2.50
2. BOLIVIA, 1 boliviano 1866-70. Arms design. E. F. to Unc.	1.50
3. CHINA, 1 dollar 1890. Kwang Tung Province. Dragon. Brilliant Unc.	2.50
4. 1 dollar 1927, Ho Nan Province. Crossed flags. Brilliant Unc.	5.00
5. CUBA, 1 peso 1935-6. Liberty head. Brilliant Unc. Scarce as such	2.25
6. GUATEMALA, 8 reales 1821. Ferdinand VII. Brilliant Unc.	5.50
7. HAITI, 1 gourde 1881-95. Female head. Rev. Cannon. Unc.	2.25
8. HONDURAS, 1 peso 1881-89. Liberty standing by altar. E. F.	2.00
9. ITALY, 20 lire 1927. Head of King. Rev. Naked youth. Unc.	2.50
10. MONGOLIA, 1 rouble or toughric 1925. Rare. Unc. Special	4.00
11. MOROCCO, 20 francs 1933. 34. Native inscriptions. E. F., now scarce	2.25
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16. SWITZERLAND, (Geneva) 1 ecu 1794. Female head. About V. F. Scarce	4.00
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1841 Very good	20.00	1903-O Very Fine	20.00
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1844-O Ex. Fine \$22.50. Very Fine ..	18.50	1905 Brill. Proof	30.00
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1845-O Fine \$22.00. Fine	20.00	1906-O Ex. Fine	20.00
1847 Very Fine	20.00	1906-S Ex. Fine	20.00
1847-O Very Fine	20.00	1907 Unc. Lib. Head	20.00
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1849 Very Fine	20.00	1907 Unc. St. Gaudens	20.00
1850-O Very Fine	20.00	1907 Unc. St. Gaudens. Periods	35.00
1851 Very Fine	20.00	1908 Unc. No Motto	22.50
1851-O Very Fine \$22.00. Fine	20.00	1908 Unc. Motto \$20.00. Proof	32.50
1852 Very Fine	22.50	1908-D Unc. No Motto	20.00
1852-O Very Fine	25.00	1908-D Unc. Motto	20.00
1853 Unc. \$22.50. V. F.	20.00	1908-S Ex. Fine	22.50
1853-O Very Fine	22.50	1909 Ex. Fine	20.00
1854-O Fine	20.00	1909-D Very Fine	18.50
1854-S Fine	20.00	1910 Unc.	20.00
1855 Fine	20.00	1910-D Unc.	20.00
1858-O Ex. Fine \$22.50. Fine	20.00	1911-D Unc. \$22.50. Ex. Fine	20.00
1860-O Fine	20.00	1912 Ex. Fine	20.00
1863-S Very Good	20.00	1913 Unc.	20.00
1868-S Very Good	22.50	1913-S Ex. Fine	22.50
1871 Fine	25.00	1914 Ex. Fine	18.50
1872-CC Fine	25.00	1914-D Ex. Fine	18.50
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1877-CC Fine	25.00	1926 Unc.	20.00
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1892-CC Ex. Fine \$25.00. V. F.	22.50		
1892-O Very Fine	20.00		
1893 Ex. Fine	20.00		
1893-O Unc.	22.50		
1893-CC Fine	22.50		
1894-O Ex. Fine	20.00		
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1897-O Ex. Fine \$22.50. V. F.	20.00		
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1854-O Fine	7.00
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1856 Ex. Fine \$7.50. Very Fine	7.00
1856-S Very Fine. Large S ..	8.00
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1857 Very Fine	6.50
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V. F.	7.00
1860-S Good	7.00
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1866 Fine	7.50
1868 Ex. Fine \$8.00. V. F.	
\$7.50. Fine	7.00
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1878 Ex. Fine	7.00
1879 Unc. Proof Surf. \$10.00.	
V. F.	8.50
1887 Ex. Fine	8.00
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1806 good	3.75
1815 FINE	3.50
1820 VERY FINE	3.25
1824 FINE	6.50
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1917 II BR. UNC.	4.75
1917-D I BR. UNC.	6.75

1917-S I BR. UNC.	7.75
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1923 BR. UNC.	3.95
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1926-P OR D	1.35
1927	1.65
1927-D	2.95
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1928-S	1.90
1929	.90
1929-S	1.35
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1823 Brill. Unc.	2.75	1906-S Brill. Unc.	7.00
1831 Brill. Unc.	2.00	1906-P Proof	4.00
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1839-O V. F.	3.00	1907-O Brill. Unc.	7.00
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1859-S V. F.	4.00	1907-P Brill. Proof	4.00
1860-S V. F.	2.50	1908-O Brill. Unc.	8.00
1861-O Unc.	2.00	1908-S Brill. Unc.	7.00
1866-S Motto. Fine	3.00	1908-D Brill. Unc.	4.00
1872-S Fine	2.50	1908-O Brill. Unc.	7.00
1875-S Brill. Unc.	4.50	1909-S Brill. Unc.	7.00
1876-S Brill. Unc.	4.50	1909-O Brill. Unc.	7.00
1876-CC Brill. Unc.	4.50	1910-S Brill. Unc.	7.00
1877-S Brill. Unc.	3.00	1911-S Brill. Unc.	15.00
1877-S No Drapery. Unc.	5.00	1911-D Brill. Unc.	8.50
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1877-S Drapery. Unc.	2.00	1914-S Brill. Proof	15.00
1878-P Brill. Proof	4.00	1915-S Brill. Unc.	8.00
1879-P Brill. Proof	3.40	1916-D Obverse. Unc.	5.00
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1892-S Brill. Unc.	7.00	1917-P Brill. Unc.	2.00
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1893-S Proof	8.00	1917-S Reverse. V. Fine .	3.00
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1894-P Unc.	2.00	1918-S Very Fine	2.00
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1895-S Proof	8.00	1920-P Brill. Unc.	6.00
1895-P Proof	4.50	1920-D Fine	2.00
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1899-O Brill. Unc.	4.50	1936-D Brill. Unc.	1.00
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1853 F. \$2.75; 1857 F. \$2.75; 1889 Unc. \$3.00.

QUARTER EAGLES:

1808 V. F. \$50.00; 1835 V. F., 1836 V. F., 1850 V. F., 1851 V. F., 1852 V. F., 1853 V. F., 1854 Ex. F., 1857 F., 1871 S. Mint, V. F., 1873 F., 1878 S. Mint Unc., 1901 Unc., 1905 Unc., 1929 Unc. \$5.00 each; 1839 C. Mint, die breaks both sides, V. F. \$8.00; 1848 "CAL" on Rev., Obv. scarred, Rev. Ex. F. \$30.00; 1851 Ex. F. \$5.50; 1853 Ex. F. \$5.25; 1854 V. F., 1855 V. F., 1856 V. F., 1861 V. F., 1899 Ex. F., 1904 Ex. F., 1911 F., 1925 Ex. F., \$4.75 each; 1873 Ex. F. \$6.50; 1875 S. Mint V. F. \$10.00.

THREE DOLLARS:

1854 O Mint V. F. \$6.50; 1854 Ex. F. \$6.00; 1857 S. Mint F. \$6.50; 1862 Ex. F. \$6.50; 1878 Unc. \$6.75; 1889 Unc. \$7.00.

HALF EAGLES:

1798 V. F. Die Break on Rev.	\$28.00	1810 Ex. F.	28.50
1799 Rev. V. Fine. Obv. mutilated by mounting. Rev. V. F.	20.00	1834 V. F.	11.00
1800 Unc.	25.00	1834 F.	10.00
1803 V. F.	23.00	1835 V. F.	11.00
1803 F.	19.00	1847 V. F.	11.00
		1884 V. F. C. C. Mint	12.00
		1887 Ex. F. S. Mint	12.00

EAGLES: 1854 O Mint Ex. F. \$24.00; 1907 Unc. \$27.50; 1908 V. F. \$20.00.

DOUBLE EAGLES: 1908 Unc. \$40.00; 1932 Ex. F. \$100.00.

TERRITORIAL AND PRIVATE GOLD:

TWENTY DOLLARS, U. S. Assay Office, "900 THOUS" 1853 V. F. \$40.00; 1854 Kellogg & Co. V. F. \$40.00.

DOLLAR, 1875 Octagonal Ex. F. \$3.00; **FIFTY CENTS,** Octagonal 1874 Ex. F. \$2.25.

CONFEDERATE CENT, 1861, in gold. Only 4 struck. See Numismatist, April, 1914. Price on application.

GOLD COMMEMORATIVE COINS:

DOLLAR, 1903, Jefferson Unc. \$5.00; 1916 McKinley Unc. \$4.00; 1922 Grant with star Unc. \$7.00; 1922 Grant without star Unc. \$8.00; Sesqui-Centennial, Quarter Eagle 1926 Unc. \$5.00.

SILVER COMMEMORATIVE:

1900 Lafayette Dollar V. F. \$2.50; 1893 Isabella Quarter Ex. F. \$2.25; 1920 Pilgrim Unc. \$1.00; 1922 Grant without star F. \$1.50; Monroe Doctrine F. \$1.00; Sesqui-Centennial Unc. \$1.00; Hawaii, in original card Unc. \$8.00; Hawaii Unc. \$7.00.

SILVER DOLLARS:

1795 F. Scratched on Obv. \$4.00; 1799 F. Haseltine No. 22 \$5.00; 1799 F. \$5.00; 1803 V. F. \$5.00; 1840 F. \$2.50; 1885 Ex. F. O Mint \$2.00; 1904 F. \$2.00; 1877 V. F. Trade Dollar \$1.50.

HALF DOLLARS:

1795 Fair	\$2.00	1809 Good	2.00
1795 V. good	3.00	1810 V. good	2.50
1805 V. good	2.50	1811 V. good	2.50
1807 V. good	2.50	1813 F.	3.00
1808 V. good	2.50	1814 V. good	2.50

QUARTER DOLLAR: 1806 V. F. \$4.00.

SAN SALVADOR: 1892 5 Pesos V. F. \$110.00.

MEXICO: 1786 Gold Scudo F. Holed \$2.00; 1820 Doubloon F., (Plugged) \$30.00; 1908 10 PESOS Unc. \$10.00.

1903 10 M., HAMBURG F. \$3.00.

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19. **VENICE.** Carlo Ruzzini. Quarto Ducato no date struck in gold. Lion of St. Marc. Rx. Doge & St. Marc. CNI. 20. Very fine ... 35.00
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32. **COSTA RICA.** 20 Pesos 1873. National arms. Rx. Value. Unc. 400.00
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35. Republic. 5 Pesos 1877. Head of Republic. Rx. Quetzal. Unc. 32.50
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1879-S, 81-S XF, 1922-S, 26-S, 28-S Unc. ea.	1.35	Half Dimes: 1829, 72-S (below) F both	1.00
1921-D Morg., 1927-S Unc.	1.85	1834, 42 Unc. ea. .75, 54 (arrows) Unc.	.35
1879-CC XF, some luster	2.35	1837 (no stars) VF .60, 1866-S VF	2.15
Halves: 1794 Strictly F, rare	19.75	1867-S XF 2.15, 68-S VF 1.75, 69-S VF	1.45
1795 F 4.65, 1801 F	4.85	1871-S Shade from Unc. 3.15, 73-S Unc.	2.25
1830 Large 0 AU 1862-S Large S, XF	1.85	1872-S (below) Unc. 3.25, 72-S (in) Unc.	2.25
1837 VF, 1869-S VF, 1853 Arrows XF	1.50	Proof Sets In Holders: Choice: 1937 5.85, 1938 3.75, 1939 2.85, 1940	2.45
1872-CC EXF, Very rare so choice.	10.75	Nickels: 1866 near Unc. 1.15, 1867 VG	.20
1917-S on obv., Abt VF 1.95, F	1.25	1883 With Cents, Brill. Unc.	1.60
1918-S, 19-S Abt. VF 1.45, 20-S F	1.10	1897 to 1912, all diff. av. VF, 14 pcs.	1.35
1940-S, 41-S Unc.	.70	1883 No Cents VF, 7 pcs.	.75
Quarters: 1807 VF 2.15, 1831 VF	.95	1883 Cents G-VG 2 pcs. .35, VF	.50
1853 Arrows XF .75, 1891 Unc.	.90	1911 VF, 12-D (11) F, 12 pcs.	1.35
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1917 (I) VF .60, 17-D (I) VF .95, F	.65	1913 (I) VG 2 pcs. .20, 13 (II) VG .15, F	.20
1917-D (II) Br. Unc. (Cat. \$12.50). Top of date trifle weak, otherwise beauty	5.35	1913 (II) VF .30, 13-S-D (I) VF .50, F	.30
1918-S Abt. Unc. 2.35, VF 1.00, F	.65	1913-S-D (I) G-VG .15, 2 for	.25
1918-D XF 2.25, 20-D XF 2.45, 17 (II) Abt. Unc. 1.75, 1917-S (II) XF 2.15, VF	1.65	1913-S (I) Unc. 1.65, AU 1.15, 13-D (I) XF	.65
1919-S XF 4.35, VG 1.35, G .65, 19 XF	1.95	1913-S (II) Abt. Unc. 2.65, VF	1.25
1920-S VF 1.15, F .75, VG .60, 18 AU	1.95	1913-S-D (II) VG .45, G	.20
1923-S XF 3.85, VF 2.85, VG 1.45, 20 XF	1.55	1914-S to 25-S, 18-D-20-D VG .15, F	.25
1924-S Unc. (Cat. 12.50), Die break 5.65	.65	1914-S, 17-S, 18-S, 19-S, 20-S, 23-S, 25-S VF	.55
1924-S XF 1.35, VF .90, F .65, 24-F	.65	1914-S-D, 17-S XF 1.00, 18-S Abt. Unc.	1.25
1924-D Unc. 1.55, Die break in date	1.95	1914-D VF .75, 15-D VG .20, 24-D VG	.15
1926-D Unc. .65, Die break in Liberty	.85	1916-S Unc. 1.00, XF .50, VF .35, F	.20
1925 Unc. 1.55, 26 Unc. 1.75, 28-D Unc.	.65	1914-P to 27-P VF .30, F .20, VG	.10
1928-S, 29-SD, 30, 30-S Unc. 1.10, 27-D Unc.	1.65	1926-S F plus .60, VG-F .25, G	.10
1928-S, 29-S, 30-S Abt. Unc. .65, EXF	.45	1927-S XF 1.80, VF 1.25, F .30, VG 2 for	.25
1932-D Unc. 1.35, 1932-S Abt. Unc.	.75	1928-S Abt. Unc. .30, XF .20, VF	.15
1932-S EXF .60, VF .50, F	.40	1929-S, 31-S AU .20, 31-S XF .10, 3 for	.25
1935-S Br. Unc. .50, 3 for	1.35	1926-D (weak D) Unc. 28-P-D Unc. each	.40
1936-S Br. Unc. .45, 3 for	1.25	1929-S Unc. .45, 30-S Unc. .35, 31-S Unc.	.30
1940-S-D Br. Unc. .40, 3 for	1.10	1935-S Unc. .20, 3 for .50; 36-S Unc. .15, 3 for .35; 37-41 Unc. PDS Any 5	.45
1935-S, 36-S, 38-S, 39-S, 40-S-D, 41-S All Br. Unc. 7 piece lot, all for	2.85	1938-S, 40-S-D, 41-S Unc. .10, 10 for	.75
Dimes: 1836 Abt. Unc. 91 Unc. both	1.25	1936-S-41-S Unc. 8 ea. date, 48 pcs.	3.85
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1895-S Abt. VF, 97 AU for	1.15	Cents: 1857 XF .75, 1898 Br. Unc.	.60
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1906-S VF, 08-S F, 2 pcs. .60, 16-S XF	.45	1909-S EXF 3.85, VF 3.25, F	2.75
1906-D XF, 12-D F, 14-D VF, 3 pcs. for	.75	1909-S (Ln) Strict VF .30, F-VF 2 for	.30
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1915-S VF, 16-S XF, 2 pcs. for	.80	1916-S-28-S (except 26-S) VF-XF 10 for	.35
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1916-D G .50, VG .75, Abt. F	1.00	1923-S, 24-S, 25-S, 26-S Part Red, each	.35
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1917-S, 20-S, 25 to 31-S XF-AU, 8 pcs.	1.75		
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1940-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Quarters, 10 for	3.50
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1939-S	Mint	Uncirculated	Dimes, 10 for	1.75
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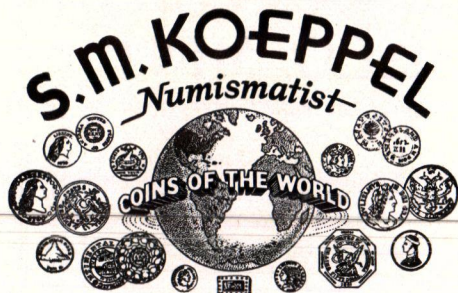
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1855-S Very good, rare	5.00
1858-S Nearly fine, rare	6.00
1860 Brilliant proof	6.50
1861-S Fine to very fine	3.50
1862-S Fine	2.50
1863-S Fine	2.50
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1869-S Fine	2.00
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1801 X. F. . .	9.00	1881 Fine, S.	1.75	1891 X. F., S	2.75	1903 X. F., S	2.20
1801 Fine . . .	7.00	1881 Fine, O.	1.65	1891 X. F., O	1.60	1904 X. F. . .	2.25
Lib. Seated		1882 Fine, . .	1.60	1891 X.F., CC	1.85	1904 X. F., O	3.55
1840 Fine . . .	1.75	1882 Fine, O.	1.55	1892 X. F. . .	2.15	1921 Unc. . .	2.35
1846 Fine . . .	1.75	1882 Fine, S.	1.55	1892 X. F., O	1.55	1921 Unc., S	2.45
1849 Fine . . .	2.75	1882 X. F., CC	2.75	1892 X. F., S	2.80	1921 Unc., D	2.50
1850 X. F., O	3.50	1883 X. F. . .	2.10	1892 X.F., CC	2.85	Peace Dollars	
1860 X. F., O	2.85	1883 X. F., O	1.60	1893 X. F., O	2.60	1921 Unc. . .	1.75
1868 V. Gd. .	1.50	1883 X. F., S	3.75	1893 X.F., CC	2.15	1922 Unc. . .	2.10
1869 Unc. . .	3.75	1883 X.F., CC	1.95	1894 X. F., O	2.75	1922 Unc., S	4.00
1870 Unc. . .	3.25	1884 Fine . . .	1.55	1894 X. F., S	3.25	1922 X. F., S	2.75
1872 Unc. . .	3.25	1884 X. F., S	4.75	1895 X. F., O	3.20	1922 X. F., D	3.00
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Morgan Type		1887 X. F. . .	2.35	1897 Fine, O.	1.55	1927 Unc., D	2.75
1878 X. F., 8		1887 Unc., S	12.00	1897 X. F., S	2.60	1934 Unc. . .	1.60
T. F. . .	3.50	1887 Fine, O	1.60	1898 Unc., S	3.60	1934 Unc., D	1.90
1878 X. F., 7		1888 Fine . .	1.55	1899 Unc., O.	4.15	1935 Unc. . .	1.65
T. F. . .	4.00	1888 Fine, O.	1.60	1899 X. F., O	3.00	1935 X. F., S	1.80
1878 X. F., S	2.25	1888 X.F., CC	9.85	1899 Fine, S	1.60	Trade Dollars	
1878 X. F., CC	4.00	1889 X. F. . .	2.20	1900 X. F. . .	2.15	1876 X. F. . .	1.25
1879 Proof . .	4.00	1889 X.F., CC	2.15	1900 X. F., O	3.00	1877 X. F. . .	1.25
1879 Unc. . .	3.00	1889 Fine, O.	1.60	1900 Fine, S	1.60	1877 Unc., S	2.25
1879 Fine, O	1.50	1889 Fine, S.	8.20	1901 Fine, O	1.55	1877 X. F., S	1.50
1879 X. F., S	2.25	1890 Fine . .	1.55	1901 Fine, S	1.60	1878 Unc., S	1.85
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1880 X. F., O	1.60	1890 X. F., S	3.10	1902 X. F., O	3.55	1879 Proof . .	4.25
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1858-S. L.	.40	.60
1859-C. N.	.25	—
1860	—	.40
1861	.75	1.15
1862	.20	.35
1863-80-81	.15	.25
1882-83	.15	.25
1884	—	.25
1885	.45	.60
1887-8-9	.15	.25
1890-91	.10	.15
1892	.15	.25
1893	.10	.15
1894	.15	—
1895-6-7-8	.10	.15
1899 to 1906	.03	.08
1907	—	.10
1908-09	.03	.08
1908-S	.75	1.10
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1939-P-S-D, '38-P-S, 1937		.03
1935-P, 1937-D		.04
1935-D		.05

UNCIRCULATED NICKELS.

	Per Roll	Each
1941-D	\$2.50	\$.08
1940-D, 1941-S	2.65	.08
1938-D Buffalo	2.75	.08
1937-S or D	3.00	.10
1938-P-D-S Jefferson		.08
1940-S, 1936-D, 1939-D		.10

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1940-D Nickels, per 40	2.65
1941-D or S Nickels, per 40	2.45
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1940-D Dimes, per 50	6.00
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 1832 About Unc. 65c.
 1833 About Unc. 65c.
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19151.90	1928-D1.10
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1864 Bronze	1.00	4.50
1864-L	9.00	
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1866, '67, '68, '69	3.00	4.50
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1872 V. fine \$4.00; fine \$3.00; good ..	1.75
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1874 V. fine 75c; V. good ..	.25
1877 About fine ..	4.00
1878 Fine 75c; good ..	.40
1879 About Unc.	1.00
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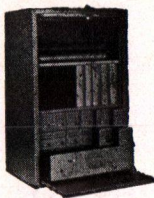
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State of Maryland, City of Baltimore, ss.:

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and City aforesaid, personally appeared Frank G. Duffield, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Business Manager of The Numismatist, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication, for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor and business manager are:

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DECEMBER, 1941.

No. 12

History Of The German Reformation

As Illustrated By
Coins and Medals
Of Nuremberg

By HERBERT J. ERLANGER, New York City

(Paper presented to the Bronx Coin Club, New York.)

In the following an attempt will be made to give a short history of the German Reformation in its militant period, that is, from 1517 to 1648, and the coins and medals of Nuremberg relating to these historic events.

The idea of giving an illustration of the history of the German Reformation by coins is, of course, not original. In effect, there are three books on that subject, one being Christian Juncker, "The Gold and Silver Honorary Memorials of the Estimable Teacher of Divinity, Dr. Martin Luther (Das goldene und silberne Ehrengedaechtnis des theueren Gottes-Lehrers Dr. Martin Lutheri)." Frankfurt und Leipzig, 1706, also published in Latin and Dutch.

The second, Christian Schlegel, "The . . . Medals Made . . . on the Second Evangelical Jubilee . . . (Die . . . auf das andere evangelis. Jubilaeum . . . angefertigte Medailles . . .)", published as third annex to a work by Ernst Salomon Cyprianus, entitled "Hilaria Evangelica," Gotha 1719.

The third, H. G. Kreussler, "Luther's Memory in Commemorative Coins (Luthers Andenken in Jubelmuenzen)," Leipzig, 1818.

None of these books is restricted to Nuremberg coins and medals, but, on the other hand, they are quite incomplete.

Juncker published his Latin edition in 1699 and the German one in 1706, so that he could not even include the medals and coins struck on the 200th anniversary of the Reformation. Schlegel, published in 1718, covered this anniversary, but not the second anniversary of the Augsburg Confession in 1730, which was even more fertile in producing coins and medals. And Kreussler finally did no more than use Juncker and Schlegel and add a few medals on the 300th anniversary of the Reformation in 1817, restricting his book rigorously to medals and coins of 1617, 1717 and 1817.

Attached to this paper I shall attempt to give as complete a list of Nuremberg coins and medals as I can, leaving out entirely all others.

Defining Nuremberg Reformation medals and coins for the purpose of

this list, I should say, in the first place, that only pieces struck on definite historical events or anniversaries are included—thus not mere portrait medals of reformers or other persons prominent in the Reformation—and that with this restriction the following are considered as “Nuremberg” pieces:

- (1) Coins officially issued under the authority of the Nuremberg Government.
- (2) Medals showing a view of the city, the name of the city or the arms of the city, or the name, picture or arms of a citizen of Nuremberg.
- (3) Medals made by Nuremberg artists and not covered by (1) or (2), except if they show the likeness, name, title or arms of some foreign prince or city, or were made for them.

This definition is more or less the traditional one, such as was used by Imhoff, Juncker, Schlegel and Kreussler, as well as by most cataloguers since.

Those who might be interested in coins and medals struck by other estates of the Empire can find them in the above cited books. In order to avoid repetitions later on, it may be stated here that the custom of striking commemorative coins and medals did not become prevalent in Nuremberg until the end of the sixteenth century, and consequently, with one possible exception, there are no contemporary medals on any event in the sixteenth century, though there are e.g. some Saxonian ones.

The history of the Reformation may be conveniently divided into three periods, the first period running from 1517 until the Religious Peace of Augsburg in 1555. This may be called the period of Protestant expansion and progress. The second period runs from 1555 to the Edict of Restitution in 1629 and may be characterized as the period of Catholic counter-reformation. The third and last period (1629-1648), which coincided with the latter half of the Thirty Years' War and ends simultaneously with this war in the Westphalian Treaty, may be considered as the period of readjustment.

(1) As is generally known, the Reformation actually started on October 31, 1517, on which date Luther nailed his 95 theses to the door of the principal church in Wittenberg offering to discuss them with whomsoever was willing to do so.

As indicated above, there are no contemporary medals, but there are a great number of medals struck on the occasion of the 100th, 200th and 300th anniversary. They are shown in the attached schedule, excluding however a series of six medals on the anniversary of 1617 which are the work of the Nuremberg medalist, Christian Maler. These show the Elector of Saxony and Luther, and have always been regarded as Saxonian medals. They can be found in Juncker, pages 379-384.

On the other hand, as Schlegel tells us, the Church of St. Egydius, which had been destroyed by fire in 1696, was reconsecrated on October 31, 1717, in commemoration of the 200th anniversary, at which occasion Dr. Marperger preached the sermon. The attached list, consequently, shows two medals on the reconstruction of the said Church as well as a portrait medal of Dr. Marperger.

Although originally Luther had merely intended to bring about some reforms in the Catholic Church, particularly with respect to the practice of selling Indulgences, the historic importance of his step soon became apparent when in 1521 he was summoned to appear before the Emperor Charles V at the Diet of Worms and then refused to recant his religious opinion, which meanwhile had been declared heretical by the Pope.

No coin or medal of the City of Nuremberg on the Diet of Worms or any of its anniversaries is known, except for an aluminum medal on the laying of the foundation stone of the “Reformation Church” in 1921, which mentions the Diet of Worms.

After having defied the Emperor, Luther was promptly outlawed, but his sovereign, the Elector Frederick III of Saxony, protected him, and on his way back from Worms had him captured and spirited away to the Wartburg-Castle, shown on some Reformation medals.

In spite of the recess of the Diet of Worms, which had declared Protestantism unlawful and had ordered its extirpation, it made enormous progress everywhere in the Empire and reached a temporary high-water mark with the Diet of Speyer in 1526, where Protestantism was all but legalized, “every

prince to conduct himself as his conscience before God and the Emperor would allow him," as the recess said.

The City of Nuremberg, although its citizens from the start were leaning heavily towards Protestantism—Willibald Pickheimer, a member of the City Council, and Lazarus Spengler, the secretary of the Council, were excommunicated by the Pope as early as 1520, together with Luther—and although a number of reforms had been carried through in the forms of religious worship, had not yet openly declared itself for the Protestant party. In effect, it must be remembered that the free cities of the Empire were actually dependent on the Emperor for their protection against encroachments by the surrounding territorial lords, and we shall find that the entire policy of the City of Nuremberg was very cautious, although it unalterably remained faithful to the Protestant faith. So it was not until 1525 that the City Council finally found it necessary to adhere openly to the Protestant cause and to carry through a thorough reformation of religious worship in the city, which was definitely terminated only in 1528. Even then the Reform was done with comparative mildness and the Catholic institutions were not immediately destroyed. The monasteries and convents, for instance, remained until the last of their inmates had died.

Contrary to most other Protestant estates, Nuremberg never struck any medals in commemoration of the religious reformation of the year 1525 or any of its anniversaries until 1925. But there exist two medals of the secretary of the Council of the City of Nuremberg, Lazarus Spengler, on which the reformation of 1525 is mentioned. One was struck 200 years later after his death in 1734, and one in 1925. The next nationally important event concerning the reformation was due to a sudden reaction among the majority of the estates, which, however, did not correspond to the popular feelings. It is the so-called Protestation of Speyer, for when another diet of Speyer in 1529 practically outlawed Protestantism once more, nineteen states protested formally to the Emperor, who was not present. This protestation is the origin of the name "Protestants," which has ever since stuck to the adherents of the Lutheran doctrine.

The original Protestants were: The Elector of Saxony, the Dukes Ernest and Francis of Brunswick-Luneburg, Prince Wolfgang of Anhalt, the Margrave George of Brandenburg-Ansbach, the Landgrave Philip of Hesse, and the following free cities (amongst them also those who were adherents of Zwingli, the Swiss reformer): Strassburg, Nuremberg, Ulm, Konstanz, Lindau, Memmingen, Kempten, Noerdlingen, Heilbronn, Reutlingen, Isny, St. Gall, Weissenburg and Windsheim—all in all, 14.

No medal or coin is known in commemoration of the Speyer protestation.

The Emperor, after receiving the Protestation, called a new Diet for the next year to Augsburg and the Protestant estates were summoned to draw up a document embodying the tenets of their faith. This document, which was prepared by Philip Melanchthon and approved by Luther, is commonly called the Augsburg Confession or *Confessio Augustana*. It marks the definite break between Luther and Zwingli and was signed by the so-called seven Confessors. Each estate is counted as one only, no matter how many representatives signed. The confessors were: The Elector John and his son, the Electoral Prince John Frederick of Saxony; the Dukes Ernest and Francis of Brunswick and Luneburg, Prince Wolfgang of Anhalt, Margrave George of Brandenburg-Ansbach, Landgrave Philip of Hesse and the cities of Nuremberg and Reutlingen.

The recess of the diet, nevertheless, reiterated the recess of the Speyer diet of 1529.

(To be continued.)

SPANISH WISDOM.

During the reign of Philip V of Spain, 1700-1746, a law was promulgated to the effect that the gold coins should be more uniform through the use of mechanical tools, and also that the edges of the coins should be milled with a rope-like design to prevent clipping and other fraudulent practices. Perhaps in making his wishes more effective, the King also had the reverse of his coins bear the following inscription: *INITIUM SAPIENTIAE TIMOR DOMINE*, which means "The Fear of the Lord Is the Beginning of Wisdom."

The Trues, Die Cutters In Albany And Cincinnati

By **ALFRED Z. REED**
Colorado Springs, Col.

(Paper presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

Of medals and store cards known to have been made by anyone bearing the name of True, the earliest is probably the large signed white metal piece which is numbered 133 in Satterlee's list of medals and tokens struck in honor of Presidents and Presidential candidates. One of many bearing the name and likeness of Henry Clay, it is the only one which identifies him as "Henry Clay of Kentucky," it differs markedly in style from the pieces struck during his third unsuccessful campaign of 1844, and its reverse inscription, "Equal and Full Protection to American Industry," is the only one which closely reflects his famous three-day speech on this subject, delivered in the Senate in February, 1832. I accordingly ascribe this medal to his second campaign, waged that year against Andrew Jackson.



Satterlee 133.



Satterlee 165.

During this same decade copper store cards of large-cent size, some signed, others unsigned but betraying the characteristically inferior True workmanship, were issued in Troy, New York, by a text-book publisher and by four mercantile establishments: Isaac B. Bucklin (seven of Low's Hard Times tokens, of which six are dated 1835) (1); O. & P. Boutwell (1835) (2); Carpenter & Mosher (3); J. & C. Peck (4); and N. Starbuck & Son (5). Two mules in Low's list likewise emanated from this source (6); so also, in all likelihood, seven of Howland Wood's Canadian Blacksmith Coppers (7). A small Clay white metal piece, dated 1845 on its face and therefore belonging to the campaign of 1844, is signed T but probably was not the work of True, or at least of the True who made the store cards (8). The full name appears, however, on a set of large campaign medals issued in several metals for the four Presidential candidates of 1860—Lincoln, Douglas, Bell and Breckinridge, all with the same reverse (9), and we have the contemporary testimony of Satterlee that the dies, not only of these but also of a smaller unsigned set (10), were cut by Benjamin F. True of Cincinnati. Robert P. King, the specialist in Lincolniana, makes a similar statement, and adds that the dies of the larger Lincoln piece were owned by James Murdock & Co., of Cincinnati in 1924, and that a copper restrike, lacking the name True, was made in 1928 (11).

So far as I know, the only published information in regard to the True

family is a paragraph inserted forty years ago by Lyman H. Low in the second edition of his *Hard Times Tokens* (12). This was reprinted verbatim in Forrer's *Biographical Dictionary of Medallists*, and in *The Numismatist* of January, 1913 (13). Low discovered that there were two early Trues, Benjamin C. and Daniel, and on the strength of a search through city directories he gave their street addresses, from 1832 onward, in Troy, N. Y. He was not entirely satisfied, however, with the results of his researches, for a few lines farther on, commenting on his No. 93, signed TRUE ALB., he wrote:

"Why True signed himself as of Albany on this piece, I do not know. He may have had a branch office there, or Daniel, if this be his work, may have begun business in that city, as he is not found at Troy so early. It seems hardly probable that there was a third engraver of the name."



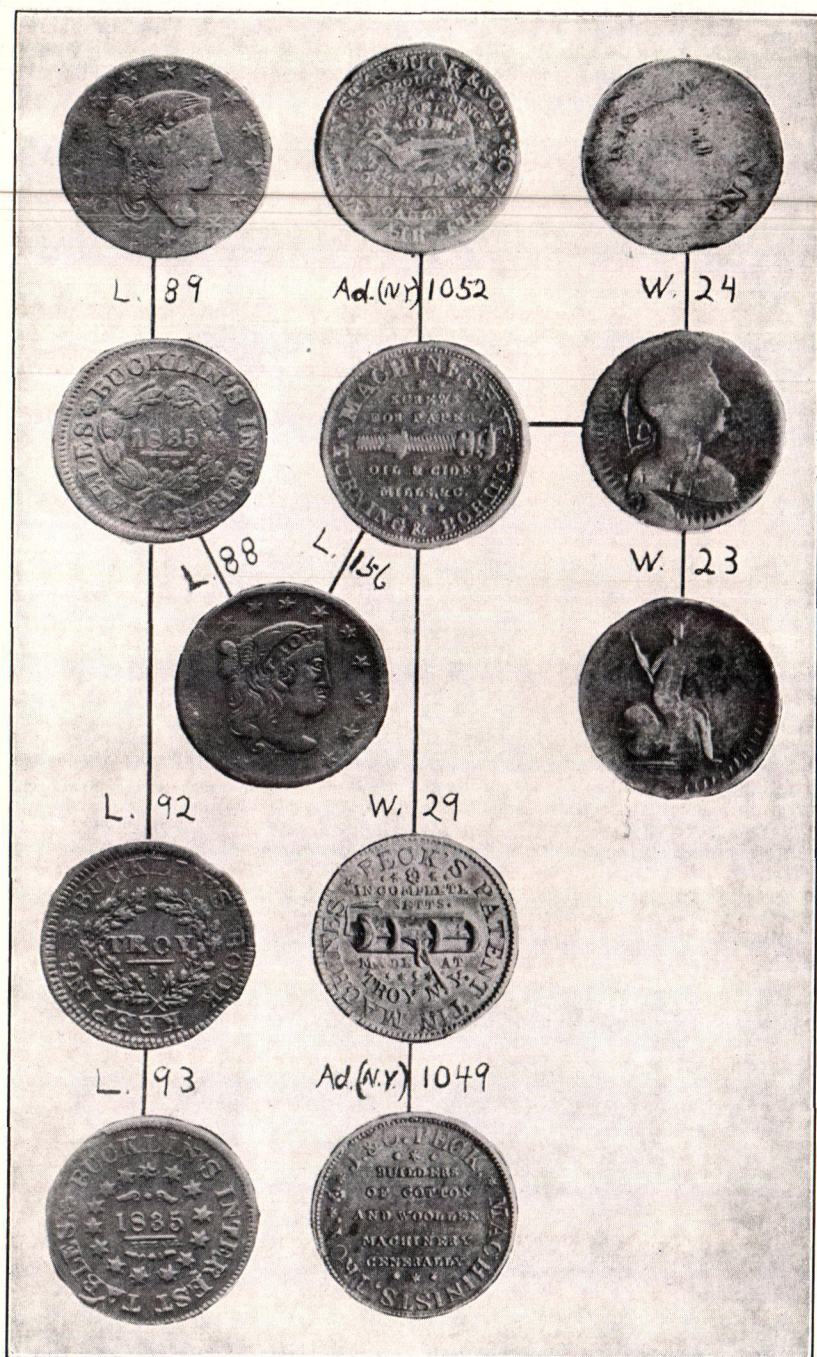
Satterlee 316.

The key to the mystery is to be found in a phrase used by Low in his earlier comment on No. 88, signed T*: "If the notes furnished me are correct." The notes furnished Mr. Low were substantially correct as regards dates and street addresses, but either he or his searcher went quite astray as to the city in which the streets were located. Despite the fact that all of the True store cards were made for residents of Troy, both Benjamin C. True and Daniel True lived and worked in Albany. Appended to this paper is a letter recently received from Mr. George M. Korb of that city stating the facts correctly (14). This finally cleared up a problem which was complicated by a similarity of street names in the two cities and by a looseness in Low's language. Especially confusing was his statement that in 1842-4 Benjamin C. True "was in business with J. Rosebloom & Company, on Church and Division Streets." I naturally, though wrongly, interpreted this to mean "on the corner of Church and Division Streets." It was therefore disconcerting to find that although streets of these names were found in both cities, in Troy they intersected while in Albany they did not. Other duplicated names are Broadway, Hudson and Bleecker.



Low 87.

This discovery of Low's error was made accidentally in the course of an attempt to find the relationship between the New York State and the Cincinnati Trues. Here I have made little progress. Numerous inquiries have been addressed, directly and indirectly, to persons bearing the name of True



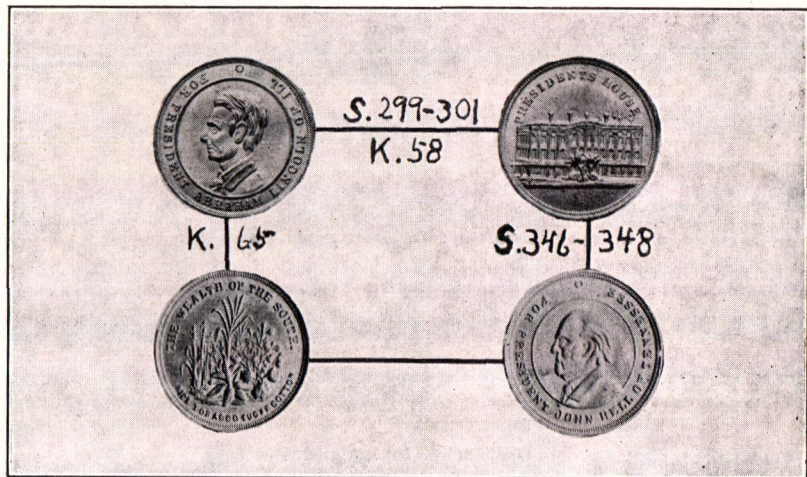
Combinations of Early True Store Cards and Blacksmith Dies.

in Albany and in Cincinnati. They have been entirely fruitless. This left Cincinnati city directories as the only conveniently available source of information. Search through these has produced another puzzle. The name of Benjamin F. True nowhere appears, but Benjamin C. True (the same initial as in Albany) is listed, first in 1856 and again in 1860, as a die sinker, and in 1870 as a justice of the peace and attorney.



Low 145.

There are three possible explanations. One is that Benjamin F. was the son of the original Benjamin C. True and lived with his father. It is difficult to understand, however, how the younger Benjamin's fame could have reached from Cincinnati to Alfred H. Satterlee in New York City if he was not sufficiently important to be listed in the city directory. It seems more likely that Satterlee, followed by King, inadvertently substituted for "Benjamin C." the more usual combination, "Benjamin F." (F. standing for Franklin).



Small True Medals of 1860.

If this is the case, the question still remains whether the Cincinnati Benjamin C. True was the original Benjamin C. True of Albany. Assuming that in 1832 he was a very young man, he could still have been actively producing medals in 1860. But he must then have been at least 50 years old. Would a man of this age be sufficiently flexible to shift from his life-long business of die sinker to the totally unrelated occupation of lawyer?

The most probable explanation is that shortly after the Mexican War the elder Benjamin C. True of Albany either died or became incapacitated, and that a son, bearing the same name, went West, settling finally, possibly after some intermediate stops, in Cincinnati. For a time he tried to support himself by the trade which he had learned under his father, but eventually took advantage of the then very low requirements for admission to the Ohio bar and became a lawyer and political office holder. Contacts with politicians while making his 1860 medals may have facilitated the shift. If this explanation is correct, the fact that he was named after his father suggests

that he was the eldest son, and that the Daniel True who stayed behind in Albany, a die cutter there for forty years, must have been his uncle—a younger brother rather than another son of the first Benjamin.

Acknowledgments are due first of all to the Anthony J. Fries & Son Company, die sinkers and general engravers in Cincinnati, who put me in touch with the Marking Device Association of Chicago. Publication in their trade journal of my letter to them brought about the discovery, by the Troy Stamp Manufacturing Company, that no one by the name of True had ever lived in that city. My friend, Henry Munroe, of Albany, started a train of correspondence which led through Mr. Willis J. McKinney, of Albany, and Howard H. Kurth, of Schenectady, and culminated in Mr. Korb's letter definitely locating the Eastern Trues. Through Mr. James O'Connor, maker of brass and steel stamps in Cincinnati, I was encouraged to secure from the Williams Directory Company such data as early Cincinnati directories afford. I should be grateful to readers of *The Numismatist* for any further information as to the True family, and for suggestions as to additional tokens or medals which may plausibly be regarded as their handiwork.

NOTES.

(1) Low 88-93, 145; Raymond (New York State) 12-18; Adams (New York) 1037-38, 1040-44. A list of New York store cards originally published in the *Coin Collector's Journal*, 1885-87, and reprinted in 1913 by a committee of the New York Numismatic Club headed by Edgar H. Adams, includes an additional variety of L. 92 (No. 394) and two additional varieties of L. 145 (Nos. 397, 398).

(2) L. 87, 174; R. (N. Y. S.) 10; Ad. (N. Y.) 1035-36.

(3) L. 146, 147; R. (N. Y. S.) 19, 20; Ad. (N. Y.) 1045-46.

(4) R. (N. Y. S.) 23; Ad. (N. Y.) 1049.

(5) R. (N. Y. S.) 24; Ad. (N. Y.) 1052.

(6) L. 156, 157; R. (N. Y. S.) 25, 26; Ad. (N. Y.) 1053-54. These combine the TROY head obverses of L. 88 and 91 with the Starbuck screwbolt reverse of Ad. 1052.

(7) Wood 23-29. Ad. (N. Y.) 1050, not listed by Raymond, is probably W. 28, wrongly described. Wood omits a thick-flan variety of his No. 29. This muling of the Peck and Starbuck reverses, Ad. 1049 and 1052, was almost certainly struck in Albany at the same period as the two Low mules. The thin flan were probably struck later for the Canadian market. Wood, writing in 1910, believed that they were struck by an unknown Canadian coiner from old dies, at least two of which had been discarded by "a die-cutter named True, of Troy, N. Y."

(8) Satterlee 165. The T is not accompanied, as on L. 87-92, by a six-pointed star, and the two stars on the reverse have five points.

(9) S. 261, 316, 336, 349.

(10) S. 299-301, 326-28, 346-48, 355-57. I have the Douglas and the Bell pieces in silver, a metal not mentioned by Satterlee.

(11) "Lincoln in Numismatics," *The Numismatist*, Vol. 37 (February, 1924), pp. 55-171; "Second Supplementary List," Vol. 46 (August, 1933), pp. 481-97. King lists additional varieties and mules not mentioned by Satterlee. His true numbers are for the larger size (38 mm.), 16-19, 1009 (restrike); for the smaller (22 mm.), 58-67.

(12) New York, 1900, p. 41. Low's revision of his early (1886) list was originally published in the *American Journal of Numismatics* in 1898 and 1899, except for his Nos. 165-183, which were not added until 1906. The instalment containing the information about the Trues appeared in April, 1899 (Vol. 33, pp. 118-22).

(13) Vol. 26, p. 42.

(14) "You are correct in your assumption that Low erred in locating Benjamin C. True in Troy. According to the Albany directories, he was a resident of Albany from 1832 to 1847-48, when he is no longer listed. He is first listed in 1832 at 7 Beaver as a letter cutter. In the years that follow he shifted his location almost yearly and practiced several side lines. The partnership of Roseboom and True, stove and tin dealers, is mentioned in 1842-43 at 82 Market, and in 1843-44 at 52 Division. At other times B. C. True was a gunsmith, die cutter and military storekeeper. He is not listed in the Troy directories.

"I cannot say what relation Daniel True was to Benjamin C. True, but I believe Daniel was the son of Benjamin C. Daniel is first listed in the Albany directory in 1837 as a die cutter living at the same address as Benjamin C. Since no business address is given for him, it may be assumed that he was working as a journeyman. From 1840-41 he was in business for himself. After 1839 Daniel

was no longer living with Benjamin C. In addition to die making he is listed as a seal engraver, door plate manufacturer, and steel engraver. He does not appear in the directory after 1877.

"I fail to find either of the True's mentioned in the local histories. This may be explained either by the fact that their businesses were small or that they entered business relatively late in the history of Albany.

"Doubtlessly, Benjamin F. True was a relative of the other two, but I know of no way of determining the connection."

1 March, 1941.

GEORGE M. KORB.

Cincinnati Chapter Pennies, R. A. M.

By **WALDO C. MOORE**
Lewisburg, Ohio.

(Read at a recent meeting of the Cincinnati Numismatic Association.)

We write an essay. Noah Webster defines the word "essay" as an effort made, or exertion of body or mind, for the performance of anything. Also, the word "essay" is explained as a literary composition dealing with its subject from a more or less limited or personal standpoint and permitting a considerable freedom of style and method. Essays are commonly brief, suitable usually for reading at one sitting.

We find essay writing both painful and pleasurable. Of course the subject to be handled has everything to do with such a task. At times a pain in the neck, as it were, takes hold or a sudden feeling of joy thrills the burdened and troubled brain. It takes effort to effect. Effort is the exertion of strength or power, whether physical or mental, in performing an act or aiming at an object.

Does anyone know what it is going to be like? How numismatic our essay no one knows. Time only will tell. Tempted are we to give a listing of the various known Masonic Mark Pennies issued by the different Cincinnati Chapter lodges. Does it not appear that this would be a very suitable and opportune time for the presentation and display of such a subject? Masonic Mark Pennies show for themselves that the series has come to take an important place in modern numismatics. A reasonable and justifiable feeling of elation, as because of achievement, must take immediate possession of any worthy candidate upon receiving his mark. Truly the Mark Penny has a place in Masonry and Masonic Numismatics.

In tracing the advancement of the human family from the rude, untaught and barbarous conditions which continually surrounded the race from the beginning we learn that man made use of visible signs or symbols as a method of communication and instruction. The learning and the wisdom of all ancient peoples were largely handed down through the ages and generations with or by the aid of signs and symbols. The representation of objects or ideas by means of signs, symbols or emblems created a practice and a system that helped to guide and light man's way through the darkness of time.

In bringing this line of thought and study at this time to your attention we wish to remind all collectors and numismatists that Freemasonry is a science which is engaged in the search after Divine Truth and which employs symbolism as the method of instruction. The Royal Arch degree in Masonry places the finality upon the beautiful allegory and symbolism of the three degrees of Craft Masonry. The symbolism of speculative Masonry have ever been intimately connected with Temple building. The symbolism of the second Temple at Jerusalem form the basis of Royal Arch Masonry, with which all companions are more or less familiar and with which some few may have a technical acquaintance.

We read in Revelation 2:17 "To him that overcometh will I give to eat of the hidden manna, and will give him a white stone, and in the stone a new name written, which no man knoweth saving he that receiveth it." It is the custom that the keystone in Masonry bears the letters H. T. W. S. S. T. K. S. arranged in a circle. These letters are supposed to represent the "Mark" of Masonry's ancient Grand Master. The Masonic Mark is not a mere orna-

mental attachment of the degree, but is a sacred token of the practices of friendship and brotherly love.

The white stone mentioned in Revelation has been variously interpreted and figuratively spoken of by the author Samuel Fallows in his *Geographical, Historical and Archaeological Themes* published in 1908.

- (a) One of the stone tablets, written with the name of a person, which were used in some methods of casting the lot.
- (b) The stone or bean, bearing the name of a candidate, which was cast at elections in Greece.
- (c) The pebble of acquittal used in Greek courts.
- (d) The ticket presented to the victor at the Olympic games.
- (e) The instructions which the Roman emperors caused to be thrown to victorious contestants in the arena.

And perhaps best of all (f), a small stone, a common writing material, white to symbolize the heavenly character of the victorious candidate or believer, and marked with the name bestowed as sign and seal of his future glory.

Historians tell us that the Mark Penny in the now commonly accepted meaning has not been in use a very long period of time. In our study and looking backward to the last quarter of the nineteenth century we have found only a very few Chapter lodges employing the Mark Penny. With the opening of this century, might we say, what was then a curiosity is at present considered a necessity. As late as 1905 in a publication on Masonic Medals and Badges by the late Benno Loewy of New York, we find the following, under the heading "Mark Pennies."

"It is only within a very short time that specially designed Mark Pennies have come into general use in the Royal Arch Chapters in the United States; elsewhere they are practically unknown. In this country they have been struck in a variety of metals besides copper which alone should be properly employed."

The Chapter Penny when received is supposed to be inscribed with the member's own particular "mark" and as soon as selected placed on record, never to be changed, but to remain so until the day of his demise. Many chapters have not yet adopted a special Mark Penny, Shekel or Token, but cling to some old-fashioned copper or brass coin, substitute, or the so-called stock Penny. This latter generally bears the keystone, but there are many variations. In earlier times many Pennies were made in sets of four, usually silver, aluminum, brass and copper, but this practice has of late years been apparently discontinued. Occasionally some are found in other metals and also in combinations of metals.

In looking at any display of Mark Pennies we are impressed with the idea of sameness that runs through the collection. This is due mostly to the reason that the great majority of Chapters find it easier to copy the design of some other Penny than to devote sufficient time and study and care to the subject to enable them to originate a pattern of their own. It also often takes companion members who are numismatically and somewhat artistically inclined to see and make things move. If Masonic Chapters could be made to realize that numerous displays are going to be formed in the future, and that a poor Penny tells in unmistakable language the exact amount of thought and time usually devoted to the subject, they would perhaps not be so free to adopt the likeness of another cheap and poorly designed Penny in so common use.

These little metallic tokens of friendship long resist the corroding action of time and will continue to bear silent testimony through the ages that are to come and future generations of the Royal Arch Masons will gaze upon them with wonder and no doubt they will be astonished that so poor an emblem of "a day's wages" could content their fore-brethren. To be sure, some of the Mark Tokens are not lacking in artistic taste and in numismatic knowledge, but at present these are few in number in comparison to the many specimens which may be classed as poor. We can truthfully state that the Cincinnati Chapters are somewhat an exception and have taken more interest and pride in their Mark Pennies than is usually exercised by other Chapter

lodges. Of particular interest in this respect is the fact that several of our Association fellows are Companions of the various Cincinnati Chapters.

The Masonic Mark Penny is acquired by those interested with ever increasing difficulty, as Mark Masters cherish them most highly, and do not ordinarily part with them during their lifetime. It is the custom of many Chapters to refuse to exchange or supply Pennies to anyone not a member of their Chapter Lodge. It is one of the most important obligations that are imposed upon every brother of the mystic tie to aid and assist all worthy distressed Master Masons, so states Doctor Mackey in his *Encyclopaedia*. We read in the writings of the late Doctor Wright, of Schenectady, New York, that this does not always mean the simple flipping of a coin of the realm to the hungry but includes mental distress as well. If in the formation of a collection of Chapter Pennies one particular specimen is lacking in the cabinet, there is truly distress. Doctor Wright further states that the Mason who refuses aid and assistance "Shames his Keystone."

Had it not been for the politeness and liberality of the various Cincinnati Chapters this essay would in all probability have remained unwritten. Therefore, the writer at this time desires to express his sincere and fraternal thanks to all the Cincinnati Masonic bodies, Norwood Chapter included, which have so kindly assisted, for otherwise, as heretofore stated, the subjoined list, as well as the evening's exhibit, could never have been presented. There is an old saw which reads: "An honest confession is good for the soul." On certain occasions the writer must admit that he was a little distressed. Dark seemed the clouds at times but they had a way of lifting and vanishing in most every case, thus allowing this essay to finally reach completion.

The following list of Cincinnati Chapter Pennies is in the private cabinet of the writer's Ohio Collection of Masonic Mark Pennies and may now be seen on display in the evening's exhibit. (Exceptions noted.) The display is as nearly complete as any collector could or might expect. Unquestionably there are many, many minor varieties, since several of the Cincinnati Chapters still cling to the use of the United States large one-cent copper coins for their Marks, which since the inception of these particular lodges has been the practice. Of these one-cent marks it is doubtless if there exist any two that are exactly alike, and therefore many descriptions would be necessary if all these coin tokens had to be accounted for. This essay therefore makes mention of the one-cent copper Mark specimens found in the writer's cabinet and makes little attempt at any further description of the conversion of the American large one-cent coins into the Royal Arch Masonic Marks.

(To be continued.)

The World's Worst Rulers

By **GEORGE A. PIPES**
Portland, Ore.

(Paper presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

In a world maddened by conflict we have grown accustomed and somewhat hardened to human anguish. It is this which gives me stomach for my task of detailing the lives of the three most atrocious rulers of antiquity. Those who collect Roman coins will naturally be more likely to take an interest in the subject, but it is my hope that others may find consolation and encouragement in the demonstration that the horrible crimes of these hateful tyrants proved to be their undoing, and that retribution was not long deferred.

Nero, 54-68 A. D.

It will occasion no surprise that I begin with Nero, who, excepting Julius Caesar, is the best known of all the Romans. His fame rests not upon his accomplishments or his virtues, but upon the infamy he achieved. He became emperor at the age of seventeen, the age when Roman youths attained

their majority. He was of distinguished lineage, it being claimed he was a direct descendant of Marc Antony. Perhaps his undoubted ability at declamation was a heritage from this noble ancestor whose eloquence had confounded the enemies of Caesar and thus turned the course of history. And Nero also displayed to a remarkable degree the wilfulness and self-indulgence that characterized the great Antony. But there the resemblance stops. The name Nero signifies sinews, implying fortitude or valor. He had none of it. Nor did any spark of generosity, such as had inspired the friend of Caesar, warm that cold heart of his. He was utterly selfish. There was no room in his brain for thoughts of others; hence he was incapable of the feeling of pity. His supreme nonchalance is illustrated by the legend that he fiddled while Rome burned. That is but a legend, but the incident which gave rise to it furnishes more striking proof of his unsurpassed egoism. It was Nero's custom to appear as an actor on the public stage. Desiring to enact the drama of the burning of Troy, he had twelve fires started in various parts of Rome on the evening of his performance to give a touch of realism to the show and to provide it with effective stage scenery. When the play began, the audience assembled in the amphitheatre watched in awe the spectacle of their city in flames, while above the roar could be heard the voice of their emperor, spouting in Homer's noble lines of the like doom of Ilium.



First Bronze of Nero.

Nero's audiences gave him rare attention at these performances. To leave before they were over was a capital offense, and even a cough or a sneeze might prove to be a very serious ailment. Apparently he was a good actor and an excellent musician, but we must make allowances for contemporary criticism when we learn that one Julius Vindex criticized Nero's musicianship and was compelled to flee for his life with a price of 80,000 sesterii on his head.

Whatever talent Nero may have had as a public entertainer, he had artistic tendencies in other directions. One was the fine quality of his coinage. His coins are considered the very best of any issued by the Romans. They are mostly in high relief, bold, and simple in design, suggesting the Greek style. Among the fine first bronzes is the one showing the Temple of Janus, and another the Port of Ostia, with a number of tiny ships in the harbor. Among the most beautiful are those with reverses showing galloping horsemen and bearing the inscription "Decursio."

Nero's person was not attractive. He had a bulging neck, yellow hair, and dull, grey eyes. His great paunch was inadequately supported by weak, thin legs. Ugly blotches which covered his skin accentuated his froglike appearance.

Nero's official activities and government projects were concerned mostly with his own pleasures and splendor. On these he lavished the public funds. He adorned himself with garments studded with gold and precious stones, and these he would wear but once.

But what of his unnatural crimes? He poisoned his father. He had his mother killed. He killed his brother, Germanicus, and his sister, Antonia; and both his wives, Octavia and Poppaea, and his aunt, Domitia, and his son-in-law, Rufinus. He did not even spare his teachers, Lucan and the great philosopher, Seneca. He is best known to history for his fiendish persecution of the early Christians. It is this more than anything which has given him

such bad eminence. In the refinements of cruelty he displayed a remarkable degree of versatility. Some of his victims he would have covered with the skins of wild animals to be bitten to death by ferocious dogs. Other martyrs would be covered with pitch and set afire. Among these victims were the apostles, Paul and Mark.

For fourteen long years the people endured Nero's misrule. Then the Senate decreed him to be an enemy of mankind and condemned him to be whipped to death. He did not wait for the sentence to be executed, but fell on his sword in Roman fashion. His death was celebrated with great rejoicing by the people of Rome. He had done a great deal of evil in his brief life of thirty-one years.

Caligula, 37-41 A. D.

The second in our triumvirate of infamy is Caligula, son of Germanicus and adopted son of the Emperor Tiberius. His sway lasted but the period of a Presidential term, but that four years was so memorable his name has come down through the ages as a synonym for cruelty. The portrait appearing on his fine large bronzes is that of a rather handsome, distinguished young man, and gives no indication of the degradation of the real person. Nor could the artist depict in bronze the dull, faded eyes, the sickly palor, and the evil look that made his appearance so repellent. He was prematurely bald. Not content with his natural ugliness, he practiced distorting his features before a mirror to make his mien even more frightful. Like a certain synthetic Roman of our time, he did not want the world to love him, but only to fear him.



First Bronze of Caligula.

Other rulers have committed atrocious crimes, moved by a feeling of revenge, or spurred by ambition, or by love of gain, but Caligula, the sadist, loved cruelty for its own sake. The spectacle of suffering delighted his soul. I must inflict on the reader a few examples. Frequently, when a young man was condemned to death, Caligula would compel the youth's parents to witness the execution, that he might revel in their paroxysms of grief. It was not unusual for him, while dining, to have the torturing of criminals conducted in his hearing, as if their agonized cries were sweet music in his ears. On more than one occasion, after an evening of revelry with companions, he would order some of them to be thrown off a cliff into the sea, amused at the look of fear in their faces as they were hurled to their death. Even the blandishments of love did not deter him from his craving for inflicting pain. Sometimes he would accompany a caress with such a remark as "So fair and lovely a neck as this; off it would go, if I do but speak the word."

Once, on his witnessing the execution of condemned persons, it was discovered that one was to be executed through error, who was not the person condemned. "No matter," said the Emperor, "let this one die also." His insatiable lust for blood found expression in a saying attributed to him: "Would that the people of Rome had but one neck!" Hating the tranquility of his reign, he would cry out for Pestilence, Fire, and Earthquakes.

Caligula was one of the most extravagant spendthrifts in the world. He devoted much of his time by threats of death in extracting money from the people to be squandered as his fancy might suggest. Swallowing goldfish would have been silly enough for him, but not costly enough, so instead he swallowed priceless pearls dissolved in vinegar.

Caligula developed such a miser's love of coined money that he would wallow in heaps of golden auri piled in a public place. Perhaps some of us could almost forgive him for that.

The coins of Caligula are of fine workmanship, and the large bronzes are very scarce. Perhaps the most sought after by collectors is the large bronze representing on the reverse his unspeakable sisters, Agrippina, Drusilla, and Julia, flaunting themselves as Security, Piety, and Fortune!

Caligula declared himself to be a god and called Jupiter by the name of brother. But when Jupiter, as if incensed by the sacrilege, would hurl his thunderbolts, Caligula, terrified, would crawl under his bed and stop up his ears.

An indulgent providence let the Emperor live till he was twenty-eight. He was spared that long before he was murdered. The Senate decreed the destruction of his large bronze coins because his likeness was so hateful. Plenty of others remained to preserve his memory as the most ignoble Roman of them all.

Caracalla, 211-216 A. D.

The third of our triumvirate is Caracalla, son of the Emperor Septimus Severus. On the death of his father he was to rule jointly with his brother, Geta, two years his junior and just twenty-one. All their lives the boys had been petted and pampered by their father and their overfond mother, Julia Domna. Geta was a more gentle lad than his elder brother, who was violent and self-willed in the extreme. Immediately on the death of their father, in the division of the empire, the boys had quarreled and were about to



First Bronze of Caracalla.

engage in a civil war. No doubt Caracalla had tried to impose on his brother. Their mother sought to make peace between them. While they were in her presence and Geta was embracing her on his arrival, Caracalla had him stabbed in the back by his guard, and Geta expired in his mother's arms. Even before the bloody deed, Caracalla had tried to poison his father and had murdered his young wife, Plautilla, whose portrait adorns some of the denarii of the period. After he became sole monarch and there was no one who could check him, his violence knew no bounds. He would fly into a murderous rage at the most trivial provocation, and then no one was safe from his fury. On one occasion at a great public show some of the crowd derided a charioteer whom Caracalla had openly favored. Taking their jeers at the charioteer as an affront to himself, he commanded his soldiers to attack the crowd indiscriminately, and many of them perished.

Sometimes his malice seemed to be entirely unprovoked and without purpose, as when he attacked the King of Parthia and put to death all of his retinue. The circumstances were these: He had negotiated with the king a betrothal of his small daughter, and he went to meet the king who was accompanied by his nobles and guard. When they had met, at a signal from Caracalla his soldiers fell upon the group and killed every one except the king himself, who narrowly escaped with his life.

Caracalla's worst butchery, however, was occasioned by his fear of Geta's friends and supporters after he had so brutally murdered his young brother. He inaugurated a purge which he personally conducted. Night after night with a band of killers he would hunt down everyone who was known to have been friendly to Geta's cause. It has been estimated that he murdered twen-

ty thousand persons in this manner. He could see no irony in his assuming the title of Pius, a title which had been rightly claimed by such noble-minded emperors as Antoninus.

The coins of Caracalla are many and varied. In conjunction with those issued in his father's reign, they form the most extensive family series of any of the Roman Empire. There are coins with heads of Caracalla and Geta when small boys, some separately and some, like a beautiful pure golden aureus, showing both of the brothers, one on each side. There are numbers of denarii displaying family groups in which the boys appear with their father and with their mother, Julia Domna, her hair in a neat wave, undoubtedly a permanent one. There is even a coin of Plautilla, whose life was so quickly snuffed out by her murderous husband.

When he was in his twenty-ninth year, the same age as Caligula, after an illness of about five minutes, brought on by a successful knife thrust between his ribs, the Emperor Caracalla departed this life, unmourned and unsung.

From this brief sketch, I think it is evident my choice of candidates for the pinnacle of ill fame cannot be far wrong. That such men could have lived lends support to the pessimism of that lovable misanthrope, Mark Twain—"Of all the creatures that inhabit the globe, the human race is the most detestable." Of course, there is another side to the argument. Happily, the numismatist is not greatly concerned with the moral qualities of a ruler. Whether he be saint or devil, his coins are sought with equal avidity.

That Crazy Fad Of Coin Collecting

By VICTOR MORIN
Montreal, Canada.

(Paper presented to the Philadelphia Convention of the A. N. A.)

Did you ever stop to think about the craziness of moths? They spend their summers in furs and their winters in bathing suits!

Well, they are no greater fools than some coin collectors. Many of these self-styled "wise men" will deny themselves the satisfaction of their daily "scotch and soda" for six months in order to save the cost of a brass coin that any sane newsboy would refuse with scorn. Social doctors call that aberration "Numismatics!"

What is numismatics, then?

If we consult Webster's dictionary we are informed that it is "the science and study of coins and medals." Well and good. This has been the "science" of our predecessors for centuries; and the collections that they have intelligently amassed and bequeathed to us are truly scientific and interesting; they appeal to our culture, and even the uninitiated always look at them with interest and pleasure.

But a large portion of our modern collectors have unfortunately abandoned the wide, well-paved and luminous road of science to strand themselves in the narrow, muddy and dark crossways of mania where they laboriously wade through the mire of hackneyed imitation and are about to deform all principles of numismatic science.

Read the catalogues issued by coin dealers and auctioneers for the past few years. What will you find therein? Nothing but a monotonous list of United States dollars, half dollars, quarters, dimes and nickels of every year for a century back, labelled "uncirculated, fine, good, fair," etc., and nothing else that may speak to intelligence or even that may be understood by the average layman. An ordinary dime of a stated year will be priced therein at 10 cents, but if the top leaf of the twig encircling the lictor's axe touches the letter "O" of the inscription instead of the letter "S" as usual, you cannot buy it for less than \$100.00!

Is it not time to stop if we don't want to be sent to lunatic asylums?

More than that, our interest seems to be confined to American coins exclusively! What about the beautiful pieces struck by the Greeks and Romans

before the advent of Christ, which have an artistic and historical merit as well? What about the medals commemorating the momentous events of history in the different countries of the world? We want to educate the rising generation to the "science" of numismatics so that it will pick up the flaming torch falling from our hands. What do we teach them? Ninety per cent. among us will not dare answer.

Those who have visited the wonderful collection gathered from all countries of the world and from all ages of its history by the worthy veteran collector Farran Zerbe and displayed so intelligently for the public by the Chase National Bank in New York City will certainly bear me out in saying that not only their technical knowledge of anything that pertains to "money" has been aroused therein, but that they have learned something in geography and history by visiting it. Further, they have not failed to observe how the average visitor, though ignorant of the primary elements of numismatics, is interested therein, as is evidenced by the fact that the room is always packed with men, women, boys and girls who spend hours in examining these historical and queer pieces. How long would they stay if the showcases merely displayed monotonous quarters and dimes of different dates, but all apparently alike, varying only by the labels "fine" or "good" or "fair"?

Such a display is farther reaching than mere history and geography besides. It implies social education. Yes; you will learn thereby that, in certain African countries, you can buy a wife with a queer shaped bronze piece of metal, but you will have to part with two of these if you are so extravagant as to buy a swine! I am wondering why the Government of this country, which is devising at this time such drastic means of raising funds for war preparation, has not been led by that example in minting a "divorce" coin with which the American citizen of moderate means could get rid of a burdensome wife instead of incurring the expenses of a short vacation in Reno.

But I am far from my subject, and, coming back to "brass tacks," according to a popular saying, I will raise the "danger cry" and say that modern American numismatists are at this time prostituting a science held in honor for centuries and that they are on the way of turning it into a mere crazy fad.

Let the real lovers of that science first preach by example and then educate the beginners to see therein something else than a hobby. A start has already been made in striking "commemorative half dollars" to recall particular events of some importance. Why not keep on and broaden the mind of the American numismatist so as to make it receptive of historical knowledge of the whole world instead of confining it within the boundaries of his country, howsoever grand it may be?

Medal Or Medallion

By MILTON SCHOENFELD
Brooklyn, N. Y.

At a recent meeting of the Brooklyn Coin Club one of the members asked the question, "What is the difference between a medal and a medallion?" The question led to an animated discussion, in which there was diversity of opinion. Finally, President Schwartz, knowing that I had a great many medallions in my collection of medals pertaining to the history and development of New York City, asked me: "What is your distinction, Mr. Schoenfeld?" I replied: "The only difference is one of size; a large medal is a medallion."

Judging from the expressions on the faces of some, this answer did not completely satisfy them. At the close of the meeting, I consulted Webster's and Winston's dictionaries and the Encyclopaedia Britannica. All three give the definition, "A medallion is a large medal," confirming my distinction.

Subsequently I went deeper into the matter, and I believe I have discovered the cause of the confusion that exists. There has been a marked tendency in recent years, to call a medal in bas-relief a medallion. This, unquestion-

ably, is a misuse of the word medallion. Bas-relief means low relief, and that meaning has been fixed in the language for many years. Why give it another meaning? Writers and commentators should realize that numismatics is a science, and as such its nomenclature should be fixed, definite and specific. Therefore, the term medallion should only be descriptive of a medal of large size, and bas-relief should be used to indicate low relief—"sculpture in which the figures stand out very slightly from the background," as the lexicographers define it.

The question has been asked, "At what point of size or dimension does a medal become a medallion?" There is no fixed or definite line of demarcation. "Large" is a relative term, and conceptions of it vary with the individual. Personally, I regard all medals greater than three inches in diameter as medallions, but anyone is at liberty to select a different standard.

On account of this ambiguity, may I suggest that The Numismatist select a dimension beyond which a medal would be designated a medallion.

For many years, through magazine articles and lectures, I fought to simplify and clarify nomenclature in the biological field. Since my plunge into numismatics I find that there is also room for reformation in the same direction in this gentle, delectable science, and I intend to cover this field, providing numismatists manifest interest.

THE HOLY YEAR.

One of the most attractive scudos in the Papal series was issued in 1675, one of the Holy Years. The obverse shows the bust of His Holiness Pope Clement X, facing right, with the inscription surrounding: CLEMENS X, PONT. MAX. AN. IVB. Instead of giving the regnal year, the Jubilee Year is used. The signature below the bust reads: EQ. HIER LUCENTI, which is interesting also, since it refers to the artist, Girolamo Lucenti, as a knight of Jerusalem. Pope Clement X, in his brief reign as Pontiff of only six years, recognized this artist's talents and raised him to the knighthood. He signed himself thereafter in accordance with his rank.

The reverse of this scudo shows the Holy Door opened in St. Peter's Church, with a number of pilgrims advancing. The inscription on the upper panel above the door reads: DILIGIT DNVS PORTAS SION. This means, "Love dearly the Lord, the Gate of Zion." In the exergue is the date, MDCLXXV, divided by the arms of the Papal Chamberlain, responsible for this coinage, Monsignor Costaguti.

There are several issues of this Pope which are all remarkable for their choice execution and which were designed by the artist Lucenti.

GREAT SEAL OF THE U. S. ON \$1 SILVER CERTIFICATE, SERIES 1935.

Pyramid signifies strength and duration. The eye over it and the motto, ANNUIT COEPTIS (God has favored the undertaking), alludes to the many and signal interpositions of Providence in favor of the American cause. The date underneath, MDCLXXVI (1776), is that of the Declaration of Independence, and the words under it, NOVUS ORDO SECLORUM (a new series of ages), signify the beginning of a new era, which commences from that date. Dies of 1885.

Reverse: The olive branch and arrows (in eagle's claws) denote the power of peace and war; the constellation (a star for each of the thirteen original states) denotes a new State taking its place among sovereign powers; the escutcheon is borne on the breast of the American eagle without any supporters, to denote that the United States of America ought to rely on its own virtue.

The eye, suggestive of Freemasonry, and the constellation in form of Hebraic cross are not significant.

F. Z.

Bamboo Money—Bamboo money is used in China as a substitute for copper cash. The characters on it denote the issuing shop's name and at which only it is redeemable. The usual value for a piece is 3 cash.

THE NUMISMATIST

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

HAPPY NEW YEAR, 1942.

Within a few weeks we shall have completed another lap in our cycle. Both The Numismatist and the American Numismatic Association have prospered during the past twelve months. During the course of the year we have sustained several shocks, yet we feel that we have much for which to be thankful.

We have plans for 1942. We have had plans before. All our plans have not always been placed in action, yet we sense that as the years continue, and as our experience broadens, some part of each year's effort has not been in vain.

For 1942 we envision a tremendous increase in the activity of the American Numismatic Association, through nation-wide increase in membership. In order to accomplish this purpose, the cooperation of every member must be enlisted.

We envision for 1942 a great increase in the service which our Association may render its members and the general public. The facilities of the Association are to some extent latent; we hope to see this potential usefulness at its peak in utilized service.

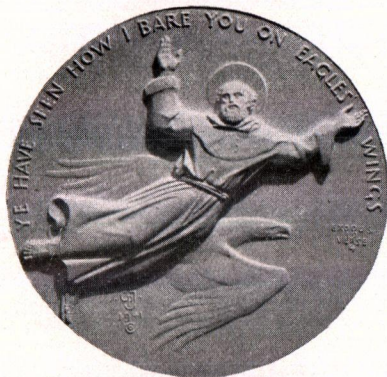
The Association faces the future undaunted. At no time in its entire history has it been better prepared. We have the equipment, we have the staff, and we have the resources. We look ahead with the firm conviction that in 1942 America will be awakened numismatically as never before.

The officers of the Association, as well as the Board of Governors, are happy to take this occasion to wish to the entire membership their very best wishes for a very Merry Christmas and a Happy and a Joyful New Year.

ST. JOSEPH OF COPERTINO FLYING MEDAL

St. Joseph of Copertino, who lived from 1603 to 1663, and who was canonized in 1767, is now depicted upon a medal, issued by The Whole World & Co., Inc., of New York. The medal is designed by C. P. Jennewein, of New York.

St. Joseph of Copertino was a Franciscan monk who was famed for his humility. His many achievements were witnessed and attested by Church and State authorities. He is reported to have made seventy rapturous flights, in cathedrals and in monasteries, where he would fly as a bird through the air. At certain times he was seen in flight to an olive tree, where he spoke words of faith and love.



In spite of the miraculous nature of his achievements, the monk was never swayed from his course of duty and fidelity to his Commander. As a man and as a devout follower the flying monk should serve both as an inspiration and a challenge for those men and women of modern aviation, for whom he serves also as patron and good friend. St. Joseph of Copertino in the beginning of the seventeenth century attained in the service of God, man's eternal dream of flight.

The medals are struck in silver in two sizes, and also in gold. Special medals are also made for bracelets and fobs, in small size. The medal is also available for mounting on dashboard of planes.

The medal, while being sold at a profit, through the efforts of Gretchen Green and Mary Brown, of 104 East 56th street, New York City, is being released, so that profits may be divided between the Royal Air Force Benevolent Society of the U. S. A. and the American Flying Service Fund.

ULTRA-VIOLET RAYS REVEAL DIMES.

At the U. S. Mint in Philadelphia imperfect coins have been dipped in a solution which is not visible when dry. The coins are thus labeled and will be discovered if mixed with perfect specimens.

An employee recently was charged with stealing a number of these imperfect dimes, and when the coins were subjected to the ultra-violet light they became fluorescent. The employee confessed, according to the report given by Mr. Dressel, the Superintendent of the Mint.

NUMISMATICS AS AN EXACT SCIENCE.

We like to think of numismatics as a science of money which is closely related to history, economics, politics and geography.

Any coin, medal or token has numismatic value only in relation to what the collector knows about it. Our feeling is that the humblest specimen found in every collection has significance because of the story it tells. It is not alone great rarities which have mysterious tales attached to them. Any coin will do if the possessor will give it sufficient thought. Frankly, we welcome the opportunity of developing the story about any specimen which is brought to our attention. If the specimen is attributable, there is a story. The inexhaustible wealth of material within the reach of the numismatist is not readily grasped. In what other hobby field is there so much to be had for so little? In the foreign series, particularly ancients, much has been written. Likewise is this the case about European coins (although unfortunately, all too little in English). In the series of American coins and bank notes, it may be said with little underestimation that the field is virtually untouched.

While we feel that descriptive material has great value, it is the background of information surrounding the issuance in many series which seems to have lacked attention completely. In some few fields exhaustive work has been done, and in other series the lines of approach have been marked.

An example of our thought might be the necessity for a work covering the coinage of the United States in a fashion similar to Crosby's "Early Coins of America," which treats of the Colonial series alone. In the territorial gold series, only the Californian issues have been thoroughly treated by the late Mr. Adams.

We do not feel that only the most interesting series have been selected. We do feel that there is much of great value to numismatics that is still untouched in series such as American commemorative medals, United States bank notes of the various types and issues, or United States gold and silver coins.

It is not our purpose to suggest check lists in these series, as in some these have been well prepared. We believe that by investigation of various sources contemporaneous with original issue, much material will be uncovered which would add inestimable value to the worthwhileness of our hobby.

TONS OF COINS MOVED FOR HOLIDAYS

In anticipation of the increased need for small coins during the shopping weeks prior to Christmas, the San Francisco Mint recently shipped 185 tons of coins to Chicago. The coins were all sent to the Federal Reserve Bank, and, according to a newspaper report, the following comprised the shipment: 1,200,000 half dollars, 4,800,000 quarter dollars, 8,000,000 dimes, 8,000,000 nickels, 20,000,000 cents.

Apparently, the need of cents for sales tax and vending machine purposes is two and one half times as great as the needs for dimes or nickels. The cents were in bags of \$100 and weighed 69 pounds each.

San Francisco Mint coins will be plentiful in the Seventh Federal Reserve District for the next few months. Why coins should be shipped from the most distant mint is not entirely clear, yet it will please the Central States collectors.

PORTRAITS ON GOVERNMENT PAPER.

According to the Act of April 7, 1866, living persons were excluded from having their likeness placed upon the "bonds, securities, notes, fractional or postal currency of the United States." This was later rephrased to read "No portrait shall be placed upon any of the bonds, securities, notes, fractional or postal currency, of the United States while the original of such portrait is living." Some years later, in 1889, an act was passed providing "that hereafter the name of each person whose portrait shall be placed upon any of the plates for bonds, securities, notes and silver certificates of the United States shall be inscribed below such portrait."

SHANTUNG MIN SHENG BANK CURRENCY.

There is probably no better evidence of the wisdom of the Chinese than the system of financial outwitting which is evidenced by those who know the story behind the currency-notes of this bank.

The notes are printed in a deep chocolate brown and show upon the obverse a sailing junk. Upon the reverse is the name of the bank and the date, 1936. The value of the particular note exhibited is 10 cents.

The Shantung notes are circulated in Japanese-controlled territory.

The notes were printed in the unoccupied area of China and were sent to a bank in the North. The bank in the North, was given a book credit for these notes. The true reserve for the notes remains in the South. If the notes are taken by the Japanese they are at once worthless, but the Chinese accept them willingly, realizing that the security for them is in the unoccupied part of their land. Thus, the notes are circulated on character credit, and have wide acceptance for those knowing their security, yet if in wrong hands are not worth the paper on which they are printed.

The Bank of the Northwest, issued a very remarkable and historical 10-yuan note in 1925 at Kalgan, in the interior of China. The obverse is printed in green, and has a panel at the left, showing a double-track railway, where sabotage has been effected. Two large sections of the tracks have been ripped away. The Chinese general who issued this note is said to have been able to capture another war lord through this action, since the retreat and escape of his army and supply trains was cut off and the capture was made at the point shown upon the bank notes. The reverse of the notes is green and bears the value and issuing bank's name, as well as the validating signatures.

NUMISMATIC TRIANGULATION.

Recently a group of collectors were discussing the possibilities of logic and deduction as applied to numismatics. The thought was presented that if certain factors, such as denomination and date and ruler are known, it is possible to determine within reasonable limits the type of coin which is in question.

Frankly we do not follow this line of reasoning, even if the three fixed points are given even greater limits.

We take the stand, with which our readers may or may not agree, that in numismatics it is impossible to predict coins. Numismatics cannot be worked out on a graph. Nor can it be treated as a mathematical problem for solution. The only solution is the specimen.

If certain facts are given about a coin, it is possible that at least two differing issues may correctly meet the specifications. By the same reasoning, we feel that because half cent, 1 cent, 2 cent and 3 cent coins were struck, as well as 5 cent pieces, it is not to be believed that a 4 cent piece must also have been struck. Logically it should be in the series. There are many reasons. But the fact is that we don't believe it exists. We believe that our numismatic science should be based on specimens which are known or recorded. We do not think that the existence of coins can be projected.

MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE BERMUDA BANK NOTES.

We recently published an item regarding the red and the green Bermuda 10-shilling notes. A letter from the Hon. John Trimingham, Colonial Governor, explains the cause for the change:

"We beg to inform you, in reply to your inquiry, that the color of the 10-shilling note was changed to red with a view to its being more easily distinguishable from the color of the £1 note, which is blue. Both types of the 10-shilling notes are in circulation and are negotiable, although the local banks have been asked to send in all the notes printed in green for cancellation, with a view to insuring, as far as possible, that only 10-shilling notes in red are in current use."

Collectors of bank notes are therefore advised to obtain specimens of the green issue, as they may become increasingly scarce.

MAINE BANKS INCORPORATED UNDER LAWS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

As Maine was considered part of the State of Massachusetts until 1820, banks that were chartered in the District of Maine obtained their charters under the laws of Massachusetts. A list of such banks follows:

Bank and Location.	Date of Inc.	Capital.
*Portland, Portland	6/15/1799	\$100,000
Maine, Portland	6/23/1802	150,000
Lincoln and Kennebeck, Wiscasset	6/23/1802	100,000
Saco, Pepperelborough	3/8/1803	100,000
Hallowell and Augusta, Hallowell	3/6/1804	200,000
Penobscot, †Buckstown	3/14/1806	150,000
Bath, Bath	6/23/1812	100,000
Cumberland, Portland	6/23/1812	300,000
Wiscasset, Wiscasset	6/23/1812	250,000
Kennebeck, ‡Augusta	6/23/1812	100,000
Saco, Saco	6/23/1812	120,000
Kennebunk, Arundel	6/16/1813	120,000
Lincoln, Bath	6/16/1813	100,000
Augusta, Augusta	1/21/1814	100,000
Gardiner, Gardiner	1/31/1814	100,000
Waterville, Waterville	2/12/1814	100,000
Bangor, Bangor	2/26/1814	100,000
Commercial, Portland	2/10/1816	100,000
Castine, Castine	2/14/1816	100,000
Bank of Portland, Portland	2/13/1819	200,000
Passamaquoddy, Eastport	6/19/1819	100,000

*Ceased to exist by Act of Feb. 7, 1816.

†Now Bucksport.

‡Authorized to remove to Hallowell Feb. 8, 1816.

Some of these bills turn up with the word "Counterfeit" stamped upon the face of the bill, with the name of the bank so stamping. While there were, of course, many counterfeit bills on these banks, there were some that were stamped counterfeit that were genuine, but cashiers would not honor them after the law of 1820.

Wollaston, Mass.

RALPH G. LONGFELLOW.

THEY GRACED OUR CURRENCY: A SERIES.

(4) **William Windom:** William Windom was born in Ohio in 1827, following which he received his primary education. In 1855 he moved to Minnesota and served several terms in Congress. He served as Secretary of the Treasury for several months in 1881, and again in 1889 until the time of his death, early in 1891. His portrait appears upon the \$2 denomination of the silver certificates, and replaced that of General Hancock in the series.

Because of the close relationship between the time of his death and the appearance of the note with his portrait, it has been considered as a commemorative note from certain viewpoints, but it has not been the practice of the Government to use our paper currency as an overt instrument for commemorations of any kind.

THE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC SOCIETY MEETING.

The American Numismatic Society had its regular quarterly meeting on Saturday, November 8th, 1941, at the Museum of the Society. Mr. Stephen H. P. Pell presided. Reports of several officers of the society were read, and an amendment was read providing for the establishment of the office of vice-president. Following the meeting members were enabled to inspect the latest acquisitions to the society's cabinet. In particular, a very fine showing of classical Greek and Roman coins was on exhibit, from the Robinson collection.

COINAGE FOR OCTOBER, 1941.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during October, 1941, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Half dollars	\$2,025,301.50	\$1,193,000.00	\$650,000.00
Quarter dollars	3,094,150.75	1,165,000.00	605,500.00
Dimes	2,898,060.30	743,000.00	560,000.00
Five-cents	708,080.00	318,000.00	171,000.00
One cent	983,986.00	218,000.00	131,000.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments:

At Philadelphia mint—Curacao, Netherlands West Indies, silver 25 cents, .640 fine, 500,000 pieces.

CUMULATIVE MINT REPORT FOR TEN MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER, 1941.

(Figures given are for all three mints and show total number of pieces coined for domestic purposes. The cumulative coinage reports by mints and months will commence next month.)

Half dollars	36,393,763
Quarter dollars	88,160,563
Dimes	202,213,620
Nickels	256,439,920
Cents	794,800,800
Total	1,378,008,666

ITALY'S FIVE-LIRE COINS RECALLED.

An item appeared recently in the nation's press to the effect that the small 5-lire coins (25c. U. S.) have been recalled from circulation, and a large quantity of paper 5-lire notes have been issued instead. Nickel coins, of which four values had been coined, were withdrawn at the start of the war, when an issue of steel or "acmonital" specimens were released.

In all nations having periods of financial stress, an early governmental decree usually recalls officially whatever valuable circulating media remains. No more convincing evidence of this is required than our American financial history during the Civil War, when the fractional currency supplanted small silver and minor denominations. With depreciation of the currency also effective in Italy, it is surprising that any currency having intrinsic value should still circulate.

THE RUSSIAN RUBLE.

The Russian rubles with the head of Emperor Nicholas II were issued as late as 1915. Upon the outbreak of the War during the summer of 1914 the coinage was almost immediately called in as a reserve and paper money issued in its place. In fact, notes as small in value as 1 kopeck were issued. Postage stamp issues were also circulated as money, as there was a great shortage of coin. Despite these conditions, silver rubles were minted during the years of the great advances of Germany, which bear the same edge mint mark as those struck during years of peace. It may not be generally known that 20, 15 and 10 kopeck coins were struck as late as 1917. Coins are known with those dates of the Imperial type.

After the inflation of German currency the establishment of a new system was based upon the acceptance of one billion paper marks for one reichsmark.

NEW BANK NOTES.

Trinidad and Tobago—A new \$5 note of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago has recently been received. The notes are issued at Port of Spain and bear the date 1939. The obverse shows two tropical scenes. At the left is a view of Trinidad, and at the right the harbor at Tobago. Below each vignette is the motto of the island. The reverse shows a central panel with the British coat-of-arms supported by a lion and a unicorn. The predominant color of both obverse and reverse is maroon. In the center of the obverse of the note is the typical multi-colored protective device of the engravers, Thomas de la Rue & Son. The note measures $3\frac{1}{4}$ by 6 inches.

Italy—A new Italian note has been released to take the place of the silver and nickel coins which have been called in, as elsewhere reported in this issue. The notes show at the left a portrait of Victor Emanuel III, with the value at the right, as legal tender, but without mention of metallic reserve. The notes have a very small date, outside the body of the note. The reverse shows an eagle with a large 5 at the left. The notes are printed in brown and purple upon the obverse and in blue upon the reverse. The notes measure $2\frac{1}{2}$ by 4 inches.

British Honduras—A new \$1 note of British Honduras has recently come to our attention. The new notes, dated 1939, are smaller than the previous issue. The new type shows a facing portrait of King George VI at the right, and the coat-of-arms of British Honduras at the left. The reverse has a scroll work design in red and green, while the obverse color is chiefly ultramarine blue. The notes do not bear the name of any engraving firm.

DIE BREAKS IN SMALL GOLD DOLLARS OF 1854.

I have found nine different die breaks on the 1854 small-size gold dollars.

1. From first and twelfth star to edge.
2. From first star to edge. Rev., from bottom of 1 in date to wreath.
3. From first and third star to edge. Rev., from 1 to T in States and 1 in date to wreath.
4. From second star upward toward edge. Rev., from D in Dollar through bottom of 1 to wreath.
5. From second and fifth star to edge.
6. From edge through third star.
7. From third and fifth star to edge, from point of second star toward head.
8. From fifth star to edge.
9. From D in Dollar through 1 to wreath.

JOSEPH BARNET.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 12.

THE 1878 SILVER DOLLARS AND SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The Act authorizing the coinage of the dollar in 1878, after a lapse of a few years (since 1873) was passed by both houses of Congress over the veto of the President. The Act which permitted the coinage of the silver dollars also authorized the issuance of the silver certificates and directed that silver certificates for sums of not less than \$10 be issued against the deposit of the coins and required the Treasury to retain the coin deposited for payment of the same on demand.

We bring to the attention of our readers this fact, because the close relationship which our coinage has to our paper currency is not readily realized. It is very obvious when a bank note illustrates a coin, yet to have the authorization of coins and notes in a single act is comparatively infrequent.

It was not until 1886, that an Act was passed authorizing the issuance of the silver certificate in the \$1, \$2 and \$5 denominations.

A legal provision often overlooked in connection with our currency prohibits "printing United States notes of large denomination in lieu of notes of small denomination cancelled or retired."

BOOK REVIEW.

Foreign Imitations of the English Noble, Herbert E. Ives. American Numismatic Society, Notes and Monographs No. 93. New York, 1941. 36 pp., 5 double plates.

The latest publication of the society, upon a European rather than a classical topic, is of absorbing interest. If one follows through the development of the English noble, seeing its commercial significance and the way in which other nations adapted its standard, one grasps a basic economic and numismatic pattern which has been repeated in many other instances in all ages. The imitation of gold coins is as well known in the Florentine series as the imitation of the Dutch rixdaler in Italy, or of the Russian dengas in Denmark, both at a slightly later date.

While the view which Dr. Ives has presented is scholarly, it is regrettable that Dutch sources could not be drawn upon to make the picture complete. We hope that Dr. Ives will be enabled at a later date to prepare a supplement covering the specimens in European museums which are now inaccessible.

D. M. B.

A review of Prof. Louis C. West's work, "Gold and Silver Coin Standards in the Roman Empire, American Numismatic Society Notes and Monographs, No. 94, will be published in one of the forthcoming issues.

WEALTH AT THE BOTTOM OF THE SEA.

An Associated Press item recently published in this country relates to the English coast along Norfolk being virtually flooded with Chinese money. The notes were of the FARMER'S BANK OF CHINA and had presumably been issued by one of the famous British bank note firms, but were damaged en route by enemy action.

Millions of coins have been prevented from reaching their destination through similar sinkings from the earliest times. We know of many pirate treasures which have been sunk. We know that at least \$2,000,000 in gold coin rests not far from Manhattan Island, in the East river. Other sunken treasures are located throughout the world. Only the refinement of paper money has made it possible to know when a fiat sinking has occurred. With the Chinese notes, a second series can be produced without affecting the reserve stock which it represents, with the exception of the cost of production, which is small, even in comparison to low-value Chinese one-yuan notes, when produced in tremendous quantities.

THE ACKEY TRADE COINS OF THE GOLD COAST.

The Ackey Trade was a denomination used on the Gold Coast. Its earliest appearance is on a coin of 1818, bearing the head laureated to right of George III. The reverse bears the arms of the African Company, with the following legend: FREE TRADE TO AFRICA BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT 1750. The arms show a cornucopia and a beehive, with a ship in full sail below. Above is an elephant. The supporters are apparently an East Indian, wearing an elephant head (not unlike the coins of Ptolemy I of Egypt) and an American Indian with a large bow.

According to Frey, the denomination means twenty grains of gold in one of the African dialects.

IF IT IS WORTH WHILE, SHARE IT.

If you have been collecting some series for a while, and have some observations to make, why not jot them down and send them to the editor? You may have struck just the thing which will arouse the interest of another collector. That makes it worth while. Let us know of your activities. Don't put it off. Write today.

BRONX COIN CLUB ANNUAL DINNER.

On Wednesday, October 22, 1941, the Bronx Coin Club held its 98th annual dinner meeting. Scheduled guests of the evening were Vernon L. Brown and Prof. T. O. Mabbott, both of whom made remarks. Mr. Stein, the president, could not be present, and Mr. Kortjohn, the vice-president, acted in his stead.

Following the dinner, for which special menus were prepared in advance, the vice-president turned the chair over to the toastmaster, Mr. Arthur W. Deas, who has in previous instances acted in the same capacity. Mr. Deas introduced Professor Mabbott, who spoke upon Chinese Numismatics, and the lessons which we may learn from it.

Following these remarks, which were greeted by a round of applause, the toastmaster welcomed Mr. Brown, who brought with him a very fine exhibit of odd and curious moneys. Mr. Brown, who is associated with the Chase National Bank Money Exhibit as curator, did not fail to arouse the interest of the members and guests with the strange and alluring stories about the specimens he exhibited. Mr. Brown's remarks were warmly received.

A number of the members then told of their exhibits, and messages of good will were read from Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Noe, Mr. Zerbe, etc. Among those sending wires was A. Kosoff.

Following the meeting the ladies present received a souvenir. After the souvenirs had been distributed the remainder were sold. An attendance of over sixty persons was recorded.

The following exhibits were shown:

Mr. Engel: 12 pieces of Colonial currency.

Mr. Gans: Gold Medal, 1603, Max of Bavaria, from the collection of Baron Rothschild.

Mr. Kusterer: Medal of Edward, Prince of Wales, on his visit to Canada in 1919. Continental Dollar in Pewter, 1776. Flying Eagle Dollar, 1836.

Mr. Kennedy: Gothic crown of Queen Victoria.

Mr. Kortjohn: Iceland set of 930-1930.

Mr. Mabbott: Contorniate of Trajan, medallion size.

Mr. Morgenthau: Medal of Penn, 1682-1892. Medal of Grant, 1879; Medal of Buffalonians. New York City 100th Street Transportation Tokens.

Mr. Reagan: Medal of Iowa Numismatic Association, 1941.

Mr. Roth: Washington-Lafayette Dollar. World's Fair Token of Washington.

Mr. Silverman: Edward VIII set.

Mr. Schoenfeld: Set of 28 silver medals portraying the life of Pope Pius IX, 1846-78, silver.

Mr. Van der Meer: Coronation Medal of Wilhelmina, 1898.

Mr. Wagner: 5 Inauguration medals. 1 Queen's South African medal with 7 bars.

The meeting was one of the most successful the club has held in view of the fact that exhibits were not shown by all, and the meeting did not last until too late.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB ANNUAL BANQUET.

The fourth annual banquet of the Lehigh Valley Coin Club was held at the Ross Common Manor, one mile north of Wind-Gap, in the Pocono Mountains of Pennsylvania, with 50 members and their wives attending.

President Shepherd acted as toastmaster, with a word of welcome to the wives and friends of our members, after which he introduced the principal speakers, Mr. Nunn and Mr. Patterson, and the guests of the evening, Mr. Donaldson, of Hacketstown, N. J., and Mr. Bossit.

Our first speaker, Mr. Nunn, used as his topic "East of Suez." With the use of a large world map he pointed out the different localities from which he has obtained different types of money which he had on display during the evening. Mr. Nunn not only told his listeners about the type of coin from these parts, but also the curious habits of the people and the important part they play in our present world conflict. He also had on display a splendid set of silver dollars.

Our next speaker, Mr. Patterson, District Secretary of the A. N. A. for

Eastern Pennsylvania, gave a short talk on the early coinage of the seventeenth century and also thanked the members for the support given the A. N. A. Convention in August.

Mr. R. S. Taylor was called upon to say a few words, but our past president declined with "If I may say it with music." An old-fashioned music box, furnished by Akron Smith, gave quite a lot of entertainment to the members.

Mr. Shepherd introduced his promised numismatic surprise of the evening in the form of a numismatic quiz for ladies only, which ended up with a three-way tie between Mrs. Shannahan, Mrs. Craig and Miss Mary Dougherty. The winner by drawing, Miss Dougherty, received a prize of \$1.

The exhibitors' prize was awarded to Mr. Acker for the complete type set he had on display, 1796 to date. A proof set of 1941 was the prize.

An auction followed the banquet.

J. M. G.

CEDAR RAPIDS ENTERTAINS THE I. N. A. CONVENTION.

The Annual Fall Convention of the Iowa Numismatic Association held one of the most successful two-day meetings in its history at the Montrose Hotel. The convention got under way Friday evening, October 17th. The local committee started setting up the "show" so as to have it ready for the opening day, Saturday, October 18th. The exhibit opened at 10 A. M. with fifty cases of coins, medals and paper money. In addition to these the Cedar Rapids Stamp Club showed 40 frames of stamps, and the Woodrow Wilson High School sixty frames of stamps. The stamp club cooperated and assisted in all the events of the two-day convention. The bourse was active both days. There were seven dealers having tables in the bourse.

Eighty persons attended the buffet supper on Saturday evening. This was followed by a floor show put on by "Dempsey Jones and his Briar Hoppers." A very interesting talk followed by J. Henri Ripstra on alteration of coins, and M. Vernon Sheldon showed slides of rare, scarce, and valuable coins.

One hundred and forty-four persons attended the banquet at noon on Sunday. Loyd B. Gettys, of Davenport, was the speaker. In all, 235 guests registered at the two-day convention, and eight States were represented.

A. E. Washburn, of Cedar Rapids, was master of ceremonies. Ray Harman, president of the local club, gave the address of welcome. An eight-piece marimba band furnished music during the banquet. Mr. Washburn introduced the officers of the I. N. A., the local coin and the C. R. Stamp Club. He also introduced Royal H. Holbrook, who in turn introduced C. E. Briggs, of Cedar Rapids, the oldest I. N. A. member.

The Cedar Rapids Club had as its slogan, "Know Your Money," and passed out uncirculated coins in small envelopes.

An auction followed the convention.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB HEARS DR. LEHMANN-HARTLEBEN.

An address on "Representations of Buildings on Ancient Coins" was the feature of the evening at the Westchester County Coin Club, November 18.

Dr. Lehmann-Hartleben's field of study is connected with the classical buildings, and he is now professor of archaeology and director of the Archaeological Research Fund of New York University.

The topic of the meeting was "Architecture in Numismatics," and Dr. Lehmann-Hartleben showed special slides for the gathering.

FOOTBALL MEDALS NOW IN USE.

Through the courtesy of Farran Zerbe we are advised of a specially struck medallion used by the football captains of the Big Six Colleges. The winner of the "toss" will retain the piece. The medallions have football engravings on the obverse with space for the date and name of the contestants. All will be inscribed: "Midwest Intercollegiate Officials Association." We have not been advised of the size or metal in which they will be struck.

MINT RECORDS AND RARITY.

We should like to caution collectors against placing too great an emphasis upon the number of specimens which have been coined in determining the price they feel fair for the coin which they wish to acquire. We have noted that some collectors immediately verify the number of specimens coined, as a gauge to comparative value.

As a gauge, it is of some value, in the minor coins. It is practically insignificant today in relation to gold coins. In relation to dollars and half dollars it may prove misleading. Frequency is a good guide.

As long ago as 1890, Augustus G. Heaton, one of the first collectors to popularize the collecting of mint-marked specimens, made the observation that several pieces in his collection did not appear in the mint reports, such as 1838-O half dime, 1849-O quarter dollar, or 1861-D gold dollar.

Further along, Mr. Heaton also brings out the point about certain large issues which have never been satisfactorily accounted for. He uses as example the 1877 proof 20-cent piece, of which only 510 pieces were struck. He cites the then current price of \$3, and states that for a worn specimen of the 1876-CC 20-cent piece, of which 10,000 specimens are reported, anyone would give many times the price of the 1877 proof coin.

In 1893, Mr. Heaton foresaw, he thought, the closing of the branch mints and the striking of coins only at Philadelphia. His judgment was correct for the Carson City Mint and the New Orleans Mint, which were closed in 1893 and 1909, respectively.

Mr. Heaton was a former President of the New York Numismatic Club. The 50-cent Columbian Exposition stamp was designed from his painting "The Recall of Columbus" in the U. S. Capitol.

SHOW LANTERN SLIDES AT YOUR MEETINGS.

M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary of the American Numismatic Association, has recently advised that the first showing of lantern slides was at the Cedar Rapids meeting of the Iowa Numismatic Association. The lecture illustrated by the slides was well received, and it is hoped that numismatic clubs having the facilities for lantern-slide projection will avail themselves of the opportunity which is now at their disposal.

Slides may be obtained from the Librarian, T. R. Hammer, in Burlington, Iowa. It is suggested that adequate advance notice of the meeting be given to the Librarian and that a general idea of the type of coins which are desired for illustration be furnished so that a suitable selection may be made.

SPANISH 5 CENTIMOS OF RECENT ISSUE.

We recently reported the new Spanish 10-centimo piece in aluminum, with the knight on horseback upon the obverse. Through the courtesy of Ralph Natale, an A. N. A. member, we are happy to state that a specimen of the 5 centimos in aluminum of similar design has also been seen, confirming the opinion that more than one denomination had been issued.

OBSERVE THE HOLIDAY SPIRIT.

We should like to offer the suggestion to our large and varied membership that the Holiday season offers several opportunities. Why not go through some of the old numismatic books and catalogues which you have accumulated and send them to our Librarian in Burlington, Iowa, so that others may have the benefit of their usefulness. In this way you are assured that items for which you have no immediate use will not only be preserved but will be of real use to other numismatists. Any numismatic books, catalogues, periodicals, price lists, or other material will be gratefully received.

You can give yourself a pleasant gift, too, if you apply for Life Membership in the Association. The fee is only \$50, and this insures that you will receive The Numismatist and your paid up Life Membership card as long as

you are here to enjoy it. It relieves you permanently of annual payments. We should also like to point out that Life Membership is no longer the luxury that it was in former years. To a real numismatist, anxious to receive The Numismatist each month, it should be a necessity. Lifelong affiliation with the American Numismatic Association is something of which you may well be proud. Write to the Treasurer for details.

FAIRFIELD COUNTY (CONN.) N. A. ANNIVERSARY DINNER.

The Fairfield County (Conn.) Numismatic Association celebrated its fifth anniversary and fiftieth meeting with a dinner at the Green Shutters Inn, Bridgeport, Conn., on November 6.

In spite of the bad weather a large gathering of collectors and friends were present from all parts of the State. We were happy to have present Louis M. Reagan, of Brooklyn, N. Y.



After an enjoyable dinner President Oscar G. Schilke, who acted as toastmaster, called on all those present for a few remarks. Mr. Schilke, who is retiring as president this year, was presented with a silver medal on behalf of the club. He was also presented with a specimen struck in gold by several of his friends. Leonard Kusterer, general chairman of the celebration committee, who made the presentation, also presented Mr. Crosby, our Librarian-Curator, with a specimen struck in silver for the club cabinet. A specimen struck in bronze was presented to all those present.

THE USE OF PLATINUM IN COUNTERFEITING.

The use of platinum in coinage has been often related. Specific mention is usually made to Russia. Yet it is believed that platinum had its greatest unofficial circulation in Spain, where the coins were widely counterfeited. At the time platinum was discovered its price was less than that of gold, despite the fact that it is a heavier metal. Spanish "gold" was often platinum which had been gold plated. To a lesser degree counterfeit coins of platinum were made for illegal use in France and England.

Today, with platinum commanding a somewhat higher price than gold, and in view of its previous much higher price, the counterfeit coins of platinum have been as eagerly sought for their metallic content as they were avidly guarded against because of their inferior value, seventy-five years ago.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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RHODE ISLAND—VICTOR H. FRASER, High Street Bank and Trust Company, Providence, R. I.
SOUTH CAROLINA—GAROLD W. TAPP, Greer, S. C.
SOUTH DAKOTA—ALBERT N. HANTEN, White Lake, S. Dak.
TENNESSEE—A. W. BRADLEY, P. O. Box 1484, Memphis, Tenn.
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UTAH—NORMAN SHULTZ, Box 746, Salt Lake City, Utah.
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WASHINGTON (Eastern)—O. P. EKLUND, 711 Pittsburg St., Spokane, Wash.
WASHINGTON (Western)—PAUL M. FOUTS, 609 People's Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.
WISCONSIN—LILLARD W. CULVER, 2863 N. 40th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

1942 A. N. A. Convention Dates Announced.

The Board of Governors of the A. N. A. announce that the 1942 Convention will be held in Cincinnati, Ohio, August 22 to 27, and that headquarters will be at the Netherland Plaza Hotel.

Notice to District Secretaries

Officers and District Secretaries of the Association may obtain from the Director of Publicity a limited number of copies of Haskin's "Everybody's Coin Book."

These booklets have proved to be of value and interest to collectors, especially beginners, and have been of assistance to District Secretaries in previous years in promoting publicity for the Association among prospective members.

This offer is restricted to Officers and District Secretaries, but others may obtain copies of the booklet directly from the publisher, Frederic J. Haskin, Washington, D. C., at a cost of 10 cents each.

LEWIS M. REAGAN, Director of Publicity.

99 Livingston St., Brooklyn, New York.

Report of The General Secretary

New Members to be Admitted December 1, 1941.

- 8771 Edward H. Moody, 2011 N. 48th St., Milwaukee, Wis.
 8772 Joseph S. Cebulskie, 13567 Cheyenne, Detroit, Mich.
 8773 Herman L. Vos, 1022 Washington Blvd., Oak Park, Ill.
 8774 Russel M. Edwards, 1243 West 5th St., Storm Lake, Iowa.
 8775 Edwin J. McClarence, 1025 So. Fifth St., Peking, Ill.
 8776 William J. Oselus, 1217 East 60th St., Cleveland, Ohio.
 8777 Carroll Swearengen, 1728-29th St., Two Rivers, Wis.
 8778 Mary E. S. Davis, 37 South 18th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
 8779 Arthur Hall, Route 2, Box 367, Puyallup, Wash.
 8780 J. J. England, Lapeer, Mich.
 8781 Paul Michael, 2758 N. Monticello Ave., Chicago, Ill.
 8782 A. W. Klauer, 500 W. 7th St., Dubuque, Iowa.
 8783 Lynn G. Barnard, Box 437, Memphis, Tenn.
 8784 Edgar H. Havens, 1205 Elm Ave., West Collingswood, N. J.
 8785 Gorgas Bechtel, 508 E. Brinton St., Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa.
 8786 Marvin H. Sears, P. O. Box 9, Aberdeen, Md.
 8787 Stephen Teets, 112 So. Broad St., Peekskill, N. Y.
 8788 Anthony E. Tomassetti, 119 Hamilton St., Meriden, Conn.
 8789 Peter G. Beres, 911 Royal Ave., Pekin, Ill.
 8790 Carl J. Speis, 713 Garfield Ave., Evansville, Ind.
 8791 W. C. Chambers, 106 N. Jefferson St., Harvard, Ill.
 8792 Alexander R. Turnbull, 616 Little Collins St., Melbourne, Australia.
 8793 Carl Fisher, 520 Fourth National Bank, Wichita, Kansas.
 8794 Dr. T. A. Schaefer, 3610 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Applications For Membership.

The following applications have been received during October, 1941. If no objections are filed prior to January 1, 1942, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the January issue of *The Numismatist*.

- Henry H. Zeckser**, 8795, 6906 32nd Ave. N. W., Seattle, Wash. U. S. Coins. H. C. Glickert, Edward Flieder.
A. L. Archambault 3rd, 8796, 444 Overbrook Rd., Ridgewood, N. J. U. S. Coins. Florence H. Summerill, Elizabeth Fellows.
A. R. Decker, 8797, 2220 Maple Road, Homewood, Ill. U. S. Coins. David E. Day, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Clement Hoyt, 8798, 5115 Linden St., Bellaire, Texas. General. A. F. Gibson, O. H. D. Rohmer, Mac. Hull.
Max Parman, 8799, 488 Classon Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Foreign Crowns. Robert Friedberg, M. C. Duguid, Lewis M. Reagan.
Frank Bennett, 8800, 208 S. 10th St., Salina, Kansas. U. S. Copper, Nickel, Silver and Gold. R. A. Wilson, W. R. Dillingham, Lewis M. Reagan.
Donald W. Duncan, 8801, 112 Pioneer St., Warren, Pa. British Colonials and U. S. Coins. T. R. Hammer, Lewis M. Reagan.
Fred A. Loeffel, 8802, 91 Zabriskie St., Jersey City, N. J. U. S. Coins. J. S. Gensheimer, Morton Stack, Jos. B. Stack.
Felix Ralph Russett, Jr., 8803, R. D. No. 4, Scotia, N. Y. U. S. Notes. K. J. Sartoris, M.D., Jasper L. Robertson, M.D., Willis J. McKinney.
Everett Proops, 8804, 8632 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y. Commemoratives. Jos. B. Stack, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Robert T. Griffith, 8805, 510 South Winnetka Ave., Dallas, Texas. U. S. Coins and Currency. J. B. McMath, W. A. Philpott.
Luis Pinto Garcia, M. A., 8806, Largo da Piedade, 10, Castelo Branco, Portugal. Portuguese and Brazilian. David M. Bullowa, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Karl F. Ebenstein, 8807, 1920 Olathe Blvd., Kansas City, Kansas. Commemoratives and Small Cents. Louis W. Evans, J. V. Cowley, M.D.
Ernie McBrien, 8808, 2015 Indianapolis Blvd., Whiting, Indiana. General—Coins. G. B. Smedley, F. J. Kowalski.
James J. Mack, 8809, 1420 George St., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Coins. Trygve D. Berg, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Harvey B. Williams, 8810, Monticello Courts A-103, Alexandria, Va. U. S. Small and Dollar Size Coins. C. Shirley Leachman, L. F. Dyson, David B. Yeatter.
Oaka Ray Peters, 8811, 110 College Ave., Princeton, West Va. Small Gold Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Edward M. Uhlig, 8812, Manhattan, Nevada. Mexico. Lewis M. Reagan, Jos. P. West, I. W. Creech.
Carl Metzger, 8813, 929 Utah Ave. S. E., Huron, So. Dak. Varieties and Types. Julius Schreiber, A. M. Kagin, Lewis M. Reagan.
Maurice Davis, 8814, 2535 North 29th St., Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. Silver Coins and U. S. and Foreign Gold Coins. Wm. Rabin, Lewis M. Reagan.
W. A. Martin, 8815, 2229 So. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. U. S. General. A. B. Kelley, John H. Snow.
Roland E. Reynolds, 8816, 1622 Peoples Ave., Troy, N. Y. American. Jasper L. Robertson, M.D., Willis J. McKinney, K. J. Sartoris, M.D.
Louis Horowitz, 8817, 1095 East 15th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. U. S. Gold and Silver. Jos. Barnet, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Wm. A. Knapp, 8818, 16 East 17th St., Kansas City, Mo. General. John H. Hanson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
R. R. Skaffe, 8819, P. O. Box 403, Colfax, Washington. American Coins. O. P. Eklund, B. Chapman, V. S. Casebolt.

- Sydney V. Hagley**, 8820, Renmark Ave., Renmark, South Australia. British and Colonial, Foreign and General. J. Hunt Deacon, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- O. E. Bradford**, 8821, 209 South 7th., Beatrice, Neb. U. S. Coins. Geo. C. Dixon, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Mrs. Harriette Hammer**, Associate 8822, 1400 Market St., Burlington, Iowa. Ancient Greek, Roman, and all Foreign Coins. T. R. Hammer, M. Vernon Sheldon, V. L. Belt.
- Howard A. Davidson**, 8823, 134 W. Gorgas Lane, Mt. Airy, Philadelphia, Pa. Ancient. A. H. Leatherman, George J. Patterson.
- E. R. Dutton**, 8824, 418 East Walnut St., Titusville, Pa. U. S. and Early American. J. L. Vaughan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- L. T. Lister**, 8825, care Foremost Dairies, Spartanburg, S. C. General. Roy C. Watson, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- H. S. Sherwin**, 8826, Black River Falls, Wis. Odd Coins and U. S. Cents. T. R. Hammer, M. Vernon Sheldon, Harriette Hammer.
- Clarence M. Schoeder**, 8827, 2829 No. 9th St., Milwaukee, Wis. General U. S. Jos. C. Madala, Edmund C. Kurtzhals.
- Yale University Library**, 8828, Donald G. Wing, Yale University, New Haven, Conn. Permanent Numismatic Exhibits. Wm. C. L. Hofmann, James U. Sweeney, Donald G. Wing.
- H. A. Jansen**, 8829, 218-32 Hempstead Turnpike, Queens Village, N. Y. U. S. Dimes. David M. Bullova, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Harvey R. Richardson**, 8830, 1660 Madison Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. General. Andrew C. Semple, Jos. Barnet.
- J. T. Ozburn**, 8831, 432 Mathewson Place, Atlanta, Ga. General. Geo. M. Todd, Ernest Brown.
- William H. Nass**, 8832, 1030 Hickory, Atchison, Kan. Commemoratives. John L. Dooley, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Gordon S. Hollahan**, 8833, 420 Masonic Temple, Yakima, Wash. General. Paul Fouts, Harold Kyte.
- D. G. Piper, Sr.**, 8834, 910 Rose Ave., New Castle, Pa. U. S. Coins and Tokens. A. H. Leatherman, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Mrs. D. G. Piper, Sr.**, Associate 8835, 910 Rose Ave., New Castle, Pa. U. S. Minor Coins. A. H. Leatherman, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- O. J. Burnett**, 8836, P. O. Box 2986, Honolulu, T. H. Gold. D. R. Owens, Jr., Richard Cooke, Jr.
- Harold G. Dunham**, 8837, 12 Greenway St., Pittsfield, Mass. U. S. Coins. August H. Killgas, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- R. J. Keller**, 8838, 1480 Arlington, Baton Rouge, La. U. S. Minor Coins and Commemorative Half Dollars. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Victor H. Frick**, 8839, 219 N. Illinois St., Belleville, Ill. U. S. Minor and Silver. T. R. Hammer, Arthur B. Kelley, F. K. Saab.

Reinstatements.

Alvin V. Nelson, 5132, Columbia, Conn.
Eugene Morrison, 7097, Reseda, Calif.

Changes of Address.

Cortland Coin Club, 4613, from Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secy., 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y., to City Library, Cortland, N. Y.

Racine Numis. Society, 7044, from J. A. Velicer, Secy.-Treas., 611 Wisconsin Ave., Racine, Wis., to J. A. Velicer, Secy.-Treas., 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Triple Cities Coin Club, 7427, from Harry Christman, Secy., deceased, to Floyd W. Mottram, Secy., Binghamton, N. Y.

Samuel R. Angel, 5705, from Pasadena, Md., to Bonita Springs, Fla.

Paul G. Archer, 7991, from 415 S. 5th St., Laramie, Wyo., to Encampment, Wyo.

R. J. Benedetti, 8529, from 92-25 Silver Rd., Ozone Park, N. Y., to 91-04 107th Ave., Ozone Park, N. Y.

Henry E. Branch, 8166, from 664 North Shore Rd., Denville, N. J., to 523 78th St., Woodcliff, N. J.

H. A. Brand, 1536, from 301 United Bank Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio, to 1008 Ingalls Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Alan Burghelmer, 8537, from 350 Central Park West, New York City, N. Y., to 25 East 86th St., New York City, N. Y.

John S. Cameron, 6747, from 808 West End Ave., New York City, N. Y., to 150 Riverside Dr., New York City, N. Y.

Harry L. Canann, 8724, from 25 Brooks Ave., Venice, Calif., to 739 Swarthmore Ave., Pacific Palisades, Cal.

John R. Church, 8390, from 47 S. Oak St., Ventura, Calif., to 4½ North Primrose Ave., Alhambra, Cal.

Lewis C. Cole, 4532, from P. O. Box 277, El Centro, Calif., to 1738 Westinghouse, San Diego, Calif.

D. G. Cookingham, 7402, from R. D. No. 1, Johnson City, N. Y., to 2 Dickinson St., Port Dick, Binghamton, N. Y.

C. M. Coultrip, 8735, from 223 W. 146th St., Chicago, Ill., to 14507 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Albert D. Crow, 7728, from 1023 N. Virgil St., Los Angeles, Calif., to P. O. Box 842, Glendale, Calif.

Lester F. Dahlgren, 5321, from 3930 17th St., San Francisco, Calif., to 3426 Judah St., San Francisco, Calif.

P. R. DeNufrio, 5330, from 1000 Forest Hill, R. R. 2, Peoria, Ill., to 1000 Forest Hill, C. M. R. No. 95, Peoria, Ill.

Wilson Edwards, 8253, from 148 Kenmore, Los Angeles, Calif., to 740 Valley St., Burbank, Calif.

Thomas L. Elder, 140, from Pleasantville, N. Y., to Greenville, S. C.

- Edwin L. Elwell, 6274, from 130 Dodd St., East Orange, N. J., to 468 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J.
- C. Merle Foraker, 8725, from Apt. 4, Bldg. S. 41, Fort Monmouth, Red Bank, N. J., to 525 Second Ave., Long Branch, N. J.
- Mrs. Whitney Goubert, 6154, from Bear Hill Farm, Newberry, N. H., to 86 Linden Ave., Englewood, N. J.
- Pvt. Leon L. Gross, 4511, from 900 Caton Ave., Joliet, Ill., to Co. D, 31st Inf. Bri., Camp Craft, S. C.
- Emil B. Guenther, 7423, from 272 Preston St., Pittsburgh, Pa., to 16 Duncan St. (5), Pittsburgh, Pa.
- Harry Gumaer, 6000, from 150 Main St., Cortland, N. Y., to 220 Roby Ave., East Syracuse, N. Y.
- Miss Agnes Gunderson, 8612, from 919 N. 9th St., Manitowoc, Wis., to 1037 N. 13th St., Manitowoc, Wis.
- Edwin R. Hatheway, 8558, from 48 High St., Newburyport, Mass., to P. O. Box 143, Newburyport, Mass.
- Walter C. Hayden, 7111, from 56 Central Ave., Lynn, Mass., to 10 Joy St., Boston, Mass.
- R. I. Heinlein, Jr., 5686, from 1362 Cook, Denver, Colo., to Ayres Hotel, 1441 Logan, Denver, Colo.
- W. E. Howard, 8619, from Howard & Kohler Store, Atchison, Kan., to 613 Commercial St., Atchison, Kan.
- B. A. Kain, 7421, from 1160 Parkside Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., to 100 Berryman Dr., Snyder, N. Y.
- Arthur B. Kelley, 5543, from 4854a Penrose St., St. Louis, Mo., to 612 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.
- Henry Kemp, 6597, from 405 W. 23rd St., New York City, N. Y., to 322 E. 79th St., New York City, N. Y.
- Walter R. Kline, 7812, from Elwood, Ill., to 37 East Pleasant St., River Rouge, Mich.
- J. V. LaMore, 6537, from 5616 N. E. Mallory Ave., Portland, Ore., to 5725 N. E. 29th Ave., Portland, Ore.
- Elmer E. Leu, 7737, from 109 W. 10th St., Muscatine, Iowa, to 2608 Mulberry Ave., Muscatine, Iowa.
- Rev. Starr Hanford Lloyd, 8765, from Rensselaer, Ind., to 808 3rd Ave. N. E., Ardmore, Okla.
- C. A. McGlamery, 3184, from 710 S. Waverly Dr., Dallas, Texas, to 531 Drexel, San Antonio, Texas.
- John F. McNamara, 8313, from 12147 Glenfield, Detroit, Mich., to 5745 Harvard Rd., Detroit, Mich.
- Rush L. Marker, 8448, from 2747 East 14th St., Tulsa, Okla., to Gen. Del., Oklahoma City, Okla.
- Irving Moritz, 5426, from 24-29 27th St., Astoria, L. I., N. Y., to 36-23 31st, Long Island, N. Y.
- James H. Peacock, 8573, from R. 230 Custom House Bldg., Denver, Colo., to 904 Central Savings Bank, Denver, Colo.
- Wilson E. Pollard, 8512, from 2323 Coyner Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., to 1214 N. New Jersey St., Indianapolis, Ind.
- Robert W. Robinson, 4452, from 313 E. Court St., Ithaca, N. Y., to 511 E. Buffalo St., Ithaca, N. Y.
- Dennis W. Sibert, 7583, from 17 Middagh St., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 429 Ellison St., Paterson, N. J.
- R. Wylie Smith, 7901, from 7654 Oglesby Ave., Chicago, Ill., to 206 N. Romine, Urbana, Ill.
- Arthur H. Townsend, 5170, from Black Rock, Ark., to care North Memphis Savings Bank, Memphis, Tenn.
- Dunlap Vanice, Jr., 5980, from 600 E. 61st Terr., Kansas City, Mo., to 600 E. 64th Terr., Kansas City, Mo.
- J. S. Walton, 8076, from Standard Oil Dev. Co., Elizabeth, N. J., to Chem. Eng. Dept., University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.
- Sidney S. Zolotorofe, 8434, from 309 W. Lake Howard Dr., P. O. Box 657, Winter Haven, Fla., to 1700 Lake Mirror Dr. N. W., P. O. Box 657, Winter Haven, Fla.
- M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Portage Hotel, Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Chateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. Fred Huntley, Secretary, 2526 Knapp St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Edwin Harrison, Secretary, 1084 Deckner Ave., S. W., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday Street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boone Numismatic Association, Boone, Iowa—Meets first Monday evening of month in Baird's Cafe, Boone, Iowa. Maurice W. Wilson, Secretary, 516 Crawford, Boone, Iowa.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Ernest R. Shackford, Secretary, 20 Garfield St., Cambridge, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Gherry's Restaurant, 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Lewis M. Reagan, Secretary, 99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Charles T. Prickett, Secretary, 153 Hinman Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets alternate Monday nights at Chamber of Commerce, Room 216, Hotel Burlington. Stanley Smith, Secretary, 106 Marshall St., Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month at the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canton Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Hotel Belden. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Calumet Numismatic Club—Meets second Wednesday of each month at Indiana Harbor Bank. Claude B. Pound, Secretary, 4114 Catalpa St., Indiana Harbor, Ind.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Mrs. John Culbreth, Secretary, 820 H Ave., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Fine Arts Bldg., 410 S. Michigan Ave. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 1 Verona Apts., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. Charles L. Kabealo, Secretary, 217 E. Maynard Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, City Library, Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets third Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. H. D. Lawrence, Secretary, 214 N. Clinton, Dallas, Texas.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. J. Lewis Good, Acting Secretary, 305 W. Second St., Xenia, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. J. Reed Capps, Secretary, 5601 Kingman Blvd., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Detroit-Leland Hotel, Detroit, Mich. Frank L. McIntyre, Secretary, Fairbairn Hotel, 250 E. Columbia St., Detroit, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 523 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Flint Coin Club, Flint, Mich.—Meets first and third Saturdays at Y. W. C. A. E. W. West, Secretary, 912 Vermilya Ave., Flint, Mich.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. Thos. E. McIver, Secretary, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Hotel Bond, on Asylum Street, Hartford, Conn. Wilfred Lennon, Secretary, 96 Bannister St., Hartford, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. H. E. Rowold, Secretary, 1307 Brush Creek Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Indianapolis Coin Club, Indianapolis, Ind.—Meets fourth Wednesday each month (except November and December, third Wednesday). Richard B. Whitney, Secretary, 4923 University Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednes-

day of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1461 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets fourth Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. William Pukall, Secretary, 911 18th St., Union City, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco—Meets third Friday of each month with exhibit meeting in San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7:30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 1140 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert W. Cook, Secretary, 480 Monticello St., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Robert Bush, Secretary, 1904 Kendall Ave., Madison, Wis.

Manhattan Coin Club, Manhattan, Kan.—Meets second Wednesday in each month, the place being decided at regular monthly meetings. Herbert L. Gaede, President, 322 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Derman Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Pfister Hotel. James Buchbinder, Secretary, 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis, Mo. L. A. Mueller, Secretary, 4239 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. R. B. Fuller, Secretary, 311 Bartlett Street, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Tuesday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Chamber of Commerce, 152 Temple Street, New Haven. J. U. Sweeney, Secretary, P. O. Box 1596, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Mrs. Frank Brookes, Secretary, 4 Samuel St., West Orange, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club, Minneapolis, Minn.—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month in Suite 323, Metropolitan Bank Building, 356 Cedar St., St. Paul, Minn. George B. Hooper, Secretary, 1813 Sheridan Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Raymond Moulton, Secretary, 2647 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets first Friday in the month, place being decided at regular meetings. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at Recreation Room of the Church of the Messiah, Santa Ana. L. A. Gowdy, Secretary, 820 Kilson Drive, Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. Stephen H. Bibler, Secretary, care Bank of California, Portland, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitecomb, San Francisco. Edward Fogler, Secretary-Treasurer, 717 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Pasadena Coin Club, Pasadena, Cal.—Meets third Wednesday night of each month at 415 East Orange Grove Ave., Pasadena, Cal. W. D. McCollum, Secretary, 1530 Woodbury Road, Pasadena, Cal.

Pitcairn Coin and Medal Club, Pitcairn, Pa.—Meets the second Monday of the month at 544 Broadway. Thomas B. Williams, Secretary, R. D. 1, Pitcairn, Pa.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin, Ninth and Chestnut Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. J. Edgar Cunningham, Secretary, 307 Air Brake Ave., Wilmerding, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Vera C. Strachan, Secretary, R. F. D. 1, East Moline, Ill.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. J. A. Velicer, Secretary, 717 Cleveland Ave., Racine, Wis.

Reading Coin Club, Reading, Pa.—Meets second and fourth Monday of the month at Reading Co. Y. M. C. A., Sixth and Oley Sts., Reading. Harvey O. Adams, Secretary, 245 Penn. St., Reading, Pa.

Richmond Coin Club, Richmond, Va.—Meets second Friday of each month at the Byrd Park Club House. Russell Mansfield, Secretary, 4623 Sylvan Road, Richmond, Va.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. William M. Hutchinson, Secretary, 49 Rowley Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month at places fixed by program committee. Jacob G. Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer, Baltimore Hotel, Rm. 321, 429 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 609 Peoples Bank Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Sioux City Coin Club, Sioux City, Iowa.—Meets the third Monday evening of each month at a place to be selected. W. S. Snyder, Secretary-Treasurer, 432 Commerce Building, Sioux City, Iowa.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, Secretary, 312 Wright Ave., R. D., East Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets first Friday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year: January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce, Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada.—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. Floyd W. Mottram, Secretary, Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Tulsa Coin Club, Tulsa, Okla.—Meets second and fourth Friday at Hotel Tulsa, Tulsa. Kenneth C. Slough, Secretary, 570 S. Darlington St., Tulsa, Okla.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waterloo Coin Club, Waterloo, Iowa.—Meets first Friday of each month at Grout Room, Y. M. C. A., Waterloo, Iowa. Elizabeth Kenney, Secretary, 510 Waterloo Bldg., Waterloo, Iowa.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha. E. C. Blasing, Secretary, 818 Greenfield Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle. N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Charles H. Hyde, Secretary, P. O. Box 133, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Colonial Hotel, in the Colonial Arcade, Cleveland, Ohio. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—395th regular meeting, November 14th, Otto T. Sghia, president, presiding. Eighteen members, and one guest, Edgar Levy, of Colorado Springs were present.

Harry Stein read a very interesting paper on the Coins of Augustus. A vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Stein for his able paper.

The topics for the evening were: Material relating to the Pan-Pacific Exposition and Golden Gate Exposition. Half dollars from 1794 to 1815. Coins of Korea. Coins of Augustus.

Exhibits were made by the following:

L. Kusterer: 3 medals of the Pan-Pacific Exposition, 1915; 3 rolled cents; 14 medals from the Golden Gate Exposition, 1939-1940.

S. D. Scott: Obverse, Washington coat-of-arms, above, "Origin of the Stars and Stripes"; below, Washington family coat-of-arms. Reverse, A scene of fleet leaving harbor and one David Van Arsdale removing British flag and nailing up the American flag. (He was Mr. Scott's relative.)

H. J. Erlanger: 11 medals of various exhibitions held at Nuremberg between 1879 and 1898.

W. L. Clark: New acquisitions: Gulden of Fred. I of Prussia, 1706; crown of Anne of England, 1708; groat of Mary I of England (1553-54).

M. F. Kortjohn: Half dollars 1795 and 1803 to 1820, inclusive.

H. Stein: 26 coins of Augustus.

A. W. Deas: 3 French 5 francs, 4 English florins, 1 Belgium 2 francs.

O. G. Schilke: Second presidential medal of the Fairfield County Numismatic Association in each of the following metals: Gold, silver, aluminum and bronze.

W. R. Carpenter: Denarius of Augustus and Lepidus; denarius of Augustus and Antony; denarius of Julius Caesar of the Cossutius Family; small bronzes struck in London by Roman Emperors, consisting of Diocletianus, Maximianus I, Licinius I and Constantine II, respectively.

Farran Zerbe: Panama-Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco, 1915, items: Over 140 varieties of admission and privilege tickets and badges, probably the greatest variety preserved together; 36 medals, including 10 official, 13 commercial, and State participation medals of France, Argentina, Maryland, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Georgia, Tennessee, Florida, Montana, New Mexico and Oregon; also special struck P. P. I. E. half dollars to make perfect the depression on edge over Liberty head common to the regular product; also various pictures associated with the series of coins. Examples were shown as to how certain classes of cellophane destroy paper and woven fabric and severely blemish metal specimens.

L. E. Cox: 1807 half dollar; the Port of New York Authority medals issued on the opening of the Bayonne, N. J., bridge, November 15, 1931; the George Washington bridge, September, 1931.

Mr. W. H. Arthur: Golden Gate International Exposition medal, 1939; Two specimens of Japanese bean money; 4-kas piece of Danish West Indies struck during reign of Frederick VI, 1808-39.

Joseph Barnett: 77 1915 Pan-Pacific International Exposition medals, badges and rolled cents. 5 1915 San Diego Pan-American Exposition medals; 22 Golden Gate International Exposition medals and tokens, 17 of 1939 and 5 of 1940.

O. T. Sghia: 3 Coins of Augustus; 3 Tokens of Panama-Pacific Exposition; half dollars (19), 1794 to 1815 (1796 proof).

D. M. Bullowa: Corea, 1 yen, gold note; Italy, 5 lire, 1940 issue, paper; Trinidad and Tobago, 5 dollars, 1939, new paper issue.

T. F. Morris: Half dollars, 16 specimens from 1795 to 1818.

F. C. C. Boyd: A collection of coins of Korea containing patterns and regular issues, 56 pieces in all, in gold, silver, nickel, copper and white metal.

The president welcomed Edgar Levy, our guest from Colorado Springs.

The nominating committee submitted the following nominations for officers for the year 1942: President, Otto T. Sghia; vice-president, Thomas F. Morris; secretary-treasurer, F. C. C. Boyd. Executive committee, George W. Husker, chairman; Leonard Kusterer, W. Ray Carpenter, Vernon L. Brown. Membership committee, LeRoy E. Cox, chairman; Martin F. Kortjohn, Oscar G. Schilke, Harry J. Stein, William H. Arthur. Publication committee, Farran Zerbe, chairman; David M. Bullowa, Lewis M. Reagan. Medallion Art committee, Bernard Morgenthau, chairman; J. M. Swanson, Herbert J. Erlanger.

A motion was carried that the secretary be requested to inform Miss Sylvia Kraunz that the club had given her a rising vote of thanks for her excellent work, going back many years, as assistant secretary.

The executive committee suggested as the topic for the December meeting: Coins of Holland, Finland, Tunis, Morocco. Half dollars 1815 to 1866. Coins of Carthage. Canadian Paper Money. David Bullowa agreed to present a paper on the coins of Finland, and Harry Stein on the coins of Carthage. This was adopted.

Following the usual course, the election of officers for 1942 will be held at the December meeting.

Harry Stein informed the club that the Westchester County Coin Club will hold a meeting at the New Rochelle Y. M. C. A. on November 18, the topic of the evening being "Architecture in Numismatics." An illustrated lecture on "Representations of Buildings on Ancient Coins" will be given by Prof. Karl Lehmann-Hartleben, professor of archaeology and director of the archaeological research fund of New York University. All members were cordially invited to attend.

JERSEY CITY COIN CLUB—October 23. The meeting was called to order by President Arthur. Seven members were present.

The topic of the evening was Mexican coins and medals. Mr. Pukall read a very interesting paper on Mexican coins and the paper was well illustrated with coins.

The exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Blake: A series of Mexican coins of 1920, comprising gold dollar and half

dollar, 2 pesos of various types, 50 centavo and 20 centavo in silver, 10, 5, 2, and 1 in copper.

Mrs. Brookes: Christian X, 1937, 25-year reign Jubilee issue, 2-kroner piece in silver, uncirculated.

Mr. Arthur: U. S. \$1 note with large green blot of government printing ink appearing over the word THE on the reverse of note.

Mr. Carpenter: A number of Consular denarii of the period of Julius Caesar.

Mr. Husker: Bronzes of Trajan.

Mr. Nettleship: Uncut sheet of \$5 notes of Labor National Bank of Jersey City, N. J., issued 1926.

Mr. Mathews: 1880 silver dollar and half, also Trade dollar in proof condition.

Mr. Wade: A very interesting \$1 note issued by St. Nicholas Bank N. Y. City, dated 1862.

Mr. Pukall: Mexican Silver cob money, silver 8 reals and parts, from 1745 to date, also Zapata 2 pesos, Oaxaca, 2, 1 and half pesos, and different die varieties; silver proclamation pieces; Copper coins of Campeche, Chihuahua, Durango, Oaxaca, Jalisco, Guanajuato, Sinaloa, Sonora, Zacatecas, San Luis Potosi, Chiapas, imperial and Republican Mexico. Also silver and bronze, brass, copper medals.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—33d meeting, October 13, called to order by President Williams, with 17 members and one visitor present.

A letter was read from J. Douglas Ferguson, President of the A. N. A., expressing his regret at being unable to attend the joint meeting of the Toronto Coin Club and the B. N. A. A motion was passed that the letter be read at the joint meeting.

The committee in charge of the joint meeting reported on the action taken at a special called meeting on October 9. The secretary was asked to write the General Brock Hotel completing all arrangements, including a request that they also provide a fruit punch. An invitation was also sent to the wives of the visiting club members at the expense of the B. N. A. and any members wishing to bring their wives were welcome to do so. The secretary then reported he had visited the General Brock Hotel and made necessary arrangements, subject to the approval of the members. Dr. Wild was authorized to purchase identification badges and issue same to all members and guests. All members were urged to bring exhibits and material for auction.

The secretary exhibited a display case for approval.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—300th meeting, November 12, President Sandburg presiding, with thirteen members present.

Mr. Oliver was reported on the sick list.

Dr. Nathan P. Bugbee was elected to honorary membership.

The exhibit was made by Mr. Gaylord and was enhanced by a short talk on the history of the times when the coins shown were struck, with an explanation of mint marks on the Mexican dollars. The exhibit consisted of dollar-size silver coins of Spain, Mexico, and Peru, also gold coins of Colombia.

Mr. MacIntosh showed a complete Coronation set of George VI and a complete set of Irish coins, all in proof condition.

An auction closed the meeting.

BUFFALO NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—October 27. With Mr. Bailey presiding, the 334th meeting was called to order. Fourteen members and one visitor were present.

A bill of \$3.50 for badges was presented by Dr. Wild, and ordered paid. Members were requested to return these badges to the club, due to the difficulty Dr. Wild had in securing them.

A letter of thanks from the Toronto Club was read and ordered filed.

Mr. Myers reported on the joint meeting of the Toronto Coin Club and the B. N. A. He commented on the apparent difficulty of Canadian collectors in obtaining good specimens of their own coinage, as no real source of supply seems to exist. Also their obvious interest in British Colonials.

Dr. Wild asked if any of the members would be interested in having a bowling party. After a short discussion the matter was left in Dr. Wild's hands.

A motion was carried that nominations for officers be made at the second meeting in November, the election to be held the first meeting in December, and officers to take office the first meeting in January, 1942.

Mr. Hopkins was asked to start planning the 1942 token.

Dr. Wild displayed some proof gold, a Mormon \$5 gold piece, and other proof half eagles.

Mr. Cage displayed a Paul Kreuger gold pound and half pound, along with some English guineas.

A small auction was held.

OREGON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—Monthly meeting, November 10th. President Hughes called the meeting to order shortly after 7 P. M. and turned it over to Stephen Bibler, toastmaster, in charge of the banquet, program and meeting for the evening.

A banquet was served to the 50 members and guests, including a turkey dinner. The program was arranged in a novel fashion, with showing and passing of coins for exhibition between each course. A Continental Currency Dollar made of pewter, belonging to Willis Ashley, was passed after the cocktail was served; George Pipes and the toastmaster gave explanatory talks. After the soup was served a Feuchtwanger composition cent was passed around, and Hugh Ranken told the history. After the main course was served the toastmaster showed one of his own bills, a \$1 Portland Clearing House certificate issued during the panic of 1907. He explained the issuance and history of the certificates. Leonard Trythal also exhibited similar bills issued in the cities of San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Spokane. George Pipes told how the bank troubles led to the

formation of the Federal Reserve System. After the serving of the dessert Mrs. Essie M. Cohon presented half a dozen musical numbers. It so happened that the pianist failed to appear, so Mrs. Felix Baranovich very kindly came to the rescue and filled the place. Anthony Piazzi presented a number of accordion and piano numbers during the meal. The music and entertainment acts lasted until 9:15 P. M. and then the regular program was resumed.

The toastmaster, Stephen Bibler, first showed actual specimens of the Portland Clearing House Association certificates which the local banks had prepared for issuance in 1933 but which were not issued on account of the President declaring a national bank holiday. The story of the making of the bills and the money troubles were explained in detail. The toastmaster next told several stories relating to coin collectors and an Abraham Lincoln Gettysburg Address revised to the present occasion of the coin club banquet. Leonard Trythal next exhibited four Jackson Hard Times tokens bearing pictures of jackasses, etc. George Pipes told the history of the tokens. After several more short stories by the toastmaster, John Townsley was called upon to tell how he came to be a coin collector. He made a very spirited talk which thrilled the new collectors, telling them how they all have a chance to get and collect coins.

The main speaker of the evening, William MacSwain, was introduced. Mr. MacSwain is the local agent in charge of the United States Secret Service and he spoke for 45 minutes on "Counterfeit Coins and the Catching of Counterfeiters," and his experiences in Oregon and Washington for the last 34 years following the bad coins. The members said he had given them the best speech they had ever heard in the club. After the speech Mr. MacSwain answered questions from the members.

George Pipes was the last speaker on the program and presented a very novel "Guess Who" set of poems about the various members of the club. His poems were both original and interesting.

Mrs. Minnie Nelson handled the drawing and distribution of the door prizes, which were won by J. B. McNeil and Carl Gibbons, and the third prize by a guest of Mrs. Nelson. Felix Baranovich arranged for the drawing of the lots for the "White Elephant" for the evening, which was won by Carl Gibbons. The winner of the "White Elephant" must provide a gift and sell lots at the next meeting.

Mrs. Essie M. Cohon was congratulated for her effective decoration of the banquet tables arranged in a large "U" fashion, with two center spurs for additional guests. She was also thanked for her musical program.

John Townsley showed a board holding a complete collection of Indian Head cents, including many of the early issues in uncirculated condition. George Pipes showed an exhibit of old Greek and Roman coins. Charles Lamb exhibited an assortment of his collection of 1050 various street car tokens. R. M. Eckerson exhibited several national bank bills dated in the 1870s. Henry Perry exhibited a general collection of coins.

On account of the late hour it was decided not to hold an auction. The members voted this the best banquet and program held by the club.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—Regular meeting November 13. There were nine members and one visitor present.

L. S. Wright presided in the absence of Wm. Baker, president. A communication was read from Lewis M. Reagan Publicity director of the A. N. A. asking for new members, and from H. R. Sterrett of Milwaukee. Report No. 2, listing more names and addresses of "so-called coin dealers" was read.

Mr. Simon introduced the visitor, M. H. Crosbie, Jr., from Rock Island.

Mr. Wright said that because it was so near Armistice Day, his talk would be about United States Army and Navy decorations. He displayed a chart and told about the medals, both Honor and Service.

Dr. Sherrard displayed two medals, a Mexican Border and Victory medal which had been awarded to him.

Mr. Wright displayed a medal of Zachary Taylor, 1846 Battle Medal. Also a life-savers medal. He announced that medals left from the Cedar Rapids convention may be bought for 50 cents, and Davenport, \$1.00.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—November 14. President Richard Yeoman presiding. Fourteen members and one guest, Mr. Alfred Gross, were present.

A motion to repeal Article 4 Section 4, of the by-laws relating to succession of office by club officers was carried.

Nominations for 1942 officers were made, to be voted upon at the December meeting.

Arrangements for permanent library space was delegated to Orvin Huppert. A book case was donated by John Chobanian.

An auction was held.

RICHMOND COIN CLUB—Twelfth meeting of The Richmond Coin Club, November 14, with Mr. R. E. Stevenson presiding.

An application for membership by M. R. Mills was read and will be acted on at our December meeting.

Mr. Hurst, Mr. Levi, Mr. Howe, Mr. Robinson and Mr. Stevenson were elected to the nominating committee to nominate the officers for a new term. The officers will be elected at our December meeting.

A motion was carried to charge a minimum of 5c. on each lot of coins sold at auction to supplement the present charge of 5 per cent.

An auction was held.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—668th meeting, October 7, called to order by President Newell, with 24 members and three visitors present.

Mr. Eichorn reported for the program committee. The programs for the coming year will center around the coins of Europe due to the present great interest in European matters resulting from the present war. Mr. Eichorn announced that

Mr. Sunday would speak on the topic of large cents at the next meeting and that there would be a dealer's night at the meeting of November 4th.

S. Clark Place was elected to membership in the club.

The meeting was turned over to Mr. Bauer, who gave a very interesting talk and showed slides made by Newell of a selection of the coins to be sold at the next Gillette sale on October 11.

President Newell introduced three visitors.

An auction was held under the direction of Mr. Sunday.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—669th meeting, October 21, called to order by President Newell, with twenty-three members present.

Mr. Eichorn, reporting for the program committee, stated that the next meeting would be a dealers' night, that the meeting would be held downstairs if possible, that this type of meeting was on trial, and if successful would be carried on bi-monthly.

Mr. Bauer made a report of the Penn-Ohio meet, which occurred at Akron on October 17 and 18, 1941. This was the third annual fall convention of ten coin clubs of that region. A number of interesting talks on coins were given at the various sessions. Mr. Newell showed some of his excellent slides. There was a bourse and dealers were allowed to display and sell coins. Good prices were realized. Mr. Bauer said that Mr. Clarke of Jamestown had a very interesting display of coins and old watches.

In the absence of Dr. Cadv, our Hobby Council representative, Mr. Newell introduced the subject of the club's participation in the forthcoming Hobby Show in December, beginning on the 13th and continuing for eight days. It was decided that the club take part in the Hobby Show. Messrs. Meinhart, Foster, and Elston were appointed as co-chairmen with the privilege of appointing the members of the club they wished to act with them on their committees.

The president turned the meeting over to Mr. Sunday, who gave a very interesting talk on large cents. This talk was profusely illustrated with slides by Mr. Newell. During the talk Mr. Bauer also gave several interesting anecdotes concerning the large cents.

Refreshments were served and an auction was held.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—October 16. 41st regular meeting called to order by the President, with 13 members present. The door prize of \$1 was awarded to A. J. Smith to be used for numismatic material.

The chairman of the banquet committee reported that Mr. Nunn, of Hacketstown, N. J., and Mr. Patterson, of Philadelphia, would be with us the night of the banquet, as the principal speakers. Mr. Nunn will give a talk, titled "East of Suez," which promises to be very interesting.

After a general discussion on Mr. Nunn's generosity and activity to our club, he was given the first honorary membership by our club.

There was a general discussion on new members and club advertising, with suggestions on how to investigate new applications.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—89th meeting, October 21. The meeting was called to order by President Jacob, who presided over a gathering of 14 members and 4 guests.

A pamphlet, "Papers read at the Brooklyn Coin Club," was received with the compliments of that club.

Mr. Stein, the speaker of the evening, was not present, due to an accident which resulted in a fractured ankle. Mrs. Dewey came to the rescue with an interesting paper she prepared on the history of Portugal. The president will send the club's wishes for a speedy recovery to Mr. Stein.

Mr. Marsden read a favorable letter he received from Professor Hartleben, of New York University, in answer to an invitation extended to the professor to be our guest speaker at the November meeting. Messrs. Marsden, Skipton, Lott and Cox were appointed a committee to make all arrangements.

President Jacob welcomed the guests of the evening, Miss Dunn, of Rye; Mr. Hahn, of Dobbs Ferry, and Master Trahnstrom, of Mount Vernon, the first Boy Scout in Westchester county to receive the merit badge for coin collecting. Mr. Skipton introduced his guest, Mr. Franco, of New Rochelle.

Topics of the evening: U. S. silver dollars (1794 to date), coins of Portugal and her colonies, recent acquisitions, and items of your own interest. Exhibits were placed and explained. Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Cox: Types of silver dollars; Washington-Lafayette dollar; \$1 legal tender note, series 1917; star note of same issue; \$1 New York Federal Reserve Bank note, series of 1918, and misstruck cent and dime, 1941.

Mr. Kosoff: Quarter eagles, 1808, 1839-O, and Bechtler 70-grain; doubloon of Mexico, Fred. VII. and Republic; 16 Pesos of Guatemala, and an aureus of Nero.

Mr. Friedman: Complete set of Trade dollars, proof and uncirculated; complete set of Peace dollars and, seven 1776 Centennial dollars in proof, silver, copper and gilt.

Mr. White: A. N. A. medal in silver, and British Ambulance Corp medal.

Mr. Skipton: Various silver dollars.

Mr. Massey: Mexico 8 reals, 1785, and 3 Brazilian coins.

Mr. Dewey: Selection of minor coins of Azores, Angola, Brazil (under Portugal), Cape Verde and Mozambique.

Mrs. Dewey: Minor coins of Portugal, 1580 to date.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—October 16, with 23 members present.

The second meeting for October was held on this date. In the continued absence of President Stewart, Theodore N. Austin again presided at this meeting.

The secretary read a note from our member, Samuel R. Angell, who is preparing for the winter in Florida.

The matter of suggesting a District Secretary of the A. N. A. for this district

was discussed, and as Mr. Straus continued in his wish to resign the position, the choice of his successor was left to Mr. Ferguson, the President of the A. N. A. This was an auction night, and we had a very choice lot of coins, provided by Mr. Warfield, on display and sale.

SIoux CITY COIN CLUB—October 20. Meeting was called to order by the president, W. A. Guernsey. Eleven members and three guests were present.

A report of the membership committee was given by W. S. Snyder, and three prospective members were considered.

A very interesting review of the A. N. A. Convention was given by Mr. E. A. Kowalke.

The coin quiz given by Mrs. Guernsey provided much interest.

An auction was held.

PASADENA COIN CLUB—Ninth regular meeting, October 15th, called to order by President John Lamb.

The secretary read a letter from J. Hunt Deacon of Adelaide, South Australia.

A guest, Mrs. Kappler, of Switzerland, gave a short talk and showed some beautiful pieces of Alexander the Great's time.

The members have donated coin books to our library. Mr. Harris, a member, donated a case to hold the books, and Mr. Melvin, another member, has given us space in his place of business for them. Frederick Langford has recently given 15 volumes of U. S. Mint and world data on coins, each book averaging about 250 pages each. Several other members have also donated books, catalogues and prices realized lists. Our library, we feel, is above reproach. We have made strides in the short time we have been organized and our membership has doubled. Our meetings are always well attended, our members are congenial and all do their part towards making it a success. Mr. Lee, of Glendale, has been helpful in getting us over the rough spots, and his advice has been gratefully received. Our president, John Lamb, has donated spacious quarters in which our meetings are held. We have had several inquiries as to the method of running this club under the unique plan of "No dues—no fees," and our answer is that every member willingly donates time, etc., for the betterment of the club and we raise our cash on 5 per cent of the auction sales which are held at the end of every meeting and which are very lively.

HARTFORD NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—74th meeting, October 15, at Lang Lane Farm, Middletown, Conn.

It was "ladies night" and there were 32 members and guests present.

A dinner was held at 7 o'clock followed by a conducted tour of the building, after which Miss Penniman, superintendent of the Farm, spoke and showed movies of the grounds.

There were numerous exhibits of large cents, half cents, small cents, early Colonial pieces and proof sets; another on miscellaneous foreign coins; also a very complete collection of Connecticut cents and another on foreign silver and U. S. gold. Also a collection of U. S. commemorative gold, and still another collection of Presidential campaign buttons.

An auction was held.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—Officers of the Western Maryland Coin Club were installed at a dinner meeting held October 15 at the Ali Ghan Shrine Country Club. The new officers are Martin L. Johnson, president; Charles E. Morris, vice-president; and Charles H. Hyde, secretary-treasurer.

President Johnson appointed the following committees to serve the new year: Program, Fred P. Keyser, chairman; Louis E. Snyder and Charles L. McCormick. Auction, Charles E. Morris, chairman; Arthur G. Fuller, F. Bruce Fable, F. T. Bowden, Jr., and Paul W. Glime. Membership, Martin L. Watson, chairman; Floyd M. Hout, John Fogle, and Daniel R. Staley. Museum, Frank Lee Carl, chairman; Albert A. Doub, Jr., and Holmes H. Cessna. Hobby show, William L. Wilson, chairman; W. P. Cooper, Alf Jacopi, Louis D. Young, Howard Vandegrift, Benjamin Charles, and Frank Lee Carl. The hobby show will be the second annual event.

Two new members were elected to membership—Joseph A. McCormick, of Cumberland, Md., and Richard A. Knepper of Hagerstown, Md.

President Johnson reviewed the history of the Club, its motives, its service to the community, in an inspiring address. He also stated that special effort would be made to secure out-of-town dealers and numismatists to come to our meetings as guests and speakers. If possible he would try to have Howard D. Gibbs, of Pittsburgh, to attend our November meeting.

Hugh G. Funkhouser was named to arrange for the dinners at any occasions the club holds such meetings during the year.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—November 6, with 14 members present, President Stewart presiding.

The matter of a successor to Mr. Straus as District Secretary for the A. N. A. for Maryland was again considered.

Mr. Stewart informed us that he was arranging with Mr. Shepard Pond, of Boston, to make an address at one of our meetings if a satisfactory date could be arranged. It was decided to change our meeting night at any time to suit Mr. Pond's convenience, and this was left to Mr. Stewart's discretion. Because of our next meeting coming on Thanksgiving night it was decided to have the meeting on Friday, November 21, if satisfactory to the Museum and to our auctioneer.

This was our program night and the feature was a display of some gold and over 100 Brazilian silver coins by Mr. Brogden, who also presented a paper on the subject. Mr. Brogden has made a thorough study of Brazilian coins, having lived there for a time several years ago.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—63rd meeting, October 29, with President Fouts in the chair.

After a few introductory remarks, the president called upon Mr. Wagner, who read an article relating to some of our rare modern U. S. mint issues and some of the reasons why they are scarce. The article pointed out that though some dates and mints show a relatively small number coined, they are more plentiful and cheaper than others showing a much greater number issued. One of the reasons given, such as early standing Liberty quarters, was that in early issues the dates were struck high, quickly wearing off, leaving only the very fine and uncirculated available for discriminating collectors. In the case of one of our Lincoln cents, one reason for scarcity given was because a large number were used at one of our large fairs in making certain novelties. Again, in other cases, during lean years, dealers failed to lay aside a sufficient number of uncirculated specimens, thus creating a shortage. The article further stressed the importance of becoming familiar with the scarce dates and keeping constantly on the lookout for any you may receive in change.

Dr. Moon then read a fine paper he had prepared on the Calendar Stone of Mexico, which appears on many of their coin issues. Also a very interesting account of the medical science as practised by the Aztecs long before the Spanish invasion. Their knowledge of medicine and surgery surpassed anything known in Europe at that time. From what race did they acquire this knowledge and when and from where was it transmitted to this continent?

The display of the evening consisted mostly of U. S. type coins of silver and copper, of which there were three nice collections shown by Mr. Glickert, Mr. Worth and Mr. Saeman.

Dr. Moon displayed a splendid set of sand-blast U. S. gold pieces, also quite a few specimens of Mexican and South American silver.

Mr. Ryckman showed two fine U. S. pattern pieces.

Also on display was an early undated Joachimstaler of Bohemia, the first dollar-size coin struck.

The next meeting will feature Colonial coins.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—Thirty-six members and guests attended the 164th meeting of the club held November 4. In addition to the usual routine business, the application for membership of Robert J. Heller was presented and accepted.

Mr. Koepfel reported that his committee was investigating the mysterious disappearance of the numismatic library which was formerly in the possession of the club.

Attention was also called to the interesting exhibit of numismatic items now on display at Bullock's Department Store.

Dr. H. A. Rosenkranz then addressed the club on the subject of "Historical Medals," exhibiting a portion of his outstanding collection. Dr. Rosenkranz observed that people of moderate means may, by the collection of medals, secure many interesting works of art and thus achieve greater social position. The speaker made use of the term "shortening medals" in referring to certain medallion representations of eminent persons who had, in a material sense, lost their heads. Among the historical medals were those representing the historian, David Hume; Charlotte Corday, the murderer of Marat; Sobieski, Charles V, Lenin, Lincoln, and many others. The combining of suitable medals and pictures bearing on the same subject matter was also mentioned. Dr. Rosenkranz also exhibited a Queenswear plate, bearing the Russian arms, which came from the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg.

An extensive auction comprising 78 lots of numismatic material was held.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—November 7, 84th regular meeting. In the absence of our President the meeting was presided over by Raymond Moulton with 12 members present.

Julius Schreiber gave us some highlights of his first mail-order auction on October 31. He stated that all uncirculated and proof coins and all rarities sold very good.

Dr. J. H. Judd made some interesting remarks about the Central States Numismatic Society, of which he is President. The annual meeting will be held this year at Des Moines, Iowa, in connection with the Iowa Numismatic Association. Several of our members joined the Central States Society and it is hoped at least some of us can attend the convention.

Exhibits were as follows:

Addison Wilson: Type set of half cents, consisting of two types of 1793, 1800, 1806, 1833, 1857, mostly uncirculated. Set of nine large cent types, including 1793 chain and wreath, extra fine, and many others uncirculated. Set of nine types of \$5 gold, uncirculated and proof. Set of 16 types of quarters, including the very rare 1918-S over 1917, all uncirculated or proof.

Dr. J. H. Judd: Set of 78 silver pence Queen Victoria Maundy money, complete, with leather bag in which the coins are distributed. Complete set of 8 silver ticals, including the scarce 1/32 and 4 ticals. A very rare uncirculated 1792 copper dime, an 1849 U. S. half dollar counterstamped for use in the Virgin Islands with the monogram of Frederick VII of Denmark, under whose control the Islands were at that time. Several large cents and miscellaneous Colonial currency.

Mr. Gill conducted the auction.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—November 4, at the home of J. Verner Scaife, Jr., Woodland Road, Pittsburgh, Pa. President Woodside was in the chair. Fourteen members and one visitor were present.

Dr. James O. Sloss, Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, was elected to membership.

Mr. Woodside gave a talk on Plantation Tokens of the East Indies. He explained that this series has never been catalogued nor published and that he is at present engaged in such an undertaking. His talk was very interesting, inasmuch as the series is not well known, due to lack of references.

This meeting was held at the home of J. Verner Scaife, Jr., who proved to

be a very thoughtful host. In addition to being a numismatist, Mr. Scaife is a deep-sea fisherman, and the members were privileged to view his collection of mounted specimens, which ranges from tunas, marlin, etc., to the smallest of his catches.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Piper: U. S. Mint Great Seal medal; Columbian Exposition medal; Firth of Forth Bridge medal.

Mr. Porter: Collection of early U. S. half dollars.

Mr. Eastwood: Bank of England tokens and patterns.

Mr. Laughlin: Nine bronze English Colonial tokens; 7 "Bungtown" halfpennies.

Mr. Gaede: Bryan dollars; proof Liberty seated half dollars, quarters and dimes.

Mr. Scaife: Burma proof silver rupee, 1850; proof patterns of Ceylon, 1815, 2, 1 and 1/2 stivers; gold pound of South African Republic, 1893.

Mr. DeVos: Mombassa rupee, 1888; Grover Cleveland inauguration medal; English crowns, 1741, 1804 and 1818.

Mr. Hall: Two Abraham Lincoln daguerreotypes in original cases.

Mr. Marlier: Tray of U. S. Colonial coins; also about twenty copies and restrikes of extremely rare colonials.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—October 27. President Pond in the chair and eleven members present.

Thomas Knudson and Herman J. Heide were elected to membership.

President Pond made an announcement that our fellow member Arthur S. Dewing had been elected to the Council of the American Numismatic Society of New York.

Mr. Grant made several suggestions on future speakers for our meetings, and both Mr. Reynolds and Subak suggested that they had speakers in mind for later dates. Mr. Grant also mentioned the fact that some of the local stamp societies had spoken to him recently about some member of our Society addressing these societies on coins. There was considerable discussion among the members on this suggestion and it was thought possibly it could be done, and that at some future time some well-known philatelist would be asked to address the Boston Numismatic Society.

The matter of having a cabinet to contain a few numismatic pieces was suggested, and President Pond appointed a committee, consisting of Messrs. Reynolds, Doyle and Hayden to investigate and report back at a later meeting.

There was considerable discussion as to the lack of members attending meetings, and the reasons for it. The President read the membership list and commented upon each name and reasons as to their absence. It developed that, according to the size of membership, a fair percentage of members had been attending, and it was evident that to secure larger attendances at meetings more new members were needed.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Grant: Four books of scrip issued to employees of some unknown concern during the years of 1860, 1861, 1863 and 1865. Although these were not of any numismatic value, they were very interesting.

Mr. Davis: A proof U. S. 2 cent piece of 1864.

Mr. Lowenstam: A collection of Russian coppers showing all types for the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Uncirculated English "cartwheels," one and two pence. Uncirculated Fugio cent of 1787.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—273rd meeting, November 5, in the Fine Arts Bldg., Chicago, E. E. Lamb presiding. Sixty-four members and six visitors were present.

Lee Hewitt's written quiz on designers of commemorative U. S. coins was won by Clifford Lindall.

Harry Boosel, chairman of the annual banquet, advised that the banquet will be held in the Lincoln room of the La Salle Hotel and that all past presidents of the club will be honored.

Harold R. Klein donated a 1941 proof set to be used as a door prize for the banquet. C. Lou Snyder also donated a San Francisco mint silver bar for the banquet raffle.

A motion passed that the club purchase 10 additional exhibit cases. The club accepted the offer of C. Lou Snyder and Norton F. Stone to donate two exhibit cases to the club. A rising vote of thanks was accorded them.

A nominating committee of M. V. Sheldon, Wm. G. Rayson, Chas. E. Green, Lee Hewitt and M. H. Jackson was elected to submit candidates for the various offices for 1942.

The following were appointed a committee to investigate new meeting quarters for the coming year: Wm. Evans, J. H. Ripstra, Fred A. Clarke, R. L. McBrien and Earl Barger.

The chair regretfully announces the death of Ben Sincere, one of our members.

Exhibits were as follows:

John L. Steffen: A 1910-P mint Liberty head quarter dollar, taken from circulation. This piece appears to be a pattern, struck in brass and silver plated.

M. V. Sheldon: 400th centennial medals of the printing press being introduced in the Western Hemisphere, issued in Mexico City, in 1939.

E. P. Lamb: 1796 quarter dollar in sharp, brilliant proof condition; 1918 over '17 S mint uncirculated quarter dollar; Isabella quarter dollar in proof.

D. C. Keefer: Sun Yat Sen's medal of the founding of the Republic of China.

Dr. Jos. P. Reich: Medal commemorating Saloman Heine, uncle of Heinrich Heine.

CANTON COIN CLUB—November 4, 76th meeting, with 15 members and 3 guests attending. The meeting was called to order by President Geo. Caster.

R. W. Miller showed slides of coins and described the methods of making them by photography and by compressing the coins in heated celluloid and plastics. Mr. Miller also discussed holders for displaying coins.

The club voted to accept the invitation of the Canton Art Institute to make a display the first two weeks in January, 1942.

Displays were as follows:

V. L. Stover: \$1, \$5, \$10 Canton Clearing House scrip certificates.

Jerry Duryea: Large medallion.

An auction was held.

HEART OF AMERICA NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—91st meeting, October 11. This meeting was the annual fall banquet and was attended by forty persons.

President Ford made a short address following the dinner and called the meeting to order, but a motion was made immediately to suspend the business meeting.

Following the dinner, our auctioneer, George Paris, auctioned over 60 choice lots of coins in record time, leaving the balance of the evening for visiting, inspecting displays and swapping.

Outstanding among the displays were those of Jos. W. Schmandt and Murl Kimmel, of Robinson, Kan., a former member.

HEART OF AMERICA NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—92nd meeting, November 10. Meeting called to order by President Ford, with 17 members and 8 visitors in attendance.

Ray Janda was appointed chairman in charge of the entertainment features for the next meeting.

Mr. Carlson entertained with a very interesting lecture on the Scandinavian countries, particularly Sweden, a country he visited a few years ago. Mr. Carlson briefly covered the history of these countries from their earliest time to the present, elaborating whenever subjects had a connection with numismatics. He accompanied his display with a great variety of items, such as dolls, books, pictures, souvenirs, etc. His large frame, housing 4-daler, 1-daler and ½-daler Swedish plate money and obverses and reverses of both the U. S. half dollar and Sweden 2 kronor, both commemorating the landing of the Swedes in Delaware, attracted special attention.

Displayed at the meeting were the following:

Mr. Ford: Small cents.

Mr. Lee: Small cents.

Mr. Harper: Small cents.

Mr. Janda: Small cents and late proof sets.

Mr. McNees: Two holders of types of minor coins.

Mr. Lowe: Set of circulated quarters, 1925 to 1930.

Mr. Grant: Six foreign crowns or dollars.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—The 85th meeting and 7th anniversary banquet was held at Peter Van De Boom's Museum Restaurant, Saukville, Wis., on October 31.

Mr. Hoffman made the following Hobby Show committee appointments: E. G. Gerber, chairman; L. A. Burmeister, Eugene Knerr, Lillard W. Culver, James Buchbinder, and N. J. Hoffman ex officio. The Milwaukee Numismatic Society will have a double booth at the Milwaukee Auditorium, November 20-23, 1941.

Despite rainy weather 70 enthusiastic members and wives from Milwaukee, Racine, South Milwaukee, West Bend, Saukville, and Chicago came to this little hamlet thirty miles north of Milwaukee.

A delicious banquet was enjoyed by all. Member Grieb led community singing. Dancing followed.

The display of Mr. Van De Boom included, besides coin and paper money, many various relics and interesting curios, which were again well examined by all members. Mr. McDermott displayed proof and pattern pieces, as well as a collection of uncirculated gems. Member Gaulke displayed a unique German gold piece about 2½ inches in diameter.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—415th meeting, October 16, in the Detroit Room of the Detroit Leland Hotel. Seventeen members were present.

A motion was carried to have only one meeting in November due to Thanksgiving Day.

Plans were made to have a Members' Hobby Show November 6th. Mr. Hubel made a motion and it was carried to have the show for members and friends only.

Mr. Bowen reported on price of proof coins, 1936 to date. Motion carried to have him purchase them for Coin Club cabinet.

Mr. Noyes gave a very interesting talk on "Bryan Money" and had varieties on exhibit. Mr. Temple, Mr. Rapp and Mr. Needels also exhibited Bryan money.

An auction was held.

DETROIT COIN CLUB—416th meeting, November 6. The meeting was called to order by President Rowe. Twenty-two members and four visitors were present.

This night was set aside for a Members' Hobby Show.

Mr. Rapp spoke about the second medal struck honoring A. A. Grinnell. Motion was made by A. C. Hutchinson and seconded by Mr. Stehfest that Mr. Grinnell be allowed to have more medals of the second issue struck in silver. Motion carried.

Members who did not bring exhibit material to the meeting were called on to tell of their hobbies other than coins.

An auction was held.

Business meeting adjourned at 9:15 P. M., and members and guests enjoyed looking over the various exhibits, which were as follows:

Leslie H. Dodd: Blueprints of Canadian flag cancels. The highlight of Mr. Dodd's exhibit was the first machine flag cancel of Canada.

William Hoffman: Old newspapers. Sixty different editions of the Detroit Free Press, dating back to 1840. Among these were papers telling of Lincoln's assassination, 1865; high points of the Civil War; first telegraph, 1845.

Albert W. Bartz: Seventeen hundred advertising pencils from all over the United States. Some of these pencils were filled with the products of the manufacturers advertising, such as sugar, salt and coal. Horse car and street car tickets used from 1863 to date.

Wilfred Rowe: Over 100 small bars of soap collected by Mr. Rowe from different hotels throughout the country. Several pictures of very attractive girls collected from advertising matter. One case tax tokens.

R. W. Hubel Nine Liberty Loan and Red Cross posters of First World War. These posters were designed by famous artists of that period. One case of Greek and Roman (B. C.) coins dating from Alexander the Great.

F. M. Church: One case of street car and bus tokens from United States, Europe and China.

Harry Rapp A complete set of medals struck by the Medallist Society dating from 1929 to the First Series of 1941, there being two such medals struck each year. Mr. Rapp explained that two famous artists of the day are chosen each year by the society. Each artist can use his own ideas for his subject.

Henry Kling: Zeppelin covers. U. S. Akron and Macon covers.

H. W. Bowen: One case of Russian coins, gold and platinum.

Mrs. R. Stehfest: A large collection of beautiful menus collected from restaurants, hotels and steamships. Most of these menus were collected by Mr. and Mrs. Stehfest personally during their vacations.

R. Stehfest: Several hundred celluloid buttons, such as campaign buttons, Community Fund, convention, World War first, Liberty Loan and Red Cross, including a very nice collection of the Roosevelt-Willkie campaign.

F. McIntyre: Over 1000 unused match-box covers. A full set of pictures of the President of the United States and 250 boxes of feature matches showing pictures and advertising on each match.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—97th meeting, October 9. President Husker presiding. In the absence of the Secretary Mr. Nelson took over the duties of that office.

Mr. Wade read items of numismatic interest.

Mr. Husker announced the opening of two coin exhibits in which the Society was participating. The first concerned the exhibit of pure nickel coins of the world which were on display in the Fidelity Union Trust Company. The club was reminded that permission to show this collection had been granted the club following the last celebration of Coin Week. The second display concerned coins of Peru, Ecuador, and Bolivia which were on display in the Newark Museum in connection with their comprehensive exhibit of life and culture in those countries.

Mr. Brown reported on the recent meeting of the Brooklyn Coin Club which was held to celebrate their 100th meeting. The topic for the meeting was decided on as U. S. 50-cent pieces, exclusive of commemorative coins.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Beach: Collection of Canadian notes ranging from \$1 to \$20.

Mr. Gensheimer: Set of types of U. S. quarters. Set of Canadian dollars.

Mr. Husker: Middle bronzes of the Roman Empire.

Mr. Purrington: ½ and 1 penny token of Nova Scotia; ½ and 1 penny token, Bank of Upper Canada; 1871 cent, Prince Edward Island; Canadian silver dollar and \$1 and \$2 in paper money.

Mr. Witzel: 2-franc piece of Napoleon dated 1812, and another dated 1815; Hessian ½ taler dated 1776.

NEW JERSEY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—98th meeting, November 13. Sixteen members and four guests were present. President Husker presided.

Mr. Witzel read several newspaper items of numismatic interest.

President Husker named the following as the nominating committee for the election of officers: Chairman, Mr. Beach; Mr. Gensheimer and Mr. Hermeth. The nominating committee is to report at the December meeting.

The topic committee suggested the topic for December to be: "United States Commemorative Coins, Silver and Gold," and "Scandinavian Coins."

We were honored in having Lewis M. Reagan visit us and talk to us on "Women in Numismatics." Mr. Reagan's talk was greatly enjoyed by the members. He spoke in an entertaining fashion of the various female rulers among the European countries and among the Greeks and Romans. His exhibit of coins to illustrate the various queens was extensive and interesting.

The exhibits followed. In telling of his exhibit Mr. Beach spoke in his usual instructive style of odd and curious hiding places for money, due to distrust of banks.

The topic for the meeting was "United States Half Dollars, Exclusive of Commemoratives," and the exhibits follow:

Mr. Beach: A large collection of scrip and obsolete State, county and town, and bank notes of New York City and State.

Mrs. Black: Set of large cents—100 of the most important varieties plus seven others; condition fine in early dates, and mostly uncirculated and proof from 1814 to 1857.

Mrs. Brookes: Denmark, Frederick VII, 1857, one specie daler.

Mr. Brown: Pair of gold cuff links from \$2½ pieces; \$5, 1859, Bank of Troy, N. Y., with place of issue given as Bennington, Vt., unsigned.

Mr. Gensheimer: Set of types of U. S. half dollars, also rare variety of 1795 half dollar, uncirculated.

Mr. Husker: Miscellaneous Roman denarii, quinarii and bronzes.

Mr. May: Bulgaria, National Order of Merit, Military Division, Knight's Cross for Valor, Greece, medal for the War with Turkey, the First Balkan War, 1912-1913. Baden, medal for Faithful Service in the Field. An Iceland commemorative set, 1930, and a set of current Iceland coins from the aurar to the krona. Also a bank note for 5 kroner.

Mr. Nettleship: Silver penny of Edward the Elder; commemorative rouble of

tercentenary of Romanoff family, 1913; 48-batzen siege piece of Breisach, 1633; 3-thaler siege piece of Silesia, 1621; 10c. note of S. W. & W. A. Torrey, N. J. Mr. Purrington: 1811, 1837, 1839-O and 1843 half dollars. Mr. Reagan: Sixty portrait coins of famous women. Mr. Witzel: \$100 C. S. A. Montgomery notes. Collection of patriotic envelopes, Civil War period.

INDIANAPOLIS COIN CLUB—Fourteenth meeting, October 22. The president announced that the November meeting would be on the fourth Wednesday as usual.

A letter was read from William Brimelow announcing that he is being sponsored for a quarter of an hour coin program by the First National Bank of Elkhart, Ind.

A very instructive talk on Washington wooden money was given by Mr. White. A clipping announcing the withdrawal of 5-lire silver coins from circulation in Italy was read.

Mr. Shelby, chairman of the nominative committee, announced that the December meeting would be election night and urged all to be present.

Applications for membership were received from K. L. McIntosh and Loring Austin, both from Muncie, Indiana.

Eighteen members and three visitors were present.

An auction was held.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—118th regular meeting, October 13, 1941 at 8 P. M., in the Neil House. The meeting was called to order by President Archer. Fourteen members and one visitor were present.

S. J. Kabealo gave a report on the successful Penn-Ohio Convention.

Dr. E. E. Lewis and Fred B. Kern were elected to membership.

Bruce Ruggles, Elmer Henderson and C. W. Randolph were appointed a committee on nominations for 1942 officers.

A motion that the Columbus Numismatic Society hold a birthday party at the November meeting met hearty approval since this would be our tenth birthday. George Andrews and C. L. Kabealo were appointed as a committee to work out the details.

Displays were as follows:

Mr. Randolph: Treasury and Federal Reserve Bank notes.

J. M. Henderson: Columbus medal awarded by the State of Ohio.

L. M. Skidmore: Spanish coins.

C. E. Higgy: Dollars in proof.

Mr. Ruggles: Cents with die breaks.

Mr. Chambers: Counterfeit detectors.

Mr. Rodecker: Large cents on thin planchet.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—119th regular meeting, November 10. The meeting was called to order by President Archer. Twenty members and six visitors were present.

Applications for membership were received from F. C. Romine, Mrs. M. F. Higgy, Mrs. C. E. Higgy and Mrs. S. J. Kabealo.

The banquet committee reported that the dinner would be at 6 P. M., Sunday, November 30. A fine program was in preparation and will be mailed to members as soon as prepared. S. J. Kabealo reported on the auction sale which is to be held in connection with the celebration. George Andrews requested donations for door prizes to be given at the banquet.

There were thirty-six reservations for the banquet.

A resolution was adopted that the secretary write to the American Numismatic Association recommending that, due to several instances of undesirable persons gaining membership in that organization, the Secretary of the A. N. A. should send applications for membership to the A. N. A. to the District Secretary or to the nearest member for investigation before the membership is approved.

Dr. Henderson asked that we give our full cooperation to other organizations so that we might enjoy our hobby to a greater degree.

It was moved that the secretary write to the officers of the Ohio State Numismatic Society in regard to a convention for the spring. Carried.

It was moved that since there was nothing in the constitution or by-laws prohibiting women becoming members, we open our membership to any women interested. Seconded and carried.

Due to the absence of Elmer Henderson, Mike Higgy was appointed as the third member of the nominations committee. The committee reported back the following slate: S. J. Kabealo for president, C. E. Higgy for vice-president, Elmer Henderson for treasurer, Charles Kabealo for secretary, Dr. J. M. Henderson for curator. There were no further nominations from the floor. The secretary was instructed to cast a unanimous ballot for each nominee.

President-elect Kabealo outlined a program to be followed in the coming year. Some of the points he brought out were: More displays by members, reports by those with particular interests, more publicity before and after meetings. Mike Higgy was given the first assignment—to discuss and display "Dollars" at the December meeting.

Displays were as follows:

J. M. Henderson: Gold \$2.50 to \$20; 1799 \$10 gold piece that had been in the same family since 1799.

Mr. Higgy: Colonials, Oak Tree shilling, Pine Tree shilling, Washington cents, and the rare 1852 half-cent.

S. J. Kabealo: \$5 gold, 1891-CC.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—101st regular meeting, November 5 at 174 Montague St., Brooklyn, President Schwartz in the Chair. Sixteen members and two guests were present. The guests were Frank Martin and Joseph Maley.

The president appointed a committee to work on the proposition of a per-

manent exhibit by the Club in the Brooklyn Public Library.

Nat Heft offered to present a flag to the club for display at the meetings. The offer was accepted with thanks.

The nominating committee made a report of nominations for officers for next year. Further nominations and the election will take place at the December meeting.

Milton Schoenfeld, Max Parman and Frank Martin were elected to membership. The topics of the meeting were: Political tokens, fractional currency, and coins of Peru. Mr. Reagan read a paper on the United States Treasury seal.

A questionnaire consisting of 15 questions on U. S. coins, prepared by the secretary, was passed out to all present. David M. Bullowa won the first prize, a gold dollar.

The following exhibits were made:

Mr. Blake: Small medals of the steamship *Great Eastern* 1859; medals made from the armor plate of the *Merrimac*, the first ironclad, 1862. Two medals commemorating the finishing of the Atlantic cable in 1858. An impression of the Confederate Treasury seal.

Mr. Bullowa: Complete sheets of 10c. and 5c. fractional currency of first issue.

Mr. Darrow: Coins of Peru from 1823 to 1934.

Mr. Friedberg: A collection of types of silver dollar-size coins of Peru.

Mr. Kosoff: Peru, 2 scudo, cob, 1698; doubloon of Charles II 1699; cob doubloon of Philip V, 1746; doubloon of Cuzco mint, 1833; doubloon of 1837 for South Peruvian State. Large gold coin of Persia.

Mr. Kraus: Commemorative coin set of 1932, Brazil; Argentina 50 cent., 1941.

Mr. Martin: Civil war tokens. Coins of Peru.

Mr. Reagan: Engravings and impressions of Treasury seal. Paper money showing various sizes, colors and borders, including \$20 of 1878 with error in the seal (the key turned wrong way).

Mr. Schwartz: Political tokens of Lincoln, Seymour and Blair, Blaine, Harrison. Tokens issued by the following coin clubs: Detroit, California, Buffalo, Bronx, Jersey City, Brooklyn.

Mr. Van der Meer: Ducaton, 1762, of Zealand.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—310th meeting, October 29, with 28 members and 13 guests present. President Earl A. Parker presiding.

Applications for membership were received from C. H. C. Gatter and Henry T. Wrede. John S. Russel and Julius Fulton were elected to active membership.

Col. Jno. A. Hooper, son of the late Joseph Hooper, charter member and past President of the A. N. A., gave a brief history of the early activities of the A. N. A. and in his reminiscence touched the lives of our early coin collectors. He displayed a fine collection of medals, which included the 1837 Wyant medal and the 1847 Hudson Bay Gold Bay medal, of which only three were issued.

Major H. F. Osborne displayed his most complete U. S. collection and talked on the pleasure of collecting and how to keep up the interest of collecting in general. A standing vote of thanks was given Major Osborne.

Roy Hill made a motion that the Society should go on record to make a combined display of coins in the Public Library during Coin Week in 1942. The motion was laid over to the November meeting.

A successful auction was held.

Through the courtesy of the A. N. A. District Secretary in Venezuela, P. K. Anderson, we are able to furnish some information about the new currency in that country. Mr. Anderson states that he has seen the new 50-bolivare note, which shows upon the obverse a portrait of Simon Bolivar. The notes are dated April 25, 1941, and are issued at Caracas, the only issuing bank. The reverse of the notes are printed in orange. The notes were engraved by the American Bank Note Co., of New York.

In British Guiana sterling was so scarce at one time that retail traders used empty bottles as a form of currency among themselves. British Guiana natives accustomed to Dutch currency called the $\frac{1}{4}$ guilder a "bit." This term was later applied to the 4-penny piece, or groat, which was struck specially for the West Indies. The twopence in silver, known as a half-bit, is the lowest value for which items can be purchased, although the term "gill" has been applied to the quarter-bit, or penny.

The Falkland Islands currency is now entirely sterling, yet at one time there was such a small amount of currency circulating that a tabulation showed, beside English coinage, some 25 U. S. half dollars, and a single Portuguese coin of 25-cent size, which was disliked.

The kroon, as the standard of Esthonian currency, was based on gold, but no gold coinage has been issued.

HASSANI CURRENCY.

Hassani currency received its name from the Moroccan Sultan Mulai Hassan. During his reign one member of the consular corps stationed in the Moorish capital suggested that a uniform currency would prove a great blessing to his subjects. As a result an entirely new coinage for Morocco was issued, which was struck by the London, Berlin and Paris mints. The weight and fineness of the coins was specified by the Koran and is known as the Mecca standard.

The interesting part of the currency is further observed, if it is noted that "Hassan" also means "the good," and the legends on the coins virtually refer to the pieces as "the good," the pun creating a special demand for the issue, since the natives felt a particular affection for this series with a guaranteed inscription.

PANAMA TO INCREASE COINAGE FOR CIRCULATION.

According to a news dispatch recently received, President Arias of Panama has authorized the minting of 369,360 balboas in silver and nickel coins, which will be struck at the Philadelphia Mint. The new coinage is to be in the 50, 25, 10 and 5 centavo values. The balboa is legally the equivalent of the U. S. dollar.

CANADIAN BADGES.

A publication has lately been issued by a Canadian firm which illustrates all of the badge designs now in use by the Canadian forces in all branches of the service. A listing in the book also gives the approximate order of precedence. There are over 150 badges illustrated.

TWO-CENT LEGAL TENDER.

When the two-cent piece was authorized in 1864 it was made legal tender for twenty cents. The following year, when the three-cent nickel coin was authorized, the legal tender value of the two-cent piece was reduced to four cents, and it presumably remains at this figure, although other minor coins are legal tender up to twenty-five cents, according to the Act of 1873.

CZECHO-SLOVAKIAN DUCATS.

The series of Czecho-Slovakian ducats and multiples which were coined from 1923 to 1938 have no legal-tender value. They were coined only as souvenirs. The Bohemian ducats of the previous centuries had made such an impression upon the people that the commemorative coinage was struck.

PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY TO ISSUE BOOKLET.

The Pacific Coast Numismatic Society is now planning a booklet which will contain its constitution, by-laws, and a list of its members. There will be advertising in the final section, in order to help defray the costs of printing. Mr. Fogler, secretary of the society, is in charge of the booklet.

Ecuador authorized the coinage of 5 and 2 sucre gold coins specially in 1908. A few years prior, the 10-sucre (or condor) was authorized. While the largest value has been struck, the smaller denominations have not been noted, despite the fact that special legislation was passed.

The Gaj—The gaj is a money of account in Arabia. Twenty gaj are equal to one muhammadi.

THE CURRENCY OF THIBET.

The currency of Thibet is not upon a very standardized basis. The trangka is the monetary unit of the country, even though the rupee of India is widely used, particularly the 10-rupee notes. The trangka is valued at about six to the rupee. Although the trangka is nominally a silver coin, it is very much debased, and coins of good quality are scarce. In fact, according to travelers, the trangka itself is seldom seen, since inferior metal subsidiary coins are circulated instead. These smaller coins have names quite unfamiliar to the Western world, such as kakang (one-sixth of a trangka) the karmanga (one-third of the trangka), the cheyga (one-half of the trangka) and the shokang (two-thirds of the trangka). From these fractional divisions, it will be noted that divisions are duodecimal rather than decimal.

In general, the currency of Thibet is largely paper, since silver and gold (rarely minted) have a tendency to disappear from circulation.

There is record of a gold coin valued at 133 trangkas, as also of larger silver of the $3\frac{1}{2}$ and $6\frac{2}{3}$ trangkas values.

DID YOU KNOW.

THAT a national bank note, which has been stolen from a bank, and has the forged signature of a cashier or president added to it, is still redeemable at full face value.

THAT the dates 1882, 1908 appearing on national bank notes, refer to legislation passed in those years affecting National Currency.

SALES TAX ITEM.

Due to lack of sufficient sales tax tokens of regular State issue, the Spokane Retail Trade Bureau, Spokane, Wash., issued a white "emergency token, redeemable by Spokane stores for 3 per cent. sales tax token to August 1, 1941."

PLATINUM AGAIN USED AS MONEY.

In a recent trade agreement between the U. S. S. R. and the British Government it was agreed that payments be made by Russia in U. S. dollars, in gold, or in platinum, up to specified amounts.

According to reports in the newspapers, the release of metal for the manufacture of medals has been curtailed, and early in 1942 it will be impossible to secure metal for striking medals in any of the essential defense metals, for which there are now priority demands. It is possible that medals may be issued in silver, gold, or plastic material, but copper, bronze, aluminum and nickel are unprocureable.

Barbados, in the West Indies, is one of the places in the world where large-size currency still circulates. The new small-size notes have been ordered and printed, but will not be placed in circulation for another three or four years. Collectors will have to wait until then to secure the small size issues.

The American Numismatic Society has just released two monographs, Nos. 93 and 94. No. 93 is entitled: "Foreign Imitations of the English Noble," by Dr. Herbert E. Ives. No. 94 is by Prof. Louis C. West, and is on a classical problem: "Gold and Silver Standards in the Roman Empire."

YOUR ASSOCIATION CAN HELP YOU ENJOY YOUR HOBBY MORE.

“Believe it or not”

I Am Just as Anxious to Buy As I Am to Sell.

If you will just stop for a moment and investigate records, you will find that during the past forty years by far the greater percentage of all important collections offered and sold in this country have either been purchased or handled by me.

Of Course, There Is a Reason For It!

You owe it to yourself to at least just let me figure with you whenever you decide to part with your collection.

If your collection is only worth \$100, you will receive the same prompt and courteous reply as the \$100,000.00 collection receives.

Write me. Not the slightest obligation on your part.

B. MAX MEHL

Mehl Bldg., Fort Worth, Tex.

December Auction Sale

To Be Held December 15, 1941

Choice Consignment of United States Proofs in Copper, Silver, and Gold.

Rare Oriental Consignment **Choice Crowns**
Numismatic Literature **Gold pieces of all periods**

Many other items, with specimens in each series for every collector.

**CATALOGS HAVE BEEN MAILED. A REQUEST BRINGS YOU OUR
CATALOG WITHOUT OBLIGATION**

**PRICE LISTS FURNISHED WITHOUT CHARGE TO SUCCESSFUL
BIDDERS.**

We wish to thank our many numismatic friends who have co-operated to make these sales possible. The response which has been received ensures their continuance. Consignments of high caliber are solicited for our Spring Auction.

CHRISTMAS SPECIALS

PROOF SETS:

1893, Dollar, Half Dollar, Quarter, Dime, Nickel. Perfect Brilliant Proofs	\$15.00
1905, Half Dollar, Quarter Dime, Nickel, Cent. Perfect and Brilliant	9.00
1906, Half Dollar, Quarter, Dime, Nickel, Cent. Perfect and Brilliant	11.00
1907, Half Dollar, Quarter, Dime, Nickel, Cent. Perfect and Brilliant	12.00
1908, Half Dollar, Quarter, Dime, Nickel, Cent. Perfect and Brilliant	11.50
1909, Half Dollar, Quarter, Dime Nickel, Cent. Perfect and Brilliant	11.75
1910, Half Dollar, Quarter, Dime, Nickel, Cent. Perfect and Brilliant	11.00

COUNTERMARKED COINS: ALWAYS A POPULAR SERIES

SPANISH AMERICA, 8 Reales, Countermarked with arms of Brazil and Portugal. Very Fine	3.00
SPANISH AMERICA, 8 Reales, Countermarked 960 Reis for Brazil. Very Fine, scarce	5.00
PERU, 1824, 8 Reales, Countermarked by General Cantares during siege of Lima. Very Fine	3.00
NETHERLANDS, 28 Stuivers, 1681, Countermarked G. O. Fine	3.50
GERONA, 1 Duro, 1808, Ferdinand VII. Plain planchet with 2 countermarks. Fine	4.00
MAJORCA, 30 Sols, 1808, Ferdinand VII. Crowned arms. Rev. Value, date and wreath. Very Fine	4.50
PORTUGAL, 220 Reis, John IV. Raised to 280 Reis. Very Fine, crude	2.25
U. S. A. Cent. Countermarked Devins and Bolton. Fair, pierced	.50
HUNGARY, 10 Kreutzer, 1705, Rackozl. Countermark of Virgin and Child. Copper. Very Fine	1.00

POSTAGE PREPAID ON ORDERS OVER \$5.00

When in New York, be sure to visit us and see our fine selections in every series. REMEMBER: When you deal with NEW NETHERLANDS COIN CO., you are buying good coins at the right prices. Dealing with NEW NETHERLANDS COIN CO. is a reference in itself.

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Charles M. Wormser, David M. Bullowa, Associates

95 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

**WE WILL BUY
COMPLETE COLLECTIONS OR
INDIVIDUAL ITEMS OF**

U. S. COINS

**All Denominations
Proofs and Uncirculated**

GOLD COINS

U. S. \$2.50 TO \$50.00

U. S. PIONEER AND TERRITORIAL

**Can Use at once several
\$4.00 STELLAS AND \$50.00 SLUGS**

**We are also in the market to purchase many series of
Foreign Gold Coins**

**In replying please list condition and price wanted for
either the U. S. or Foreign Coins**

REMEMBER

**We will pay cash for your coins regardless
of the amount**

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Jos. B. Stack

Morton Stack

32 West 46th St., New York, N. Y.

CHRISTMAS GIFT SUGGESTIONS

Why not make this a NUMISMATIC Xmas? We have a diversified line of attractive Numismatic specialties that will make very acceptable gifts to both the beginner and advanced collector. Most of the cartons are picturesque, and colorful in design. Remember, such gifts to a non-collector, may start the individual on the road to numismatics.

We will wrap each package in holiday wrappings, with Xmas seals, enclosing a gift card, with your name as donor, upon request.

All items sent postpaid, except Aristocrat Cabinet, which is postage extra.

DEALERS: If you have a retail store, you will be pleasantly surprised at the extra sales you will make with our Hobby Line. Customary wholesale discounts to the trade. Place orders now for your Xmas business.



Treasure Chest Coin Collection

35 asst. foreign coins, plus prize coin which we retail between 50c and \$1. 5-color carton. Price \$1.

World Parade Coin Collection

20 diff. unc. coins from 20 diff. countries, plus prize coin. A colossal value for beginner or advanced collector. Multi-color carton. Price \$1.

Buccaneer Coin Collection

10 diff. U. S. & Foreign coins from 50 to 150 years old, plus prize coin, valued to 50c. 5-color box. Price \$1.

Buried Treasure Coin Mixture

300 asst. coins of the World, cir. and unc., plus prize coin, valued to \$1.50. 4-color carton. Price \$5.

Presidential Medals

33 diff. Presidential medals, size 25mm, mounted in gold and black die-cut holder. See page 134, Feb. '40, "Numismatist" for full page description. Aluminum, \$2.50; Goldene \$3. Both \$5.

Foreign Paper Money Collection

25 var. banknotes in attractive 5-color display envelope. Price \$5.00.

Globe Trotter Stamp Mixture

A superior stamp mixture, containing 2500 stamps, from 50 diff. countries, on and off paper, from World missions, plus prize set with cat. price of \$1.50. 5-color carton. An ideal gift. Price \$1.50.

Coins of the Zodiac

12 diff., size 25mm in goldene. Obverse zodiac designs, reverse, brief horoscope. Black and silver die-cut holder. See page 1001 Nov. '38 "Numismatist" for full page description. Price \$1.

Notgeld Collection

Notgeld emergency money issued by Germany, immediately following World War I. Becoming scarce; wrapped in cellophane. 100 diff. \$.75; 250 diff. \$2.50; 500 diff. \$5.

Coin Envelopes

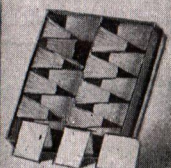
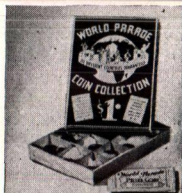
Size 2x2 kraft. Box of 1000, \$1.10. Cellophane, \$3.50.

Royal Coin Cabinet

Steel Cabinet with 2 drawers, 16 compartments. Holds to 2200 small cents conveniently filed. Moss green enamel. See page 812 Nov. '40 "Numismatist" for description. Cabinet with 1000 2x2 envelopes. Price \$2.75.

Aristocrat Coin Cabinet

Similar to Royal except double size and capacity. Partitions welded for permanency. See page 812 Nov. '40 "Numismatist" for description. Finished in grey-ripple enamel. Shipping weight 12 lbs. Cabinet with 1000 2x2 envelopes. Price \$5.



December Specials

1933	\$20.00	Abt. Uncirculated	\$800.00
1932	\$20.00	Uncirculated	125.00
1931	\$20.00	Uncirculated	125.00
1798	\$10.00	Extremely fine, 4 stars facing	250.00
1838	\$10.00	Extremely fine	60.00
1795	\$5.00	Large Heraldic Eagle, Uncirculated	500.00
1805	\$5.00	Uncirculated	35.00
1812	\$5.00	Uncirculated	35.00
1823	\$5.00	Very fine	95.00
1879	\$4.00	Stella, Proof, Flowing hair	225.00
1854	\$3.00	Uncirculated	7.50
1873	\$3.00	Very fine	100.00
1874	\$3.00	Uncirculated	7.50
1875	\$3.00	Brilliant Proof	2500.00
1876	\$3.00	Brilliant Proof	350.00
1878	\$3.00	Uncirculated	7.50
1863	\$2.50	Brilliant Proof	1000.00
Complete set of Gold Dollars, all mintmarks, 78 pcs., mostly Uncirculated and Proof coins, with a few of the common dates ex. fine			
Complete set of Eagles, 12 pcs. 1795-1804, including the rare 4 and 6 star facing 1798's. Uncirculated			
1915	\$50.00	Panama-Pacific Exposition, Octagon, Uncirculated	2000.00
1915	\$50.00	Panama-Pacific Exposition, Round, Uncirculated, in original box	275.00
1915	\$50.00	Panama-Pacific set, 5 pcs., Uncirculated, in metal case	650.00

Pioneer Gold Coins

1830	\$	2.50	Templeton Reid, fine to very fine	250.00
	\$	2.50	Christopher Bechtler 67G. 21C. Ex. fine	65.00
	\$	5.00	Christopher Bechtler, 134G. 21C. Ex. fine	40.00
1860	\$	2.50	Clark Gruber & Co., very fine	25.00
1861	\$	2.50	Clark Gruber & Co., very fine	25.00
1860	\$	10.00	Clark Gruber & Co., very fine	85.00
1861	\$	10.00	Clark Gruber & Co., very fine	35.00
1860	\$	20.00	Clark Gruber & Co., Ex. fine	1000.00
	\$	5.00	John Parsons & Co., very fine	3500.00
1849	\$	2.50	Utah, Extremely fine, a choice specimen	200.00
1849	\$	5.00	Utah, fine	49.50
1860	\$	5.00	Utah, Lion, Beehive, etc., Unc.	225.00
1850	\$	5.00	Baldwin & Co., Extremely fine	150.00
1850	\$	10.00	Baldwin & Co., Horseman, Ex. fine	950.00
1851	\$	50.00	Aug. Hum., Inc., With 50, Uncirculated	1250.00
1851	\$	50.00	Aug. Hum., Milled 887, Large Target, Ex. fine	400.00
1851	\$	50.00	Aug. Hum., Milled, 887, Small Target, Ex. fine	400.00
1852	\$	50.00	Aug. Hum., Milled, 887, Very fine	400.00
1852	\$	20.00	Aug. Hum., Extremely fine	250.00
1852	\$	10.00	Aug. Hum., Extremely fine	60.00
1854	\$	20.00	Kellogg & Co., Very fine	75.00
1855	\$	20.00	Kellogg & Co., Very fine	75.00
1849	\$	5.00	Norris, Grieg & Norris, Fine	45.00
1852	\$	50.00	United States Assay Office, Ex. fine	400.00
1853	\$	20.00	United States Assay Office, 884, Ex. fine	125.00
1852	\$	10.00	Wass Molitor, Small Head, fine to very fine	750.00
1855	\$	10.00	Wass Molitor, Ex. fine	75.00
1855	\$	20.00	Wass Molitor, Small head	250.00
1855	\$	50.00	Wass Molitor, Uncirculated, Earle Specimen	2500.00
1849	\$	5.00	Oregon Exchange Uncirculated	425.00

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Rare Coins Of The World

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UNITED STATES COINS

\$50.00	Wass Molitor 1855, Fine to V. F., all letters plain. RARE	\$575.00
\$20.00	Wass Molitor 1855, LARGE HEAD VARIETY. EXCESSIVELY RARE. Only three known, one of these in Yale College Museum, the other in famous collection and not for sale. Obv. Very Fine. Rev. Fine. Sold in Dr. Lawrence Sale, June, 1929 (lot 1406), for \$7,000.00. The outstanding coin value of 1941. Price	2000.00
\$10.00	1850 Baldwin, Horseman type, Restrike in Gold more rare than original. This is the one referred to in "Mint Record and Type Table of U. S. Coins," page 175. Believed to be unique. Rev. Broken Die. Unc.	350.00
\$ 5.00	1850 Mormon Unc. Brilliant. Excessively rare in this condition	110.00
\$ 5.00	C. Bechtler Rutherford. Variety 141 G, 20 C. Restrike, brilliant Proof. Not listed in Raymond's Catalog	85.00
\$ 1.00	1885 Trade Dollar, Brilliant Proof. Offered only ONE TIME at auction, Mehl's sale of Granberg Collection, 1913, and sold for \$1,140.00. ONLY FIVE COINED. A great rarity. Price	850.00
	CONFEDERATE CENT 1861. Bronze. Proof (only 55 struck). RARE	45.00
\$10.00	1873 Proof (only 825 all kinds struck). RARE	90.00
\$ 5.00	1796 E. Fine with Mint Luster, another rare one	90.00
\$ 1.00	1904 Lewis and Clark, Unc.	13.50
\$ 1.00	Silver, 1880-S, 1881-S, 1889-S, 1891-CC. The four, all unc. Cat.	\$45.00
		27.50

DEALERS ATTENTION

Choice 5c. Nickels, 1866 to 1937, inclusive. Some duplicates, all Brill. Unc. Sold only as lot. Write for price.
 LINCOLN CENTS, 1910 to 1937, inclusive, BRILLIANT UNCIRCULATED. Many duplicates. A choice dealer's stock. Write for price.

BOOKS

Skelton. Current Gold and Silver Coins of all civilized countries of the world. Giving their weight, fineness and exchange value. London, 1862 \$6.00
 BURKE, Sir Bernard. The Order of Knighthood and Decorations of Honor. Pub. London 1858. 362 pages, 100 plates in original colors. The most complete work of its kind. Rebound in red fabrikoid, title in gold on backstrip. Cost \$35.00 some years ago 25.00

SHORT, Adam. Exchange and Finance of Canada. Vols. 1 and 2, published at \$3.00 per volume, 1925. Text in both French and English. 1059 pages, paper cover. Special, 2 Vols.	4.00
LANE-POOLE, Stanley, Coins and Medals, London, 1885. Half leather, 269 pages with cuts throughout text. Cost \$5.00. Special	4.00
RACKUS, Dr. A. M. Guthones. 407 pages, cloth bound with cuts throughout dealing with coins of the Goths	1.00
Virtuosos Companion and Coin Collectors Guide. London, 1796. Vols. 3, 4, 5 and 6 bound in one. 180 plates, together with descriptive matter. Cost \$7.50 years ago. Newly rebound, title in gold. Special	5.00
Rogers, the 2nd and 3rd Seleucid Coinage of Tyre. Numismatic Notes and Monographs No. 34, 33 pages. 4 plates, Reg. \$1.50. Special	1.00
BELLINGER. The Anonymous Byzantine Bronze Coinage. Numismatic Notes and Monograph No. 35. 27 pages, 4 plates, Reg. \$1.50. Special	1.00
HILL. Coins of Narbonensis With Iberian Inscriptions, Num. Notes and Monograph No. 44. 39 pages, 6 plates, Reg. \$1.00. Special	.75
NEWELL, E. T. The Kuchuk Kohne Hoard, Num. Notes and Mono. No. 46. 33 pages, 4 plates, Reg. \$1.00. Special	.75
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Al-Walid-Miles, A Byzantine Weight Validated. Num. Notes and Mono. No. 87. 11 pages, 1 plate	.50
HUMPHREYS, Henry Noel, Ancient Coins and Medals. London, 1851. 208 pages, 1 plate. Newly rebound showing facsimile of coins made from impressions in original colors. Title in gold	4.50
NEWLIN—The Early Half Dimes, 1933. Reprint. Paper Cover	.35
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All Rare U. S. Gold, Silver, Copper and Nickel Coins.

Also Rare Foreign Gold Coins Bought, Sold and Exchanged.

We Also Buy Coin Books and Plate Catalogues.

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SPECIAL COMMEMORATIVE HALF DOLLAR SALE.**ALL UNCIRCULATED BRILLIANT.**

1892 COLUMBIAN	\$.85	1935 SAN DIEGO	\$ 1.25
1893 COLUMBIAN	.75	1935 OLD SPANISH TRAIL	4.25
1893 ISABELLA \$1/4	2.00	1935 TEXAS	1.20
1900 LAFAYETTE \$1	4.00	1935 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	10.00	1936 RHODE ISLAND	1.20
1918 LINCOLN	1.15	1936 RHODE ISLAND, D & S	2.90
1920 MAINE	2.70	1936 ARKANSAS	1.60
1920 PILGRIM	1.10	1936 ARKANSAS, D & S	2.70
1921 PILGRIM	4.90	1936 ARKANSAS, ROBINSON ..	1.25
1921 MISSOURI {		1936 TEXAS	1.20
1921 MISSOURI 2*4 } Set.....	32.00	1936 TEXAS, D & S	2.40
1921 ALABAMA	3.25	1936 BOONE	1.70
1921 ALABAMA 2x2	9.25	1936 BOONE, D & S	5.80
1922 GRANT	1.40	1936 CINCINNATI, P,D,&S Set	16.50
1922 GRANT "STAR"	40.00	1936 CLEVELAND	1.00
1923 MONROE	1.20	1936 OREGON TRAIL	1.15
1924 HUGUENOT	1.70	1936 OREGON TRAIL, S	4.50
1925 LEXINGTON	1.25	1936 LYNCHBURG	1.95
1925 STONE MOUNTAIN	.85	1936 LONG ISLAND	1.10
1925 CALIFORNIA	1.70	1936 COLUMBIA S. C., P D & S	6.10
1925 VANCOUVER	5.70	1936 WISCONSIN	1.20
1925 NORSE, THIN	2.25	1936 YORK COUNTY	1.25
1925 NORSE, THICK	1.25	1936 ELGIN	1.40
1926 SESQUI	1.20	1936 BRIDGEPORT	1.45
1926 OREGON	1.15	1936 ALBANY	1.50
1926 OREGON, S	1.25	1936 SAN FRANCISCO BRIDGE	1.50
1927 BENNINGTON	2.00	1936 NORFOLK	1.50
1928 HAWAII	9.90	1936 SAN DIEGO, D	1.50
1928 OREGON	2.50	1936 SWEDISH DELAWARE	1.60
1933 OREGON, D	5.00	1936 GETTYSBURG, P	2.00
1934 OREGON, D	2.50	1937 SIR WALTER RALEIGH	2.00
1934 MARYLAND	1.20	1937 OREGON TRAIL, D	1.15
1934 TEXAS	1.05	1937 BOONE, P, D & S	20.00
1934 BOONE	2.00	1937 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.00
1935 BOONE	1.60	1937 ANTIETAM	2.00
1935 BOONE, D & S	6.00	1937 TEXAS, P, D & S	3.95
1935 BOONE, SMALL 1934	1.25	1938 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	11.50
1935 BOONE, D. SM. 1934 } Set	28.25	1938 NEW ROCHELLE	2.00
1935 BOONE, S. SM. 1934 }		1938 BOONE, P, D & S	
1935 CONNECTICUT	2.35	1938 TEXAS, P, D & S	12.00
1935 ARKANSAS	1.45	1938 OREGON, P, D & S	4.75
1935 ARKANSAS, D & S	5.90	1939 ARKANSAS, P, D & S	20.75
1935 HUDSON	5.50	1939 OREGON TRAIL, P, D & S	14.85

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD COINS.

1903 JEFFERSON	\$ 5.15	1917 McKINLEY	\$ 6.50
1903 McKINLEY	4.95	1922 GRANT	9.40
1904 LEWIS & CLARK	14.85	1922 GRANT "STAR"	6.25
1905 LEWIS & CLARK	13.95	1926 \$2.50 SESQUI	5.25
1915 PAN-PACIFIC	3.95	1915 PAN-PACIFIC \$2.50	16.50
1916 McKINLEY	4.15		

PAN-PAC. Set of 4 gold, 1 silver, Easel, Frame\$620.00

TERMS: NET CASH WITH ORDER. \$5.00 or over, postpaid and insured.

WILLIAM J. SCHULTZ

419 First National Bank Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Samples From Our Stock

HALF CENTS

- 1795 G. 1, Pole to cap, lettered edge. Uncirculated, with proof surface, slight rubbing on highest hair locks. Price on application.
 1796 Without pole to cap. Would classify as about extremely fine. Excessively rare in such choice condition. Price on application.
 1797 G. 4a. 1 over 1 in date, broken obverse die. Uncirculated. Price on application.

LARGE CENTS

- 1793 Chain, America very fine. Price on application.
 1799 D. 138, very fine. Price on application.
 1804 Extremely fine, about uncirculated. Seldom obtainable in such choice condition. Price on application.
 1805 Blunt 1, uncirculated, lustrous black. Price on application.
 1805 Blunt 1, uncirculated, lustrous olive. Price on application.
 1807 over 6, extremely fine. Price on application.
 1826 A. 5, proof red and olive. Price on application.
 1841 A. 1, brilliant red proof. GEM. Price on application.

HALF DIMES

- 1794 Extremely fine. Price on application.
 1796 Extremely fine. Price on application.
 1796 About uncirculated. Price on application.
 1800 Valentine 12, uncirculated. Price on application.
 1800 Libekty, uncirculated. Price on application.
 1800 Perfect date, extremely fine. Price on application.
 1853-O No arrows, extremely fine. Price on application.

NICKELS

- 1926-S Uncirculated. Price on application.

HALF DOLLARS

- 1795 About uncirculated. Price on application.

SILVER DOLLARS

- 1795 3 Leaves, very fine. Price on application.
 1795 Bust type, about uncirculated. Price on application.
 1796 Small date and letters, extremely fine, about uncirculated. Price on application.
 1798 Large eagle, uncirculated. Price on application.
 1798 Large eagle, extremely fine. Price on application.
 1798 Small eagle 13 stars, about extremely fine. Price on application.
 1798 Small eagle 15 stars extremely fine. Price on application.
 1799 Over 98, uncirculated. Price on application.
 1799 Extremely fine. Price on application.
 1799 15 Stars, about extremely fine. Price on application.
 1800 Extremely fine. Price on application.

Any of the above will be sent on approval to interested parties.

These are only a few items picked from our stock. Want lists given personal attention. We may have the very coins you need.

COIN AUCTIONS HELD REGULARLY

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704 Grand (A. M. Kagin, Mgr. Paul Kagin, Associate), Des Moines, Iowa.

Also at

1522 Harney Street (J. S. Schreiber, Mgr.), Omaha, Nebr.

UNITED STATES GOLD

HALF EAGLES

1795 Ex. Fine \$55.00. Very Fine \$50.00	1859 Very Fine	12.00
1798 Very fine, sm. nick on cheek	1859-C Very Fine \$11.00. V. G.	10.00
1800 Fine, \$16.00. Good	1860-D Very Fine	11.00
1803 Unc. \$18.50. X.F. \$17.00. V.F.	1861 Unc.	11.00
1806 Very Fine, Pointed 6	1861-D Fine	30.00
1806 Knob to 6, Unc. \$20.00. V.F.	1869-S Very Fine	11.00
1807 Ex. Fine \$18.00. Fine	1870-S Very Fine	11.00
1807 Head to left, Ex. Fine	1871-S Fine	15.00
1809 Ex. Fine	1872-S Very Fine	11.00
1811 Unc. \$18.50. V.F. \$16.50. V.G.	1873 Ex. Fine	11.00
1811 Small 5, Very Fine	1874 Very Good	18.00
1813 Very Good	1874-CC Very Good	10.00
1834 Very Fine	1877-S Very Fine	12.00
1835 Ex. Fine	1878 Very Fine	10.00
1836 Unc., proof surf., \$15.00.	1878-S Ex. Fine	10.00
X. F.	1879 Ex. Fine	11.00
1836 Ex. Fine, cracked die	1881 Proof, light scratches	15.00
1838 Ex. Fine \$11.00. V. F.	1881-82-83-84 Unc., each	9.50
1839 Very Fine \$12.00. Fine	1883-CC Fine	10.50
1839-D Very Fine	1886-S Unc., proof surface	11.00
1840 Fine	1890-CC Very Fine \$12.00. Fine	11.00
1841-D Very Fine, small D	1891-CC Ex. Fine \$11.00. V. F.	10.00
1842-D Ex. Fine, large letters	1892 Ex. Fine, proof surf.	11.00
1842-D Very Fine, small letters	1892-CC Very Fine \$10.50. Fine	10.00
1843 Ex. Fine	1893-S Ex. Fine	10.00
1843-D Very Fine	1893-O Unc. \$12.00. X. F.	11.00
1843-O Fine	1893-CC Ex. Fine \$12.00. V. F.	11.00
1844 Ex. Fine	1894 Ex. Fine	10.00
1844-D Very Fine	1894-O Fine	11.00
1844-O Fine	1894-S Unc.	10.50
1845 Ex. Fine	1896 Fine	10.00
1846 Very Fine, small date	1897 Unc.	10.50
1846 Very Fine, large date	1901-S Unc.	10.00
1846-D Fine	1902 Ex. Fine	10.00
1847 Ex. Fine	1905-S Very Fine	9.50
1847-D Fine, rev. X. F.	1905 Unc.	10.50
1847-C Ex. Fine \$11.00. Fine	1906-D Unc.	10.50
1848 Fine	1906-S Unc., proof surf.	11.00
1848-D Fine	1907 Brill. Proof	20.00
1848-C Very Good	1907-08 Unc., each	10.00
1849-D Fine	1907-D Unc.	10.50
1849-C Very Good	1908-08-D Indian Head, Unc.	10.00
1851 Very Fine	1908-S Unc. \$15.00. Fine	12.00
1851-C Very Fine	1909-D or S Unc.	10.00
1852 Ex. Fine	1910-10-S Unc.	10.00
1852-D Very Fine \$11.00. Very Good	1911-12-13-14-15 Unc.	9.50
1852-C Very Fine	1912-S, 14-S, 15-S Very Fine	9.50
1853 Very Fine, die break	1915 Very Fine	9.50
1853-D Very Fine	1916-S Unc.	11.00
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1856-D Ex. Fine	1850 Moffat & Co., X. F. Attempted puncture near edge of obv.	18.00
1856-C Very Fine		
1856-S Ex. Fine \$15.00. V. F.		
1857 Ex. Fine		
1857-D Ex. Fine		
1857-O Very Fine		
1857-S Ex. Fine		
1858 Unc.		
1858-D Unc. \$12.50. V. F. \$11.00		
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1794 very good	3.75
1795 good	2.75
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1804 crosslet 4, v. f. with stems	2.00
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1810 fine	3.00
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1805 VERY FINE	52.00
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1846 FINE	13.50

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1801 Very good	11.25
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1803 Very good	18.50
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1811 over 9, X. G.	6.50
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1917-D I BR. UNC.	6.75

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1929	.90
1929-S	1.35
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VERY FINE	17.50
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ler's restrike. Crosby's	
page 371, coin No. 25 ...	35.00



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1. AUSTRIA, 25 schillings 1937. St. Leopold. Rare date. Brill. proof	\$12.00
2. BRAZIL, 4000 reis 1823, Rio mint. Bust of Peter I in the uniform of an admiral. Very rare. Unc.	42.50
3. 20,000 reis 1851, large-letter type. Peter II, bearded. E. F.	32.50
4. 10,000 reis 1873, similar design as above. Unc.	18.50
5. 10,000 reis 1907. Liberty head. This value rare, seldom seen. Unc.	29.00
6. CHILE, 1 peso 1864. Female standing by altar. Brilliant Unc.	3.50
7. 10 pesos 1872, similar. Brilliant mint state. A splendid example	24.00
8. COLOMBIA, 1 escudo 1824, Popayan mint. Liberty head. E. F., choice	5.75
9. EGYPT 100 piastres 1872. Toughra in plain field. Yellow gold. Unc.	15.00
10. 100 piastres 1888, large type, red gold. New design. Scarce. Unc.	15.00
11. 100 piastres 1916, struck at Bombay, India, for Sultan Hussein Kamil during the World War when Egypt broke away from Turkey and became an Independent Sultanate. Value and date in English. Rare. Unc.	20.00
12. FINLAND, 10 markkaa 1878. Russian eagle. Brill. Unc.	7.75
13. 10 markkaa 1881. Similar. Brilliant semi-proof	8.50
14. FRANCE, 40 francs 1810 W. Head of Napoleon. Unc. full lustre	24.50
15. 20 francs 1815A, the 100 days coin. Napoleon head. Unc.	15.00
16. 40 francs 1818W. Head of Louis XVIII. Very scarce. Almost Unc.	22.00
17. 20 francs 1815A. Head of Louis XVIII. Brilliant Unc.	11.50
18. 40 francs 1828A. Head of Charles X. Brilliant Unc.	23.50
19. 20 francs 1828A. Head of Charles X. Brilliant Unc.	11.00
21. 20 francs 1848A. Head of Louis Philippe. Brilliant proof	17.50
22. 20 francs 1848, 2nd Republic. Angel type. Brilliant proof	18.50
23. 20 francs 1851A. Head of Ceres. Unc.	9.50
24. 10 francs 1851A. Ceres head. This value scarce. Unc.	9.50
25. 20 francs 1852. Head of Louis Napoleon Bonaparte as President of the 2nd Republic. Only year struck. Brill. proof gem	20.00
26. 20 francs 1854. Plain head of Napoleon III. Brill. proof	17.50
27. 10 francs 1858, similar to above. Brill. Unc.	6.75
28. 20 francs 1869. Laureate head of Napoleon III. Unc.	9.50
29. 10 francs 1867. Similar to above. Brilliant Unc.	6.75
30. 5 francs 1866. Similar. Brilliant Unc.	3.75
31. 20 francs 1905. Liberty head. Rev. Rooster. Unc.	9.00
32. GREAT BRITAIN, ½ sovereign 1821. George IV. The recalled type. Proof	17.00
33. 1 sovereign 1853. Young head of Victoria. Brilliant proof	20.00
34. HYDERABAD, 1 mohur 1916. Persian temple. Brill. Unc. gem	24.00
35. ½ mohur 1907. Similar to above, but scarcer. Brill. Unc.	15.00
36. MADRAS, 2 pagodas 1815, 22mm. Indian pagoda surrounded by stars. Rev. Figure of an idol. Brilliant Unc. Rare	15.00
37. MECKLENBURG-STRELITZ, 20 marks 1905. Head of Adolphe. Proof	30.00
38. NEPAL, 1 mohur 1800. Square in circle. Rev. Wheel. Unc.	16.50
39. ¼ mohur 1890, 21mm. Trident design. Unc.	9.50
40. ¼ mohur 1910, 19mm. Trident. Brilliant Unc. proof like	10.00
41. PERSIA, ½ toman 1919. Bust of Ahmed in costume. Unc.	3.50
42. PHILIPPINES, 4 pesos 1868. Isabella of Spain. E. F. lustre	9.75
43. 1 peso 1868. Similar to above. Brilliant Unc.	4.25
44. POLAND, 20 zloty or 3 roubles 1834. Russian eagle. V. F.	8.00
45. RUSSIA, 3 roubles 1877, a scarce value. Brilliant Unc.	8.00
46. SCHAUMBURG-LIPPE, 20 marks 1904. Head of Georg. Proof and rare	30.00
47. SPAIN, 20 reales 1861. Head of Isabella. Unc.	5.25
48. SWEDEN, 5 kronor 1920. Head of Gustav V. Unc.	4.25
49. SWITZERLAND, 20 francs 1871. Arms and value. 30 pieces struck. Proof	45.00
50. 20 francs 1873, Brussels mint. Seated Helvetia. Rev. Value and date with dot above and below. Only 80 pieces struck. Proof	35.00
51. Geneva, Republic and Canton, 20 francs 1848. Arms. Proof	23.50
52. TURKEY, 2 sequins or ducats 1820 of Mahmud II. Toughra within circle and wreath. Brill. Unc. gem, very rare in this condition	15.00
53. ½ sequin 1834, different design with toughra. Brill. Unc.	5.00
54. 100 piastres 1909, "Monnaie de luxe": broad and thin, 35mm, an unpublished variety. Struck by Sultan Abdul Hamid II for presentation to the ladies of his harem. Toughra and inscriptions in ornamental border. A beautiful show piece. Brilliant proof	20.00

The above coins will be sent on approval against references.

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Recent Acquisitions Of RUSSIAN COINS

1	Alexei Michailowitsch , 1645-1676. Necessity Ruble 1654. Czar with crown and scepter in streaming coat mounted to r. Rx. Crowned double eagle in richly decorated square. Schubert 64 note. Reichel 4569. Extr. fine	\$20.00
2	Necessity Ruble (Jefimok) 1655. Cross Taler, 1650, of Philip IV, struck at Brussels, counterstamped with: Czar mounted to r. and the date, 16SS. Schubert 67 K. Compare Maillet 98, 4. Planchet cracked, fine	12.00
3	Necessity Ruble (Jefimok) 1655. Cross Taler without date of Albert and Elizabeth, struck at Brabant and counterstamped as the preceding coin. Schubert 67 L. Very fine	17.50
4	Peter I , 1698-1725. Ruble 1705. Schubert 160. Very f.	7.50
5	Ruble 1705. Schubert 161. Fine	4.50
6	Ruble 1707. Bust r. Rx. Double eagle, date below. Schubert 164. Very fine	8.50
7	Ruble 1714, altered date. Bust r. Rx. Double eagle, date in Roman numerals. Schubert 174. Very fine	15.00
8	Ruble 1719 with OK on the truncation of the arm. Very fine	3.50
9	Ruble 1720. Similar to the preceding. Very fine	3.00
10	Ruble 1721. Extr. fine	4.00
11	Ruble 1723. Bust r. Rx. Four crowned initials arranged in form of cross. Very fine	3.00
12	Ruble 1723: Same as the preceding, but double eagle on the armor and without mm. Very fine	4.00
13	Ruble 1724. Similar to the preceding. Very fine	3.00
14	Ruble 1725. Large bust r., CQb below. Very fine	7.50
15	Catherine I , 1725-1727. Mourning Ruble 1725. Bust without crown to left. Rx. Crowned double eagle. Giel 3. Fine	8.00
16	Ruble 1725. Bust crowned and mm. below the eagle. Very fine	5.00
17	Ruble 1727. Similar to the preceding. Very fine	4.00
18	Peter II , 1727-1729. Ruble 1728. Very fine	4.00
19	Ruble 1729. Very fine	2.50
20	Anne , 1730-1740. Ruble 1732. Very fine	3.00
21	Ruble 1733. Fine	2.50
22	Ruble 1734. Very fine	4.00
23	Ruble 1734. Same as the preceding, but bust dividing legend and crown of double eagle dividing date. Giel 3. Grandduke Michailowitch VII, 7. Very fine and rare	8.00
24	Iwan III , 1740-1741. Rouble 1741, struck at Petersburg. Iljin 2. Loop removed, otherwise very fine	9.00
25	Half Ruble 1741. Iljin 3. Extr. fine	12.50
26	Elizabeth , 1741-1762. Ducat 1748. Iljin 1. Extr. fine	25.00
27	Nicholas I , 1825-1855. Ten Rubles 1836. Conjoined busts of the Imperial couple left. Rx. Value. G. M. 12, 1. Very fine	90.00
28	Alexander II , 1855-1881. Pattern 10 Kopecks 1871 struck in nickel. Head right. Rx. Value and date in wreath. Giel 539 note. Proof	12.50
29	Nicholas II , 1894-1917. 15 Rubles 1897. Head l. Rx. Crowned double eagle. Iljin 1. Very fine	20.00
30	15 Rubles 1897. Same as the preceding but legend extends under the truncation of the neck. Iljin 4. Very fine	20.00

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1917-D (I)	14.00	1921-P	28.00	1927-D	2.80
1917-P (II)	4.80	1923-P	3.20	1928-P	2.80
1917-S (II)	8.00	1923-S	10.00	1928-S	3.20
1917-D (II)	14.00	1924-P	2.40	1928-D	2.00
1918-P	6.00	1924-S	7.20	1929-P	1.20
1918-S	6.40	1924-D	2.80	1929-S	1.60
1918-D	8.00	1925-P	1.60	1929-D	1.60
1919-P	10.00	1926-P	1.60	1930-P	1.60
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FIXED PRICE LIST OF GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS from 1700 up to date in preparation. FREE UPON REQUEST.

WITTLIN, INC.

1681 BROADWAY

NEW YORK CITY

The Coin Store on Broadway

A. WITTLIN

P. H. WITTLIN

F. STERNBERG—Expert

Rare Sales Tax Tokens, printed on wood, Tenino, Washington. No Date. Obverse, large donkey head; below, "Is his face red." Reverse, "Redeemable for Sales Tax, 1-5th Cent. Thurston County Independent. Tenino Washington." Unc. V. rare \$1.00.

Same, 1935. Donkey running small donkey head to left or right, reverse printed in green as above. Unc. Rare. Each 75c.

Same without donkey, blank one side, printed in red. Unc. 15c.

Same printed in blue, Unc. Scarce 25c.

Paramount Service, printed in red, Unc. 15c.

L. A. McLain, printed in red, Unc. 15c. Same. Printed in blue, Unc. 25c.

Jiffy Lunch, printed in blue, Unc. 25c. State of Washington, 4 diff. 1 aluminum, 2 cardboard, gray and yellow. 1 fiber. Series A, B, C, D. The fiber

3%. Unc. set of 4, 30c.

Spokane Retail Sales Bureau, 1941, cardboard, 3%. Unc. 5c. 3 for 10c.

Rainer Packing Co., 1935, Value 1/5 cent. Cardboard. Unc. Scarce, 25c.

Rhodes Department Store, 1935. 1 Sales Tax token. Cardboard. Unc. 25c. Scarce.

Mecca, 5 Point Cafe, 1935. This receipt exchangeable for one Washington Sales Tax token. Cardboard. Unc. 15c.

San Francisco Milk Money. Good for 1/2 Cent. Cardboard, on milk-bottle caps. Unc., scarce 5c.

Gillespie, Ills., 1/4 Cent, redeemable in United States Money. Brass. Unc. 25c.

Rock Island, Ills., 1/4 Cent Aluminum. Unc. 15c.

Same in bronze, Unc., rare 35c.

Carbondale, Ill., 1/4 cent, Aluminum. Unc., rare 35c.

Jacksonville, Ill., 1/4 cent, brass, Unc. 25c.

Arcola, Ill., 1/4 cent. Bronze, Unc. 25c.

Arctic Ice Co., Louisville, Ky., good on 5c and 10c sales. Brass, Unc., v. scarce, pair 40c.

Illinois, retailers occupation token, Aluminum, round and square, Unc., the pair 25c.

New Mexico, 1 and 5 mill. Aluminum and Copper, Unc., the pair 35c.

Missouri, 1-5 mills, Cardboard, Unc., the pair 25c.

Same. Struck in Zinc, Unc., the pair 15c.

Oklahoma Consumers Tax Check, 1-5 mills, Aluminum and Brass, Unc., the pair 15c.

Colorado, 1935, and second issue, Aluminum, square and round, Unc., the pair 5c.

U. S. Cents. 1911, S mint, v. fine 25c., fine 15c., good 10c.

1912 S mint. Extremely fine 50c., v. fine 35c., fine 20c.

1924-D, extremely fine, v. scarce, 85c., v. fine 50c., fine 30c., good 10c.

1940-D mint, Unc. br., Roll of 50, 95c.

Postage and insurance extra on orders all above orders.

U. S. 5c. Nickels. 1931-S mint, extremely fine, sharp, 15c., 5 for 55c.

English Trades Tokens before 1800, all halfpennies, fine, each 20c., 3 diff. 50c.

Copper coins from English Colonies, halfpennies, fine, 5 diff. 25c.

Canadian Tokens, halfpennies, includes a Sou and Ships token, fine, 5 diff. 35c.

French Colonies, about 1830, Chas. X. his portrait, large copper 5 centimes, fine 15c.

Same about 1840, Louis Philippe, 10 centimes, fine 20c. Same, 5 Centimes, fine 15c.

Liberia, 1833. Copper 1 Cent. Nude man holding palm tree, fine, scarce 25c. 1847 2 Cent, obverse Head of Liberty, reverse palm tree, fine 40c.

Same 1862, 1 Cent, fine 25c.

Dutch East Indies from 1740 to 1810. Copper 1 doitt. V. O. C. in monogram, fine 20c., about fine 15c.

Same, 1/2 doitt, fine 20c.

U. S. Dollar. 1900 O mint, about Unc. \$1.85.

Same. Die breaks rev. about Unc. \$2. 1921, last year of Morgan type, D mint, Unc. \$1.95.

1923-D Unc. \$1.35.

1926-D Unc. \$1.25.

U. S. Hard Times token or Jackson Cent. Low No. 16. Verplank for next Governor. (Catalogue fine \$10.00.) Special, v. fine \$3.50.

25 diff. Foreign Nickel coins, mostly twentieth century, some from the last war, fine to extremely fine. Getting very scarce. 25 diff. only 85c.

10 diff. Foreign Copper coins, 1/4 and 1/2 Dollar size, fine. The 10 diff. only 15c.

Brazil 1828. Copper 40 Reis struck over 80, large, struck in Rio, fine, scarce 25c.

1830, '31 and 1832, large 80 Reis, struck in Rio, fine, each 25c.

1820 40 Reis. XL, struck in Rio, v. fine 25c.

Republic of China, large copper 10 cash, includes a scarce one with flags, fine, 5 diff. 25c.

Lundy Island, 1929, copper 1 and 1/2 Puffin, obverse portrait of the deposed king, Martin Coles Harmon, Rev. The Puffin Bird. Unc. bright red, scarce. The pair 30c.

10 diff. Foreign silver coins, dime size, fine or better, 10 diff. only 40c.

Portugal, 1799, Peter II, Copper 5 Reis, v. good 25c.

Same 1 1/4 Reis, v. fine 40c.

San Francisco World's Fair Medal, 1939, obverse the Bay Bridge, reverse Treasure Island larger than 1/2 dollar, Unc., br. 40c.

U. S. Cents. 1914 S Mint. One lot of 25, good or better, the lot only \$1.40.

1922-D one lot of 28, fine to extremely fine, lot only \$2.00. Only one lot of each on hand.

under \$5.00. Net cash in advance with

FRED GREENCLAY, 1626 Washington St., Denver, Colo.

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P. H. CHASE

P. O. Box 150, Bala-Cynwyd, Pa.

SILVER DOLLARS PHILADELPHIA MINT

1927, Uncirculated \$2.75
1922, Uncirculated 1.50

Postage Extra Less Than \$5.00

EDWIN MARSHALL

233 Trent Rd.

West Park Sta., Philadelphia, Pa.

NICE COLLECTION OF LARGE CENTS

1793 C. 6-F	1813 D-222	1829 S. L.	1842 L. D.
1794	1814 pl. 4	1829 L. L.	1842 S. D.
1795	1814 Cr. 4	1830 A. 8	1843 Ty. '42
1796	1816	1830 L. L.	1843
1797	1817 W. D.	1831 S. L.	1843 Ty. '44
1798 S. D.	1817 C. D.	1831 L. L.	1844
1798 L. D.	1817 15 S.	1832 S. L.	1845
1798 ov. '97	1818	1832 L. L.	1846 S. D.
1799	1819 S. D.	1833 S. L.	1846 L. D.
1800 ov. 179	1819 L. D.	1833 L. L.	1847
1800	1819 ov. '18	1834 S. D.	1848
1801	1820 L. D.	1834 S. L.	1849
1802 No S.	1820 S. D.	1825	1850
1802-1/000	1821	1836	1851
1802-1/100	1822 W. D.	1837 L. L.	1852
1803 L. F.	1822 C. D.	1837 S. D.	1853
1803 S. F.	1823	1837	1854
1803 No S.	1824	1838 A. 1	1855 S. 5
1804	1825 L. A.	1839 B. H.	1855 W. 5
1805	1825 S. A.	1839 S. H.	1855 Knob
1806	1826	1839 Ty. '40	1856 W. 5
1807	1827	1840 L. D.	1856 S. 5
1808	1828 S. D.	1840 S. D.	1857 L. D.
1810	1828 L. D.	1841	1857 S. D.
1812			

First check for \$70.00 Takes the Lot.

Nice Run of Half Dollars—1809, '10, '12, '12 ov. '11, '13, '17, '18, '19, '20, '21, '22, '23, '24, '25, '26, '27, '28, '29, '30 S. D., '30 L. D., '31, '32, '33, '34 L. D., '34 S. D., '35, '36, '37, '38, '46-O, '55-O, '58, '61, '71, '73, '95, '97. **Lot \$25.00.**
 What am I offered for one hundred 1883 Nickels, unc., "No Cents." Closing out all my duplicates. May have what you need.

F. J. SCHAEFER

Jenkentown, P. O. Noble, Pa.

HALF CENTS.		DIMES		1807 F.		1.75
1804 Xdy VF & Spiked Chin VF		1833 Unc.	1.50	1809 VG		1.00
ea.	\$1.25	1889 Abt. Unc.	.60	1811 VG		1.10
1805 Lg. 5, Stems F	1.00	1891 Abt. Unc.	.60	1823, '29, '30, '31, '34 F, ea.		.85
1808 F.	1.00	1897 XF	.60	1832, '37 VF, ea.		1.00
1809 VF.	1.25	1900-S XF	1.75	1857-S G-VG		2.50
1810 G.	1.25	1907-S XF	.75	1873-CC Arrows, VF but shield and drape retouched.		10.00
1826 XF.	1.00	1912-S XF	.80	1873-CC No arrows, G.		7.00
1828 13*, XF	1.00	1914 XF	.50	1874, '74-S G		.75
1832 Abt. Unc.	1.25	1892-S F	1.00	1876 XF		1.00
1833 Unc.	1.50	1897-S F	.75	1876 F		.85
1834 Unc.	1.50	1898-S F	1.00	1913-S G		1.25
1834 XF	1.25	1894-O V Fair	.75	1936 Texas PDS set, \$3.00. Single		1.10
1834 VF	1.00	1896-O G	.85			
1835 Abt. Unc.	1.25	1901-S, '04-S, G-VG ea.	.55			
1850 Abt. Unc.	1.50					
1853 XF	1.00					
1857 XF	1.50					
LARGE CENTS		QUARTERS		DOLLARS		
1794 Obv. VG, Rev. Pr.	1.50	1905, '11, '12 Unc. ea.	1.20	1795 F, but holed		3.75
1798 F.	2.00	1909-D, '15-D Unc. ea.	2.00	1798 F		5.00
1800 VG	1.50	1916-D Unc.	1.50	1799 F		5.50
1805 G	2.00	1905-S Unc.	3.50	1799 VG		5.00
1806 G	1.50	1915-S XF	2.00	1802 Over 1 VF		6.00
1807 Over 6, G	1.00	1899-S and '08-S F-VF, ea.	1.00	1872 G		1.35
1812 F	1.00	1911-S F	1.00	1922-S, '26-S Unc. ea.		1.50
1814 F	1.50	1915-S F-VF	.75			
1817 13*, F	1.00	1917-S I Unc.	6.75	Pradeau's Numismatic History of Mexico, unused, \$4.75.		
1822 VF	1.50	1918-S X F	2.50	Adams' Private Gold, VG \$1.75.		
G.	2.00	1919-S, D, G, ea.	1.00	10 Different broken-bank bills, most Unc., 50c.		
1830 Lg. Ltrs. VF	1.00	1917-D, '28-S, '29-S, '30-S, '32-S D, F-XF, ea.	.50	\$9.75 face Fractional Currency, Very Fair to Unc., \$13.00.		
1836, '37, '40, '42 VF ea.	1.00	1875-CC 20c. piece, G	1.25			
1838 XF	1.25					
1847 XF	1.00					
HALF DIMES		HALVES				
1834 Unc.	1.25	1806 F, Pointed 6	2.25			
surface	1.25	1806 G, Pointed 6	1.35			
		Your wants solicited.				

PROOF SETS

1937—Cent, Nickel, Dime, $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollar, $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollar	\$7.50
1938—Cent, Nickel, Dime, $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollar, $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollar	4.50
1939—Cent, Nickel, Dime, $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollar, $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollar	4.00
1940—Cent, Nickel, Dime, $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollar, $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollar	3.50
1941—Cent, Nickel, Dime, $\frac{1}{4}$ Dollar, $\frac{1}{2}$ Dollar	2.50

All 5 Sets, \$21.00.

PROOF INDIAN HEAD CENTS

1878	\$4.50	1886	\$1.50
1879	2.00	1887	1.50
1880	1.50	1888	1.50
1881	2.00	1889	1.25
1882	1.50	1892	1.25
1883	1.50	1899	1.75
1884	1.50	1901	1.50
1885	3.50	1904	1.00

All 16 Dates, \$27.50.

Postage and Insurance extra on orders for less than \$5.00.

WILLIAM RABIN

905 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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CHRISTMAS SPECIALS

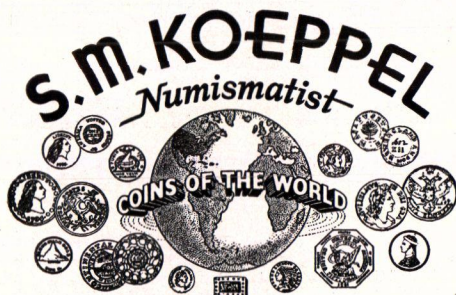
1881-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	\$1.50 each
1882-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	1.75 each
1887-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	4.00 each
1890-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	1.50 each
1891-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	1.50 each
1897-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	1.50 each
1921-S Mint Uncirculated Morgan Dollars	1.35 each
1922-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	1.25 each
1926-S Mint Uncirculated Silver Dollars	1.50 each

Postage and Insurance extra on all orders.

A. A. SIGWART

6221 Manoa Street, Oakland, California.

A. N. A. 4874.



MISC. FOREIGN SPECIALS

50 Coins of 50 Countries, X-fine ..	\$2.50
100 Diff. coins classified, Av. fine ..	2.00
50 Diff. coins, V. G. to fine ..	1.00
Hawaii, 1847 Cent. unc.	1.00
Ancient Rome, 4 diff. rulers, G.-F.	1.00
Rome BC 311-289 Semis (4 oz.) F.	15.00
China BC 400 Knife coin (5") ..	1.50
Philippines 1903-07 Large Peso, F.	1.00
Mexico, Maximilian Peso V. G.	1.00
25 Diff. coins, uncirculated ..	1.00
Scotland 1567 Mary Crown, F.	10.00
Sicily BC 400-323 Triobol, F.	1.00
China 1912 Li Yuan Hung Dollar F.	2.00
10 Diff. Crowns (Dollars) F.	7.50
Venice, 14th Cent. Soldo, F.	25c.
Rome AD 100-250 2 diff. Silver F.	1.00
India 10 diff. Native coins, F.	1.00
England 20 diff. coins, F.	1.00
France, 20 diff. coins, F.	1.00
Germany, 20 diff. coins, F.	1.00
China 1934 Junk Dollar, V. F.	1.00

UNITED STATES LARGE CENTS

1793 Wreath, C. 9, F.	\$25.00
1793 Wreath, C. 11, abt. F.	30.00
1793 Wreath, C. 9, X. F.	75.00
1793 Chain, C. 3, F.	40.00
1794 Hays 45, X. F.	10.00
1794 Hays 33, X. F. (slight corrosion) ..	15.00
1799 Very good ..	45.00
1804 Broken dies, V. G.	25.00
1804 Broken dies, V. G. Strong Date ..	35.00
1804 Broken dies, abt. F.	40.00
1804 Perfect dies, F. for coin ..	50.00
1804 Good \$15.00; V. G.	25.00
1794 Fair ..	50c.
1795 Fair 50c.; G.	1.50
1796 V. Fair \$1.00; Good ..	2.00
1797 Good ..	1.00
1798 Fair 50c.; Good ..	1.00
1800 Fair 50c.; G. \$1; Abt. Fine ..	2.00
1801 Fair 50c.; Good ..	1.00
1802, 05 or 07, Good, each ..	75c.
1803 Good ..	50c.
1808 Fair 50c.; V. Fair 75c.; G.	1.50
1810 Good 75c.; V. F. \$5; X. F.	10.00
1811 Fair 75c.; V. Fair \$1.50; G.	2.00
1812 or 1814, Good ..	50c.
1813 Fair 50c.; Good ..	1.00
1814 Crosslet 4, unc. dark ..	10.00
1817 15 stars, Good ..	50c.
1818, 19, 22 25, 27, V. Good, each ..	40c.
1831 Very Good ..	30c.
1835 Very Good ..	50c.
1837 Very Good ..	35c.
1838 Fine ..	40c.
1869 Legal Tender Note \$1., Unc.	4.00

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WEL-BILT**C**OMPACT
COIN
CONTAINER**S**AVES
SPACE

Made in two sizes. Made to fit in the Standard Coin Cabinet.

2x2 size holds four coins, Cents, Nickels or Dimes.

2x3 size holds Proof Set (5 coins) or any combination you choose.

Printed with date, mint, cost and seven ruled lines for records. Coins in moisture-proof cellophane envelopes easily attached to compact coin container with Scotch tape. Both sides of coins will be visible. Send 10c for samples. The 2x2 sample will contain 4 pennies mounted.

COMPACT COIN CONTAINER

Size	Per 10	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
2x2	25c	50c	75c	\$1.00
2x3	35c	75c	\$1.00	\$1.50

MOISTURE-PROOF CELLOPHANE COIN ENVELOPES EXTRA

WEL-BILT MOISTURE-PROOF CELLOPHANE COIN ENVELOPES

SIZE PER 100

1	65c
2	50c
3	35c
4	25c

FOR SILVER DOLLARS**FOR HALF DOLLARS****FOR QUARTERS, LARGE CENTS****FOR CENTS, NICKELS, DIMES**

Order Envelopes and Coin Containers From Your Dealer or Direct From Us.

WETZEL

Dept N, P. O. Box 235, North Bergen, New Jersey.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN PRICES**SET LARGE CENTS (Missing, 1799 & 1809).**

1793 X. F., Wr.	1827 Fine.
1794 Fine.	1828 Fine, L. D.
1795 Fine, L. E.	1829 Fine.
1796 Fine, P. E.	1830 Fine.
1797 Fine, P. E.	1831 Fine.
1798 Fine, S. D.	1832 Fine.
1800 Fine, P. D.	1833 Fine.
1801 Fine, B. 1.	1834 Fine.
1802 X. F., St.	1835 Fine, L. D.
1803 Fine, L. Fr.	1836 Fine.
1804 Fine, B. D.	1837 Fine.
1805 Good.	1838 Fine.
1806 Fine.	1839 Fine, T. '38.
1807 Good.	1840 Fine, S. D.
1808 X. F.	1841 Fine.
1810 Good.	1842 Fine, L. D.
1811 X. Fine.	1843 Fine, T. '44.
1812 Fine.	1844 Fine.
1813 Good.	1845 Fine.
1814 Fine.	1846 Fine.
1816 Fine.	1847 Fine.
1817 Fine, 13*.	1848 Fine.
1818 Fine.	1849 Fine.
1819 Fine.	1850 Fine.
1820 Fine.	1851 Fine.
1821 Fine.	1852 Fine.
1822 Good.	1853 Fine.
1823 Fine.	1854 Fine.
1824 Fine.	1855 Fine, U. 5.
1825 Fine.	1856 Fine, U. 5.
1826 X. Fine.	1857 Fine, S. D.

Total—62 Large Cents, \$165.00.**SET UNCIRCULATED INDIAN HD. CENTS (Missing, 1856-'64-L., '71-'72-'09-S).****"1877 V. Fine." ALL OTHERS ARE UNCIRCULATED, NAMELY:**

1857, 1858 L. L., 1858 S. L., 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864 C.-N., 1864 Br., 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, (1877 V. Fl.), 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1908-S, 1909. Total, 54 Cents, contained in three Frames and Album.

Priced complete \$97.50.

1885 Proof, Pattern Copy, Large Cent, Flying Eagle, scratch in field above Eagle's wings, does not impair coin. **Price \$7.00.**

1854 Unc. Large Cent, Liberty Head on plain field. **Price \$4.00.**

1879 Proof, Goloid Dollar, giving contents of all metals used therein. **Price \$12.00.**

1896 Proof, Bryan Silver Dollar, 412½ grains coin silver, by Gorham Mfg. Co. Rx. blank and separate, the wheel blank size of the U. S. Standard silver \$1. The two for only \$12.00.

TERMS: NET CASH WITH ORDER. Postpaid and insured.**WILLIAM J. SCHULTZ**

419 First National Bank Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE FRANKLIN COIN MART

C. E. HIGGY, Manager,
73 East Frambes Avenue, Columbus, Ohio
A CHOICE LOT OF GOLD

\$20 1909 unc.	\$35.00	\$ 3 1855 v. f.	6.00	\$2.50 1847-C sm.	
\$20 1902 x. f.	35.00	\$ 3 1854 tr. of sol.		ed. nick. f. . .	5.00
\$10 1907 unc.		f.	5.50	\$2.50 1850-D f. . .	7.50
Liberty	18.00	\$ 3 1854 loop rev.		\$2.50 1852-O v. f. .	6.50
\$10 1907-D unc. . .	18.50	f.	5.50	\$2.50 1852-D v. g.	14.00
\$10 1907 St.		\$2.50 1834 loop		\$2.50 1854-C f. . .	6.00
Gaudens	18.50	rev., v. f.	5.50	\$2.50 1855 v. f. . .	5.00
\$10 1906-D x. f. . .	18.50	\$2.50 1836 x. f. . .	6.00	\$2.50 1872-S v. f. .	6.00
\$10 1884-CC f. . . .	25.00	\$2.50 1837 x. f. . .	8.00	\$2.50 1873 unc. . .	5.50
\$10 1882-O x. f. . .	25.00	\$2.50 1842-O sm.		\$2.50 1877-S v. f. .	5.00
\$10 1881-CC v. f. .	22.50	date, v. f. . . .	8.00	\$2.50 1879 x. f. . .	5.50
\$10 1839 l. letters,		\$2.50 1843-O sm.		\$2.50 1896 unc. . .	5.50
f.	20.00	date, f.	6.00	\$2.50 1905 unc. . .	5.00
\$ 5 1901-S unc. . .	9.00	\$2.50 1843-O lg.		\$2.50 1909 proof .	12.00
\$ 5 1895 unc. . . .	9.50	date, f.	6.00	\$2.50 1911-D x. f.	10.00
\$ 5 1836 f.	9.50	\$2.50 1844-D edge		\$2.50 1911, 1912,	
\$ 5 1834 abt. f. . .	9.00	nicks, f.	6.00	1913, 1914,	
\$ 5 1807 x. f. . . .	18.00	\$2.50 1845-D f. . .	5.50	1926, all x. f.,	
\$ 3 1878 v. g. . . .	5.25	\$2.50 1846-D x. f.	7.00	each	4.50
\$ 3 1878 x. f. . . .	7.00				
\$ 3 1874 v. f. . . .	6.00				

PEACE DOLLARS

All Brill. Uncirculated

1921, 1922, 1922-S, 1923-S, 1926-D,	
1926-S, 1927, 1927-D, 1928,	
1935-S, each	\$ 1.50
1921-S Morgan, Brill	1.50
1880-S, 1881-S, 1883, 1883-O,	
1884-O, 1890-S, 1891-CC,	
1899-S, all brill unc., each . . .	2.50
1863 Pat. Cent. A. W. 423, Proof,	
thin planchet, all copper	10.00
1927-S Nickels, v.g. to f.	.30
1788 Mass. cent. f.	1.25
1723 Woods ½ Cent, v. g.	.35
1783 Nova Cons., Pt. rays, v.g. . .	.75
1785 Nova Cons., Pt. rays, v.g. . .	.75
1781 Connect. Cent, abt. f.	1.00
Wash. North Wales, v. g.	.75
1875-S Twenty Cts., v. f.	1.25
1859-S Half Dollar, v. f.	6.50

Listed at \$15.00

Postage and Insurance paid on all orders \$5.00 and over.

Lots are small, so first come first served.

HALF CENTS

1804, 1806, 1807, 1809, 1825, 1828,	
1829, all v. g., each	.25c
1826, 1828, x. f., each	.75
1832, 33, 34, 35 x. f., each	.50
1851 f. 35c., x. f. 50c., 1853 f. . .	.50
1854 unc.	1.50
Indian Head Cents, f. to vf., 1880,	
'81, '82, '83, '84, '87, '88, '89,	
'90, '91, '92, '94, '95, '96, '97,	
'98, '99, 1900, a good buy at	
each	.15
1909-S Linc., Brill unc.	1.50
1909-S v. g.	.20
1909-S V.B.D. Brill., unc.	2.75
1923-S v. g. 10c., fine	.25
1926-S f. 20c., x. f.	.40
1916 Dimes, unc.	.50
1917 Dimes, unc.	.50
1928 Dimes, unc.	1.00
1934, '35, '36, '36-D, '37, '38, '39,	
'40, all brill., unc., ea.	.20
1939 Quarters, Brill., ea.	.40

BRILL. PROOF 5c. NICKELS

1866	\$10.00
1867 No rays	3.75
1868-1869-1872, ea.	3.50
1870	4.00
1873-1876-1879, ea.	3.00
1880	4.75
1881	3.25
1884	2.75
1886	3.75
1864 Bronze Cent, Br. Proof . . .	7.50
1859 ½ Dime, Br. Proof	2.75
1927-D Quarter, Br. Unc.	2.00
1928-S Quarter, Br. Unc.	1.00
1932-P or D cents, Br. Unc., 4 for	1.00
1922-P Dollar, Br. Unc.	1.35

We offer 70% of 1941 Catalog Prices for strictly unc., well struck Buffalo nickels, S or D mints, only before 1928.

GOODSPEED & SON

The Golden Rule House
30 Florence St., Brockton, Mass

WANTED TO BUY

Uncirculated 1920-D Standing
Liberty Quarters.

J. SMITH

2315 Greenview Ave., Chicago, Ill.

7 2c. pieces (assorted dates)	\$1.00
3 Flying Eagles '57, '58 l., '58 s . .	.45
9 Different dates C.-N. Cents . . .	1.70
5 Different Half Cents	1.00
8 Half Dimes, asst. dates	1.00
8 3c. Nickel, asst. dates	1.00
5 Dimes (1860-1891)	1.00
6 3c. Silver Pieces, Asst.	1.00
5 Shield Type Nickels, asst. dates	1.00
50 Asst. dates Indian Heads	1.00
Hagerstown, Md., Unc. Bills, \$5	
and \$10 Notes, each	.15
Uncut Sheets, four bills	.50
Maryland Comm. Unc.	1.00
Lynchburg Comm. Unc.	1.65

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Box 22, Cumberland, Md.

SURFACE

Commemorative ½ Dollars. All dates
and issues, in sets or single pieces.
Reasonable prices. Get my list.

W. E. SURFACE

R. R. 6, Decatur, Ill.

XMAS SPECIALS COMMEMORATIVE HALF DOLLARS UNCIRCULATED

PRICE LIST FOR THIS MONTH

1915 Panama-Pacific	\$ 9.75
1918 Lincoln	1.05
1920 Maine	2.75
1920 Pilgrim	1.05
1921 Pilgrim	4.90
1921 Missouri (Fine \$5.00)	11.00
1921 Missouri 2x4	19.00
1921 Alabama	3.25
1921 Alabama 2x4	8.75
1922 Grant	1.30
1922 Grant, Star	35.00
1923 Monroe	1.15
1924 Huguenot	1.90
1925 Lexington	1.30
1925 California D. J.	1.80
1925 Vancouver	5.50
1926 Sesqui	1.25
1927 Bennington	2.00
1928 Hawaii	9.75
1934 Maryland	1.15
1935 Connecticut	2.25
1935 Hudson	5.50
1935 San Diego	1.20
1935 Spanish Trail	4.25
1936 Rhode Island, P-S-D	4.00
1936 San Diego, D	1.40
1936 Wisconsin	1.10
1936 Cincinnati, P-S-D	15.00
1936 Long Island	1.00
1936 York County	1.20
1936 Bridgeport	1.50
1936 Lynchburg	2.00
1936 Elgin	1.20
1936 Albany	1.50
1936 San Francisco Bridge	1.50
1936 Columbia, P-S-D	5.75
1936 Delaware	1.50
1936 Gettysburg	1.75
1936 Norfolk	1.50
1937 Roanoke Island	1.50
1937 Antietam	2.00
1938 New Rochelle	2.00
1936 Arkansas, P-S-D	3.85
1938 Arkansas, P-S-D	11.50
1936 Arkansas, Robinson	1.20
1928 Oregon \$2.50; 1933 Oregon D	5.00
1934 Oregon D \$2.50; 1936 Oregon S	4.85
1938 Oregon, P-S-D	4.75
1939 Oregon, P-S-D	14.50
1934 Texas	1.00
1935 Texas, P-S-D	3.25
1936 Texas, P-S-D	3.50
1937 Texas, P-S-D	3.75
1934 Boone	1.60
1935 Boone, P-S-D	7.25
1936 Boone, P-S-D	7.25
1938 Boone	19.25
15 Different (my selection) Unc.	15.00
20 Different (my selection) Unc.	24.50
45 Pieces—Complete Set of Types, Unc.	100.00
111 Pieces—Complete Set in 2 Raymond Albums, All Strictly Uncirculated	325.00

Terms: Cash with orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. E. BEBEE

Fairfax 0542—Plaza 6800.

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LINCOLN CENTS, V.G.-V.F.

1910-S to '15-S, '21-S, '23-S, '24-S, '26-S, 5c ea.
1911-D, '12-D, '13-D, '15-D, '32-D, '33-D, 5c ea.
1931-P 5c; '32-P '33-P, 8c ea. '22-D, '31-D, 10c ea.
1909-S, '24-D, 18c ea.; '31-S, 20c; '14-D, 75c ea.

SPECIALS

23 all different UNC. cents for \$1.00.
10 different Indian Head cents, 25c.
20 different Indian Head cents, 60c.
Set of 3 Ft. Madison Wooden Nickels 25c.

½ dirty doz. Lincs. ('31-PD, '32-PD, '33-PD) 25c.

Both 1864 & 1865 two cent pcs., 25c.
5 different Copper-Nickel cents, 50c.
Both 1865 & 1866 3-cent nickels, 25c.
1875-S silver twenty-cent piece, 60c.
8 different large cents, \$1.00

Roll of 50 UNC. 1937-D cents, \$1.00.
World's Fair tokens, 6 for 25c.

Set of 12 UNC. Jeff. nickels, \$1.10.
Proof cents, 1939, 40, 41, 35c each.

Proof nickels, 1940, 41, 40c each.
Complete set 1941 proof (5 coins) \$2.25

Latest type coin holders for Indian cent, Lincoln cent, Liberty nickel, Buffalo nickel, Jefferson nickel, Morgan dime, Mercury dime, Morgan quarter to 1915, Liberty Standing quarter, Washington quarter, Morgan half dollar to 1903, Half dollar to 1915, Stand. Lib. Half, priced at 25c per holder.

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1892-P Unc.	.75	Mercury Head	
1892-O E.F.	.75	Dimes	
1893-S Good	.40	1916-PS Unc.	.60
1897-P Unc.	.75	1917-P Unc.	.75
1898-S Fine	.75	1917-S, 18-S	
1899-S, 1900-S		Unc.	1.00
V.F.	.75	1919-P Unc.	1.50
1901-P Unc.	.75	1919-S E.F.	.50
1905-6 Proof	1.50	1920-PD Unc.	1.50
1905-O Unc.	1.00	1921-PD F-VF	.50
1906-S Unc.	2.00	1921-D Unc.	2.50
1906-O Unc.	1.00	1923-24-P Unc.	1.00
1907-P E.F.	.35	1923-S Unc.	2.25
1907-8 Proof	1.50	1924-S Unc.	2.00
1907-O Unc.	1.25	1925-27-P Unc.	1.00
1908-D E.F.	.35	1925-S Unc.	1.50
1909,10,11 Unc.	.75	1925-D Unc.	2.00
1911-13 Proof	1.50	1926-28-P Unc.	.50
1911-D Unc.	2.00	1926-S Unc.	3.25
1912-P Unc.	.75	1927-S Unc.	1.25
1912-S Unc.	2.25	1928-S Unc.	1.00
1912-D Unc.	1.50	1929-30-P Unc.	.50
1913-S Unc.	3.50	1929-SD Unc.	.75
1914-15-P Unc.	.75	1930-S Unc.	.75
1914-15 Prf.	2.00	1931-SD Unc.	.50
1914-D Unc.	1.50	1934-PD Unc.	.35
1915-S Unc.	2.50	1935 to 1940,	
1916-P Unc.	.75	All Mints,	
1916-S Unc.	1.25	Ea.	.25
		1938 Proof	.75
		1939-40 Proof	.50

Your want list solicited on all U. S. coins. A large stock on hand of all denominations and in all conditions. Postage and insurance extra on all orders under \$5.00.

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SPECIALIZING IN SAN FRANCISCO

"S" MINT COINAGES

Struck in bronze, nickel, and silver from first year of issue (1855) to date. Choice specimens as well as "space fillers" in Good to Fine condition are available at conservative prices. Your want list solicited and correspondence invited. I am also interested in exchanging "S" mint coins for other U. S. coins.

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992 Masson Ave., San Bruno, Calif.

HOLIDAY SPECIALS

Small Cents	Fa.	G	VG	F	VF
'59, '60, '65, '79	.10	.15	.20	.40	.60
1862, 1863	.07	.10	.15	.20	.30
'73, '74, '75, '85	.15	.25	.35	.50	—
1908-S	—	—	—	.75	1.00
1909-S (I.H.)	—	—	—	3.50	4.50
1909-S (V.D.B.)	—	—	—	1.75	2.00
1914-D	—	.40	.55	.75	1.25
'22-D (die br.)	—	—	.50	.75	1.00
'24-D (die marked)	—	—	.65	.85	1.25

L. H. Nickels

'83 (W.C.), '84	—	.20	.25	.40	—
1885	—	2.75	—	—	—
'87 to '99 & '12-D	—	.15	.20	.35	—
1900 to 1912	—	.10	.15	.20	—
1912-S	—	.60	.75	1.00	—

L. H. Dimes

	Fa.	V.Fa.	G	VG	*F
'92, '97, '98	—	.20	.25	.30	.40
'96, '15-S	—	—	.35	.45	.60
'92-O, '93-P, O.S.	.20	.25	.40	.50	.65
1894	—	.20	.40	—	—
'95-S, '98-O-S	.20	.25	.40	.50	—
'99-O-S, '09-D,	—	—	—	—	—
'13-S	—	.25	.40	.50	.65
'96-O, '97-O	.90	1.10	1.25	1.50	2.00
'01-S, '03-S, '04-S	.30	.40	.60	.75	1.25

* "Liberty" clear.

Wanted: Small Cents, 1864-L, 1877, 1909-S (V.D.B.).

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Cash with order. Postage and insurance extra on orders under \$3.00.

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A. N. A. 6816

FOR SALE AUCTION BASIS

96 Foreign Coins, 4 Medals, that were part of "Boy Scouts of America" classified coin collection in this city. Coins will be sold to highest bidder for cash, December 31, 1941. Fine lot for museum, coin club, collector or anyone interested in ancient coin history thus: Tetradrachms, Drachms, Shekels, Denarii, Bronzes, Ticals, Reals, A. H. Coins, Pieces of 8 Pirate Money, Jetons, Francs, etc., with Modern Coins. Collection has scarce Tetradrachm of Parthia, Arsaces XXX, also copy of Ancient Latium Roma. If interested please send 3c. stamped envelope for list.

JIM SPOHN,

Care Stamp Store, or Box 175,

Hot Springs, Arkansas.

FOR SALE

Half Dollars—1805/04, V. F., \$5; 1805 V. F., \$3.50; 1806 V. F., \$2.75; 1839-O Bust, V. F., \$5; 1839 Liberty Seated, no drapery V. F., \$7.50; 1840 s. l. V. F., \$1.50; 1841-O V. F., \$1.50; 1842 s. d. V. F., \$2; 1842 l. d. V. F., \$1.50; 1842-O Fine, \$1.25; 1843 V. F., \$1.50; 1844 V. F., \$1.50; 1844-O V. F., \$1.75; 1846 s. d., 1846 l. d., E. F., \$2 ea.; 1846-O V. F., \$1.50; 1847 E. F., \$2.50; 1847-O V. F., \$2.50; 1848-O V. F., \$2.25; 1849 V. F., \$2.00; 1849-O Fine, \$1.50; 1850-O V. F., \$1.50; 1851-O Fine, \$1.75.

Silver Dollars—1797, 7+9, \$8.50; 1798 Large Eagle, V. F., \$5.50; 1840 V. F., \$3.50; 1841 V. F., \$3; 1842 V. F., \$2.75; 1843 V. F., \$2.50; 1844 V. F., \$5; 1845 V. F., \$4.50; 1846, 1847, V. F., \$2.25; 1846-O Fine, \$2.75; 1849 E. F., \$4; 1850-O V. F., \$4.50; 1863 V. F., \$3; 1864 Fine, \$2.50; 1865 V. F., \$3; 1866 V. F., \$3; 1867 V. F., \$2.50; 1868 V. F., \$2.50; 1871 E. F., \$2.50.

Gold Eagles—1838 V. G., \$23; 1839 Fine, \$22; 1845-O Fine, \$20; 1847-O Fine, \$20.

Double Eagles—1858-S, 1870-S, E. F., \$40.00 each.

COLONIAL COPPERS

1721 Sou, French Colonies, V. G. . . \$1.00
1723 Wood's 1/2 Penny, V. F. 1.50
1773 Virginia 1/2 Penny, good75
1760 Hibernia 1/2 Penny, good 1.00
1781 North American Commerce, good75
1787 New Jersey Cent, good 1.00
1785 Connecticut Cent, good 1.50
1787 Mass. Cent, V. G. 1.50
Kentucky Cent, plain edge, V. G. . . . 1.50
1837 Feuchtwanger's Cent, V. G.75

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Box 54, Carlisle, Penna.

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Spanish Trail—One of the hardest, underpriced and due to rise	\$4.00
Connecticut—Another scarce one	2.00
Texas 1934	.95
Texas 1935-PDS, all three	2.85
Arkansas 1936-PDS, all three	3.20
Boone 1934—Just the one, only	1.25
Postage 10c. extra under \$5.	

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37 Arkansas, set	7.00
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751 N. Dearborn St.,

Chicago, Ill.

Uncirculated Bright

Indian Head and Buffalo

Nickels

1913 Mound \$.30	1928-D	.75
1913-S Mound 3.00	1929	.15
1913-D Mound 2.00	1929-S	.40
1913 No Md. .70	1929-D	.40
1913-D No Md. 3.25	1930	.40
1914	1930-S	.90
1914-D	1931-S	.40
1915	1934	.25
1915-S	1934-D	.40
1915-D	1935	.25
1916	1935-S	.35
1916-S	1935-D	.35
1916-D	1936	.20
1917	1936-S	.20
1917-S	1936-D	.20
1919	1937	.15
1920	1937-S	.20
1921	1937-D	.20
1923	1938-D	.25
1924		
1924-S		
1924-D		
1925		
1926		
1926-D		
1927		
1927-D		
1928		

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1938	.15
1938-S	.20
1938-D	.20
1939	.15
1939-S	.15
1939-D	.15

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1941-SPD Cents, Unc. \$1.35 per 100, \$6.75 per 500, \$12.50 per 1000.
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 1941-SDP Nickels, Unc. \$2.50 per roll of 40, 5 rolls asst. \$12.00.
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 1939-SDP, 1938-SDP Nickels, Jefferson, Unc. \$3.25 per roll.
 1937-SDP Nickels, Unc. \$3.00 per roll.
 1941-SDP, 1940-S dimes, Unc. \$6.00 per roll.
 1941-SDP Quarters, Unc. 10 for \$3.50 or \$11.50 per roll. 1940-SDP Quarters \$12.00 per roll.
 1941-SDP, 1940-S Half dollars, 10 for \$6.00, \$11.50 per roll.
 1909-S Lincoln Cents, fine 20c. each, 10 for \$1.75.
 1909-S V.D.B., fine \$1.50 each. 1924-D fine 20c each, 10 for \$1.75.
 1914-D Fine \$1.25 each. 1931-S fine 20c. each, 10 for \$1.75.

Indian Cents Circulated

1857 V. G. 25c. 1858 V. G., L. L. 35c.
 1858 V. G., S. L., 35c.
 1859 V. G. 25c. 1860 V. G. 20c. 1861 V. G. 75c.
 1862-1863 V. G. 20c. each. 1864 c. n. V. G. 65c.
 1869 V. G. \$1.00. 1870 V. G. \$1.25. 1871 V. G. \$1.50.
 1872 V. G. \$2.00. 1873-1874-1875 V. G. 35c. each.
 1876 V. G. 60c. 1877 V. G. \$3.50. 1878 V. G. 60c.
 1879 V. G. 35c. 1880-1881-1882-1883-1884, V. G. 20c. each.
 1885 V. G. 40c. 1886-1887-1888-1889 V. G. 15c. each.
 1890-1891-1892-1893 V. G. 40c. each. 1894 V. G. 20c.
 1895-1896-1897-1898-1899 V. G. 5c. each.
 1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906 and 1907 V. G. 03c. each.
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WANTED—1909-S Mint Indian Head Cents; rare gold coins.

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U. S.	DIMES	U. S.
1796 Dime abt. fine		\$7.50
1802 Dime, very good, plugged	...	4.00
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1809 Dime, good		3.50
1814 Dime, very good		1.00
1820 Dime, large 0, v. fine		2.00
1821 Large and sm. dates, fine, ea.		1.00
1823 Dime, good	65; fine	1.30
1824 Dime over 22, very fine		5.00
1827 Dime, ex. fine		1.35
1828 Sm. date, g., 1.50; Lge. date, g.		3.50
1829 Dime, brill. unc.		4.00
1830 Dime, proof		5.00
1831-32-33-34-36 lge. & sm. 4's, all unc., ea.		2.00
1833-35-36-37, v. fine, each		.70
1834 Small 4, good to v. fine 25c to 1.15		
1837 Lib. Seated, sm. date, fine	...	2.30
1837 Lib. Seated, lge. date, fine	...	1.10
1838 Stars, ex. fine, 75c, Unc.		1.50
1838-O No stars, v. good		1.50
1841-O Small O, ex. fine		2.00
1841-42-43-45-50-51-52-57 v. good to abt. Unc., each		30c to .85
1846 Very good, scarce		2.50
1848 Choice, Unc.		4.00
1853 Unc., arrows		.50
1853 No arrows, very good		2.00
1854-56-59 Lge. 0, fine, each		.50
1856 Lge. date, v.g. to abt. unc. 50c-3.00		
1875-CC in wreath, Unc.		1.25
1877-S Unc.		1.00
1884-S abt. fine		3.50
1888-1892 Unc., each		.50
1912-D Choice, Unc.		1.00
1906-D, 1910-D, abt. unc., each	...	1.00
1900-S, 1908-D, 1920-23-24 brill. Unc., each		1.50

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Bond, Printed	\$2.50
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Bond, Plain	1.50
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